SECTION CLUTCH CL

D

Ε

CONTENTS

PRECAUTIONS	2
Precautions	2
PREPARATION	3
Special Service Tools	3
Commercial Service Tools	
NOISE, VIBRATION, AND HARSHNESS (NVH)	
TROUBLESHOOTING	4
NVH TROUBLESHOOTING CHART	4
CLUTCH PEDAL	
Components	5
On-vehicle Inspection and Adjustment	
Removal and Installation	6
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL	6
CLUTCH FLUID	7
Air Bleeding Procedure	7
CLUTCH MASTER CYLINDER	8
Removal and Installation	8
REMOVAL	
INSTALLATION	8
Disassembly and Assembly	9
DISASSEMBLY	
INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY	9
ASSEMBLY	9
OPERATING CYLINDER	. 10
Removal and Installation	. 10
REMOVAL	. 10

F
G
Н
0
K
n
L
Μ

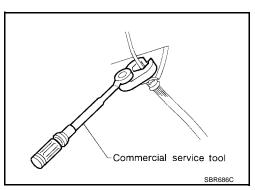
PRECAUTIONS

Precautions

- Recommended fluid is brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas.
- When removing and installing clutch piping, use Tool.
- Use new brake fluid to clean or wash all parts of master cylinder and operating cylinder.
- Never use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene. It will ruin the rubber parts of the hydraulic system.

WARNING:

After cleaning clutch disc, wipe it with a dust collector. Do not use compressed air.



PFP:00001

ECS004P9

PREPARATION

REPARATION		PFP:00002
pecial Service Tools		ECS004PA
e actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may Fool number Kent-Moore No.) Fool name	differ from those of special service tools	s illustrated here.
ST20630000 J26366) Clutch aligning bar		Installing clutch cover and clutch disc a: 15.8 mm (0.622 in) dia. b: 22.9 mm (0.902 in) dia. c: 45.0 mm (1.772 in)
ST20050240	NT405	Adjusting unevenness of diaphragm spring of clutch cover
) Diaphragm spring adjusting wrench	a o	a: 150 mm (5.91 in) b: 25 mm (0.98 in)
(V32101000 J25689-A)	NT404	Removing and installing spring pin a: 4 mm (0.16 in) dia.
in punch	a	
	NT410	
ommercial Service Tools		ECS004PB
ool name		Description
Flare nut crowfoot ? Torque wrench		Removing and installing clutch piping a: 10 mm (0.39 in)
	NT360	
Power tool		Loosening bolts and nuts
	PBIC0190E	

NOISE, VIBRATION, AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING NVH TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

PFP:00003

ECS004PC

Use the chart below to help you find the cause of the symptom. The numbers indicate the order of the inspection. If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

Reference pa	ge	CL-6	CT-Z	CT-0	<u>CL-11</u>	EM-65, "Removal and Installation" (QR25DE), EC-1015, "Diagnostic Procedure" (VQ35DE)	<u>CL-13</u>	<u>CL-15</u>	<u>CL-15</u>	<u>CL-15</u>	<u>CL-15</u>	<u>CL-15</u>	<u>CL-15</u>	<u>CL-15</u>	<u>CL-15</u>	<u>CL-16</u>	<u>CL-16</u>	<u>CL-16</u>	CL-16, "FLYWHEEL"
SUSPECTED	9 PARTS (Possible cause)	CLUTCH PEDAL (Inspection and adjustment)	CLUTCH LINE (Air in line)	MASTER CYLINDER PISTON CUP (Damaged)	OPERATING CYLINDER PISTON CUP (Damaged)	ENGINE MOUNTING (Loose)	RELEASE BEARING (Worn, dirty or damaged)	CLUTCH DISC (Out of true)	CLUTCH DISC (Runout is excessive)	CLUTCH DISC (Lining broken)	CLUTCH DISC (Dirty or burned)	CLUTCH DISC (Oily)	CLUTCH DISC (Worn out)	CLUTCH DISC (Hardened)	CLUTCH DISC (Lack of spline grease)	DIAPHRAGM SPRING (Damaged)	DIAPHRAGM SPRING (Out of tip alignment)	PRESSURE PLATE (Distortion)	FLYWHEEL (Distortion)
	Clutch grabs/chatters					1			2			2	2	2			2		<u> </u>
	Clutch pedal spongy		1	2	2														
Symptom	Clutch noisy						1												
	Clutch slips	1										2	2			3		4	5
	Clutch does not disengage	1	2	3	4			5	5	5	5	5			5	6	6	7	

CLUTCH PEDAL

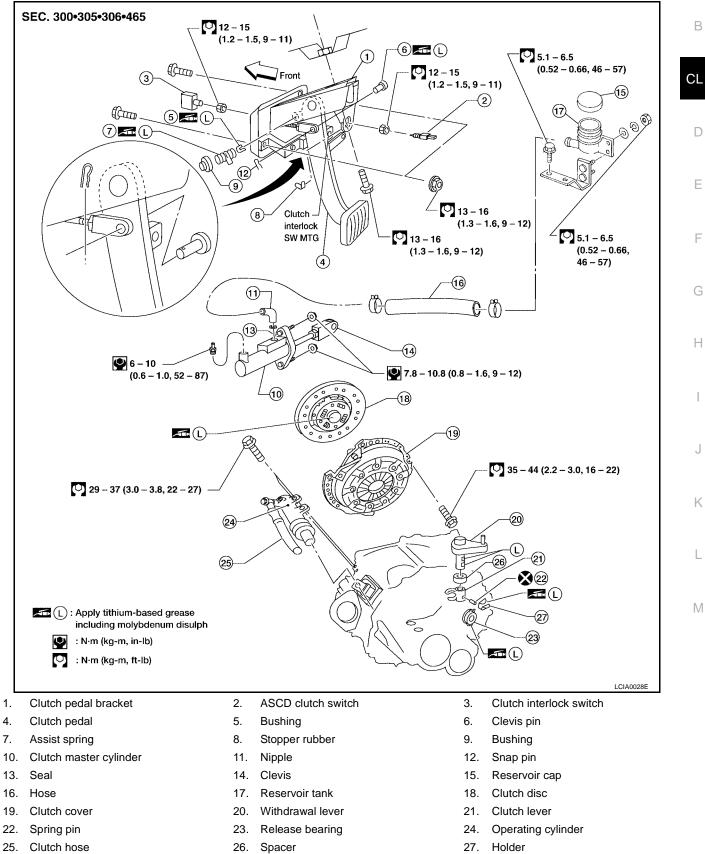
CLUTCH PEDAL

PFP:46540

А

Components

ECS004PD



On-vehicle Inspection and Adjustment

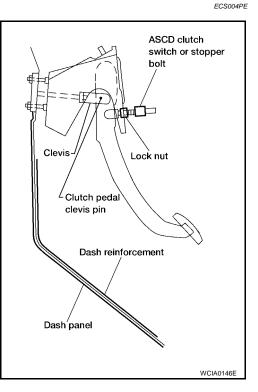
- 1. Check to see if the clutch pedal clevis pin floats freely in the bore of the clutch pedal. It should not be bound by the clevis or clutch pedal.
- a. If the pin is not free, check that the ASCD switch or pedal stopper bolt is not applying pressure to the clutch pedal causing the pin to bind. To adjust, loosen the ASCD switch or pedal stopper bolt lock nut and turn the ASCD switch or pedal stopper bolt.
- b. Tighten the lock nut.
- c. Verify that the clutch pedal clevis pin floats freely in the bore of the clutch pedal. It should not be bound by the clevis or clutch pedal.
- d. If the pin is still not free, remove the pin and check for deformation or damage. Replace the pin if necessary. Leave the pin removed for step 2.
- 2. Check the clutch pedal stroke for free range of movement.
- a. With the clutch pedal clevis pin removed, manually move the pedal up and down to determine if it moves freely.
- b. If any sticking is noted, replace the related parts (clutch pedal, pedal bracket, assist spring, bushing, etc.). Reassemble the pedal and re-verify that the clevis pin floats freely in the bore of the pedal.
- 3. Adjust the clearance "C" while fully depressing the clutch pedal (with the clutch interlock switch) as shown.

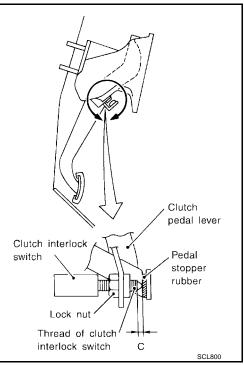
Clearance "C" : 0.1 - 1.0 mm (0.004 - 0.039 in)

- 4. Check the clutch hydraulic system components (clutch master cylinder, clutch operating cylinder, Clutch withdrawal lever, clutch release bearing, etc.) for sticking or binding.
- a. If any sticking or binding is noted, repair or replace the related parts as necessary.
- b. If any hydraulic system repair was necessary, bleed the clutch hydraulic system. Refer to <u>CL-7</u>, "Air Bleeding Procedure" .

NOTE:

Do not use a vacuum assist or any other type of power bleeder on this system. Use of a vacuum assist or power bleeder will not purge all of the air from the system.





Removal and Installation

Refer to CL-5, "Components" .

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- Inspect for clutch bending, damage and welding cracks. Replace if necessary.
- Make sure that the assist spring and return spring have not lost their spring. Replace if necessary.

ECS004PF

CLUTCH FLUID

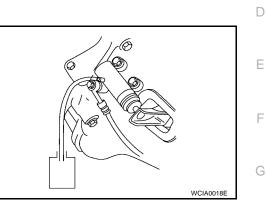
CLUTCH FLUID

Air Bleeding Procedure

NOTE:

Do not use a vacuum assist or any other type of power bleeder on this system. Use of a vacuum assist or $_{\rm B}$ power bleeder will not purge all of the air from the system.

- Bleed air according to the following procedure.
- Carefully monitor fluid level at reservoir tank during bleeding operation.
- When bleeding the air from the clutch fluid, first bleed the air from the operating cylinder air bleed valve and then from the bleed connector air bleed valve.
- 1. Top off reservoir with new recommended brake fluid.
- 2. Connect a transparent vinyl tube to the air bleeder valve on the clutch operating cylinder.
- 3. Fully depress the clutch pedal several times.
- 4. With clutch pedal depressed, open the bleeder valve to release air.
- 5. Close the bleeder valve.



6. Repeat steps 3 through 5 until clear brake fluid comes out of the air bleeder valve.

Air bleeder valve tightening torque : 5.9 - 9.8 N·m (0.6 - 1.0 kg-m, 52 - 87 in-lb)

7. Perform steps 1 through 6 for bleeding air from the air bleeder valve on the bleed connector.

L

Н

J

Κ

PFP:00017

ECS004PG

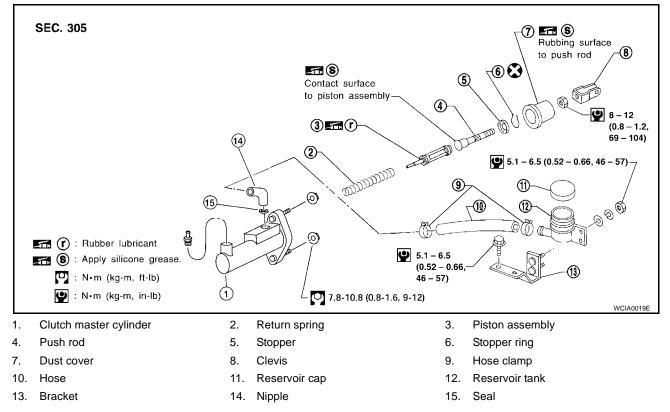
А

CL

CLUTCH MASTER CYLINDER Removal and Installation



ECS004PH



REMOVAL

1. Drain brake fluid from hydraulic clutch system.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

- 2. Remove clutch tube using a flare nut wrench.
- 3. Remove snap pin between clutch pedal and push rod, and remove clevis pin.
- 4. Unscrew master cylinder assembly mounting nuts and reservoir tank bracket mounting bolts to remove master cylinder assembly from vehicle.

INSTALLATION

- 1. Connect clutch tube to master cylinder assembly, and hand-tighten flare nut.
- 2. Install master cylinder assembly to vehicle, and tighten mounting nuts to the specified torque.

Master cylinder assembly tightening torque : 7.8 - 10.8 N·m (0.8 - 1.1 kg-m, 69 - 95 in-lb)

3. Tighten reservoir tank bracket mounting bolts.

Reservoir tank bracket tightening torque : 5.1 - 6.5 N·m (0.52 - 0.66 kg-m, 45.1 - 57.3 in-lb)

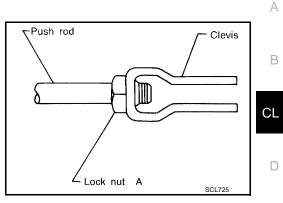
4. Tighten clutch tube flare nut using a flare nut torque wrench.

Clutch tube flare nut tightening torque : 15 - 18 N·m (1.5 - 1.8 kg-m, 11 - 13 ft-lb)

5. After installing clevis pin, install snap pin to connect clutch pedal to push rod. After finishing the operation, bleed air from clutch piping. (Refer to <u>CL-7</u>, "<u>Air Bleeding Procedure</u>".)

Disassembly and Assembly DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Loosen push rod lock nut A to remove clevis and lock nut A.
- 2. Remove dust cover.
- 3. Remove stopper ring and stopper, and remove push rod from cylinder body. During removal, keep push rod depressed, to prevent piston inside master cylinder from popping out.
- 4. Remove piston assembly from cylinder body.



ECS004P

Е

F

J

Κ

L

Μ

INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

Inspect for the following, and replace parts if necessary.

- Damage, wear, rust, and pinholes on the cylinder inner wall
- Damage and deformation of the reservoir tank
- Weak spring
- Crack and deformation of the dust cover

ASSEMBLY

- 1. Apply rubber lubricant to the sliding part of piston assembly, and insert piston assembly.
- After installing stopper to push rod, install stopper ring while keeping piston assembly depressed by hand, so that piston assembly will not pop out.

CAUTION:

Stopper ring cannot be reused. Always use a new stopper ring for assembly.

- 3. Install dust cover.
- 4. Install clevis to push rod, and tighten lock nut "A" to the specified torque.

Lock nut "A" tightening torque : 7.8 - 11.8 N·m (0.8 - 1.2 kg-m, 69 - 104 in-lb)

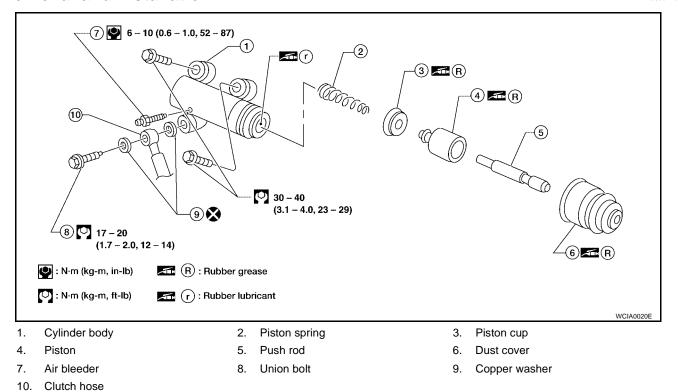
5. Install seal and nipple to cylinder body, and install spring pin using a pin punch.

OPERATING CYLINDER

OPERATING CYLINDER Removal and Installation

PFP:30620

ECS004PJ



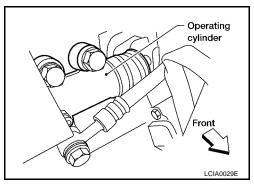
REMOVAL

1. Drain the brake fluid from hydraulic clutch system.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

- 2. Remove the union bolt and clutch hose from operating cylinder.
- 3. Remove the operating cylinder mounting bolts, and remove the operating cylinder.



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

- Install the hose without twisting it.
- The copper washer of the union bolt should not be reused. Always use a new copper washer for installation.
- After finishing the operation, bleed air from the clutch piping. Refer to <u>CL-7, "Air Bleeding Proce-dure"</u>.

Disassembly and Assembly DISASSEMBLY

Remove the dust cover, and remove the piston assembly from the cylinder body.

ECS004PK

OPERATING CYLINDER

INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY	А
 Inspect for the following, and replace any parts if necessary. Damage, foreign material, wear, rust, and pinholes on the cylinder inner surface, piston, and sliding part of 	A
the piston cup.	_
Weak spring.	В
Cracking and deformation of the dust cover.	
	CL
Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly. CAUTION:	
Apply recommended rubber grease to the piston cup and piston before assembly.	D
	_
	E
	F
	G
	Н
	I
	J
	Κ
	L
	M

CLUTCH PIPING

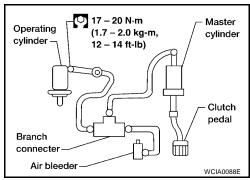
CLUTCH PIPING

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the fuel filter mounting bracket.
- 2. Remove the air cleaner and air duct. Refer to <u>EM-112, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT"</u> (QR25DE), <u>EM-16, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT"</u> (VQ35DE).
- Drain brake fluid from hydraulic clutch system.
 CAUTION:
 Be careful not to splash brake fluid on paints

Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

- 4. Remove flare nut using a flare nut wrench.
- 5. Remove clutch hose from the operating cylinder and the clutch tube.



INSTALLATION

1. When installing clutch hose to bracket, face lock plate in the correct direction as shown to secure clutch hose.

CAUTION:

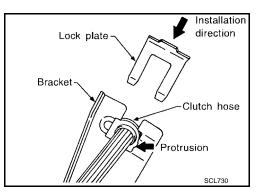
Install clutch hose without twisting or bending it.

2. Tighten flare nut to the specified torque, using a flare nut wrench.

```
Flare nut : 15 - 18 N·m (1.5 - 1.8 kg-m, 11 - 13 ft-lb)
```

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage flare nut and clutch tube.



3. Install clutch hose to operating cylinder, and tighten mounting bolts to the specified torque.

Clutch hose fitting : 17 - 20 N·m (1.7 - 2.0 kg-m, 12 - 14 ft-lb)

- 4. Install the remaining components in the reverse order of removal.
- 5. After finishing the installation, bleed the air from the clutch hydraulic system. Refer to <u>CL-7</u>, "Air Bleeding <u>Procedure"</u>.

ECS004PL

CLUTCH RELEASE MECHANISM

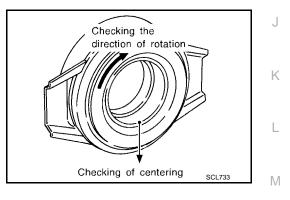
CLUTCH RELEASE MECHANISM PFP:30502 А **Removal and Installation** ECS004PM В Dust cover Retainer Withdrawal lever spring CL Holder spring Pay attention to direction of bearing retainer. **~**() **A**(L) Release bearing Non-separate type L : Apply lithium-based grease including molybdenum disulphide. LCIA0030E

REMOVAL

- Remove the manual transaxle from the vehicle. Refer to MT-16, "Removal and Installation". 1.
- 2. Move withdrawal lever enough to remove release bearing, and remove release bearing from clutch lever.
- 3. Remove withdrawal lever retainer spring.
- Pull out withdrawal lever and remove dust cover. 4.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- Replace the release bearing if it is seized, damaged, faulty in rotation direction, or has poor aligning function.
- Replace the withdrawal lever if its contact surface is worn abnormally.
- Replace the dust seal if it is deformed or cracked.



Ε

F

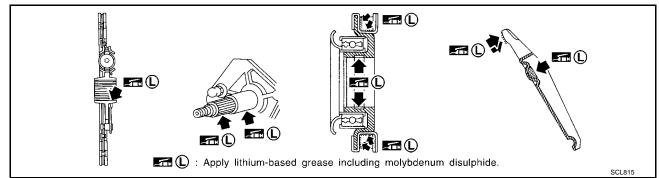
Н

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

NOTE:

Clean old grease and abrasive materials off the grease application areas.



- Apply approximately 1 mm (0.04 in) thick coat of clutch sleeve grease to withdrawal lever and holder spring frictional surfaces.
- Apply a coat of clutch sleeve grease to the grooves on contact surfaces of the withdrawal lever ball pin and inner surface of release bearing; make sure that grease is flush with grooves.
- Apply a thin coat of clutch sleeve grease to release bearing frictional surface. After grease application, install release bearing. Wipe off excess grease forced out during bearing installation.

CLUTCH DISC, CLUTCH COVER AND FLYWHEEL

CLUTCH DISC, CLUTCH COVER AND FLYWHEEL PFP:30100 А **Removal and Installation** ECS004PN SEC. 300 В Ò Flywheel U First step: ົወ 10 - 20 (1.0 - 2.0, 7 - 14) CL Final step: 35 - 44 (3.5 - 4.5, 26 - 32) and the E (L) : Apply lithium-based grease including 0 DM D(0)a molybdenum disulphide. Ε And and and F C. 6 ∠Clutch disc Clutch cover Do not clean in solvent. • When installing, be carefut that grease from main drive shaft does not adhere to clutch disc. 😶 : N•m (kg-m, ft-lb) LCIA0031E

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the manual transaxle from the vehicle. Refer to MT-16, "Removal and Installation" .
- 2. Evenly loosen the bolts holding the clutch cover, using power tool. Then remove the clutch cover and the clutch disc.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

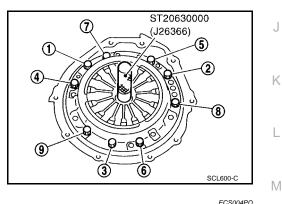
- Insert Tool into clutch disc hub when installing clutch cover and disc as shown.
- Be careful not to allow grease to contaminate the clutch facing.
- Tighten bolts in numerical order as shown, in two steps to specification.

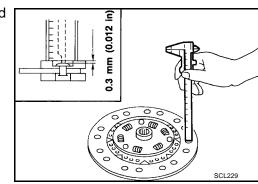
First step: 10 - 20 N·m (1.0 - 2.0 kg-m, 7 - 14 ft-lb)Final step: 35 - 44 N·m (3.5 - 4.5 kg-m, 26 - 32 ft-lb)



Check clutch disc for wear of facing surface left above the rivet head as shown.

Wear limit of facing surface to rivet head : 0.3 mm (0.012 in)





Н

CLUTCH DISC, CLUTCH COVER AND FLYWHEEL

Check clutch disc for backlash of spline and runout of facing.

Maximum backlash of spline : 1.0 mm (0.039 in) (at outer edge of disc) **Runout limit** : 1.0 mm (0.039 in) QR25DE: 230 mm **Distance of runout check point** (from hub center) (9.06 in)

VQ35DE: 240 mm (9.45 in)

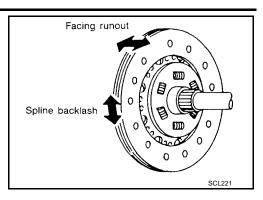
Check clutch disc for burns, discoloration or oil or grease leakage. Replace if necessary.

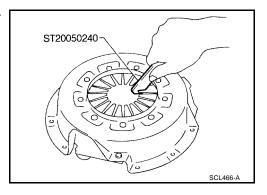
CLUTCH COVER

Check clutch cover installed on vehicle for unevenness of diaphragm spring toe height.

> Uneven limit : 1.0 mm (0.039 in)

If out of limit, adjust the height with Tool.



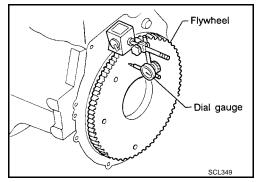


FLYWHEEL

- Check contact surface of flywheel for slight burns or discoloration. Repair flywheel with emery paper.
- Check flywheel runout.

Maximum allowable runout : Refer to EM-92,

<u>"MOVEMENT AMOUNT</u> OF FLYWHEEL (M/T MODEL)" (QR25DE), EM-206, "Movement Around in the Radial (rotation) Direction" (VQ35DE).



SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATION	S (SDS)	PFP:00100							
Clutch Control System		ECS004PP							
Type of clutch control Hydraulic									
Clutch Master Cylinder		ECS004PQ							
Unit: mm (
Inner diameter	15.8	7 (5/8)							
Clutch Operating Cylinder		ecsoo4pr Unit: mm (in)							
Inner diameter	19.0	5 (3/4)							
Clutch Disc		ECS004PS							
Engine	QR25DE	VQ35DE							
Model	240	250							
Facing size (Outer dia. \times inner dia. \times thickness)	$\begin{array}{c} 240 \text{ mm} \times 160 \text{ mm} \times 3.5 \text{ mm} \ (9.45 \\ \text{in} \times 6.30 \text{ in} \times 0.138 \text{ in}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 250 \text{ mm} \times 160 \text{ mm} \times 3.5 \text{ mm} \\ (9.84 \text{ in} \times 6.30 \text{ in} \times 0.138 \text{ in}) \end{array}$							
Thickness of disc assembly With load	8.1 mm (0.319 in) with 5,884 N (600 kg, 1,322 lb)	8.3 mm (0.327 in) with 4903 N (500 kg, 1102 lb)							
Wear limit of facing surface to rivet head	0.3 mm (0	0.3 mm (0.012 in)							
Facing runout limit	1.0 mm ((0.039 in)							
Distance of runout check point (from the hub center)	230 mm (9.06 in)	240 mm (9.45 in)							
Maximum spline backlash (at outer edge of disc)	1.0 mm (0	0.039 in)							
Clutch Cover		ECS004PT							
Engine	QR25DE	VQ35DE							
Model	240	250							
Set load	5,688 N (580 kg, 1,279 lb)	7,355 N (750 kg, 1,654 lb)							
Set height	38 mm (1.50 in)	40.5 (1.59 in)							
Uneven limit of diaphragm spring toe height	1.0 mm	(0.039 in)							
Clutch Pedal		есѕоо4ри Unit: mm (in)							
Clearance "C" between pedal stopper rubber and clutch interlock0.1 - 1.0 (0.004 - 0.039)switch threaded end while clutch pedal is fully depressed.0.1 - 1.0 (0.004 - 0.039)									