STARTING & CHARGING SYSTEM

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PRECAUTIONS

Precautions for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SRS and SB section of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SRS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

Wiring Diagrams and Trouble Diagnosis

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When reading wiring diagrams, refer to the following:

- GI-14, "How to Read Wiring Diagrams"
- <u>PG-3, "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING CIRCUIT"</u> for power distribution circuit

When performing trouble diagnosis, refer to the following:

- GI-10, "HOW TO FOLLOW TEST GROUPS IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES"
- GI-26, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident"

PREPARATION

PREPARATION

PFP:00002

Special Service Tools			AKS009AU	А
Tool number Tool name		Description		E
J-44373 Model 620 Battery/Starting/Charging system tester				(
	SEL403X			E
Commercial Service Too	ls		AKS009AV	F
Tool number Tool name		Description		(
Power tool		Loosening bolts and nuts		F
	PBIC0190E			

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BATTERY

BATTERY

How to Handle Battery

CAUTION:

- If it becomes necessary to start the engine with a booster battery and jumper cables, use a 12-volt booster battery.
- After connecting battery cables, ensure that they are tightly clamped to battery terminals for good contact.

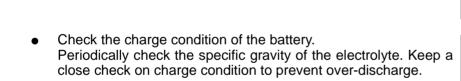
METHODS OF PREVENTING OVER-DISCHARGE

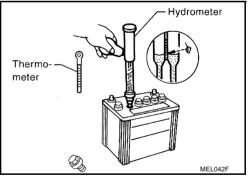
The following precautions must be taken to prevent over-discharging a battery.

- The battery surface (particularly its top) should always be kept clean and dry.
- The terminal connections should be clean and tight.
- At every routine maintenance, check the electrolyte level. This also applies to batteries designated as "low maintenance" and "maintenance-free".
- Keep clean and dry.

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When the vehicle is not going to be used over a long period of time, disconnect the battery cable from the negative terminal.





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CHECKING ELECTROLYTE LEVEL

WARNING:

Never allow battery fluid to come in contact with skin, eyes, fabrics, or painted surfaces. After touching a battery, never touch or rub your eyes until you have thoroughly washed your hands. If acid contacts eyes, skin or clothing, immediately flush with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention.

- Remove the cell plug using a suitable tool.
- Add distilled water up to the MAX level.

Sulphation

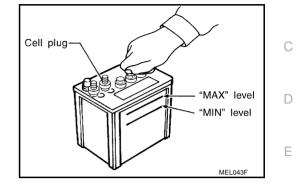
A battery will be completely discharged if it is left unattended for a long time and the specific gravity will become less than 1.100. This may result in sulphation on the cell plates.

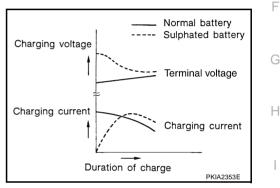
To determine if a battery has been "sulphated", note its voltage and current when charging it. As shown in the figure, less current and higher voltage are observed in the initial stage of charging sulphated batteries.

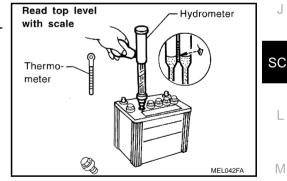
A sulphated battery may sometimes be brought back into service by means of a long, slow charge, 12 hours or more, followed by a battery capacity test.

SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK

- 1. Read hydrometer and thermometer indications at eye level.
- 2. Use the chart below to correct your hydrometer reading according to electrolyte temperature.







Hydrometer Temperature Correction

Battery electrolyte temperature °C (°F)	Add to specific gravity reading
71 (160)	0.032
66 (150)	0.028
60 (140)	0.024
54 (130)	0.020
49 (120)	0.016
43 (110)	0.012
38 (100)	0.008
32 (90)	0.004
27 (80)	0
21 (70)	-0.004

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BATTERY

Battery electrolyte temperature °C (°F)	Add to specific gravity reading
16 (60)	-0.008
10 (50)	-0.012
4 (40)	-0.016
-1 (30)	-0.020
-7 (20)	-0.024
-12 (10)	-0.028
-18 (0)	-0.032
Corrected specific gravity	Approximate charge condition
1.260 - 1.280	Fully charged
1.230 - 1.250	3/4 charged
1.200 - 1.220	1/2 charged
1.170 - 1.190	1/4 charged
1.140 - 1.160	Almost discharged
1.110 - 1.130	Completely discharged

CHARGING THE BATTERY

CAUTION:

- Never "quick charge" a fully discharged battery.
- Keep the battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting the charger, connect the leads first, then turn on the charger. Never turn on the charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- If battery electrolyte temperature rises above 55 °C (131 °F), stop charging. Always charge battery at a temperature below 55 °C (131 °F).

Charging Rates

Amp	Time
50	1 hour
25	2 hours
10	5 hours
5	10 hours

Never charge at more than 50 ampere rate.

NOTE:

The ammeter reading on your battery charger will automatically decrease as the battery charges. This indicates that the voltage of the battery is increasing normally as the state of charge improves. The charging amps indicated above refer to initial charge rate.

• If, after charging, the specific gravity of any two cells varies more than 0.050, the battery should be replaced.

Trouble Diagnosis with Battery/Starting/Charging System Tester

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CAUTION:

When working with batteries, always wear appropriate eye protection.

NOTE:

- To ensure a complete and thorough diagnosis, the battery, starter and alternator test segments must be done as a set from start to finish.
- If battery surface charge is detected while testing, the tester will prompt you to turn on the headlights to remove the surface charge.
- If necessary, the tester will prompt you to determine if the battery temperature is above or below 0 °C (32 °F). Choose the appropriate selection by pressing the up or down arrow button, then press "ENTER" to make the selection.

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- 1. Turn off all loads on the vehicle electrical system. Clean or repair as necessary.
- 2. Visually inspect the battery, battery terminals and cable ends with ignition switch in "OFF" position.

NOTE:

The contact surface between the battery terminals, cable ends and tester leads must be clean for a valid test. A poor connection will prevent testing and a "CHECK CONNECTION" message will appear during the test procedures. If this occurs, clean the battery terminals, reconnect them and restart the test.

- 3. Connect the red tester lead clamp to the positive battery terminal, and the black to the negative terminal.
- The tester will turn on automatically. Using the arrow keys, 4 select "IN-VEHICLE" on the tester and then press the "ENTER" key.

5. Locate the battery type and rating stamped or written on the top case of the battery to be tested.

NOTE:

The battery type and rating will have either of the following.

CCA: Cold Cranking Amps (490 CCA, 550 CCA, etc.)

JIS: Japanese Industrial Standard.

Battery is stamped with a number such as:

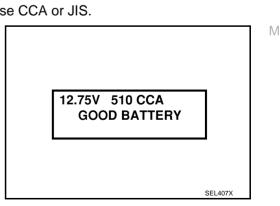
80D26L: 80 (rank of output), D (physical size-depth), 26 (width in cm). The last character L (post configuration) is not input into the tester.

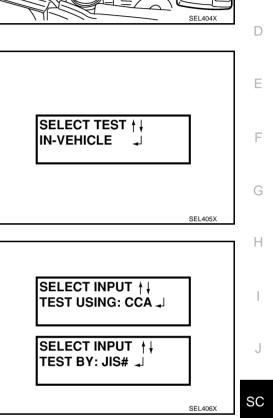
The tester requires the rating for the battery be entered exactly as it is written or stamped on the battery. Do not attempt a CCA conversion for JIS stamped batteries. JIS must be input directly.

6. Using the arrow and "ENTER" keys alternately, select the battery type and rating. NOTE

The tester lists five choices; CCA, JIS, IEC, DIN, and EN. Only use CCA or JIS.

7. Press "ENTER" to begin the test. Diagnosis results are displaved on the tester. Refer to SC-8, "DIAGNOSTIC RESULT ITEM CHART".





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- 8. Press "ENTER", then test output code is displayed. Record the test output code on the repair order.
- 9. Toggle back to the "DIAGNOSTIC SCREEN" for test results. **NOTE:**
 - If necessary, the tester will ask the user to determine if the battery has just been charged. Choose the appropriate selection by pressing the up or down arrow button and then press the "ENTER" button to make the selection.
 - When testing a battery installed in a vehicle that has recently been driven, select "BEFORE CHARGE".

DIAGNOSTIC RESULT ITEM CHART

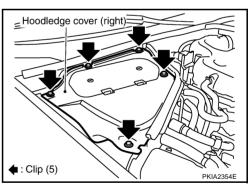
Diagnostic item	Service procedure
GOOD BATTERY	Battery is OK, go to "Trouble Diagnosis", "STARTING SYSTEM". Refer to <u>SC-14, "Trouble</u> Diagnosis with Battery/Starting/Charging System Tester".
REPLACE BATTERY	Replace battery. Before replacing battery, clean the battery cable clamps and battery posts. Perform battery test again with Battery/Starting/Charging system tester. If second test result is "Replace Bat- tery", then do so. Perform battery test again to confirm repair.
BAD CELL-REPLACE	Replace the battery. Perform battery test again with Battery/Starting/Charging system tester to confirm repair.
GOOD-RECHARGE	Perform the slow battery charging procedure. (Initial rate of charge is 10A for 12 hours.)
CHARGE & RETEST	Perform the slow battery charging. (Initial rate of charge is 10A for 12 hours.) Perform battery test again with Battery/Starting/Charging system tester to confirm repair. NOTE: If the tester asks the user "BEFORE CHARGE/AFTER CHARGE", select "AFTER CHARGE".

Removal and Installation

Remove the hoodledge cover (right) and observe the following to ensure proper servicing.

CAUTION:

- When disconnecting, disconnect the battery cable from the negative terminal first. But when connecting, connect the battery cable to the positive terminal first.
- Tighten parts to the specified torque shown below.



BATTERY CODE

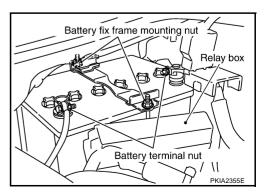
BAT2AL09K5E2

Battery fix frame mounting nut:

P: 4.4 N·m (0.45 kg-m, 39 in-lb)

Battery terminal nut:

P: 5.4 N·m (0.55 kg-m, 48 in-lb)



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STARTING SYSTEM PFP:23300		
System Description M/T MODELS	AKS009AZ	А
Power is supplied at all times		В
 through 40A fusible link (letter M, located in the fuse and fusible link block) 		D
• to ignition switch terminal 1,		
 through 15A fuse (No. 78, located in the IPDM E/R) 		С
• to CPU of IPDM E/R,		
 through 10A fuse (No. 71, located in the IPDM E/R) 		
• to CPU of IPDM E/R.		D
With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied		
through ignition relay		Е
• to CPU of IPDM E/R,		
 through 10A fuse (No. 89, located in the IPDM E/R) 		
 through IPDM E/R terminal 25 		F
 to clutch interlock switch terminal 1. 		
When the clutch pedal is depressed, power is supplied		
 through clutch interlock switch terminal 2 		G
• to IPDM E/R terminal 53.		
Ground is supplied		
 to IPDM E/R terminals 38, 50 and 60 		Н
 from grounds E17 and E43. 		
Then starter relay is turn ON. With the ignition switch in the START position, IPDM E/R is energized and power is supplied		
 from ignition switch terminal 5 		
 to IPDM E/R terminal 4 and 		J
 through IPDM E/R terminal 3 		0
• to starter motor terminal 1.		
The starter motor plunger closes and provides a closed circuit between the battery and starter in starter motor is grounded to the engine block. With power and ground supplied, cranking occur engine starts.		SC

A/T MODELS

Power is supplied at all times

- through 40A fusible link (letter M, located in the fuse and fusible link block)
- to ignition switch terminal 1,
- through 15A fuse (No. 78, located in the IPDM E/R)
- to CPU of IPDM E/R,
- through 10A fuse (No. 71, located in the IPDM E/R)
- to CPU of IPDM E/R.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through ignition relay
- to CPU of IPDM E/R.

When the selector lever in the P or N position, power is supplied

- from A/T assembly terminal 9
- to IPDM E/R terminal 53.

Ground is supplied

- to IPDM E/R terminals 38, 50 and 60
- from grounds E17 and E43.
- Then starter relay is turn ON.

With the ignition switch in the START position, IPDM E/R is energized and power is supplied

- from ignition switch terminal 5
- to IPDM E/R terminal 4 and
- through IPDM E/R terminal 3
- to starter motor terminal 1.

The starter motor plunger closes and provides a closed circuit between the battery and starter motor. The starter motor is grounded to the engine block. With power and ground supplied, cranking occurs and the engine starts.

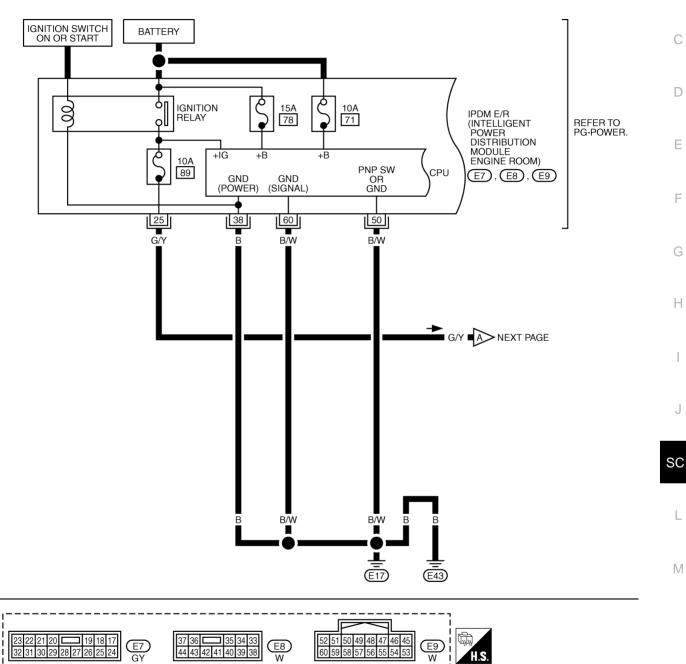
Wiring Diagram — START — M/T MODELS

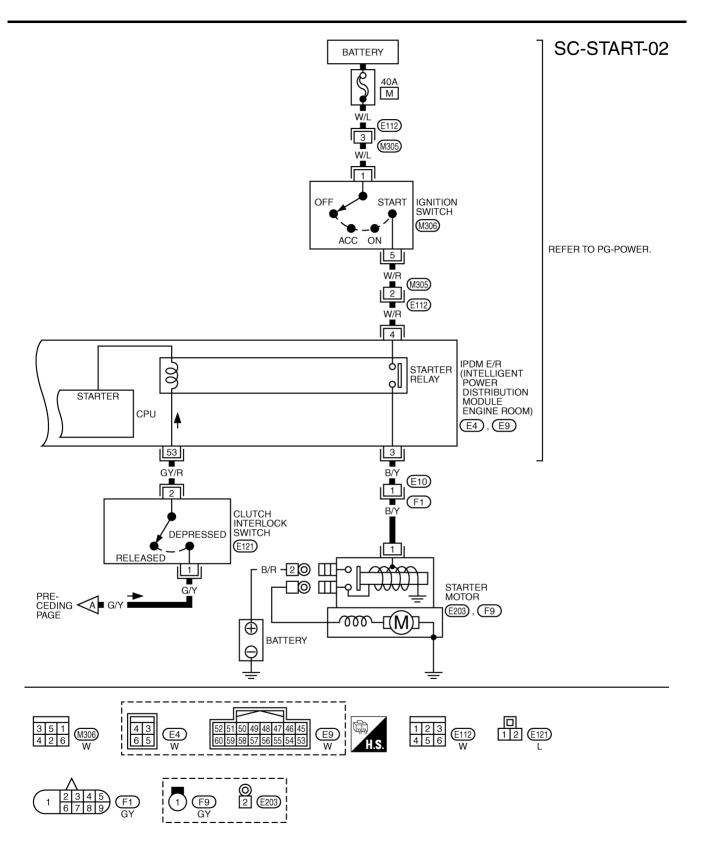
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SC-START-01

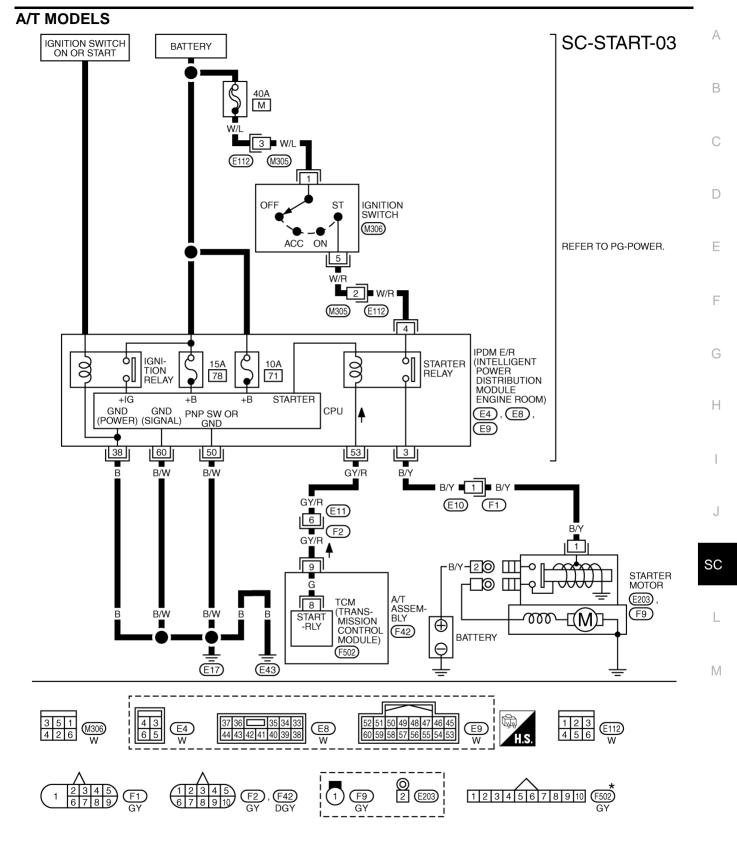


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TKWM2116E



*: THIS CONNECTOR IS NOT SHOWN IN "HARNESS LAYOUT", PG SECTION.

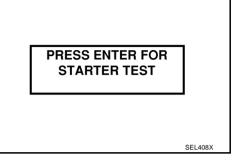
TKWM2117E

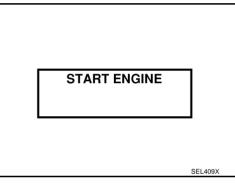
Trouble Diagnosis with Battery/Starting/Charging System Tester

NOTE:

To ensure a complete and thorough diagnosis, the battery, starter and alternator test segments must be done as a set from start to finish.

- 1. Turn off all loads on the vehicle electrical system.
- 2. Perform battery test with Battery/Starting/Charging system tester. Refer to <u>SC-6</u>, "Trouble Diagnosis with Battery/Starting/ <u>Charging System Tester</u>".
- 3. Press "ENTER" to begin the starting system test.





5. Diagnostic result is displayed on the tester. Refer to <u>SC-14.</u> <u>"DIAGNOSTIC RESULT ITEM CHART"</u>.

NOTE:

4. Start the engine.

- If the starter performs normally but the engine does not start, perform engine diagnosis.
- For intermittent "NO CRANK" or "NO STARTER OPERA-TION" incidents, refer to <u>SC-17, "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE 2"</u>.

CRANKING VOLTAGE NORMAL 10.21V

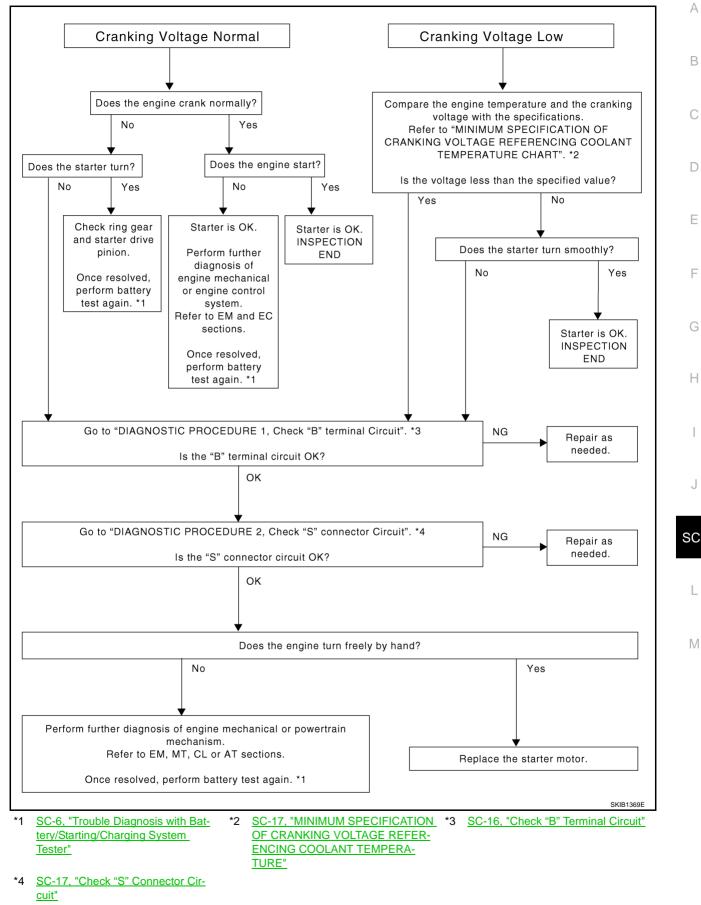
DIAGNOSTIC RESULT ITEM CHART

Diagnostic item	Service procedure
CRANKING VOLTAGE NORMAL	Go to <u>SC-15, "WORK FLOW"</u> .
CRANKING VOLTAGE LOW	
CHARGE BATTERY	Perform the slow battery charging procedure. (Initial rate of charge is 10A for 12 hours.) Perform battery test again with Battery/Starting/Charging system tester. Refer to <u>SC-6</u> , "Trouble <u>Diagnosis with Battery/Starting/Charging System Tester</u> ".
REPLACE BATTERY	Before replacing battery, clean the battery cable clamps and battery posts. Perform battery test again with Battery/Starting/Charging system tester. Refer to <u>SC-6</u> , " <u>Trouble Diagnosis</u> with Battery/Starting/Charging System Tester". If second test result is "REPLACE BAT-TERY", then do so. Perform battery test again to confirm repair.

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WORK FLOW



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1 Check "B" Terminal Circuit

1. CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR STARTER MOTOR "B" TERMINAL

- 1. Remove fuel pump fuse.
- 2. Crank or start the engine (where possible) until the fuel pressure is released.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 4. Make sure that the starter motor "B" terminal E203 terminal 2 (B/R)(M/T models) or (B/Y)(A/T models) connection is clean and tight.
- Check voltage between starter motor "B" terminal E203 terminal 2 (B/R)(M/T models) or (B/Y)(A/T models) and ground.

M/T models 2 (B/R) – Ground A/T models

2 (B/Y) – Ground

: Battery voltage : Battery voltage

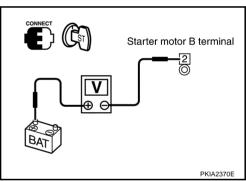
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Check harness between battery and starter motor for open circuit.

2. CHECK BATTERY CABLE CONNECTION (VOLTAGE DROP TEST)

Check voltage between starter motor "B" terminal E203 terminal 2 (B/R)(M/T models) or (B/Y)(A/T models) and battery positive terminal.

2 (B/R) – Ground (M/T models) When ignition switch is in START : Less than 0.5 V position 2 (B/Y) – Ground (A/T models) When ignition switch is in START : Less than 0.5 V position



PKIA2842F

Starter motor B terminal

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OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Check harness between battery and starter motor for poor continuity.

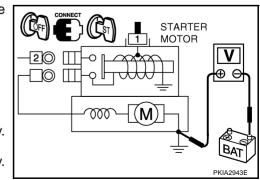
3. CHECK STARTER MOTOR GROUND CIRCUIT (VOLTAGE DROP TEST)

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check voltage between starter motor case and battery negative terminal.

Starter motor case – Battery negative terminal When ignition switch is in : Less than 0.2 V START position

OK or NG

- OK >> "B" terminal circuit is OK. Further inspection necessary. Refer to <u>SC-15, "WORK FLOW"</u>.
- NG >> Check starter motor case and ground for poor continuity.



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2 Check "S" Connector Circuit

1. CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR STARTER MOTOR "S" TERMINAL

- 1. Remove fuel pump fuse.
- 2. Crank or start the engine (where possible) until the fuel pressure is released.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 4. Disconnect starter motor connector.
- Check voltage between starter motor connector F9 terminal 1 (B/Y) and ground.

1 (B/Y) - Ground

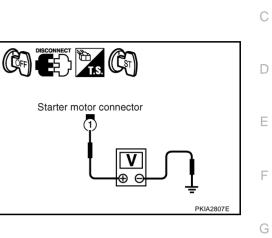
When ignition switch is in START : Battery voltage position

OK or NG

- OK >> "S" connector circuit is OK. Further inspection necessary. Refer to <u>SC-15, "WORK FLOW"</u>.
- NG >> Check the following.
 - 40A fusible link (letter M, located in fuse and fusible link block)
 - Ignition switch
 - Starter relay (within the IPDM E/R)
 - Harness for open or short

MINIMUM SPECIFICATION OF CRANKING VOLTAGE REFERENCING COOLANT TEMPERA-TURE

	Voltage [V]	Engine coolant temperature
	8.4	−30 °C to −20 °C (−22 °F to −4 °F)
J	8.9	–19 °C to –10 °C (–2 °F to 14 °F)
	9.3	–9 °C to 0 °C (16 °F to 32 °F)
SC	9.7	More than 1 °C (More than 34 °F)



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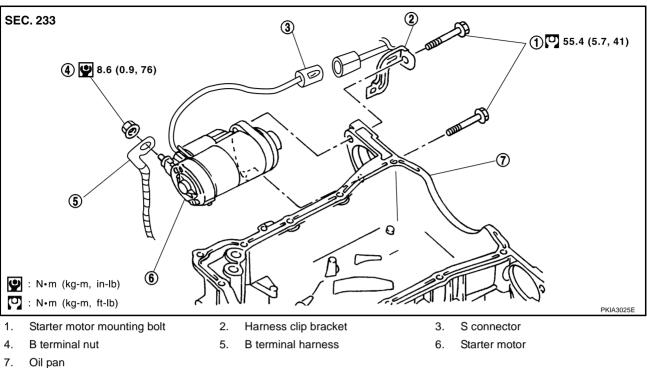
В



L

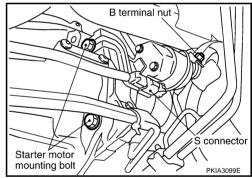
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Removal and Installation 2WD MODELS



Removal

- 1. Disconnect the battery cable from the negative terminal.
- 2. Remove engine rear undercover, using power tools.
- 3. Disconnect "S" connector.
- 4. Remove "B" terminal nut.
- 5. Remove starter motor mounting bolts and harness connector clip bracket, using power tools.
- 6. Remove starter motor downward from the vehicle.



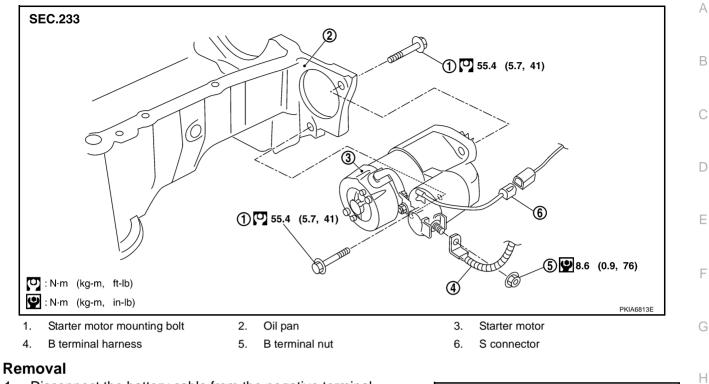
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Installation

Installation is the reverse order of removal. CAUTION:

Be sure to tighten "B" terminal nut carefully.

AWD MODELS



- 1. Disconnect the battery cable from the negative terminal.
- 2. Remove engine front and rear undercover, using power tools.
- 3. Disconnect "S" connector.
- 4. Remove "B" terminal nut.
- 5. Remove starter motor mounting bolts and harness connector clip bracket, using power tools.
- 6. Remove starter motor downward from the vehicle.

Starter motor mounting bolt Starter motor mounting bolt Sconnector PKIA6814E

Installation

Installation is the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

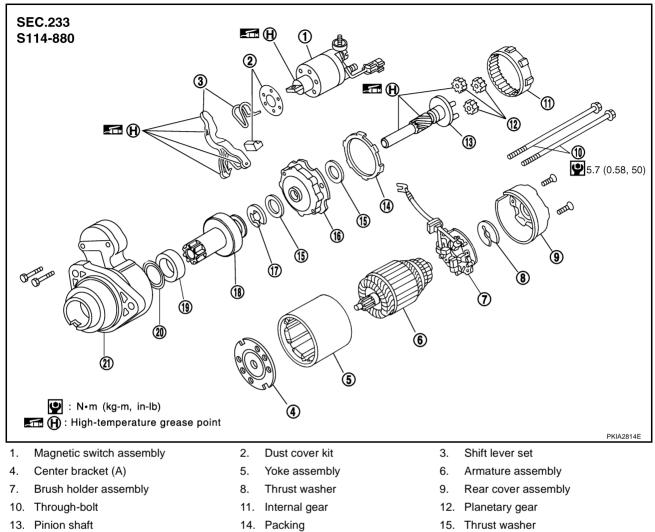
Be sure to tighten "B" terminal nut carefully.

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Disassembly and Assembly 2WD MODELS

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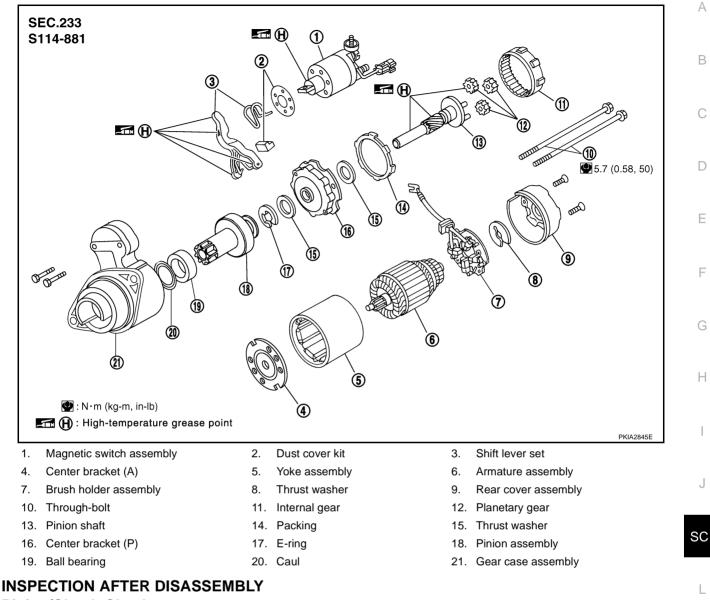


- 16. Center bracket (P)
- 19. Ball bearing

- 17. E-ring
 - 20. Caul

- 15. Thrust washer
- 18. Pinion assembly
- 21. Gear case assembly

AWD MODELS



Pinion/Clutch Check

- 1. Inspect pinion teeth.
 - Replace pinion if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of ring gear teeth.)
- 2. Inspect reduction gear teeth.
 - Replace reduction gear if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of armature shaft gear teeth.)
- 3. Check to see if pinion locks in one direction and rotates smoothly in the opposite direction.
 - If it locks or rotates in both directions, or unusual resistance is evident, replace.

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CHARGING SYSTEM

System Description

The alternator provides DC voltage to operate the vehicle's electrical system and to keep the battery charged. The voltage output is controlled by the IC regulator.

Power is supplied at all times

- 10A fuse (No. 36, located in the fuse and fusible link block) •
- to alternator terminal 4 ("S" terminal).

"B" terminal supplies power to charge the battery and operate the vehicle's electrical system. Output voltage is controlled by the IC regulator at terminal 4 ("S" terminal) detecting the input voltage.

The charging circuit is protected by the 120A fusible link (AWD).

The alternator is grounded to the engine block.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 10A fuse [No. 14, located in the fuse block (J/B)] .
- to combination meter terminals 22 and 23 for the charge warning lamp.

Ground is supplied

- to combination meter terminal 41
- through alternator terminal 3 ("L" terminal)
- to alternator terminal 2 ("E" terminal)
- through grounds E212 and E213.

The charge warning lamp will illuminate.

When the alternator is providing sufficient voltage with the engine running, the ground is opened and the charge warning lamp will go off.

If the charge warning lamp illuminates with the engine running, a malfunction is indicated.

MALFUNCTION INDICATOR

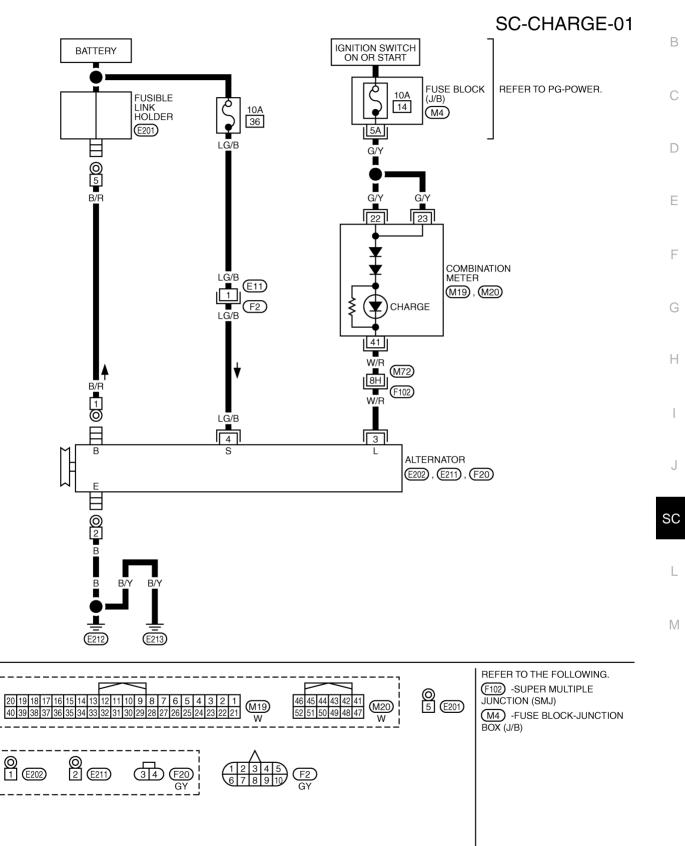
The IC regulator warning function activates to illuminate charge warning lamp, if any of the following symptoms occur while alternator is operating:

- Excessive voltage is produced. •
- No voltage is produced.

PFP:23100

AKS009B5

Wiring Diagram — CHARGE — 2WD MODELS

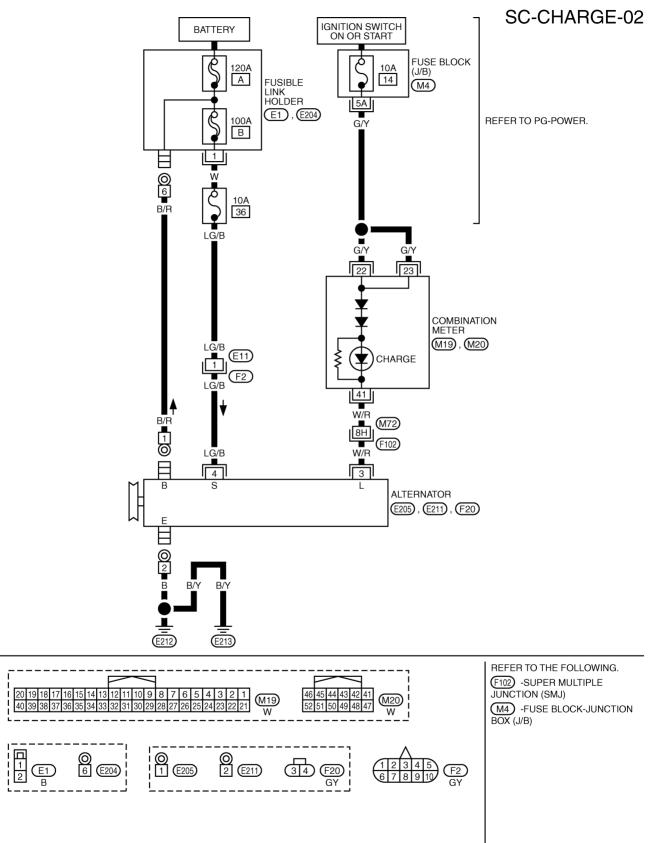


TKWM2118E

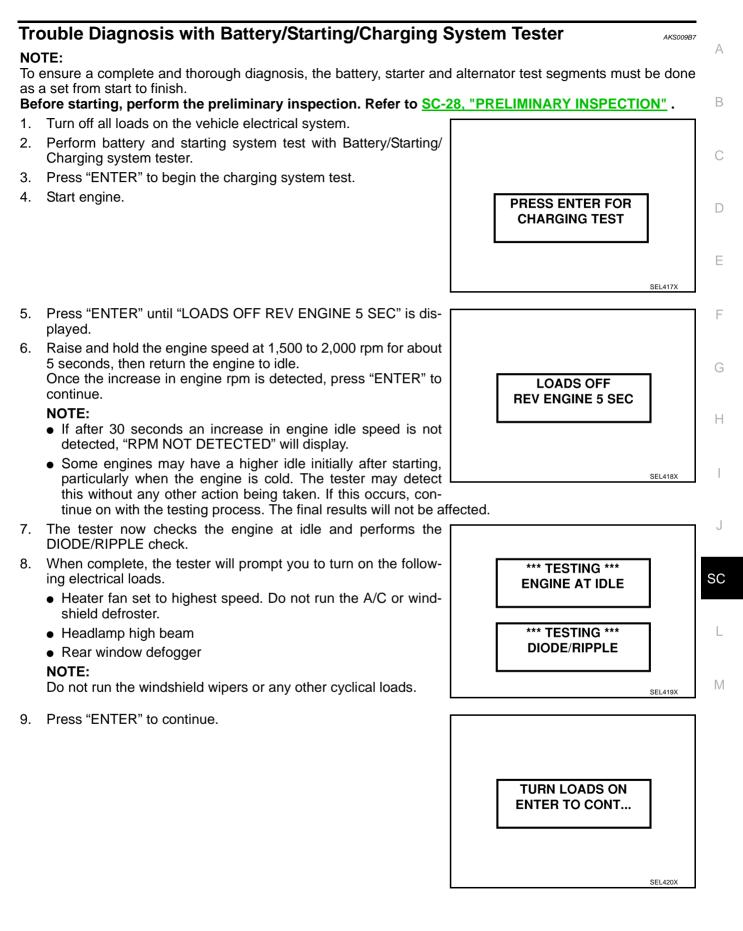
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AWD MODELS



TKWM2119E

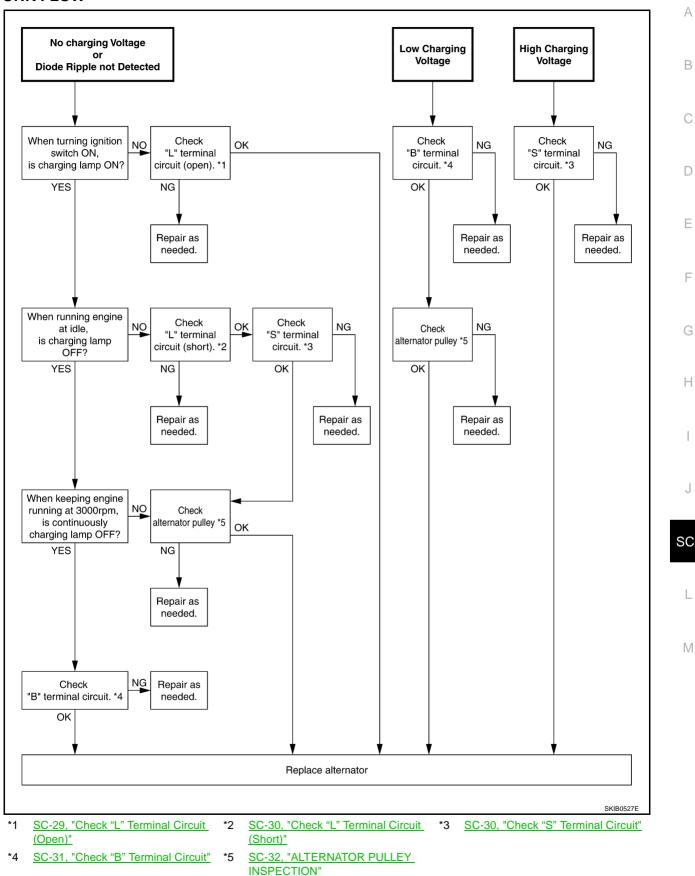


10.	Raise and hold the engine speed at 1,500 to 2,000 rpm for about 5 seconds, then return the engine to idle. Once the increase in engine rpm is detected, press "ENTER" to continue. NOTE: If after 30 seconds an increase in engine idle speed is not detected, "RPM NOT DETECTED" will be displayed. Press "ENTER" to restart the test.	LOADS ON REV ENGINE 5 SEC
11.	Diagnostic result is displayed on the tester. Refer to <u>SC-26</u> , <u>"DIAGNOSTIC RESULT ITEM CHART"</u> .	CHARGING SYSTEM NORMAL
	Press "ENTER" then test output code is displayed. Record the test output code on the repair order. Toggle back to the "DIAGNOSTIC SCREEN" for test results.	
		CHARGING CODE ALTSTD7HJ934

DIAGNOSTIC RESULT ITEM CHART

Diagnostic item	Service procedure
CHARGING SYSTEM NORMAL	Charging system is normal and will also show DIODE RIPPLE test result.
NO CHARGING VOLTAGE	
LOW CHARGING VOLTAGE	Go to <u>SC-27, "WORK FLOW"</u> .
HIGH CHARGING VOLTAGE	
DIODE RIPPLE NORMAL	Diode ripple is OK and will also show CHARGING VOLTAGE test result.
EXCESS RIPPLE DETECTED	Replace the alternator. Perform "DIODE RIPPLE" test again using Battery/Starting/Charging system tester to confirm repair.
DIODE RIPPLE NOT DETECTED	Go to <u>SC-27, "WORK FLOW"</u> .

WORK FLOW



PRELIMINARY INSPECTION

1. CHECK BATTERY TERMINALS CONNECTION

Check if battery terminals are clean and tight.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair battery terminals connection.

2. CHECK FUSE AND FUSIBLE LINK

Check for blown alternator and combination meter fuses.

Unit	Power source (Power supply terminals)	Fuse No.	
Alternator	Battery ("S" terminal)	36	
Combination meter	Ignition switch ON ("L" terminal)	14	

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> If fuse is blown, be sure eliminate cause of malfunction before installing new fuse.

3. CHECK "E" TERMINAL CONNECTION

Check if "E" terminal is clean and tight.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> Repair "E" terminal connection.

4. CHECK ALTERNATOR DRIVE BELT TENSION

Check alternator drive belt tension. Refer to EM-14, "Checking Drive Belts" .

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Repair as needed.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1 Check "L" Terminal Circuit (Open)

1. CHECK "L" TERMINAL CONNECTION

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check if "L" terminal is clean and tight.
- OK or NG
 - OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair "L" terminal connection. Confirm repair by performing complete Battery/Starting/Charging system test.

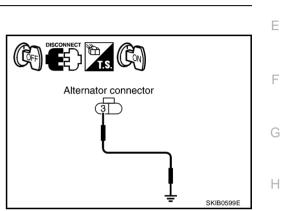
2. CHECK "L" TERMINAL CIRCUIT (OPEN)

- 1. Disconnect alternator connector.
- 2. Apply ground to alternator harness connector F20 terminal 3 (W/ R) with ignition switch in the ON position.

3 (W/R) – Ground : Charge warning lamp should light up.

OK or NG

- OK >> Go to <u>SC-27, "WORK FLOW"</u>.
- NG >> Check the following.
 - Charge warning lamp (combination meter)
 - Harness for open between combination meter and fuse
 - Harness for open between combination meter and alternator



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DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2

Check "L" Terminal Circuit (Short)

1. CHECK "L" TERMINAL CIRCUIT (SHORT)

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect alternator connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

Charge warning lamp should light up?

- YES >> Check the following.
 - Harness for short between combination meter and alternator
 - Charge warning lamp (Combination meter)
- NO >> Go to <u>SC-27, "WORK FLOW"</u>.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3

Check "S" Terminal Circuit

1. CHECK "S" TERMINAL CONNECTION

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check if "S" terminal is clean and tight.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair "S" terminal connection. Confirm repair by performing complete Battery/Starting/Charging system test.

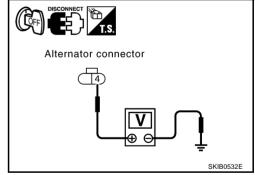
2. CHECK ALTERNATOR "S" TERMINAL CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect alternator connector.
- 2. Check voltage between alternator harness connector F20 terminal 4 (LG/B) and ground using.

4 (LG/B) – Ground : Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> Go to <u>SC-27, "WORK FLOW"</u>.
- NG >> Harness for open between alternator and fuse.



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4 Check "B" Terminal Circuit

1. CHECK "B" TERMINAL CONNECTION

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check if "B" terminal is clean and tight.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair "B" terminal connection. Confirm repair by performing complete Battery/Starting/Charging system test.

2. CHECK ALTERNATOR "B" TERMINAL CIRCUIT

Check voltage between alternator "B" terminal E202 (2WD) or E205 (AWD) terminal 1 (B/R) and ground.

1 (B/R) – Ground

: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

- NG >> Check the following.
 - Harness for open between alternator and fusible link (AWD)
 - Harness for open between alternator and battery (2WD)

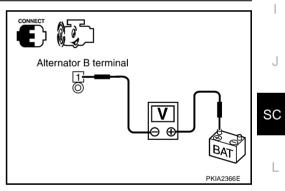
3. CHECK "B" TERMINAL CONNECTION (VOLTAGE DROP TEST)

- 1. Start engine.
- When engine running at idle and warm, check voltage between alternator "B" terminal E202 (2WD) or E205 (AWD) terminal 1 (B/R) and battery positive terminal.

1 (B/R) – Battery positive terminal : Less than 0.2 V

OK or NG

- OK >> Go to <u>SC-27, "WORK FLOW"</u>.
- NG >> Check harness between battery and alternator for poor continuity.



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Alternator B terminal

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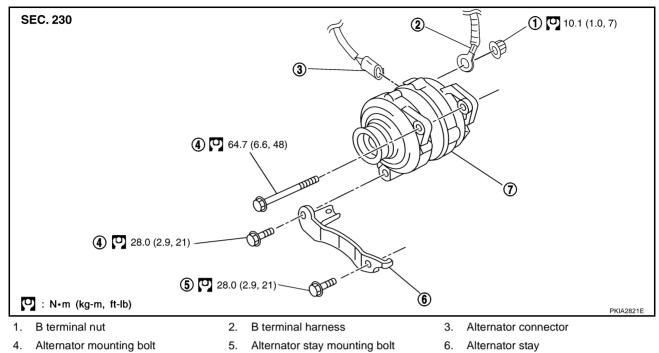
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Removal and Installation



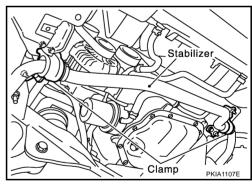


7. Alternator

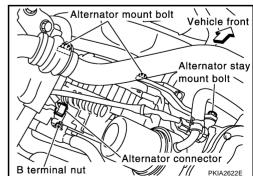
A/T (2WD) MODELS

Removal

- 1. Disconnect the battery cable from the negative terminal.
- 2. Remove engine undercover, using power tools.
- 3. Remove stabilizer clamps. Refer to FSU-6, "FRONT SUSPENSION ASSEMBLY" .
- 4. Slide stabilizer downward.
- 5. Remove alternator, power steering pump and fan belt. Refer to <u>EM-15, "Removal and Installation"</u>.
- 6. Disconnect alternator connector.
- 7. Disconnect oil pressure switch harness connector.



- 8. Remove "B" terminal nut.
- 9. Remove alternator upper bolt and lower bolt, using power tools.
- 10. Remove alternator stay bolt using power tools.
- 11. Remove alternator assembly downward from the vehicle.



ALTERNATOR PULLEY INSPECTION

Perform the following.

- Make sure that alternator pulley does not rattle.
- Make sure that alternator pulley nut is tight.

	Alternator pulley nut:	A
	🖸: 118 N·m (12.0 kg-m, 87 ft-lb)	
Ins	tallation	В
Ins	tallation is the reverse order of removal.	D
•	Install alternator, and check tension of belt. Refer to MA-13, "Checking Drive Belts".	
	UTION: sure to tighten B terminal nut carefully.	С
	Γ (AWD) AND M/T MODELS	
	moval	D
1.	Disconnect the battery cable from the negative terminal.	
2.	Remove engine undercover, using power tools.	_
3.	Remove radiator cooling fan assembly. Refer to <u>CO-21, "COOLING FAN"</u> .	E
4.	Remove alternator and power steering pump belt. Refer to EM-15, "Removal and Installation".	
5.	Remove oil pressure switch harness clip from alternator stay.	F
6.	Disconnect oil pressure switch connector.	
7.	Remove alternator stay mounting bolts and alternator stay, using power tools.	G
8.	Remove alternator mounting bolt, using power tools.	
	Alternator stay	
		Н
	Gil pressure switch connector PKIA1923E	
9.	Disconnect alternator connector.	
•••	Remove "B" terminal nut.	
11.	Remove harness clip and water hose bracket from alternator.	J
12.	Remove alternator assembly downward from the vehicle.	
		SC
	Harness clip and water hose bracket mounting screw	L
	ркіа2358Е	
AL.	TERNATOR PULLEY INSPECTION	M
Per	rform the following.	
•	Make sure that alternator pulley does not rattle.	
•	Make sure that alternator pulley nut is tight.	
	Alternator pulley nut:	
	☑: 118 N·m (12.0 kg-m, 87 ft-lb)	

Installation

Installation is the reverse order of removal.

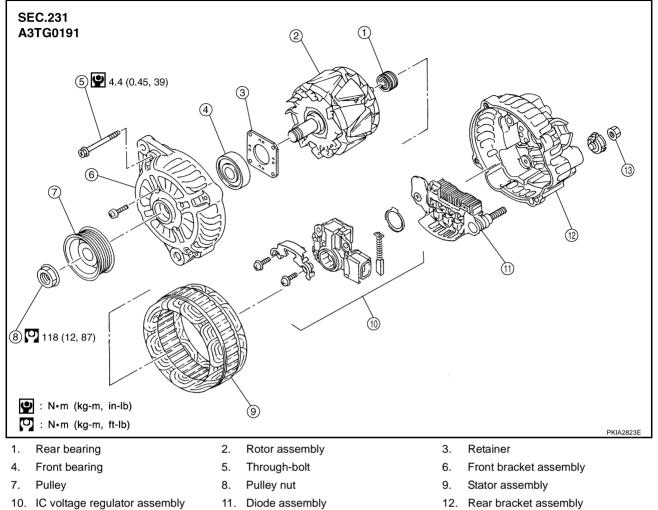
• Install alternator, and check tension of belt. Refer to MA-13, "Checking Drive Belts" .

CAUTION:

Be sure to tighten "B" terminal nut carefully.

Disassembly and Assembly





- 13. B terminal nut
- 11. Diode assembly

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS) PFP:00030					
Battery					
Туре		80D23L			
Capacity		12 V - 52 AH			
Cold cranking current (For reference value)		582 A			
Starter			AKS009A7		
Applied model		2WD	AWD		
		S114-880	S114-881		
Туре		HITACHI make			
-		Reduction gear type			
System voltage		12 V			
	Terminal voltage	11 V			
No-load	Current	Less than 90 A			
	Revolution	More than 2,880 rpm			
Minimum diameter of commutator		28.0 mm (1.102 in)			
Minimum length of brush		10.5 mm (0.413 in)			
Brush spring tension		16.2 N (1.65 kg, 3.6 lb)			
Clearance between bearing metal and armature shaft		Less than 0.2 mm (0.008 in)			
Movement in height of pinion assembly		0.3 - 2.5 mm (0.012 - 0.098 in)			
Alternator			AKS009A8		
Tara		A3TG0191			
Туре	-	MITSUBISHI make			
Nominal rating		12 V - 110 A			
Ground polarity		Negative			
Minimum revolution under no-load (When 13.5 V is applied)		Less than 1,000 rpm			
Hot output current (When 13.5 V is applied)		More than 37 A/1,300 rpm More than 92 A/2,500 rpm More than 103 A/5,000 rpm			
Regulated output voltage		14.1 - 14.7 V			
Minimum length of brush		More than 5.00 mm (0.197 in)			
Brush spring pressure		4.9 - 6.1 N (499 - 622 g, 17.62 - 21.94 oz)			
Slip ring minimum outer diameter		More than 22.1 mm (0.870 in)			
Rotor (Field coil) resistance		1.7 - 2.1 Ω			