SECTION REAR SUSPENSION

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PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS

Cautions

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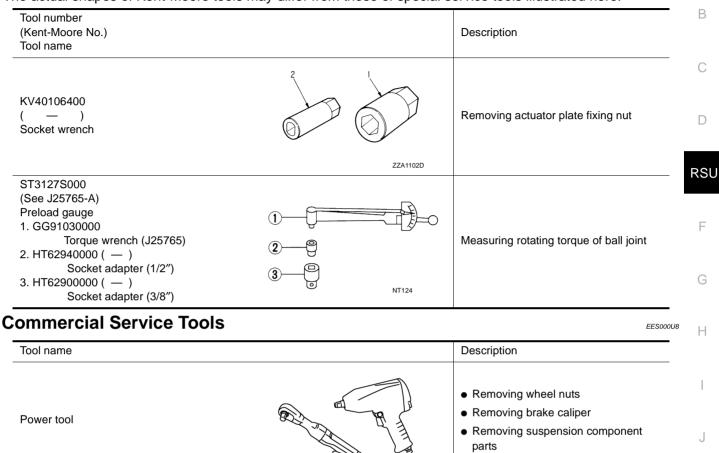
- When installing rubber bushings, the final tightening must be carried out under unladen conditions with tires on level ground. Oil will shorten the life of rubber bushings. Be sure to wipe off any spilled oil.
- Unladen conditions means that fuel, engine coolant and lubricant are full. A spare tire, a jack, hand tools and mats are in designated positions.
- After servicing suspension parts, be sure to check wheel alignment.
- Self-lock nuts are not reusable. Always use new ones when installing. Since new self-lock nuts are preoiled, tighten as they are.

PREPARATION

PREPARATION

Special Service Tools (SST)

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.



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NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING NVH Troubleshooting Chart

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Use chart below to help you find the cause of the symptom. If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

Reference	page		RSU-7	RSU-9	I	I	I	RSU-7	RSU-5	<u>RSU-16</u>	NVH in PR section.	NVH in RFD section.	NVH in RAX and RSU sections.	NVH in WT section.	NVH in WT section.	NVH in RAX section.	NVH in BR section.	NVH in PS section.
Possible c	ause and SUSPECTED F	ARTS	Improper installation, looseness	Shock absorber defamation, damage or deflection	Bushing or mounting deterioration	Parts interference	Spring fatigue	Suspension looseness	Incorrect wheel alignment	Stabilizer bar fatigue	PROPELLER SHAFT	DIFFERENTIAL	REAR AXLE AND REAR SUSPENSION	TIRES	ROAD WHEELS	DRIVE SHAFT	BRAKES	STEERING
		Noise	×	×	×	×	×	×			×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
		Shake	×	×	×	×		×			×		×	×	×	×	×	×
		Vibration	×	×	×	×	×				×		×	×		×		×
Symptom	REAR SUSPENSION	Shimmy	×	×	×	×			×				×	×	×		×	×
		Judder	×	×	×								×	×	×		×	×
		Poor quality ride or handling	×	×	×	×	×		×	×			×	×	×			

×: Applicable

REAR SUSPENSION ASSEMBLY

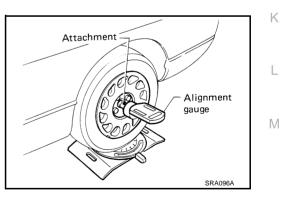
	-
REAR SUSPENSION ASSEMBLY PFP:55020)
On-Vehicle Inspection and Service	3
Make sure the mounting conditions (looseness, back lash) of each of the component and component condi- tions (wear, damage) are normal.	•
INSPECTION OF SUSPENSION ARM BALL JOINT END PLAY	
Measure axial end play by installing and moving up/down between suspension arm and axle with an iron pry bar or something similar.	,
Axial end play : 0 mm (0 in)	
CAUTION: Be careful not to damage ball joint boot.	
SHOCK ABSORBER INSPECTION	
Check shock absorber for oil leakage, damage and replace if there are.	ł
Wheel Alignment Inspection EESOOUC DESCRIPTION	>
Measure wheel alignment under unladen conditions.	
PRELIMINARY INSPECTION	
Check the followings	
1. Tires for improper air pressure and wear.	
2. Road wheels for runout.	
3. Wheel bearing axial end play.	
4. Suspension arm ball joint axial end play.	
5. Shock absorber operation.	
6. Each mounting part of axle and suspension for looseness and deformation.	
 Each of front lower link, rear lower link, suspension arm and suspension member for cracks, deformation, and other damage. 	I
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8. Vehicle posture.

CAMBER INSPECTION

Measure camber of both right and left wheels with a suitable alignment gauge and adjust in accordance with the following procedures.

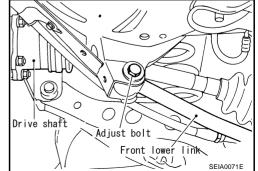
Camber : Refer to RSU-18, "SERVICE DATA" .



If outside the standard value, adjust camber with the adjusting bolt in front lower link.

NOTE:

After adjusting camber, be sure to check toe-in.



TOE-IN

Measure toe-in using the following procedure. If out of the specification, inspect and replace any damaged or worn rear suspension parts.

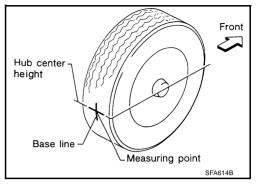
WARNING:

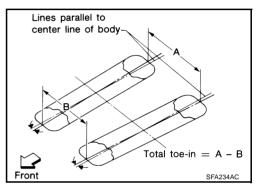
- Always perform the following procedure on a flat surface.
- Make sure that no person is in front of vehicle before pushing it.
- 1. Bounce the rear of vehicle up and down to stabilize the posture.
- 2. Push vehicle straight ahead about 5 m (16 ft).
- 3. Put a mark on base line of the tread (rear side) of both tires at the same height of hub center. These are measuring point.
- 4. Measure the distance "A" (rear side).
- 5. Push vehicle slowly ahead to rotate wheels 180 degrees (1/2 turn).

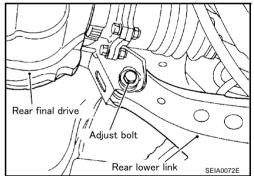
If wheels have rotated more than 180 degrees (1/2 turn), try the above procedure again from the beginning. Never push vehicle backward.

6. Measure the distance "B" (front side).

Total toe-in : Refer to <u>RSU-18, "SERVICE DATA"</u>.





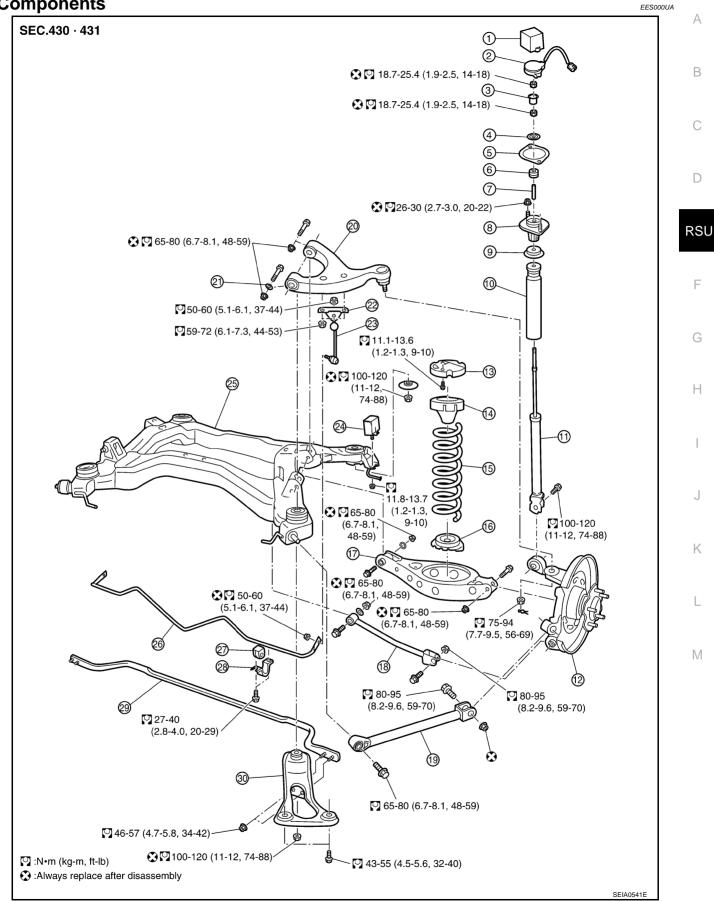


7. If outside the standard value, adjust with adjusting bolt in rear lower link.

CAUTION:

Be sure to adjust equally on RH and LH side with adjusting bolt.





REAR SUSPENSION ASSEMBLY

1.	Сар	2.	Actuator assembly	3.	Actuator plate
4.	Washer	5.	Shock absorber mounting seal	6.	Bushing
7.	Distance tube	8.	Shock absorber mounting bracket	9.	Bound bumper cover
10.	Bound bumper	11.	Shock absorber	12.	Axle
13.	Bracket	14.	Upper seat	15.	Coil spring
16.	Rubber seat	17.	Rear lower link	18.	Front lower link
19.	Radius rod	20.	Suspension arm	21.	Stopper rubber
22.	Stabilizer connecting rod mounting bracket	23.	Stabilizer connecting rod	24.	Dynamic damper
25.	Rear suspension member	26.	Stabilizer bar	27.	Stabilizer bushing
28.	Stabilizer clamp	29.	Cross bar	30.	Member stay

SHOCK ABSORBER

Removal	and	Installation
REMOVAL		

- 1. Remove tire with a power tool.
- 2. Set jack under rear lower link to remove fixing bolt in the lower side of shock absorber.
- 3. Remove jack from rear lower link.
- 4. Remove rear seat cushion, rear seat back and rear parcel shelf finisher. Refer to <u>SE-195, "REAR SEAT"</u>, <u>CEI-47, "REAR PARCEL SHELF FINISHER"</u>.
- 5. Remove cap and actuator assembly.
- 6. Remove fixing nut in the upper side of shock absorber.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Check the followings

- Shock absorber for deformation, cracks, damage, and replace if there are.
- Piston rod for damage, uneven wear, or distortion, and replace if there are.
- Welded and sealed areas for oil leakage, and replace if there are.

INSTALLATION

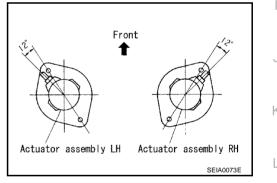
Refer to <u>RSU-7, "Components"</u> for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of the removal.
 NOTE:

Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.

- Perform the final tightening of shock absorber assembly lower side (rubber bushing) under unladen conditions with tires on level ground. Check wheel alignment. Refer to <u>RSU-5</u>, "Wheel Alignment Inspection".
- After adjusting wheel alignment, adjust neutral of steering angle sensor. Refer to <u>BRC-6, "Adjustment of</u> <u>Steering Angle Sensor Neutral Position"</u>.
- Be sure to install actuator assembly correctly as shown in the figures.

CAUTION:

If a strong shock has been given to actuator assembly or if it has been dropped, replace it with a new one.



Disassembly and Assembly DISASSEMBLY

CAUTION:

Do not damage piston rod on shock absorber when removing components from shock absorber.

- 1. Remove shock absorber mounting seal from shock absorber mounting bracket.
- 2. Wrap a shop cloth around the lower side of shock absorber and it in a vice.

CAUTION:

Do not clamp the cylindrical part of shock absorber in a vice.

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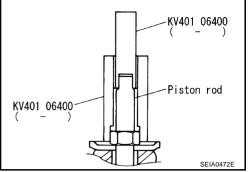
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- 3. Fix piston rod using the socket wrench (SST), and remove actuator plate fixing nut with the socket wrench (SST). Then remove actuator plate.
- 4. Secure the piston rod tip so that piston rod does not turn, and remove piston rod lock nut.
- 5. Remove washer, bushing, distance tube, shock absorber mounting bracket, bound bumper cover and bound bumper from shock absorber.



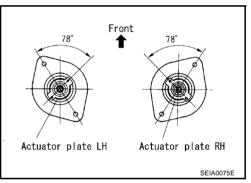
INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

Bound Bumper and Bushing

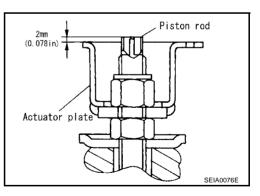
Check bound bumper and bushing for cracks, deformation or other damage. Replace if there are.

ASSEMBLY

- Refer to <u>RSU-7, "Components"</u> for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of the removal.
 NOTE:
 - Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.
 - Make sure piston rod on shock absorber is not damaged when attaching components to shock absorber.
- Be sure to install actuator prate correctly as shown in illustration.



• Confirm that the piston rod end is higher than actuator plate as specified in the figure.



SUSPENSION ARM

SI	JSPENSION ARM	PFP:55501
	emoval and Installation	EES000UF
RE	EMOVAL	
1.		
2.	Remove brake caliper with a power tool. Hang it in a place wher <u>BR-30, "REAR DISC BRAKE"</u> .	e it will not interfere with work. Refer to
	NOTE: Avoid depressing brake pedal while brake caliper is removed.	
3.	Remove stabilizer connecting rod mounting bracket from suspens	ion arm with a power tool.
4.	Remove fixing bolts and nuts in the suspension member side of s	uspension arm with a power tool.
5.	Remove cotter pin of suspension arm ball joint, then loosen moun	ting nut.
6.	Use the ball joint remover (suitable tool) to remove suspension a ball joint boot.	rm from axle. Be careful not to damage
	CAUTION:	
	Tighten temporarily mounting nut to prevent damage to three (suitable tool) from coming off.	ads and to prevent ball joint remover
7.	Remove suspension arm from vehicle.	
IN	SPECTION AFTER REMOVAL	
Vis	sual Inspection	
•	Check suspension arm and bushing for deformation, cracks, or d found, replace it.	amage. If any non-standard condition is
•	Check boot of ball joint for cracks, or damage, and also for grease	e leakage.
Ba	III Joint Inspection	
	anually move ball stud to confirm it moves smoothly with no binding.	
S٧	ving Torque Inspection	
	DTE:	
Be	fore measuring, move ball joint at least ten times by hand to check	for smooth movement.
•	Hook a spring balance at cotter pin mounting hole. Confirm spring balance measurement value is within the specifications when ball stud begins moving	
	when ball stud begins moving.	Onview hales as

Specified swing torque:

0.50 - 3.43 N·m (0.05 - 0.35 kg-m, 5 - 30 in-lb) Specified value of spring balance: 7.85 - 54.4 N (0.80 - 5.55 kg, 1.77 - 12.27 lb)

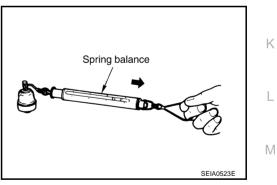
 If it is outside the specified range, replace suspension arm assembly.

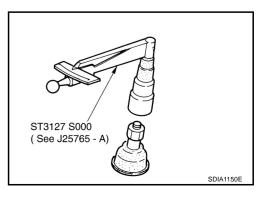
Rotating Torque Inspection

• Attach mounting nut to ball stud. Make sure rotating torque is within the specifications with the preload gauge (SST).

Specified rotating torque: 0.50 - 3.43 N·m (0.05 - 0.35 kg-m, 5 - 30 in-lb)

 If it is outside the specified range, replace suspension arm assembly.





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Axial End Play Inspection

• Move the tip of ball joint in the axial direction to check for looseness.

Specified axial end play : 0 mm (0 in)

• If it is outside the specified range, replace suspension arm assembly.

INSTALLATION

Refer to <u>RSU-7</u>, "Components" for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of the removal.
 NOTE:

Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.

- Perform final tightening of rear suspension member installation position (rubber bushing) under unladen condition with tires on level ground. Check wheel alignment. Refer to <u>RSU-5</u>, "Wheel Alignment Inspection".
- After adjusting wheel alignment, adjust neutral position of steering angle sensor. Refer to <u>BRC-6, "Adjust-ment of Steering Angle Sensor Neutral Position"</u>.

RADIUS ROD

R/	ADIUS ROD PFP:55110	
	emoval and Installation EES000UG MOVAL	A
1.	Remove tire with a power tool.	В
2.	Remove fixing bolt and nut in the axle side of radius rod.	D
3.	Remove fixing bolt and nut in the rear suspension member side of radius rod, then remove radius rod from vehicle.	С
INS	SPECTION AFTER REMOVAL	
Ch	eck radius rod and bushing for any deformation, cracks, or damage. Replace if there are.	
INS	STALLATION	D
•	Refer to <u>RSU-7, "Components"</u> for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of the removal.	
	NOTE:	RSL
	Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.	
•	Perform final tightening of rear suspension member and axle installation position (rubber bushing) under unladen conditions with tires on level ground. Check wheel alignment. Refer to <u>RSU-5</u> , "Wheel Alignment Inspection".	
•	After adjusting wheel alignment, adjust neutral position of steering angle sensor. Refer to BRC-6, "Adjust-	
	ment of Steering Angle Sensor Neutral Position".	G
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FRONT LOWER LINK

FRONT LOWER LINK

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove tire from vehicle with a power tool.
- 2. Set a jack under rear lower link.
- 3. Remove fixing bolt and nut between front lower link and rear suspension member.
- 4. Remove fixing bolt and nut between front lower link and axle.
- 5. Remove front lower link from vehicle.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Check front lower link and bushing for any deformation, crack, or damage. Replace if there are.

INSTALLATION

 Refer to <u>RSU-7, "Components"</u> for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of the removal. NOTE:

Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.

- Perform the final tightening of rear suspension member and axle installation position (rubber bushing) under unladen condition with tires on level ground. Check wheel alignment. Refer to <u>RSU-5</u>, "Wheel Alignment Inspection".
- After adjusting wheel alignment, adjust neutral position of steering angle sensor. Refer to <u>BRC-6, "Adjust-ment of Steering Angle Sensor Neutral Position"</u>.

PFP:55110

REAR LOWER LINK & COIL SPRING

REAR LOWER LINK & COIL SPRING

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove tire from vehicle with a power tool.
- 2. Set a jack under rear lower link.
- 3. Loosen fixing bolt and nut of rear lower link in the side of rear suspension member, and then remove fixing bolt and nut in the side of axle.
- 4. Slowly lower jack, then remove upper seat, coil spring and rubber seat from rear lower link.
- 5. Remove fixing bolt and nut in the side of rear suspension member to remove rear lower link.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

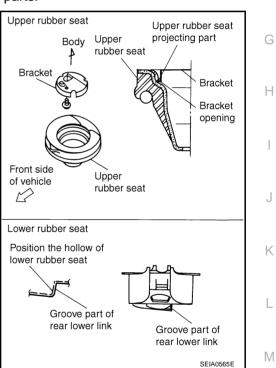
Check rear lower link, bushing and coil spring for deformation, cracks, and damage. Replace rear lower link and coil spring if there are.

INSTALLATION

 Refer to <u>RSU-7, "Components"</u> for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of the removal. NOTE:

Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.

- Check that the projecting part of the inside upper rubber seat and the openings of bracket are attached as shown in the figure.
- Check that the projection part of the outside upper seat directs to vehicle front.
- Position the hollow of rubber seat with the groove part of rear lower link to install.
- Install coil spring with the side of 2 paint markers directing to lower side.
- Perform the final tightening of rear suspension member and axle installation position (rubber bushing) under unladen conditions with tires on level ground. Check wheel alignment. Refer to <u>RSU-5, "Wheel Alignment Inspection"</u>.
- After adjusting wheel alignment, adjust neutral position of steering angle sensor. Refer to <u>BRC-6</u>, "<u>Adjustment of Steering Angle</u> <u>Sensor Neutral Position</u>".



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STABILIZER BAR

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove center muffler. Refer to EX-3, "EXHAUST SYSTEM" .
- 2. Remove stabilizer connecting rod from stabilizer bar with a power tool.
- 3. Remove mounting bolts of stabilizer clamp and then remove stabilizer clamp and stabilizer bushing from stabilizer bar.
- 4. Remove stabilizer bar from vehicle behind.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Check stabilizer bar, stabilizer bushings, stabilizer clamp, stabilizer connecting rod, stabilizer connecting rod mounting bracket for any deformation, cracks or damage. Replace if there are.

INSTALLATION

Refer to <u>RSU-7</u>, "Components" for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of removal.
 NOTE:

Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.

• Stabilizer bar uses pillow ball type connecting rod.

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REAR SUSPENSION MEMBER

RI	EAR SUSPENSION MEMBER PFP:55501	
	emoval and Installation	
1.	Remove tire from vehicle with a power tool.	
2.	Remove brake caliper with a power tool. Hang it in a place where it will not interfere with work. Refer to <u>BR-30, "REAR DISC BRAKE"</u> .	
	NOTE: Avoid depressing brake pedal while brake caliper is removed.	
3.	Remove disc rotor. Refer to <u>BR-30, "REAR DISC BRAKE"</u> .	
3. 4.	Remove discrotor. Refer to <u>BR-50</u> , <u>REAR DISC BRARE</u> . Remove stabilizer bar with a power tool. Refer to <u>RSU-16</u> , <u>"STABILIZER BAR"</u> .	
 5.	Remove rear final drive from vehicle. Refer to RFD-14, "REAR FINAL DRIVE ASSEMBLY".	
6.	Remove parking brake cable from body and rear suspension member. Refer to PB-4, "PARKING BRAKE	
0.	<u>CONTROL</u> ".	
7.	Set a jack under rear lower link.	
8.	Remove fixing bolt in the lower side of shock absorber.	
9.	Remove fixing nut in the axle side of suspension arm.	
10	Remove rear lower link. Refer to RSU-15, "REAR LOWER LINK & COIL SPRING".	
11.	Move a jack which has been set in rear lower link, to rear suspension member.	
12	. Remove fixing bolt in the body side of member stay.	
13	Remove fixing nuts of rear suspension member.	
14	Slowly jack to remove rear suspension member from vehicle.	
15	. Remove front lower link from rear suspension member.	
16	. Remove radius rod from rear suspension member.	
17	. Remove suspension arm from rear suspension member.	
IN	SPECTION AFTER REMOVAL	
Ch	eck rear suspension member for deformation, cracks, and other damage and replace if there are.	
	STALLATION	
	Refer to <u>RSU-7, "Components"</u> for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of the removal.	
•	NOTE:	
	Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.	
•	Perform final tightening of installation position of links (rubber bushing) under unladen conditions with tires on level ground. Check wheel alignment. Refer to <u>RSU-5</u> , "Wheel Alignment Inspection".	
•	After adjusting wheel alignment, adjust neutral position of steering angle sensor. Refer to <u>BRC-6, "Adjust-ment of Steering Angle Sensor Neutral Position"</u>	

SERVICE DATA

SERVICE DATA Wheel Alignment

PFP:00030

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Tire			17 inch	18 inch
Camber		Minimum	– 0°55′ (– 0.92°)	– 1°05′ (– 1.08°)
Degree minute (D	Decimal degree)	Nominal	- 0°25′ (- 0.42°)	- 0°35′ (- 0.58°)
		Maximum	0°05′ (0.08°)	- 0°05′ (- 0.08°)
		Left and right difference	45′ ((0.75°)
Total toe-in	Distance (A – B)	Minimum	– 2.0 mm (– 0.079 in)	– 1.6 mm (– 0.063 in)
		Nominal	0.8 mm (0.031 in)	1.2 mm (0.047 in)
		Maximum	3.6 mm (0.142 in)	4.0 mm (0.157 in)
	Angle (left plus right)	Minimum	– 5′ (0.08°)	- 4′ (0.07°)
	Degree (Decimal degree)	Nominal	2′ (0.03°)	3′ (0.05°)
		Maximum	9′ (0.15°)	10′ (0.17°)

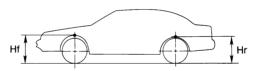
Ball Joint

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Axial end play	0 mm (0 in)
Swing torque	0.50 - 3.43 N·m (0.05 - 0.35 kg-m, 5 - 30 in-lb)
Measurement on spring balance (cotter pinhole position)	7.85 - 54.4 N (0.80 - 5.55 kg, 1.77 - 12.27 lb)
Rotating torque	0.50 - 3.43 N·m (0.05 - 0.35 kg-m, 5 - 30 in-lb)

Wheelarch Height (Unladen*)

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Tire	225/55R17	225/55R17 (Runflat tire)	245/45R18
Front (Hf)	730 mm (28.74 in)	734 mm (28.90 in)	726 mm (28.58 in)
Rear (Hr)	704 mm (27.72 in) [USA model] 705 mm (27.76 in) [Canada model]	707 mm (27.83 in) [USA model] 708 mm (27.87 in) [Canada model]	700 mm (27.56 in) [USA model] 701 mm (27.60 in) [Canada model]

*: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.