ENGINE LUBRICATION & COOLING SYSTEMS

SECTION LC

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Precautions

SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS) "AIR BAG" AND "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

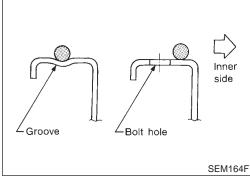
The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER" used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. The SRS system composition which is available to INFINITI 135 is as follows (The composition varies according to optional equipment.):

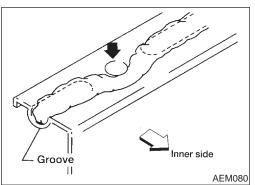
- For a frontal collision
 - The Supplemental Restraint System consists of driver air bag module (located in the center of the steering wheel), front passenger air bag module (located on the instrument panel on passenger side), seat belt pre-tensioners, a diagnosis sensor unit, crash zone sensor, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable.
- For a side collision
 - The Supplemental Restraint System consists of front side air bag module (located in the outer side of front seat), satellite sensor, diagnosis sensor unit (one of components of air bags for a frontal collision), wiring harness, warning lamp (one of components of air bags for a frontal collision).

Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the RS section of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance should be performed by an authorized INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the RS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harness connector (and by yellow harness protector or yellow insulation tape before the harness connectors).





LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE

- Use a scraper to remove all traces of old liquid gasket from mating surfaces and grooves. Also, completely clean any oil from these areas.
- Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket to mating surfaces. (Use Genuine RTV silicone sealant or equivalent. Refer to GI-52.)
- For oil pan, be sure liquid gasket diameter is 3.5 to 4.5 mm (0.138 to 0.177 in) or 4.5 to 5.5 mm (0.177 to 0.217 in) as specified.
- Apply liquid gasket around the inner side of bolt holes (unless 3. otherwise specified).
- Assembly should be done within 5 minutes after coating.
- Wait at least 30 minutes before refilling engine oil and engine coolant.

Preparation SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description		— GI — M <i>!</i>
ST25051001 (J25695-1) Oil pressure gauge	PF1/4x19/in	Measuring oil pressure Maximum measuring range: 2,452 kPa (25 kg/cm², 356 psi)	EM
	NT558		LC
ST25052000 (J25695-2) Hose	PS1/4x19/in PS1/8x28/in	Adapting oil pressure gauge to upper oil pan	EC
			rs
	NT559		AT
WS39930000 (—)		Pressing the tube of liquid gasket	0.50
Tube pressure			AX
	NT052		SU













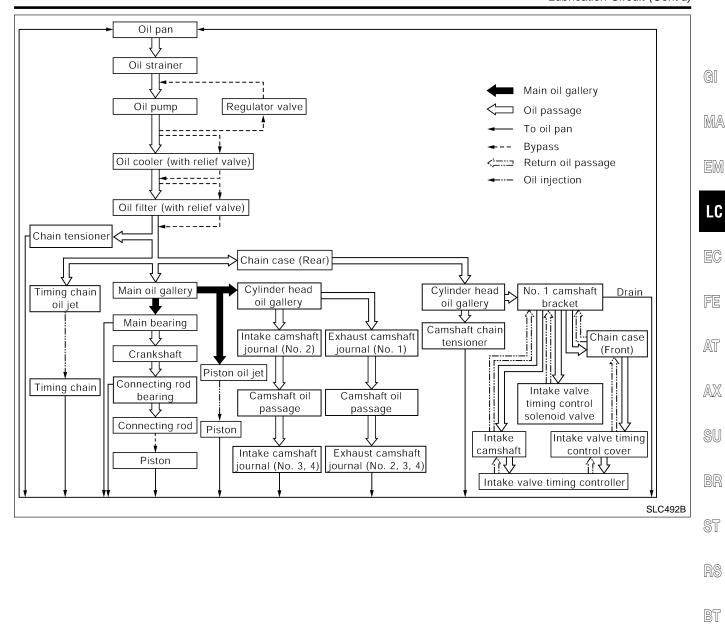


Lubrication Circuit NHLC0003 Intake camshaft journal (No. 2) Intake camshaft Exhaust camshaft Camshaft chain tensioner oil gallery Exhaust camshaft journal (No. 1) IVT control solenoid valve No. 1 camshaft bracket IVT controller Main oil gallery IVT control cover Chain case Piston oil jet Timing chain oil jet Chain case oil gallery-Oil pump Engine front Oil strainer Oil filter Oil pan Oil cooler SLC489BB

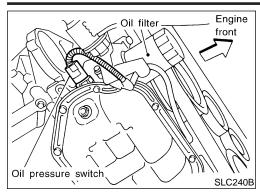
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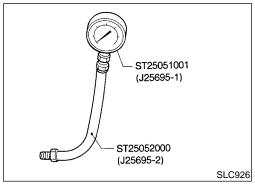
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Oil Pressure Check

WARNING:

- Be careful not to burn yourself, as the engine and oil may be hot.
- Oil pressure check should be done in "Parking position".
- 1. Check oil level.
- 2. Remove oil pressure switch.
- 3. Install pressure gauge.
- 4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 5. Check oil pressure with engine running under no-load.

Engine speed rpm	Approximate discharge pressure kPa (kg/cm², psi)
Idle speed	More than 98 (1.0, 14)
2,000	294 (3.0, 43)

If difference is extreme, check oil passage and oil pump for oil leaks.

6. Install oil pressure switch with sealant.

Oil Pump

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

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=NHLC0004

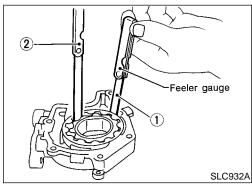
CAUTION:

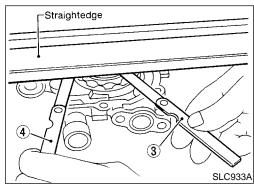
When removing the oil pans, oil pump assembly and timing chain from engine, first remove the crankshaft position sensor (POS) from the assembly.

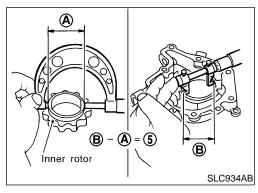
Be careful not to damage sensor edge.

- 1. Drain engine oil.
- 2. Remove drive belts.
- 3. Remove crankshaft position sensor (POS).
- 4. Remove engine lower covers.
- Remove crankshaft pulley.
- 6. Remove front exhaust tube and its support.
- 7. Support engine at right and left side engine slingers with a suitable hoist.
- 8. Remove engine right side mounting insulator and bracket bolts and nuts.
- 9. Remove center member assembly.
- 10. Remove air compressor assembly and bracket.
- 11. Remove oil pans. Refer to EM-14, "Removal".
- 12. Remove water pump cover.
- 13. Remove front cover assembly.
- 14. Remove timing chain. Refer to EM-24, "Removal".
- 15. Remove oil pump assembly.
- 16. Reinstall any parts removed in reverse order of removal.

DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY NHLC0006 **SEC. 150** ? Oil pump body Outer rotor Inner rotor Oil pump cover 6.73 - 7.45 (0.69 - 0.75,60 - 65) Oil strainer Regulator valve O-ring 🔀 19.6 - 22.5 : Lubricate with Spring (2.0 - 2.2, 15 - 16) new engine oil. Regulator valve set Regulator plug 5.9 - 7.9 39 - 69 (4.0 - 7.0, 29 - 51) (0.60 - 0.81, 52.1 - 70.3): N•m (kg-m, ft-lb) SLC464B







When installing oil pump, apply engine oil to rotors.

OIL PUMP INSPECTION

Using a feeler gauge, straightedge and micrometers, check the following clearances:

Unit: mm (in)

Body to outer rotor radial clearance 1	0.114 - 0.260 (0.0045 - 0.0102)
Inner rotor to outer rotor tip clearance 2	Below 0.18 (0.0071)
Body to inner rotor axial clearance 3	0.030 - 0.070 (0.0012 - 0.0028)
Body to outer rotor axial clearance 4	0.050 - 0.110 (0.0020 - 0.0043)
Inner rotor to brazed portion of housing clearance 5	0.045 - 0.091 (0.0018 - 0.0036)

- If the tip clearance (2) exceeds the limit, replace rotor set.
- If body to rotor clearances (1, 3, 4, 5) exceed the limit, replace oil pump body assembly.

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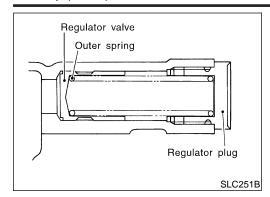
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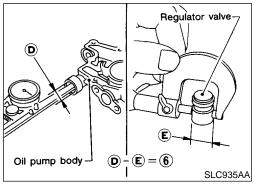
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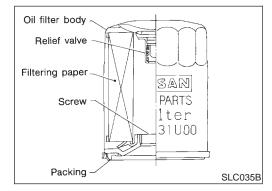
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REGULATOR VALVE INSPECTION

NHLC0008

- Visually inspect components for wear and damage.
- Check oil pressure regulator valve sliding surface and valve spring.
- Coat regulator valve with engine oil. Check that it falls smoothly into the valve hole by its own weight.

If damaged, replace regulator valve set or oil pump body.

Check regulator valve to oil pump body clearance.

Clearance:

6: 0.040 - 0.097 mm (0.0016 - 0.0038 in)

If it exceeds the limit, replace oil pump body.

Oil Filter

The oil filter is a small, full-flow cartridge type and is provided with a relief valve.

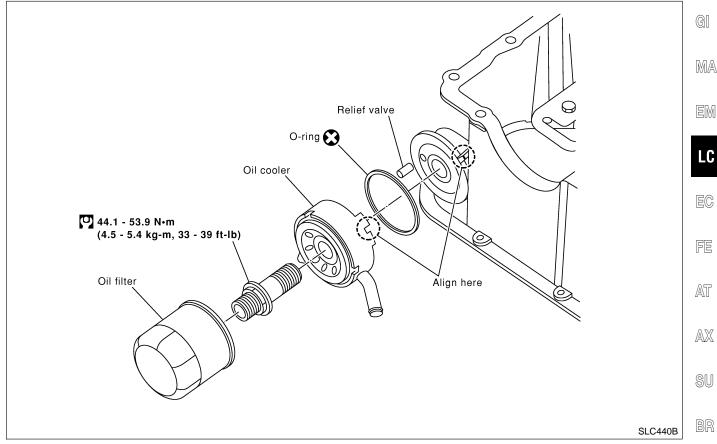
Use Tool specified in MA-17 for changing oil filter.

Oil Cooler **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION**

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NHLC0037S01



- Drain engine oil and coolant.
- 2. Remove oil cooler.
- 3. Installation is in reverse order of removal.
- Do not spill coolant on the drive belt.
- Install oil cooler to oil pan aligning the protrusion of flange as shown.

INSPECTION

Oil Cooler

NHLC0037S02

1. Check oil cooler for cracks.

NHLC0037S0201 HA

- 2. Check oil cooler for clogging by blowing through coolant inlet. If necessary, replace oil cooler assembly.
- **Relief Valve**

Inspect relief valve for movement, cracks and breaks by pushing the ball. If replacement is necessary, remove valve by prying it out with a suitable tool. Install a new valve in place by tapping it.

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ENGINE LUBRICATION SYSTEM

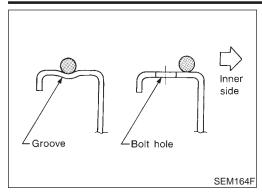
Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

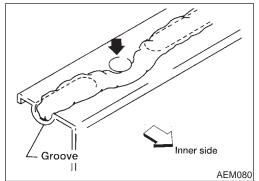
Inner rotor to brazed portion of housing clearance

Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

0.045 - 0.091 (0.0018 - 0.0036)

Sei vie	buta una opcomoationo (obc)
OIL PRESSURE	=NHLC0010
Engine speed rpm	Approximate discharge pressure kPa (kg/cm², psi)
Idle speed 2,000	More than 98 (1.0, 14) 294 (3.0, 43)
REGULATOR VALVE	NHLC0011 Unit: mm (in)
Regulator valve to oil pump cover clearance	0.040 - 0.097 (0.0016 - 0.0038)
OIL PUMP	NHLC0012 Unit: mm (in)
Body to outer rotor radial clearance	0.114 - 0.260 (0.0045 - 0.0102)
Inner rotor to outer rotor tip clearance	Below 0.18 (0.0071)
Body to inner rotor axial clearance	0.030 - 0.070 (0.0012 - 0.0028)
Body to outer rotor axial clearance	0.050 - 0.110 (0.0020 - 0.0043)

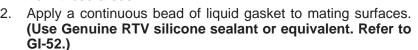




Precautions

LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE

Use a scraper to remove all traces of old liquid gasket from mating surfaces and grooves. Also, completely clean any oil from these areas.



- For areas except oil pan, be sure liquid gasket diameter is 2.3 to 3.3 mm (0.091 to 0.130 in).
- Apply liquid gasket around the inner side of bolt holes (unless otherwise specified).
- 4. Assembly should be done within 5 minutes after coating.
- Wait at least 30 minutes before refilling engine oil and engine coolant.

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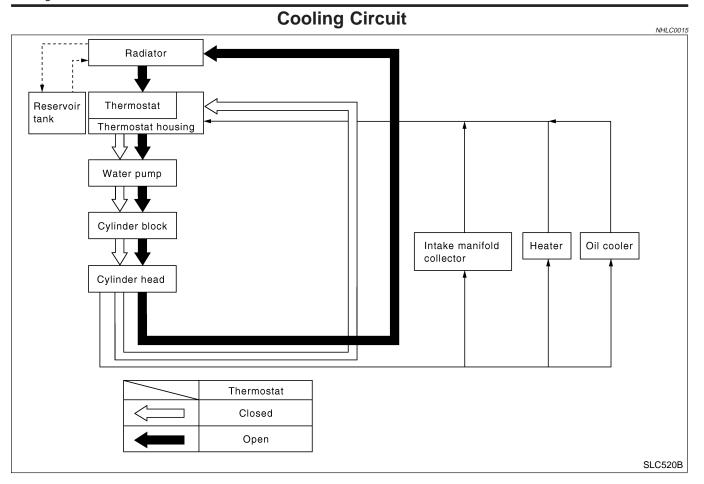
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Preparation SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here. Tool number Description (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name WS39930000 Pressing the tube of liquid gasket Tube pressure NT052 EG17650301 Adapting radiator cap tester to radiator filler neck (J33984-A) a: 28 (1.10) dia. b: 31.4 (1.236) dia. Radiator cap tester c: 41.3 (1.626) dia. adapter HA Unit: mm (in) NT564 SC KV99103510 Installing radiator upper and lower tanks EL Radiator plate pliers A NT224 KV99103520 Removing radiator upper and lower tanks Radiator plate pliers B NT225



System Check

WARNING:

NHLC0016

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot; serious burns could be caused by high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator.

Wrap a thick cloth around the cap and carefully remove it by turning it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape and then turn the cap all the way off.

CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM HOSES

NHLC0016S0

Check hoses for improper attachment, leaks, cracks, damage, loose connections, chafing and deterioration.

CHECKING RADIATOR

NHLC0016S02

Check radiator for mud or clogging. If necessary, clean radiator as follows.

- Be careful not to bend or damage the radiator fins.
- When radiator is cleaned without removal, remove all surrounding parts such as cooling fan, radiator shroud and horns.
 Then tape the harness and connectors to prevent water from entering.
- 1. Apply water by hose to the back side of the radiator core vertically downward.

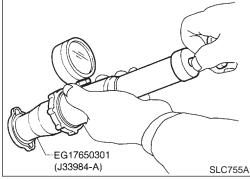
- Apply water again to all radiator core surfaces once per minute.
- Stop washing if any stains no longer flow out from the radia-3.
- 4. Blow air into the back side of radiator core vertically downward.
- Use compressed air lower than 490 kPa (5 kg/cm², 71 psi) and keep distance more than 30 cm (11.8 in).
- Blow air again into all the radiator core surfaces once per



minute until no water sprays out.



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CHECKING RADIATOR CAP

NHLC0016S03

To check radiator cap, apply pressure to cap with a tester. Radiator cap relief pressure:







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Pull the negative pressure valve to open it. Check that it closes completely when released.



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To check for leakage, apply pressure to the cooling system with a tester.



Testing pressure:

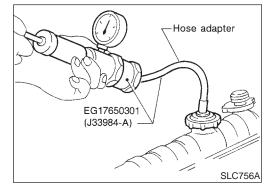
157 kPa (1.6 kg/cm², 23 psi)

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Higher than the specified pressure may cause radiator damage.





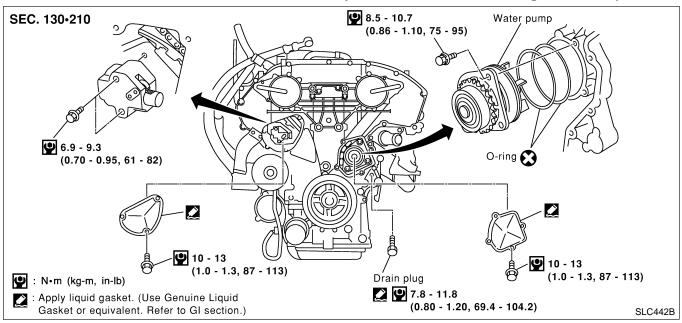


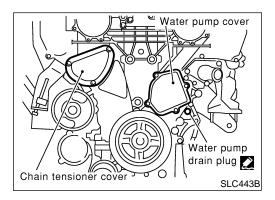
Water Pump REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

=NHLC0017

CAUTION:

- When removing water pump assembly, be careful not to get coolant on drive belt.
- Water pump cannot be disassembled and should be replaced as a unit.
- After installing water pump, connect hose and clamp securely, then check for leaks using radiator cap tester.



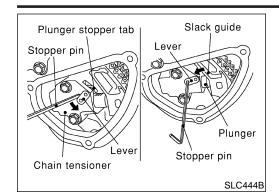


REMOVAL

- Drain coolant from drain plugs on radiator and right side of cylinder block. Refer to MA-14, "Changing Engine Coolant".
- Remove right side engine mounting, mounting bracket and nuts.
- Remove drive belts and idler pulley bracket.
- Remove water pump drain plug.
- Remove chain tensioner cover and water pump cover.

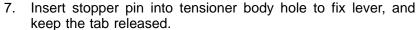
ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM

Water Pump (Cont'd)





Plunger stopper tab can be pushed up to release (coaxial structure with lever).

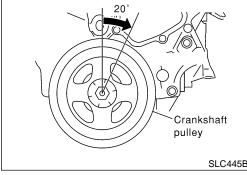


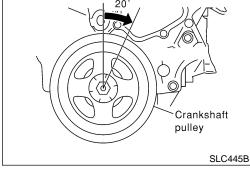


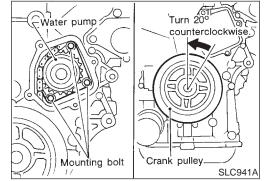
- Keep slack guide pressed, and fix it by pushing stopper pin through lever hole and body hole.
- 10. Turn crankshaft pulley approx. 20° clockwise so that the timing chain on the chain tensioner side is loose.
- 11. Remove chain tensioner.

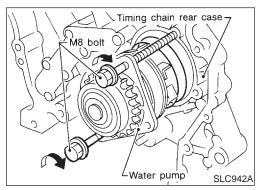
CAUTION:

Be careful not to drop mounting bolts inside chain case.









12. Remove the 3 water pump fixing bolts. Secure a gap between water pump gear and timing chain, by turning crankshaft pulley 20° backwards.

13. Put M8 bolts to two M8-threaded holes out of 3 water pump fixing bolt holes.

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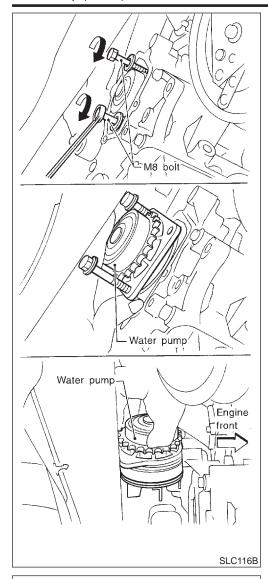
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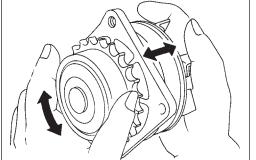
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- 14. Tighten M8 bolts by turning half turn alternately until they reach timing chain rear case.
- In order to prevent damages to water pump or timing chain rear case, do not tighten one bolt continuously. Always turn each bolt half turn each time.
- 15. Lift up water pump and remove it.
- When lifting up water pump, do not allow water pump gear to hit timing chain.



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INSPECTION

NHLC0019

- 1. Check for badly rusted or corroded body assembly.
- 2. Check for rough operation due to excessive end play.

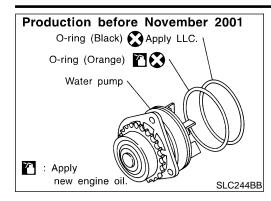
water pump.

it 20° forward.

SLC031B

Crankshaft pulley

SLC445B

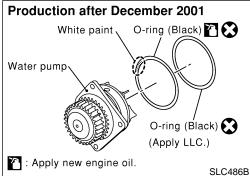


INSTALLATION

1. Apply engine oil and coolant to O-rings as shown in the figure.



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On models with two black O-rings, install the one with a white paint mark to the front side.



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Install water pump. Do not allow cylinder block to nip O-rings when installing



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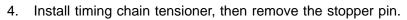
3. Return the crankshaft pulley to its original position by turning

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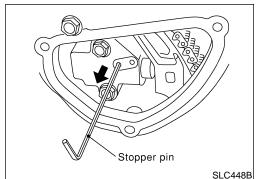
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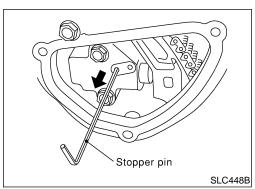
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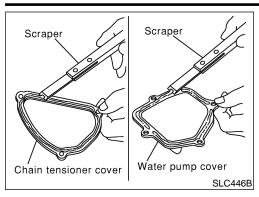
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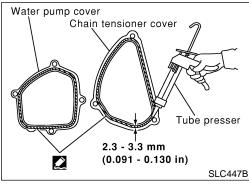


When installing the timing chain tensioner, engine oil should be applied to the oil hole and tensioner.









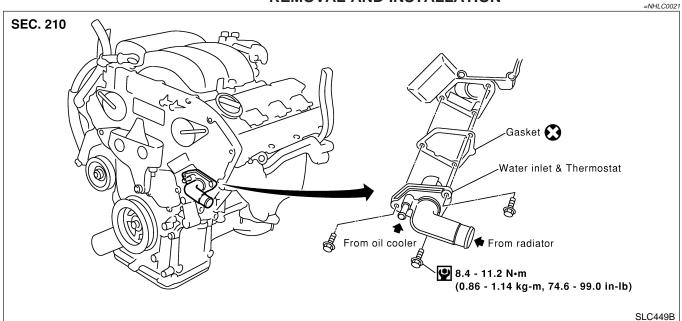
- 5. Instal chain tensioner cover and water pump cover.
- Before installing, remove all traces of liquid gasket from mating surface of water pump cover and chain tensioner cover using a scraper.

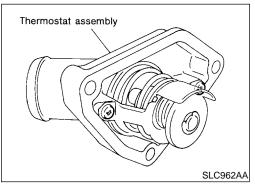
Also remove traces of liquid gasket from mating surface of front cover.

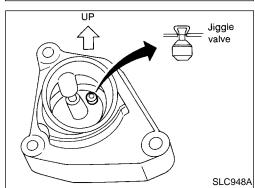
b. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket to mating surface of chain tensioner cover and water pump cover.

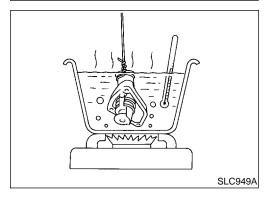
- 6. Install drain plug on cylinder block.
- 7. Reinstall any parts removed in reverse order of removal.
- After starting engine, let idle for three minutes, then rev engine up to 3,000 rpm under no load to purge air from the high-pressure chamber of the chain tensioners. The engine may produce a rattling noise. This indicates that air still remains in the chamber and is not a matter of concern.

Thermostat REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION









- 1. Drain coolant from drain plugs on radiator and both sides of cylinder block.
- 2. Remove drive belts and idler pulley bracket.
- 3. Remove water pump drain plug on pump side of cylinder block.
- Remove lower radiator hose.
- 5. Remove water inlet and thermostat assembly.
- Do not disassemble water inlet and thermostat. Replace them as a unit, if necessary.
- 6. Install thermostat with jiggle valve facing upward.
- After installation, run engine for a few minutes, and check for leaks.
- Be careful not to spill coolant over engine compartment. Use a rag to absorb coolant.

INSPECTION

- 1. Check valve seating condition at ordinary room temperatures. It should seat tightly.
- 2. Check valve opening temperature and maximum valve lift.

	Standard
Valve opening temperature	82°C (180°F)
Valve lift	More than 8.6 mm/95°C (0.339 in/203°F)





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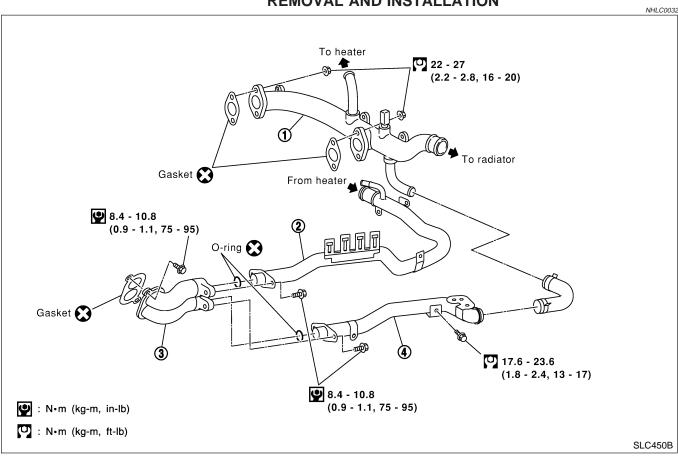






3. Then check if valve closes at 5°C (9°F) below valve opening temperature.

Water Outlet and Water Piping REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION



- Water outlet
- 2. Heater pipe

Water connector

- 4. Water bypass pipe
- Drain coolant from drain plugs on radiator and both sides of cylinder block.
- 2. Remove water connector, heater pipe and water bypass pipe.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal.
- After installation, run engine for a few minutes, and check for leaks.
- Be careful not to spill coolant over engine compartment.
 Use a rag to absorb coolant.

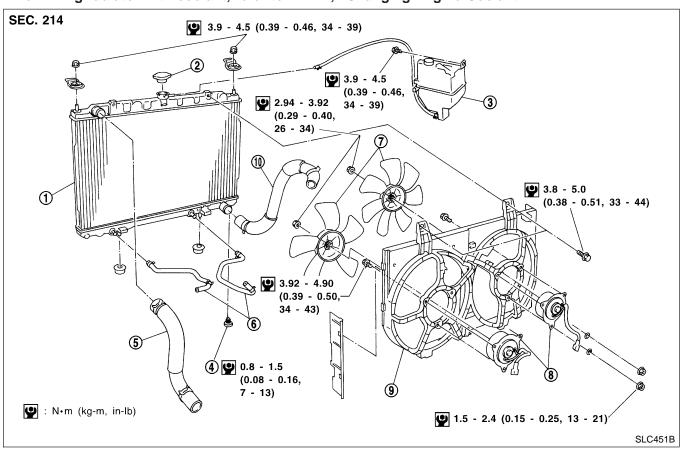
=NHLC0023

Radiator

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1. Remove under cover.
- 2. Drain coolant from radiator.
- 3. Disconnect radiator upper and lower hoses.
- 4. Remove radiator shroud.
- 5. Remove A/T oil cooler hoses.
- 6. Disconnect reservoir tank hose.
- 7. Remove radiator mounting bracket.
- 8. Remove radiator.
- 9. After repairing or replacing radiator, install any part removed in reverse order of removal.

When filling radiator with coolant, refer to MA-14, "Changing Engine Coolant".



- 1. Radiator
- 2. Radiator filler cap
- 3. Reservoir tank
- 4. Radiator drain cock

- 5. Upper radiator hose
- 6. Oil cooler hoses
- Cooling fans

- 8. Cooling fan motors
- 9. Radiator shroud
- 10. Lower radiator hose

MA

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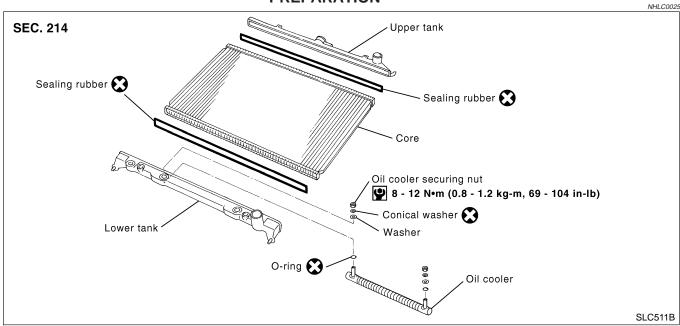
Cooling Fan Control System

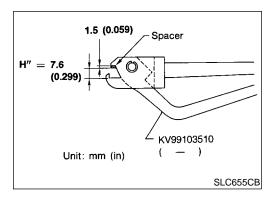
Cooling fans are controlled by ECM. For details, refer to EC-524.

Refilling Engine Coolant

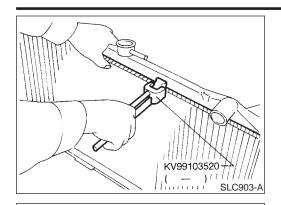
For details on refilling engine coolant, refer to MA-15, "REFILLING ENGINE COOLANT".

Radiator (Aluminum type) PREPARATION





- Attach the spacer to the tip of the radiator plate pliers A. Spacer specification: 1.5 mm (0.059 in) thick x 18 mm (0.71 in) wide x 8.5 mm (0.335 in) long.
- 2. Make sure that when radiator plate pliers A are closed dimension H" is approx. 7.6 mm (0.299 in).
- 3. Adjust dimension H" with the spacer, if necessary.



DISASSEMBLY

Remove upper and lower tanks with Tool.

NHLC0026

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Grip the crimped edge and bend it upwards so that Tool slips

LC

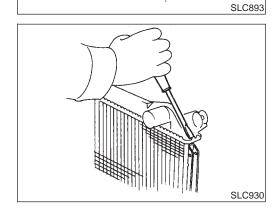
Do not bend excessively.



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In areas where Tool cannot be used, use a screwdriver to bend the edge up.

SU

Be careful not to damage tank. Remove sealing rubbers.

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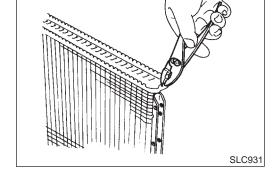
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ASSEMBLY

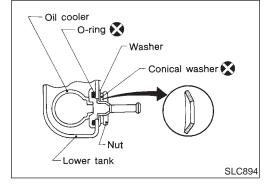
1. Install oil cooler.

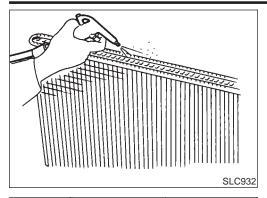
NHLC0027

Pay attention to direction of conical washer.

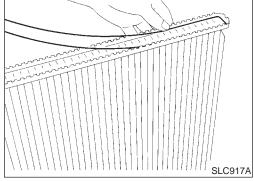
Make sure the edge stands straight up.

Remove oil cooler from tank.



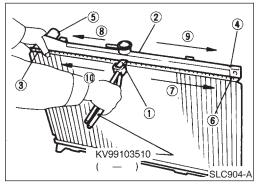


2. Clean contact portion of tank.

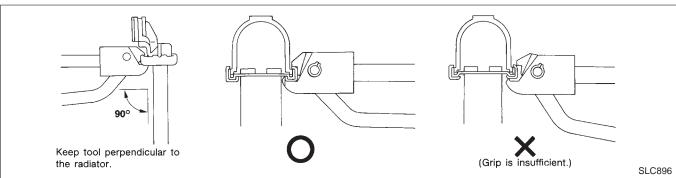


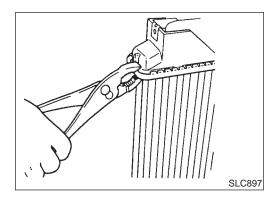
3. Install sealing rubber.

Push it in with fingers. Be careful not to twist sealing rubber.



4. Caulk tank in specified sequence with Tool.

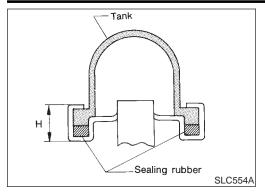




Use pliers in the locations where Tool cannot be used.

ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM

Radiator (Aluminum type) (Cont'd)





8.0 - 8.4 mm (0.315 - 0.331 in)

6. Confirm that there is no leakage.

Refer to Inspection.

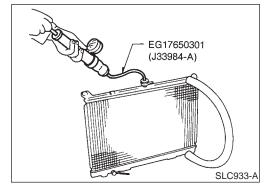


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NHLC0028



INSPECTION

1. Apply pressure with Tool.

Specified pressure value:

157 kPa (1.6 kg/cm², 23 psi)

WARNING:

To prevent the risk of the hose coming undone while under pressure, securely fasten it down with a hose clamp.

Attach a hose to the oil cooler to seal its inlet and outlet.

EC

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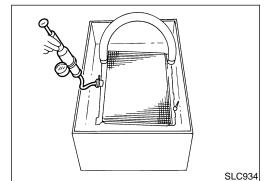
2. Check for leakage by soaking radiator in water container.



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		Overheating	Cause Analysis	NHLC0029
	Syn	nptom	Check	k items
		Water pump malfunction	Worn or loose drive belt	
	Poor heat transfer	Thermostat stuck closed	_	
		Damaged fins	Dust contamination or paper clogging	_
			Physical damage	
		Clogged radiator cooling tube	Excess foreign material (rust, dirt, sand, etc.)	
		Cooling fan does not operate	Refer to DTC P1217 in EC section.	
	Reduced air flow	High resistance to fan rotation	Fan assembly	_
		Damaged fan blades		
	Damaged radiator shroud	_	_	_
Cooling sys-	Improper coolant mixture ratio	_	_	_
tem parts malfunction	Poor coolant quality	_	Coolant density	_
	Insufficient coolant		Cooling hose	Loose clamp
				Cracked hose
		Coolant leaks	Water pump	Poor sealing
			Radiator cap	Loose
				Poor sealing
				O-ring for damage, deterioration or improper fitting
			Radiator	Cracked radiator tank
				Cracked radiator core
			Reservoir tank	Cracked reservoir tank
			Exhaust gas leaks into cooling system	Cylinder head deterioration
		Overflowing reservoir tank		Cylinder head gasket deterioration

ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM

Overheating Cause Analysis (Cont'd)

	Symptom		Check items	
			Abusive driving	High engine rpm under no load
				Driving in low gear for extended time
				Driving at extremely high speed
	_	Overload on engine	Powertrain system mal- function	
Except cool-			Installed improper size wheels and tires	_
ing system parts mal-			Dragging brakes	
function			Improper ignition timing	
		Blocked bumper	_	
			Installed car brassiere	
	Blocked or restricted air flow		Mud contamination or paper clogging	_
	now	Blocked radiator	_	
		Blocked condenser	Block air flow	
		Installed large fog lamp	Diook all now	
		Service Date	a and Specificatio	ne (SDS)
		JEI VICE Dale	a anu opecinicalio	iia (JDJ)

	NHLC0030
Valve opening temperature	82°C (180°F)
Valve lift	More than 8.6 mm/95°C (0.339 in/203°F)

RADIATOR

RADIATOR		Unit: kPa (kg/cm ² , psi)
Cap relief pressure	Standard	78 - 98 (0.8 - 1.0, 11 - 14)
	Limit	59 (0.6, 9)
Leakage test pressure		157 (1.6, 23)

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NOTES