SECTION ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM o

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UBS00K2Z

NOTE:

- If DTC U1000 or U1001 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-153, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"</u>.
- If DTC U1010 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to <u>EC-156, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION"</u>.

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U1001	1001* ⁴	CAN COMM CIRCUIT	<u>EC-153</u>
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P0174	0174	FUEL SYS-LEAN-B2	<u>EC-305</u>	_
P0175	0175	FUEL SYS-RICH-B2	<u>EC-317</u>	F
P0181	0181	FTT SENSOR	<u>EC-329</u>	-
P0182	0182	FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	<u>EC-334</u>	G
P0183	0183	FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	<u>EC-334</u>	
P0222	0222	TP SEN 1/CIRC	<u>EC-338</u>	
P0223	0223	TP SEN 1/CIRC	<u>EC-338</u>	Н
P0300	0300	MULTI CYL MISFIRE	<u>EC-345</u>	
P0301	0301	CYL 1 MISFIRE	<u>EC-345</u>	
P0302	0302	CYL 2 MISFIRE	<u>EC-345</u>	
P0303	0303	CYL 3 MISFIRE	<u>EC-345</u>	-
P0304	0304	CYL 4 MISFIRE	<u>EC-345</u>	J
P0305	0305	CYL 5 MISFIRE	<u>EC-345</u>	
P0306	0306	CYL 6 MISFIRE	<u>EC-345</u>	K
P0327	0327	KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	<u>EC-354</u>	
P0328	0328	KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	<u>EC-354</u>	
P0332	0332	KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B2	<u>EC-354</u>	L
P0333	0333	KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B2	<u>EC-354</u>	
P0335	0335	CKP SEN/CIRCUIT	<u>EC-359</u>	Μ
P0340	0340	CMP SEN/CIRC-B1	<u>EC-366</u>	1.41
P0345	0345	CMP SEN/CIRC-B2	<u>EC-366</u>	-
P0420	0420	TW CATALYST SYS-B1	<u>EC-375</u>	
P0430	0430	TW CATALYST SYS-B2	<u>EC-375</u>	
P0441	0441	EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	<u>EC-381</u>	-
P0442	0442	EVAP SMALL LEAK	<u>EC-386</u>	
P0443	0443	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	<u>EC-394</u>	
P0444	0444	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	<u>EC-402</u>	
P0445	0445	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	<u>EC-402</u>	
P0447	0447	VENT CONTROL VALVE	<u>EC-409</u>	
P0448	0448	VENT CONTROL VALVE	<u>EC-416</u>	
P0451	0451	EVAP SYS PRES SEN	<u>EC-422</u>	-
P0452	0452	EVAP SYS PRES SEN	<u>EC-425</u>	

DTC*1		lterre		
CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM* ³	Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	Reference page	
P0453	0453	EVAP SYS PRES SEN	EC-431	
P0455	0455	EVAP GROSS LEAK	<u>EC-439</u>	
P0456	0456	EVAP VERY SML LEAK	<u>EC-446</u>	
P0460	0460	FUEL LEV SEN SLOSH	<u>EC-455</u>	
P0461	0461	FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	<u>EC-457</u>	
P0462	0462	FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	<u>EC-459</u>	
P0463	0463	FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	<u>EC-459</u>	
P0500	0500	VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC* ⁵	<u>EC-461</u>	
P0506	0506	ISC SYSTEM	<u>EC-463</u>	
P0507	0507	ISC SYSTEM	<u>EC-465</u>	
P0550	0550	PW ST P SEN/CIRC	<u>EC-467</u>	
P0603	0603	ECM BACK UP/CIRCUIT	<u>EC-472</u>	
P0605	0605	ECM	<u>EC-476</u>	
P0643	0643	SENSOR POWER/CIRC	<u>EC-479</u>	
P0700	0700	ТСМ	<u>AT-110</u>	
P0705	0705	PNP SW/CIRC	<u>AT-111</u>	
P0710	0710	ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	<u>AT-133</u>	
P0717	0717	TURBINE SENSOR	<u>AT-115</u>	
P0720	0720	VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT* ⁵	<u>AT-117</u>	
P0740	0740	TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	<u>AT-124</u>	
P0744	0744	A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	<u>AT-126</u>	
P0745	0745	L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	<u>AT-128</u>	
P0850	0850	P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	<u>EC-485</u>	
P1148	1148	CLOSED LOOP-B1	<u>EC-490</u>	
P1168	1168	CLOSED LOOP-B2	<u>EC-490</u>	
P1211	1211	TCS C/U FUNCTN	<u>EC-491</u>	
P1212	1212	TCS/CIRC	<u>EC-492</u>	
P1217	1217	ENG OVER TEMP	<u>EC-493</u>	
P1225	1225	CTP LEARNING	<u>EC-503</u>	
P1226	1226	CTP LEARNING	<u>EC-505</u>	
P1550	1550	BAT CURRENT SENSOR	<u>EC-507</u>	
P1551	1551	BAT CURRENT SENSOR	<u>EC-514</u>	
P1552	1552	BAT CURRENT SENSOR	<u>EC-514</u>	
P1553	1553	BAT CURRENT SENSOR	<u>EC-521</u>	
P1554	1554	BAT CURRENT SENSOR	<u>EC-528</u>	
P1564	1564	ASCD SW	<u>EC-535</u>	
P1572	1572	ASCD BRAKE SW	<u>EC-542</u>	
P1574	1574	ASCD VHL SPD SEN	<u>EC-550</u>	
P1610 - P1615	1610 - 1615	NATS MALFUNCTION	<u>EC-46</u>	
P1715	1715	IN PLUY SPEED	<u>EC-552</u>	
P1730	1730	A/T INTERLOCK	<u>AT-140</u>	
P1752	1752	I/C SOLENOID/CIRC	<u>AT-145</u>	

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CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM* ³	Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	Reference page	A
P1754	1754	I/C SOLENOID FNCTN	<u>AT-147</u>	EC
P1757	1757	FR/B SOLENOID/CIRC	<u>AT-149</u>	
P1759	1759	FR/B SOLENOID FNCT	<u>AT-151</u>	-
P1762	1762	D/C SOLENOID/CIRC	<u>AT-153</u>	С
P1764	1764	D/C SOLENOID FNCTN	<u>AT-155</u>	-
P1767	1767	HLR/C SOL/CIRC	<u>AT-157</u>	D
P1769	1769	HLR/C SOL FNCTN	<u>AT-159</u>	
P1772	1772	LC/B SOLENOID/CIRC	<u>AT-161</u>	_
P1774	1774	LC/B SOLENOID FNCT	<u>AT-163</u>	E
P1800	1800	VIAS S/V CIRC	<u>EC-553</u>	_
P1805	1805	BRAKE SW/CIRCUIT	<u>EC-558</u>	F
P2100	2100	ETC MOT PWR	<u>EC-563</u>	- -
P2101	2101	ETC FUNCTION/CIRC	<u>EC-569</u>	_
P2103	2103	ETC MOT PWR	<u>EC-563</u>	G
P2118	2118	ETC MOT	<u>EC-575</u>	_
P2119	2119	ETC ACTR	<u>EC-580</u>	-
P2122	2122	APP SEN 1/CIRC	<u>EC-582</u>	- H
P2123	2123	APP SEN 1/CIRC	<u>EC-582</u>	-
P2127	2127	APP SEN 2/CIRC	<u>EC-588</u>	-
P2128	2128	APP SEN 2/CIRC	<u>EC-588</u>	-
P2135	2135	TP SENSOR	<u>EC-595</u>	-
P2138	2138	APP SENSOR	<u>EC-602</u>	J
P2A00	2A00	A/F SEN1 (B1)	<u>EC-609</u>	-
P2A03	2A03	A/F SEN1 (B2)	<u>EC-609</u>	K

*1: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

*2: This number is prescribed by SAE J2012.

*3: In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results), this number is controlled by NISSAN.

*4: The troubleshooting for this DTC needs CONSULT-II.

*5: When the fail-safe operations for both self-diagnoses occur, the MIL illuminates.

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NOTE:

- If DTC U1000 or U1001 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-153, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"</u>.
- If DTC U1010 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to <u>EC-156, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION"</u>.

Items	DTC		
(CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST ^{*2}	ECM* ³	Reference page
A/F SEN1 (B1)	P0130	0130	EC-227
A/F SEN1 (B1)	P0131	0131	EC-237
A/F SEN1 (B1)	P0132	0132	<u>EC-246</u>
A/F SEN1 (B1)	P0133	0133	<u>EC-255</u>
A/F SEN1 (B1)	P2A00	2A00	<u>EC-609</u>
A/F SEN1 (B2)	P0150	0150	<u>EC-227</u>
A/F SEN1 (B2)	P0151	0151	<u>EC-237</u>
A/F SEN1 (B2)	P0152	0152	<u>EC-246</u>
A/F SEN1 (B2)	P0153	0153	<u>EC-255</u>
A/F SEN1 (B2)	P2A03	2A03	<u>EC-609</u>
A/F SEN1 HTR (B1)	P0031	0031	<u>EC-162</u>
A/F SEN1 HTR (B1)	P0032	0032	<u>EC-162</u>
A/F SEN1 HTR (B2)	P0051	0051	<u>EC-162</u>
A/F SEN1 HTR (B2)	P0052	0052	<u>EC-162</u>
A/T INTERLOCK	P1730	1730	<u>AT-140</u>
A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	P0744	0744	<u>AT-126</u>
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2122	2122	<u>EC-582</u>
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2123	2123	<u>EC-582</u>
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2127	2127	<u>EC-588</u>
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2128	2128	<u>EC-588</u>
APP SENSOR	P2138	2138	EC-602
ASCD BRAKE SW	P1572	1572	<u>EC-542</u>
ASCD SW	P1564	1564	EC-535
ASCD VHL SPD SEN	P1574	1574	EC-550
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0710	0710	<u>AT-133</u>
BAT CURRENT SENSOR	P1550	1550	EC-507
BAT CURRENT SENSOR	P1551	1551	<u>EC-514</u>
BAT CURRENT SENSOR	P1552	1552	<u>EC-514</u>
BAT CURRENT SENSOR	P1553	1553	<u>EC-521</u>
BAT CURRENT SENSOR	P1554	1554	<u>EC-528</u>
BRAKE SW/CIRCUIT	P1805	1805	<u>EC-558</u>
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1000	1000* ⁴	<u>EC-153</u>
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1001	1001* ⁴	<u>EC-153</u>
CKP SEN/CIRCUIT	P0335	0335	<u>EC-359</u>
CLOSED LOOP-B1	P1148	1148	<u>EC-490</u>
CLOSED LOOP-B2	P1168	1168	<u>EC-490</u>
CMP SEN/CIRC-B1	P0340	0340	EC-366

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Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM* ³	Reference page	A
CMP SEN/CIRC-B2	P0345	0345	<u>EC-366</u>	EC
CONTROL UNIT (CAN)	U1010	1010	<u>EC-156</u>	
CTP LEARNING	P1225	1225	<u>EC-503</u>	
CTP LEARNING	P1226	1226	<u>EC-505</u>	С
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0301	<u>EC-345</u>	
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0302	<u>EC-345</u>	D
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0303	<u>EC-345</u>	
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0304	<u>EC-345</u>	
CYL 5 MISFIRE	P0305	0305	<u>EC-345</u>	E
CYL 6 MISFIRE	P0306	0306	<u>EC-345</u>	
D/C SOLENOID/CIRC	P1762	1762	<u>AT-153</u>	
D/C SOLENOID FNCTN	P1764	1764	<u>AT-155</u>	– F
ECM	P0605	0605	<u>EC-476</u>	_
ECM BACK UP/CIRCUIT	P0603	0603	<u>EC-472</u>	G
ECT SEN/CIRC	P0117	0117	<u>EC-207</u>	_
ECT SEN/CIRC	P0118	0118	<u>EC-207</u>	
ECT SENSOR	P0125	0125	<u>EC-219</u>	- H
ENG OVER TEMP	P1217	1217	<u>EC-493</u>	
ETC ACTR	P2119	2119	<u>EC-580</u>	-
ETC FUNCTION/CIRC	P2101	2101	<u>EC-569</u>	_ '
ETC MOT	P2118	2118	<u>EC-575</u>	
ETC MOT PWR	P2100	2100	<u>EC-563</u>	J
ETC MOT PWR	P2103	2103	<u>EC-563</u>	
EVAP GROSS LEAK	P0455	0455	<u>EC-439</u>	K
EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P0441	0441	<u>EC-381</u>	
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0442	0442	<u>EC-386</u>	
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0451	0451	<u>EC-422</u>	L
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0452	0452	<u>EC-425</u>	
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0453	0453	<u>EC-431</u>	
EVAP VERY SML LEAK	P0456	0456	<u>EC-446</u>	M
FR/B SOLENOID/CIRC	P1757	1757	<u>AT-149</u>	
FR/B SOLENOID FNCT	P1759	1759	AT-151	
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0182	0182	<u>EC-334</u>	
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0183	0183	<u>EC-334</u>	
FTT SENSOR	P0181	0181	<u>EC-329</u>	
FUEL LEV SEN SLOSH	P0460	0460	<u>EC-455</u>	
FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	P0461	0461	<u>EC-457</u>	
FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	P0462	0462	<u>EC-459</u>	
FUEL LEVL SEW/CIRC	P0463	0463	<u>EC-459</u>	
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B1	P0171	0171	<u>EC-305</u>	
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B2	P0174	0174	<u>EC-305</u>	
FUEL SYS-RICH-B1	P0172	0172	<u>EC-317</u>	

	DTC*1			
Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM* ³	Reference page	
FUEL SYS-RICH-B2	P0175	0175	<u>EC-317</u>	
HLR/C SOL FNCTN	P1769	1769	<u>AT-159</u>	
HLR/C SOL/CIRC	P1767	1767	<u>AT-157</u>	
HO2S2 (B1)	P0137	0137	<u>EC-267</u>	
HO2S2 (B1)	P0138	0138	<u>EC-279</u>	
HO2S2 (B1)	P0139	0139	<u>EC-293</u>	
HO2S2 (B2)	P0157	0157	<u>EC-267</u>	
HO2S2 (B2)	P0158	0158	<u>EC-279</u>	
HO2S2 (B2)	P0159	0159	<u>EC-293</u>	
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0037	0037	<u>EC-170</u>	
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0038	0038	<u>EC-170</u>	
HO2S2 HTR (B2)	P0057	0057	<u>EC-170</u>	
HO2S2 HTR (B2)	P0058	0058	<u>EC-170</u>	
I/C SOLENOID/CIRC	P1752	1752	<u>AT-145</u>	
I/C SOLENOID FNCTN	P1754	1754	<u>AT-147</u>	
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0112	0112	EC-202	
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0113	0113	EC-202	
IAT SENSOR	P0127	0127	EC-222	
IN PLUY SPEED	P1715	1715	EC-552	
INT/V TIM CONT-B1	P0011	0011	EC-158	
INT/V TIM CONT-B2	P0021	0021	EC-158	
INT/V TIM V/CIR-B1	P0075	0075	<u>EC-179</u>	
INT/V TIM V/CIR-B2	P0081	0081	EC-179	
ISC SYSTEM	P0506	0506	EC-463	
ISC SYSTEM	P0507	0507	EC-465	
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0327	0327	EC-354	
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0328	0328	<u>EC-354</u>	
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B2	P0332	0332	EC-354	
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B2	P0333	0333	EC-354	
L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	P0745	0745	<u>AT-128</u>	
LC/B SOLENOID FNCT	P1774	1774	<u>AT-163</u>	
LC/B SOLENOID/CIRC	P1772	1772	AT-161	
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0101	0101	<u>EC-186</u>	
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0102	0102	EC-195	
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0103	0103	<u>EC-195</u>	
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0300	<u>EC-345</u>	
NATS MALFUNCTION	P1610 - P1615	1610 - 1615	<u>EC-46</u>	
NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	P0000	0000	-	
P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	P0850	0850	<u>EC-485</u>	
PNP SW/CIRC	P0705	0705	<u>AT-111</u>	
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0443	0443	<u>EC-394</u>	

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Items	רס	۲C* ¹		A
(CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM* ³	Reference page	~
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0444	0444	<u>EC-402</u>	EC
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0445	0445	<u>EC-402</u>	
PW ST P SEN/CIRC	P0550	0550	<u>EC-467</u>	
SENSOR POWER/CIRC	P0643	0643	<u>EC-479</u>	С
ТСМ	P0700	0700	<u>AT-110</u>	_
TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	P0740	0740	<u>AT-124</u>	D
TCS C/U FUNCTN	P1211	1211	<u>EC-491</u>	
TCS/CIRC	P1212	1212	<u>EC-492</u>	_
THERMSTAT FNCTN	P0128	0128	<u>EC-225</u>	E
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0222	0222	<u>EC-338</u>	
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0223	0223	<u>EC-338</u>	
TP SEN 2/CIRC	P0122	0122	<u>EC-212</u>	-
TP SEN 2/CIRC	P0123	0123	<u>EC-212</u>	_
TP SENSOR	P2135	2135	<u>EC-595</u>	G
TURBINE SENSOR	P0717	0717	<u>AT-115</u>	_
TW CATALYST SYS-B1	P0420	0420	<u>EC-375</u>	_
TW CATALYST SYS-B2	P0430	0430	<u>EC-375</u>	– H
VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT*5	P0720	0720	<u>AT-117</u>	_
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC*5	P0500	0500	<u>EC-461</u>	
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0447	0447	<u>EC-409</u>	_
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0448	0448	<u>EC-416</u>	
VIAS S/V CIRC	P1800	1800	<u>EC-553</u>	

*1: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

*2: This number is prescribed by SAE J2012.

*3: In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results), this number is controlled by NISSAN.

*4: The troubleshooting for this DTC needs CONSULT-II.

*5: When the fail-safe operations for both self-diagnoses occur, the MIL illuminates.

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PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS

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UBS00K33

Precautions for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SRS and SB section of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SRS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

On Board Diagnostic (OBD) System of Engine and A/T

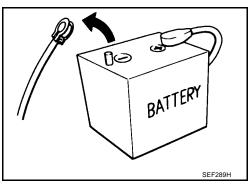
The ECM has an on board diagnostic system. It will light up the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) to warn the driver of a malfunction causing emission deterioration.

CAUTION:

- Be sure to turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the negative battery cable before any repair or inspection work. The open/short circuit of related switches, sensors, solenoid valves, etc. will cause the MIL to light up.
- Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after work. A loose (unlocked) connector will cause the MIL to light up due to the open circuit. (Be sure the connector is free from water, grease, dirt, bent terminals, etc.)
- Certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD, may use a new style slidelocking type harness connector. For description and how to disconnect, refer to <u>PG-74, "HAR-NESS CONNECTOR"</u>.
- Be sure to route and secure the harnesses properly after work. The interference of the harness with a bracket, etc. may cause the MIL to light up due to the short circuit.
- Be sure to connect rubber tubes properly after work. A misconnected or disconnected rubber tube
 may cause the MIL to light up due to the malfunction of the EVAP system or fuel injection system,
 etc.
- Be sure to erase the unnecessary malfunction information (repairs completed) from the ECM and TCM (Transmission control module) before returning the vehicle to the customer.

Precaution

- Always use a 12 volt battery as power source.
- Do not attempt to disconnect battery cables while engine is running.
- Before connecting or disconnecting the ECM harness connector, turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect negative battery cable. Failure to do so may damage the ECM because battery voltage is applied to ECM even if ignition switch is turned OFF.
- Before removing parts, turn ignition switch OFF and then disconnect negative battery cable.



- Do not disassemble ECM.
- If a battery cable is disconnected, the memory will return to the ECM value.

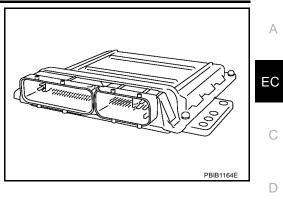
The ECM will now start to self-control at its initial value. Engine operation can vary slightly when the terminal is disconnected. However, this is not an indication of a malfunction. Do not replace parts because of a slight variation.

- If the battery is disconnected, the following emissionrelated diagnostic information will be lost within 24 hours.
- Diagnostic trouble codes
- 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
- Freeze frame data
- 1st trip freeze frame data
- System readiness test (SRT) codes
- Test values
- When connecting ECM harness connector, fasten it securely with levers as far as they will go as shown in the figure.

 When connecting or disconnecting pin connectors into or from ECM, take care not to damage pin terminals (bend or break).

Make sure that there are not any bends or breaks on ECM pin terminal, when connecting pin connectors.

- Securely connect ECM harness connectors.
 A poor connection can cause an extremely high (surge) voltage to develop in coil and condenser, thus resulting in damage to ICs.
- Keep engine control system harness at least 10 cm (4 in) away from adjacent harness, to prevent engine control system malfunctions due to receiving external noise, degraded operation of ICs, etc.
- Keep engine control system parts and harness dry.
- Before replacing ECM, perform "ECM Terminals and Reference Value" inspection and make sure ECM functions properly. Refer to <u>EC-104, "ECM Terminals and Reference Value"</u>
- Handle mass air flow sensor carefully to avoid damage.
- Do not clean mass air flow sensor with any type of detergent.
- Do not disassemble electric throttle control actuator.
- Even a slight leak in the air intake system can cause serious incidents.
- Do not shock or jar the camshaft position sensor (PHASE), crankshaft position sensor (POS).



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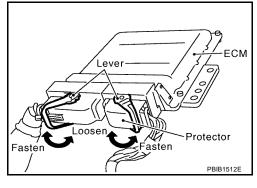
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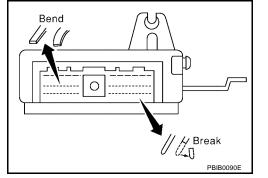
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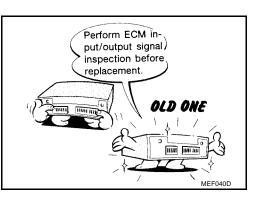
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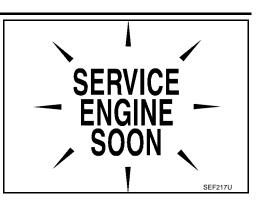
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• After performing each TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS, perform DTC Confirmation Procedure or Overall Function Check. The DTC should not be displayed in the DTC Confirmation Procedure if the repair is completed. The Overall Function Check should be a good result if the repair is completed.



Battery

voltage

Harness connector

for solenoid valve

Circuit tester

ECM

NG

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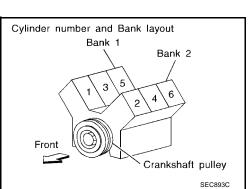
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Solenoid valve

Short

- When measuring ECM signals with a circuit tester, never allow the two tester probes to contact. Accidental contact of probes will cause a short circuit and damage the ECM power transistor.
- Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/ output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.



 B1 indicates the bank 1, B2 indicates the bank 2 as shown in the figure.

EC-19

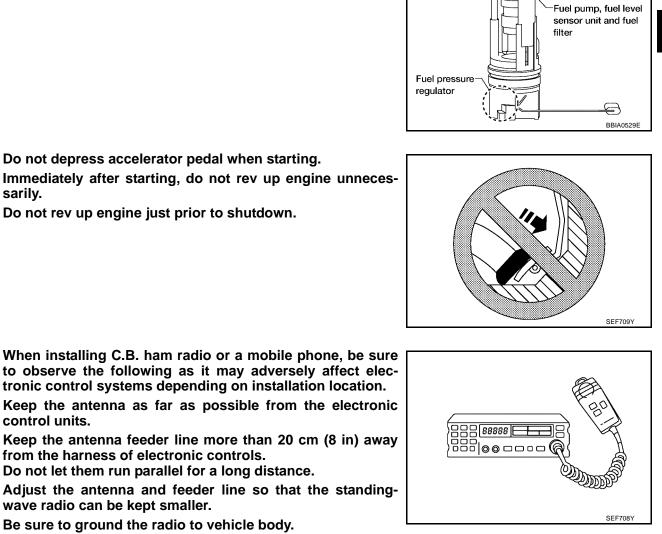
- Do not operate fuel pump when there is no fuel in lines.
- Tighten fuel hose clamps to the specified torque.

Do not depress accelerator pedal when starting.

Do not rev up engine just prior to shutdown.

sarily.

- When installing C.B. ham radio or a mobile phone, be sure .
- to observe the following as it may adversely affect electronic control systems depending on installation location.
- Keep the antenna as far as possible from the electronic control units.
- Keep the antenna feeder line more than 20 cm (8 in) away from the harness of electronic controls. Do not let them run parallel for a long distance.
- Adjust the antenna and feeder line so that the standingwave radio can be kept smaller.
- Be sure to ground the radio to vehicle body.



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PREPARATION

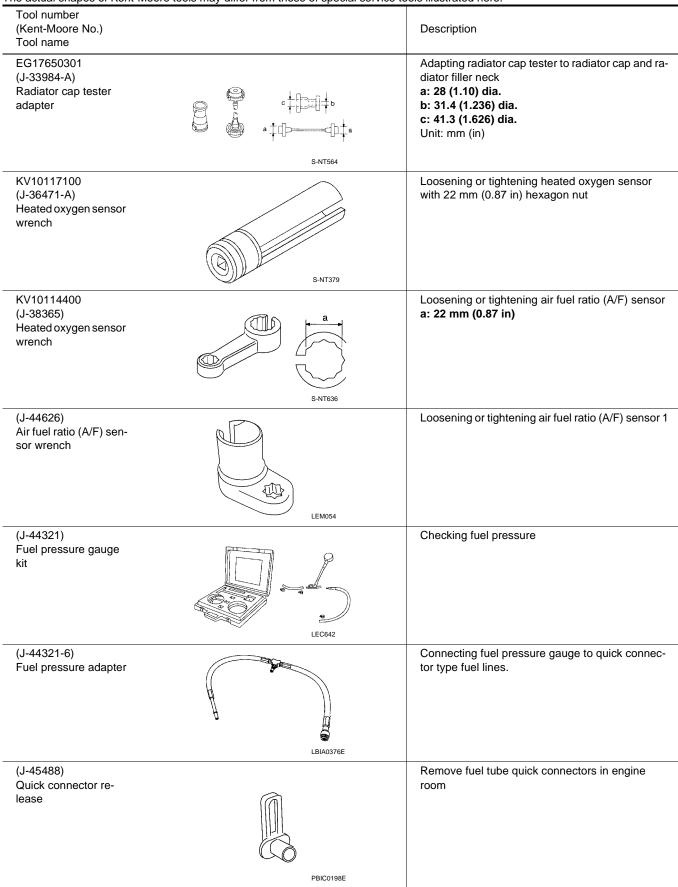
PREPARATION

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Special Service Tools

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.



PREPARATION

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description	A
KV109E0010 (J-46209) Break-out box	Brask Out Box 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Measuring the ECM signals with a circuit tester	EC C
KV109E0080 (J-45819) Y-cable adapter		Measuring the ECM signals with a circuit tester	D
	S-NT826		E F

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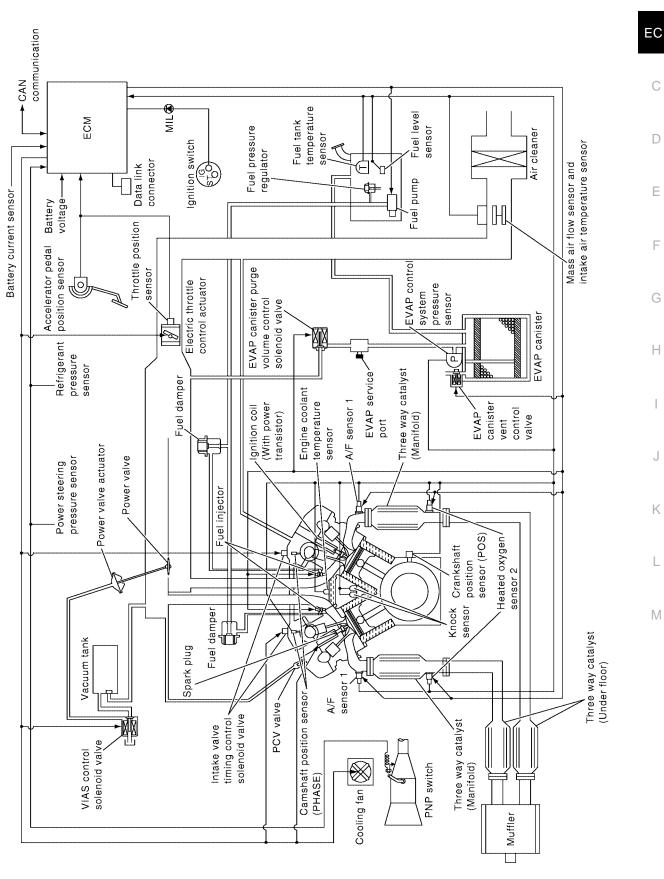
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PREPARATION

ommercial Servio		UBS00
Tool name (Kent-Moore No.)		Description
Leak detector i.e.: (J-41416)	S-NT703	Locating the EVAP leak
EVAP service port adapter i.e.: (J-41413-OBD)	S-NT704	Applying positive pressure through EVAP service port
Fuel filler cap adapter i.e.: (MLR-8382)		Checking fuel tank vacuum relief valve opening pressure
Socket wrench	S-NT815 19 mm (0.75 in) 10 mm (0.75 in) 10 mm (1.26 in) S-NT705	Removing and installing engine coolant tempera- ture sensor
Oxygen sensor thread cleaner i.e.: (J-43897-18) (J-43897-12)	Mating surface shave cylinder	Reconditioning the exhaust system threads before installing a new oxygen sensor. Use with anti- seize lubricant shown below. a: 18 mm diameter with pitch 1.5 mm for Zirco- nia Oxygen Sensor b: 12 mm diameter with pitch 1.25 mm for Tita- nia Oxygen Sensor
Anti-seize lubricant i.e.: (Permatex TM 133AR or equivalent meeting MIL specifica- tion MIL-A-907)	S-NT779	Lubricating oxygen sensor thread cleaning tool when reconditioning exhaust system threads.

ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM System Diagram



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Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator		
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed* ³				
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Piston position				
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air				
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature				
Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas				
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position				
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position	Fuel injection			
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position	& mixture ratio			
Knock sensor	Engine knocking condition				
Battery	Battery voltage* ³				
Power steering pressure sensor	Power steering operation				
Heated oxygen sensor 2*1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas				
Air conditioner switch	Air conditioner operation* ²				
			1		

*1: This sensor is not used to control the engine system under normal conditions.

*2: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

*3: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

Vehicle speed*2

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The amount of fuel injected from the fuel injector is determined by the ECM. The ECM controls the length of time the valve remains open (injection pulse duration). The amount of fuel injected is a program value in the ECM memory. The program value is preset by engine operating conditions. These conditions are determined by input signals (for engine speed and intake air) from both the crankshaft position sensor and the mass air flow sensor.

VARIOUS FUEL INJECTION INCREASE/DECREASE COMPENSATION

In addition, the amount of fuel injected is compensated to improve engine performance under various operating conditions as listed below.

<Fuel increase>

Wheel sensor

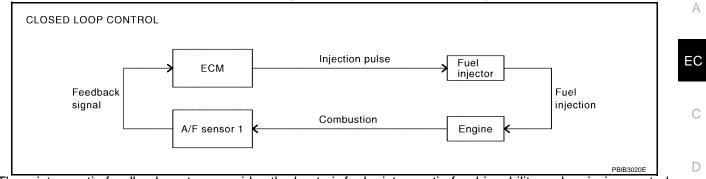
- During warm-up
- When starting the engine
- During acceleration
- Hot-engine operation
- When selector lever is changed from N to D
- High-load, high-speed operation

<Fuel decrease>

- During deceleration
- During high engine speed operation

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MIXTURE RATIO FEEDBACK CONTROL (CLOSED LOOP CONTROL)



The mixture ratio feedback system provides the best air-fuel mixture ratio for driveability and emission control. The three way catalyst (manifold) can then better reduce CO, HC and NOx emissions. This system uses air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 in the exhaust manifold to monitor whether the engine operation is rich or lean. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse width according to the sensor voltage signal. For more information about air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1, refer to EC-237, "DTC P0131, P0151 A/F SENSOR 1". This maintains the mixture ratio within the range of stoichiometric (ideal air-fuel mixture).

This stage is referred to as the closed loop control condition.

Heated oxygen sensor 2 is located downstream of the three way catalyst (manifold). Even if the switching characteristics of air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 shift, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric by the signal from heated oxygen sensor 2.

Open Loop Control

The open loop system condition refers to when the ECM detects any of the following conditions. Feedback control stops in order to maintain stabilized fuel combustion.

- Deceleration and acceleration
- High-load, high-speed operation
- Malfunction of air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 or its circuit
- Insufficient activation of air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 at low engine coolant temperature
- High engine coolant temperature
- During warm-up
- After shifting from N to D
- When starting the engine

MIXTURE RATIO SELF-LEARNING CONTROL

The mixture ratio feedback control system monitors the mixture ratio signal transmitted from air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. This feedback signal is then sent to the ECM. The ECM controls the basic mixture ratio as close to the theoretical mixture ratio as possible. However, the basic mixture ratio is not necessarily controlled as originally designed. Both manufacturing differences (i.e., mass air flow sensor hot wire) and characteristic changes during operation (i.e., fuel injector clogging) directly affect mixture ratio.

Accordingly, the difference between the basic and theoretical mixture ratios is monitored in this system. This is then computed in terms of "injection pulse duration" to automatically compensate for the difference between the two ratios.

"Fuel trim" refers to the feedback compensation value compared against the basic injection duration. Fuel trim includes short term fuel trim and long term fuel trim.

"Short term fuel trim" is the short-term fuel compensation used to maintain the mixture ratio at its theoretical value. The signal from air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 indicates whether the mixture ratio is RICH or LEAN compared to the theoretical value. The signal then triggers a reduction in fuel volume if the mixture ratio is rich, and an increase in fuel volume if it is lean.

"Long term fuel trim" is overall fuel compensation carried out long-term to compensate for continual deviation of the short term fuel trim from the central value. Such deviation will occur due to individual engine differences, wear over time and changes in the usage environment.

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ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

FUEL INJECTION TIMING

 Sequential multiport fuel injection system 	 Simultaneous multiport fuel injection system
No. 1 cylinder No. 2 cylinder No. 3 cylinder No. 4 cylinder No. 5 cylinder No. 6 cylinder 1 engine cycle	No. 1 cylinder No. 2 cylinder No. 3 cylinder No. 4 cylinder No. 5 cylinder No. 6 cylinder No. 6 cylinder No. 6 cylinder No. 6 cylinder No. 6 cylinder

Two types of systems are used.

Sequential Multiport Fuel Injection System

Fuel is injected into each cylinder during each engine cycle according to the firing order. This system is used when the engine is running.

Simultaneous Multiport Fuel Injection System

Fuel is injected simultaneously into all six cylinders twice each engine cycle. In other words, pulse signals of the same width are simultaneously transmitted from the ECM.

The six fuel injectors will then receive the signals two times for each engine cycle.

This system is used when the engine is being started and/or if the fail-safe system (CPU) is operating.

FUEL SHUT-OFF

Fuel to each cylinder is cut off during deceleration, operation of the engine at excessively high speeds or operation of the vehicle at excessively high speeds.

Electronic Ignition (EI) System INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed* ²		
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Piston position		
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position	Ignition timing	Power transistor
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position	control	
Knock sensor	Engine knocking		
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position		
Battery	Battery voltage*2		
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed* ¹		

*1: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

*2: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Firing order: 1-2-3-4-5-6

The ignition timing is controlled by the ECM to maintain the best air-fuel ratio for every running condition of the engine. The ignition timing data is stored in the ECM.

The ECM receives information such as the injection pulse width and camshaft position sensor (PHASE) signal. Computing this information, ignition signals are transmitted to the power transistor.

During the following conditions, the ignition timing is revised by the ECM according to the other data stored in the ECM.

- At starting
- During warm-up
- At idle
- At low battery voltage

UBS00K39

During acceleration

The knock sensor retard system is designed only for emergencies. The basic ignition timing is programmed within the anti-knocking zone, if recommended fuel is used under dry conditions. The retard system does not operate under normal driving conditions. If engine knocking occurs, the knock sensor monitors the condition. The signal is transmitted to the ECM. The ECM retards the ignition timing to eliminate the knocking condition. EC

Fuel Cut Control (at No Load and High Engine Speed) **INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART**

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Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	(
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Neutral position			
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position		Fuel cut con- trol	
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature	Fuel cut con-		
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed	trol		I
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed*			

*: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

If the engine speed is above 1,800 rpm under no load (for example, the shift position is neutral and engine speed is over 1,800 rpm) fuel will be cut off after some time. The exact time when the fuel is cut off varies based on engine speed.

Fuel cut will be operated until the engine speed reaches 1,500 rpm, then fuel cut will be cancelled.

NOTE:

This function is different from deceleration control listed under EC-24. "Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System" .

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AIR CONDITIONING CUT CONTROL Input/Output Signal Chart

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Air conditioner switch	Air conditioner ON signal*1			
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position			
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed*2			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature	Air conditioner	Air conditioner relay	
Battery	Battery voltage*2	cut control		
Refrigerant pressure sensor	Refrigerant pressure			
Power steering pressure sensor	Power steering operation			
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed*1			

*1: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

*2: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

System Description

This system improves engine operation when the air conditioner is used. Under the following conditions, the air conditioner is turned off.

- When the accelerator pedal is fully depressed.
- When cranking the engine.
- At high engine speeds.
- When the engine coolant temperature becomes excessively high.
- When operating power steering during low engine speed or low vehicle speed.
- When engine speed is excessively low.
- When refrigerant pressure is excessively low or high.

Revision: September 2005

PFP:23710

UBS00K3B

UBS00K3C

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)

System Description INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	EC
ASCD brake switch	Brake pedal operation			
Stop lamp switch	Brake pedal operation			
ASCD steering switch	ASCD steering switch operation	ASCD vehicle speed control		С
Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position		Electric throttle control actuator	_
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed*			D
ТСМ	Powertrain revolution*			

*: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

BASIC ASCD SYSTEM

Refer to Owner's Manual for ASCD operating instructions.

Automatic Speed Control Davids (ASC) allows a driver to keep vehicle at producermined constant anead	F
Automatic Speed Control Device (ASCD) allows a driver to keep vehicle at predetermined constant speed without depressing accelerator pedal. Driver can set vehicle speed in advance between approximately 40 km/ h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89 MPH).	I
ECM controls throttle angle of electric throttle control actuator to regulate engine speed. Operation status of ASCD is indicated by CRUISE indicator and SET indicator in combination meter. If any malfunction occurs in ASCD system, it automatically deactivates control.	G
NOTE:	Н
Always drive vehicle in safe manner according to traffic conditions and obey all traffic laws.	
SET OPERATION	
Press MAIN switch. (The CRUISE indicator in combination meter illuminates.) When vehicle speed reaches a desired speed between approximately 40 km/h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89 MPH), press SET/COAST switch. (Then SET indicator in combination meter illuminates.)	Ι
ACCELERATE OPERATION	J
If the RESUME/ACCELERATE switch is pressed during cruise control driving, increase the vehicle speed until the switch is released or vehicle speed reaches maximum speed controlled by the system. And then ASCD will keep the new set speed.	K
CANCEL OPERATION	
When any of following conditions exist, cruise operation will be canceled.	
CANCEL switch is pressed	L
• More than 2 switches at ASCD steering switch are pressed at the same time (Set speed will be cleared)	
Brake pedal is depressed	М
 Selector lever is changed to N. P. R. position 	1 1 1

- Selector lever is changed to N, P, R position
- Vehicle speed decreased to 13 km/h (8 MPH) lower than the set speed
- VDC system is operated

When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, the ECM will cancel the cruise operation and inform the driver by blinking indicator lamp.

• Engine coolant temperature is slightly higher than the normal operating temperature, CRUISE lamp may blink slowly.

When the engine coolant temperature decreases to the normal operating temperature, CRUISE lamp will stop blinking and the cruise operation will be able to work by depressing SET/COAST switch or RESUME/ ACCELERATE switch.

• Malfunction for some self-diagnoses regarding ASCD control: SET lamp will blink quickly.

If MAIN switch is turned to OFF during ASCD is activated, all of ASCD operations will be canceled and vehicle speed memory will be erased.

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COAST OPERATION

When the SET/COAST switch is pressed during cruise control driving, decrease vehicle set speed until the switch is released. And then ASCD will keep the new set speed.

RESUME OPERATION

When the RESUME/ACCELERATE switch is pressed after cancel operation other than depressing MAIN switch is performed, vehicle speed will return to last set speed. To resume vehicle set speed, vehicle condition must meet following conditions.

- Brake pedal is released
- Selector lever is in other than P and N positions
- Vehicle speed is greater than 40 km/h (25 MPH) and less than 144 km/h (89 MPH)

Component Description ASCD STEERING SWITCH

Refer to EC-535 .

ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

Refer to EC-542 and EC-621.

STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to $\underline{\text{EC-542}}$, $\underline{\text{EC-558}}$ and $\underline{\text{EC-621}}$.

ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Refer to $\underline{\text{EC-563}}$, $\underline{\text{EC-569}}$, $\underline{\text{EC-575}}$ and $\underline{\text{EC-580}}$.

ASCD INDICATOR

Refer to EC-628 .

UBS00K3E

CAN COMMUNICATION

CAN COMMUNICATION

System Description

CAN (Controller Area Network) is a serial communication line for real time application. It is an on-vehicle multiplex communication line with high data communication speed and excellent error detection ability. Many electronic control units are equipped onto a vehicle, and each control unit shares information and links with other control units during operation (not independent). In CAN communication, control units are connected with 2 communication lines (CAN H line, CAN L line) allowing a high rate of information transmission with less wiring. Each control unit transmits/receives data but selectively reads required data only. Refer to LAN-25, "CAN COMMUNICATION", about CAN communication for detail.

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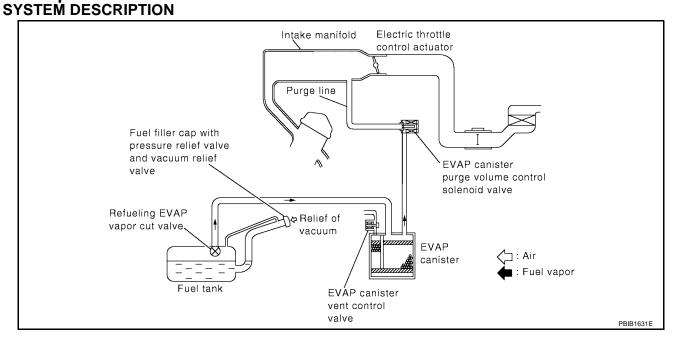
EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

PFP:14950

UBS00K3G

Description



The evaporative emission system is used to reduce hydrocarbons emitted into the atmosphere from the fuel system. This reduction of hydrocarbons is accomplished by activated charcoals in the EVAP canister.

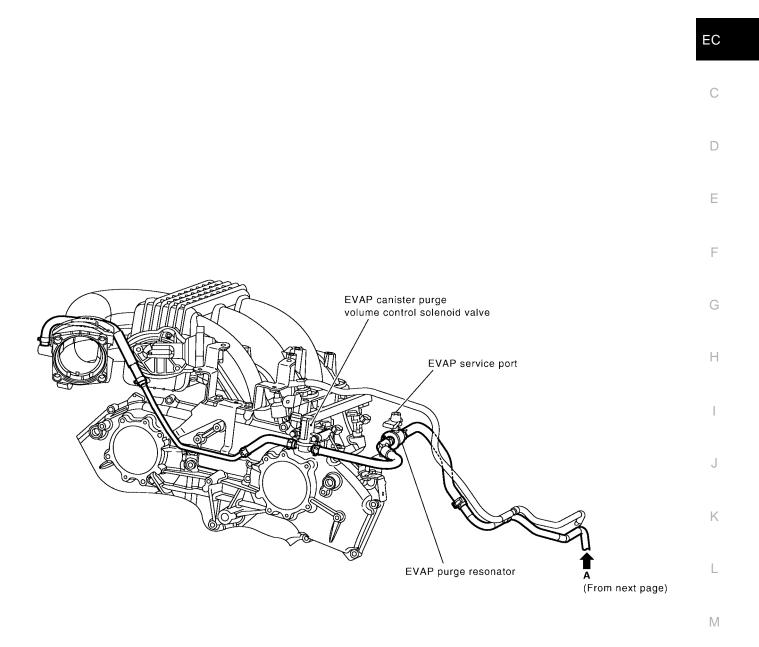
The fuel vapor in the sealed fuel tank is led into the EVAP canister which contains activated carbon and the vapor is stored there when the engine is not operating or when refueling to the fuel tank.

The vapor in the EVAP canister is purged by the air through the purge line to the intake manifold when the engine is operating. EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is controlled by ECM. When the engine operates, the flow rate of vapor controlled by EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is proportionally regulated as the air flow increases.

EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve also shuts off the vapor purge line during decelerating.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

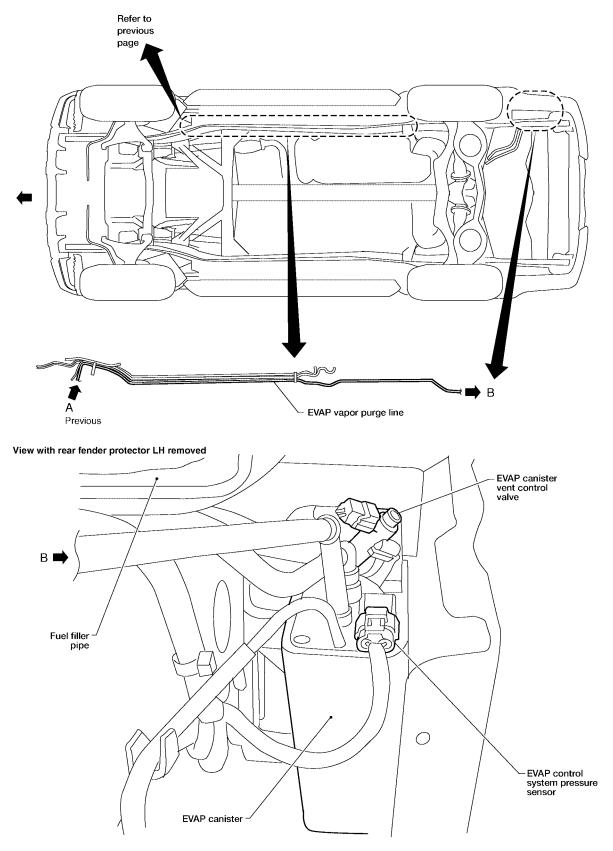
EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING



NOTE: Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hose or purge hoses.

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Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER

Check EVAP canister as follows:

- 1. Block port B.
- 2. Blow air into port A and check that it flows freely out of port C.
- 3. Release blocked port B.
- 4. Apply vacuum pressure to port ${\bf B}\,$ and check that vacuum pressure exists at the ports ${\bf A}\,$ and ${\bf C}\,$.
- 5. Block port A and B.
- 6. Apply pressure to port **C** and check that there is no leakage.

FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)

1. Wipe clean valve housing.

2. Check valve opening pressure and vacuum.

Pressure: $15.3 - 20.0 \text{ kPa} (0.156 - 0.204 \text{ kg/cm}^2, 2.22 - 2.90 \text{ psi})$ Vacuum: $-6.0 \text{ to} -3.3 \text{ kPa} (-0.061 \text{ to} -0.034 \text{ kg/cm}^2, -0.87 \text{ to} -0.48 \text{ psi})$

3. If out of specification, replace fuel filler cap as an assembly.

CAUTION:

Use only a genuine fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.

EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-407, "Component Inspection" .

FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

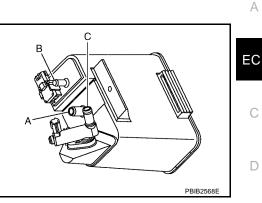
Refer to EC-333, "Component Inspection" .

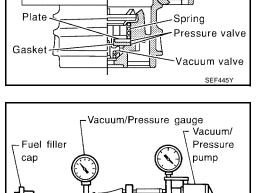
EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

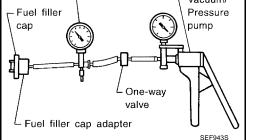
Refer to EC-414, "Component Inspection" .

EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-430, "Component Inspection" .









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SENSOR

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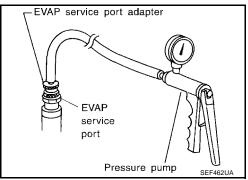
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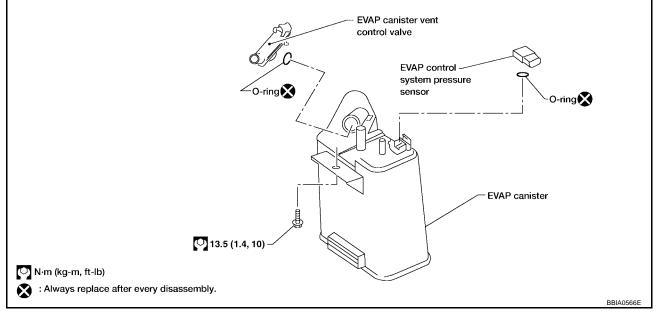
EVAP SERVICE PORT

Positive pressure is delivered to the EVAP system through the EVAP service port. If fuel vapor leakage in the EVAP system occurs, use a leak detector to locate the leak.



Removal and Installation EVAP CANISTER

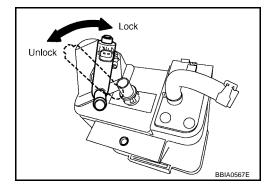
Tighten EVAP canister as shown in the figure.



EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

- 1. Turn EVAP canister vent control valve counterclockwise.
- 2. Remove the EVAP canister vent control valve.

Always replace O-ring with a new one.



How to Detect Fuel Vapor Leakage

CAUTION:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in EVAP system.

NOTE:

- Do not start engine.
- Improper installation of EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause a leak.

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EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

(I) WITH CONSULT-II

- Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port. 1.
- 2. Also attach the pressure pump and hose to the EVAP service port adapter.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Select the "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT MODE" with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Touch "START". A bar graph (Pressure indicating display) will appear on the screen.

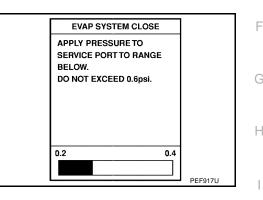
		EC
EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE		
APPLY PRESSURE TO EVAP SYSTEM FROM SERVICE PORT USING HAND PUMP WITH PRESSURE GAUGE AT		С
NEXT SCREEN. NEVER USE COMPRESSED AIR OR HIGH PRESSURE PUMP!		D
DO NOT START ENGINE. TOUCH START.	PEF838U	Е

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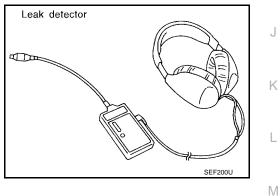
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- 6. Apply positive pressure to the EVAP system until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.
- 7. Remove EVAP service port adapter and hose with pressure pump.

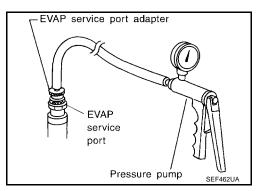


8. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to EC-33, "EVAPO-RATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING" .

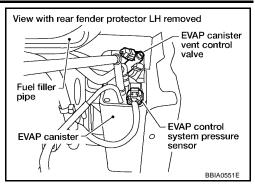


WITHOUT CONSULT-II

- 1. Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port.
- 2. Also attach the pressure pump with pressure gauge to the EVAP service port adapter.



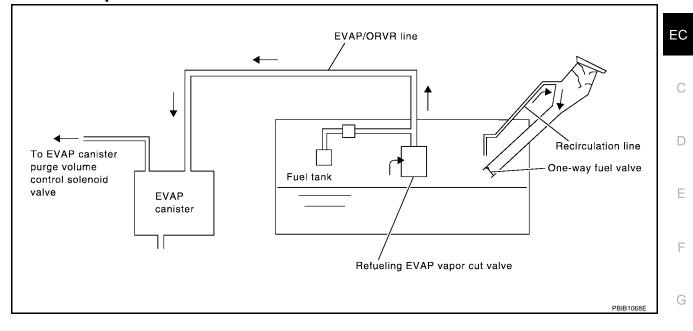
- 3. Apply battery voltage between the terminals of EVAP canister vent control valve to make a closed EVAP system.
- To locate the leak, deliver positive pressure to the EVAP system until pressure gauge points reach 1.38 to 2.76 kPa (0.014 to 0.028 kg/cm², 0.2 to 0.4 psi).
- 5. Remove EVAP service port adapter and hose with pressure pump.
- 6. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to <u>EC-33</u>, "EVAPO-<u>RATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"</u>.



ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)

ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)

System Description



From the beginning of refueling, the air and vapor inside the fuel tank go through refueling EVAP vapor cut valve and EVAP/ORVR line to the EVAP canister. The vapor is absorbed by the EVAP canister and the air is released to the atmosphere.

When the refueling has reached the full level of the fuel tank, the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve is closed and refueling is stopped because of auto shut-off. The vapor which was absorbed by the EVAP canister is purged during driving.

WARNING:

When conducting inspections below, be sure to observe the following:

- Put a "CAUTION: INFLAMMABLE" sign in workshop.
- Do not smoke while servicing fuel system. Keep open flames and sparks away from work area.
- Be sure to furnish the workshop with a CO₂ fire extinguisher.

CAUTION:

- Before removing fuel line parts, carry out the following procedures:
- Put drained fuel in an explosion-proof container and put lid on securely.
- Release fuel pressure from fuel line. Refer to EC-79, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE".
- Disconnect battery negative cable.
- Always replace O-ring when the fuel gauge retainer is removed.
- Do not kink or twist hose and tube when they are installed.
- Do not tighten hose and clamps excessively to avoid damaging hoses.
- After installation, run engine and check for fuel leaks at connection.
- Do not attempt to top off the fuel tank after the fuel pump nozzle shuts off automatically. Continued refueling may cause fuel overflow, resulting in fuel spray and possibly a fire.

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Diagnostic Procedure SYMPTOM: FUEL ODOR FROM EVAP CANISTER IS STRONG.

1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

- 1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
- 2. Weigh the EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.0 kg (4.4 lb).

OK or NG

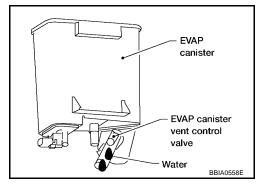
OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

<u>Yes or</u> No

Yes >> GO TO 3. No >> GO TO 5.



3. REPLACE EVAP CANISTER

Replace EVAP canister with a new one.

>> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection.

>> Repair or replace EVAP hose.

5. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-42, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)

SYMPTOM: CANNOT REFUEL/FUEL ODOR FROM THE FUEL FILLER OPENING IS STRONG WHILE REFUELING.

1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

- 1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor EC attached.
- 2. Weigh the EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.0 kg (4.4 lb).

OK or NG

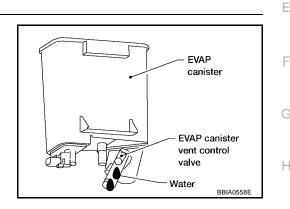
Yes or No

Yes

No

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER



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3. REPLACE EVAP CANISTER

>> GO TO 3.

>> GO TO 5.

Replace EVAP canister with a new one.

Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

>> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection.

>> Repair or replace EVAP hose.

5. CHECK VENT HOSES AND VENT TUBES

Check hoses and tubes between EVAP canister and refueling control valve for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.

6. CHECK FILLER NECK TUBE

Check recirculation line for clogging, dents and cracks.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> Replace filler neck tube.

Revision: September 2005

7. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-42, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

8. CHECK FUEL FILLER TUBE

Check filler neck tube and hose connected to the fuel tank for clogging, dents and cracks.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace fuel filler tube.

9. CHECK ONE-WAY FUEL VALVE-I

Check one-way valve for clogging.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Repair or replace one-way fuel valve with fuel tank.

10. CHECK ONE-WAY FUEL VALVE-II

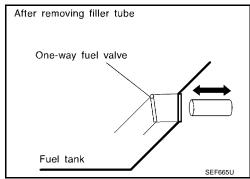
- 1. Make sure that fuel is drained from the tank.
- 2. Remove fuel filler tube and hose.
- Check one-way fuel valve for operation as follows. When a stick is inserted, the valve should open, when removing stick it should close.

Do not drop any material into the tank.

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Replace fuel filler tube or replace one-way fuel valve with fuel tank.



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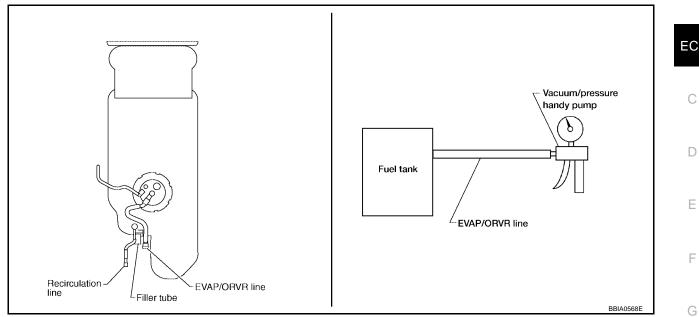
Component Inspection REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

(I) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Remove fuel tank. Refer to FL-11, "FUEL TANK" .
- 2. Drain fuel from the tank as follows:
- a. Remove fuel feed hose located on the fuel gauge retainer.
- b. Connect a spare fuel hose, one side to fuel gauge retainer where the hose was removed and the other side to a fuel container.
- c. Drain fuel using "FUEL PUMP RELAY" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to close as follows. Blow air into the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve (from the end of EVAP/ORVR line hose), and check that the air flows freely into the tank.
- 4. Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to open as follows.
- a. Connect vacuum pump to hose end.
- b. Remove fuel gauge retainer with fuel gauge unit. Always replace O-ring with new one.
- c. Put fuel tank upside down.

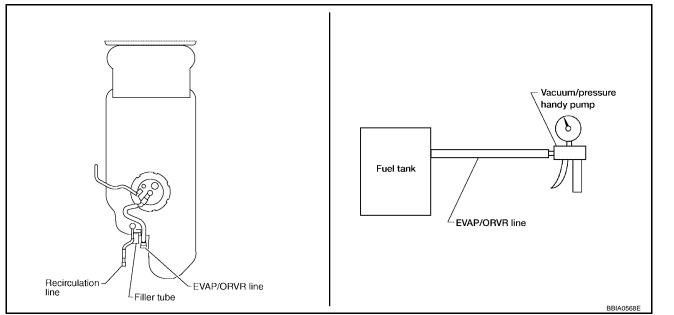
ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)

d. Apply vacuum pressure to hose end [-13.3 kPa (-100 mmHg, -3.94 inHg)] with fuel gauge retainer remaining open and check that the pressure is applicable.



Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Remove fuel tank. Refer to FL-11, "FUEL TANK" .
- 2. Drain fuel from the tank as follows:
- a. Remove fuel gauge retainer.
- b. Drain fuel from the tank using a handy pump into a fuel container.
- Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to close as follows. Blow air into the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve (from the end of EVAP/ORVR line hose), and check that the air flows freely into the tank.
- 4. Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to open as follows.
- a. Connect vacuum pump to hose end.
- b. Remove fuel gauge retainer with fuel gauge unit. Always replace O-ring with new one.
- c. Put fuel tank upside down.
- d. Apply vacuum pressure to hose end [-13.3 kPa (-100 mmHg, -3.94 inHg)] with fuel gauge retainer remaining open and check that the pressure is applicable.



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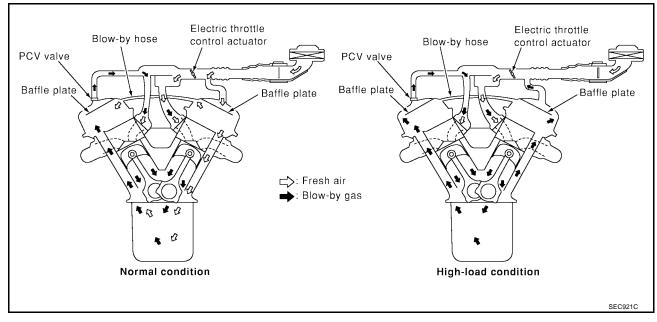
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POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION

POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION

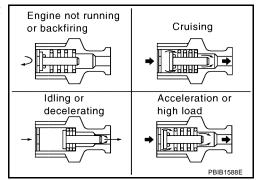
Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system returns blow-by gas to the intake manifold.

The positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) valve is provided to conduct crankcase blow-by gas to the intake manifold. During partial throttle operation of the engine, the intake manifold sucks the blow-by gas through the PCV valve. Normally, the capacity of the valve is sufficient to handle any blow-by and a small amount of ventilating air. The ventilating air is then drawn from the air inlet tubes into the crankcase. In this process the air passes through the hose connecting air inlet tubes to rocker cover. Under full-throttle condition, the manifold vacuum is insufficient to draw the blow-by flow through the valve. The flow goes through the hose connection in the reverse direction.

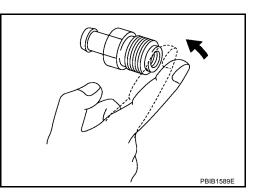
On vehicles with an excessively high blow-by, the valve does not meet the requirement. This is because some of the flow will go through the hose connection to the air inlet tubes under all conditions.



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Component Inspection PCV (POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION) VALVE

With engine running at idle, remove PCV valve from rocker cover. A properly working valve makes a hissing noise as air passes through it. A strong vacuum should be felt immediately when a finger is placed over valve inlet.

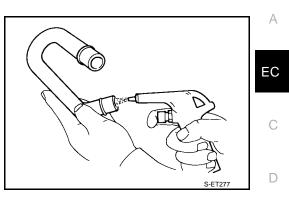


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PCV VALVE VENTILATION HOSE

- 1. Check hoses and hose connections for leaks.
- 2. Disconnect all hoses and clean with compressed air. If any hose cannot be freed of obstructions, replace.



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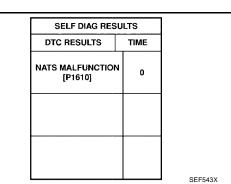
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NVIS (NISSAN VEHICLE IMMOBILIZER SYSTEM-NATS)

Description

- If the security indicator lights up with the ignition switch in the ON position or "NATS MALFUNCTION" is displayed on "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" screen, perform self-diagnostic results mode with CONSULT-II using NATS program card. Refer to <u>BL-100, "NVIS(NISSAN Vehicle Immobilizer System-NATS)"</u>.
- Confirm no self-diagnostic results of NVIS (NATS) is displayed before touching "ERASE" in "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.
- When replacing ECM, initialization of NVIS (NATS) system and registration of all NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs must be carried out with CONSULT-II using NATS program card.

Therefore, be sure to receive all keys from vehicle owner. Regarding the procedures of NVIS (NATS) initialization and all NVIS (NATS) ignition key ID registration, refer to CONSULT-II Operation Manual, IVIS/NVIS.



PFP:25386

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

Introduction

The ECM has an on board diagnostic system, which detects malfunctions related to engine sensors or actuators. The ECM also records various emission-related diagnostic information including:

Emission-related diagnostic information	SAE Mode	
Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)	Service \$03 of SAE J1979	
Freeze Frame data	Service \$02 of SAE J1979	(
System Readiness Test (SRT) code	Service \$01 of SAE J1979	
1st Trip Diagnostic Trouble Code (1st Trip DTC)	Service \$07 of SAE J1979	
1st Trip Freeze Frame data		
Test values and Test limits	Service \$06 of SAE J1979	
Calibration ID	Service \$09 of SAE J1979	

The above information can be checked using procedures listed in the table below.

	DTC	1st trip DTC	Freeze Frame data	1st trip Freeze Frame data	×: A SRT code	pplicable —: SRT status	Not applicable Test value
CONSULT-II	×	×	×	×	×	×	
GST	×	×	×	_	×	×	×
ECM	×	×*	_	_	—	×	—

*: When DTC and 1st trip DTC simultaneously appear on the display, they cannot be clearly distinguished from each other.

The malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) on the instrument panel lights up when the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips (Two trip detection logic), or when the ECM enters fail-safe mode. (Refer to EC-89.)

Two Trip Detection Logic

When a malfunction is detected for the first time, 1st trip DTC and 1st trip Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up at this stage. <1st trip>

If the same malfunction is detected again during the next drive, the DTC and Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL lights up. The MIL lights up at the same time when the DTC is stored. <2nd trip> The "trip" in the "Two Trip Detection Logic" means a driving mode in which self-diagnosis is performed during vehicle operation. Specific on board diagnostic items will cause the ECM to light up or blink the MIL, and store DTC and Freeze Frame data, even in the 1st trip, as shown below.

 \times : Applicable —: Not applicable

		MIL				тС	1st trip DTC	
Items	1st trip		2nd trip		1st trip	2nd trip	1st trip	2nd trip
	Blinking	Lighting up	Blinking	Lighting up	displaying	displaying	displaying	display- ing
Misfire (Possible three way cata- lyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0306 is being detected	×	—	—	—	_	_	×	_
Misfire (Possible three way cata- lyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0306 is being detected	_	_	×	_	_	×	_	_
One trip detection diagnoses (Refer to $\underline{\text{EC-48}}$.)	_	×	_	_	×	_	_	_
Except above	_	_	—	×	—	×	×	_

When there is an open circuit on MIL circuit, the ECM cannot warn the driver by lighting up MIL when there is malfunction on engine control system.

Therefore, when electrical controlled throttle and part of ECM related diagnoses are continuously detected as NG for 5 trips, ECM warns the driver that engine control system malfunctions and MIL circuit is open by means of operating fail-safe function.

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The fail-safe function also operates when above diagnoses except MIL circuit are detected and demands the driver to repair the malfunction.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

Engine speed will not rise more than 2,500 rpm due to the fuel cut

Emission-related Diagnostic Information EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION ITEMS

UBS00K3S

Items	DTC	× ¹		Test value/			Reference
(CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM* ³	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	Trip	MIL	page
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1000	1000* ⁵	_	—	1	×	<u>EC-153</u>
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1001	1001* ⁵	_	_	2	_	<u>EC-153</u>
CONTROL UNIT (CAN)	U1010	1010	_	_	1	×	<u>EC-156</u>
NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	P0000	0000	_	_	_	Flashing* ⁷	<u>EC-62</u>
INT/V TIM CONT-B1	P0011	0011	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-158</u>
INT/V TIM CONT-B2	P0021	0021	_	—	2	×	<u>EC-158</u>
A/F SEN1 HTR (B1)	P0031	0031	_	—	2	×	<u>EC-162</u>
A/F SEN1 HTR (B1)	P0032	0032	_	—	2	×	<u>EC-162</u>
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0037	0037	—	×	2	×	<u>EC-170</u>
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0038	0038	—	×	2	×	<u>EC-170</u>
A/F SEN1 HTR (B2)	P0051	0051	_	—	2	×	<u>EC-162</u>
A/F SEN1 HTR (B2)	P0052	0052	_	—	2	×	<u>EC-162</u>
HO2S2 HTR (B2)	P0057	0057	_	×	2	×	<u>EC-170</u>
HO2S2 HTR (B2)	P0058	0058	_	×	2	×	<u>EC-170</u>
INT/V TIM V/CIR-B1	P0075	0075	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-179</u>
INT/V TIM V/CIR-B2	P0081	0081	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-179</u>
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0101	0101	_	—	2	×	<u>EC-186</u>
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0102	0102	_	_	1	×	<u>EC-195</u>
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0103	0103	—	—	1	×	<u>EC-195</u>
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0112	0112	_	_	2	×	EC-202
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0113	0113	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-202</u>
ECT SEN/CIRC	P0117	0117	_	_	1	×	<u>EC-207</u>
ECT SEN/CIRC	P0118	0118	_		1	×	<u>EC-207</u>
TP SEN 2/CIRC	P0122	0122	_	_	1	×	<u>EC-212</u>
TP SEN 2/CIRC	P0123	0123	_		1	×	<u>EC-212</u>
ECT SENSOR	P0125	0125	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-219</u>
IAT SENSOR	P0127	0127	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-222</u>
THERMSTAT FNCTN	P0128	0128	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-225</u>
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P0130	0130		×	2	×	<u>EC-227</u>
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P0131	0131	_	×	2	×	<u>EC-237</u>
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P0132	0132	_	×	2	×	<u>EC-246</u>
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P0133	0133	×	×	2	×	<u>EC-255</u>
HO2S2 (B1)	P0137	0137	×	×	2	×	<u>EC-267</u>
HO2S2 (B1)	P0138	0138	_	×	2	×	<u>EC-279</u>
HO2S2 (B1)	P0139	0139	×	×	2	×	EC-293

	DT	C* ¹		Test value/				
Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM* ³	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	Trip	MIL	Reference page	A
A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	P0150	0150		×	2	×	<u>EC-227</u>	EC
A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	P0151	0151	_	×	2	×	EC-237	
A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	P0152	0152	_	×	2	×	<u>EC-246</u>	
A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	P0153	0153	×	×	2	×	<u>EC-255</u>	С
HO2S2 (B2)	P0157	0157	×	×	2	×	<u>EC-267</u>	
HO2S2 (B2)	P0158	0158	_	×	2	×	<u>EC-279</u>	D
HO2S2 (B2)	P0159	0159	×	×	2	×	EC-293	D
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B1	P0171	0171	—	—	2	×	EC-305	
FUEL SYS-RICH-B1	P0172	0172	_	_	2	×	EC-317	E
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B2	P0174	0174	_	_	2	×	EC-305	
FUEL SYS-RICH-B2	P0175	0175	—	—	2	×	EC-317	F
FTT SENSOR	P0181	0181	_	_	2	×	EC-329	Г
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0182	0182	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-334</u>	
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0183	0183	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-334</u>	G
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0222	0222	—	—	1	×	EC-338	
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0223	0223	_		1	×	EC-338	
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0300	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-345</u>	Н
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0301	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-345</u>	
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0302	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-345</u>	
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0303	_		2	×	<u>EC-345</u>	
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0304	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-345</u>	
CYL 5 MISFIRE	P0305	0305	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-345</u>	J
CYL 6 MISFIRE	P0306	0306	_		2	×	<u>EC-345</u>	
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0327	0327	_	_	2	_	<u>EC-354</u>	K
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0328	0328	—	—	2	—	EC-354	
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B2	P0332	0332	_	—	2	_	<u>EC-354</u>	
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B2	P0333	0333	—	—	2	—	<u>EC-354</u>	L
CKP SEN/CIRCUIT	P0335	0335	—	—	2	×	EC-359	
CMP SEN/CIRC-B1	P0340	0340	—	_	2	×	<u>EC-366</u>	Μ
CMP SEN/CIRC-B2	P0345	0345	—	—	2	×	<u>EC-366</u>	1 1 1
TW CATALYST SYS-B1	P0420	0420	×	×	2	×	<u>EC-375</u>	
TW CATALYST SYS-B2	P0430	0430	×	×	2	×	<u>EC-375</u>	
EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P0441	0441	×	×	2	×	<u>EC-381</u>	
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0442	0442	×	×	2	×	EC-386	
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0443	0443	—	—	2	×	<u>EC-394</u>	
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0444	0444	—	_	2	×	<u>EC-402</u>	
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0445	0445	—	_	2	×	<u>EC-402</u>	
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0447	0447	—	—	2	×	<u>EC-409</u>	
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0448	0448	—	—	2	×	<u>EC-416</u>	
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0451	0451	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-422</u>	
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0452	0452	—	—	2	×	<u>EC-425</u>	
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0453	0453	—		2	×	<u>EC-431</u>	

	DT	C* ¹		Test value/			
Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM* ³	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	Trip	MIL	Reference page
EVAP GROSS LEAK	P0455	0455			2	×	<u>EC-439</u>
EVAP VERY SML LEAK	P0456	0456	×* ⁴	×	2	×	<u>EC-446</u>
FUEL LEV SEN SLOSH	P0460	0460	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-455</u>
FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	P0461	0461			2	×	<u>EC-457</u>
FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	P0462	0462		_	2	×	<u>EC-459</u>
FUEL LEVEL SEN/CIRC	P0463	0463	—	—	2	×	<u>EC-459</u>
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC*6	P0500	0500			2		<u>EC-461</u>
ISC SYSTEM	P0506	0506	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-463</u>
ISC SYSTEM	P0507	0507	_	_	2	×	<u>EC-465</u>
PW ST P SEN/CIRC	P0550	0550			2		<u>EC-467</u>
ECM BACK UP/CIRC	P0603	0603			2	×	<u>EC-472</u>
ECM	P0605	0605			1 or 2	× or —	<u>EC-476</u>
SENSOR POWER/CIRCUIT	P0643	0643		_	1	×	<u>EC-479</u>
ТСМ	P0700	0700	—	—	1	×	<u>AT-110</u>
PNP SW/CIRC	P0705	0705	—	—	2	×	<u>AT-111</u>
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0710	0710	—	—	2	×	<u>AT-133</u>
TURBINE SENSOR	P0717	0717	—	—	2	×	<u>AT-115</u>
VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT*6	P0720	0720	—	—	2	×	<u>AT-117</u>
TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	P0740	0740			2	×	<u>AT-124</u>
A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	P0744	0744			2	×	<u>AT-126</u>
L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	P0745	0745			2	×	<u>AT-128</u>
P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	P0850	0850	—	—	2	×	<u>EC-485</u>
CLOSED LOOP-B1	P1148	1148	—	—	1	×	<u>EC-490</u>
CLOSED LOOP-B2	P1168	1168	—	—	1	×	<u>EC-490</u>
TCS C/U FUNCTN	P1211	1211	_	—	2	—	<u>EC-491</u>
TCS/CIRC	P1212	1212		—	2	_	<u>EC-492</u>
ENG OVER TEMP	P1217	1217		—	1	×	<u>EC-493</u>
CTP LEARNING	P1225	1225	—		2	—	<u>EC-503</u>
CTP LEARNING	P1226	1226	—	—	2	—	<u>EC-505</u>
BAT CURRENT SENSOR	P1550	1550	—	—	2	—	<u>EC-507</u>
BAT CURRENT SENSOR	P1551	1551	—	—	2	—	<u>EC-514</u>
BAT CURRENT SENSOR	P1552	1552	—	—	2	_	<u>EC-514</u>
BAT CURRENT SENSOR	P1553	1553	_	—	2	_	<u>EC-521</u>
BAT CURRENT SENSOR	P1554	1554	_	—	2	—	<u>EC-528</u>
ASCD SW	P1564	1564	—	—	1	—	<u>EC-535</u>
ASCD BRAKE SW	P1572	1572	_	—	1	_	<u>EC-542</u>
ASCD VHL SPD SEN	P1574	1574			1		<u>EC-550</u>
NATS MALFUNCTION	P1610 - P1615	1610 - 1615	_	—	2	_	<u>EC-46</u>
IN PLUY SPEED	P1715	1715	_	_	2	_	<u>EC-552</u>
A/T INTERLOCK	P1730	1730	—	—	1	×	<u>AT-140</u>
I/C SOLENOID/CIRC	P1752	1752			1	×	<u>AT-145</u>

Items	DT	C* ¹		Test value/			Reference	А
(CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* ²	ECM* ³	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	Trip	MIL	page	~
I/C SOLENOID FNCTN	P1754	1754	_	_	1	×	<u>AT-147</u>	EC
FR/B SOLENOID/CIRC	P1757	1757	—	_	1	×	<u>AT-149</u>	
FR/B SOLENOID/CIRC	P1759	1759	_	_	1	×	<u>AT-151</u>	
D/C SOLENOID/CIRC	P1762	1762	—	_	1	×	<u>AT-153</u>	С
D/C SOLENOID FNCTN	P1764	1764	_	_	1	×	<u>AT-155</u>	
HLR/C SOL/CIRC	P1767	1767	_	_	1	×	<u>AT-157</u>	D
HLR/C SOL FNCTN	P1769	1769	_	_	1	×	<u>AT-159</u>	
LC/B SOLENOID/CIRC	P1772	1772	_	_	1	×	<u>AT-161</u>	
LC/B SOLENOID FNCT	P1774	1774	_		1	×	<u>AT-163</u>	E
VIAS S/V CIRC	P1800	1800	_	_	2	_	<u>EC-553</u>	
BRAKE SW/CIRCUIT	P1805	1805	_	_	2	_	<u>EC-558</u>	F
ETC MOT PWR	P2100	2100	_		1	×	EC-563	Г
ETC FUNCTION/CIRC	P2101	2101	_		1	×	<u>EC-569</u>	
ETC MOT PWR	P2103	2103	_	_	1	×	EC-563	G
ETC MOT	P2118	2118	_	_	1	×	<u>EC-575</u>	
ETC ACTR	P2119	2119	_	_	1	×	<u>EC-580</u>	
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2122	2122	_	_	1	×	EC-582	Н
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2123	2123	_	_	1	×	<u>EC-582</u>	
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2127	2127	_		1	×	<u>EC-588</u>	
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2128	2128	_	_	1	×	<u>EC-588</u>	
TP SENSOR	P2135	2135			1	×	EC-595	
APP SENSOR	P2138	2138	_	_	1	×	EC-602	J
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P2A00	2A00	_	×	2	×	<u>EC-609</u>	
A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	P2A03	2A03		×	2	×	EC-609	K

*1: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

*2: This number is prescribed by SAE J2012.

*3: In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results), this number is controlled by NISSAN.

*4: SRT code will not be set if the self-diagnostic result is NG.

*5: The troubleshooting for this DTC need CONSULT-II.

*6: When the fail-safe operations for both self-diagnoses occur at the same time, the MIL illuminates.

*7: When the ECM is in the mode of displaying SRT status, MIL may flash. For the details, refer to EC-55, "How to Display SRT Status". 🛛 🕅

DTC AND 1ST TRIP DTC

The 1st trip DTC (whose number is the same as the DTC number) is displayed for the latest self-diagnostic result obtained. If the ECM memory was cleared previously, and the 1st trip DTC did not reoccur, the 1st trip DTC will not be displayed.

If a malfunction is detected during the 1st trip, the 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up (two trip detection logic). If the same malfunction is not detected in the 2nd trip (meeting the required driving pattern), the 1st trip DTC is cleared from the ECM memory. If the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, both the 1st trip DTC and DTC are stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up. In other words, the DTC is stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up. In other words, the DTC is stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up when the same malfunction occurs in two consecutive trips. If a 1st trip DTC is stored and a non-diagnostic operation is performed between the 1st and 2nd trips, only the 1st trip DTC will continue to be stored. For malfunctions that blink or light up the MIL during the 1st trip, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are stored in the ECM memory.

Procedures for clearing the DTC and the 1st trip DTC from the ECM memory are described in <u>EC-60, "HOW</u> <u>TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.

For malfunctions in which 1st trip DTCs are displayed, refer to <u>EC-48, "EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC</u> <u>INFORMATION ITEMS"</u>. These items are required by legal regulations to continuously monitor the system/ component. In addition, the items monitored non-continuously are also displayed on CONSULT-II.



1st trip DTC is specified in Service \$07 of SAE J1979. 1st trip DTC detection occurs without lighting up the MIL and therefore does not warn the driver of a malfunction. However, 1st trip DTC detection will not prevent the vehicle from being tested, for example during Inspection/Maintenance (I/M) tests.

When a 1st trip DTC is detected, check, print out or write down and erase (1st trip) DTC and Freeze Frame data as specified in Work Flow procedure Step 2, refer to <u>EC-82, "WORK FLOW"</u>. Then perform DTC Confirmation Procedure or Overall Function Check to try to duplicate the malfunction. If the malfunction is duplicated, the item requires repair.

How to Read DTC and 1st Trip DTC

DTC and 1st trip DTC can be read by the following methods.

With CONSULT-II

With GST

CONSULT-II or GST (Generic Scan Tool) Examples: P0340, P0850, P1148, etc.

These DTCs are prescribed by SAE J2012.

(CONSULT-II also displays the malfunctioning component or system.)

No Tools

The number of blinks of the MIL in the Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-Diagnostic Results) indicates the DTC. Example: 0340, 0850, 1148, etc.

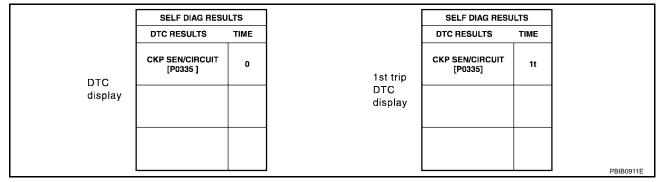
These DTCs are controlled by NISSAN.

- 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.
- Output of a DTC indicates a malfunction. However, GST or the Diagnostic Test Mode II do not indicate whether the malfunction is still occurring or has occurred in the past and has returned to normal. CONSULT-II can identify malfunction status as shown below. Therefore, using CONSULT-II (if available) is recommended.

A sample of CONSULT-II display for DTC and 1st trip DTC is shown below. DTC or 1st trip DTC of a malfunction is displayed in SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS mode of CONSULT-II. Time data indicates how many times the vehicle was driven after the last detection of a DTC.

If the DTC is being detected currently, the time data will be [0].

If a 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM, the time data will be [1t].



FREEZE FRAME DATA AND 1ST TRIP FREEZE FRAME DATA

The ECM records the driving conditions such as fuel system status, calculated load value, engine coolant temperature, short term fuel trim, long term fuel trim, engine speed, vehicle speed, base fuel schedule and intake air temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected.

Data which are stored in the ECM memory, along with the 1st trip DTC, are called 1st trip freeze frame data. The data, stored together with the DTC data, are called freeze frame data and displayed on CONSULT-II or GST. The 1st trip freeze frame data can only be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, not on the GST. For details, see <u>EC-116</u>, "Freeze Frame Data and 1st Trip Freeze Frame Data".

Only one set of freeze frame data (either 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data) can be stored in the ECM. 1st trip freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory along with the 1st trip DTC. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data and it is updated each time a different 1st trip DTC is detected. However, once freeze frame data (2nd trip detection/MIL on) is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze frame data is no longer stored. Remember, only one set of freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM. The ECM has the following priorities to update the data.

Priority		Items	
1	Freeze frame data	Misfire — DTC: P0300 - P0306 Fuel Injection System Function — DTC: P0171, P0172, P0174, P0175	~
2		Except the above items (Includes A/T related items)	EC
3	1st trip freeze frame d	ata	

For example, the EGR malfunction (Priority: 2) was detected and the freeze frame data was stored in the 2nd trip. After that when the misfire (Priority: 1) is detected in another trip, the freeze frame data will be updated from the EGR malfunction to the misfire. The 1st trip freeze frame data is updated each time a different malfunction is detected. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data. However, once freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze data is no longer stored (because only one freeze frame data or 1st trip freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM). If freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory and freeze frame data with the same priority occurs later, the first (original) freeze frame data remains unchanged in the ECM memory.

Both 1st trip freeze frame data and freeze frame data (along with the DTCs) are cleared when the ECM memory is erased. Procedures for clearing the ECM memory are described in <u>EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE EMIS-SION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.

SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE

System Readiness Test (SRT) code is specified in Service \$01 of SAE J1979.

As part of an enhanced emissions test for Inspection & Maintenance (I/M), certain states require the status of SRT be used to indicate whether the ECM has completed self-diagnosis of major emission systems and components. Completion must be verified in order for the emissions inspection to proceed.

If a vehicle is rejected for a State emissions inspection due to one or more SRT items indicating "INCMP", use the information in this Service Manual to set the SRT to "CMPLT".

In most cases the ECM will automatically complete its self-diagnosis cycle during normal usage, and the SRT status will indicate "CMPLT" for each application system. Once set as "CMPLT", the SRT status remains "CMPLT" until the self-diagnosis memory is erased.

Occasionally, certain portions of the self-diagnostic test may not be completed as a result of the customer's normal driving pattern; the SRT will indicate "INCMP" for these items.

NOTE:

The SRT will also indicate "INCMP" if the self-diagnosis memory is erased for any reason or if the ECM memory power supply is interrupted for several hours.

If, during the state emissions inspection, the SRT indicates "CMPLT" for all test items, the inspector will continue with the emissions test. However, if the SRT indicates "INCMP" for one or more of the SRT items the vehicle is returned to the customer untested.

NOTE:

If MIL is ON during the state emissions inspection, the vehicle is also returned to the customer untested even though the SRT indicates "CMPLT" for all test items. Therefore, it is important to check SRT ("CMPLT") and DTC (No DTCs) before the inspection.

SRT Item

The table below shows required self-diagnostic items to set the SRT to "CMPLT".

SRT item (CONSULT-II indica- tion)	Perfor- mance Pri- ority*1	Required self-diagnostic items to set the SRT to "CMPLT"	Corresponding DTC No.
CATALYST	2	Three way catalyst function	P0420, P0430
	2	EVAP control system purge flow monitoring	P0441
EVAP SYSTEM	1	EVAP control system	P0442
	2	EVAP control system	P0456
		Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1	P0133, P0153
HO2S	1	Heated oxygen sensor 2	P0137, P0157
H023		Heated oxygen sensor 2	P0138, P0158
		Heated oxygen sensor 2	P0139, P0159

*1: If completion of several SRTs is required, perform driving patterns (DTC confirmation procedure), one by one based on the priority for models with CONSULT-II.



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SRT Set Timing

SRT is set as "CMPLT" after self-diagnosis has been performed one or more times. Completion of SRT is done regardless of whether the result is OK or NG. The set timing is different between OK and NG results and is shown in the table below.

Self-diagnosis result		Example							
		Diagnosis	Ignition cycle $\leftarrow ON \rightarrow OFF \leftarrow ON \rightarrow OFF \leftarrow ON \rightarrow OFF \leftarrow$						
All OK	Case 1	P0400	OK (1)	— (1)	OK (2)	— (2)			
		P0402	OK (1)	— (1)	— (1)	OK (2)			
		P1402	OK (1)	OK (2)	— (2)	— (2)			
		SRT of EGR	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"			
-	Case 2	P0400	OK (1)	— (1)	— (1)	— (1)			
		P0402	— (0)	— (0)	OK (1)	— (1)			
		P1402	OK (1)	OK (2)	— (2)	— (2)			
		SRT of EGR	"INCMP"	"INCMP"	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"			
NG exists	Case 3	P0400	ОК	ОК	—	—			
		P0402	_	—	_	—			
		P1402	NG	_	NG	NG (Consecutive NG)			
		(1st trip) DTC	1st trip DTC	_	1st trip DTC	DTC (= MIL ON)			
		SRT of EGR	"INCMP"	"INCMP"	"INCMP"	"CMPLT"			

OK: Self-diagnosis is carried out and the result is OK.

NG: Self-diagnosis is carried out and the result is NG.

-: Self-diagnosis is not carried out.

When all SRT related self-diagnoses showed OK results in a single cycle (Ignition OFF-ON-OFF), the SRT will indicate "CMPLT". \rightarrow Case 1 above

When all SRT related self-diagnoses showed OK results through several different cycles, the SRT will indicate "CMPLT" at the time the respective self-diagnoses have at least one OK result. \rightarrow Case 2 above

If one or more SRT related self-diagnoses showed NG results in 2 consecutive cycles, the SRT will also indicate "CMPLT". \rightarrow Case 3 above

The table above shows that the minimum number of cycles for setting SRT as "INCMP" is one (1) for each self-diagnosis (Case 1 & 2) or two (2) for one of self-diagnoses (Case 3). However, in preparation for the state emissions inspection, it is unnecessary for each self-diagnosis to be executed twice (Case 3) for the following reasons:

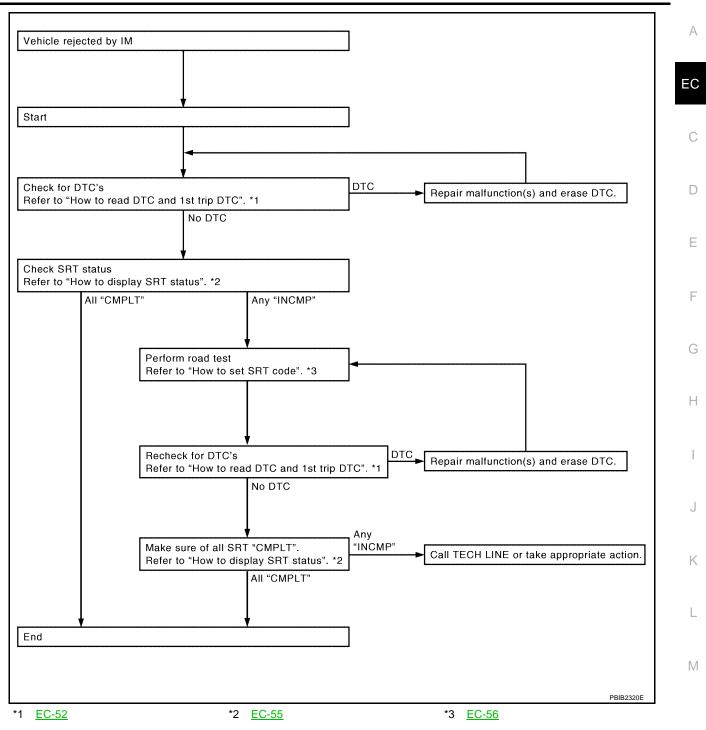
- The SRT will indicate "CMPLT" at the time the respective self-diagnoses have one (1) OK result.
- The emissions inspection requires "CMPLT" of the SRT only with OK self-diagnosis results.
- When, during SRT driving pattern, 1st trip DTC (NG) is detected prior to "CMPLT" of SRT, the self-diagnosis memory must be erased from ECM after repair.
- If the 1st trip DTC is erased, all the SRT will indicate "INCMP".

NOTE:

SRT can be set as "CMPLT" together with the DTC(s). Therefore, DTC check must always be carried out prior to the state emission inspection even though the SRT indicates "CMPLT".

SRT Service Procedure

If a vehicle has failed the state emissions inspection due to one or more SRT items indicating "INCMP", review the flowchart diagnostic sequence on the next page.



How to Display SRT Status

WITH CONSULT-II

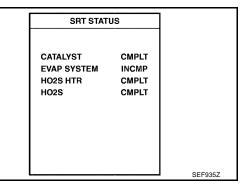
Selecting "SRT STATUS" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT-II.

For items whose SRT codes are set, a "CMPLT" is displayed on the CONSULT-II screen; for items whose SRT codes are not set, "INCMP" is displayed.

A sample of CONSULT-II display for SRT code is shown at right. "INCMP" means the self-diagnosis is incomplete and SRT is not set. "CMPLT" means the self-diagnosis is complete and SRT is set.

NOTE:

Though displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, "HO2S HTR" is not SRT item.



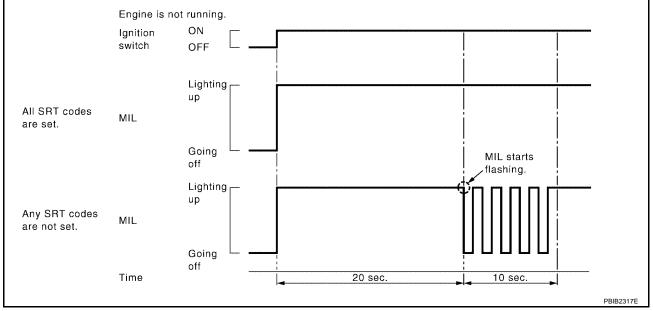
I WITH GST

Selecting Service \$01 with GST (Generic Scan Tool)

NO TOOLS

A SRT code itself can no be displayed while only SRT status can be.

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait 20 seconds.
- 2. SRT status is indicated as shown below.
 - When all SRT codes are set, MIL lights up continuously.
 - When any SRT codes are not set, MIL will flash periodically for 10 seconds.



How to Set SRT Code

To set all SRT codes, self-diagnosis for the items indicated above must be performed one or more times. Each diagnosis may require a long period of actual driving under various conditions.

WITH CONSULT-II

Perform corresponding DTC Confirmation Procedure one by one based on Performance Priority in the table on <u>EC-53, "SRT Item"</u>.

WITHOUT CONSULT-II

The most efficient driving pattern in which SRT codes can be properly set is explained on the next page. The driving pattern should be performed one or more times to set all SRT codes.

Driving Pattern А 19 20 (minutes) ♠ Engine stop EC 48 Pattern 4 С 1 Note: Always drive vehicle in safe manner according to traffic conditions and obey all traffic laws. Refer to next page for more information and explanation of chart. D 16 Ε 5 4 F Pattern 3 ę 2 Н ÷ : Zone A 777 : Zone B ဖ ഹ Pattern 2 J 4 Κ ო Engine coolant temperature becomes 70°C (158°F). L ŝ Pattern 1 Μ 0 purge flow monitoring EVAP control system EVAP control system Self-diagnostic test Three way catalyst function Engine start below 50°C (122°F). Keep idling Heated oxygen sensor 2 A/F sensor 1 item 86 - 96 km/h (53 - 60 MPH) 0 km/h (0 MPH) 50 - 55 km/h (30 - 35 MPH) **Driving pattern** SRT item (CONSULT-II EVAP SYSTEM screen term) CATALYST HO2S

Revision: September 2005

PBIB2906E

• The time required for each diagnosis varies with road surface conditions, weather, altitude, individual driving habits, etc.

Zone A refers to the range where the time, required for the diagnosis under normal conditions*, is the shortest.

Zone B refers to the range where the diagnosis can still be performed if the diagnosis is not completed within zone A.

*: Normal conditions refer to the following:

- Sea level
- Flat road
- Ambient air temperature: 20 30°C (68 86°F)
- Diagnosis is performed as quickly as possible under normal conditions. Under different conditions [For example: ambient air temperature other than 20 - 30°C (68 - 86°F)], diagnosis may also be performed.

Pattern 1:

- The engine is started at the engine coolant temperature of -10 to 35°C (14 to 95°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 73 and ground is 3.0 - 4.3V).
- The engine must be operated at idle speed until the engine coolant temperature is greater than 70°C (158°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 73 and ground is lower than 1.4V).
- The engine is started at the fuel tank temperature of warmer than 0°C (32°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 107 and ground is less than 4.1V).

Pattern 2:

• When steady-state driving is performed again even after it is interrupted, each diagnosis can be conducted. In this case, the time required for diagnosis may be extended.

Pattern 3:

- Operate vehicle following the driving pattern shown in the figure.
- Replace the accelerator pedal during decelerating vehicle speed from 90km/h (56MPH) to 0km/h (0MPH).

Pattern 4:

- The accelerator pedal must be held very steady during steadystate driving.
- If the accelerator pedal is moved, the test must be conducted all over again.

*1: Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH), then release the accelerator pedal and keep it released for more than 10 seconds. Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH) again.

*2: Checking the vehicle speed with GST is advised.

Suggested Transmission Gear Position

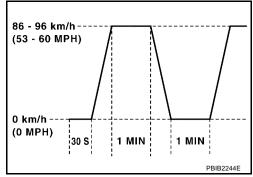
Set the selector lever in the D position with the overdrive switch turned ON.

TEST VALUE AND TEST LIMIT (GST ONLY — NOT APPLICABLE TO CONSULT-II)

The following is the information specified in Service \$06 of SAE J1979.

The test value is a parameter used to determine whether a system/circuit diagnostic test is OK or NG while being monitored by the ECM during self-diagnosis. The test limit is a reference value which is specified as the maximum or minimum value and is compared with the test value being monitored.

These data (test value and test limit) are specified by Test ID (TID) and Component ID (CID) and can be displayed on the GST screen.



Item	Self-diagnostic test item	DTC	Test v (GST d		Test limit	Conversion
			TID	CID		
0.1741.207	Three way catalyst function (Bank 1)	P0420	01H	01H	Max.	1/128
		P0420	02H	81H	Min.	1
CATALYST	Three wey establish function (Donk 2)	P0430	03H	02H	Max.	1/128
	Three way catalyst function (Bank 2)	P0430	04H	82H	Min.	1
	EVAP control system (Small leak)	P0442	05H	03H	Max.	1/128mm ²
EVAP SYSTEM	EVAP control system purge flow monitoring	P0441	06H	83H	Min.	20mV
	EVAP control system (Very small leak)	P0456	07H	03H	Max.	1/128mm ²
		P0131	41H	8EH	Min.	5 mV
	-	P0132	42H	0EH	Max.	5 mV
		P2A00	43H	0EH	Max.	0.002
	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (Bank 1)	P0133	45H	8EH	Min.	0.004
	-	P0130	46H	0EH	Max.	5 mV
		P0130	47H	8EH	Min.	5 mV
		P0133	48H	8EH	Min.	0.004
	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (Bank 2)	P0151	4CH	8FH	Min.	5 mV
		P0152	4DH	0FH	Max.	5 mV
		P2A03	4EH	0FH	Max.	0.002
HO2S		P0153	50H	8FH	Min.	0.004
		P0150	51H	0FH	Max.	5 mV
		P0150	52H	8FH	Min.	5 mV
		P0153	53H	8FH	Min.	0.004
		P0139	19H	86H	Min.	10mV/500ms
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 1)	P0137	1AH	86H	Min.	10mV
	ricated oxygen school 2 (Dank T)	P1146	1BH	06H	Max.	10mV
		P0138	1CH	06H	Max.	10mV
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 2)	P0159	21H	87H	Min.	10mV/500ms
		P0157	22H	87H	Min.	10mV
		P0158	24H	07H	Max.	10mV
HO2S HEATER	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater (Bank 1)	P1032	57H	10H	Max.	5 mV
		P1031	58H	90H	Min.	5 mV
	Air fuel ratio (Λ /E) sensor 1 hostor (Benk 2)	P0052	59H	11H	Max.	5 mV
	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater (Bank 2)	P0051	5AH	91H	Min.	5 mV
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 1)	P0038	2DH	0AH	Max.	20mV
	i realeu uxygen sensul z riedler (Ddrik I)	P0037	2EH	8AH	Min.	20mV
	Heated exugen concer 2 heater (Park 2)	P0058	2FH	0BH	Max.	20mV
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 2)	P0057	30H	8BH	Min.	20mV

HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION

How to Erase DTC

With CONSULT-II

The emission related diagnostic information in the ECM can be erased by selecting "ERASE" in the "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.

If DTCs are displayed for both ECM and TCM (Transmission control module), they need to be erased individually from the ECM and TCM (Transmission control module).

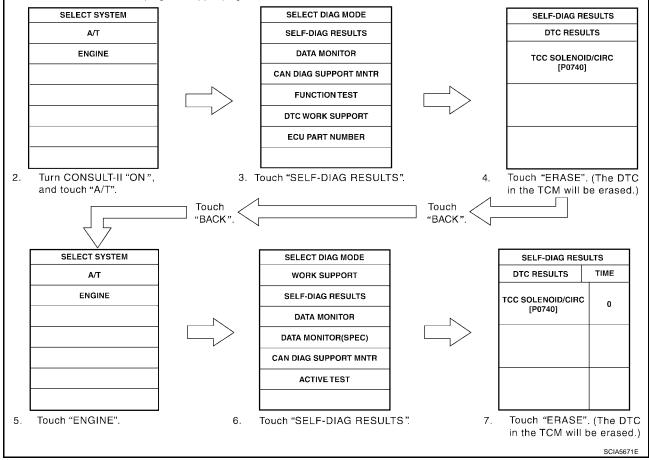
NOTE:

If the DTC is not for A/T related items (see EC-8), skip steps 2 through 4.

- 1. If the ignition switch stays ON after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch OFF once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it ON (engine stopped) again.
- 2. Turn CONSULT-II ON and touch "A/T".
- 3. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
- 4. Touch "ERASE". [The DTC in the TCM (Transmission control module) will be erased.] Then touch "BACK" twice.
- 5. Touch "ENGINE".
- 6. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
- 7. Touch "ERASE". (The DTC in the ECM will be erased.)

How to erase DTC (With CONSULT-II)

1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.



(a) With GST

The emission related diagnostic information in the ECM can be erased by selecting Service \$04 with GST. **NOTE:**

If the DTC is not for A/T related items (see <u>EC-8</u>), skip step 2.

1. If the ignition switch stays ON after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch OFF once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it ON (engine stopped) again.

- 2. Perform AT-42, "HOW TO ERASE DTC (WITH GST)" . (The DTC in TCM will be erased.) А 3. Select Service \$04 with GST (Generic Scan Tool). No Tools NOTE: EC If the DTC is not for A/T related items (see EC-8), skip step 2. 1. If the ignition switch stays ON after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch OFF once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it ON (engine stopped) again. Perform AT-43, "HOW TO ERASE DTC (NO TOOLS)". (The DTC in TCM will be erased.) 2. Change the diagnostic test mode from Mode II to Mode I by depressing the accelerator pedal. Refer to 3. EC-62, "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE" . If the battery is disconnected, the emission-related diagnostic information will be lost within 24 hours. The following data are cleared when the ECM memory is erased. Е Diagnostic trouble codes 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes Freeze frame data F 1st trip freeze frame data System readiness test (SRT) codes Test values Actual work procedures are explained using a DTC as an example. Be careful so that not only the DTC, but all of the data listed above, are cleared from the ECM memory during work procedures. Н Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) UBS00K3T DESCRIPTION The MIL is located on the instrument panel. The MIL will light up when the ignition switch is turned ON with-1. out the engine running. This is a bulb check. If the MIL does not light up, refer to DI-33, "WARNING LAMPS", SERV or see EC-673. 2. When the engine is started, the MIL should go off.
 - If the MIL remains on, the on board diagnostic system has detected an engine system malfunction.



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ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM FUNCTION

The on board diagnostic system has the following three functions.

Diagnostic Test Mode	KEY and ENG. Status	Function	Explanation of Function
Mode I	Ignition switch in ON position	BULB CHECK	This function checks the MIL bulb for damage (blown, open circuit, etc.). If the MIL does not come on, check MIL circuit.
	Engine running	MALFUNCTION WARNING	 This is a usual driving condition. When a malfunction is detected twice in two consecutive driving cycles (two trip detection logic), the MIL will light up to inform the driver that a malfunction has been detected. The following malfunctions will light up or blink the MIL in the 1st trip. Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage) One trip detection diagnoses
Mode II	Ignition switch in ON position	SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS	This function allows DTCs and 1st trip DTCs to be read.

When there is an open circuit on MIL circuit, the ECM cannot warn the driver by lighting up MIL when there is malfunction on engine control system.

Therefore, when electrical controlled throttle and part of ECM related diagnoses are continuously detected as NG for 5 trips, ECM warns the driver that engine control system malfunctions and MIL circuit is open by means of operating fail-safe function.

The fail-safe function also operates when above diagnoses except MIL circuit are detected and demands the driver to repair the malfunction.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode E	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,500 rpm due to the fuel cut
--	--

MIL Flashing Without DTC

When any SRT codes are not set, MIL may flash without DTC. For the details, refer to $\underline{\text{EC-55}}$, "How to Display <u>SRT Status</u>".

HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE

NOTE:

- It is better to count the time accurately with a clock.
- It is impossible to switch the diagnostic mode when an accelerator pedal position sensor circuit has a malfunction.
- Always ECM returns to Diagnostic Test Mode I after ignition switch is turned OFF.

How to Set Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)

- 1. Confirm that accelerator pedal is fully released, turn ignition switch ON and wait 3 seconds.
- 2. Repeat the following procedure quickly five times within 5 seconds.
- a. Fully depress the accelerator pedal.
- b. Fully release the accelerator pedal.
- 3. Wait 7 seconds, fully depress the accelerator pedal and keep it for approx. 10 seconds until the MIL starts blinking.

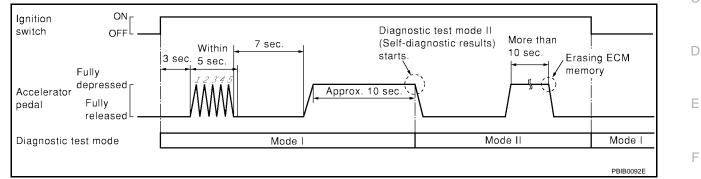
NOTE:

Do not release the accelerator pedal for 10 seconds if MIL may start blinking on the halfway of this 10 seconds. This blinking is displaying SRT status and is continued for another 10 seconds. For the details, refer to <u>EC-56, "How to Set SRT Code"</u>.

4. Fully release the accelerator pedal. ECM has entered to Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results).

NOTE:

Wait until the same DTC (or 1st trip DTC) appears to confirm all DTCs certainly.



How to Erase Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)

- Set ECM in Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). Refer to <u>EC-62, "How to Set Diagnostic Test</u> OMOde II (Self-diagnostic Results)".
- Fully depress the accelerator pedal and keep it for more than 10 seconds. The emission-related diagnostic information has been erased from the backup memory in the ECM.
- 3. Fully release the accelerator pedal, and confirm the DTC 0000 is displayed.

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I — BULB CHECK

In this mode, the MIL on the instrument panel should stay ON. If it remains OFF, check the bulb. Refer to <u>DI-</u> <u>33, "WARNING LAMPS"</u> or see <u>EC-673</u>.

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I — MALFUNCTION WARNING

MIL	Condition	
ON	When the malfunction is detected.	
OFF	No malfunction.	K

This DTC number is clarified in Diagnostic Test Mode II (SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS)

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II — SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS

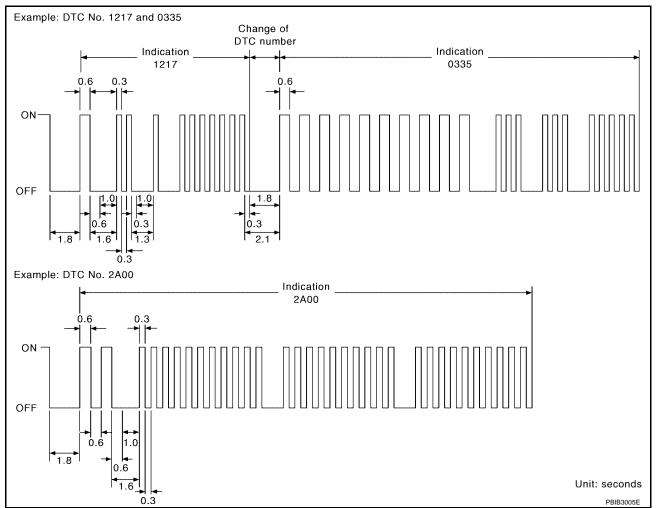
In this mode, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are indicated by the number of blinks of the MIL as shown below. The DTC and 1st trip DTC are displayed at the same time. If the MIL does not illuminate in diagnostic test mode I (Malfunction warning), all displayed items are 1st trip DTCs. If only one code is displayed when the MIL illuminates in diagnostic test mode II (SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS), it is a DTC; if two or more codes are displayed, they may be either DTCs or 1st trip DTCs. DTC No. is same as that of 1st trip DTC. These uniden-

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tified codes can be identified by using the CONSULT-II or GST. A DTC will be used as an example for how to read a code.



A particular trouble code can be identified by the number of four-digit numeral flashes. The "zero" is indicated by the number of ten flashes. The "A" is indicated by the number of eleven flash. The length of time the 1,000th-digit numeral flashes on and off is 1.2 seconds consisting of an ON (0.6-second) - OFF (0.6-second) cycle.

The 100th-digit numeral and lower digit numerals consist of a 0.3-second ON and 0.3-second OFF cycle. A change from one digit numeral to another occurs at an interval of 1.0-second OFF. In other words, the later numeral appears on the display 1.3 seconds after the former numeral has disappeared.

A change from one trouble code to another occurs at an interval of 1.8-second OFF.

In this way, all the detected malfunctions are classified by their DTC numbers. The DTC 0000 refers to no malfunction. (See <u>EC-8, "INDEX FOR DTC"</u>)

How to Erase Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)

The DTC can be erased from the back up memory in the ECM by depressing accelerator pedal. Refer to <u>EC-</u> <u>62, "How to Set Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)"</u>.

- If the battery is disconnected, the DTC will be lost from the backup memory within 24 hours.
- Be careful not to erase the stored memory before starting trouble diagnoses.

OBD System Operation Chart RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, 1ST TRIP DTC, DTC, AND DETECTABLE ITEMS

UBS00K3U

- When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory.
- When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL will come on. For details, refer to <u>EC-47</u>, "Two Trip Detection <u>Logic</u>".

- The MIL will go off after the vehicle is driven 3 times with no malfunction. The drive is counted only when the recorded driving pattern is met (as stored in the ECM). If another malfunction occurs while counting, the counter will reset.
- The DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 40 times (driving pattern A) without the same malfunction recurring (except for Misfire and Fuel Injection System). For Misfire and Fuel Injection System, the DTC and freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 80 times (driving pattern C) without the same malfunction recurring. The "TIME" in "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS" mode of CONSULT-II will count the number of times the vehicle is driven.
- The 1st trip DTC is not displayed when the self-diagnosis results in OK for the 2nd trip.

SUMMARY CHART

Items	Fuel Injection System	Misfire	Other	[
MIL (goes off)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)	
DTC, Freeze Frame Data (no display)	80 (pattern C)	80 (pattern C)	40 (pattern A)	E
1st Trip DTC (clear)	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern B)	
1st Trip Freeze Frame Data (clear)	*1, *2	*1, *2	1 (pattern B)	F

For details about patterns B and C under "Fuel Injection System" and "Misfire", see EC-67.

For details about patterns A and B under Other, see $\underline{\text{EC-69}}$.

*1: Clear timing is at the moment OK is detected.

*2: Clear timing is when the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip.

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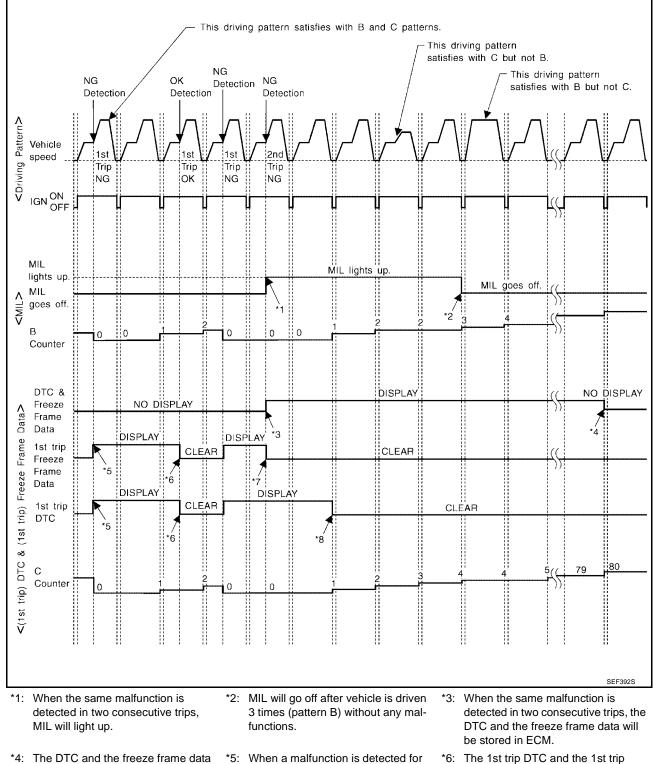
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RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE "<EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>, "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



*6: The 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared at the moment OK is detected.

Revision: September 2005

remain in ECM.)

*7: When the same malfunction is

will not be displayed any longer after

vehicle is driven 80 times (pattern C)

without the same malfunction. (The

DTC and the freeze frame data still

detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip

freeze frame data will be cleared.



*8: 1st trip DTC will be cleared when

DTC is stored in ECM.

vehicle is driven once (pattern C)

without the same malfunction after

the first time, the 1st trip DTC and

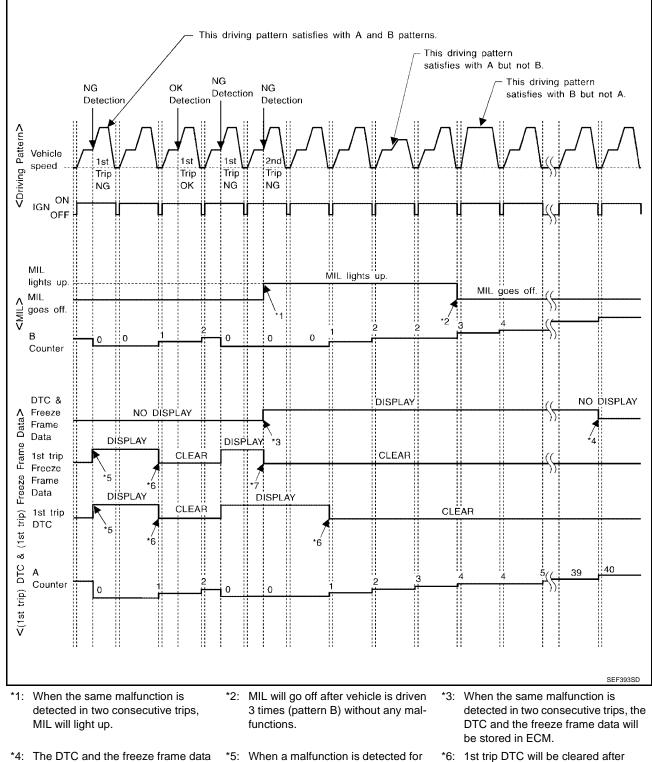
stored in ECM.

the 1st trip freeze frame data will be

EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE < EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORA-	
TION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"	А
<driving b="" pattern=""></driving>	
Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows: All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.	EC
• The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.	
 The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunction. 	С
 The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3. (*2 in "OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART") 	0
<driving c="" pattern=""></driving>	
Driving pattern C means the vehicle operation as follows: The following conditions should be satisfied at the same time: Engine speed: (Engine speed in the freeze frame data) ±375 rpm Calculated load value: (Calculated load value in the freeze frame data) x (1±0.1) [%]	D
Engine coolant temperature (T) condition:	E
 When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70°C (158°F), T should be lower than 70°C (158°F). 	
 When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F), T should be higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F). 	F
Example:	
If the stored freeze frame data is as follows: Engine speed: 850 rpm, Calculated load value: 30%, Engine coolant temperature: 80°C (176°F) To be satisfied with driving pattern C, the vehicle should run under the following conditions: Engine speed: 475 - 1,225 rpm, Calculated load value: 27 - 33%, Engine coolant temperature: more than 70°C	G
(158°F)	Н
• The C counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of vehicle conditions above.	
 The C counter will be counted up when vehicle conditions above is satisfied without the same malfunction. The DTC will not be displayed after C counter reaches 80. 	I
• The 1st trip DTC will be cleared when C counter is counted once without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.	
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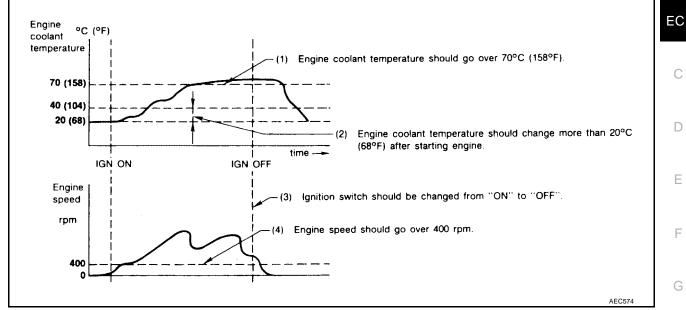
RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS <u>EXCEPT</u> FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



- 4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 40 times (pattern A) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
- *7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.
- *5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *6: 1st trip DTC will be cleared after vehicle is driven once (pattern B) without the same malfunction.

EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS <u>EXCEPT</u> FOR "MISFIRE < EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

<Driving Pattern A>



- The A counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of (1) (4).
- The A counter will be counted up when (1) (4) are satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after the A counter reaches 40.

<Driving Pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

- All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.
- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunctions.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3 (*2 in OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART).

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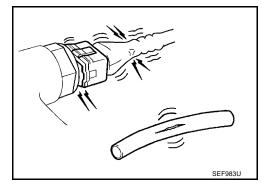
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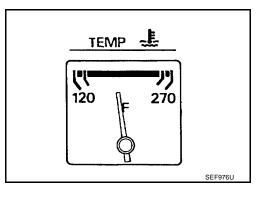
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BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

Basic Inspection

- 1. INSPECTION START
- 1. Check service records for any recent repairs that may indicate a related malfunction, or a current need for scheduled maintenance.
- 2. Open engine hood and check the following:
- Harness connectors for improper connections
- Wiring harness for improper connections, pinches and cut
- Vacuum hoses for splits, kinks and improper connections
- Hoses and ducts for leaks
- Air cleaner clogging
- Gasket
- 3. Confirm that electrical or mechanical loads are not applied.
- Headlamp switch is OFF.
- Air conditioner switch is OFF.
- Rear window defogger switch is OFF.
- Steering wheel is in the straight-ahead position, etc.
- Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points the middle of gauge. Ensure engine stays below 1,000 rpm.

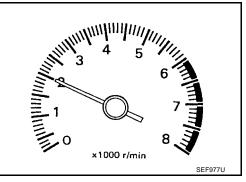




- 5. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
- 6. Make sure that no DTC is displayed with CONSULT-II or GST.

OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 3.
NG	>> GO TO 2.



2. REPAIR OR REPLACE

Repair or replace components as necessary according to corresponding Diagnostic Procedure.

>> GO TO 3.

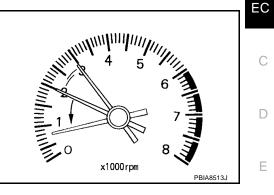
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3. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
- 2. Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no load, then run engine at idle speed for about 1 minute.



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3. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. Refer to <u>EC-75, "IDLE SPEED"</u>.

625 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)

DATA MO	DNITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	1
		SEF058Y

Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
- Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no load, then run engine at idle speed for about 1 minute.
- 3. Check idle speed. Refer to EC-75, "IDLE SPEED" .

625 \pm 50 rpm (in P or N position)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .

>> GO TO 5.

5. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .

>> GO TO 6.

6. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

Refer to EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 7.

No >> 1. Follow the instruction of Idle Air Volume Learning. 2. GO TO 4.

7. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED AGAIN

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. Refer to <u>EC-75, "IDLE SPEED"</u>.

625 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)

Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check idle speed. Refer to <u>EC-75, "IDLE SPEED"</u>.

625 \pm 50 rpm (in P or N position)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 8.

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. Refer to <u>EC-366</u>.
- Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. Refer to EC-359.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> 1. Repair or replace.

- - 2. GO TO 4.

9. CHECK ECM FUNCTION

- 1. Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an incident, but this is a rare case.)
- 2. Perform initialization of NVIS (NATS) system and registration of all NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-100, "NVIS(NISSAN Vehicle Immobilizer System-NATS)"</u>.

>> GO TO 4.

DATA MON	DATA MONITOR		
MONITOR	NO DTC		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm		
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX .C		
		SEF174Y	

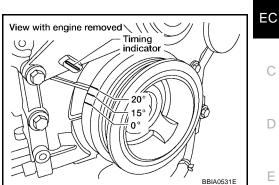
10. CHECK IGNITION TIMING

- 1. Run engine at idle.
- Check ignition timing with a timing light. Refer to <u>EC-75, "IGNITION TIMING"</u>.

15 \pm 5° BTDC (in P or N position)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 19. NG >> GO TO 11.



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11. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING	
1. Stop engine.	F
2. Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .	
>> GO TO 12.	G
12. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING	Н
Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .	
>> GO TO 13.	I
13. perform idle air volume learning	
Refer to <u>EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> . Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?	J
<u>Yes or No</u> Yes >> GO TO 14.	K
No >> 1. Follow the instruction of Idle Air Volume Learning. 2. GO TO 4.	I
14. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED AGAIN	

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. Refer to <u>EC-75, "IDLE SPEED"</u>.

625 \pm 50 rpm (in P or N position)

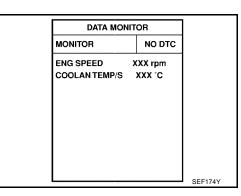
Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check idle speed. Refer to EC-75, "IDLE SPEED" .

625± 50 rpm (in P or N position)

OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 15.
NG	>> GO TO 17.



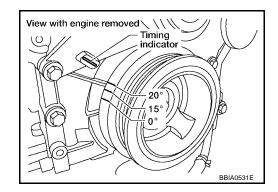
15. CHECK IGNITION TIMING AGAIN

- 1. Run engine at idle.
- 2. Check ignition timing with a timing light. Refer to <u>EC-75, "IGNITION TIMING"</u>.

15 \pm 5° BTDC (in P or N position)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 19. NG >> GO TO 16.



16. CHECK TIMING CHAIN INSTALLATION

Check timing chain installation. Refer to EM-55, "TIMING CHAIN" .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 17.
- NG >> 1. Repair the timing chain installation.
 - 2. GO TO 4.

17. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. Refer to <u>EC-366</u>.
- Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. Refer to EC-359.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18.

- NG >> 1. Repair or replace.
 - 2. GO TO 4.

18. CHECK ECM FUNCTION

- 1. Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an incident, but this is a rare case.)
- 2. Perform initialization of NVIS (NATS) system and registration of all NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-100, "NVIS(NISSAN Vehicle Immobilizer System-NATS)"</u>.

>> GO TO 4.

19. INSPECTION END

Did you replace the ECM, referring this Basic Inspection Procedure? Yes or No

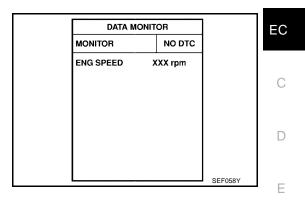
Yes >> 1. Perform <u>EC-76, "VIN Registration"</u>.

- 2. INSPECTION END
- No >> INSPECTION END

Idle Speed and Ignition Timing Check

With CONSULT-II

Check idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.



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With GST

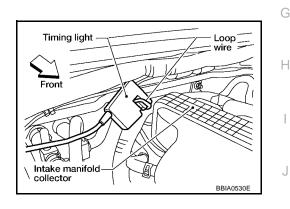
Check idle speed with GST.

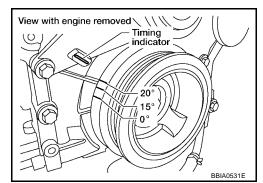
IGNITION TIMING

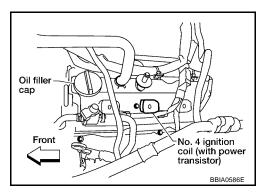
Any of following two methods may be used.

Method A

1. Attach timing light to loop wire as shown.





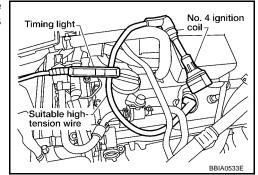


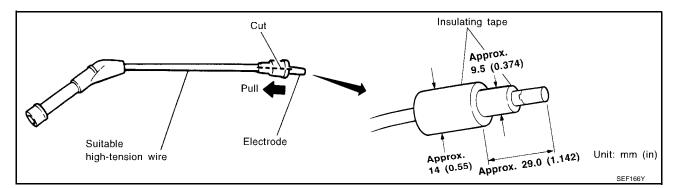
2. Check ignition timing.

Method B

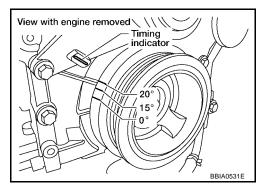
1. Remove No. 4 ignition coil.

2. Connect No. 4 ignition coil and No. 4 spark plug with suitable high-tension wire as shown, and attach timing light clamp to this wire.





3. Check ignition timing.



VIN Registration DESCRIPTION

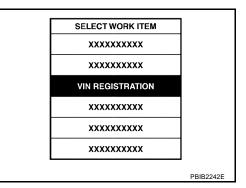
VIN Registration is an operation to registering VIN in ECM. It must be performed each time ECM is replaced. **NOTE:**

Accurate VIN which is registered in ECM may be required for Inspection & Maintenance (I/M).

OPERATION PROCEDURE

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Check the VIN of the vehicle and note it. Refer to GI-48, "IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION" .
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON and engine stopped.
- 3. Select "VIN REGISTRATION" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode.
- 4. Follow the instruction of CONSULT-II display.



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Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning DESCRIPTION

Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning is an operation to learn the fully released position of the accelerator pedal by monitoring the accelerator pedal position sensor output signal. It must be performed each time harness connector of accelerator pedal position sensor or ECM is disconnected.

OPERATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Make sure that accelerator pedal is fully released.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning DESCRIPTION

Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning is an operation to learn the fully closed position of the throttle valve by monitoring the throttle position sensor output signal. It must be performed each time harness connector of electric throttle control actuator or ECM is disconnected.

OPERATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Make sure that accelerator pedal is fully released.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds. Make sure that throttle valve moves during above 10 seconds by confirming the operating sound.

Idle Air Volume Learning DESCRIPTION

Idle Air Volume Learning is an operation to learn the idle air volume that keeps each engine within the specific range. It must be performed under any of the following conditions:

- Each time electric throttle control actuator or ECM is replaced.
- Idle speed or ignition timing is out of specification.

PREPARATION

Before performing Idle Air Volume Learning, make sure that all of the following conditions are satisfied. Learning will be cancelled if any of the following conditions are missed for even a moment.

- Battery voltage: More than 12.9V (At idle)
- Engine coolant temperature: 70 100°C (158 212°F)
- PNP switch: ON
- Electric load switch: OFF

 (Air conditioner, headlamp, rear window defogger)
 On vehicles equipped with daytime light systems, if the parking brake is applied before the engine
 M is started the headlamp will not be illuminated.
- Steering wheel: Neutral (Straight-ahead position)
- Vehicle speed: Stopped
- Transmission: Warmed-up
- With CONSULT-II: Drive vehicle until "ATF TEMP SE" in "DATA MONITOR" mode of "A/T" system indicates less than 0.9V.
- Without CONSULT-II: Drive vehicle for 10 minutes.

OPERATION PROCEDURE

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 2. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4. Check that all items listed under the topic PREPARATION (previously mentioned) are in good order.

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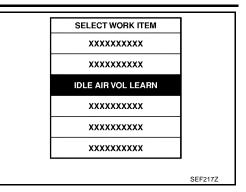
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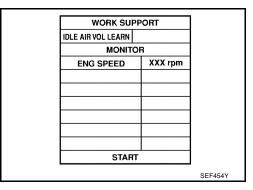
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BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

5. Select "IDLE AIR VOL LEARN" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode.





6. Touch "START" and wait 20 seconds.

- 7. Make sure that "CMPLT" is displayed on CONSULT-II screen. If "CMPLT" is not displayed, Idle Air Volume Learning will not be carried out successfully. In this case, find the cause of the incident by referring to the Diagnostic Procedure below.
- 8. Rev up the engine two or three times and make sure that idle speed and ignition timing are within the specifications.

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Idle speed	625 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)
Ignition timing	$15 \pm 5^{\circ}$ BTDC (in P or N position)

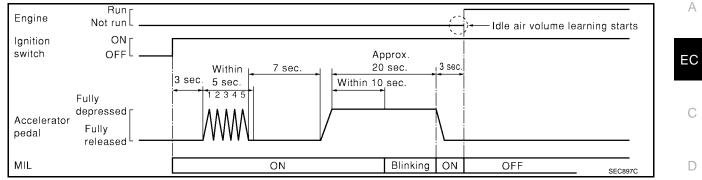
Without CONSULT-II

NOTE:

- It is better to count the time accurately with a clock.
- It is impossible to switch the diagnostic mode when an accelerator pedal position sensor circuit has a malfunction.
- 1. Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 2. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4. Check that all items listed under the topic PREPARATION (previously mentioned) are in good order.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6. Confirm that accelerator pedal is fully released, then turn ignition switch ON and wait 3 seconds.
- 7. Repeat the following procedure quickly five times within 5 seconds.
- a. Fully depress the accelerator pedal.
- b. Fully release the accelerator pedal.
- 8. Wait 7 seconds, fully depress the accelerator pedal and keep it for approx. 20 seconds until the MIL stops blinking and turned ON.
- 9. Fully release the accelerator pedal within 3 seconds after the MIL turned ON.
- 10. Start engine and let it idle.

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

11. Wait 20 seconds.



12. Rev up the engine two or three times and make sure that idle speed and ignition timing are within the specifications.

ITEM	SPECIFICATION	
Idle speed	625 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)	
Ignition timing	$15 \pm 5^{\circ}$ BTDC (in P or N position)	

13. If idle speed and ignition timing are not within the specification, Idle Air Volume Learning will not be carried out successfully. In this case, find the cause of the incident by referring to the DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE below.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

If idle air volume learning cannot be performed successfully, proceed as follows:

- 1. Check that throttle valve is fully closed.
- 2. Check PCV valve operation.
- 3. Check that downstream of throttle valve is free from air leakage.
- When the above three items check out OK, engine component parts and their installation condition are questionable. Check and eliminate the cause of the incident. It is useful to perform <u>EC-134</u>, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE".
- 5. If any of the following conditions occur after the engine has started, eliminate the cause of the incident and perform Idle Air Volume Learning all over again:
 - Engine stalls.
 - Erroneous idle.

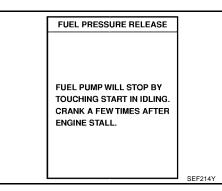
Fuel Pressure Check FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE

(I) With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.

 Perform "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

- 3. Start engine.
- 4. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF.



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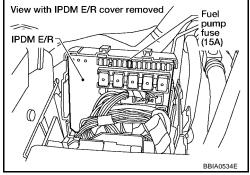
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Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Remove fuel pump fuse located in IPDM E/R.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 4. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 5. Reinstall fuel pump fuse after servicing fuel system.



FUEL PRESSURE CHECK

CAUTION:

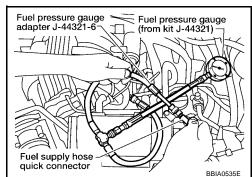
Be careful not to scratch or get the fuel hose connection area dirty when servicing, so that the quick connector o-ring maintains sealability.

NOTE:

- Prepare pans or saucers under the disconnected fuel line because the fuel may spill out. The fuel pressure cannot be completely released because R51 models do not have fuel return system.
- Use Fuel Pressure Gauge Kit J-44321 and Fuel Pressure Adapter J-44321-6 to check fuel pressure.
- 1. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-79, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" .
- 2. Remove fuel hose using Quick Connector Release J-45488. Refer to EM-20, "INTAKE MANIFOLD" .
 - Do not twist or kink fuel hose because it is plastic hose.
 - Do not remove fuel hose from quick connector.
 - Keep fuel hose connections clean.
- 3. Install Fuel Pressure Adapter J-44321-6 and Fuel Pressure Gauge (from kit J-44321) as shown in figure.
 - Do not distort or bend fuel rail tube when installing fuel pressure gauge adapter.
 - When reconnecting fuel hose, check the original fuel hose for damage and abnormality.
- Turn ignition switch ON (reactivate fuel pump), and check for fuel leakage.
- 5. Start engine and check for fuel leakage.
- 6. Read the indication of fuel pressure gauge.
 - During fuel pressure check, check for fuel leakage from fuel connection every 3 minutes.

At idling: Approximately 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm², 51 psi)

- 7. If result is unsatisfactory, go to next step.
- 8. Check the following.
 - Fuel hoses and fuel tubes for clogging
 - Fuel filter for clogging
 - Fuel pump
 - Fuel pressure regulator for clogging
 - If OK, replace fuel pressure regulator.
 - If NG, repair or replace.
- Before disconnecting Fuel Pressure Gauge and Fuel Pressure Adapter J-44321-6, release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to <u>EC-79, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u>.



Trouble Diagnosis Introduction INTRODUCTION

The engine has an ECM to control major systems such as fuel control, ignition control, idle air control system, etc. The ECM accepts input signals from sensors and instantly drives actuators. It is essential that both input and output signals are proper and stable. At the same time, it is important that there are no malfunctions such as vacuum leaks, fouled spark plugs, or other malfunctions with the engine.

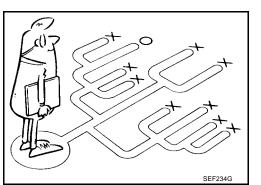
It is much more difficult to diagnose an incident that occurs intermittently rather than continuously. Most intermittent incidents are caused by poor electric connections or improper wiring. In this case, careful checking of suspected circuits may help prevent the replacement of good parts.

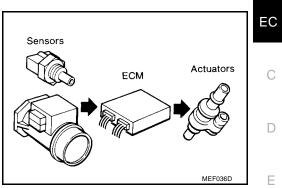
A visual check only may not find the cause of the incidents. A road test with CONSULT-II (or GST) or a circuit tester connected should be performed. Follow the Work Flow on EC-82.

Before undertaking actual checks, take a few minutes to talk with a customer who approaches with a driveability complaint. The customer can supply good information about such incidents, especially intermittent ones. Find out what symptoms are present and under what conditions they occur. A Diagnostic Worksheet like the example on EC-86 should be used.

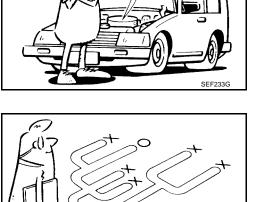
Start your diagnosis by looking for conventional malfunctions first. This will help troubleshoot driveability malfunctions on an electronically controlled engine vehicle.

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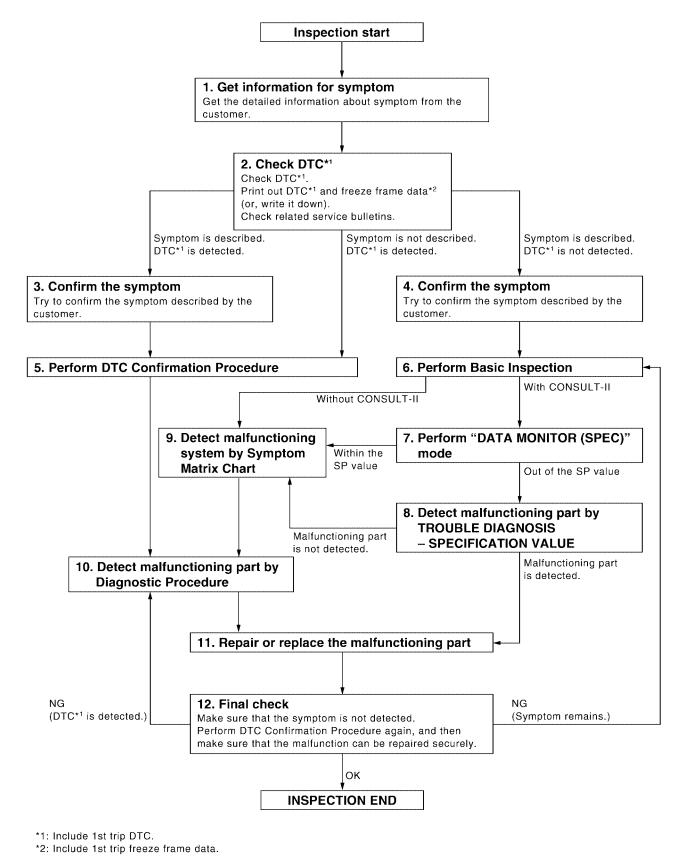
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WORK FLOW Overall Sequence



Detailed F	low
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1. GET INFORMATION FOR SYMPTOM

Get the detailed information from the customer about the symptom (the condition and the environment when the incident/malfunction occurred) using the <u>EC-85, "DIAGNOSTIC WORKSHEET"</u>.

>>	GO	ТΟ	2
----	----	----	---

2. снеск dtc*¹

Ζ.	CHECK DTC*'	
1.	Check DTC* ¹ .	D
2.	Perform the following procedure if DTC ^{*1} is displayed.	
_	Record DTC ^{*1} and freeze frame data ^{*2} . (Print them out with CONSULT-II or GST.)	Е
-	Erase DTC* ¹ . (Refer to <u>EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u> .)	
-	Study the relationship between the cause detected by DTC^{*1} and the symptom described by the customer. (Symptom Matrix Chart is useful. Refer to <u>EC-90</u> .)	F
3.	Check related service bulletins for information.	
ls a	iny symptom described and any DTC detected?	G
Sy	/mptom is described, DTC ^{*1} is displayed>>GO TO 3.	
S	/mptom is described, DTC ^{*1} is not displayed>>GO TO 4.	
Sy	/mptom is not described, DTC* ¹ is displayed>>GO TO 5.	Η
3.	CONFIRM THE SYMPTOM	
Try	to confirm the symptom described by the customer (except MIL ON).	
	GNOSIS WORK SHEET is useful to verify the incident.	
	nnect CONSULT-II to the vehicle in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode and check real time diagnosis ults.	J
	ify relation between the symptom and the condition when the symptom is detected.	
	>> GO TO 5.	Κ

4. CONFIRM THE SYMPTOM

Try to confirm the symptom described by the customer.

DIAGNOSIS WORK SHEET is useful to verify the incident.

Connect CONSULT-II to the vehicle in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode and check real time diagnosis results.

Verify relation between the symptom and the condition when the symptom is detected.

>> GO TO 6.

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5. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure for the displayed DTC^{*1} , and then make sure that DTC^{*1} is detected again.

At this time, always connect CONSULT-II to the vehicle, and check diagnostic results in real time on "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)".

If two or more DTCs^{*1} are detected, refer to <u>EC-87, "DTC Inspection Priority Chart"</u> and determine trouble diagnosis order.

NOTE:

- Freeze frame data^{*2} is useful if the DTC^{*1} is not detected.
- Perform Overall Function Check if DTC Confirmation Procedure is not included on Service Manual. This simplified check procedure is an effective alternative though DTC^{*1} cannot be detected during this check.

If the result of Overall Function Check is NG, it is the same as the detection of DTC^{*1} by DTC Confirmation Procedure.

Is DTC*1 detected?

Yes >> GO TO 10.

No >> Check according to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

6. PERFORM BASIC INSPECTION

Perform EC-70, "Basic Inspection" .

With CONSULT-II>>GO TO 7. Without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 9.

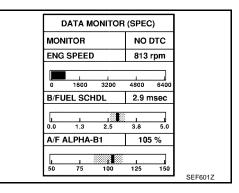
/. PERFORM DATA MONITOR (SPEC) MODE

With CONSULT-II

Make sure that "MAS A/F SE-B1", "B/FUEL SCHDL", and "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" are within the SP value using CON-SULT-II "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode. Refer to <u>EC-135, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

Are they within the SP value?

Yes >> GO TO 9. No >> GO TO 8.



8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART BY TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE

Detect malfunctioning part according to <u>EC-134, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE"</u>. Is malfunctioning part detected?

Yes >> GO TO 11. No >> GO TO 9.

9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING SYSTEM BY SYMPTOM MATRIX CHART

Detect malfunctioning system according to <u>EC-90, "Symptom Matrix Chart"</u> based on the confirmed symptom in step 4, and determine the trouble diagnosis order based on possible causes and symptom.

>> GO TO 10.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS
10. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART BY DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE
Inspect according to Diagnostic Procedure of the system.
NOTE: The Diagnostic Procedure in EC section described based on open circuit inspection. A short circuit inspection is also required for the circuit check in the Diagnostic Procedure. For details, refer to Circuit Inspection in <u>GI-</u> 27, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident".
Is malfunctioning part detected?
Yes >> GO TO 11. No >> Monitor input data from related sensors or check voltage of related ECM terminals using CON- SULT-II. Refer to <u>EC-128, "CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor"</u> , <u>EC-104, "ECM Termi- nals and Reference Value"</u> .
11. REPAIR OR REPLACE THE MALFUNCTIONING PART
1. Repair or replace the malfunctioning part.
2. Reconnect parts or connectors disconnected during Diagnostic Procedure again after repair and replace- ment.
 Check DTC. If DTC is displayed, erase it, refer to <u>EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAG-NOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
>> GO TO 12.
12. FINAL CHECK
When DTC was detected in step 2, perform DTC Confirmation Procedure or Overall Function Check again, and then make sure that the malfunction have been repaired securely. When symptom was described from the customer, refer to confirmed symptom in step 3 or 4, and make sure that the symptom is not detected.
<u>OK or NG</u>
NG (DTC* ¹ is detected)>>GO TO 10. NG (Symptom remains)>>GO TO 6. OK >> 1. Before returning the vehicle to the customer, make sure to erase unnecessary DTC* ¹ in ECM and TCM (Transmission Control Module). (Refer to <u>EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION- RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u> and <u>AT-41, "HOW TO ERASE DTC"</u> .)
 If the completion of SRT is needed, drive vehicle under the specific driving pattern. Refer to <u>EC-57, "Driving Pattern"</u>.
3. INSPECTION END
*1: Include 1st trip DTC.

*2: Include 1st trip freeze frame data.

DIAGNOSTIC WORKSHEET

Description

There are many operating conditions that lead to the malfunction of engine components. A good grasp of such conditions can make troubleshooting faster and more accurate.

In general, each customer feels differently about a incident. It is important to fully understand the symptoms or conditions for a customer complaint.

Utilize a diagnostic worksheet like the one on the next page in order to organize all the information for troubleshooting.

Some conditions may cause the MIL to come on steady or blink and DTC to be detected. Examples:

- Vehicle ran out of fuel, which caused the engine to misfire.
- Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on, allowing fuel to evaporate into the atmosphere.



- WHAT Vehicle & engine model WHEN Date, Frequencies WHERE..... Road conditions
- HOW Operating conditions, Weather conditions, Symptoms

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Worksheet Sample

Customer nar	me MR/MS	Model & Year	VIN
Engine # Trans. Mileage		Mileage	
Incident Date		Manuf. Date	In Service Date
Fuel and fuel	filler cap	 Vehicle ran out of fuel causing misfire Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly 	y screwed on.
	Startability	Impossible to start No combustion Partial combustion Partial combustion affected by throttle position Partial combustion NOT affected by throttle position Possible but hard to start Others [
Symptoms	[] Idling	□ No fast idle □ Unstable □ H □ Others [High idle 🔲 Low idle]
Stumble 🛛 Surge	🗋 Intake backfire 📋 Exhaust backfi		
Image: Stall Image: At the time of start Image: While idling Image: Stall Image: While accelerating Image: While decelerating Image: Stall Image: While accelerating Image: While decelerating Image: Stall Image: Stall Image: Stall Image: Stall Image: Stall Image: Stall Image: Stall Image: Stall Image: Stall Image: Stall <t< td=""><td>lerating</td></t<>		lerating	
Incident occu	rrence	Just after delivery In the morning At night] In the daytime
Frequency		All the time Under certain cond	ditions 🔲 Sometimes
Weather cond	ditions	Not affected	
	Weather	Fine Raining Snowing	Others []
Temperature 🗌 Hot 🗌		Hot Warm Cool] Cold 🔲 Humid 'F
Engine condi	Engine conditions		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Road conditions		nhway 🔲 Off road (up/down)	
Driving condi	tions	Image: Not affected Image: At starting Image: At starting	
Malfunction in	Malfunction indicator lamp		

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DTC Inspection Priority Chart

If some DTCs are displayed at the same time, perform inspections one by one based on the following priority chart.

NOTE:

- If DTC U1000 and/or U1001 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-153, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"</u>.
- If dtc U1010 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to <u>EC-156, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION"</u>.

Priority	Detected items (DTC)	
1	U1000 U1001 CAN communication line	
	P0101 P0102 P0103 Mass air flow sensor	
	P0112 P0113 P0127 Intake air temperature sensor	
	 P0117 P0118 P0125 Engine coolant temperature sensor 	
	 P0122 P0123 P0222 P0223 P1225 P1226 P2135 Throttle position sensor 	
	P0128 Thermostat function	
	P0181 P0182 P0183 Fuel tank temperature sensor	
	 P0327 P0328 P0332 P0333 Knock sensor 	
	 P0335 Crankshaft position sensor (POS) 	
	 P0340 P0345 Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) 	
	 P0460 P0461 P0462 P0463 Fuel level sensor 	
	P0500 Vehicle speed sensor	
	• P0605 ECM	
	P0643 Sensor power supply	
	• P0700 TCM	
	 P0705 P0850 Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch 	
	 P1550 P1551 P1552 P1553 P1554 Battery current sensor 	
	• P1610 - P1615 NATS	
	 P2122 P2123 P2127 P2128 P2138 Accelerator pedal position sensor 	

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Priority	Detected items (DTC)		
2	P0031 P0032 P0051 P0052 Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater		
	P0037 P0038 P0057 P0058 Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater		
	P0075 P0081 Intake valve timing control solenoid valve		
	• P0130 P0131 P0132 P0133 P0150 P0151 P0152 P0153 P2A00 P2A03 Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1		
	 P0137 P0138 P0139 P0157 P0158 P0159 Heated oxygen sensor 2 		
	P0441 EVAP control system purge flow monitoring		
	P0443 P0444 P0445 EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve		
	P0447 P0448 EVAP canister vent control valve		
	P0451 P0452 P0453 EVAP control system pressure sensor		
	P0550 Power steering pressure sensor		
	P0603 ECM power supply		
	 P0710 P0717 P0720 P0740 P0744 P0745 P1730 P1752 P1754 P1757 P1759 P1762 P1764 P1767 P1769 P177 P1774 A/T related sensors, solenoid valves and switches 		
	• P1217 Engine over temperature (OVERHEAT)		
	P1800 VIAS control solenoid valve		
	P1805 Brake switch		
	P2100 P2103 P2118 Electric throttle control actuator		
	P2101 Electric throttle control function		
3	P0011 P0021 Intake valve timing control		
	P0171 P0172 P0174 P0175 Fuel injection system function		
	• P0300 - P0306 Misfire		
	P0420 P0430 Three way catalyst function		
	P0442 P0455 P0456 EVAP control system		
	P0506 P0507 Idle speed control system		
	P1148 P1168 Closed loop control		
	P1211 TCS control unit		
	P1212 TCS communication line		
	P1564 ASCD steering switch		
	P1572 ASCD brake switch		
	P1574 ASCD vehicle speed sensor		
	P2119 Electric throttle control actuator		

Fail-safe Chart

When the DTC listed below is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

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DTC No.	Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	
P0102 P0103	Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.	
P0117 P0118	Engine coolant tempera- ture sensor circuit	Engine coolant temperature will be determined by ECM based on the time after turning ignition switch ON or START. CONSULT-II displays the engine coolant temperature decided by ECM.	
		Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT-II display)
		Just as ignition switch is turned ON or START	40°C (104°F)
		More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or START	80°C (176°F)
		Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)
		When the fail-safe system for engine fan operates while engine is running	e coolant temperature sensor is activated, the cooling J.
P0122 P0123 P0222 P0223 P2135	Throttle position sensor	The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees. The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition. So, the acceleration will be poor.	
P0643	Sensor power supply	ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.	
P2100 P2103	Throttle control motor relay	ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.	
P2101	Electric throttle control function	ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.	
P2118	Throttle control motor	ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.	
P2119	Electric throttle control actuator	(When electric throttle control actuator does not function properly due to the return spring malfunction:) ECM controls the electric throttle actuator by regulating the throttle opening around the idle position. The engine speed will not rise more than 2,000 rpm.	
 (When throttle valve opening angle in fail-safe mode in ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator by redegrees or less. (When ECM detects the throttle valve is stuck open:) While the vehicle is driving, it slows down gradually by the engine stalls. The engine can restart in N or P position, and engine stance. 			
		down gradually by fuel cut. After the vehicle stops,	
P2122 P2123 P2127 P2128 P2138	Accelerator pedal position sensor	The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees. The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition. So, the acceleration will be poor.	

• When there is an open circuit on MIL circuit, the ECM cannot warn the driver by lighting up MIL when there is malfunction on engine control system.

Therefore, when electrical controlled throttle and part of ECM related diagnoses are continuously detected as NG for 5 trips, ECM warns the driver that engine control system malfunctions and MIL circuit is open by means of operating fail-safe function.

The fail-safe function also operates when above diagnoses except MIL circuit are detected and demands the driver to repair the malfunction.

Engine speed will not rise more than 2,500 rpm due to the fuel cut

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

Symptom Matrix Chart SYSTEM — BASIC ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

		SYMPTOM													
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page
Warrant	ty symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA	+
Fuel	Fuel pump circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			3		2	<u>EC-640</u>
	Fuel pressure regulator system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			<u>EC-79</u>
	Fuel injector circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-633
	Evaporative emission system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			<u>EC-32</u>
Air	Positive crankcase ventilation sys- tem	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	1		<u>EC-44</u>
	Incorrect idle speed adjustment						1	1	1	1		1			<u>EC-70</u>
	Electric throttle control actuator	1	1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2		2		2	<u>EC-569,</u> <u>EC-580</u>
Ignition	Incorrect ignition timing adjustment	3	3	1	1	1		1	1			1			<u>EC-70</u>
	Ignition circuit	1	1	2	2	2		2	2			2			<u>EC-646</u>
Power s	supply and ground circuit	2	2	3	3	3		3	3		2	3			<u>EC-145</u>
Mass ai	r flow sensor circuit	1			2										<u>EC-186,</u> <u>EC-195</u>
Engine	coolant temperature sensor circuit						3			3					<u>EC-207,</u> EC-219
Air fuel	ratio (A/F) sensor 1		1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-227 EC-237 EC-246 EC-255 EC-609
Throttle position sensor circuit						-	2			2					EC-212, EC-338, EC-503, EC-505, EC-595
Accelerator pedal position sensor circuit				3	2	1									<u>EC-479,</u> <u>EC-582</u> , <u>EC-588</u> , <u>EC-602</u>
Knock s			2								3			<u>EC-354</u>	
Cranks	naft position sensor (POS) circuit	2	2												<u>EC-359</u>
Camsha	3	2												<u>EC-366</u>	
Vehicle	speed signal circuit		2	3		3						3			<u>EC-461</u>
Power s	steering pressure sensor circuit		2					3	3						<u>EC-467</u>

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UBS00K46

		SYMPTOM												^	
	START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	OW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	S/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	FUEL CONSUMPTION	OIL CONSUMPTION	DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page	A EC C
Warrant (sumptom code	HARD/NO	ENGINE	P HESITATION		A LACK OF PO			IDLING	••	OVERHEATS/WATER	EXCESSIVE	EXCESSIVE	BATTERY		E
Warranty symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA	FO (TO	F
ECM	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			<u>EC-472,</u> <u>EC-476</u>	
Intake valve timing control solenoid valve cir- cuit		3	2		1	3	2	2	3		3			<u>EC-179</u>	G
PNP switch circuit			3		3		3	3			3			<u>EC-485</u>	
VIAS control solenoid valve circuit					1									EC-553	Н
Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit		2				3			3		4			<u>EC-659</u>	11
Electrical load signal circuit							3							EC-631	
Air conditioner circuit	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3		2	<u>ATC-34,</u> <u>MTC-29</u>	
ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)			4											<u>BRC-12,</u> <u>BRC-75</u>	J

1 - 6: The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

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SYSTEM — ENGINE MECHANICAL & OTHER

		SYMPTOM													
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDTE/TOM IDTE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page
Warranty s	ymptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA	
Fuel	Fuel tank	_													<u>FL-11</u>
	Fuel piping Vapor lock	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			<u>FL-5</u> —
	Valve deposit Poor fuel (Heavy weight gaso- line, Low octane)	5		5	5	5		5	5			5			
Air	Air duct														<u>EM-16</u>
	Air cleaner	+													<u>EM-16</u>
	Air leakage from air duct (Mass air flow sensor — electric throttle control actuator) Electric throttle control actuator	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		5			<u>EM-16</u> <u>EM-17</u>
	Air leakage from intake manifold/ Collector/Gasket														<u>EM-17</u> , <u>EM-20</u>
Cranking	Battery Generator circuit	1	1	1		1		1	1					1	<u>SC-4</u> <u>SC-19</u>
	Starter circuit	3	-									1			<u>SC-10</u>
	Signal plate	6	-												<u>EM-107</u>
	PNP switch	4													<u>AT-111</u>
Engine	Cylinder head Cylinder head gasket	5	5	5	5	5		5	5		4	5	3		<u>EM-92</u>
	Cylinder block	-													
	Piston	ł											4		
	Piston ring Connecting rod	6	6	6	6	6		6	6			6			<u>EM-107</u>
	Bearing	+													
	Crankshaft														
Valve	Timing chain														<u>EM-55</u>
mecha-	Camshaft	ł													<u>EM-75</u>
nism	Intake valve timing control	5	5	5	5	5		5	5		ł	5			<u>EM-55</u>
	Intake valve					5		5 5	5			3		<u>EM-92</u>	
	Exhaust valve														

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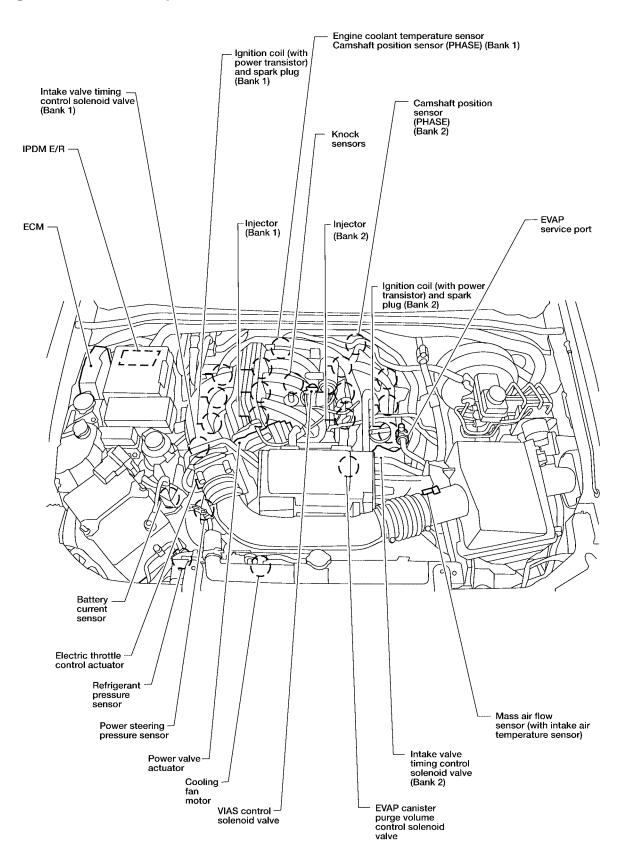
		SYMPTOM													Δ	
		4)				NOI					HIGH					A
		(EXCP. HA)		POT		ELERAT					ATURE	NOL	N	RGE)		EC
				HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	FONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	щ	ING		TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE	FUEL CONSUMPTION	CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page	С
		O START/RESTART	STALL	ION/SURG	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	- POWER/F	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	EATS/WATE		oIL	Y DEAD (UI		D
		HARD/NO	ENGINE STALL	HESITAT	SPARK M	LACK OF	HIGH IDI	ROUGH	IDLING \	SLOW/N	OVERHE	EXCESSIVE	EXCESSIVE	BATTER		Е
Warranty s	symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA		_
Exhaust	Exhaust manifold/Tube/Muffler/ Gasket	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			<u>EM-22, EX-</u> 3	F
	Three way catalyst														2	0
Lubrica- tion	Oil pan/Oil strainer/Oil pump/Oil filter/Oil gallery/Oil cooler	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			<u>EM-27</u> , <u>LU-</u> <u>13</u> , <u>LU-10</u> , <u>LU-11</u>	G
	Oil level (Low)/Filthy oil														<u>LU-7</u>	Н
Cooling	Radiator/Hose/Radiator filler cap														<u>CO-14</u>	
	Thermostat									5					<u>CO-24</u>	1
	Water pump														<u>CO-19</u>	1
	Water gallery	5	5	5	5	5		5	5		4	5			<u>CO-26</u>	
	Cooling fan									5					<u>CO-17</u>	J
	Coolant level (Low)/Contami- nated coolant									5					<u>CO-9</u>	
NVIS (NIS NATS)	SAN Vehicle Immobilizer System —	1	1												<u>EC-46</u> or <u>BL-100</u>	K

1 - 6: The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

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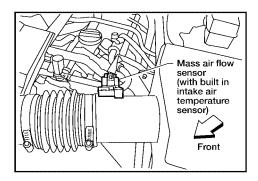
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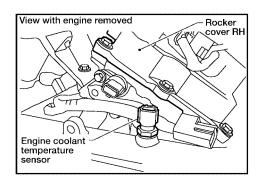
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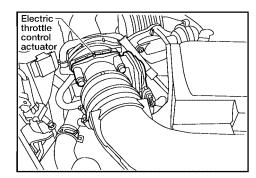


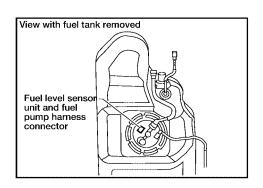
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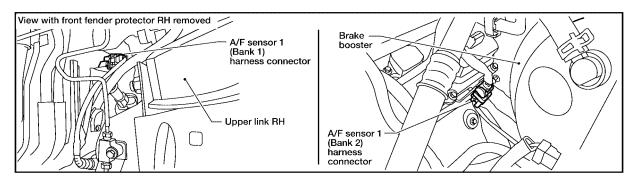
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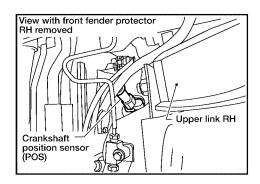


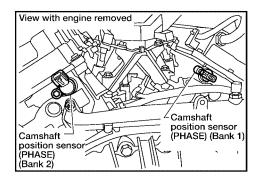












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EC

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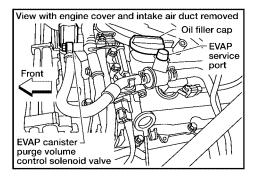
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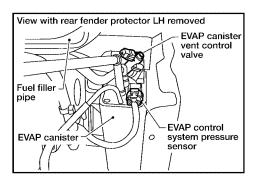
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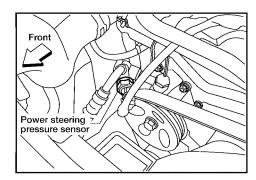
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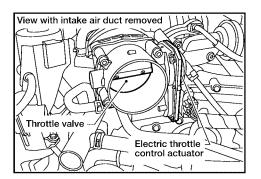
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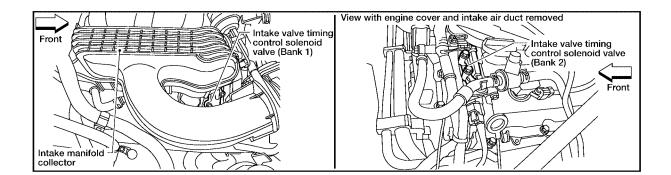
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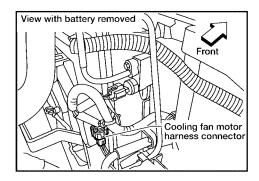


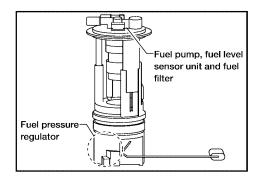




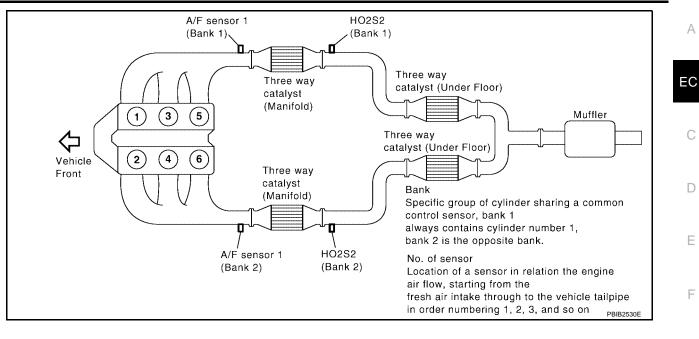








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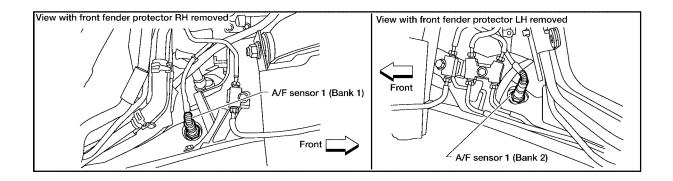
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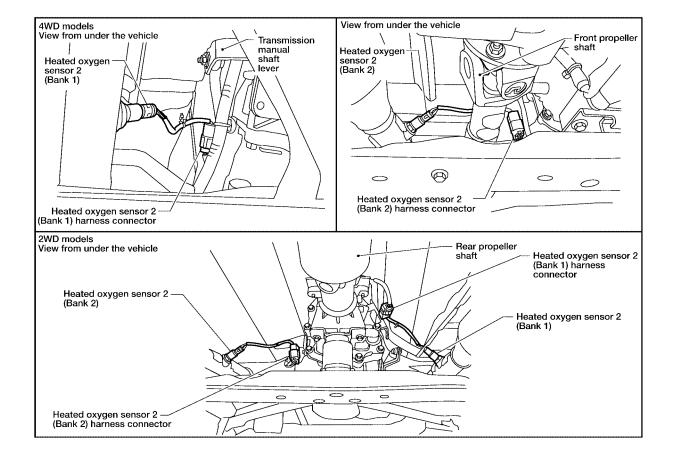
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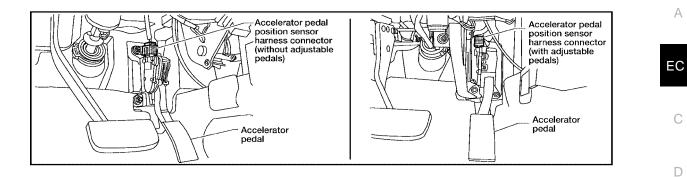
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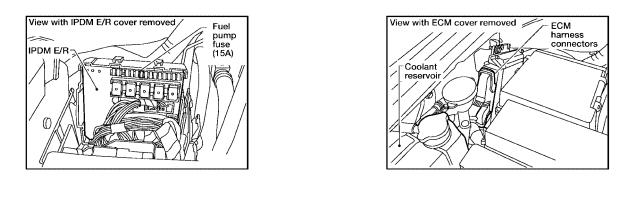
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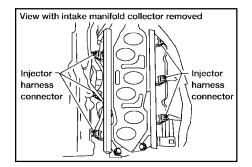


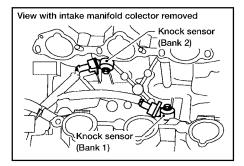


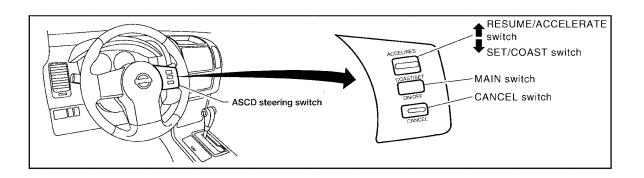
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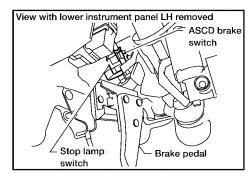
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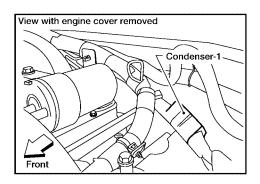
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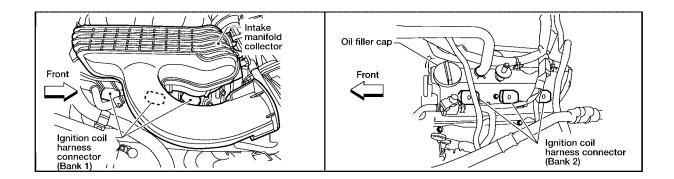
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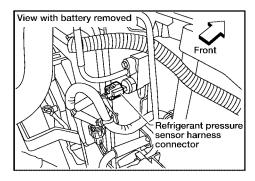
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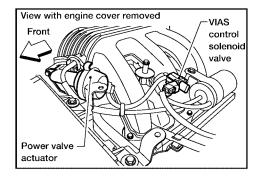
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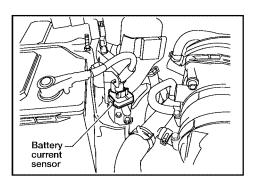






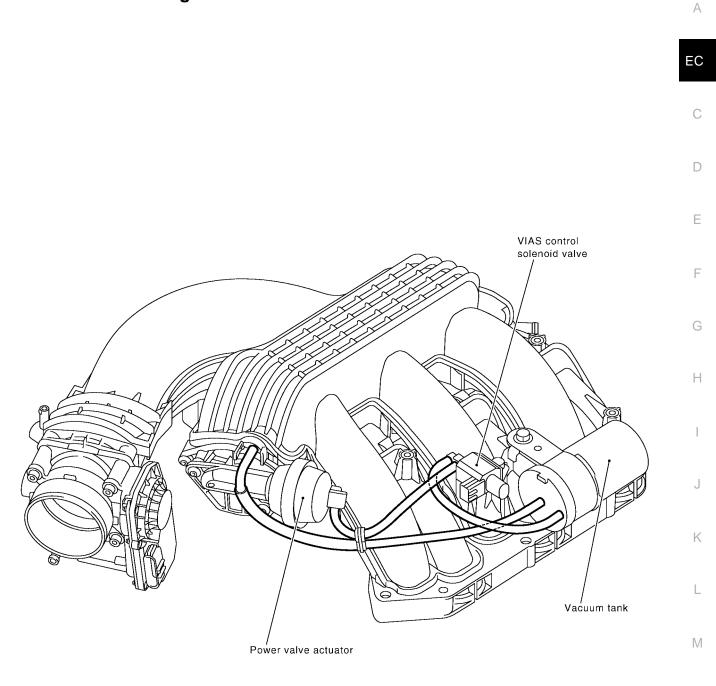






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Vacuum Hose Drawing



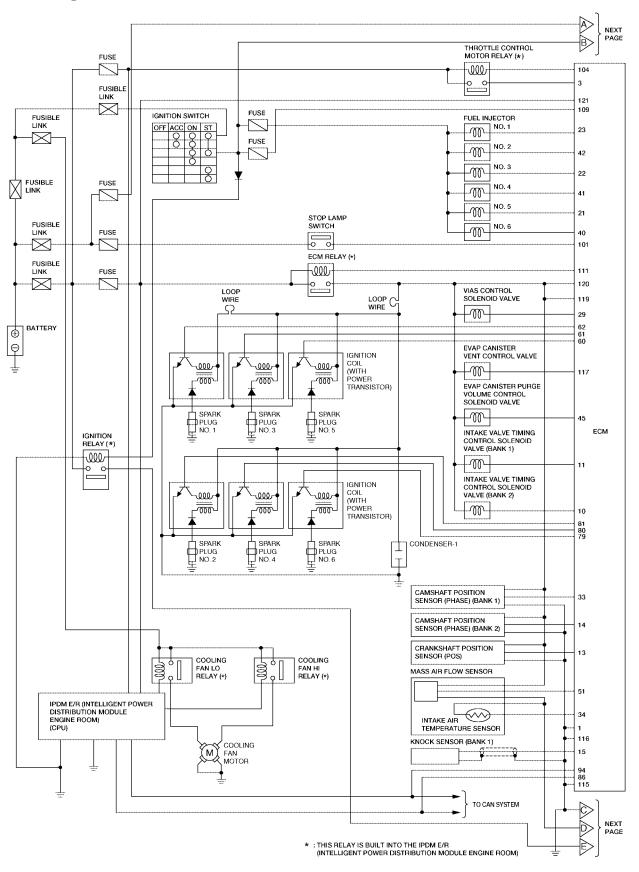
NOTE: Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hose or purge hoses.

Refer to EC-23, "System Diagram" for Vacuum Control System.

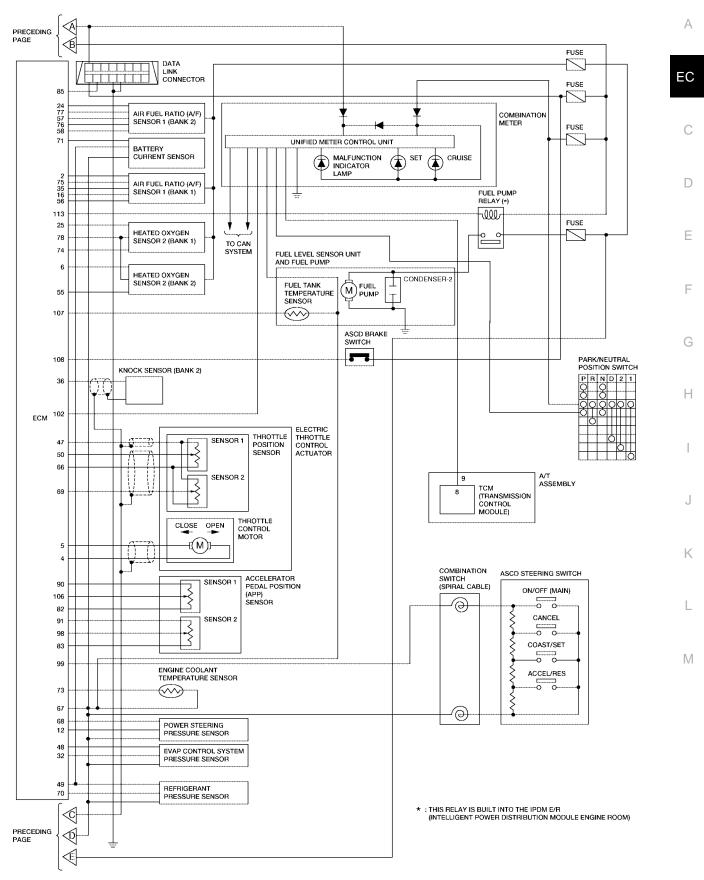
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UBS00K48

Circuit Diagram

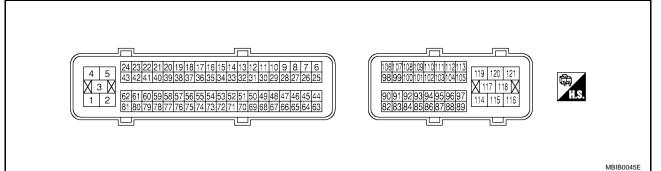


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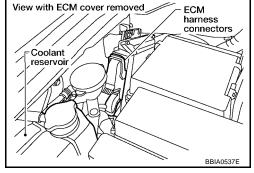
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ECM Harness Connector Terminal Layout

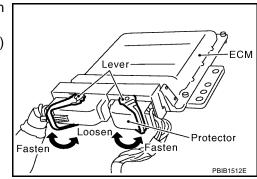


ECM Terminals and Reference Value PREPARATION

- ECM located in the engine room passenger side behind reser-1. voir tank.
- Remove ECM harness connector. 2.



- 3. When disconnecting ECM harness connector, loosen it with levers as far as they will go as shown in the figure.
- 4. Connect a break-out box (SST) and Y-cable adapter (SST) between the ECM and ECM harness connector.
 - Use extreme care not to touch 2 pins at one time.
 - Data is for comparison and may not be exact.



ECM INSPECTION TABLE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECMs transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
1	BR	ECM ground	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	Body ground
2	G	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 1)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 5V★

UBS00K4A

UBS00K4B

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	A
3	V	Throttle control motor relay power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	EC
4	L/W	Throttle control motor (Close)	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Shift lever: D • Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0 - 14V★	C D
5	L/B	Throttle control motor (Open)	 [Ignition switch: ON] Engine: Stopped Shift lever: D Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed 	0 - 14V★	E F G
6	R	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load [Ignition switch: ON] Engine: Stopped [Engine is running] 	0 - 1.0V BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	G H J
10	W	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (Bank 2)	 Engine is running] Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Engine speed: 2,500 rpm 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) 7 - 12V★	K L M
11	LG	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (Bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Engine speed: 2,500 rpm 	PBIB1790E BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) 7 - 12V★ 000000000000000000000000000000000000	

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)			
12	Р	Power steering pressure	[Engine is running]Steering wheel: Being turned	0.5 - 4.5V			
12	F	sensor	[Engine is running]Steering wheel: Not being turned	0.4 - 0.8V			
13	G	Crankshaft position sensor	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle 	Approximately 10V★ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓			
10		(POS)	[Engine is running] • Engine speed: 2,000 rpm	Approximately 10V*			
14	Y	Camshaft position sensor	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle 	1.0 - 4.0V★ 1.0 - 4.0V★ 5.0 V/Div 20 ms/Div T PBIB1039E			
	Y	(PHASE) (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] • Engine speed: 2,000 rpm	1.0 - 4.0V★			
15	W	Knock sensor (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V			
16	BR			Approximately 3.1V			
35	0		[Engine is running]	Approximately 2.6V			
56	LG	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)	 Warm-up condition Idle speed 	Approximately 2.3V			
75	Р			Approximately 2.3V			

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	A
21	W	Fuel injector No. 5 Fuel injector No. 3 Fuel injector No. 1	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★	EC C D
23	LG SB		 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Engine speed: 2,000 rpm 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★	F
24	G	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★	H
25	Ρ	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load [Ignition switch: ON] 	0 - 1.0V	J K
			 Engine: Stopped [Engine is running] Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm [Engine is running] 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) BATTERY VOLTAGE	- M
29	G	VIAS control solenoid valve	 Idle speed [Engine is running] Engine speed: Between 2,200 and 3,300 rpm 	(11 - 14V) 0 - 1.0V	
32	W	EVAP control system pres- sure sensor	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 1.8 - 4.8V	

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
33	L	Camshaft position sensor	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle 	1.0 - 4.0V★
55		(PHASE) (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] • Engine speed: 2,000 rpm	1.0 - 4.0V★
34	BR	Intake air temperature sen- sor	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with intake air temperature.
36	W	Knock sensor (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V
40	V	Fuel injector No. 6	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★
41 42	R O	Fuel injector No. 4 Fuel injector No. 2	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Engine speed: 2,000 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
45		EVAP canister purge vol-	 [Engine is running] Idle speed Accelerator pedal is not depressed even slightly, after engine starting 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★
45	R	ume control solenoid valve	 [Engine is running] Engine speed: About 2,000 rpm (More than 100 seconds after starting engine) 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★
47	L	Sensor power supply (Throttle position sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
48	SB	Sensor power supply (EVAP control system pres- sure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
49	Р	Sensor power supply (Refrigerant pressure sen- sor/Battery current sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
50	10/	W Throttle position sensor 1	 [Ignition switch: ON] Engine: Stopped Shift lever: D Accelerator pedal: Fully released 	More than 0.36V
50	vv		[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Shift lever: D • Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
			[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	0.9 - 1.2V
51	P	Mass air flow sensor	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionEngine speed: 2,500 rpm	1.5 - 1.8V
55	G	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V
57	GR			Approximately 2.6V
58	0		[Engine is running]	Approximately 2.3V
76	V	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	 Warm-up condition Idle speed 	Approximately 3.1V
77	Y			Approximately 2.3V

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
60 61	SB L	Ignition signal No. 5	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle 	0 - 0.2V★
62	Y	Ignition signal No. 3 Ignition signal No. 1	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Engine speed: 2,500 rpm 	0.1 - 0.4V★
66	В	Sensor ground (Throttle position sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
67	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 0V
68	G	Sensor power supply (Power steering pressure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
69	R	Throttle position sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Shift lever: D • Accelerator pedal: Fully released [Ignition switch: ON]	Less than 4.75V
			 Engine: Stopped Shift lever: D Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed 	More than 0.36V
70	BR	Refrigerant pressure sensor	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Both A/C switch and blower switch: ON (Compressor operates) 	1.0 - 4.0V
71	R	Battery current sensor	 [Engine is running] Battery: Fully charged* Idle speed 	Approximately 2.6 - 3.5V
73	Y	Engine coolant temperature sensor	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with engine coolant temperature.
74	w	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	А
78	GR	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	EC
			[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	0 - 0.2V★	С
79	Р	Ignition signal No. 6	• Note: NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle	• 2.0 V/Div 50 ms/Div	D
80 81	GR G	Ignition signal No. 4 Ignition signal No. 2		SEC986C	E
			[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition		F
			 Engine speed: 2,500 rpm 		G
82	В	Sensor ground (APP sensor 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	Н
83	В	Sensor ground (APP sensor 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	I
85	W	Data link connector	[Ignition switch: ON] • CONSULT-II or GST: disconnected	Approximately 5V - Battery volt- age (11 - 14V)	J
86	Р	CAN communication line	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 1.1 - 2.3V Output voltage varies with the communication status.	К
90	L	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 1)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	
91	G	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	L
94	L	CAN communication line	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 2.6 - 3.2V Output voltage varies with the communication status.	Μ
00	CP	Accelerator pedal position	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.28 - 0.48V	
98	GR	sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON]Engine: StoppedAccelerator pedal: Fully depressed	More than 2.0	

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			[Ignition switch: ON] • ASCD steering switch: OFF	Approximately 4V
			[Ignition switch: ON] • MAIN switch: Pressed	Approximately 0V
99	SB	ASCD steering switch	[Ignition switch: ON] • CANCEL switch: Pressed	Approximately 1V
			[Ignition switch: ON] • RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Pressed	Approximately 3V
			[Ignition switch: ON] • SET/COAST switch: Pressed	Approximately 2V
101	LG	Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: OFF] • Brake pedal: Fully released	Approximately 0V
101	20		[Ignition switch: OFF] • Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
102	G	PNP switch	[Ignition switch: ON] • Shift lever: P or N	Approximately 0V
102	102 G FINF SWICH		[Ignition switch: ON]Except above position	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
104	0	Throttle control motor relay	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Ignition switch: ON]	0 - 1.0V
		Accelerator pedal position sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON]	
			Engine: Stopped	0.65 - 0.87V
106	R		Accelerator pedal: Fully released	
			[Ignition switch: ON]	
			Engine: Stopped	More than 4.3V
107	Y	Fuel tank temperature sen- sor	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed [Engine is running]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with fuel tank temperature.
			[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Approximately 0V
108	LG	ASCD brake switch	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE
			 Brake pedal: Fully released 	(11 - 14V)
			[Ignition switch: OFF]	0V
109	W/R	Ignition switch	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF]	0 - 1.5V
111	BR	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	 For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	
			[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE
			 More than a few seconds after turning igni- tion switch OFF 	(11 - 14V)

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	A
113	V	Fuel pump relay	 [Ignition switch: ON] For 1 second after turning ignition switch ON [Engine is running] 	0 - 1.5V	EC
110	v		 [Ignition switch: ON] More than 1 second after turning ignition switch ON 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	С
115 116	B GR	ECM ground	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	Body ground	D
117	G	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	_
119 120	R P	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	E
121	R/B	Power supply for ECM (Back-up)	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	F

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

*: Before measuring the terminal voltage, confirm that the battery is fully charged. Refer to SC-5, "SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK".

CONSULT-II Function (ENGINE) FUNCTION

Diagnostic test mode Function Н This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately by following the Work support indications on the CONSULT-II unit. Self-diagnostic results such as 1st trip DTC, DTCs and 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data Self-diagnostic results can be read and erased quickly.* Input/Output data in the ECM can be read. Data monitor Input/Output of the specification for Basic fuel schedule, AFM, A/F feedback control value and the Data monitor (SPEC) other data monitor items can be read. CAN diagnostic support The results of transmit/receive diagnosis of CAN communication can be read. Κ monitor Diagnostic Test Mode in which CONSULT-II drives some actuators apart from the ECMs and also Active test shifts some parameters in a specified range. L Function test This mode is used to inform customers when their vehicle condition requires periodic maintenance. DTC & SRT confirmation The status of system monitoring tests and the self-diagnosis status/result can be confirmed. ECM part number ECM part number can be read. Μ

*: The following emission-related diagnostic information is cleared when the ECM memory is erased.

Diagnostic trouble codes

- 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
- Freeze frame data
- 1st trip freeze frame data
- System readiness test (SRT) codes
- Test values

 2500	KAC

ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS/CONTROL SYSTEMS APPLICATION

			DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE							
	Item		WORK		AGNOSTIC SULTS	DATA	DATA		DTC & CONFIR	
			ltem		SUP- PORT	DTC*1	FREEZE FRAME DATA*2	MONI- TOR	MONI- TOR (SPEC)	ACTIVE TEST
		Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)		×	×	×	×			
		Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)		×	×	×	×			
		Mass air flow sensor		×		×	×			
		Engine coolant temperature sensor		×	×	×	×	×		
		Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1		×		×	×		×	×
		Heated oxygen sensor 2		×		×	×		×	×
		Wheel sensor		×	×	×	×			
		Accelerator pedal position sensor		×		×	×			
TS		Throttle position sensor		×		×	×			
PAR		Fuel tank temperature sensor		×		×	×	×		
NENT		EVAP control system pressure sensor		×		×	×			
РO		Intake air temperature sensor		×	×	×	×			
SON	INPUT	Knock sensor		×						
٥L	Z	Refrigerant pressure sensor				×	×			
ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS		Closed throttle position switch (accelerator pedal position sensor signal)				×	×			
NI0		Air conditioner switch				×	×			
Ň		Park/neutral position (PNP) switch		×		×	×			
		Stop lamp switch		×		×	×			
		Power steering pressure sensor		×		×	×			
		Battery voltage				×	×			
		Load signal				×	×			
		Fuel level sensor		×		×	×			
		Battery current sensor		×		×	×			
		ASCD steering switch		×		×	×			
		ASCD brake switch		×		×	×			

			DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE								
	Item		SELF-DIAGNOST RESULTS				DATA		DTC & CONFIR		A
			WORK SUP- PORT	DTC*1	FREEZE FRAME DATA*2	DATA MONI- TOR	MONI- TOR (SPEC)	ACTIVE TEST	SRT STATUS	DTC WORK SUP- PORT	EC
		Fuel injector				×	×	×			С
		Power transistor (Ignition timing)				×	×	×			-
		Throttle control motor relay		×		×	×				
RTS		Throttle control motor		×							D
NT PAI		EVAP canister purge volume con- trol solenoid valve		×		×	×	×		×	E
NEI		Air conditioner relay				×	×				
MPC	F	Fuel pump relay	×			×	×	×			-
8	OUTPUT	Cooling fan relay		×		×	×	×			F
ROL	No	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater		×		×	×		×* ³		-
ITIO		Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater		×		×	×		×* ³		G
ы С		EVAP canister vent control valve	×	×		×	×	×			0
ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS		Intake valve timing control solenoid valve		×		×	×	×			H
_		VIAS control solenoid valve		×		×	×	×			
		Alternator				×	×	×			-
		Calculated load value			×	×	×				- 1

X: Applicable

*1: This item includes 1st trip DTCs.

J *2: This mode includes 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data. The items appear on CONSULT-II screen in freeze frame data mode only if a 1st trip DTC or DTC is detected. For details, refer to EC-116 .

*3: Always "CMPLT" is displayed.

INSPECTION PROCEDURE

Refer to GI-38, "CONSULT-II Start Procedure" .

WORK SUPPORT MODE

Work Item

WORK ITEM	CONDITION	USAGE
FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE	• FUEL PUMP WILL STOP BY TOUCHING "START" DUR- ING IDLING. CRANK A FEW TIMES AFTER ENGINE STALLS.	When releasing fuel pressure from fuel line
IDLE AIR VOL LEARN	• THE IDLE AIR VOLUME THAT KEEPS THE ENGINE WITHIN THE SPECIFIED RANGE IS MEMORIZED IN ECM.	When learning the idle air volume
SELF-LEARNING CONT	• THE COEFFICIENT OF SELF-LEARNING CONTROL MIXTURE RATIO RETURNS TO THE ORIGINAL COEF- FICIENT.	When clearing the coefficient of self-learning control value

Μ

L

Κ

WORK ITEM	CONDITION	USAGE
EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE	CLOSE THE EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE IN ORDER TO MAKE EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS.	When detecting EVAP vapor leak point of EVAP system
	IGN SW ON	
	ENGINE NOT RUNNING	
	 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE IS ABOVE 0°C (32°F). 	
	NO VACUUM AND NO HIGH PRESSURE IN EVAP SYS- TEM	
	• FUEL TANK TEMP. IS MORE THAN 0°C (32°F).	
	WITHIN 10 MINUTES AFTER STARTING "EVAP SYS- TEM CLOSE"	
	• WHEN TRYING TO EXECUTE "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" UNDER THE CONDITION EXCEPT ABOVE, CONSULT- II WILL DISCONTINUE IT AND DISPLAY APPROPRI- ATE INSTRUCTION.	
	NOTE: WHEN STARTING ENGINE, CONSULT-II MAY DISPLAY "BATTERY VOLTAGE IS LOW. CHARGE BATTERY", EVEN IN USING CHARGED BATTERY.	
VIN REGISTRATION	• IN THE MODE, VIN IS REGISTERED IN ECM.	When registering VIN in ECM
TARGET IDLE RPM ADJ*	IDLE CONDITION	When setting target idle speed
TARGET IGN TIM ADJ*	IDLE CONDITION	When adjusting target ignition tim- ing

*: This function is not necessary in the usual service procedure.

SELF-DIAG RESULTS MODE Self Diagnostic Item

Regarding items of DTC and 1st trip DTC, refer to <u>EC-48, "EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMA-</u><u>TION ITEMS"</u>.

Freeze Frame Data and 1st Trip Freeze Frame Data

Freeze frame data item*	Description
DIAG TROUBLE CODE [PXXXX]	• The engine control component part/control system has a trouble code, it is displayed as PXXXX. (Refer to <u>EC-8, "INDEX FOR DTC"</u> .)
FUEL SYS-B1	• "Fuel injection system status" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
FUEL SYS-B2	 One mode in the following is displayed. Mode2: Open loop due to detected system malfunction Mode3: Open loop due to driving conditions (power enrichment, deceleration enleanment) Mode4: Closed loop - using oxygen sensor(s) as feedback for fuel control Mode5: Open loop - has not yet satisfied condition to go to closed loop
CAL/LD VALUE [%]	• The calculated load value at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
COOLANT TEMP [°C] or [°F]	• The engine coolant temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
L-FUEL TRM-B1 [%]	• "Long-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
L-FUEL TRM-B2 [%]	 The long-term fuel trim indicates much more gradual feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule than short-term fuel trim.
S-FUEL TRM-B1 [%]	• "Short-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
S-FUEL TRM-B2 [%]	• The short-term fuel trim indicates dynamic or instantaneous feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule.
ENGINE SPEED [rpm]	• The engine speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
VEHICL SPEED [km/ h] or [mph]	• The vehicle speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.

Revision: September 2005

Freeze frame data item*	Description	A
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]	• The base fuel schedule at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	
INT/A TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	• The intake air temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	EC

: The items are the same as those of 1st trip freeze frame data.

DATA MONITOR MODE **Monitored Item**

	1	1		×: Applicable
Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	Description	Remarks
ENG SPEED [rpm]	×	×	 Indicates the engine speed computed from the signal of the crankshaft position sensor (POS) and camshaft position sensor (PHASE). 	 Accuracy becomes poor if engine speed drops below the idle rpm. If the signal is interrupted while the engine is running, an abnormal value may be indicated.
MAS A/F SE-B1 [V]	×	×	• The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor is displayed.	• When the engine is stopped, a cer- tain value is indicated.
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]		×	• "Base fuel schedule" indicates the fuel injec- tion pulse width programmed into ECM, prior to any learned on board correction.	
A/F ALPHA-B1 [%]		×		• When the engine is stopped, a cer-
A/F ALPHA-B2 [%]		×	• The mean value of the air-fuel ratio feedback correction factor per cycle is indicated.	 tain value is indicated. This data also includes the data for the air-fuel ratio learning control.
COOLAN TEMP/S [°C] or [°F]	×	×	• The engine coolant temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the engine coolant temperature sensor) is displayed.	• When the engine coolant tempera- ture sensor is open or short-circuited, ECM enters fail-safe mode. The engine coolant temperature deter- mined by the ECM is displayed.
A/F SEN1 (B1) [V]	×	×	• The A/F signal computed from the input signal	
A/F SEN1 (B2) [V]	×		of the Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 is displayed.	
HO2S2 (B1) [V]	×		• The signal voltage of the heated oxygen sen-	
HO2S2 (B2) [V]	×		sor 2 is displayed.	
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) [RICH/LEAN]	×		• Display of heated oxygen sensor 2 signal: RICH: Means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively small.	 When the engine is stopped, a cer-
HO2S2 MNTR (B2) [RICH/LEAN]	×		LEAN: Means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively large.	tain value is indicated.
VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]	×	×	• The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed signal sent from combination meter is displayed.	
BATTERY VOLT [V]	×	×	 The power supply voltage of ECM is dis- played. 	
ACCEL SEN 1 [V]	×	×	The accelerator pedal position sensor signal	ACCEL SEN 2 signal is converted by FOM integrally. Thus, it differs from:
ACCEL SEN 2 [V]	×		voltage is displayed.	ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.
THRTL SEN 1 [V]	×	×	• The throttle position sensor signal voltage is	THRTL SEN 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from
THRTL SEN 2 [V]	×		displayed.	ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.
FUEL T/TMP SE [°C] or [°F]	×		• The fuel temperature (determined by the sig- nal voltage of the fuel tank temperature sen- sor) is displayed.	

С

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	Description	Remarks
INT/A TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	×	×	• The intake air temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the intake air temperature sensor) is indicated.	
EVAP SYS PRES [V]	×		 The signal voltage of EVAP control system pressure sensor is displayed. 	
FUEL LEVEL SE [V]	×		 The signal voltage of the fuel level sensor is displayed. 	
START SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	×	×	 Indicates start signal status [ON/OFF] com- puted by the ECM according to the signals of engine speed and battery voltage. 	 After starting the engine, [OFF] is displayed regardless of the starter signal.
CLSD THL POS [ON/OFF]	×	×	 Indicates idle position [ON/OFF] computed by ECM according to the accelerator pedal posi- tion sensor signal. 	
AIR COND SIG [ON/OFF]	×	×	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the air condi- tioner switch as determined by the air condi- tioner signal. 	
P/N POSI SW [ON/OFF]	×	×	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the park/ neutral position (PNP) switch signal. 	
PW/ST SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	×	×	• [ON/OFF] condition of the power steering sys- tem (determined by the signal voltage of the power steering pressure sensor signal) is indi- cated.	
LOAD SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	×	×	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the electrical load signal. ON: Rear window defogger switch is ON and/or lighting switch is in 2nd position. OFF: Both rear window defogger switch and lighting switch are OFF. 	
IGNITION SW [ON/OFF]	×		 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from ignition switch signal. 	
HEATER FAN SW [ON/OFF]	×		 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the heater fan switch signal. 	
BRAKE SW [ON/OFF]	×		 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the stop lamp switch signal. 	
INJ PULSE-B1 [msec]		×	 Indicates the actual fuel injection pulse width compensated by ECM according to the input 	• When the engine is stopped, a cer-
INJ PULSE-B2 [msec]			signals.	tain computed value is indicated.
IGN TIMING [BTDC]		×	 Indicates the ignition timing computed by ECM according to the input signals. 	• When the engine is stopped, a cer- tain value is indicated.
CAL/LD VALUE [%]			Calculated load value indicates the value of the current air flow divided by peak air flow.	
MASS AIRFLOW [g·m/s]			• Indicates the mass air flow computed by ECM according to the signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor.	
PURG VOL C/V [%]			 Indicates the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve control value computed by the ECM according to the input signals. 	
			 The opening becomes larger as the value increases. 	

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	Description	Remarks	A
INT/V TIM (B1) [°CA]			 Indicates [°CA] of intake camshaft advanced 		EC
INT/V TIM (B2) [°CA]			angle.		С
INT/V SOL (B1) [%]			• The control condition of the intake valve timing control solenoid valve (determined by ECM		
INT/V SOL (B2) [%]			 according to the input signals) is indicated. The advance angle becomes larger as the value increases. 		D
VIAS/SV [ON/OFF]			 The control condition of the VIAS control sole- noid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. ON: VIAS control solenoid valve is operating. OFF: VIAS control solenoid valve is not oper- ating. 		E
AIR COND RLY [ON/OFF]		×	• The air conditioner relay control condition (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated.		G
FUEL PUMP RLY [ON/OFF]		×	• Indicates the fuel pump relay control condition determined by ECM according to the input signals.		Н
VENT CONT/V [ON/OFF]			 The control condition of the EVAP canister vent control valve (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. ON: Closed OFF: Open 		I
THRTL RELAY [ON/OFF]		×	 Indicates the throttle control motor relay con- trol condition determined by the ECM accord- ing to the input signals. 		J
COOLING FAN [HI/LOW/OFF]		×	 The control condition of the cooling fan (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. HI: High speed operation LOW: Low speed operation OFF: Stop 		K
HO2S2 HTR (B1) [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of heated oxy- 		
HO2S2 HTR (B2) [ON/OFF]			gen sensor 2 heater determined by ECM according to the input signals.		M
I/P PULLY SPD [rpm]			 Indicates the engine speed computed from the turbine revolution sensor signal. 		
VEHICLE SPEED [km/h] or [MPH]			• Indicates the vehicle speed computed from the revolution sensor signal.		
IDL A/V LEARN [YET/CMPLT]			 Display the condition of idle air volume learn- ing YET: Idle air volume learning has not been performed yet. CMPLT: Idle air volume learning has already been performed successfully. 		
TRVL AFTER MIL [km] or [mile]			• Distance traveled while MIL is activated.		

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	Description	Remarks
A/F S1 HTR (B1) [%] A/F S1 HTR (B2) [%]			 Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater control value computed by ECM according to the input signals. The current flow to the heater becomes larger as the value increases. 	
AC PRESS SEN [V]			• The signal voltage from the refrigerant pres- sure sensor is displayed.	
VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]			• The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed signal sent from TCM is displayed.	
SET VHCL SPD [km/h] or [mph]			• The preset vehicle speed is displayed.	
MAIN SW [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from MAIN switch signal. 	
CANCEL SW [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from CANCEL switch signal. 	
RESUME/ACC SW [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from RESUME/ ACCELERATE switch signal. 	
SET SW [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from SET/ COAST switch signal. 	
BRAKE SW1 [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from ASCD brake switch signal. 	
BRAKE SW2 [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of stop lamp switch signal. 	
VHCL SPD CUT [NON/CUT]			 Indicates the vehicle cruise condition. NON: Vehicle speed is maintained at the ASCD set speed. CUT: Vehicle speed increased to excessively high compared with the ASCD set speed, and ASCD operation is cut off. 	
LO SPEED CUT [NON/CUT]			 Indicates the vehicle cruise condition. NON: Vehicle speed is maintained at the ASCD set speed. CUT: Vehicle speed decreased to excessively low compared with the ASCD set speed, and ASCD operation is cut off. 	
AT OD MONITOR [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of A/T O/D according to the input signal from the TCM. 	
AT OD CANCEL [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of A/T O/D can- cel signal sent from the TCM. 	
CRUISE LAMP [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of CRUISE lamp determined by the ECM according to the input signals. 	
SET LAMP [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of SET lamp determined by the ECM according to the input signals. 	
ALT DUTY [%]			• Indicates the duty ratio of the power genera- tion command value. The ratio is calculated by ECM based on the battery current sensor sig- nal.	
BAT CUR SEN [mV]			• The signal voltage of battery current sensor is displayed.	

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	Description	Remarks	
ALT DUTY SIG [ON/OFF]			 The control condition of the power generation voltage variable control (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. ON: Power generation voltage variable control is active OFF: Power generation voltage variable con- trol is inactive. 		E
A/F ADJ-B1			• Indicates the correction factor stored in ECM.		[
A/F ADJ-B2			The factor is calculated from the difference between the target air-fuel ratio stored in ECM and the air-fuel ratio calculated from A/F sen- sor 1 signal.		E
Voltage [V]					
Frequency [msec], [Hz] or [%]				 Only # is displayed if item is unable to be measured. 	
DUTY-HI			Voltage, frequency, duty cycle or pulse width	• Figures with #s are temporary ones.	
DUTY-LOW			measured by the probe.	They are the same figures as an actual piece of data which was just	
PLS WIDTH-HI				previously measured.	(
PLS WIDTH-LOW					

NOTE:

Any monitored item that does not match the vehicle being diagnosed is deleted from the display automatically.

DATA MONITOR (SPEC) MODE **Monitored Item**

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	Description	Remarks	J
ENG SPEED [rpm]	×	×	 Indicates the engine speed computed from the signal of the crankshaft position sensor (POS) and camshaft position sensor (PHASE). 		K
MAS A/F SE-B1 [V]	×	×	• The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor specification is displayed.	When engine is running specification range is indicated.	L
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]		×	 "Base fuel schedule" indicates the fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM, prior to any learned on board cor- rection. 	 When engine is running specification range is indicated. 	M
A/F ALPHA-B1 [%] A/F ALPHA-B2 [%]		×	• The mean value of the air-fuel ratio feed- back correction factor per cycle is indi- cated.	 When engine is running specification range is indicated. This data also includes the data for the air-fuel ratio learning control. 	

NOTE:

Any monitored item that does not match the vehicle being diagnosed is deleted from the display automatically.

ACTIVE TEST MODE Test Item

TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
FUEL INJEC- TION	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Change the amount of fuel injec- tion using CONSULT-II. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	 Harness and connectors Fuel injector Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1
IGNITION TIM- ING	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Timing light: Set Retard the ignition timing using CONSULT-II. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	 Perform Idle Air Volume Learning.
POWER BAL- ANCE	 Engine: After warming up, idle the engine. A/C switch: OFF Shift lever: P or N Cut off each fuel injector signal one at a time using CONSULT-II. 	Engine runs rough or dies.	 Harness and connectors Compression Fuel injector Power transistor Spark plug Ignition coil
COOLING FAN*	 Ignition switch: ON Turn the cooling fan HI, LOW and OFF using CONSULT-II. 	Cooling fan moves and stops.	 Harness and connectors Cooling fan motor IPDM E/R
ENG COOLANT TEMP	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Change the engine coolant tem- perature using CONSULT-II. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	 Harness and connectors Engine coolant temperature sensor Fuel injector
FUEL PUMP RELAY	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn the fuel pump relay ON and OFF using CONSULT-II and listen to operating sound. 	Fuel pump relay makes the operat- ing sound.	Harness and connectorsFuel pump relay
VIAS SOL VALVE	 Ignition switch: ON Turn solenoid valve ON and OFF with CONSULT-II and listen for operating sound. 	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connectorsSolenoid valve
PURG VOL CONT/V	 Engine: After warming up, run engine at 1,500 rpm. Change the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve opening percent using CON- SULT-II. 	Engine speed changes according to the opening percent.	Harness and connectorsSolenoid valve
FUEL/T TEMP SEN	Change the fuel tank temperature	using CONSULT-II.	
VENT CON- TROL/V	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn solenoid valve ON and OFF with the CONSULT-II and listen to operating sound. 	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connectorsSolenoid valve
V/T ASSIGN ANGLE	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Change intake valve timing using CONSULT-II. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	 Harness and connectors Intake valve timing control sole- noid valve
ALTERNATOR DUTY	 Engine: Idle Change duty ratio using CON- SULT-II. 	Battery voltage changes.	 Harness and connectors IPDM E/R Alternator

*: Leaving cooling fan OFF with CONSULT-II while engine is running may cause the engine to overheat.

DTC & SRT CONFIRMATION MODE SRT STATUS Mode

For details, refer to EC-53, "SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE" .

SRT Work Support Mode

This mode enables a technician to drive a vehicle to set the SRT while monitoring the SRT status.

DTC Work Support Mode

Test mode	Test item	Corresponding DTC No.	Reference page
		P0442	<u>EC-386</u>
	EVP SML LEAK P0442/P1442*	P0455	<u>EC-439</u>
EVAPORATIVE SYS- TEM	EVP V/S LEAK P0456/P1456*	P0456	<u>EC-446</u>
	PURG VOL CN/V P1444	P0443	<u>EC-394</u>
	PURG FLOW P0441	P0441	<u>EC-381</u>
	A/F SEN1 (B1) P1278/P1279	P0133	<u>EC-255</u>
A/F SEN1	A/F SEN1 (B1) P1276	P0130	<u>EC-227</u>
A/F SENT	A/F SEN1 (B2) P1288/P1289	P0153	<u>EC-255</u>
	A/F SEN1 (B2) P1286	P0150	<u>EC-227</u>
	HO2S2 (B1) P1146	P0138	<u>EC-279</u>
	HO2S2 (B1) P1147	P0137	<u>EC-267</u>
HO2S2	HO2S2 (B1) P0139	P0139	<u>EC-293</u>
H0252	HO2S2 (B2) P1166	P0158	<u>EC-279</u>
	HO2S2 (B2) P1167	P0157	<u>EC-267</u>
	HO2S2 (B2) P0159	P0159	<u>EC-293</u>

*: DTC P1442 and P1456 does not apply to R51 models but appears in DTC Work Support Mode screens.

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REAL TIME DIAGNOSIS IN DATA MONITOR MODE (RECORDING VEHICLE DATA) Description

CONSULT-II has two kinds of triggers and they can be selected by touching "SETTING" in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

- 1. "AUTO TRIG" (Automatic trigger):
 - The malfunction will be identified on the CONSULT-II screen in real time.

In other words, DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will be displayed if the malfunction is detected by ECM.

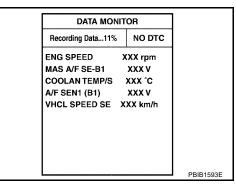
At the moment a malfunction is detected by ECM, "MONI-TOR" in "DATA MONITOR" screen is changed to "Recording Data... xx%" as shown at right, and the data after the malfunction detection is recorded. Then when the percentage reached 100%, "REAL-TIME DIAG" screen is displayed. If "STOP" is touched on the screen during "Recording Data... xx%", "REAL-TIME DIAG" screen is also displayed.

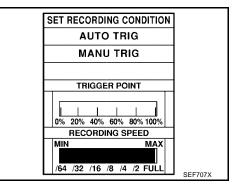
The recording time after the malfunction detection and the recording speed can be changed by "TRIGGER POINT" and "Recording Speed". Refer to CONSULT-II OPERATION MAN-UAL.

2. "MANU TRIG" (Manual trigger):

• DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will not be displayed automatically on CONSULT-II screen even though a malfunction is detected by ECM.

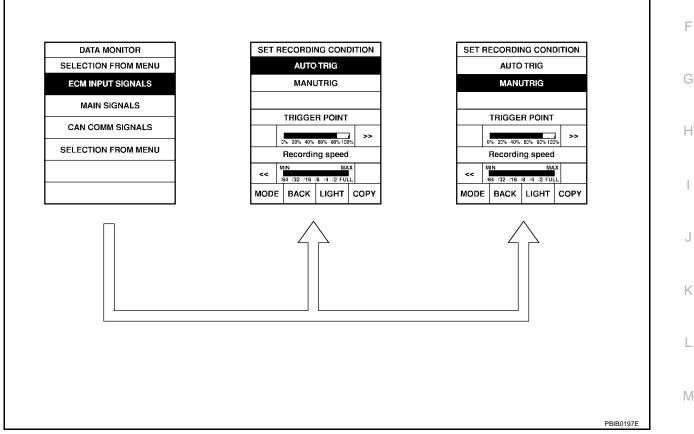
DATA MONITOR can be performed continuously even though a malfunction is detected.





Operation

- 1. "AUTO TRIG"
 - While trying to detect the DTC/1st trip DTC by performing the DTC Confirmation Procedure, be sure to select to "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode. You can confirm the malfunction at the moment it is detected.
 - While narrowing down the possible causes, CONSULT-II should be set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode, especially in case the incident is intermittent.
 When you are inspecting the circuit by gently shaking (or twisting) the suspicious connectors, components and harness in the DTC Confirmation Procedure, the moment a malfunction is found the DTC/1st trip DTC will be displayed. (Refer to "INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS" in <u>GI-27, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident"</u>.)
- 2. "MANU TRIG"
 - If the malfunction is displayed as soon as "DATA MONITOR" is selected, reset CONSULT-II to "MANU TRIG". By selecting "MANU TRIG" you can monitor and store the data. The data can be utilized for further diagnosis, such as a comparison with the value for the normal operating condition.

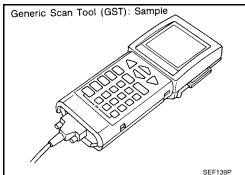


Generic Scan Tool (GST) Function DESCRIPTION

Generic Scan Tool (OBDII scan tool) complying with SAE J1978 has 8 different functions explained below.

ISO9141 is used as the protocol.

The name GST or Generic Scan Tool is used in this service manual.



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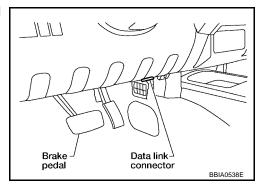
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FUNCTION

Diag	gnostic test mode	Function
Service \$01	READINESS TESTS	This diagnostic service gains access to current emission-related data values, including analog inputs and outputs, digital inputs and outputs, and system status information.
Service \$02	(FREEZE DATA)	This diagnostic service gains access to emission-related data value which were stored by ECM during the freeze frame. For details, refer to <u>EC-116. "Freeze Frame Data and 1st</u> <u>Trip Freeze Frame Data"</u> .
Service \$03	DTCs	This mode gains access to emission-related power train trouble codes which were stored by ECM.
		This diagnostic service can clear all emission-related diagnostic information. This includes:
		Clear number of diagnostic trouble codes (Service \$01)
o : b ot		Clear diagnostic trouble codes (Service \$03)
Service \$04	CLEAR DIAG INFO	Clear trouble code for freeze frame data (Service \$01)
		Clear freeze frame data (Service \$02)
		 Reset status of system monitoring test (Service \$01)
		 Clear on board monitoring test results (Service \$06 and Service \$07)
Service \$06	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This diagnostic service accesses the results of on board diagnostic monitoring tests of specific components/systems that are not continuously monitored.
Service \$07	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This diagnostic service enables the off board test drive to obtain test results for emission- related power train components/systems that are continuously monitored during normal driving conditions.
		This diagnostic service can close EVAP system in ignition switch ON position (Engine stopped). When this diagnostic service is performed, EVAP canister vent control valve open can be closed. In the following conditions, this mode cannot function.
		Low ambient temperature
Service \$08	_	Low battery voltage
		Engine running
		Ignition switch OFF
		Low fuel temperature
		 Too much pressure is applied to EVAP system
Service \$09	(CALIBRATION ID)	This diagnostic service enables the off-board test device to request specific vehicle infor- mation such as Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) and Calibration IDs.

INSPECTION PROCEDURE

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Connect GST to data link connector, which is located under LH dash panel near the hood opener handle.



3. Turn ignition switch ON. А 4. Enter the program according to instruction on the screen or in the operation manual. VTX GENERIC OBD II (*: Regarding GST screens in this section, sample screens are PROGRAM CARD shown.) EC С Press [ENTER] Sample screen* SEF398S D 5. Perform each diagnostic mode according to each service proce-**OBD II FUNCTIONS** dure. For further information, see the GST Operation Manual of F0: DATA LIST Ε F1: FREEZE DATA the tool maker. F2: DTCs F3: SNAPSHOT F4: CLEAR DIAG INFO F5: O2 TEST RESULTS F F6: READINESS TESTS F7: ON BOARD TESTS F8: EXPAND DIAG PROT **F9: UNIT CONVERSION** Sample screen* SEF416S Н

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CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor

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Remarks:

Remarks:
Specification data are reference values.
Specification data are output/input values which are detected or supplied by the ECM at the connector.
* Specification data may not be directly related to their components signals/values/operations.
i.e. Adjust ignition timing with a timing light before monitoring IGN TIMING, because the monitor may show the specification data in spite of the ignition timing not being adjusted to the specification data. This IGN TIMING monitors the data calculated by the ECM at the signals input from the camshaft position sensor and other ignition timing related sensors.

MONITOR ITEM	CO	NDITION	SPECIFICATION
ENG SPEED	 Run engine and compare CONSU tion. 	Almost the same speed as the tachometer indication.	
MAS A/F SE-B1	See EC-134, "TROUBLE DIAGNOS		
B/FUEL SCHDL	See EC-134, "TROUBLE DIAGNOS	SIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE".	
A/F ALPHA-B1 A/F ALPHA-B2	See EC-134, "TROUBLE DIAGNOS	SIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE".	
COOLAN TEMP/S	Engine: After warming up		More than 70°C (158°F)
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5 V
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	tions are met – Engine: After warming up) rpm quickly after the following condi- 8,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	 Revving engine from idle to 3,000 tions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping engine speed between 3 idle for 1 minute under no load. 	$LEAN \longleftrightarrow RICH$	
VHCL SPEED SE	• Turn drive wheels and compare C indication.	Almost the same speed as the speedometer indication	
BATTERY VOLT	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopp	ed)	11 - 14V
ACCEL SEN 1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.65 - 0.87V
ACCEL SEN I	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	More than 4.3V
	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.56 - 0.96V
ACCEL SEN 2 ^{*1}	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	More than 4.0V
THRTL SEN 1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
THRTL SEN 2 ^{*1}	(Engine stopped) • Shift lever: D	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
EVAP SYS PRES	 Ignition switch: ON 	Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V	
START SIGNAL	• Ignition switch: $ON \rightarrow START \rightarrow C$	ON	$OFF\toON\toOFF$
CLSD THL POS	 Ignition switch: ON 	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF
	 Engine: After warming up, idle 	Air conditioner switch: OFF	OFF
AIR COND SIG	the engine	Air conditioner switch: ON (Compressor operates.)	ON
P/N POSI SW	 Ignition switch: ON 	Shift lever: P or N	ON
		Shift lever: Except above	OFF
PW/ST SIGNAL	• Engine: After warming up, idle	Steering wheel: Not being turned	OFF
	the engine	Steering wheel: Being turned.	ON
LOAD SIGNAL	Ignition switch: ON	Rear window defogger switch is ON and/or lighting switch is in 2nd	ON
LOAD SIGNAL	 Ignition switch: ON 	Rear window defogger switch is OFF and lighting switch is OFF	OFF

MONITOR ITEM	CO	NDITION	SPECIFICATION	A
IGNITION SW	• Ignition switch: $ON \rightarrow OFF \rightarrow ON$	١	$ON\toOFF\toON$	— A
	• Engine: After warming up, idle	Heater fan: Operating.	ON	
HEATER FAN SW	the engine	Heater fan: Not operating	OFF	EC
		Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF	
BRAKE SW	 Ignition switch: ON 	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON	
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	2.0 - 3.0 msec	С
INJ PULSE-B1	Shift lever: P or N			
INJ PULSE-B2	Air conditioner switch: OFF	2,000 rpm	1.9 - 2.9 msec	D
	No load			D
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	13° - 18° BTDC	
IGN TIMING	Shift lever: P or N			E
	Air conditioner switch: OFF	2,000 rpm	25° - 45° BTDC	
	No load		50/ 050/	
	 Engine: After warming up Shift lever: P or N 	Idle	5% - 35%	F
CAL/LD VALUE	Air conditioner switch: OFF	2,500 rpm	5% - 35%	
	No load	2,500 1011	576-5576	G
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	2.0 - 6.0 g·m/s	
	 Shift lever: P or N 			
MASS AIRFLOW	Air conditioner switch: OFF	2,500 rpm	7.0 - 20.0 g⋅m/s	Н
	No load			
	• Engine: After warming up	Idle		
PURG VOL C/V	Shift lever: P or NAir conditioner switch: OFF	(Accelerator pedal is not depressed even slightly, after engine starting)	0%	
FORG VOL C/V				
	No load	2,000 rpm	-	
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	–5° - 5°CA	0
INT/V TIM (B1)	Shift lever: P or N		Approx. 0° - 30°CA	
INT/V TIM (B2)	Air conditioner switch: OFF	2,000 rpm		K
	No load	1-0-	00/ 00/	
	 Engine: After warming up Shift lever: P or N 	Idle	0% - 2%	
INT/V SOL (B1) INT/V SOL (B2)	Air conditioner switch: OFF	2,000 rpm	Approx. 0% - 50%	L
	No load	2,000 1011	Applox. 076 - 3076	
		2,200 - 3,300 rpm	ON	M
VIAS S/V	Engine: After warming up	Except above conditions	OFF	101
		Air conditioner switch: OFF	OFF	
AIR COND RLY	• Engine: After warming up, idle	Air conditioner switch: ON		
	the engine	(Compressor operates)	ON	
	For 1 second after turning ignition	switch ON	ON	
FUEL PUMP RLY	• Engine running or cranking		ON	
	Except above conditions		OFF	
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON		OFF	
THRTL RELAY	 Ignition switch: ON 		ON	

MONITOR ITEM	CO	NDITION	SPECIFICATION		
		Engine coolant temperature: 97°C (207°F) or less	OFF		
COOLING FAN	 Engine: After warming up, idle the engine Air conditioner switch: OFF 	Engine coolant temperature: Between 98°C (208°F) and 104°C (219°F)	LOW		
		н			
		after the following conditions are met.			
HO2S2 HTR (B1) HO2S2 HTR (B2)	 Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed betwee at idle for 1 minute under no load 	en 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and	ON		
	• Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm		OFF		
I/P PULLY SPD	Vehicle speed: More than 20 km/h	ו (12 MPH)	Almost the same speed as the speedometer indication		
VEHICLE SPEED	• Turn drive wheels and compare th indication.	ne CONSULT-II value with speedometer	Almost the same speed as the speedometer indication		
TRVL AFTER MIL	Ignition switch: ON	Vehicle has traveled after MIL has turned ON.	0 - 65,535 km (0 - 40,723 mile)		
A/F S1 HTR (B1) A/F S1 HTR (B2)	• Engine: After warming up, idle the	Engine: After warming up, idle the engine			
AC PRESS SEN	Engine: IdleBoth A/C switch blower fan switch	1.0 - 4.0V			
VHCL SPEED SE	• Turn drive wheels and compare s SULT-II value.	Almost the same speed as the CONSULT-II value			
SET VHCL SPD	Engine: Running	ASCD: Operating.	The preset vehicle speed is displayed.		
MAIN SW	 Ignition switch: ON 	MAIN switch: Pressed	ON		
		MAIN switch: Released	OFF		
CANCEL SW	 Ignition switch: ON 	CANCEL switch: Pressed	ON		
CANCEL SW		CANCEL switch: Released	OFF		
RESUME/ACC SW	 Ignition switch: ON 	RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Pressed	ON		
RESUME/ACC SW	• Ignition switch. ON	RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Released	OFF		
SET SW	 Ignition switch: ON 	SET/COAST switch: Pressed	ON		
SET SW	• Ignition switch. ON	SET/COAST switch: Released	OFF		
		Brake pedal: Fully released	ON		
BRAKE SW1	 Ignition switch: ON 	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF		
	a Ignition quitable ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF		
BRAKE SW2	 Ignition switch: ON 	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON		
CRUISE LAMP	Ignition switch: ON	MAIN switch: pressed at the 1st time \rightarrow at the 2nd time	$ON \rightarrow OFF$		
	MAIN switch: ON	ASCD: Operating	ON		
SET LAMP	 When vehicle speed is between 40km/h (25MPH) and 144km/h (89MPH) 	ASCD: Not operating	OFF		
ALT DUTY	Engine: Idle	1	0 - 80%		

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
BAT CUR SEN	Engine speed: Idle		EC
	 Battery: Fully charged*² 		
	Shift lever: P or N	Approx. 2,600 - 3,500mV	
	Air conditioner switch: OFF		
	No load		
ALT DUTY SIG	Power generation voltage variable control: Operating	ON	С
ALI DOTT SIG	Power generation voltage variable control: Not operating	OFF	

*1: Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal and throttle position sensor 2 signal are converted by ECM internally. Thus, they differ from ECM terminals voltage signal.

*2: Before measuring the terminal voltage, confirm that the battery is fully charged. Refer to SC-5, "SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK" .

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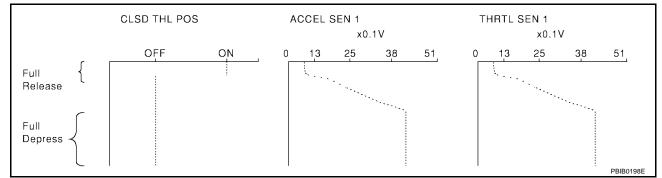
Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor Mode

The following are the major sensor reference graphs in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

CLSD THL POS, ACCEL SEN 1, THRTL SEN 1

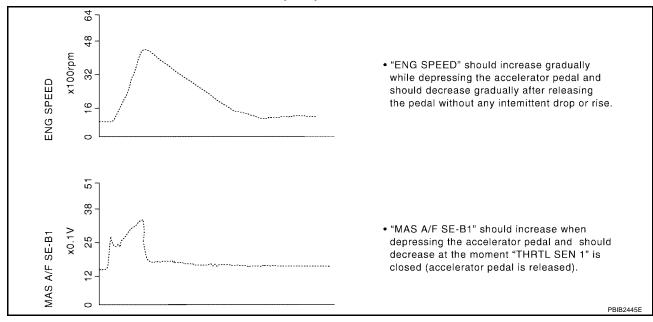
Below is the data for "CLSD THL POS", "ACCEL SEN 1" and "THRTL SEN 1" when depressing the accelerator pedal with the ignition switch ON and with selector lever in D position.

The signal of "ACCEL SEN 1" and "THRTL SEN 1" should rise gradually without any intermittent drop or rise after "CLSD THL POS" is changed from ON to OFF.

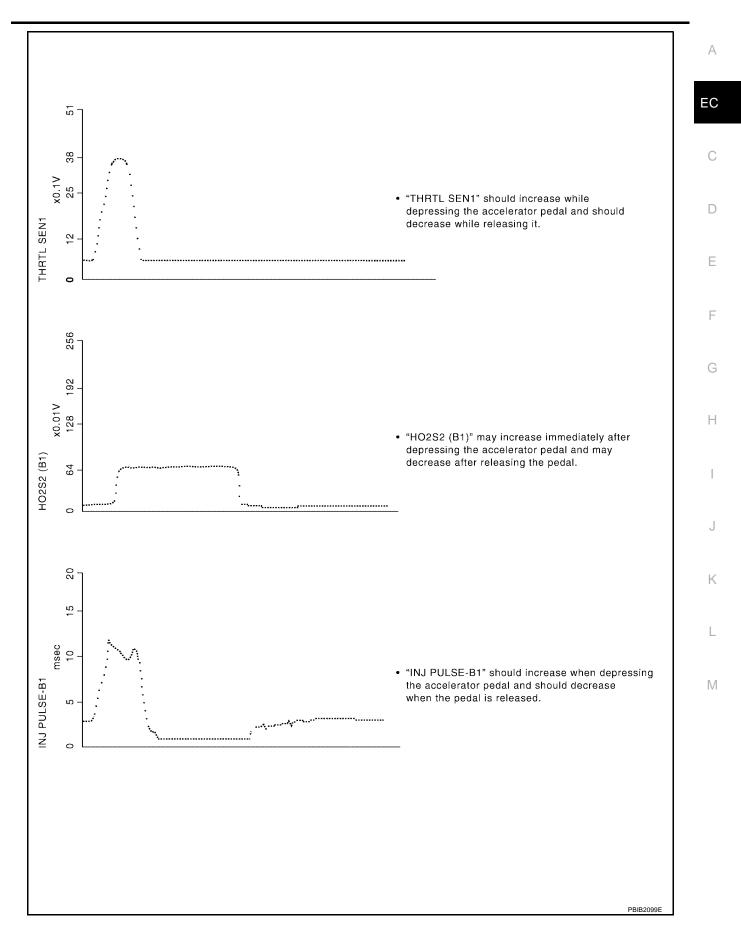


ENG SPEED, MAS A/F SE-B1, THRTL SEN 1, HO2S2 (B1), INJ PULSE-B1

Below is the data for "ENG SPEED", "MAS A/F SE-B1", "THRTL SEN 1", "HO2S2 (B1)" and "INJ PULSE-B1" when revving engine quickly up to 4,800 rpm under no load after warming up engine sufficiently. Each value is for reference, the exact value may vary.



UBS00K4F



TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE

Description

The specification (SP) value indicates the tolerance of the value that is displayed in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode of CONSULT-II during normal operation of the Engine Control System. When the value in "DATA MONI-TOR (SPEC)" mode is within the SP value, the Engine Control System is confirmed OK. When the value in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode is NOT within the SP value, the Engine Control System may have one or more malfunctions.

The SP value is used to detect malfunctions that may affect the Engine Control System, but will not light the MIL.

The SP value will be displayed for the following three items:

- B/FUEL SCHDL (The fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM prior to any learned on board correction)
- A/F ALPHA-B1/B2 (The mean value of air-fuel ratio feedback correction factor per cycle)
- MAS A/F SE-B1 (The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor)

Testing Condition

- Vehicle driven distance: More than 5,000 km (3,107 miles)
- Barometric pressure: 98.3 104.3 kPa (1.003 1.064 kg/cm², 14.25 15.12 psi)
- Atmospheric temperature: 20 30°C (68 86°F)
- Engine coolant temperature: 75 95°C (167 203°F)
- Transmission: Warmed-up*¹
- Electrical load: Not applied*2
- Engine speed: Idle

*1: After the engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature, drive vehicle until "FLUID TEMP SE" (A/T fluid temperature sensor signal) indicates more than 60°C (140°F).

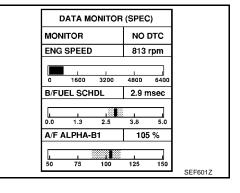
*2: Rear window defogger switch, air conditioner switch, lighting switch are OFF. Steering wheel is straight ahead.

Inspection Procedure

NOTE:

Perform "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode in maximum scale display.

- 1. Perform EC-70, "Basic Inspection" .
- 2. Confirm that the testing conditions indicated above are met.
- 3. Select "B/FUEL SCHDL", "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" and "MAS A/F SE-B1" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Make sure that monitor items are within the SP value.
- 5. If NG, go to EC-135, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

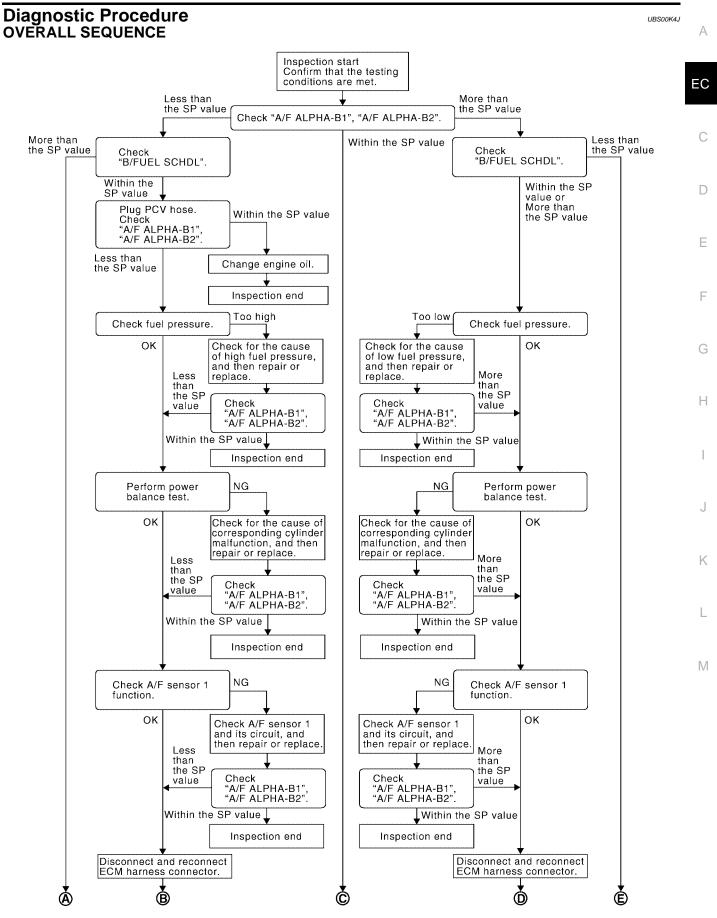


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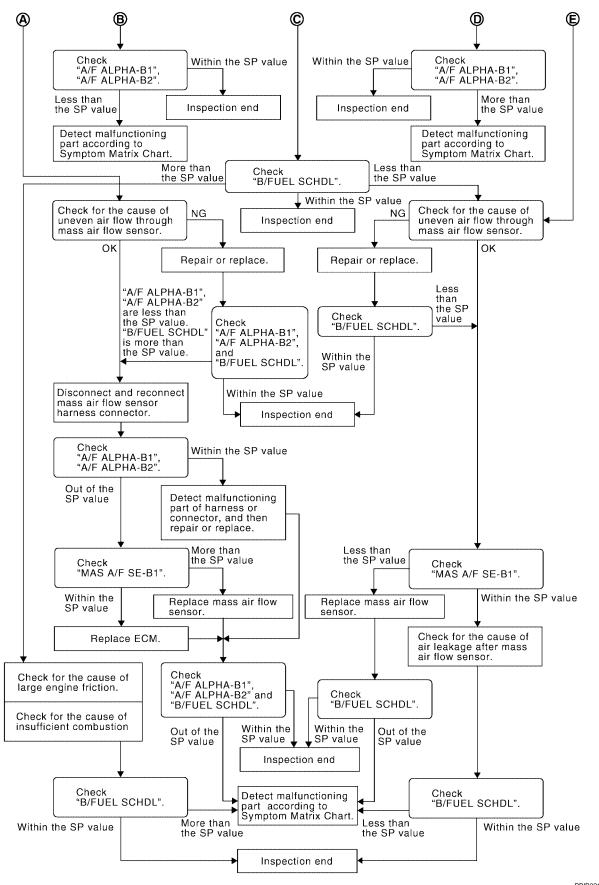
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UBS00K4H

UBS00K4I



PBIB2268E



PBIB3214E

DETAILED PROCEDURE А **1.** CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" 1. Start engine. EC 2. Confirm that the testing conditions are met. Refer to EC-134, "Testing Condition". 3. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "DATA MONITOR DATA MONITOR (SPEC) (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the each indication is within MONITOR NO DTC the SP value. ENG SPEED XXX rpm NOTE: Check "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" for approximately 1 1600 3200 4800 640 minute because they may fluctuate. It is NG if the indication is A/F ALPHA-B1 XX % out of the SP value even a little. 75 125 OK or NG 15 100 OK >> GO TO 17. Е NG (Less than the SP value)>>GO TO 2. PBIB2369F NG (More than the SP value)>>GO TO 3. F 2. CHECK "B/FUEL SCHDL" Select "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and DATA MONITOR (SPEC) make sure that the indication is within the SP value. MONITOR NO DTC OK or NG ENG SPEED XX rpm OK >> GO TO 4. 1600 3200 4800 NG (More than the SP value)>>GO TO 19. Н 640 B/FUEL SCHDL X.X msec 2.5 3.8 1.3 5 (PBIB2332E J 3. CHECK "B/FUEL SCHDL" Select "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and Κ DATA MONITOR (SPEC) make sure that the indication is within the SP value. MONITOR NO DTC OK or NG ENG SPEED XX rpm OK >> GO TO 6. L NG (More than the SP value)>>GO TO 6. 1600 3200 4800 640 NG (Less than the SP value)>>GO TO 25. **B/FUEL SCHDL** X.X msec 2.5 3.8 1.3 5.0 Μ PBIB2332E

4. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2"

- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Disconnect PCV hose, and then plug it.
- 3. Start engine.
- 4. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the each indication is within the SP value.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 6.

5. CHANGE ENGINE OIL

- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Change engine oil.

NOTE:

This symptom may occur when a large amount of gasoline is mixed with engine oil because of driving conditions (such as when engine oil temperature does not rise enough since a journey distance is too short during winter). The symptom will not be detected after changing engine oil or changing driving condition.

>> INSPECTION END

6. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE

Check fuel pressure. (Refer to EC-79, "Fuel Pressure Check" .)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG (Fuel pressure is too high)>>Replace fuel pressure regulator, refer to $\underline{EC-79}$. GO TO 8. NG (Fuel pressure is too low)>>GO TO 7.

7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

- 1. Check the following.
- Clogged and bent fuel hose and fuel tube
- Clogged fuel filter
- Fuel pump and its circuit (Refer to <u>EC-640</u>.)
- 2. If NG, repair or replace the malfunctioning part. (Refer to $\underline{\text{EC-79}}$.) If OK, replace fuel pressure regulator.

>> GO TO 8.

8. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2"

1. Start engine.

2. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the each indication is within the SP value.

OK or NG

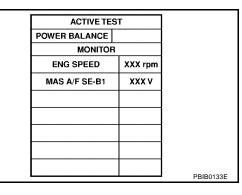
OK >> **INSPECTION END** NG >> GO TO 9.

9. PERFORM POWER BALANCE TEST

- 1. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 2. Make sure that the each cylinder produces a momentary engine speed drop.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 10.



nition coil and its circuit (Refer to <u>EC-646</u> .) uel injector and its circuit (Refer to <u>EC-633</u> .) take air leakage ow compression pressure (Refer to <u>EM-92, "CHECKING COMPRESSION PRESSURE"</u> .) NG, repair or replace the malfunctioning part. OK, replace fuel injector. (It may be caused by leakage from fuel injector or clogging.) >> GO TO 11.	Λ
1. Check the following.	~
-	EC
 Intake air leakage 	
 Low compression pressure (Refer to <u>EM-92, "CHECKING COMPRESSION PRESSURE"</u>.) 	С
 If NG, repair or replace the malfunctioning part. If OK, replace fuel injector. (It may be caused by leakage from fuel injector or clogging.) 	0
>> GO TO 11.	D
Ignition coil and its circuit (Refer to EC-646.) Fuel injector and its circuit (Refer to EC-633.) Intake air leakage Low compression pressure (Refer to EM-92, "CHECKING COMPRESSION PRESSURE".) If NG, repair or replace the malfunctioning part. If OK, replace fuel injector. (It may be caused by leakage from fuel injector or clogging.) >> GO TO 11. 1. CHECK "AF ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" Start engine. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the each indication is within the SP value. <u>XF or NG</u> OK >> INSPECTION END NG >> GO TO 12. 2. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 FUNCTION Ferform all DTC Confirmation Procedure related with A/F sensor 1. For DTC P0130, P0150, refer to EC-227, "DTC Confirmation Procedure". For DTC P0131, P0151, refer to EC-227, "DTC Confirmation Procedure". For DTC P0132, P0152, refer to EC-226, "DTC Confirmation Procedure". For DTC P0133, P0153, refer to EC-226, "DTC Confirmation Procedure". For DTC P0133, P0153, refer to EC-226, "DTC Confirmation Procedure". For DTC P0133, P0153, refer to EC-2609. "DTC Confirmation Procedure". For DTC P0300, P2A03, refer to EC-2609. "DTC Confirmation Procedure". K or NG OK >> GO TO 15. NG >> GO TO 13. 3. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT Ferform Diagnostic Procedure according to corresponding DTC. >> GO TO 14.	E
1. Start engine.	_
each indication is within the SP value.	F
OK >> INSPECTION END	0
	G
12. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 FUNCTION	
Perform all DTC Confirmation Procedure related with A/F sensor 1.	Н
	J
NG >> GO TO 13.	Κ
13. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT	
Perform Diagnostic Procedure according to corresponding DTC.	L
>> GO TO 14.	Μ
14. СНЕСК "А/F ALPHA-B1", "А/F ALPHA-B2"	1 1 1
 Start engine. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the each indication is within the SP value. 	
OK or NG OK >> INSPECTION END NG >> GO TO 15.	
15. DISCONNECT AND RECONNECT ECM HARNESS CONNECTOR	

1. Stop the engine.

2. Disconnect ECM harness connector. Check pin terminal and connector for damage, and then reconnect it.

>> GO TO 16.

16. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2"

1. Start engine.

2. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the each indication is within the SP value.

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Detect malfunctioning part according to EC-90, "Symptom Matrix Chart".

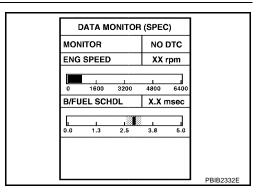
17. CHECK "B/FUEL SCHDL"

Select "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the indication is within the SP value.

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG (More than the SP value)>>GO TO 18. NG (Less than the SP value)>>GO TO 25.



18. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

- 1. Check for the cause of large engine friction. Refer to the following.
- Engine oil level is too high
- Engine oil viscosity
- Belt tension of power steering, alternator, A/C compressor, etc. is excessive
- Noise from engine
- Noise from transmission, etc.
- 2. Check for the cause of insufficient combustion. Refer to the following.
- Valve clearance malfunction
- Intake valve timing control function malfunction
- Camshaft sprocket installation malfunction, etc.

>> Repair or replace malfunctioning part, and then GO TO 30.

19. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check for the cause of uneven air flow through mass air flow sensor. Refer to the following.

- Crushed air ducts
- Malfunctioning seal of air cleaner element
- Uneven dirt of air cleaner element
- Improper specification of intake air system

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 21.

NG >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part, and then GO TO 20.

0. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2", AND "B/FUEL SCHDL"	
Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2", and "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, a make sure that the each indication is within the SP value.	and
OK or NG OK >> INSPECTION END	EC
NG ("B/FUEL SCHDL" is more, "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" are less than the SP value)>>GO TO 2 21. DISCONNECT AND RECONNECT MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR HARNESS CONNECTOR	21. C
 Stop the engine. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Check pin terminal and connector for damage a then reconnect it again. 	and D
>> GO TO 22.	E
22. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2"	— F
 Start engine. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that each indication is within the SP value. OK or NG 	the G
 OK >> 1. Detect malfunctioning part of mass air flow sensor circuit and repair it. Refer to <u>EC-195</u>. 2. GO TO 29. NG >> GO TO 23. 	Н
23. снеск "маѕ а/f se-b1"	I
Select "MAS A/F SE-B1" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the indication is within the SP value. <u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 24.	J
NG (More than the SP value)>>Replace mass air flow sensor, and then GO TO 29.	К
PBIB237	0e
24. REPLACE ECM	M

- 1. Replace ECM.
- 2. Perform initialization of NVIS(NATS) system and registration of all NVIS(NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-102, "ECM Re-communicating Function"</u>.
- 3. Perform EC-76, "VIN Registration" .
- 4. Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 5. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 6. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

>> GO TO 29.

25. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check for the cause of uneven air flow through mass air flow sensor. Refer to the following.

- Crushed air ducts
- Malfunctioning seal of air cleaner element
- Uneven dirt of air cleaner element
- Improper specification of intake air system

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 27.

NG >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part, and then GO TO 26.

26. CHECK "B/FUEL SCHDL"

Select "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the indication is within the SP value.

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG (Less than the SP value)>>GO TO 27.

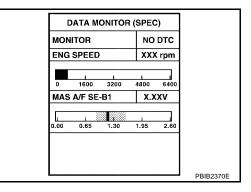
27. CHECK "MAS A/F SE-B1"

Select "MAS A/F SE-B1" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the indication is within the SP value.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 28.

NG (Less than the SP value)>>Replace mass air flow sensor, and then GO TO 30.



28. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check for the cause of air leak after the mass air flow sensor. Refer to the following.

- Disconnection, looseness, and cracks in air duct
- Looseness of oil filler cap
- Disconnection of oil level gauge
- Open stuck, breakage, hose disconnection, or cracks of PCV valve
- Disconnection or cracks of EVAP purge hose, open stuck of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve
- Malfunctioning seal of rocker cover gasket
- Disconnection, looseness, or cracks of hoses, such as vacuum hose, connecting to intake air system parts
- Malfunctioning seal of intake air system, etc.

>> GO TO 30.

29. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2", AND "B/FUEL SCHDL"

Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2", and "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the each indication is within the SP value.

<u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Detect malfunctioning part according to EC-90, "Symptom Matrix Chart".

Revision: September 2005

EC-142

2006 Pathfinder

30.	30. CHECK "B/FUEL SCHDL"			
Select the SF	Select "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and then make sure that the indication is within the SP value.			
	<u>OK or NG</u>			
OK NG	>> INSPECTION END >> Detect malfunctioning part according to <u>EC-90, "Symptom Matrix Chart"</u> .	С		
		D		
		E		
		F		
		G		
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		J		
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		M		

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Description

Intermittent incidents may occur. In many cases, the malfunction resolves itself (the part or circuit function returns to normal without intervention). It is important to realize that the symptoms described in the customer's complaint often do not recur on (1st trip) DTC visits. Realize also that the most frequent cause of intermittent incidents occurrences is poor electrical connections. Because of this, the conditions under which the incident occurred may not be clear. Therefore, circuit checks made as part of the standard diagnostic procedure may not indicate the specific malfunctioning area.

Common Intermittent Incidents Report Situations

STEP in Work Flow	Situation	
2	The CONSULT-II is used. The SELF-DIAG RESULTS screen shows time data other than [0] or [1t].	
3 or 4	The symptom described by the customer does not recur.	
5	(1st trip) DTC does not appear during the DTC Confirmation Procedure.	
10	The Diagnostic Procedure for PXXXX does not indicate the malfunctioning area.	

Diagnostic Procedure

1. INSPECTION START

Erase (1st trip) DTCs. Refer to EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMA-TION" .

>> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK GROUND TERMINALS

Check ground terminals for corroding or loose connection. Refer to <u>EC-151, "Ground Inspection"</u>.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> Repair or replace.

3. SEARCH FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

Perform <u>GI-27, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident"</u>, "INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> Repair or replace.

4. CHECK CONNECTOR TERMINALS

Refer to <u>GI-24, "How to Check Terminal"</u>, "HOW TO PROBE CONNECTORS", "How to Check Enlarged Contact Spring of Terminal".

OK or NG

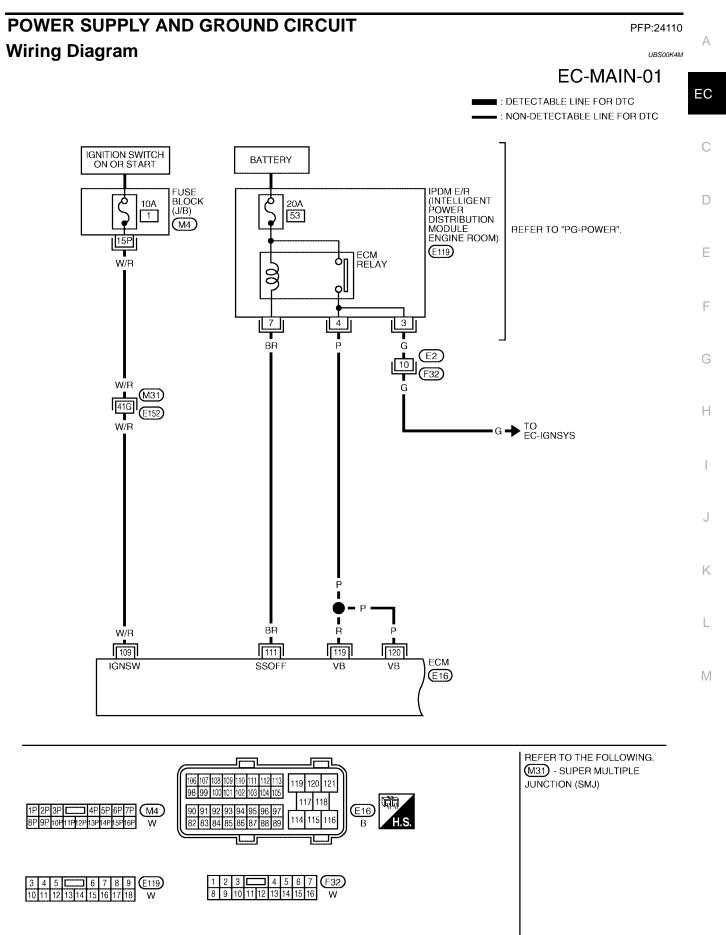
OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Repair or replace connector.

PFP:00006

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UBS00K4L



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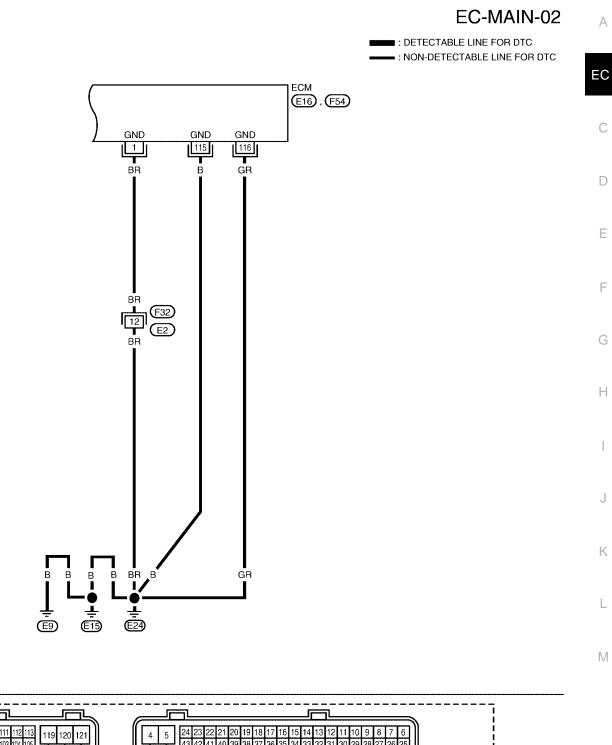
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

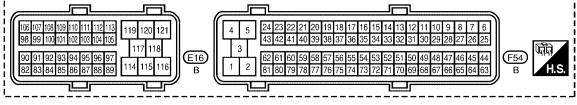
CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			[Ignition switch: OFF]	0V
109	W/R	Ignition switch	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
111	I KR	BR ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF]	0 - 1.5V
			 For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	0-1.50
			[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE
			 More than a few seconds after turning igni- tion switch OFF 	(11 - 14V)
119 120	R P	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT







BBWA1728E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
1	BR	ECM ground	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	Body ground
115 116	B GR	ECM ground	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	Body ground

Diagnostic Procedure

1. INSPECTION START

Start engine. **Is engine running?**

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 8. No >> GO TO 2.

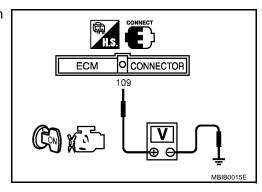
2. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and then ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 109 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



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3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

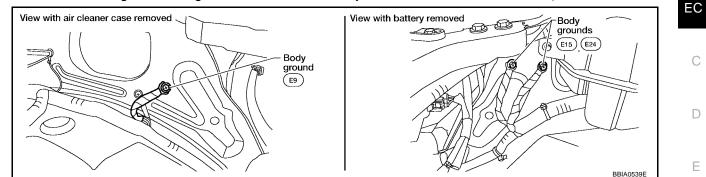
Check the following.

- Harness connectors M31, E152
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ECM and fuse

>> Repair harness or connectors.

4. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

5. CHECK ECM GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-I

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 1, 115, 116 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F32, E2
- Harness for open or short between ECM and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

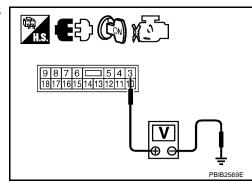
7. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Reconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between IPDM E/R connector E119 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> Go to EC-646, "IGNITION SIGNAL".
- NG >> GO TO 8.



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8. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON and then OFF.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminals 119, 120 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

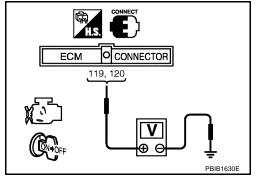
Voltage: After turning ignition switch OFF, battery voltage will exist for a few seconds, then drop approximately 0V.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG (Battery voltage does not exist.)>>GO TO 9.

NG (Battery voltage exists for more than a few seconds.)>>GO TO 11.



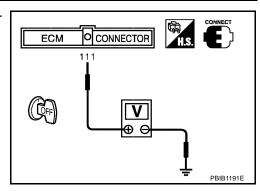
9. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-IV

Check voltage between ECM terminal 111 and ground with CON-SULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 10.
NG	>> GO TO 11.



10. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-V

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E119.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 119, 120 and IPDM E/R terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 16.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

11. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-VI

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E119.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 111 and IPDM E/R terminal 7. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

12. CHECK 20A FUSE

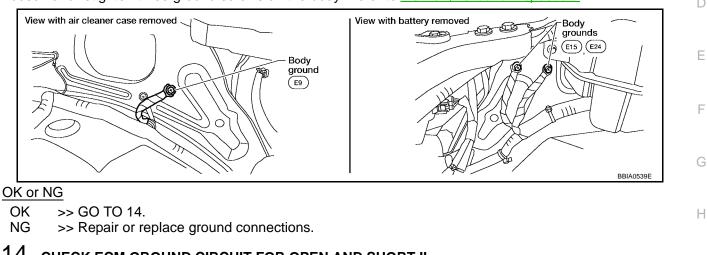
- 1. Disconnect 20 A fuse from IPDM E/R.
- 2. Check 20A fuse.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 16.
- NG >> Replace 20A fuse.

13. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



14. CHECK ECM GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-II

1.	Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 1, 115, 116 and ground.
	Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16. NG >> GO TO 15.

15. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F32, E2
- Harness for open or short between ECM and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

16. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

OK or NG

OK >> Replace IPDM E/R.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

Ground Inspection

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Ground connections are very important to the proper operation of electrical and electronic circuits. Ground connections are often exposed to moisture, dirt and other corrosive elements. The corrosion (rust) can become an unwanted resistance. This unwanted resistance can change the way a circuit works.

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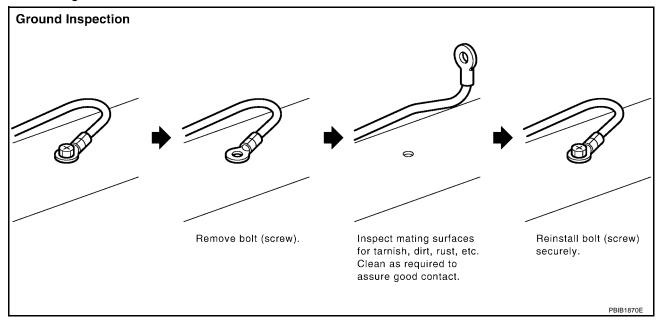
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POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT

Electronically controlled circuits are very sensitive to proper grounding. A loose or corroded ground can drastically affect an electronically controlled circuit. A poor or corroded ground can easily affect the circuit. Even when the ground connection looks clean, there can be a thin film of rust on the surface. When inspecting a ground connection follow these rules:

- Remove the ground bolt or screw.
- Inspect all mating surfaces for tarnish, dirt, rust, etc.
- Clean as required to assure good contact.
- Reinstall bolt or screw securely.
- Inspect for "add-on" accessories which may be interfering with the ground circuit.
- If several wires are crimped into one ground eyelet terminal, check for proper crimps. Make sure all of the
 wires are clean, securely fastened and providing a good ground path. If multiple wires are cased in one
 eyelet make sure no ground wires have excess wire insulation.

For detailed ground distribution information, refer to PG-33, "Ground Distribution" .



DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE

Description

CAN (Controller Area Network) is a serial communication line for real time application. It is an on-vehicle multiplex communication line with high data communication speed and excellent error detection ability. Many electronic control units are equipped onto a vehicle, and each control unit shares information and links with other control units during operation (not independent). In CAN communication, control units are connected with 2 communication lines (CAN H line, CAN L line) allowing a high rate of information transmission with less wiring. Each control unit transmits/receives data but selectively reads required data only.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause		
U1000* ¹ 1000* ¹	CAN communication	 ECM cannot communicate to other control units. 	 Harness or connectors (CAN communication line is open or 		
U1001* ² 1001* ²	line	• ECM cannot communicate for more than the specified time.	shorted)		
*1: This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic. *2: The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.					

DTC Confirmation Procedure

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 3 seconds.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-155, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

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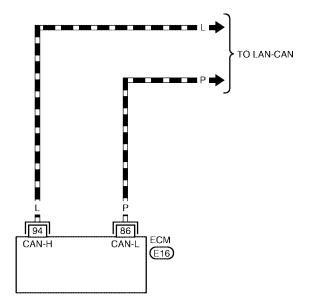
EC

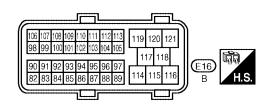
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DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE

Wiring Diagram







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DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE

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DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION

Description

CAN (Controller Area Network) is a serial communication line for real time application. It is an on-vehicle multiplex communication line with high data communication speed and excellent error detection ability. Many electronic control units are equipped onto a vehicle, and each control unit shares information and links with other control units during operation (not independent). In CAN communication, control units are connected with 2 communication lines (CAN H line, CAN L line) allowing a high rate of information transmission with less wiring. Each control unit transmits/receives data but selectively reads required data only.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

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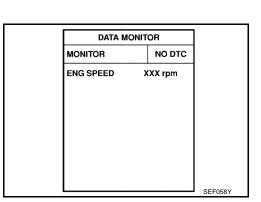
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This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
U1010 1010	CAN communication bus	Initializing CAN communication bus is mal- functioning.	• ECM

DTC Confirmation Procedure

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. If DTC is detected, go to EC-157, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

UBS000ZX

DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION

	Nostic Procedure UBS00P00 SPECTION START UBS00P00	A
() Wit	h CONSULT-II	
1. Tu	rn ignition switch ON.	EC
2. Se	elect "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.	
3. To	uch "ERASE".	С
-	erform DTC Confirmation Procedure. ee <u>EC-156, "DTC Confirmation Procedure"</u> .	C
5. Is	the DTC U1010 displayed again?	D
Wit	h GST	
1. Tu	rn ignition switch ON.	
2. Se	elect "Service \$04" with GST.	Ε
	erform DTC Confirmation Procedure. ee <u>EC-156, "DTC Confirmation Procedure"</u> .	
4. Is	the DTC U1010 displayed again?	F
Yes or		
Yes	>> GO TO 2.	G
No	>> INSPECTION END	G
2. re		
1. Re	eplace ECM.	Н
	rform initialization of NVIS (NATS) system and registration of all NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>-102, "ECM Re-communicating Function"</u> .	
3. Pe	erform EC-76, "VIN Registration".	
4. Pe	rform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".	
	rform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".	J
6. Pe	erform <u>EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> .	
	>> INSPECTION END	K
		L
		L

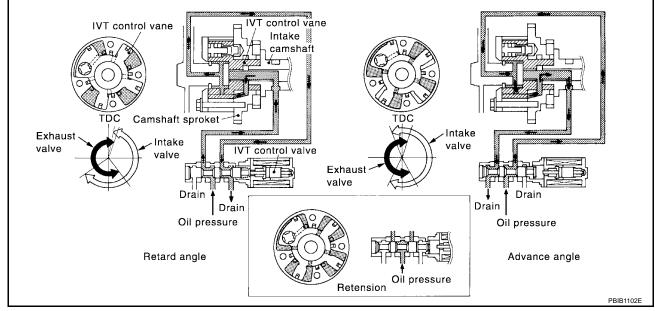
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DTC P0011, P0021 IVT CONTROL

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine aread and pieton position	Intake valve		
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed and piston position		Intake valve timing control	
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature	timing control	solenoid valve	
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed*			

*: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line



This mechanism hydraulically controls cam phases continuously with the fixed operating angle of the intake valve.

The ECM receives signals such as crankshaft position, camshaft position, engine speed, and engine coolant temperature. Then, the ECM sends ON/OFF pulse duty signals to the intake valve timing control solenoid valve depending on driving status. This makes it possible to control the shut/open timing of the intake valve to increase engine torque in low/mid speed range and output in high-speed range.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00K4V

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
INT/V TIM (B1)	 Engine: After warming up Shift lever: P or N 	Idle	–5° - 5°CA
INT/V TIM (B2)	Air conditioner switch: OFFNo load	2,000 rpm	Approx. 0° - 30°CA
INT/V SOL (B1) INT/V SOL (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Idle	0% - 2%
	 Shift lever: P or N Air conditioner switch: OFF No load 	2,000 rpm	Approx. 0% - 50%

PFP:23796

UBS00K4U

On Board Diagnosis Logic

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UBS00K4X

UB:

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	Detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0011 0011 (Bank 1)			 Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) Intake valve timing control solenoid valve 	EC
P0021 0021 (Bank 2)	Intake valve timing control performance	5 5 5	 Accumulation of debris to the signal pick-up portion of the camshaft 	С
			 Timing chain installation Foreign matter caught in the oil groove for intake valve timing control 	D

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	-
Intake valve timing control	The signal is not energized to the solenoid valve and the valve control does not function.	F

DTC Confirmation Procedure

CAUTION:

Always drive at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- If DTC P0011 or P0021 is displayed with DTC P0075 or P0081, first perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0075 or P0081. Refer to <u>EC-179, "DTC P0075, P0081 IVT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE"</u>.
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10V and 16V at idle.

B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Maintain the following conditions for at least 6 consecutive seconds. Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

ENG SPEED	1,200 - 2,000 rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	More than 60°C (140°F)
B/FUEL SCHDL	More than 3.5 msec
Selector lever	P or N position

ENG SPEED XXX rpm B/FUEL SCHDL XXX msec COOLAN TENP/S XXX 'C /HCL SPEED SE XXX km/h NT/V TIM (B1) XXX 'CA NT/V TIM (B2) XXX 'CA NT/V SOL (B1) XXX %	DATA MOI	NITOR	
B/FUEL SCHDL XXX msec COOLAN TENP/S XXX °C /HCL SPEED SE XXX km/h NT/V TIM (B1) XXX °CA NT/V TIM (B2) XXX °CA NT/V SOL (B1) XXX %	MONITOR	NO DTC	
COOLAN TENP/S XXX °C /HCL SPEED SE XXX km/h NT/V TIM (B1) XXX °CA NT/V TIM (B2) XXX °CA NT/V SOL (B1) XXX %	ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	1
/HCL SPEED SE XXX km/h NT/V TIM (B1) XXX °CA NT/V TIM (B2) XXX °CA NT/V SOL (B1) XXX %	B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	
NT/V TIM (B1) XXX °CA NT/V TIM (B2) XXX °CA NT/V SOL (B1) XXX %	COOLAN TENP/S	XXX °C	
NT/V TIM (B2) XXX °CA NT/V SOL (B1) XXX %	VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h	
NT/V SOL (B1) XXX %	INT/V TIM (B1)	XXX °CA	
	INT/V TIM (B2)	XXX °CA	
NT/V SOL (B2) XXX %	INT/V SOL (B1)	XXX %	
	INT/V SOL (B2)	XXX %	
			SEF353Z

- 4. Stop vehicle with engine running and let engine idle for 10 seconds.
- 5. If the 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-160</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>". If the 1st trip DTC is not detected, go to next step.
- 6. Maintain the following conditions for at least 20 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	1,700 - 3,175 rpm (A constant rotation is maintained.)
COOLAN TEMP/S	70 - 105°C (158 - 221°F)
Selector lever	1st or 2nd position
Driving location uphill	Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.)

7. If the 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-160, "Diagnostic Procedure".

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

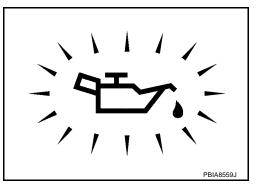
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS00K4Y

- **1.** CHECK OIL PRESSURE WARNING LAMP
- 1. Start engine.
- Check oil pressure warning lamp and confirm it is not illuminated.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- KG >> Go to LU-8, "OIL PRESSURE CHECK".



2. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-161, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Replace intake valve timing control solenoid valve.

3. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

Refer to EC-365, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS).

4. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)

Refer to EC-374, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace camshaft position sensor (PHASE).

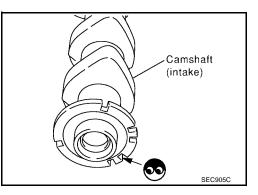
5. CHECK CAMSHAFT (INTAKE)

Check the following.

- Accumulation of debris to the signal plate of camshaft rear end
- Chipping signal plate of camshaft rear end

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
- NG >> Remove debris and clean the signal plate of camshaft rear end or replace camshaft.



D. CHECK TIMING C	HAIN INSTALLATION			
	for any recent repairs that n records that may cause t			
<u>es or No</u> Yes >> Check tim No >> GO TO 7.	ing chain installation. Refer	to <u>EM-55, "TIMING</u>	CHAIN" .	E
, . CHECK LUBRICA	TION CIRCUIT			
efer to <u>EM-83, "Inspe</u>	ection of Camshaft Sprocket	(INT) Oil Groove".		
K or NG				
DK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Clean lubr	ication line.			
. CHECK INTERMI	TTENT INCIDENT			
	DUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR IN Ifer to <u>EC-361</u> for CKP sen			ASE).
>> INSPECT	ON END			
omponent Insp	ection			UBS00K4Z
	ING CONTROL SOLENC			
	valve timing control solenoid between intake valve timing			
valve as follows.		-		
Terminal	Resistance	_		
1 and 2	7.0 - 7.7Ω at 20°C (68°F)	_		
1 or 2 and ground	${}^{\infty\Omega}$ (Continuity should not exist.)	_	[<u>Ω</u>] (<u>Ω</u>	
If NG, replace inta If OK, go to next s	ke valve timing control solen	oid valve.		ר
-	lve timing control solenoid v	alve.		PBIB0193E
	between intake valve timing d then interrupt it. Make sur n the figure.			
CAUTION: Do not apply 12 Doing so may re timing control so If NG, replace inta NOTE: Always replace	/ DC continuously for 5 s sult in damage to the co lenoid valve. ke valve timing control solen O-ring when intake valve	il in intake valve oid valve.	230 230	FUSE FUSE
solenoid valve is				PBIB2275E
emoval and Ins	italiation ING CONTROL SOLENC	DID VALVE		UBS00K50
efer to EM-55, "TIMI	NG CHAIN" .			

Refer to EM-55, "TIMING CHAIN" .

DTC P0031, P0032, P0051, P0052 A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater control	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air	neater control	

The ECM performs ON/OFF duty control of the A/F sensor 1 heater corresponding to the engine operating condition to keep the temperature of A/F sensor 1 element at the specified range.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

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UBS00KBJ

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
A/F S1 HTR (B1) A/F S1 HTR (B2)	• Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	0 - 100%

On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0031 0031 (Bank 1)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater control circuit	The current amperage in the A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is out of the normal range.	 Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is open or shorted.) 	
P0051 0051 (Bank 2)	low	(An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the A/F sensor 1 heater.)	 A/F sensor 1 heater 	
P0032 0032 (Bank 1)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater control circuit	The current amperage in the A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is out of the normal range.	Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is	
P0052 0052 (Bank 2)	high	(An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the A/F sensor 1 heater.)	shorted.) • A/F sensor 1 heater	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

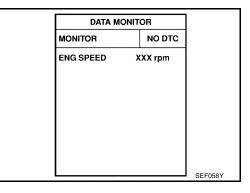
TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10.5V and 16V at idle.

With CONSULT-II

(I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-167, "Diagnostic Procedure"



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WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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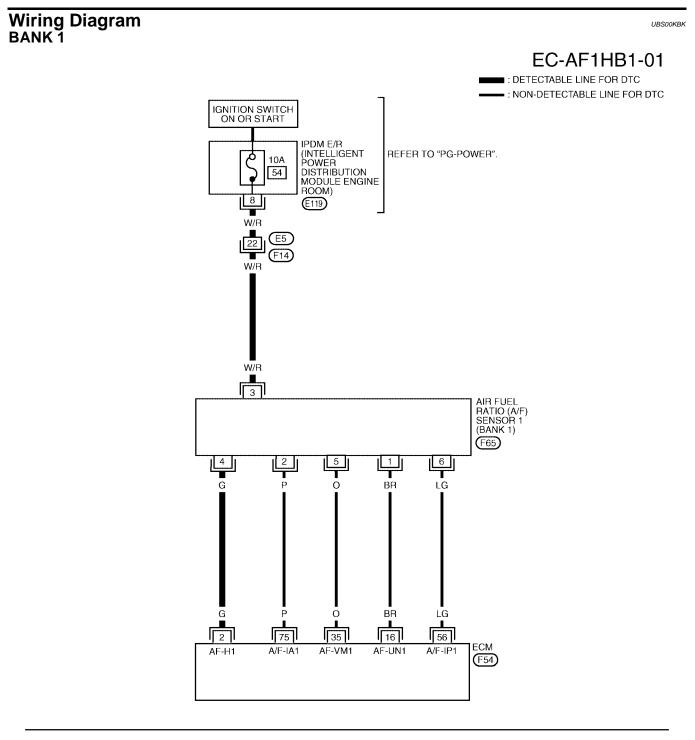
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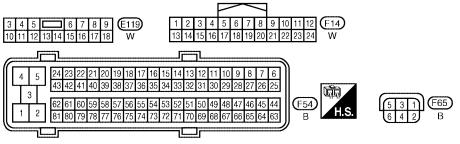
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BBWA2362E

DTC P0031, P0032, P0051, P0052 A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С
2	G	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 5V*	D
16	BR			Approximately 3.1V	
35	0	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition	Approximately 2.6V	F
56	LG		 Idle speed 	Approximately 2.3V	
75	Р			Approximately 2.3V	G

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

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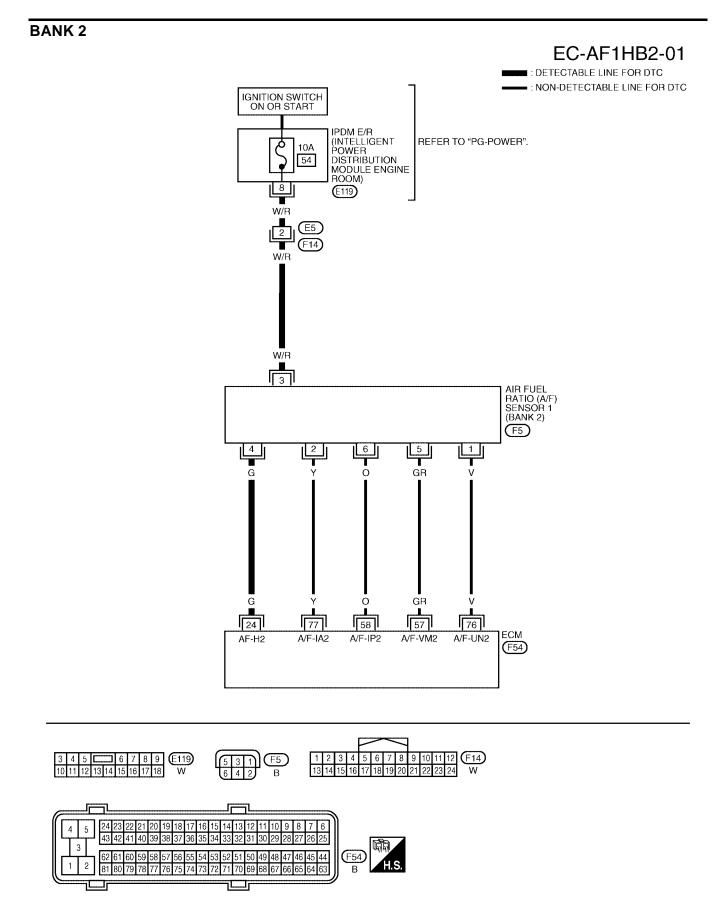
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BBWA2363E

DTC P0031, P0032, P0051, P0052 A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

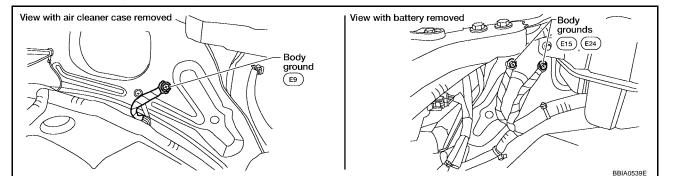
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С
24	G	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 5V*	D
57	GR			Approximately 2.6V	
58	0	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running]	Approximately 2.3V	F
76	V		Warm-up condition Idle speed	Approximately 3.1V	
77	Y			Approximately 2.3V	G

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or Replace ground connections.

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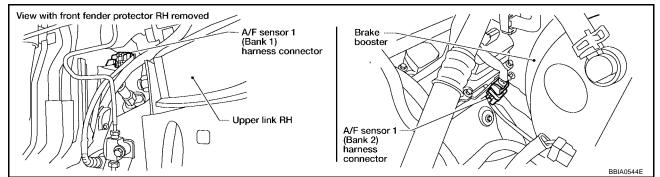
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2. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 harness connector.

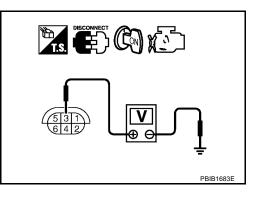


- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between air fuel ratio sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- IPDM E/R harness connector E119
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between air fuel ratio sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

4. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 HEATER OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 2 (bank 1) or 24 (bank 2) and air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 HEATER	
Refer to EC-169, "Component Inspection".	
<u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 6.	
NG >> GO TO 7.	
6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	
Perform EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCI	DENT".
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> Repair or replace.	
7. REPLACE AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1	
Replace air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1.	
CAUTION:	
 Discard any air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor which has been droppe (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new 	
 Before installing new air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor, clean exhaust 	
gen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and	
>> INSPECTION END	
	UBSOOKE
AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 HEATER	
	DISCONNECT
Check resistance between terminals 3 and 4. Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 Ω at 25°C (77°F)	
Check resistance between terminals 3 and 4. Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 Ω at 25°C (77°F) Check continuity between terminals 3 and 1, 2, 5, 6, terminals 4 and 1, 2, 5, 6.	
Check resistance between terminals 3 and 4. Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 Ω at 25°C (77°F) Check continuity between terminals 3 and 1, 2, 5, 6, terminals 4 and	
Check resistance between terminals 3 and 4. Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 Ω at 25°C (77°F) Check continuity between terminals 3 and 1, 2, 5, 6, terminals 4 and 1, 2, 5, 6. Continuity should not exist. f NG, replace the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1.	
Check resistance between terminals 3 and 4. Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 Ω at 25°C (77°F) Check continuity between terminals 3 and 1, 2, 5, 6, terminals 4 and 1, 2, 5, 6. Continuity should not exist. If NG, replace the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. CAUTION:	
 Check resistance between terminals 3 and 4. Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F) Check continuity between terminals 3 and 1, 2, 5, 6, terminals 4 and 1, 2, 5, 6. Continuity should not exist. If NG, replace the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. CAUTION: Discard any air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a 	
 Check resistance between terminals 3 and 4. Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F) Check continuity between terminals 3 and 1, 2, 5, 6, terminals 4 and 1, 2, 5, 6. Continuity should not exist. If NG, replace the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. CAUTION: Discard any air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one. 	
 Check continuity between terminals 3 and 1, 2, 5, 6, terminals 4 and 1, 2, 5, 6. Continuity should not exist. If NG, replace the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. CAUTION: Discard any air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one. Before installing new air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor, clean 	
 Check resistance between terminals 3 and 4. Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F) Check continuity between terminals 3 and 1, 2, 5, 6, terminals 4 and 1, 2, 5, 6. Continuity should not exist. If NG, replace the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. CAUTION: Discard any air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one. Before installing new air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Heated Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved 	
 Check resistance between terminals 3 and 4. Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F) Check continuity between terminals 3 and 1, 2, 5, 6, terminals 4 and 1, 2, 5, 6. Continuity should not exist. If NG, replace the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. CAUTION: Discard any air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one. Before installing new air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Heated Oxygen Sensor 	
 Check resistance between terminals 3 and 4. Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F) Check continuity between terminals 3 and 1, 2, 5, 6, terminals 4 and 1, 2, 5, 6. Continuity should not exist. If NG, replace the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. CAUTION: Discard any air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one. Before installing new air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Heated Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved 	
 Check resistance between terminals 3 and 4. Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F) Check continuity between terminals 3 and 1, 2, 5, 6, terminals 4 and 1, 2, 5, 6. Continuity should not exist. If NG, replace the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. CAUTION: Discard any air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one. Before installing new air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Heated Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved 	
 Check resistance between terminals 3 and 4. Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F) Check continuity between terminals 3 and 1, 2, 5, 6, terminals 4 and 1, 2, 5, 6. Continuity should not exist. f NG, replace the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. CAUTION: Discard any air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one. Before installing new air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Heated Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved 	

Removal and Installation

AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

UBS00KBN

DTC P0037, P0038, P0057, P0058 HO2S2 HEATER

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed	Heated oxygen sensor 2		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature	heater control	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater	
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air			

The ECM performs ON/OFF control of the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater corresponding to the engine speed, amount of intake air and engine coolant temperature.

OPERATION

Engine speed rpm	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater
Above 3,600	OFF
Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.	
 Engine: After warming up 	ON
• Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load	

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
HO2S2 HTR (B1) HO2S2 HTR (B2)	 Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met. Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	ON
	• Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm	OFF

On Board Diagnosis Logic

Trouble diagnosis DTC No. DTC detecting condition Possible cause name P0037 0037 Harness or connectors The current amperage in the heated oxygen sen-Heated oxygen (Bank 1) (The heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is sor 2 heater circuit is out of the normal range. sensor 2 heater open or shorted.) (An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM P0057 control circuit low through the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater.) Heater oxygen sensor 2 heater 0057 (Bank 2) P0038 The current amperage in the heated oxygen sen-0038 Harness or connectors Heated oxygen sor 2 heater circuit is out of the normal range. (Bank 1) (The heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is sensor 2 heater (An excessively high voltage signal is sent to shorted.) P0058 control circuit high ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 2 0058 • Heater oxygen sensor 2 heater heater.) (Bank 2)

PFP:226A0

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UBS00K52

UBS00K53

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10.5V and 16V at idle.

B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start the engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 rpm and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-175, "Diagnostic Procedure"

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DATA N	IONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
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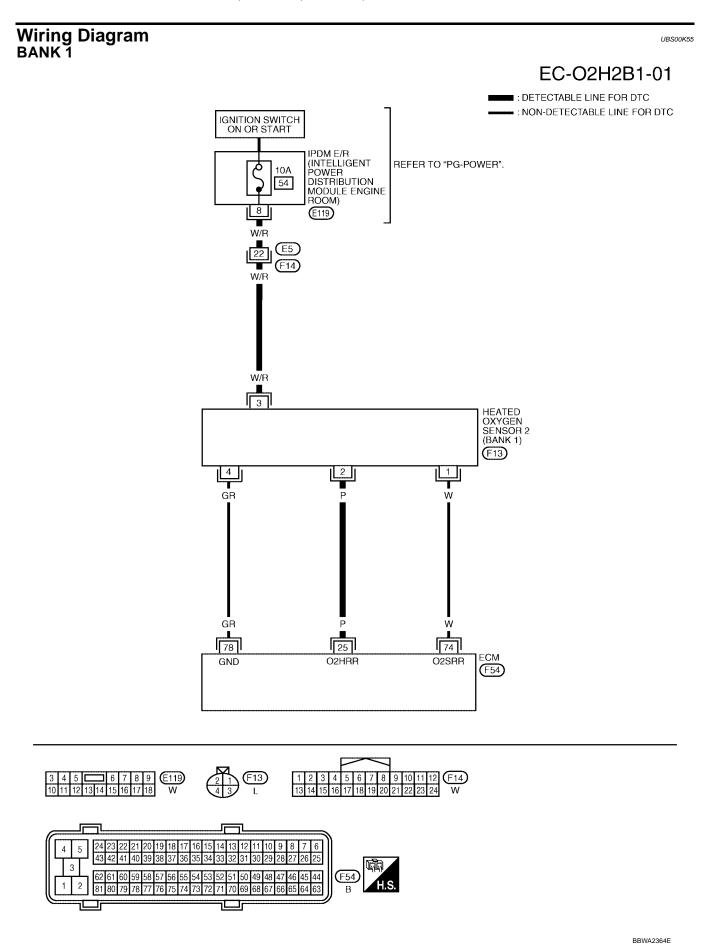
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

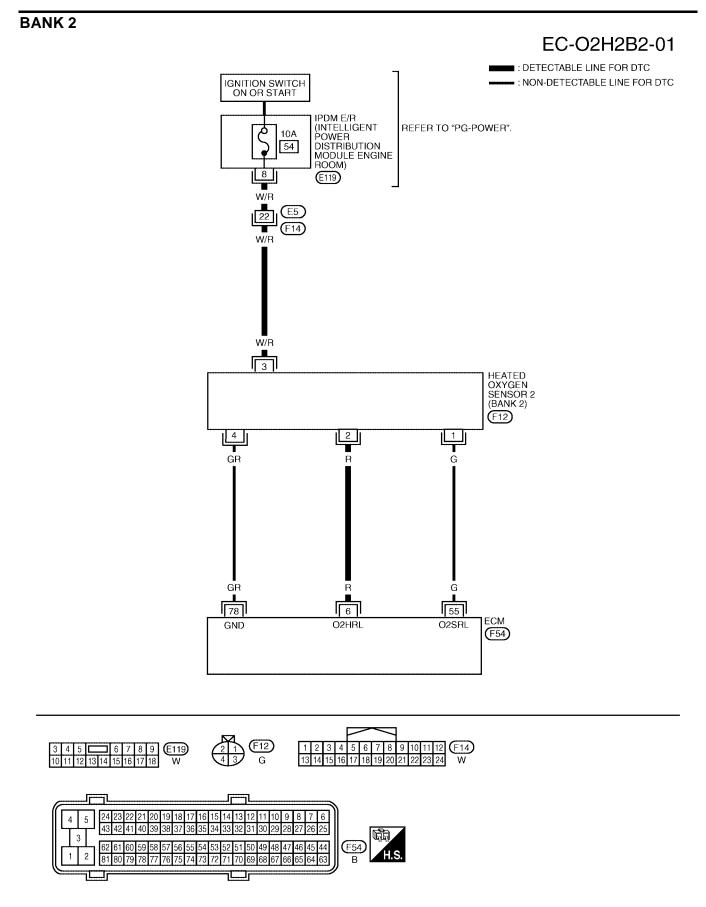
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
25	Ρ	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - 1.0V
	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped [Engine is running] • Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)		
74	w	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	GR	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V

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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

•		•	-	•	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
6	R	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met. Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - 1.0V	С D — Е
		[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped [Engine is running] • Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	F	
55	G	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V	G
78	GR	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	I

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

UBS00K56

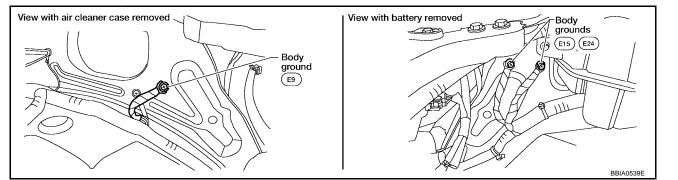
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- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



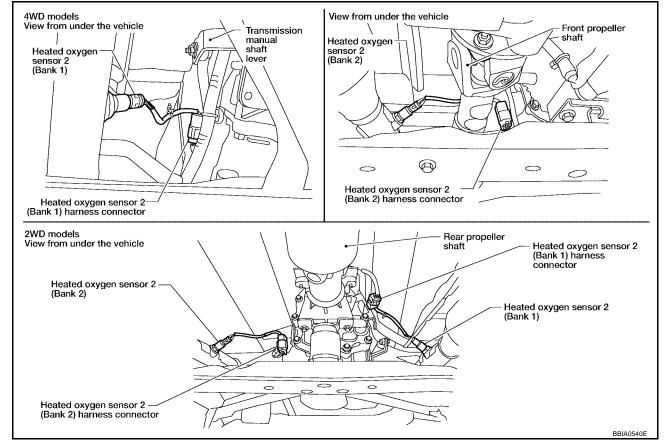
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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2. CHECK HO2S2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.

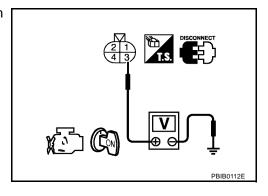


- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between HO2S2 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- IPDM E/R harness connector E119
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between heated oxygen sensor 2 and fuse

>> Repair harness or connectors.

4. CHECK HO2S2 OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT А Turn ignition switch OFF. 1. 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector. EC 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram. Terminals DTC Bank ECM Sensor 2 P0037, P0038 25 1 P0057, P0058 6 2 2 Continuity should exist. Ε 4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 5. F NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. 5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 HEATER Refer to EC-177, "Component Inspection" . OK or NG OK >> GO TO 6. Н NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2. 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" . >> INSPECTION END **Component Inspection** UBS00K57 **HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 HEATER** Κ 1. Check resistance between HO2S2 terminals as follows. Terminal No. Resistance L 2 and 3 9.9 - 13.3 Ω at 25°C (77°F) 1 and 2, 3, 4 $\infty \Omega$ (Continuity should not exist) 4 and 1, 2, 3 Μ 2. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2. **CAUTION:** Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard sur-Ω face such as a concrete floor: use a new one. Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system . threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant. 4

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Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST".

UBS00K58

DTC P0075, P0081 IVT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Component Description

Intake valve timing control solenoid valve is activated by ON/OFF pulse duty (ratio) signals from the ECM.

The intake valve timing control solenoid valve changes the oil amount and direction of flow through intake valve timing control unit or stops oil flow.

The longer pulse width advances valve angle.

The shorter pulse width retards valve angle.

When ON and OFF pulse widths become equal, the solenoid valve stops oil pressure flow to fix the intake valve angle at the control position.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CON	IDITION	SPECIFICATION	F
	 Engine: After warming up 	Idle	0% - 2%	
INT/V SOL (B1)	 Shift lever: P or N 			
INT/V SOL (B2)	 Air conditioner switch: OFF 	2,000 rpm	Approx. 0% - 50%	G
	● No load			

On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0075 0075 (Bank 1) P0081	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve circuit	An improper voltage is sent to the ECM through intake valve timing control solenoid	 Harness or connectors (Intake valve timing control solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.)
0081 0081 (Bank 2)		valve.	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-184, "Diagnostic Procedure" 4.

DATA M	ONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
		SEF

WITH GST

Following the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Revision: September 2005

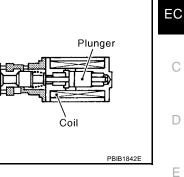
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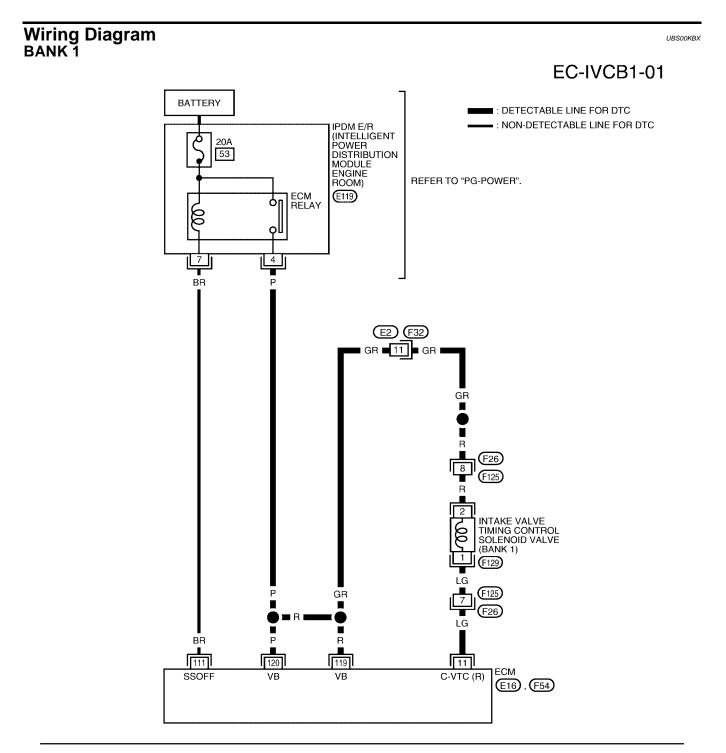
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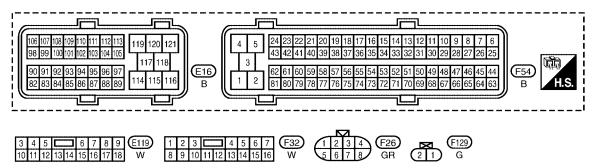
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DTC P0075, P0081 IVT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE





BBWA1781E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
11	LG	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Engine speed: 2,500 rpm	7 - 12V★
111	111 BR	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	 [Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	0 - 1.5V
			 [Ignition switch: OFF] More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R P	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

 \star : Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

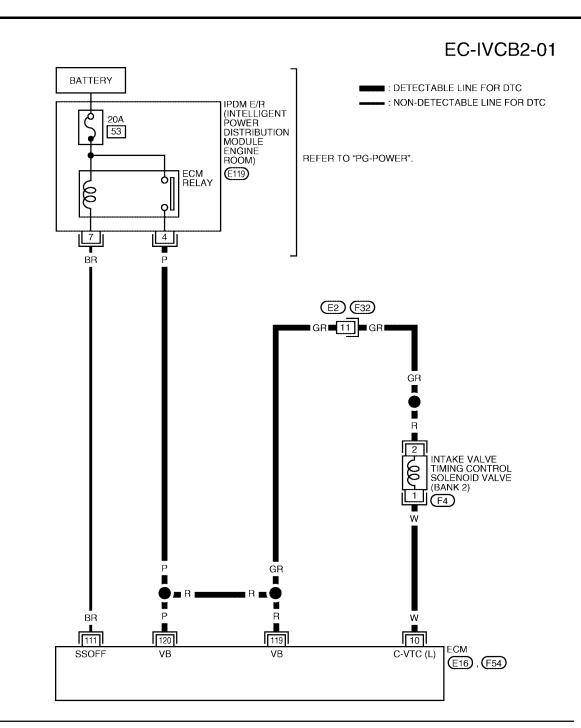
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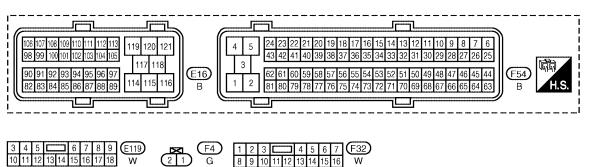
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BANK 2





BBWA1993E

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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
10	W	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Engine speed: 2,500 rpm	7 - 12V★
111 BR	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	 [Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	0 - 1.5V	
			 [Ignition switch: OFF] More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R P	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

 \star : Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

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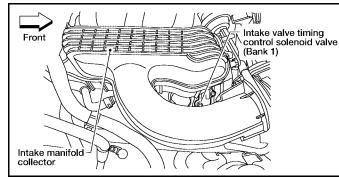
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Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect intake valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector.



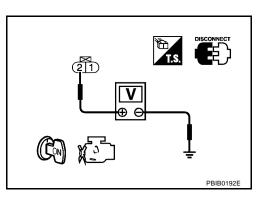


4. Check voltage between intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 3.
NG	>> GO TO 2.



Intake valve timing

(Bank 2)

control solenoid valve

Front

BBIA0553E

View with engine cover and intake air duct removed

2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness connectors F26, F125 (bank 1)
- Harness for open or short between intake valve timing control solenoid valve and IPDM E/R
- Harness for open or short between intake valve timing control solenoid valve and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

3. Check intake value timing control solenoid value output signal circuit for open and short

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 11 (bank 1) or 10 (bank 2) and intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 5.
NG	>> GO TO 4.

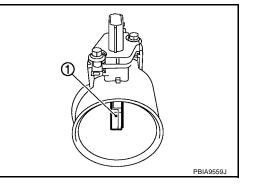
 Harness connectors F26, F125 (bank 1) Harness for open and short between ECM and intake valve timing control solenoid valve Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE Refer to EC-185, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> Replace intake valve timing control solenoid valve. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT". > INSPECTION END Component Inspection 	Che	eck the following.				
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timing control solenoid valve. If NG, replace intake valve timing control solenoid valve.		Do not apply 12V			M	
If NG, replace intake valve timing control solenoid valve.						
NOTE:		If NG, replace intal	ke valve timing control solend	oid valve.		
Always replace O-ring when intake valve timing control						
solenoid valve is removed.						
				UBS00KC0		
INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE Refer to EM-55, "TIMING CHAIN".						

DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR

Component Description

The mass air flow sensor (1) is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. The mass air flow sensor controls the temperature of the hot wire to a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot wire is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss.

Therefore, the electric current supplied to hot wire is changed to maintain the temperature of the hot wire as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
MAS A/F SE-B1	See EC-134, "TROUBLE DIAGNOS	IS - SPECIFICATION VALUE" .	
	 Engine: After warming up 	Idle	5% - 35%
CAL/LD VALUE	 Shift lever: P or N 		
	 Air conditioner switch: OFF 	2,500 rpm	5% - 35%
	● No load		
	 Engine: After warming up 	Idle	2.0 - 6.0 g⋅m/s
MASS AIRFLOW	 Shift lever: P or N 		
	 Air conditioner switch: OFF 	2,500 rpm	7.0 - 20.0 g⋅m/s
	● No load		

Specification data are reference values.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name		DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
	Mass air flow sensor cir- cuit range/performance	A)	A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving condition.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
				 Mass air flow sensor
				 EVAP control system pressure sensor
50404				 Intake air temperature sensor
P0101 0101		B)	A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving condition.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
				 Intake air leaks
				 Mass air flow sensor
				 EVAP control system pressure sensor
				 Intake air temperature sensor

UBS00K5B

PFP:22680

UBS00K59

UBS00K5A

DTC Confirmation Procedure

Perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A first.

If the DTC cannot be confirmed, perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

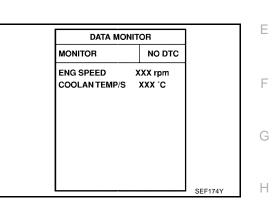
PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A

NOTE:

If engine will not start or stops soon, wait at least 10 seconds with engine stopped (Ignition switch ON) instead of running engine at idle speed.

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-190, "Diagnostic Procedure"



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With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

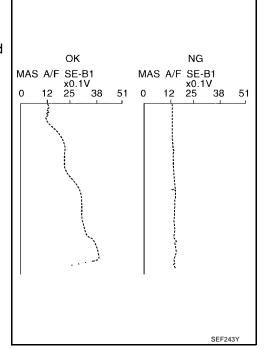
CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
 If engine cannot be started, go to <u>EC-190, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- 3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Check the voltage of "MAS A/F SE-B1" with "DATA MONITOR".
- 5. Increases engine speed to about 4,000 rpm.
- 6. Monitor the linear voltage rise in response to engine speed increases.

If NG, go to <u>EC-190, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>. If OK, go to following step.



DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR

7. Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	More than 2,000 rpm
THRTL SEN 1	More than 3V
THRTL SEN 2	More than 3V
Selector lever	Suitable position
Driving location	Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h	
THRTL SEN 1	XXX V	
THRTL SEN 2	XXX V	

8. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-190, "Diagnostic Procedure"

Overall Function Check PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the mass air flow sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

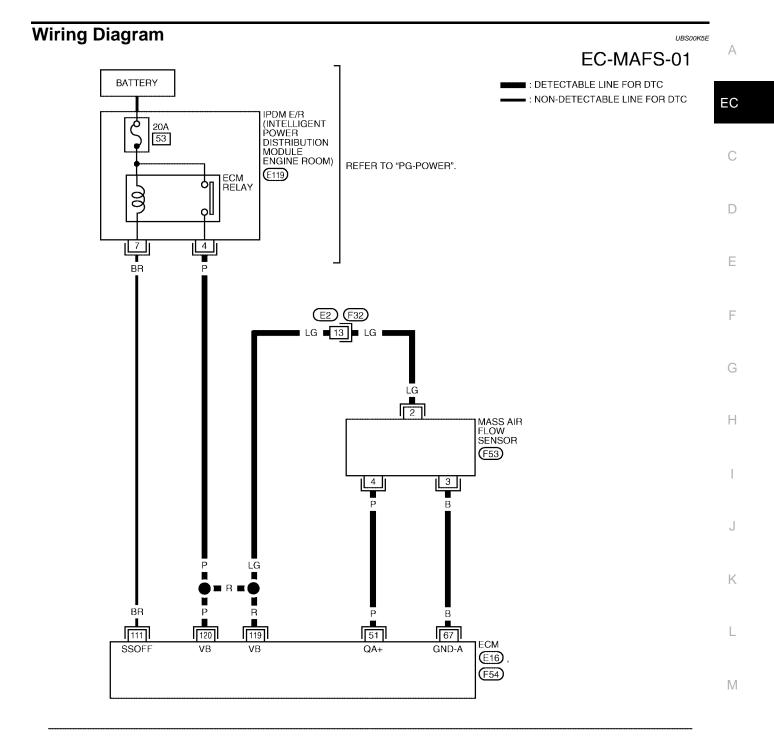
With GST

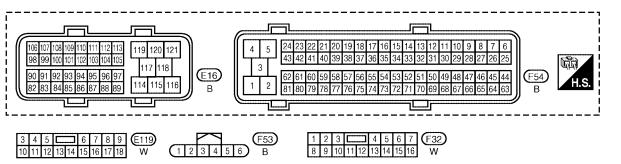
- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select Service \$01 with GST.
- 3. Check the mass air flow sensor signal with Service \$01.
- 4. Check for linear mass air flow sensor signal value rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.
- 5. If NG, go to EC-190, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

CALC LOAD COOLANT TEMP SHORT FT #1 LONG FT #1 SHORT FT #2 LONG FT #2 ENGINE SPD VEHICLE SPD IGN ADVANCE INTAKE AIR MAF THROTTLE POS	20% 95°C 2% 0% 4% 0637RPM 0MPH 41.0° 41°C 14.1gm/sec 3%	
	SEF	534P

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DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR





BBWA1922E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
51			[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	0.9 - 1.2V
10	Ρ	Mass air flow sensor	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Engine speed: 2,500 rpm	1.5 - 1.8V
67	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
111	111 BR ECM relay		 [Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	0 - 1.5V
		(Self shut-off)	 [Ignition switch: OFF] More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R P	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure 1. INSPECTION START

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Which malfunction (A or B) is duplicated?

A or B

A >> GO TO 3.

B >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check the following for connection.

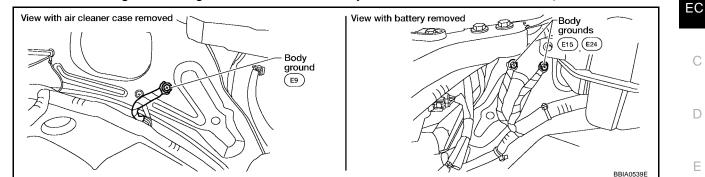
- Air duct
- Vacuum hoses
- Intake air passage between air duct and intake manifold

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Reconnect the parts.

3. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



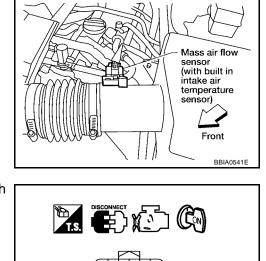
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

4. CHECK MAF SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect mass air flow (MAF) sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.



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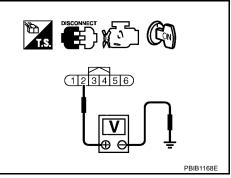
Μ

3. Check voltage between MAF sensor terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.



5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and mass air flow sensor
- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR

6. CHECK MAF SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. Check map sensor input signal circuit for open and short

1. Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 4 and ECM terminal 51. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-206, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace intake air temperature sensor.

9. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-424, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

10. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EC-192, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor.

11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Connect CONSULT-II and select "DATA MONITOR" mode.

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DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR

 Select "MAS A/F SE-B1" and check indication under the following conditions.

Condition	MAS A/F SE-B1 (V)
Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.)	Approx. 0.4
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	0.9 - 1.2
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.5 - 1.8
Idle to about 4.000 rpm	0.9 - 1.2 to Approx. 2.4*

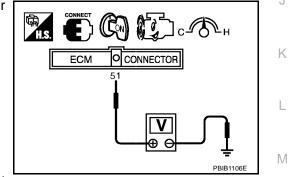
*: Check for linear voltage rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.

- 5. If the voltage is out of specification, proceed the following.
- a. Check for the cause of uneven air flow through mass air flow sensor. Refer to following.
 - Crushed air ducts
 - Malfunctioning seal of air cleaner element
 - Uneven dirt of air cleaner element
 - Improper specification of intake air system parts
- b. If NG, repair or replace malfunctioning part and perform step 2 to 4 again. If OK, go to next step.
- 6. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 7. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
- 8. Perform step 2 to 4 again.
- 9. If NG, clean or replace mass air flow sensor.

Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check voltage between ECM terminal 51 (Mass air flow sensor signal) and ground.

Condition	Voltage V
Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.)	Approx. 0.4
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	0.9 - 1.2
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.5 - 1.8
Idle to about 4,000 rpm	0.9 - 1.2 to Approx. 2.4*



DATA MONITOR

NO DTC

XXX rpm

XXX V

MONITOR

ENG SPEED

MAS A/F SE-B1

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*: Check for linear voltage rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.

- 4. If the voltage is out of specification, proceed the following.
- a. Check for the cause of uneven air flow through mass air flow sensor. Refer to following.
 - Crushed air ducts
 - Malfunctioning seal of air cleaner element
 - Uneven dirt of air cleaner element
 - Improper specification of intake air system parts
- b. If NG, repair or replace malfunctioning part and perform step 2 to 3 again. If OK, go to next step.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 6. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
- 7. Perform step 2 and 3 again.
- 8. If NG, clean or replace mass air flow sensor.

EC-193

Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EM-16, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .

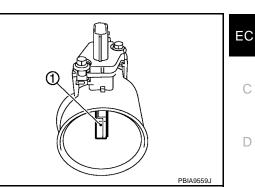
UBS00K5H

DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR

Component Description

The mass air flow sensor (1) is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. The mass air flow sensor controls the temperature of the hot wire to a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot wire is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss.

Therefore, the electric current is supplied to hot wire is changed to maintain the temperature of the hot wire as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	F
MAS A/F SE-B1	See EC-134, "TROUBLE DIAGN	OSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE" .		_
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	5% - 35%	G
CAL/LD VALUE	 Shift lever: P or N Air conditioner switch: OFF No load 	2,500 rpm	5% - 35%	— С
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	2.0 - 6.0 g⋅m/s	_ !!
MASS AIRFLOW	 Shift lever: P or N Air conditioner switch: OFF No load 	2,500 rpm	7.0 - 20.0 g·m/s	

Specification data are reference values.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	K
P0102 0102	Mass air flow sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Intake air leaks Mass air flow sensor 	L
P0103 0103	Mass air flow sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Mass air flow sensor 	Μ

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode
Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.

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DTC Confirmation Procedure

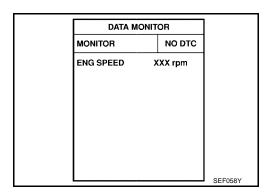
NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

PROCEDURE FOR DTC P0102

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-198, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

PROCEDURE FOR DTC P0103

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-198</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>". If DTC is not detected, go to next step.
- 5. Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 6. If DTC is detected, go to EC-198, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

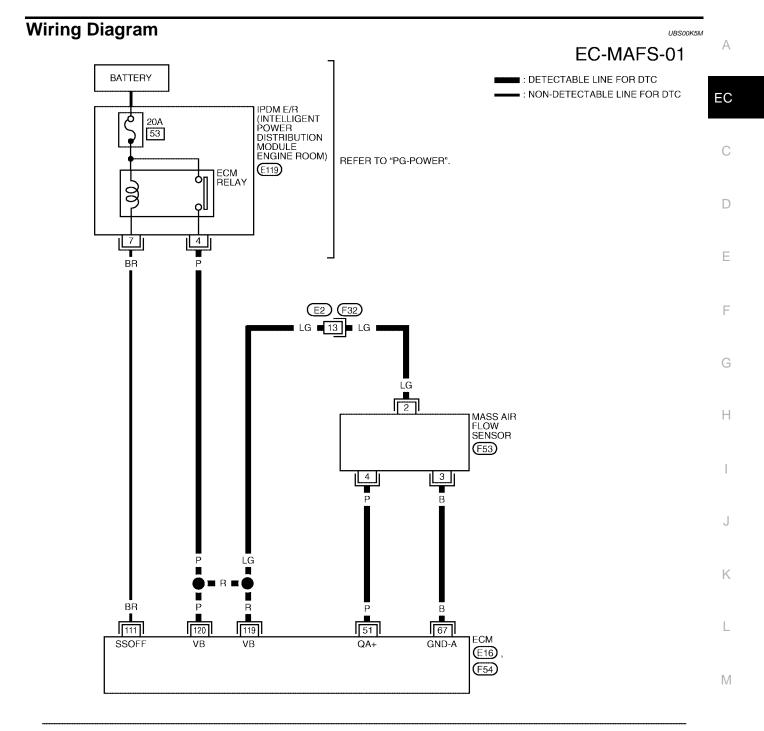
DATA M	ONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
		SEF058Y

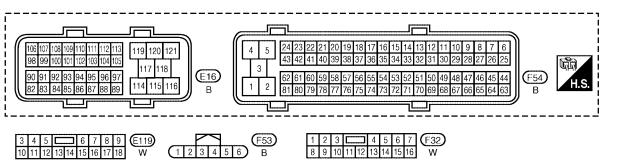
G With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

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DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
51	Р	Mass air flow sensor	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	0.9 - 1.2V
51			[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Engine speed: 2,500 rpm	1.5 - 1.8V
67	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
111	BR	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	 [Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	0 - 1.5V
			 [Ignition switch: OFF] More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R P	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure 1. INSPECTION START

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Which malfunction (P0102 or P0103) is duplicated? P0102 or P0103

P0102 >> GO TO 2. P0103 >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check the following for connection.

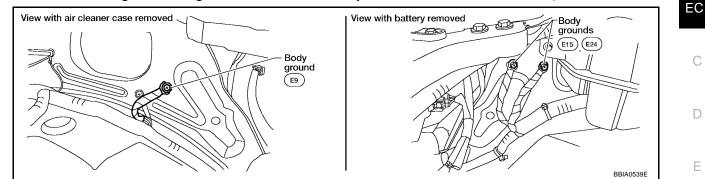
- Air duct
- Vacuum hoses
- Intake air passage between air duct and intake manifold

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Reconnect the parts.

3. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



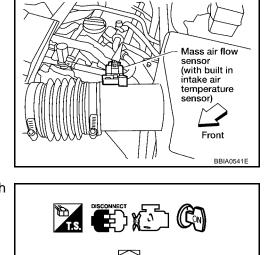
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

4. CHECK MAF SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect mass air flow (MAF) sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.



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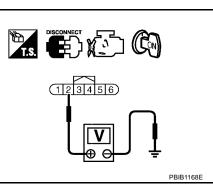
Μ

3. Check voltage between MAF sensor terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.



5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and mass air flow sensor
- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

EC-199

DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR

6. CHECK MAF SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. Check map sensor input signal circuit for open and short

1. Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 4 and ECM terminal 51. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EC-200, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor.

9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Connect CONSULT-II and select "DATA MONITOR" mode.
- Select "MAS A/F SE-B1" and check indication under the following conditions.

Condition	MAS A/F SE-B1 (V)
Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.)	Approx. 0.4
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	0.9 - 1.2
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.5 - 1.8
Idle to about 4,000 rpm	0.9 - 1.2 to Approx. 2.4*

If the voltage is out of specification, proceed the following.

*: Check for linear voltage rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.

DATA MONITORMONITORNO DTCENG SPEEDXXX rpmMAS A/F SE-B1XXX V

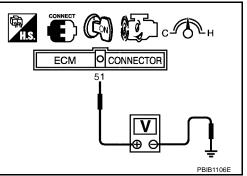


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a.	Check for the cause of uneven air flow through mass air flow sensor. Refer to following.	-
	Crushed air ducts	A
	 Malfunctioning seal of air cleaner element 	
	Uneven dirt of air cleaner element	
	 Improper specification of intake air system parts 	EC
b.	If NG, repair or replace malfunctioning part and perform step 2 to 4 again. If OK, go to next step.	0
6.	Turn ignition switch OFF.	C
7.	Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.	
8.	Perform step 2 to 4 again.	D
9.	If NG, clean or replace mass air flow sensor.	
Ŕ	Without CONSULT-II	
1.	Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.	E
2.	Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.	
3.	Check voltage between ECM terminal 51 (Mass air flow sensor signal) and ground.	F

Condition	Voltage V
Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.)	Approx. 0.4
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	0.9 - 1.2
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.5 - 1.8
Idle to about 4,000 rpm	0.9 - 1.2 to Approx. 2.4*



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*: Check for linear voltage rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.

- 4. If the voltage is out of specification, proceed the following.
- a. Check for the cause of uneven air flow through mass air flow sensor. Refer to following.
 - Crushed air ducts
 - Malfunctioning seal of air cleaner element
 - Uneven dirt of air cleaner element
 - Improper specification of intake air system parts
- If NG, repair or replace malfunctioning part and perform step 2 to 3 again.
 If OK, go to next step.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 6. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
- 7. Perform step 2 and 3 again.
- 8. If NG, clean or replace mass air flow sensor.

Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EM-16, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .

DTC P0112, P0113 IAT SENSOR

Component Description

The intake air temperature sensor is built-into mass air flow sensor (1). The sensor detects intake air temperature and transmits a signal to the ECM.

The temperature sensing unit uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. Electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases in response to the temperature rise.

<Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $k\Omega$
25 (77)	3.3	1.800 - 2.200
80 (176)	1.2	0.283 - 0.359

*: This data is reference value and is measured between ECM terminal 34 (Intake air temperature sensor) and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0112 0112	Intake air tempera- ture sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) 	
P0113 0113	Intake air tempera- ture sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Intake air temperature sensor 	

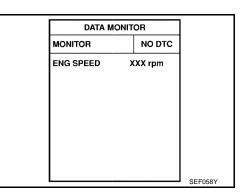
DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

B WITH CONSULT-II

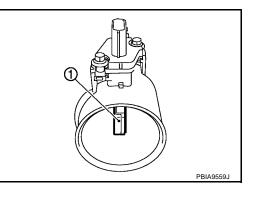
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-205, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>

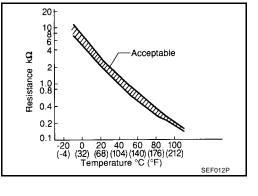


PFP:22630

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Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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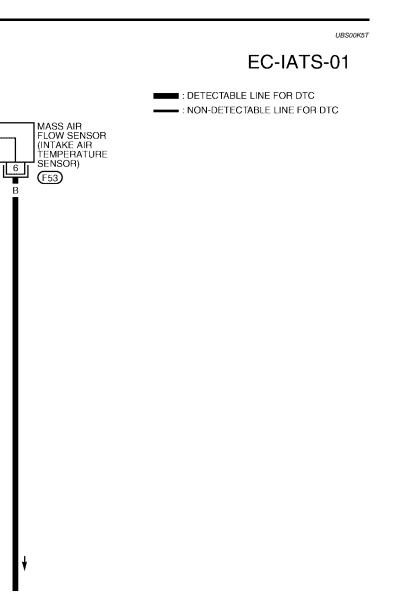
GND-A

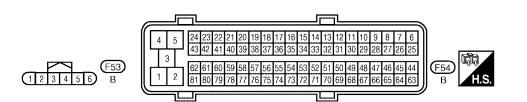
ECM

(F54)

BR

Wiring Diagram





BR 34

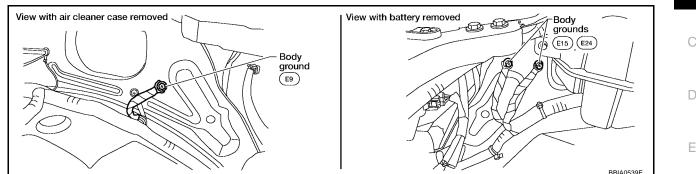
ΤA

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Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



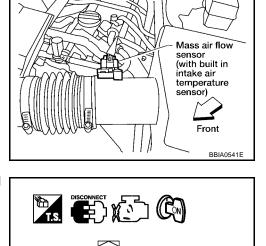
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

2. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect mass air flow sensor (intake air temperature sensor is built-into) harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.



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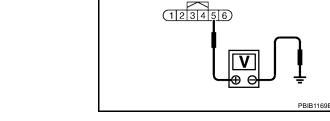
Μ

3. Check voltage between mass air flow sensor terminal 5 and ground.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair harness or connectors.



$\mathbf{3.}\,$ check intake air temperature sensor ground circuit for open and short

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between mass air flow sensor terminal 6 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

Revision: September 2005

EC-205

2006 Pathfinder

4. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-206, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).

5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

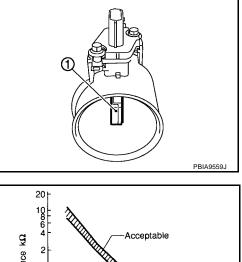
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Check resistance between mass air flow sensor (1) terminals 5 and 6 under the following conditions.

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Resistance $k\Omega$
25 (77)	1.800 - 2.200

2. If NG, replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).



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UBS00K5V

Removal and Installation

MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EM-16, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .

DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR

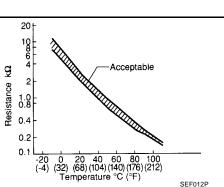
Component Description

The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

Sensor Gasket SEF594K

<Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $k\Omega$
-10 (14)	4.4	7.0 - 11.4
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260



*: This data is reference value and is measured between ECM terminal 73 (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause	K
P0117 0117	Engine coolant tem- perature sensor cir- cuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) 	L
P0118 0118	Engine coolant tem- perature sensor cir- cuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Engine coolant temperature sensor	M

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode		
	Engine coolant temperature will be determined by ECM based on the time after turning ignition switch ON or START. CONSULT-II displays the engine coolant temperature decided by ECM.		
	Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT-II display)	
Engine coolant temper-	Just as ignition switch is turned ON or START	40°C (104°F)	
ature sensor circuit	More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or START	80°C (176°F)	
	Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)	
	When the fail-safe system for engine coolant temper while engine is running.	ature sensor is activated, the cooling fan operates	

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DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-210, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

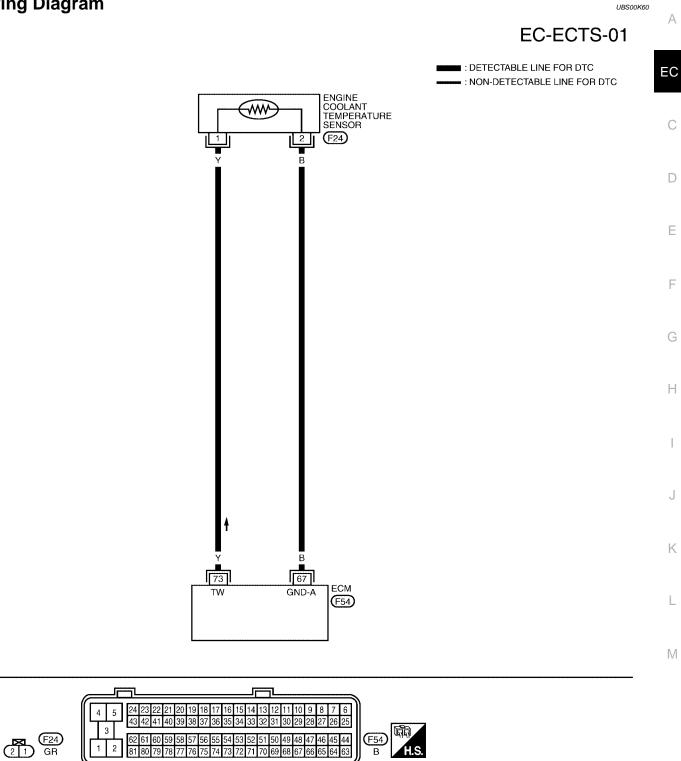
DATA M	DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm]
L		SEF058Y

G WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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Wiring Diagram



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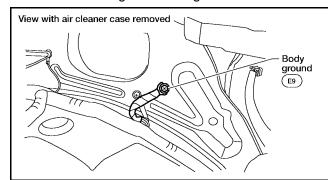
71 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63

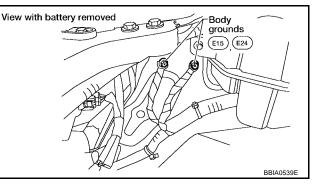
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Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .





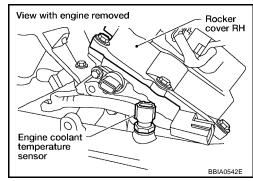
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

2. CHECK ECT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

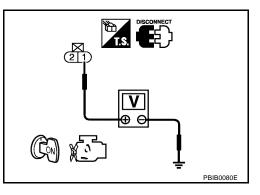


3. Check voltage between ECT sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR

-			
3. CHECK ECT SENSOR GROUND	CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT		
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.			
2. Disconnect ECM harness connect			
3. Check harness continuity betwee Refer to Wiring Diagram.			
Continuity should exist.			
4. Also check harness for short to g	ound and short to power.		
OK or NG			
OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> Repair open circuit or sho	rt to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.		
4. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEM	PERATURE SENSOR		
Refer to EC-211, "Component Inspect	<u>on"</u> .		
<u>OK or NG</u>			
OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> Replace engine coolant to	mperature sensor		
5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDE	NT		
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNO	SIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".		
>> INSPECTION END			
Component Inspection			
ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATU 1. Check resistance between engin			
terminals 1 and 2 as shown in the			
	PBIB2005E		
<reference data=""></reference>	20		
Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ		
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9 g 4 Acceptable		
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00 0.236 - 0.260 0.236 - 0.260 0.4		
90 (194)			
2. If NG, replace engine coolant tem	perature sensor.		
	0.1 L -20 0 20 40 60 80 100 (-4) (32) (68) (104) (140) (176) (212) Temperature °C (°F)		
	Temperature °C (°F)		

Removal and Installation ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to CO-24, "WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY" .

UBS00K63

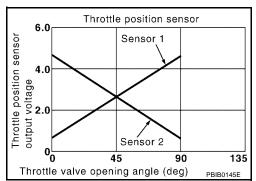
SEF012P

DTC P0122, P0123 TP SENSOR

Component Description

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
THRTL SEN 1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
THRTL SEN 2*	(Engine stopped)Shift lever: D	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V

*: Throttle position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No. DTC detecting condition Possible cause Trouble diagnosis name P0122 Throttle position sensor An excessively low voltage from the TP sensor • Harness or connectors 0122 2 circuit low input 2 is sent to ECM. (The TP sensor 2 circuit is open or shorted.) (The APP sensor 2 circuit is shorted.) Electric throttle control actuator P0123 An excessively high voltage from the TP sen-Throttle position sensor (TP sensor 2) 2 circuit high input sor 2 is sent to ECM. 0123 Accelerator pedal position sensor (APP sensor 2)

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

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UBS00K65

PFP:16119

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

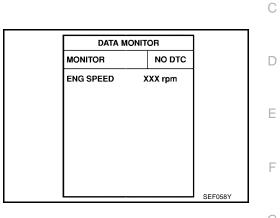
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-215, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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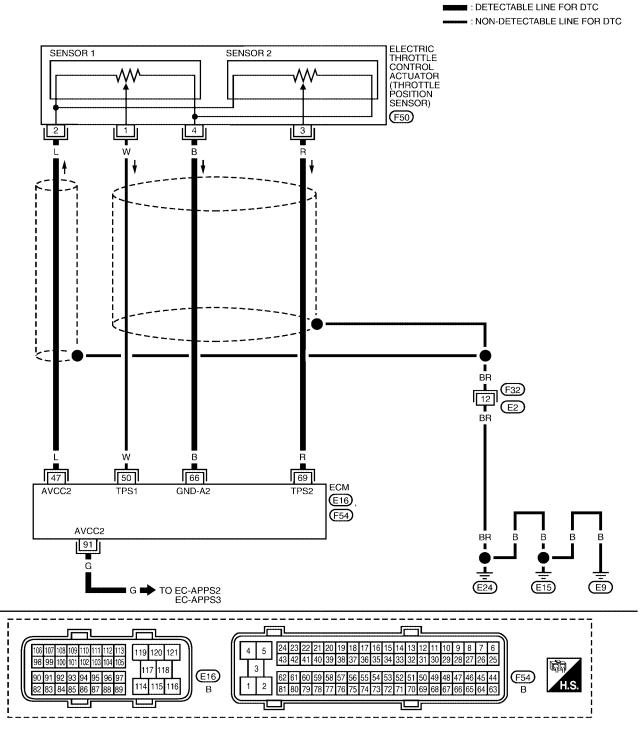
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UBS00K67

Wiring Diagram

UBS00K68

EC-TPS2-01



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 F32 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 W 654321 B

BBWA1745E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

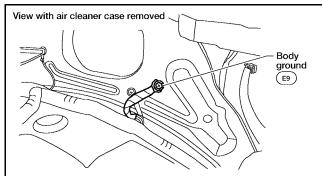
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

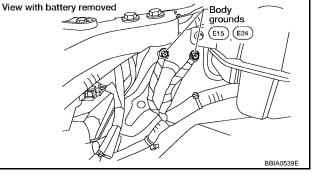
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	_
47	L	Sensor power supply (Throttle position sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	
50		The all and the second	 [Ignition switch: ON] Engine: Stopped Shift lever: D Accelerator pedal: Fully released 	More than 0.36V	
50	W	Throttle position sensor 1	 [Ignition switch: ON] Engine: Stopped Shift lever: D Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed 	Less than 4.75V	
66	в	Sensor ground (Throttle position sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	
69	R	Throttle position sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Shift lever: D • Accelerator pedal: Fully released	Less than 4.75V	
09	ĸ		 [Ignition switch: ON] Engine: Stopped Shift lever: D Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed 	More than 0.36V	_
91	G	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .





OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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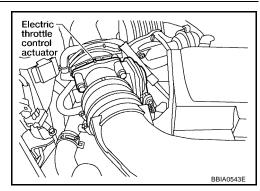
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2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

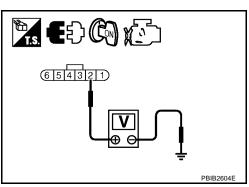


3. Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 3.



3. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 2 and ECM terminal 47. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> Repair open circuit.

4. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals.

ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram
47	Electric throttle control actuator terminal 2	<u>EC-214</u>
91	APP sensor terminal 1	<u>EC-590</u>

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK APP SENSOR

Refer to EC-594, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 6.

DTC P0122, P0123 TP SENSOR

6.	REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY	_
1.	Replace accelerator pedal assembly.	_ A
2.	Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"	
3.	Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .	EC
4.	Perform <u>EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> .	
	>> INSPECTION END	С
7.	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	
1.	Turn ignition switch OFF.	- D
2.	Disconnect ECM harness connector.	
3.	Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 4 and ECM terminal 66. Refer to Wiring Diagram.	E
	Continuity should exist.	F
4. OK	Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. or NG	Γ
O		G
N	S >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	
8.	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	Н
1.	Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 69 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 3. Refer to Wiring Diagram.	
	Continuity should exist.	I
2.	Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	
-	or NG	J
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~		K
9.	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR	_
Ref	er to EC-218, "Component Inspection".	
	or NG	L
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		\mathbb{M}
	. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR	_
1.	Replace the electric throttle control actuator.	
2.	Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".	
3.	Perform <u>EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> .	
	>> INSPECTION END	

11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

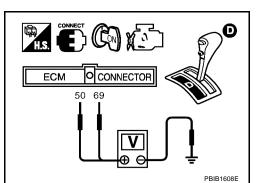
- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Set selector lever to D position.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 50 (TP sensor 1 signal), 69 (TP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
50	Fully released	More than 0.36V
(Throttle position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
69	Fully released	Less than 4.75V
(Throttle position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	More than 0.36V

- 6. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to the next step.
- 7. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 8. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR" .



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DTC P0125 ECT SENSOR

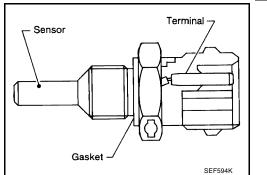
DTC P0125 ECT SENSOR

Component Description

NOTE:

If DTC P0125 is displayed with P0117 or P0118, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0117 or P0118. Refer to <u>EC-207, "DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR"</u>.

The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.



<Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $k\Omega$
-10 (14)	4.4	7.0 - 11.4
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

*: This data is reference value and is measured between ECM terminal 73 (Engine

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

coolant temperature sensor) and ground.

UBS00K6D

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	•
P0125 0125	Insufficient engine cool- ant temperature for closed loop fuel control	 Voltage sent to ECM from the sensor is not practical, even when some time has passed after starting the engine. Engine coolant temperature is insufficient for closed loop fuel control. 	 Harness or connectors (High resistance in the circuit) Engine coolant temperature sensor Thermostat 	L

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DTC Confirmation Procedure

CAUTION:

Be careful not to overheat engine.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

B WITH CONSULT-II

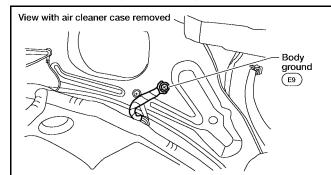
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Check that "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 10°C (50°F). If it is above 10°C (50°F), the test result will be OK. If it is below 10°C (50°F), go to following step.
- Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed. If "COOLAN TEMP/S" increases to more than 10°C (50°F) within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-220, "Diagnostic Procedure"

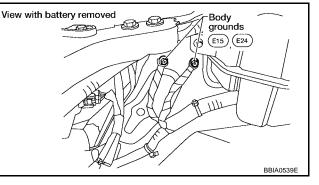
WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

- 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .





OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

2. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-221, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

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UBS00K6E

3. CHECK THERMOSTAT OPERATION

When the engine is cold [lower than 70°C (158°F)] condition, grasp lower radiator hose and confirm the engine coolant does not flow.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace thermostat. Refer to CO-24, "WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY"

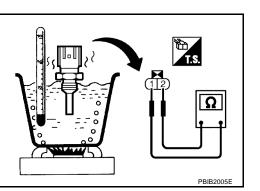
4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to <u>EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"</u>. Refer to <u>EC-209, "Wiring Diagram"</u>.

>> INSPECTION END

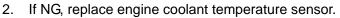
Component Inspection ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

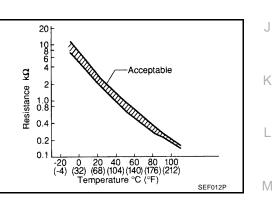
1. Check resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals 1 and 2 as shown in the figure.



<Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Resistance $k\Omega$
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260





Removal and Installation ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to CO-24, "WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY" .

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DTC P0127 IAT SENSOR

Component Description

The intake air temperature sensor is built into mass air flow sensor (1). The sensor detects intake air temperature and transmits a signal to the ECM.

The temperature sensing unit uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. Electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases in response to the temperature rise.

<Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $k\Omega$
25 (77)	3.3	1.800 - 2.200
80 (176)	1.2	0.283 - 0.359

*: This data is reference value and is measured between ECM terminal 34 (Intake air temperature sensor) and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0127	Intake air temperature	Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signal from engine coolant temperature sensor.	 Harness or connectors
0127	too high		(The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Intake air temperature sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

CAUTION:

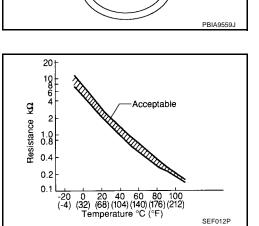
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

TESTING CONDITION:

This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F)
- a. Turn ignition switch ON.

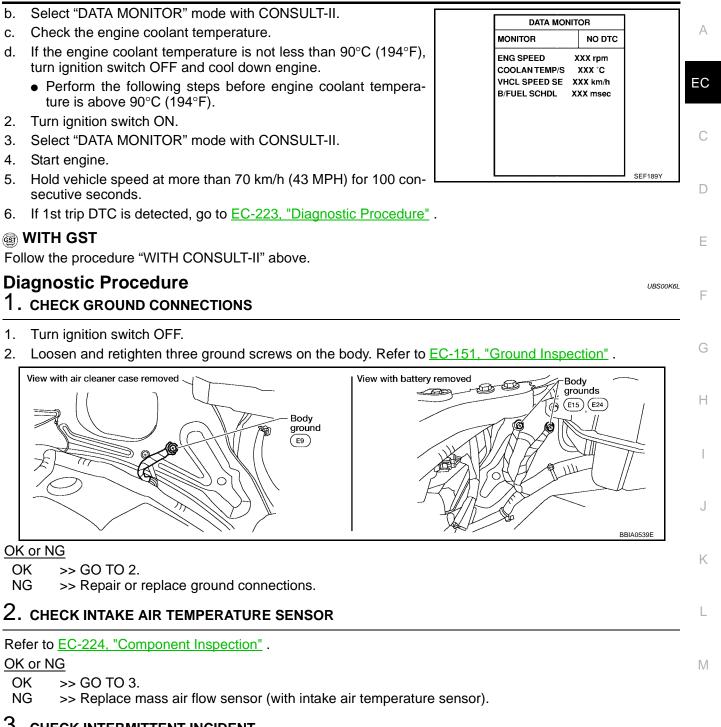


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DTC P0127 IAT SENSOR



3. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to <u>EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"</u>. Refer to <u>EC-204, "Wiring Diagram"</u>.

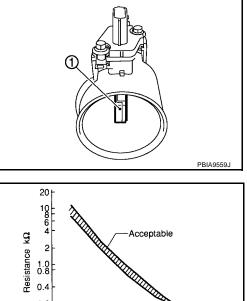
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Check resistance between intake air temperature sensor (1) terminals 5 and 6 under the following conditions.

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Resistance $k\Omega$
25 (77)	1.800 - 2.200

2. If NG, replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).



[●] 0.4
 [−]

Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EM-16, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .

UBS00K6N

DTC P0128 THERMOSTAT FUNCTION

DTC P0128 THERMOSTAT FUNCTION

On Board Diagnosis Logic

Engine coolant temperature has not risen enough to open the thermostat even though the engine has run long enough.

This is due to a leak in the seal or the thermostat stuck open.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0128 0128	Thermostat function	The engine coolant temperature does not reach to specified temperature even though the engine has run long enough.	 Thermostat Leakage from sealing portion of thermostat Engine coolant temperature sensor 	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- For best results, perform at ambient temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.
- For best results, perform at engine coolant temperature of –10°C (14°F) to 60°C (140°F).

WITH CONSULT-II

- Replace thermostat with new one. Refer to <u>CO-24, "WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY"</u>. Use only a genuine NISSAN thermostat as a replacement. If an incorrect thermostat is used, the MIL may come on.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Select "COOLAN TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Check that the "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 60°C (140°F). If it is below 60°C (140°F), go to following step. If it is above 60°C (140°F), cool down the engine to less than 60°C (140°F), then retry from step 1.
- 5. Drive vehicle for 10 consecutive minutes under the following conditions.

VHCL SPEED SE	80 - 120 km/h (50 - 75 MPH)

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-225, "Diagnostic Procedure"

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-226, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

- OK >> INSPECTION END
- NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

DATA MC			
MONITOR	NO DTC		
COOLAN TEMP/S VHCL SPEED SE			U
			k
		SEF176Y	

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UBS00K6F

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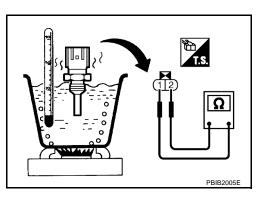
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DTC P0128 THERMOSTAT FUNCTION

Component Inspection ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Check resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals 1 and 2 as shown in the figure.



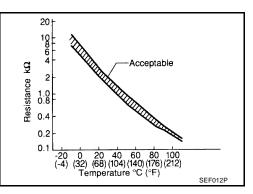
<Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Resistance $k\Omega$
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

2. If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.



Refer to CO-24, "WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY" .



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DTC P0130, P0150 A/F SENSOR 1

Component Description

The air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 is a planar dual-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor 1 is the combination of a Nernst concentration cell (sensor cell) with an oxygen-pump cell, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.

The sensor is capable of precise measurement $\lambda = 1$, but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide λ range (0.7 < λ < air).

The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion gap at the electrode of the oxygen pump and Nernst concentration cell, where they are brought to thermodynamic balance.

An electronic circuit controls the pump current through the oxygenpump cell so that the composition of the exhaust gas in the diffusion gap remains constant at $\lambda = 1$. Therefore, the A/F sensor 1 is able to indicate air/fuel ratio by this pumping of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of 700 - 800°C (1,292 - 1,472°F).

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONI	DITION	SPECIFICATION	_
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5V	

On Board Diagnosis Logic

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal fluctuates according to fuel feedback control.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible Cause	L
P0130 0130 (Bank 1)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1	• The A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/	 Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or 	M
P0150 0150 (Bank 2)	circuit	F sensor 1 signal is constantly approx. 1.5V.	shorted.) • A/F sensor 1	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

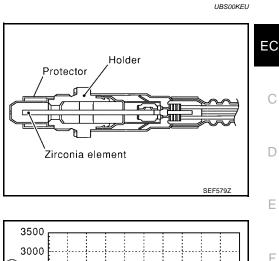
TESTING CONDITION:

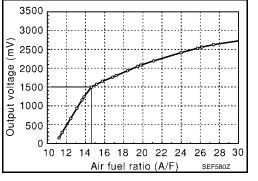
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Check "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" indication.







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If the indication is constantly approx. 1.5V and does not fluctuates, go to <u>EC-233, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>. If the indication fluctuates around 1.5V, go to next step.

- 4. Select "A/F SEN1 (B1) P1276" (for DTC P0130) or "A/F SEN1 (B2) P1286" (for DTC P0150) of "A/F SEN1" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Touch "START".
- 6. When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen.

ENG SPEED	1,750 - 3,200 rpm
VHCL SPEED SE	More than 64 km/h (40 MPH)
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.0 - 8.0 msec
Selector lever	D position with "OD" OFF

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 20 seconds, retry from step 2.

7. Release accelerator pedal fully.

NOTE:

step 6.

RESULT".

9.

Never apply brake during releasing the accelerator pedal.

Make sure that "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED".

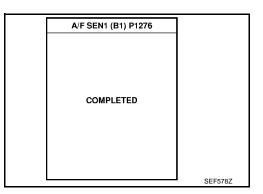
If "TESTING" changed to "OUT OF CONDITION", retry from

Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG

If "NG" is displayed, go to EC-233, "Diagnostic Procedure".

A/F SEN1 (B1) F	1276	
OUT OF CONDI	TION	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C	
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h	
		SEF576Z

A/F SEN1 (B1) F	1276	
TESTING		
SELECT 3RD GEAR		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C	
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h	
	-	SEF577Z



Overall Function Check

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the A/F sensor 1 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Drive the vehicle at a speed of 80 km/h (50 MPH) for a few minutes in the suitable gear position.
- Set D position with "OD" OFF, then release the accelerator pedal fully until the vehicle speed decreases to 50 km/h (30 MPH).

NOTE:

Never apply brake during releasing the accelerator pedal.

- 4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 for five times.
- 5. Stop the vehicle and turn ignition switch OFF.
- 6. Wait at least 10 seconds and restart engine.
- 7. Repeat steps 2 and 3 for five times.

UBS00KEY

8.	Stop the vehicle and connect GST to the vehicle.	
9.	Make sure that no DTC is displayed.	А
	If the DTC is displayed, go to <u>EC-233, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u> .	
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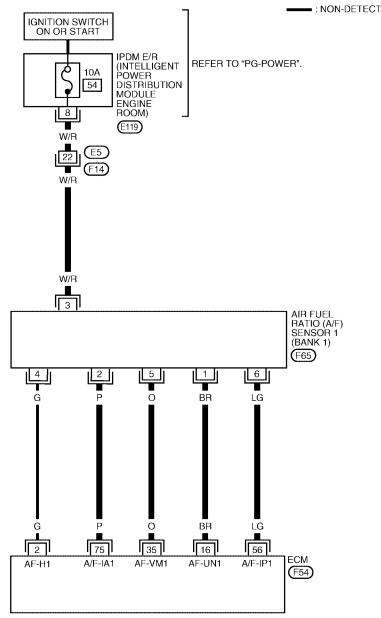
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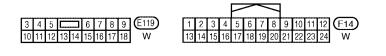
Μ

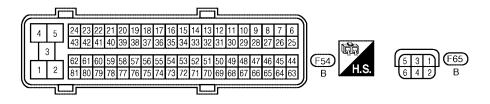
Wiring Diagram BANK 1



EC-AF1B1-01 = : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC = : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC







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DTC P0130, P0150 A/F SENSOR 1

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С
2	G	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★	D
16	BR			Approximately 3.1V	
35	0	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition	Approximately 2.6V	F
56	LG	AVE SENSOLI (DALIK I)	 Idle speed 	Approximately 2.3V	
75	Р			Approximately 2.3V	G

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

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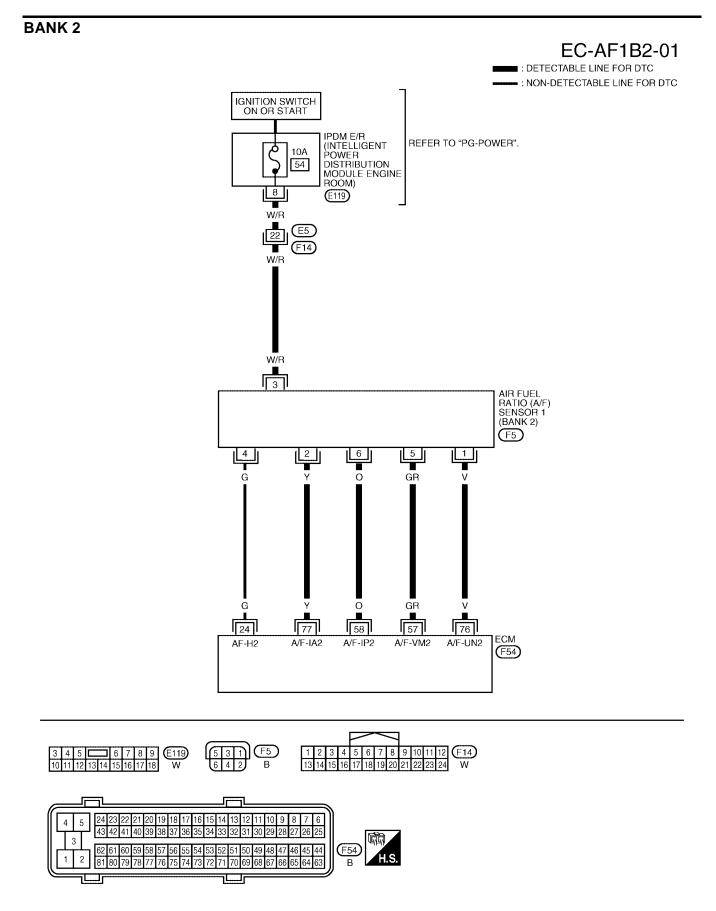
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DTC P0130, P0150 A/F SENSOR 1



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

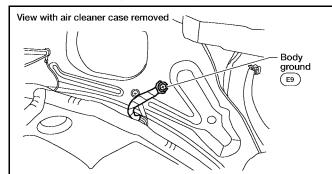
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

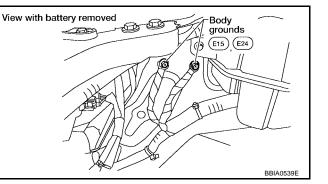
TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С
				Approximately 5V★	
24	G	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 2)	[Engine is running]Warm-up condition		D
			Idle speed		Е
				PBIB1584E	
57	GR		Franka is supplient	Approximately 2.6V	
58	0	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition	Approximately 2.3V	F
76	V		 Idle speed 	Approximately 3.1V	
77	Υ			Approximately 2.3V	G

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .





OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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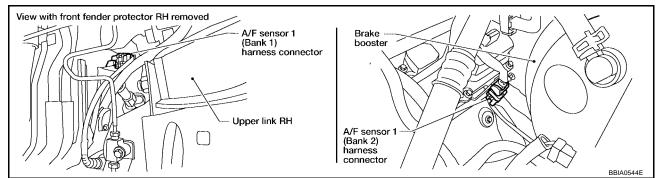
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2. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.

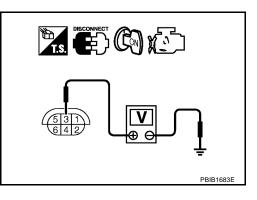


- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- IPDM E/R connector E119
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

4. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between A/F sensor 1 terminal and ECM terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
	1	16
Bank1	2	75
Daliki	5	35
	6	56
	1	76
Bank 2	2	77
	5	57
	6	58

Continuity should exist.

4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Ba	Bank 1		Bank 2	
A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	
1	16	1	76	
2	75	2	77	
5	35	5	57	
6	56	6	58	

Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> Repair or replace.

6. REPLACE A/F SENSOR 1

Replace A/F sensor 1.

CAUTION:

- Discard any A/F sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new A/F sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Heated Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

>> INSPECTION END

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Removal and Installation AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

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DTC P0131, P0151 A/F SENSOR 1

Component Description

The air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 is a planar dual-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor 1 is the combination of a Nernst concentration cell (sensor cell) with an oxygen-pump cell, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.

The sensor is capable of precise measurement $\lambda = 1$, but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide λ range (0.7 < $\lambda < air$).

The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion gap at the electrode of the oxygen pump and Nernst concentration cell, where they are brought to thermodynamic balance.

An electronic circuit controls the pump current through the oxygenpump cell so that the composition of the exhaust gas in the diffusion gap remains constant at $\lambda = 1$. Therefore, the A/F sensor 1 is able to indicate air/fuel ratio by this pumping of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of 700 - 800°C (1,292 - 1,472°F).

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5V

On Board Diagnosis Logic

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the A/F signal computed by ECM from the air fuel ratio (A/ F) sensor 1 signal is not inordinately low.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible Cause	L
P0131 0131 (Bank 1)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1	 The A/F signal computed by ECM from the 	Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or	M
P0151 0151 (Bank 2)	circuit low voltage	A/F sensor 1 signal is constantly approx. 0V.	shorted.) • A/F sensor 1	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

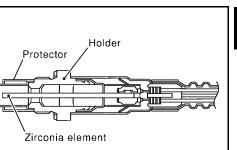
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

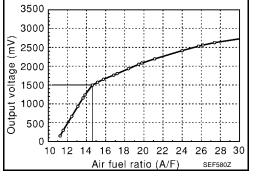
TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

(I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.





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2006 Pathfinder

DTC P0131, P0151 A/F SENSOR 1

- Check "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" indication. If the indication is constantly approx. 0V, go to <u>EC-242</u>, "<u>Diag-nostic Procedure</u>". If the indication is not constantly approx. 0V, go to next step.
- Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then restart engine.
- 5. Drive and accelerate vehicle to more than 40 km/h (25 MPH) within 20 seconds after restarting engine.
- 6. Maintain the following conditions for about 20 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	1,000 - 3,200 rpm
VHCL SPEED SE	More than 40 km/h (25 MPH)
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.5 - 9.0 msec
Gear position	Suitable position

NOTE:

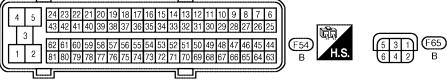
- Keep the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during the cruising.
- If this procedure is not completed within 1 minute after restarting engine at step 4, return to step 4.
- 7. If 1st trip DTC is displayed, go to EC-242, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DATA MONI	TOR
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX .C
A/F SEN1 (B1)	XXX V

Wiring Diagram BANK 1 UBS00KE6 А EC-AF1B1-01 ■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC EC NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START С IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER REFER TO "PG-POWER". ል 10A DISTRIBUTION 54 ENGINE ROOM) D 8 1 (E119) w/R 22 5 Ε (F14) W/R F W/R **[**3] AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 Н (BANK 1) (F65) 6 5 G BR LG F 0 Κ LG P BR G Ο L 16 56 2 75 35 ECM A/F-IA1 AF-VM1 AF-UN1 A/F-IP1 AF-H1 (F54) Μ (E119) 3 4 5 **E 3**6789 1 8 9 10 11 12 F14 3 4 5 6 7 13 14 15 13 16 17 18 W 24 W F -71 Jī 7 19 18 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 7



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DTC P0131, P0151 A/F SENSOR 1

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
2	G	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 1)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 5V★
16	BR			Approximately 3.1V
35	0	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running]	Approximately 2.6V
56	LG	An sensor (Dallk I)	 Warm-up condition Idle speed 	Approximately 2.3V
75	Р			Approximately 2.3V

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

BANK 2 А EC-AF1B2-01 ■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC - : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC EC IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER REFER TO "PG-POWER". С Ò 10A DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM) 54 ð 8 (E119) D . W/R (E5)22 (F14) Ε W/R F W/R 3 AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 Н (BANK 2) (F5) $\lfloor L^2 \rfloor$ 6 5 4 IL T ï G GR Ο v Κ GR G 0 v . 24 77 58 57 76 L ECM A/F-VM2 A/F-IA2 A/F-UN2 AF-H2 A/F-IP2 (F54) Μ (F5) E119 [5]3]) 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 (F14) □ 6 7 8 9 1 3 4 5 2 3 10 11 12 W В 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 W 6 4 2 13 14 15 16 17 18 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 24 23 22 21 5 4 30 29 28 27 26 25 42 41 36 32 3 (F54) 45 44 1 2 В 66

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DTC P0131, P0151 A/F SENSOR 1

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

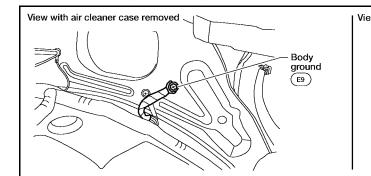
TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
24	G	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★
57	GR			Approximately 2.6V
58	0	A/E concort 1 (Bonk 2)	[Engine is running]	Approximately 2.3V
76	V	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	 Warm-up condition Idle speed 	Approximately 3.1V
77	Y			Approximately 2.3V

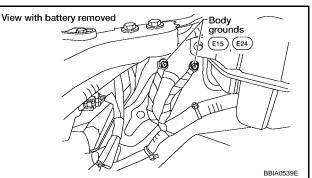
★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

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- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



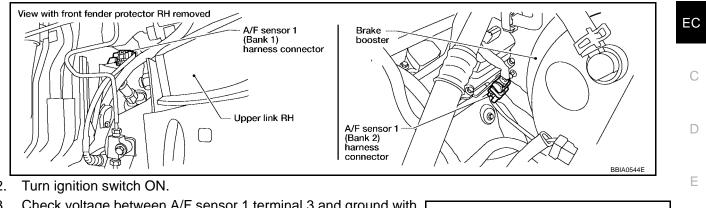


OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

2. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector. 1.

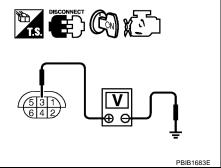


- 2.
- 3. Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



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3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- **IPDM E/R connector E119**
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

4. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between A/F sensor 1 terminal and ECM terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
Bank1	1	16
	2	75
	5	35
	6	56
	1	76
Bank 2	2	77
Dalik Z	5	57
	6	58

Continuity should exist.

4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2		
A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	
1	16	1	76	
2	75	2	77	
5	35	5	57	
6	56	6	58	

Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> Repair or replace.

6. REPLACE A/F SENSOR 1

Replace A/F sensor 1.

CAUTION:

- Discard any A/F sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new A/F sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Heated Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0131, P0151 A/F SENSOR 1

Removal and Installation AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1	UBS00KE8	А
Refer to <u>EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST"</u> .		EC
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DTC P0132, P0152 A/F SENSOR 1

Component Description

The air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 is a planar dual-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor 1 is the combination of a Nernst concentration cell (sensor cell) with an oxygen-pump cell, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.

The sensor is capable of precise measurement $\lambda = 1$, but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide λ range (0.7 < $\lambda < air$).

The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion gap at the electrode of the oxygen pump and Nernst concentration cell, where they are brought to thermodynamic balance.

An electronic circuit controls the pump current through the oxygenpump cell so that the composition of the exhaust gas in the diffusion gap remains constant at $\lambda = 1$. Therefore, the A/F sensor 1 is able to indicate air/fuel ratio by this pumping of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of 700 - 800°C (1,292 - 1,472°F).

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5V	

On Board Diagnosis Logic

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is not inordinately high.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible Cause
P0132 0132 (Bank 1) P0152 0152 (Bank 2)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 circuit high voltage	• The A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is constantly approx. 5V.	 Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.) A/F sensor 1

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

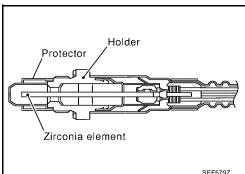
EC-246

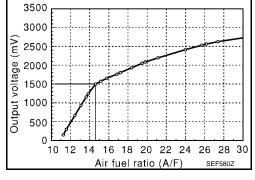
TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

(I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. 2.





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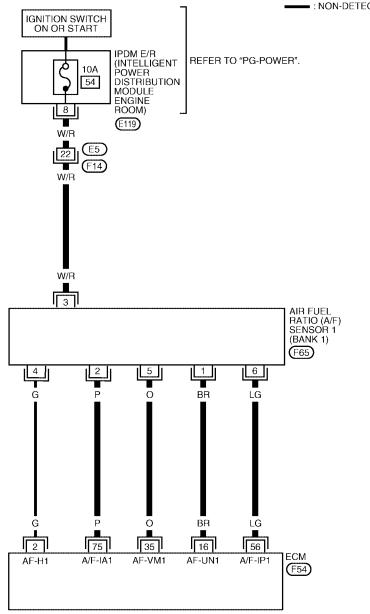
DTC P0132, P0152 A/F SENSOR 1

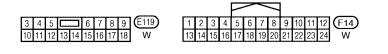
		" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" indication.		DATA MONI	TOR]
		stantly approx. 5V, go to <u>EC-251, "Diag-</u>		MONITOR	NO DTC		А
	Procedure".	constantly approx. 5V, go to next step.		ENG SPEED	XXX rpm		
		OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then		COOLAN TEMP/S A/F SEN1 (B1)	XXX [°] C XXXV		
restar	engine.			A/F SENT (BT)	v		EC
		vehicle to more than 40 km/h (25 MPH) r restarting engine.					С
6. Mainta onds.	ain the following	conditions for about 20 consecutive sec-				SEF581Z	0
ENG SPEE	D	1,000 - 3,200 rpm				0210012	D
VHCL SPE	ED SE	More than 40 km/h (25 MPH)	-				
B/FUEL SC	HDL	1.5 - 9.0 msec	-				_
Gear positi	on	Suitable position	-				E
WITH Follow the		H CONSULT-II" above.					Н
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Wiring Diagram BANK 1



EC-AF1B1-01 = : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC = : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





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	24 23 22 2 43 42 41 40 62 61 60 59 81 80 79 78	1 20 19 18 17 16 15 0 39 38 37 36 35 34 9 58 57 56 55 54 53 8 77 76 75 74 73 72	14 13 12 11 10 9 8 33 32 31 30 29 28 2 52 51 50 49 48 47 4 71 70 69 68 67 66 6	8 7 6 27 26 25 16 45 44 55 64 63 B H.S.	$ \begin{array}{c} 5 & 3 & 1\\ 6 & 4 & 2 \end{array} $ F65 B
Jr===	1 L				

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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С
2	G	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 1)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 5V★	D
16	BR	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 3.1V	
35	0			Approximately 2.6V	F
56	LG			Approximately 2.3V	
75	Р			Approximately 2.3V	G

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

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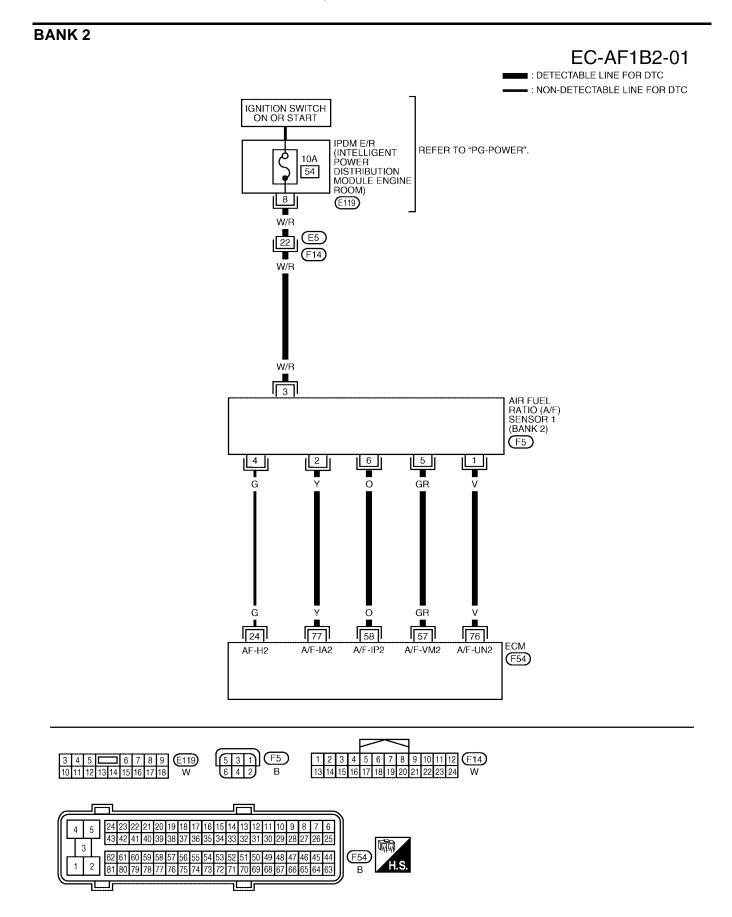
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DTC P0132, P0152 A/F SENSOR 1



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

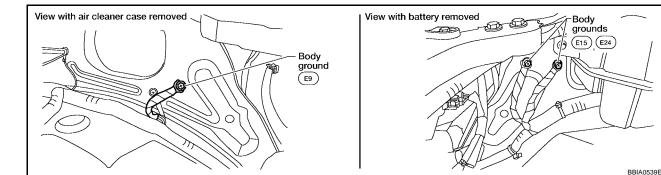
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С
24 G		A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 2)		Approximately 5V★	
	G		[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed		D
				► 10.0V/Div 10 ms/Div T	Е
				PBIB1584E	
57	GR	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 2.6V	
58	0			Approximately 2.3V	F
76	V			Approximately 3.1V	
77	Υ			Approximately 2.3V	G

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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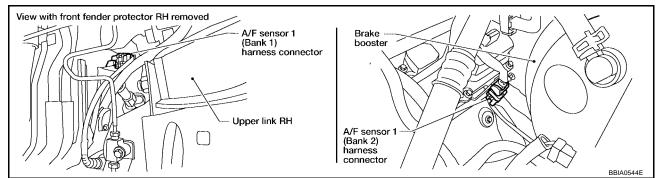
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2. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.

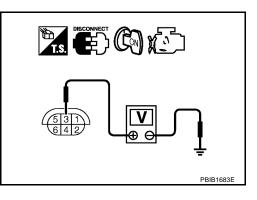


- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- IPDM E/R connector E119
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

4. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between A/F sensor 1 terminal and ECM terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
	1	16
Bank1	2	75
	5	35
	6	56
	1	76
Bank 2	2	77
	5	57
	6	58

Continuity should exist.

4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bai	Bank 1		Bank 2	
A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	
1	16	1	76	
2	75	2	77	
5	35	5	57	
6	56	6	58	

Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

<u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> Repair or replace.

6. REPLACE A/F SENSOR 1

Replace A/F sensor 1.

CAUTION:

- Discard any A/F sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new A/F sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Heated Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

>> INSPECTION END

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Removal and Installation AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

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DTC P0133, P0153 A/F SENSOR 1

Component Description

The air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 is a planar dual-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor 1 is the combination of a Nernst concentration cell (sensor cell) with an oxygen-pump cell, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.

The sensor is capable of precise measurement $\lambda = 1$, but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide λ range (0.7 < λ < air).

The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion gap at the electrode of the oxygen pump and Nernst concentration cell, where they are brought to thermodynamic balance.

An electronic circuit controls the pump current through the oxygenpump cell so that the composition of the exhaust gas in the diffusion gap remains constant at $\lambda = 1$. Therefore, the A/F sensor 1 is able to indicate air/fuel ratio by this pumping of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of 700 - 800°C (1,292 - 1,472°F).

wide λ range (0.7 < e diffusion gap at the centration cell, where through the oxygenst gas in the diffusion /F sensor 1 is able to In addition, a heater d operating tempera-

Protector

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

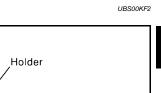
Specification data are reference values.

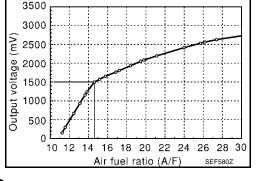
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5V

On Board Diagnosis Logic

To judge the malfunction of A/F sensor 1, this diagnosis measures response time of the A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal. The time is compensated by engine operating (speed and load), fuel feedback control constant, and the A/F sensor 1 temperature index. Judgment is based on whether the compensated time (the A/F signal cycling time index) is inordinately long or not.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible Cause
P0133 0133 (Bank 1) P0153 0153 (Bank 2)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 circuit slow response	 The response of the A/F signal computed by ECM from A/F sensor 1 signal takes more than the specified time. 	 Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.) A/F sensor 1 A/F sensor 1 heater Fuel pressure Fuel injector Intake air leaks Exhaust gas leaks PCV Mass air flow sensor





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DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

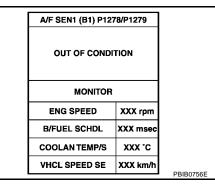
TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

(I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Select "A/F SEN1(B1) P1278/P1279" (for DTC P0133) or "A/F SEN1(B1) P1288/P1289" (for DTC P0153) of "A/F SEN1" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Touch "START". If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT-II screen, go to step 10.

If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT-II screen, go to the following step.



- 7. After perform the following procedure, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen.
- a. Increase the engine speed up to 4,000 to 5,000 rpm and keep it for 10 seconds.
- b. Fully release accelerator pedal and then let engine idle for about 10 seconds.

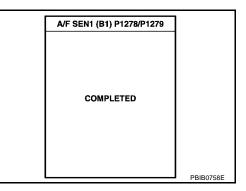
If "TESTING" is not displayed after 10 seconds, refer to <u>EC-</u> <u>134, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE"</u>.

8. Wait for about 20 seconds at idle at under the condition that "TESTING" is displayed on the CONSULT-II screen.

 Make sure that "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED".
 If "TESTING" changed to "OUT OF CONDITION", refer to EC-134, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE".

 Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULT".
 If "NG" is displayed, go to <u>EC-261</u>, "Diagnostic Procedure".

A/F SEN1 (B1) P12		
TESTING		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	
COOLAN TEMP/S	xxx °c	
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h	PBIB1925E



WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select Service \$01 with GST.
- Calculate the total value of "Short term fuel trim" and "Long term fuel trim" indications. Make sure that the total percentage should be within ±15%. If OK, go to the following step. If NG, check the following.

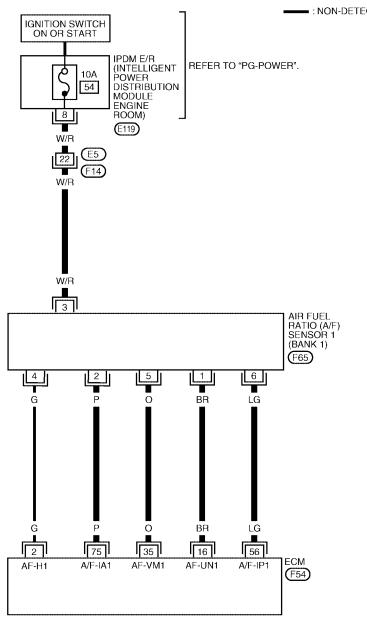


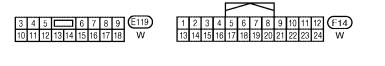
	Intake air leaks	
	Exhaust gas leaks	А
	Incorrect fuel pressure	
	Lack of fuel	
	Fuel injector	EC
	 Incorrect PCV hose connection 	
	PCV valve	С
	Mass air flow sensor	
4.	Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.	
5.	Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.	D
6.	Let engine idle for 1 minute.	
7.	Increase the engine speed up to 4,000 to 5,000 rpm and keep it for 10 seconds.	_
8.	Fully release accelerator pedal and then let engine idle for about 1 minute.	Е
9.	Select Service \$03 with GST and make sure that no DTC is displayed.	
	If the DTC is displayed, go to EC-261, "Diagnostic Procedure"	F
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Wiring Diagram BANK 1



EC-AF1B1-01 • : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC • : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





4 5 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 3 3 62 61 60 59 58 57 56 55 54 53 52 1 2 81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

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DTC P0133, P0153 A/F SENSOR 1

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С
2	G	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★	D
16	BR			Approximately 3.1V	
35	0	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition	Approximately 2.6V	F
56	LG	DATI SETISULI (DATIK I)	 Idle speed 	Approximately 2.3V	
75	Р			Approximately 2.3V	G

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

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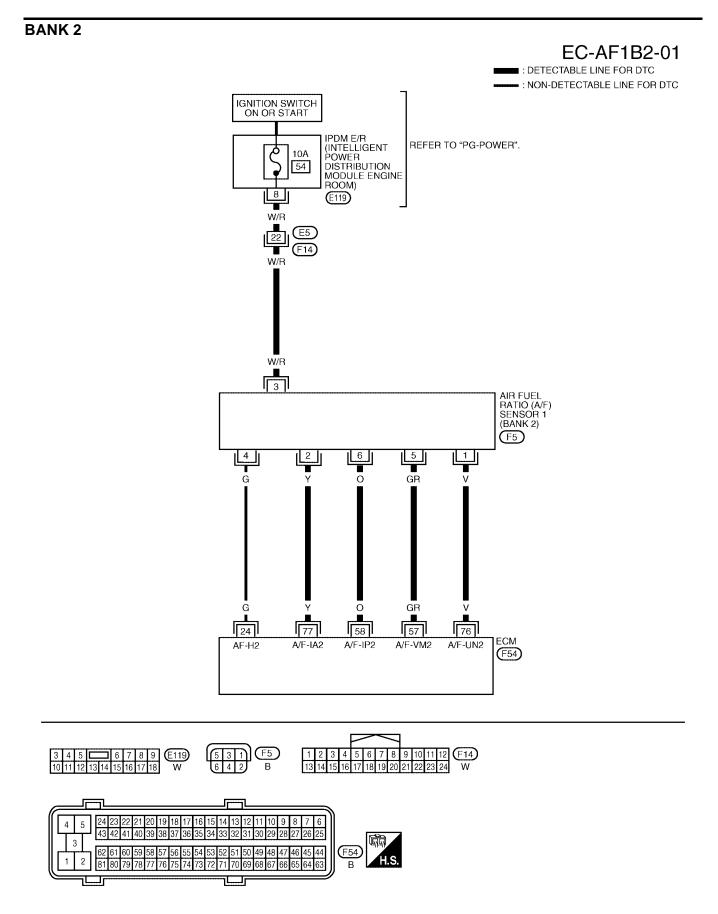
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DTC P0133, P0153 A/F SENSOR 1



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

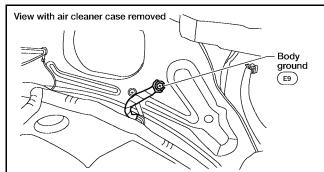
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

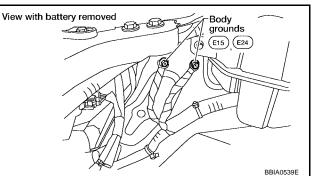
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С
24	G	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★	D
57	GR			Approximately 2.6V	
58	0	A/E concort 1 (Ponk 2)	[Engine is running]	Approximately 2.3V	F
76	V	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	Warm-up condition Idle speed	Approximately 3.1V	
77	Y			Approximately 2.3V	G

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .





OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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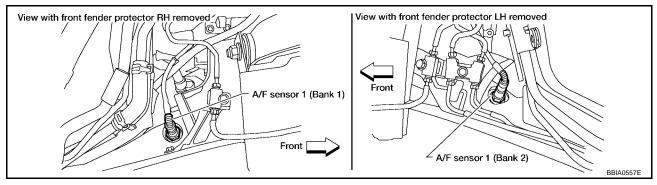
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2. RETIGHTEN AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Loosen and retighten A/F sensor 1.

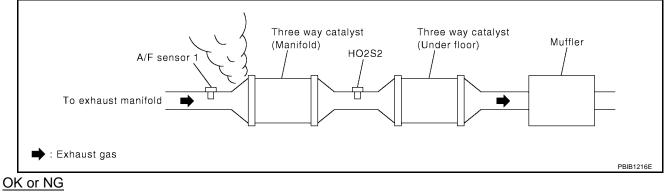


Tightening torque: 50 N-m (5.1 kg-m, 37 ft-lb)

>> GO TO 3.

3. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

- 1. Start engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before three way catalyst (manifold).



OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> Repair or replace.

4. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

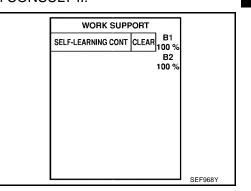
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Repair or replace.

5. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

(I) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR" or "START".
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P172, P0174 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



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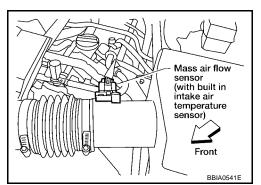
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Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 4. Restart engine and let it idle for at least 3 seconds.
- 5. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 6. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 7. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-60</u>, "HOW TO ERASE <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 8. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected?
 Is it difficult to start engine?

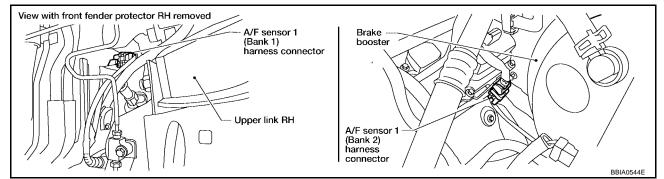
Yes or No

- Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171, P0174 or P0172, P0175. Refer to <u>EC-305, "DTC</u> <u>P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION"</u> or <u>EC-317, "DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL</u> <u>INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION"</u>.
- No >> GO TO 6.



6. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.

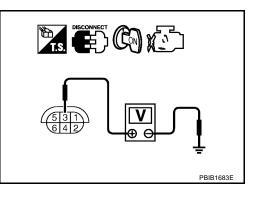


- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.



7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- IPDM E/R connector E119
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

8. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between A/F sensor 1 terminal and ECM terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
	1	16
Bank1	2	75
	5	35
	6	56
	1	76
Bank 2	2	77
	5	57
	6	58

Continuity should exist.

4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
1	16	1	76
2	75	2	77
5	35	5	57
6	56	6	58

Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to EC-169, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 13.

10. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EC-192, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor. А

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11. CHECK PCV VALVE

Refer to EC-44, "POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Repair or replace PCV valve.

12. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Repair or replace.

13. REPLACE A/F SENSOR 1

Replace A/F sensor 1.

CAUTION:

- Discard any A/F sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new A/F sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Heated Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

>> INSPECTION END

Removal and Installation AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST".

UBS00KF8

DTC P0137, P0157 HO2S2

DTC P0137, P0157 H02S2

Component Description

The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst (manifold), monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

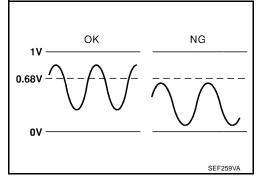
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	 Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following condi- tions are met 	$0 - 0.3V \leftrightarrow Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V$
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	 Engine: After warming up Keeping engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load. 	$LEAN \longleftrightarrow RICH$

On Board Diagnosis Logic

Revision: September 2005

The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity of the three way catalyst (manifold) causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the maximum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently high during the various driving condition such as fuelcut.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0137 0137 (Bank 1)	_ Heated oxygen sensor	The maximum voltage from the sensor is not	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Heated oxygen sensor 2 	Μ
P0157 0157 (Bank 2)	2 circuit low voltage	reached to the specified voltage.	Fuel pressureFuel injectorIntake air leaks	

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PFP:226A0

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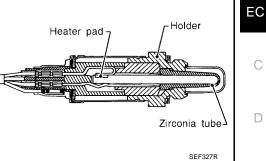
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DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

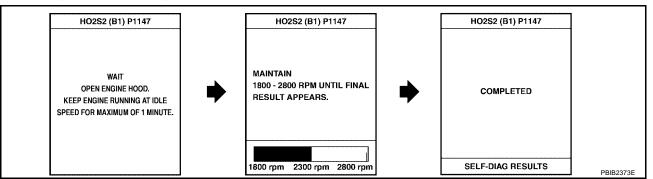
If DTC confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

B WITH CONSULT-II

TESTING CONDITION:

For better results, perform DTC WORK SUPPORT at a temperature of 0 to 30 °C (32 to 86 °F).

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than 70°C (158°F).
 If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70°C (158°F).
- 7. Open engine hood.
- 8. Select "HO2S2 (B1) P1147" (for DTC P0137) or "HO2S2 (B2) P1167" (for DTC P0157) of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 9. Start engine and following the instruction of CONSULT-II.



NOTE:

It will take at most 10 minutes until "COMPLETED" is displayed.

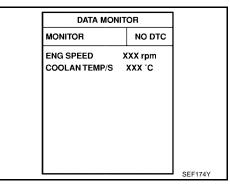
- Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to <u>EC-273, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>. If "CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.
- a. Turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
- b. Return to step 1.

Overall Function Check

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and ground.



UBS00KD1

UBS00KD2

6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

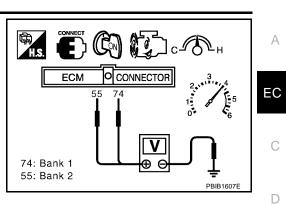
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be above 0.68V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage can be confirmed in step 6, step 7 is not necessary.

 Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position with "OD" OFF.

The voltage should be above 0.68V at least once during this procedure.

8. If NG, go to EC-273, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



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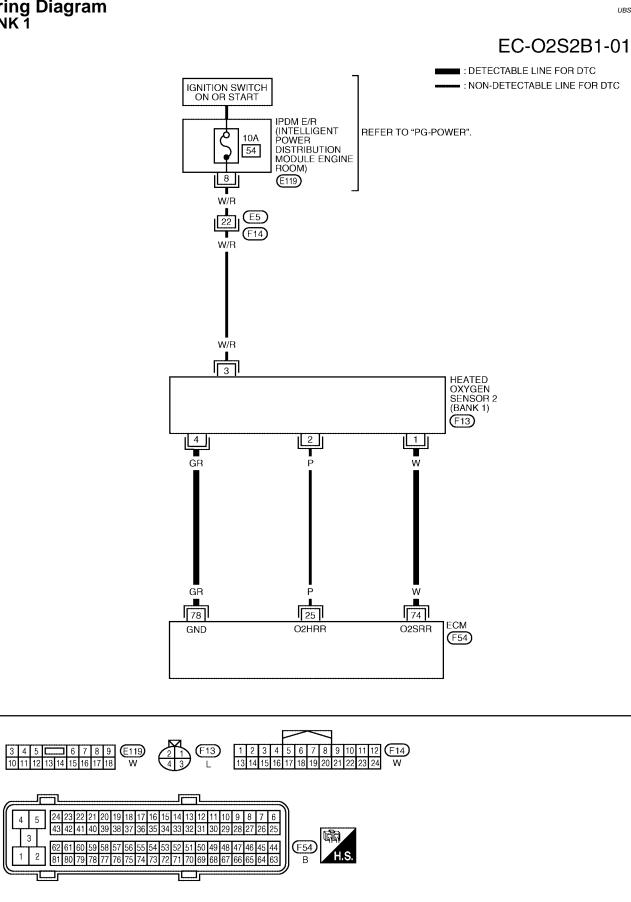
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Wiring Diagram BANK 1

UBS00KD3



BBWA2366E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
		Heated oxygen sensor 2	 [Engine is running] Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 	0 - 1.0V
25	Р	heater (Bank 1)	and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load [Ignition switch: ON]	
			• Engine: Stopped [Engine is running]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm	
74	w	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up 	0 - Approximately 1.0V
			 Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	
78	GR	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V

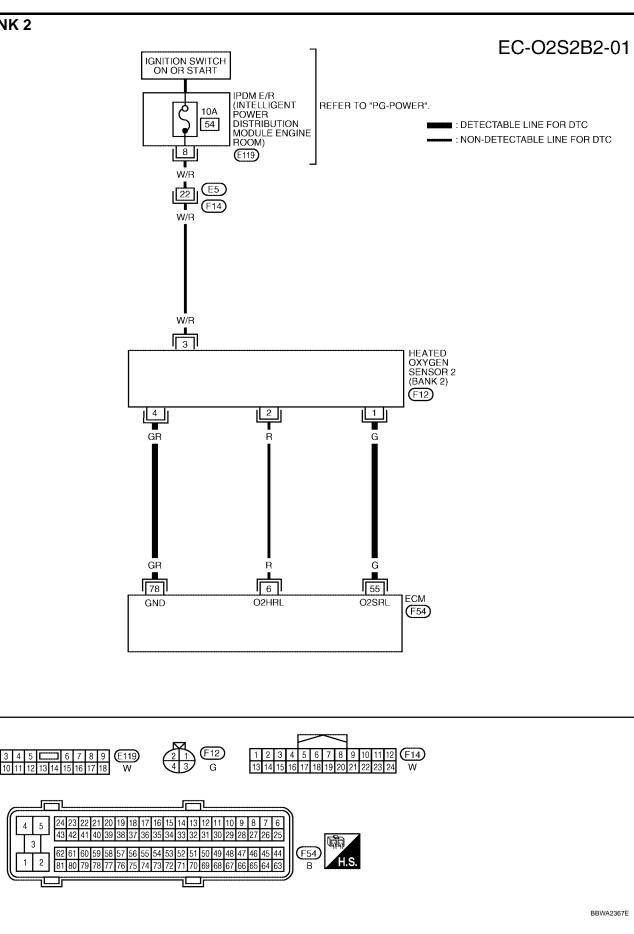
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DTC P0137, P0157 HO2S2

BANK 2



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

-		-		-	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
6 R	R	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - 1.0V	C
			[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped [Engine is running] • Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	– E F
55	G	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V	G
78	GR	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

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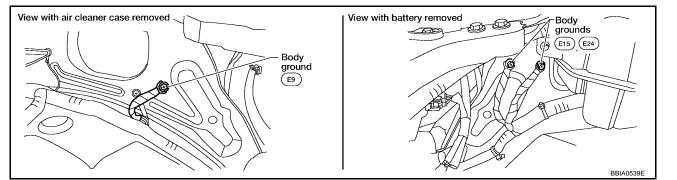
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- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

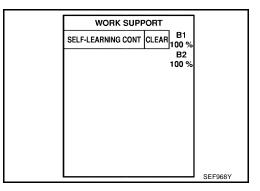
- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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2. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

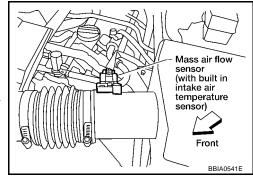


Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE</u> <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- 8. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

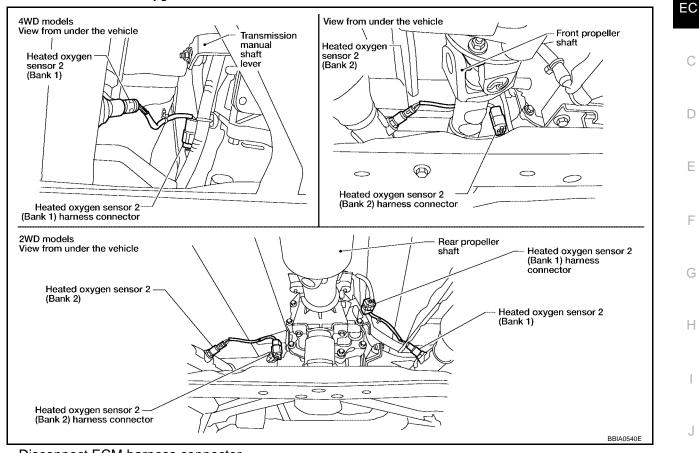
Yes or No

- Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171or P0174. Refer to <u>EC-305, "DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL</u> <u>INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION"</u>.
- No >> GO TO 3.



3. CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between HO2S2 terminal 4 and ECM terminal 78. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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4. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Dalik
P0137	74	1	1
P0157	55	1	2

Continuity should exist.

2. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dalik
P0137	74	1	1
P0157	55	1	2

Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EC-276, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.

 DATA MONITOR

 MONITOR
 NO DTC

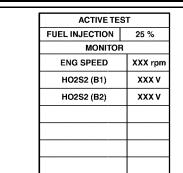
 ENG SPEED
 XXX rpm

 COOLAN TEMP/S
 XXX 'C

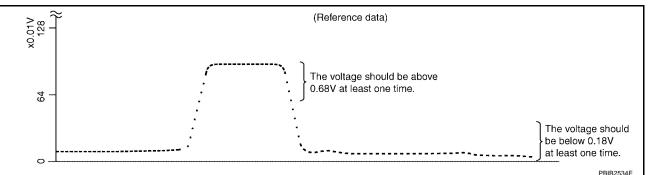
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DTC P0137, P0157 HO2S2

6. Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.



7. Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.



"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above 0.68V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below 0.18V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is –25%.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and ground.
- 6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be above 0.68V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage is above 0.68V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.

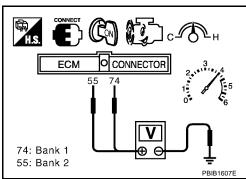
 Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position with "OD" OFF.
 The voltage should be below 0.18V at least once during this

procedure.

8. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.



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DTC P0137, P0157 HO2S2

Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

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DTC P0138, P0158 HO2S2

DTC P0138, P0158 HO2S2

Component Description

The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst (manifold), monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.

EC Holder Heater pad Zirconia tube-SEE327R

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

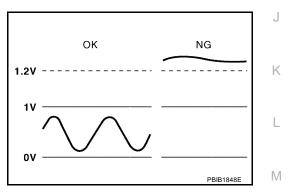
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	 Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following condi- tions are met 	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	 Engine: After warming up Keeping engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load. 	$LEAN \leftarrow \rightarrow RICH$

On Board Diagnosis Logic

The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the air fuel ratio (A/ F) sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity of the three way catalyst (manifold) causes the longer switching time.

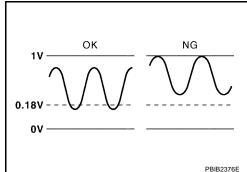
MALFUNCTION A

To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the voltage is unusually high during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.



MALFUNCTION B

To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the minimum voltage of sensor is sufficiently low during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.



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DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name		DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0138 0138 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 2 cir- cuit high voltage	A)	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Heated oxygen sensor 2
P0158 0158 (Bank 2)		B)	The minimum voltage from the sensor is not reached to the specified voltage.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Heated oxygen sensor 2 Fuel pressure Fuel injector

DTC Confirmation Procedure

Perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 2 minutes.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-285, "Diagnostic Procedure"

With GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

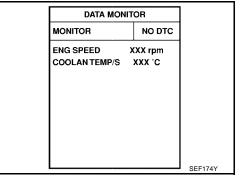
PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

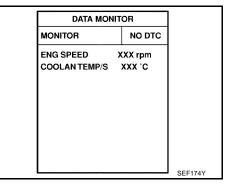
With CONSULT-II

TESTING CONDISION:

For better results, perform DTC WORK SUPPORT at a temperature of 0 to 30 °C (32 to 86 °F).

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than 70°C (158°F).
 If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70°C (158°F).
- 7. Open engine hood.
- 8. Select "HO2S2 (B1) P1146" (for DTC P138) or "HO2S2 (B2) P1166" (for DTC P0158) of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

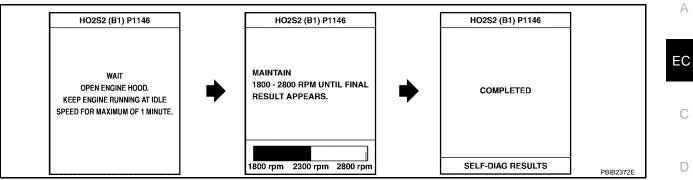




UBS00P0E

DTC P0138, P0158 HO2S2

9. Start engine and following the instruction of CONSULT-II.



NOTE:

It will take at most 10 minutes until "COMPLETED" is displayed.

- Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to <u>EC-285, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>. If "CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.
- a. Turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
- b. Return to step 1.

Overall Function Check PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

With GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and ground.
- 6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

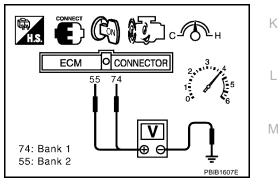
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be below 0.18V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage can be confirmed in step 6, step 7 is not necessary.

 Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position with "OD" OFF.

The voltage should be below 0.18V at least once during this procedure.

8. If NG, go to EC-285, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



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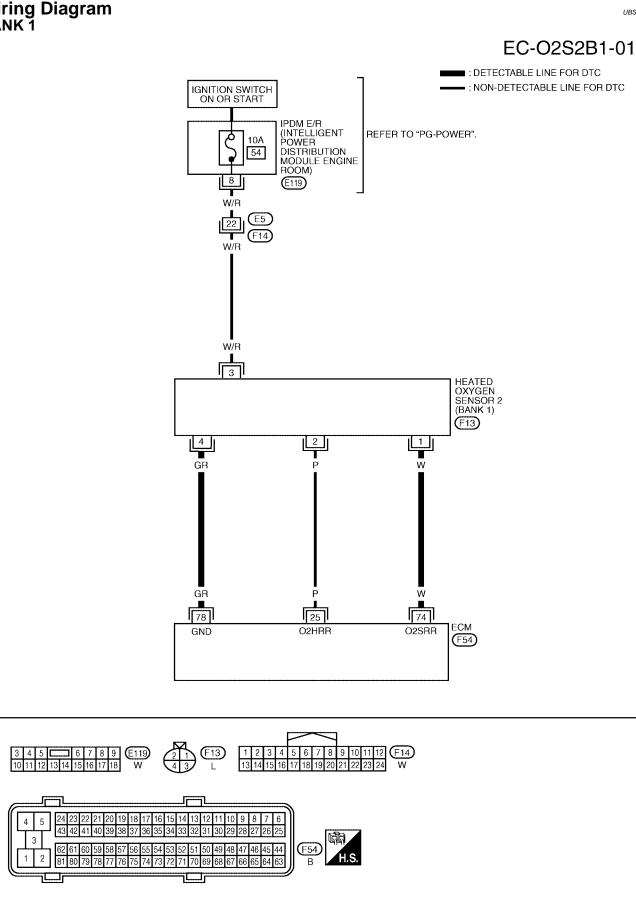
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Wiring Diagram BANK 1

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BBWA2366E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
25	Ρ	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - 1.0V
			[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped [Engine is running] • Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
74	w	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	GR	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V

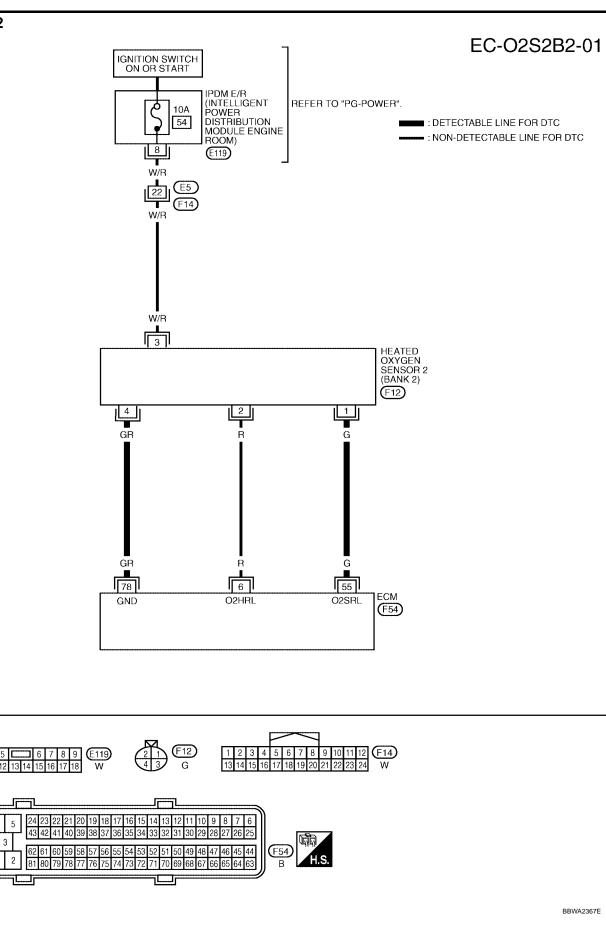
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DTC P0138, P0158 HO2S2





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
6	R	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - 1.0V
			[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped [Engine is running] • Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
55	G	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	GR	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V

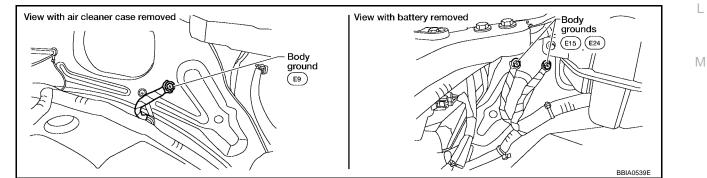
Diagnostic Procedure PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A

UBS00K6Y

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1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



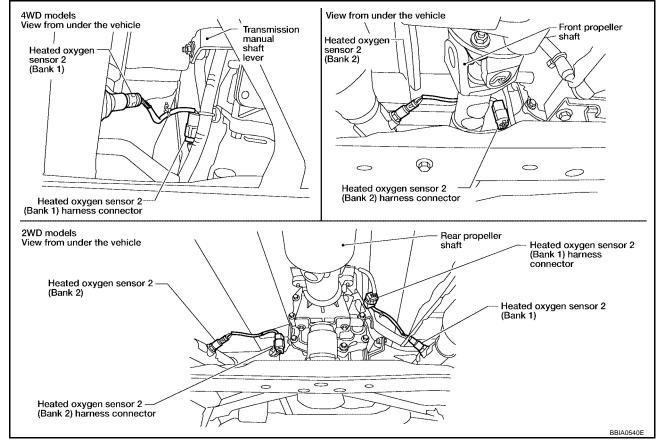
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

А

2. CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between HO2S2 terminal 4 and ECM terminal 78. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

- 4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.
- OK or NG
- OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

З. снеск но	2S2 INPUT S	GNAL CIRCUI		N AND SHORT	А
	ness continuity ring Diagram.	between ECM t	erminal and	HO2S2 terminal as follows.	
	Tern	ninals		—	EC
DTC	ECM	Sensor	Bank		
P0138	74	1	1		С
P0158	55	1	2		
2. Check harr	uity should ex ness continuity ring Diagram.		lowing termir	nals and ground.	D
DTO	Tern	ninals	Daula	—	
DTC	ECM	Sensor	Bank		
P0138	74	1	1	—	F
P0158	55	1	2		
OK or NG OK >> GO NG >> Rep		it or short to gro	ound or short	to power in harness or connectors.	Н
4. снеск но	2S2 CONNEC	TOR FOR WAT	ſER		
Check connecto	ors for water.				
Water s	hould not exis	st.			J
OK or NG					
OK >> GO					K
_	-	harness or con	nectors.		IX.
5. снеск не	ATED OXYGE	N SENSOR 2			
Refer to EC-290	0, "Component	Inspection".			L
OK or NG					
OK >> GO NG >> Rej		oning heated o	xygen sensor	r 2.	Μ
6. снеск ім ⁻	TERMITTENT	INCIDENT			

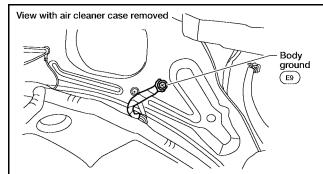
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

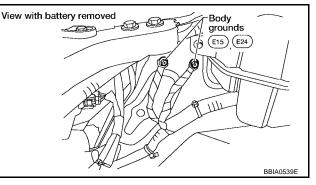
>> INSPECTION END

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .





OK or NG

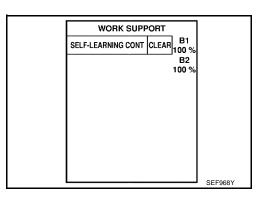
OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> Repair or

>> Repair or replace ground connections.

2. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

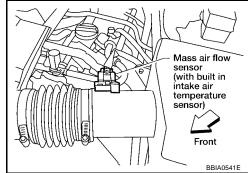


Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-60</u>, "HOW TO ERASE <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- 8. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

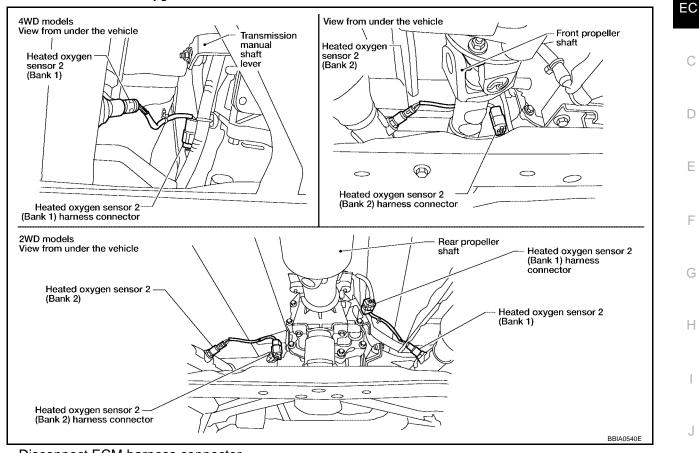
Yes or No

- Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0172, P0175. Refer to <u>EC-317, "DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL</u> <u>INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION"</u>.
- No >> GO TO 3.



3. CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between HO2S2 terminal 4 and ECM terminal 78. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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4. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Terminals		Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Dalik	
P0138	74	1	1	
P0158	55	1	2	

Continuity should exist.

2. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Terminals		Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Dalik	
P0138	74	1	1	
P0158	55	1	2	

Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EC-290, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

(P) With CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with 1. CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating tempera-2. ture.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- Let engine idle for 1 minute. 5.

DATA MONITOR MONITOR NO DTC ENG SPEED XXX rpm COOLAN TEMP/S XXX °C SEE174

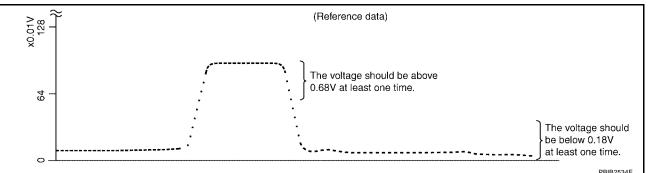
>> GO TO 5.

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DTC P0138, P0158 HO2S2

Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II. FUEL INJECTION ENG SPEED

Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%. 7.



"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above 0.68V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below 0.18V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

CAUTION:

6.

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads (using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12) and approved anti-seize lubricant.

R Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load. 3.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and ground.
- Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load 6. at least 10 times.

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be above 0.68V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage is above 0.68V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.

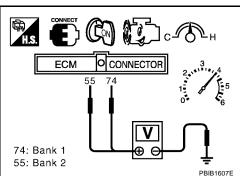
7. Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position with "OD" OFF. The voltage should be below 0.18V at least once during this

procedure.

8. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.



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ACTIVE TEST

MONITOR

HO2S2 (B1)

HO2S2 (B2)

25 %

XXX rom

XXX V

XXX V

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DTC P0138, P0158 HO2S2

Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

Component Description

The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst (manifold), monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.

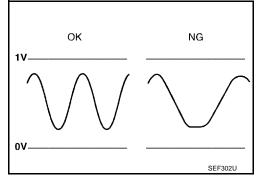
CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

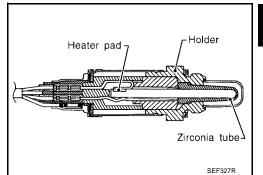
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	 Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following condi- tions are met 	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	 Engine: After warming up Keeping engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load. 	$LEAN \leftarrow \rightarrow RICH$

On Board Diagnosis Logic

The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst (manifold) causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the switching response of the sensor's voltage is faster than specified during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0139 0139 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor	sensor It takes more time for the sensor to respond	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Heated oxygen sensor 2 	Μ
P0159 0159 (Bank 2)	2 circuit slow response	between rich and lean than the specified time.	Fuel pressureFuel injectorIntake air leaks	



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PFP:226A0

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

B WITH CONSULT-II

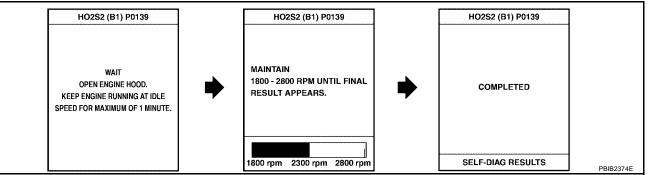
TESTING CONDITION:

For better results, perform DTC WORK SUPPORT at a temperature of 0 to 30 °C (32 to 86 °F).

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than 70°C (158°F).
 If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN

TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70°C (158°F).
7. Select "HO2S2 (B1) P0139" or "HO2S2 (B2) P0159" of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

8. Start engine and following the instruction of CONSULT-II.



NOTE:

If will take at most 10 minutes until "COMPLETED" is displayed.

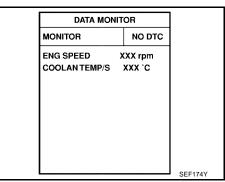
- Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to <u>EC-299, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>. If "CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.
- a. Turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
- b. Return to step 1.

Overall Function Check

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and ground.



UBS00K74

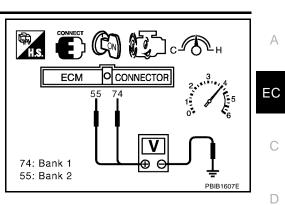
6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)
A change of voltage should be more than 0.06V for 1 sec-

ond during this procedure. If the voltage can be confirmed in step 6, step 7 is not necessary.

 Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position with "OD" OFF.

A change of voltage should be more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.

8. If NG, go to EC-299, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



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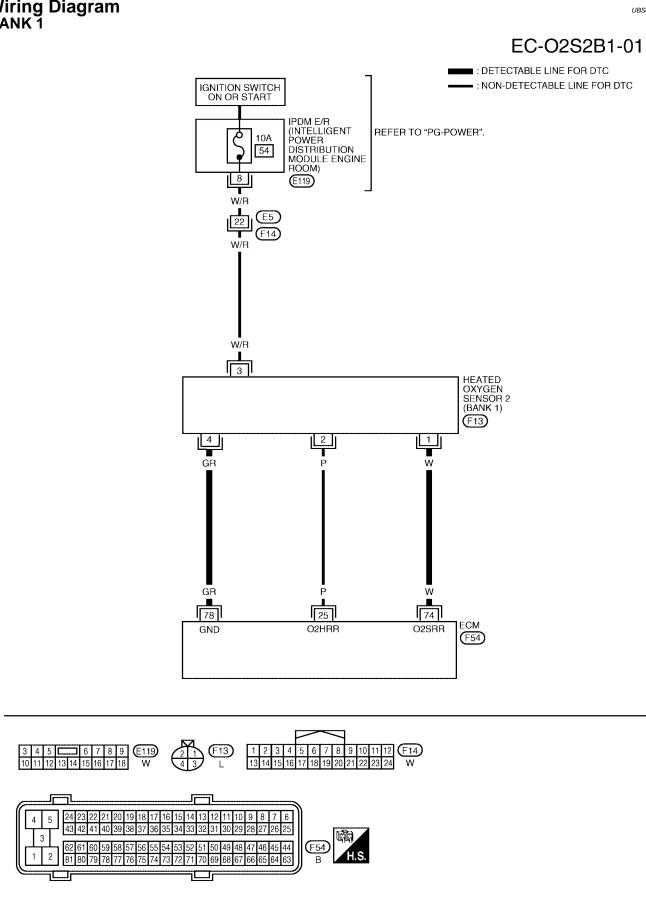
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Wiring Diagram BANK 1

UBS00K76



BBWA2366E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
25	Ρ	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - 1.0V
		[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped [Engine is running] • Engine speed: Above 3,600 r	Engine: Stopped	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
74	w	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 1)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	GR	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V

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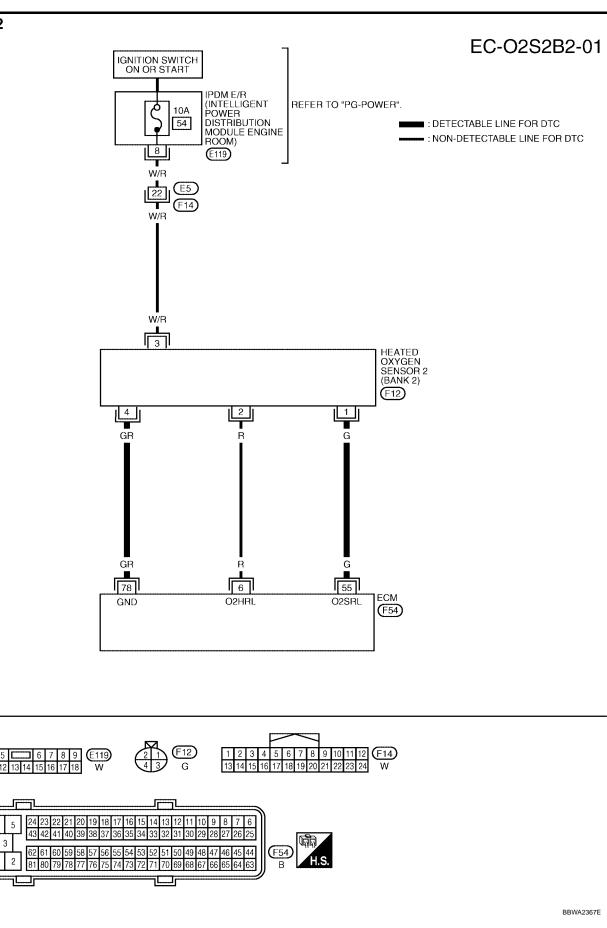
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DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2





3 4 5

4

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

-		-		-	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
6	R	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - 1.0V	C D - F
			[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped [Engine is running] • Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	F
55	G	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 2)	 [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met Engine: After warming up Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load 	0 - Approximately 1.0V	G
78	GR	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

UBS00K77

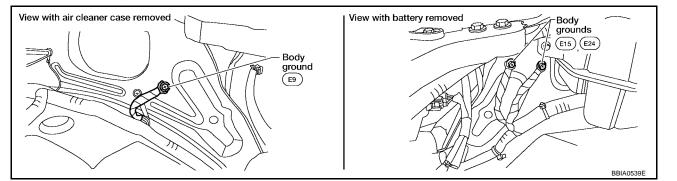
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- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

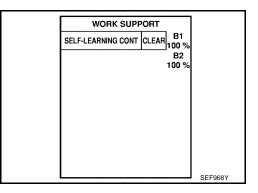
- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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2. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

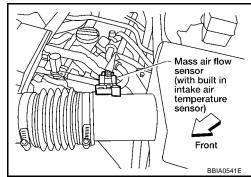


Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE</u> <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected?
 Is it difficult to start engine?

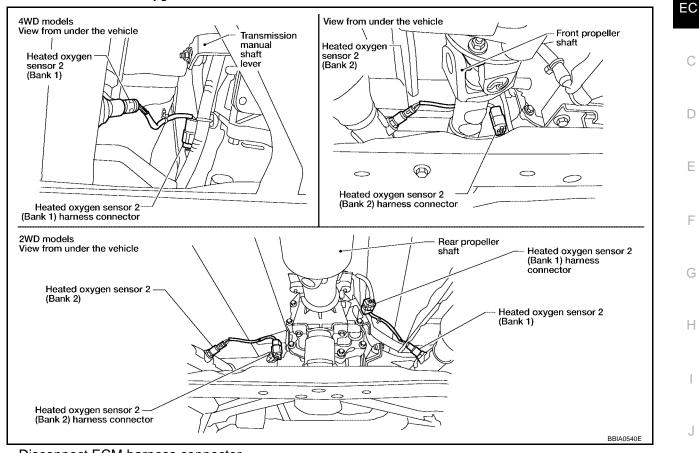
Yes or No

- Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171, P0174 or P0172, P0175. Refer to <u>EC-305, "DTC</u> <u>P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION"</u> or <u>EC-317, "DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL</u> <u>INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION"</u>.
- No >> GO TO 3.



3. CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between HO2S2 terminal 4 and ECM terminal 78. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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4. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Terminals		Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Dalik	
P0139	74	1	1	
P0159	55	1	2	

Continuity should exist.

2. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Terminals		Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Dalik	
P0139	74	1	1	
P0159	55	1	2	

Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EC-302, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.

 DATA MONITOR

 MONITOR
 NO DTC

 ENG SPEED
 XXX rpm

 COOLAN TEMP/S
 XXX 'C

DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

- Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.
- ACTIVE TESTFUEL INJECTION25 %MONITORENG SPEEDXXX rpmHO2S2 (B1)XXX VHO2S2 (B2)XXX VIndicationIndicat

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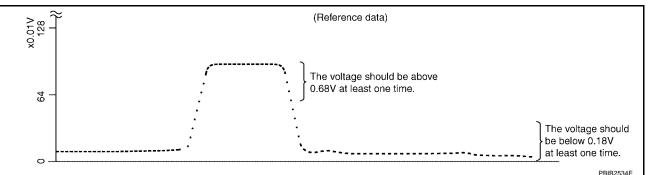
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7. Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.



"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above 0.68V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below 0.18V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is –25%.

CAUTION:

6.

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and ground.
- 6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be above 0.68V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage is above 0.68V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.

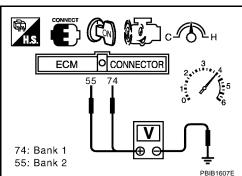
 Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position with "OD" OFF.
 The voltage should be below 0.18V at least once during this

procedure.

8. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.



DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

On Board Diagnosis Logic

With the Air-Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (the actual mixture ratio is too lean.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and lights up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
A/F sensor 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)	Fuel injection control	Fuel injector	D

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	Е
P0171 0171 (Bank 1)			 Intake air leaks Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 Fuel injector 	F
P0174 0174	Fuel injection system too lean	 Fuel injection system does not operate properly. The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The mixture ratio is too lean.) 	 Exhaust gas leaks Incorrect fuel pressure Lack of fuel 	G
(Bank 2)	(2)		 Mass air flow sensor Incorrect PCV hose connection 	Ц

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON and select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CON-KSULT-II.
- 4. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 5. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes. The 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to <u>EC-311</u>, "<u>Diagnostic</u> <u>Procedure</u>".

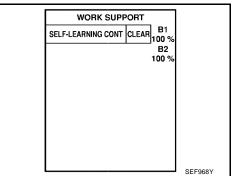
NOTE:

If 1st trip DTC is not detected during above procedure, performing the following procedure is advised.

- a. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- b. Start engine and drive the vehicle under the similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data for 10 minutes. Refer to the table below.
 Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

The similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data means the vehicle operation that the following conditions should be satisfied at the same time.

Engine speed	Engine speed in the freeze frame data \pm 400 rpm
Vehicle speed	Vehicle speed in the freeze frame data \pm 10 km/h (6 MPH)



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Engine coolant temperature	When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70 °C (158 °F), T should be lower than 70 °C (158 °F).
(T) condition	When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F), T should be higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F).

- 7. If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction, too.
- 8. Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to EC-311, "Diagnostic Procedure". If engine does not start, check exhaust and intake air leak visually.

WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 4. Restart engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
- 5. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- Select Service \$03 with GST. Make sure DTC P0102 is 6. detected.
- 7. Select Service \$04 with GST and erase the DTC P0102.
- 8. Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.
- Select Service \$07 with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 9. should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to EC-311, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

NOTE:

If 1st trip DTC is not detected during above procedure, performing the following procedure is advised.

- a. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Start engine and drive the vehicle under the similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data for 10 minb. utes. Refer to the table below.

Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

The similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data means the vehicle operation that the following conditions should be satisfied at the same time.

Engine speed	Engine speed in the freeze frame data \pm 400 rpm	
Vehicle speed	Vehicle speed in the freeze frame data \pm 10 km/h (6 MPH)	
Engine coolant temperature (T) condition	When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70 °C (158 °F), T should be lower than 70 °C (158 °F).	
	When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F), T should be higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F).	

10. If it is difficult to start engine at step 8, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.

11. Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to EC-311, "Diagnostic Procedure" . If engine does not start, check exhaust and intake air leak visually.

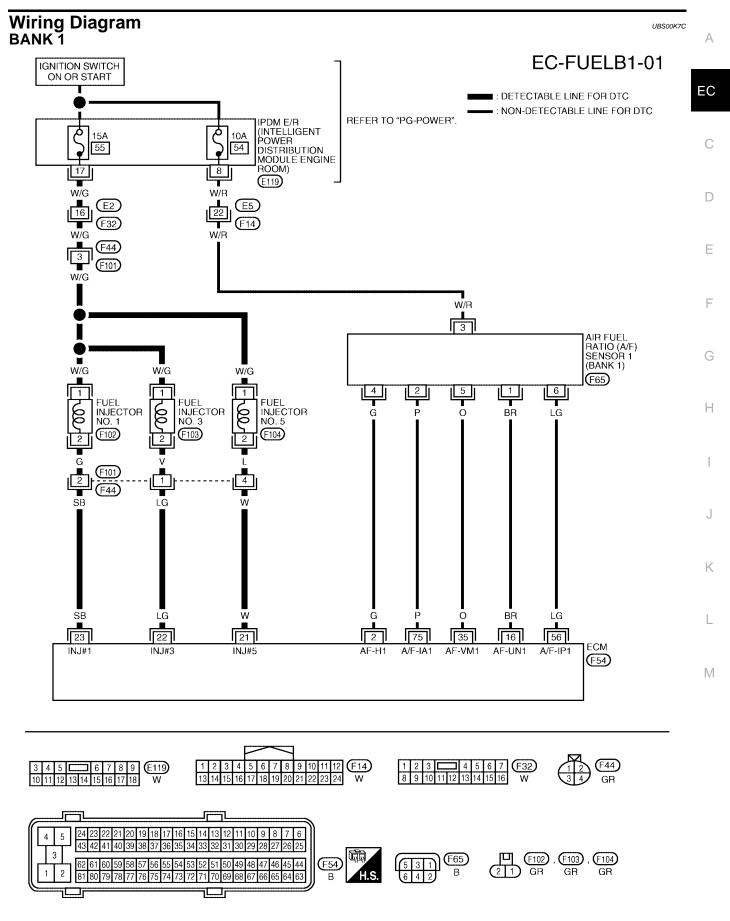
Mass air flov sensor (with built in

temperature sensor)

Front

BBIA0541E

intake air



BBWA2368E

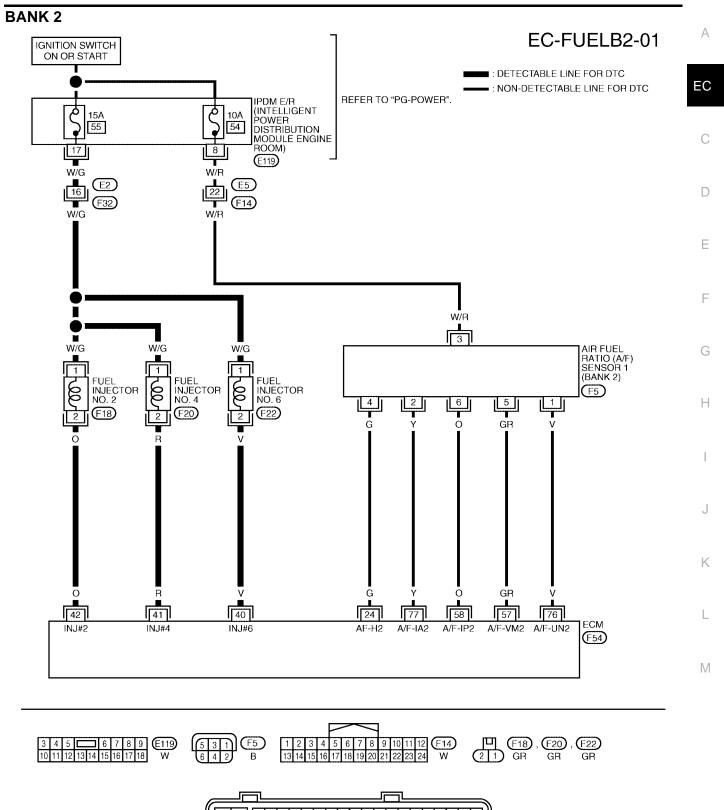
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECMs transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
2	G	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 1)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 5V★
16	BR		(Facine is supplied)	Approximately 3.1V
35	0	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition	Approximately 2.6V
56	LG		 Idle speed 	Approximately 2.3V
75	Р			Approximately 2.3V
21	W	Fuel injector No. 5	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★
22 23	LG SB	Fuel injector No. 3 Fuel injector No. 1	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Engine speed: 2,000 rpm 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★

 \star : Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECMs transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
24	G	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★
40 41	V R	Fuel injector No. 6 Fuel injector No. 4	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★
41 42	0	Fuel injector No. 2	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Engine speed: 2,000 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★
57	GR		ffuning in numinal	Approximately 2.6V
58	0	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running]Warm-up condition	Approximately 2.3V
76	V		 Idle speed 	Approximately 3.1V
77	Y			Approximately 2.3V

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

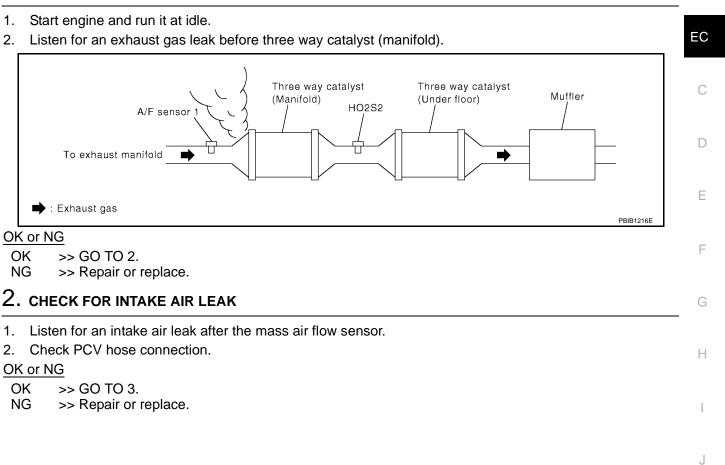
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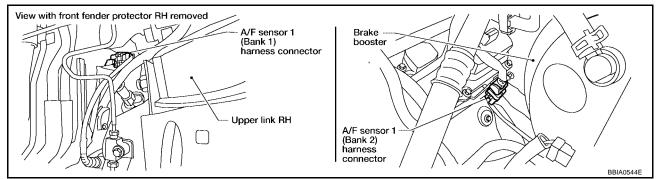
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3. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect corresponding A/F sensor 1 harness connector.



- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between A/F sensor 1 terminal and ECM terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
	1	16
Bank 1	2	75
	5	35
	6	56
	1	76
Bank 2	2	77
	5	57
	6	58

Continuity should exist.

5. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bai	nk 2
A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
1	16	1	76
2	75	2	77
5	35	5	57
6	56	6	58

Continuity should not exist.

- 6. Also check harness for short to power.
- OK or NG
- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE	А
 Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to <u>EC-79, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u>. Install fuel pressure gauge and check fuel pressure. Refer to <u>EC-80, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK"</u>. 	EC
At idling: 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm ² , 51 psi)	LO
<u>OK or NG</u> OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 6. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 5.	С
5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	D
 Check the following. Fuel pump and circuit (Refer to <u>EC-640, "FUEL PUMP"</u>.) Fuel pressure regulator (Refer to <u>EC-80, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK"</u>.) 	Е
Fuel linesFuel filter for clogging	F
>> Repair or replace.	G
6. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR	
 With CONSULT-II Install all removed parts. 	Н
2. Check "MASS AIR FLOW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.	I
2.0 - 6.0 g·m/sec: at idling 7.0 - 20.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm	J
OK or NG OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or ground. Refer to EC-186.	K
7. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR	
With GST	L
 Install all removed parts. Check mass air flow sensor signal in Service \$01 with GST. 	M
2.0 - 6.0 g⋅m/sec: at idling 7.0 - 20.0 g⋅m/sec: at 2,500 rpm	

OK or NG

OK (P0171)>>GO TO 9.

OK (P0174)>>GO TO 11.

NG >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or ground. Refer to <u>EC-186</u>.

8. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

ACTIVE TES	ST	
POWER BALANCE		1
MONITOR	1	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	xxx v	
	-	
		PBIB0133E

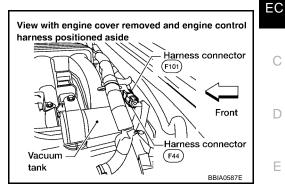
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
- NG \rightarrow >> Perform trouble diagnosis for FUEL INJECTOR, refer to <u>EC-633</u>.

9. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR-I

Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Disconnect harness connector F44, F101
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.



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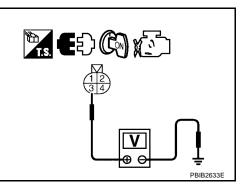
4. Check voltage between harness connector F44 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 6. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between harness connector F44 and ECM as follows.
 Pefer to Wiring Diagram

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Cylinder	Harness connector F44 terminal	ECM terminal
1	2	23
3	1	22
5	4	21



Continuity should exist.

8. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

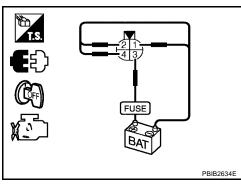
OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Perform trouble diagnosis for FUEL INJECTOR, refer to $\underline{\text{EC-633}}$.

10. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR-II

Provide battery voltage between harness connector F101 as follows and then interrupt it. Listen to each fuel injector operating sound.

Cylinder	Harness connec	tor F101 terminal
Cynnder	(+)	(-)
1	3	2
3	3	1
5	3	4



Operating sound should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Perform trouble diagnosis for FUEL INJECTOR, refer to EC-633.

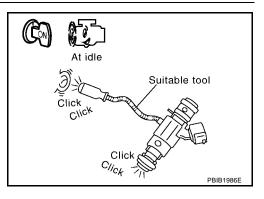
11. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Listen to fuel injectors No.2, No.4, No.6 operating sound.

Clicking noise should exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
- NG >> Perform trouble diagnosis for FUEL INJECTOR, refer to $\underline{\text{EC-633}}$.



12. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR

- 1. Confirm that the engine is cooled down and there are no fire hazards near the vehicle.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect all injector harness connectors.
- 4. Remove fuel tube assembly. Refer to <u>EM-35, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE"</u>. Keep fuel hose and all fuel injectors connected to fuel tube.
- 5. For DTC P0171, reconnect fuel injector harness connectors on bank 1. For DTC P0174, reconnect fuel injector harness connectors on bank 2.
- 6. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.
- 7. Prepare pans or saucers under each fuel injector.
- Crank engine for about 3 seconds. For DTC P0171, make sure that fuel sprays out from fuel injectors on bank 1. For DTC P0174, make sure that fuel sprays out from fuel injectors on bank 2.

Fuel should be sprayed evenly for each fuel injector.

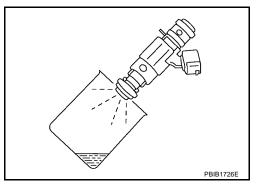
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 13.
- NG >> Replace fuel injectors from which fuel does not spray out. Always replace O-ring with new ones.

13. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END



On Board Diagnosis Logic

With the Air-Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (the actual mixture ratio is too rich.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and lights up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
A/F sensor 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)	Fuel injection control	Fuel injector	D

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	Е
P0172 0172 (Bank 1) P0175 0175 (Bank 2)	Fuel injection system too rich	 Fuel injection system does not operate properly. The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The mixture ratio is too rich.) 	 Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 Fuel injector Exhaust gas leaks Incorrect fuel pressure Mass air flow sensor 	F

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch ON and select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 4. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 5. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes. The 1st trip DTC P0172, P0175 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to <u>EC-323, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

NOTE:

If 1st trip DTC is not detected during above procedure, performing the following procedure is advised.

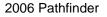
- a. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- b. Start engine and drive the vehicle under the similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data for a certain time. Refer to the table below.
 Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

The similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data means the vehicle operation that the following conditions should be satisfied at the same time.

Engine speed	Engine speed in the freeze frame data \pm 400 rpm	
Vehicle speed	Vehicle speed in the freeze frame data \pm 10 km/h (6 MPH)	
Engine coolant temperature (T) condition	When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70 °C (158 °F), T should be lower than 70 °C (158 °F).	
	When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F), T should be higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F).	

7. If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction, too.

EC-317



PFP:16600

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EC

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WORK SUPPORT

SELF-LEARNING CONT CLEAR

B1

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B2

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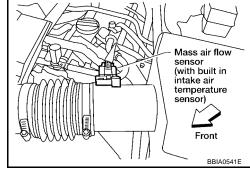
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 Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to <u>EC-323</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>". If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.

WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Select Service \$03 with GST. Make sure DTC P0102 is detected.
- 6. Select Service \$04 with GST and erase the DTC P0102.
- 7. Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.
- Select Service \$07 with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to <u>EC-323, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.



NOTE:

If 1st trip DTC is not detected during above procedure, performing the following procedure is advised.

- a. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- b. Start engine and drive the vehicle under the similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data for a certain time. Refer to the table below.

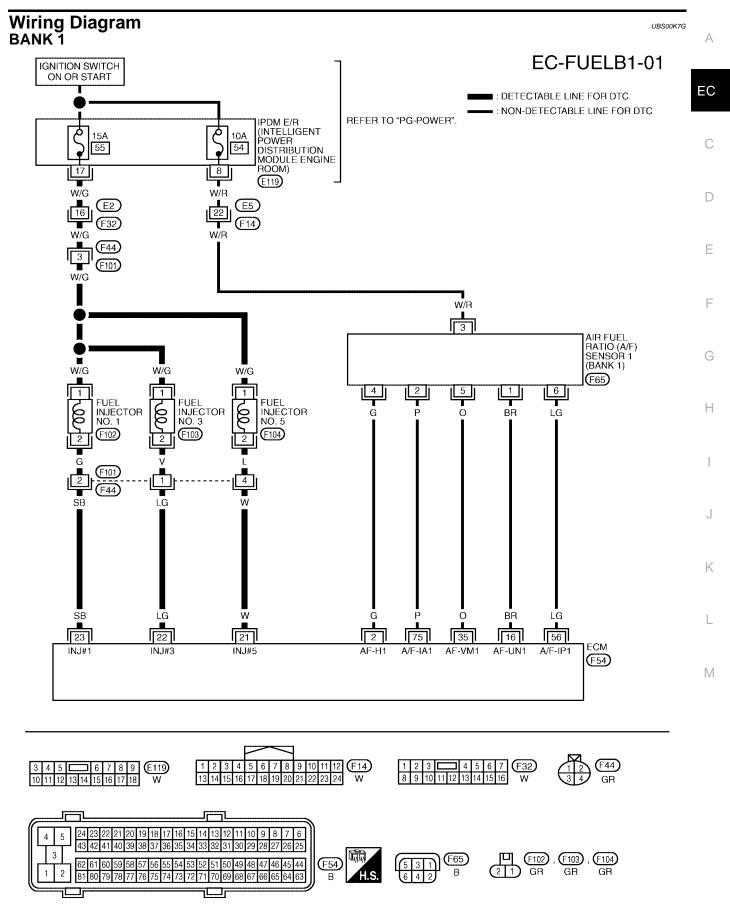
Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

The similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data means the vehicle operation that the following conditions should be satisfied at the same time.

Engine speed	Engine speed in the freeze frame data ±400 rpm	
Vehicle speed	Vehicle speed in the freeze frame data \pm 10 km/h (6 MPH)	
Engine coolant temperature	When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (158 $^{\circ}\text{F}), T should be lower than 70 ^{\circ}\text{C} (158 ^{\circ}\text{F}).$	
(T) condition	When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F), T should be higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F).	

9. If it is difficult to start engine at step 7, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.

 Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to <u>EC-323</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>". If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.



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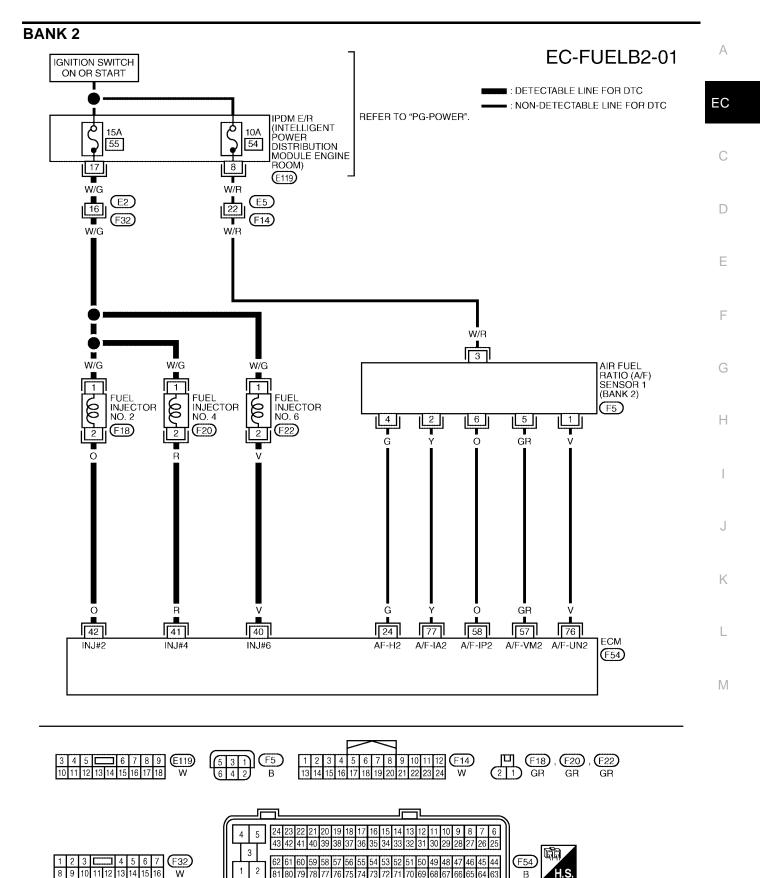
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECMs transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
2	G	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 1)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 5V★
16	BR		[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 3.1V
35	0	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)		Approximately 2.6V
56	LG	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)		Approximately 2.3V
75	Р			Approximately 2.3V
21 22 23	W LG SB	Fuel injector No. 5 Fuel injector No. 3 Fuel injector No. 1	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★
			 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Engine speed: 2,000 rpm 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★

 \star : Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)



Revision: September 2005

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78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63

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81 80 79

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H.S

В

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECMs transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
24	G	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★
40	40 V 41 R 42 O	Fuel injector No. 6 Fuel injector No. 4 Fuel injector No. 2	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★
			 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Engine speed: 2,000 rpm 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★
57	GR	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 2.6V
58	0			Approximately 2.3V
76	V			Approximately 3.1V
77	Υ			Approximately 2.3V

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

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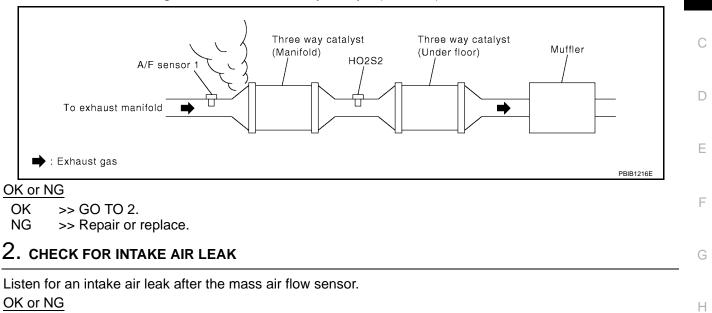
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EC



1. Start engine and run it at idle.

2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before three way catalyst (manifold).



OK or NG

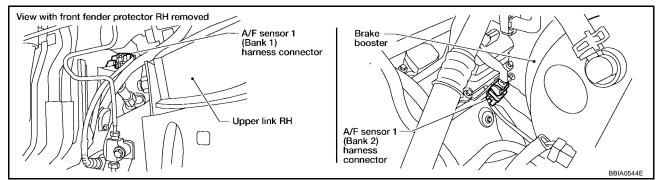
- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair or replace.

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3. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect corresponding A/F sensor 1 harness connector.



- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between A/F sensor 1 terminal and ECM terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	
	1	16	
Bank 1	2	75	
	5	35	
	6	56	
	1	76	
Bank 2	2	77	
Darik 2	5	57	
	6	58	

Continuity should exist.

5. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
1	16	1	76
2	75	2	77
5	35	5	57
6	56	6	58

Continuity should not exist.

6. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE	А
1. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-79, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE".	
2. Install fuel pressure gauge and check fuel pressure. Refer to EC-80, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK".	
At idling: 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm ² , 51 psi)	EC
OK or NG	
OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 6. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 5.	С
5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	D
Check the following.	-
 Fuel pump and circuit (Refer to, <u>EC-640, "FUEL PUMP"</u>.) 	E
 Fuel pressure regulator (Refer to <u>EC-80, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK"</u>.) 	
>> Repair or replace.	F
6. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR	
	G
 With CONSULT-II Install all removed parts. 	
 Check "MASS AIR FLOW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. 	Н
2.0 - 6.0 g⋅m/sec: at idling	
7.0 - 20.0 g⋅m/sec: at 2,500 rpm	I
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 8.	J
NG >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit o ground. Refer to <u>EC-186</u> .	Γ
7. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR	K
With GST	-
1. Install all removed parts.	L
2. Check mass air flow sensor signal in Service \$01 with GST.	
2.0 - 6.0 g·m/sec: at idling	Μ
7.0 - 20.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm	IVI
OK or NG	
OK (P0172)>>GO TO 9.	

OK (P0175)>>GO TO 11.

NG >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or ground. Refer to <u>EC-186</u>.

8. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

ACTIVE TES	ST	
POWER BALANCE		1
MONITOR	1	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	xxx v	
	-	
		PBIB0133E

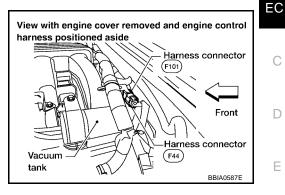
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
- NG \rightarrow >> Perform trouble diagnosis for FUEL INJECTOR, refer to <u>EC-633</u>.

9. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR-I

Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Disconnect harness connector F44, F101
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.



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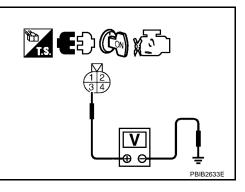
4. Check voltage between harness connector F44 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 6. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between harness connector F44 and ECM as follows.
 Befor to Wiring Diagram

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Cylinder	Harness connector F44 terminal	ECM terminal
1	2	23
3	1	22
5	4	21



Continuity should exist.

8. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

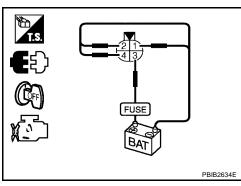
OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Perform trouble diagnosis for FUEL INJECTOR, refer to $\underline{\text{EC-633}}$.

10. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR-II

Provide battery voltage between harness connector F101 as follows and then interrupt it. Listen to each fuel injector operating sound.

Cylinder	Harness connec	tor F101 terminal
Cynnder	(+)	(-)
1	3	2
3	3	1
5	3	4



Operating sound should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Perform trouble diagnosis for FUEL INJECTOR, refer to EC-633.

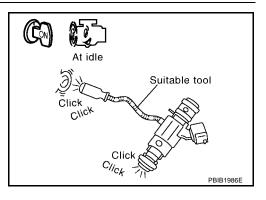
11. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Listen to fuel injectors No.2, No.4, No.6 operating sound.

Clicking noise should exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
- NG >> Perform trouble diagnosis for FUEL INJECTOR, refer to $\underline{\text{EC-633}}$.



12. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR

- 1. Remove fuel injector assembly. Refer to <u>EM-35, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE"</u>. Keep fuel hose and all fuel injectors connected to fuel tube.
- 2. Confirm that the engine is cooled down and there are no fire hazards near the vehicle.
- 3. Disconnect all fuel injector harness connectors.
- 4. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.
- 5. Prepare pans or saucers under each fuel injectors.
- 6. Crank engine for about 3 seconds.
 - Make sure fuel does not drip from fuel injector.

OK or NG

OK (Does not drip.)>>GO TO 13.

NG (Drips.)>>Replace the fuel injectors from which fuel is dripping. Always replace O-ring with new one.

13. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0181 FTT SENSOR

Component Description

The fuel tank temperature sensor is used to detect the fuel temperature inside the fuel tank. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the fuel temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

<Reference data>

Fluid temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	2.2	0.79 - 0.90

*: This data is reference value and is measured between ECM terminal 107 (fuel tank temperature sensor) and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0181 0181	Fuel tank temperature sensor circuit range/ performance	Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage sig- nals from engine coolant temperature sensor and intake air temperature sensor.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Fuel tank temperature sensor 	

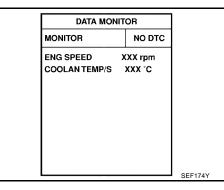
DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 10 seconds. If the result is NG, go to EC-332, "Diagnostic Procedure" . If the result is OK, go to following step.
- 4. Check "COOLAN TEMP/S" value. If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is less than 60°C (140°F), the result will be OK. If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 60°C (140°F), go to the following step.
- 5. Cool engine down until "COOLAN TEMP/S" is less than 60°C (140°F).
- 6. Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 7. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-332, "Diagnostic Procedure".



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View with fuel tank removed

Fuel level senso unit and fuel pump harness connector

Resistance kΩ 2 1.0 0.8 0.4

0.2

0.



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Acceptable

0 20 40 60 80 100 (32) (68) (104) (140) (176) (212)

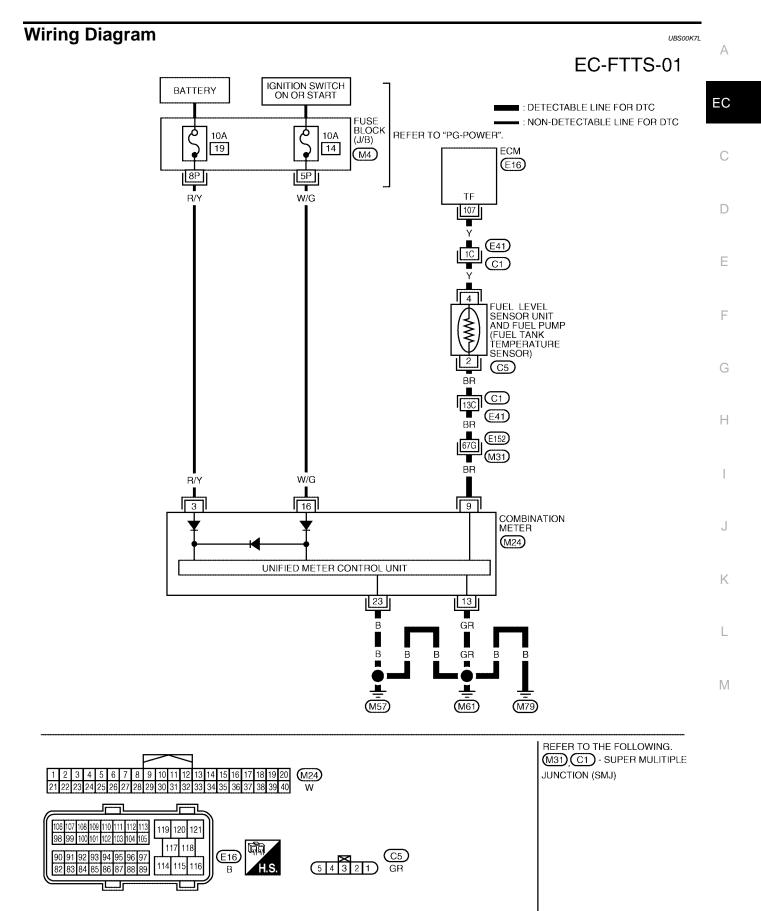
Temperature °C (°F)

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UBS00K7K

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P0181 FTT SENSOR



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Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION

Refer to DI-4, "COMBINATION METERS".

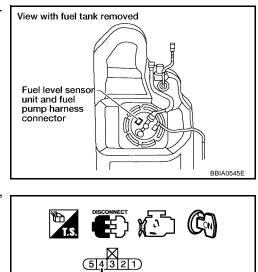
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Go to DI-23, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection".

2. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

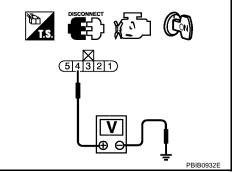


4. Check voltage between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E41, C1
- Harness for open or short between ECM and "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump"

>> Repair harness or connector.

4. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect combination meter harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 2 and combination meter terminal 9. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

DTC P0181 FTT SENSOR

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E41, C1
- Harness connectors E152, M31
- Harness for open or short between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" and combination meter

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connector.

6. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-333, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

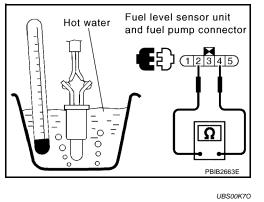
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

- 1. Remove fuel level sensor unit.
- 2. Check resistance between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminals 2 and 4 by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance $k\Omega$
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90



Removal and Installation FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to FL-6, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY" .

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DTC P0182, P0183 FTT SENSOR

Component Description

The fuel tank temperature sensor is used to detect the fuel temperature inside the fuel tank. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the fuel temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

<Reference data>

Fluid temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	2.2	0.79 - 0.90

*: This data is reference value and is measured between ECM terminal 107 (fuel tank temperature sensor) and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0182 0182	Fuel tank temperature sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
P0183 0183	Fuel tank temperature sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	• Fuel tank temperature sensor

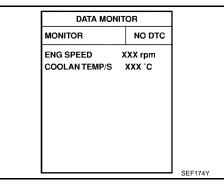
DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(I) WITH CONSULT-II

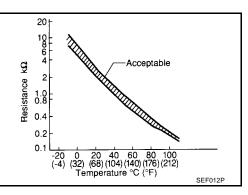
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-336, "Diagnostic Procedure" 4.



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

PFP:22630 View with fuel tank removed Fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump harness connector BBIA0545E

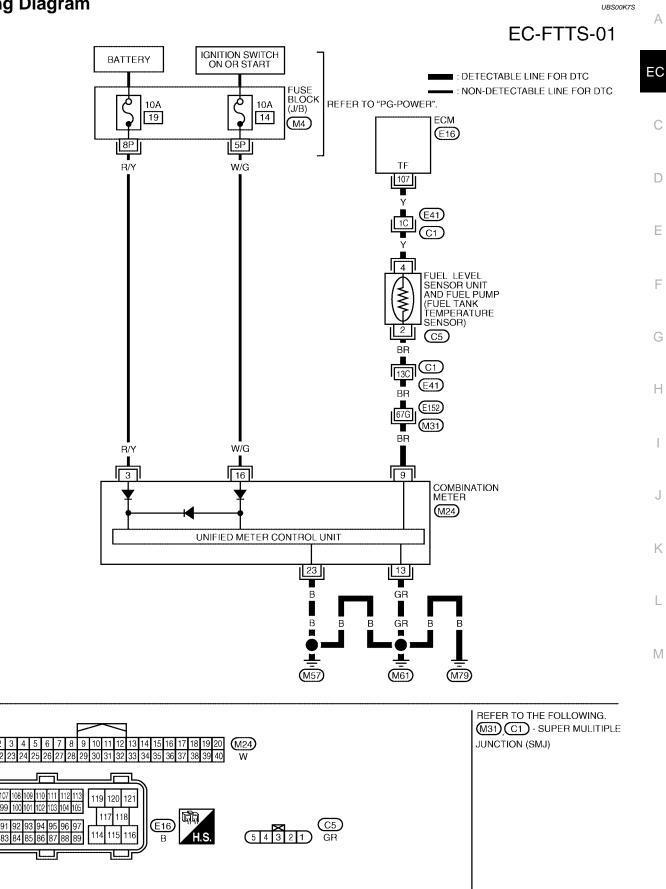


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2006 Pathfinder





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Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION

Refer to DI-4, "COMBINATION METERS" .

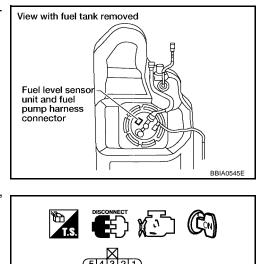
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Go to <u>DI-23</u>, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection".

2. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

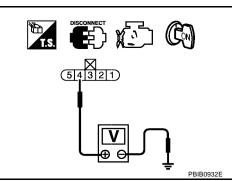


4. Check voltage between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E41, C1
- Harness for open or short between ECM and "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump"

>> Repair harness or connector.

4. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect combination meter harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 2 and combination meter terminal 9. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

DTC P0182, P0183 FTT SENSOR

5. DETECT MALFUNC	TIONING PART			- A
Check the following.				_ /
Harness connectors				EC
Harness connectors		val concer unit and fue	I nump" and combination mater	
	Short between Tuerle	ver sensor unit and rue	I pump" and combination meter	
>> Repair open	circuit or short to grou	ind or short to power in	harness or connector.	C
6. CHECK FUEL TANK	K TEMPERATURE SE	NSOR		-
Refer to EC-337, "Comp	onent Inspection".			- L
OK or NG	-			
OK >> GO TO 7.				E
	l level sensor unit.			
7. CHECK INTERMITT	ENT INCIDENT			F
Refer to EC-144, "TROU	IBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR	R INTERMITTENT INC	IDENT" .	-
				(
>> INSPECTIO	N END			
Component Inspe	ction		UBS00K7	υ
FUEL TANK TEMPER				ŀ
 Remove fuel level se Check resistance be 	ensor unit. etween "fuel level senso	or unit and fuel nump"		-
	by heating with hot w		Hot water Fuel level sensor unit	
shown in the figure.		-		
Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance $k\Omega$	_		
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7			
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90			
		_		ŀ
			PBIB2663E	۱ ا

Removal and Installation FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to FL-6, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY" .

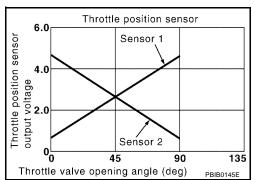
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DTC P0222, P0223 TP SENSOR

Component Description

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CON	IDITION	SPECIFICATION
THRTL SEN 1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
THRTL SEN 2*	(Engine stopped)Shift lever: D	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V

*: Throttle position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No. DTC detecting condition Possible cause Trouble diagnosis name P0222 Throttle position sensor An excessively low voltage from the TP sensor • Harness or connectors 0222 1 circuit low input 1 is sent to ECM. (The TP sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.) (The APP sensor 2 circuit is shorted.) Electric throttle control actuator P0223 An excessively high voltage from the TP sen-Throttle position sensor (TP sensor 1) 1 circuit high input sor 1 is sent to ECM. 0223 Accelerator pedal position sensor. (APP sensor 2)

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

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PFP:16119

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DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

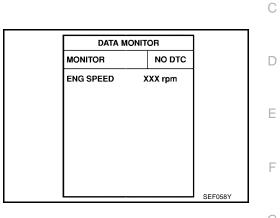
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

(I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- If DTC is detected, go to EC-341, "Diagnostic Procedure". 4.



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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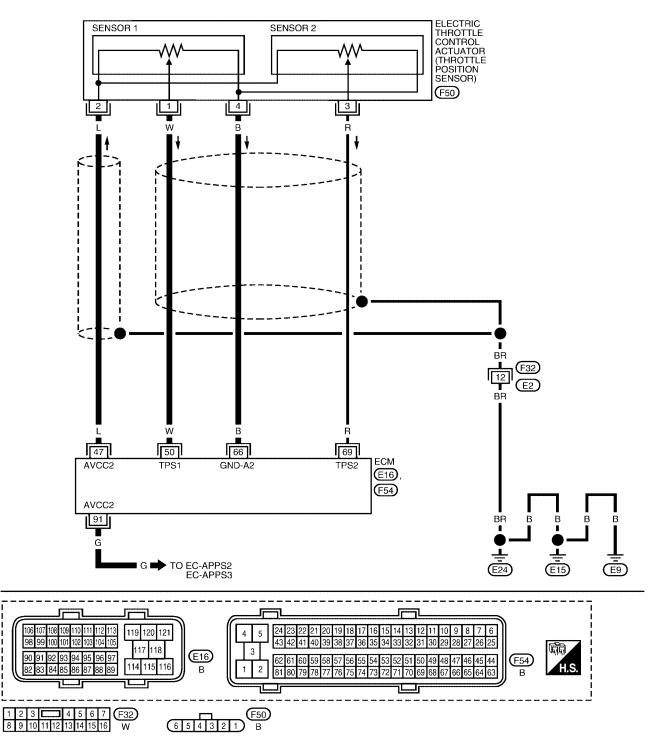
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Wiring Diagram

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EC-TPS1-01

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

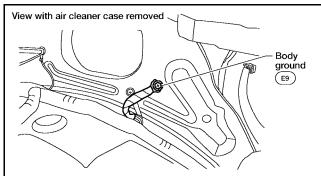
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

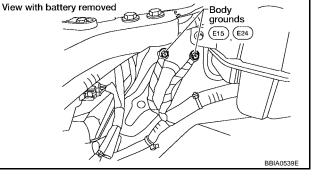
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	L	Sensor power supply (Throttle position sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
50	W	Throttle position sensor 1	 [Ignition switch: ON] Engine: Stopped Shift lever: D Accelerator pedal: Fully released 	More than 0.36V
50	vv		 [Ignition switch: ON] Engine: Stopped Shift lever: D Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed 	Less than 4.75V
66	в	Sensor ground (Throttle position sensor)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 0V
69	R	Throttle position concer 2	 [Ignition switch: ON] Engine: Stopped Shift lever: D Accelerator pedal: Fully released 	Less than 4.75V
09	ĸ	Throttle position sensor 2	 [Ignition switch: ON] Engine: Stopped Shift lever: D Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed 	More than 0.36V
91	G	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .





OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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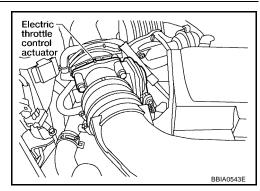
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2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

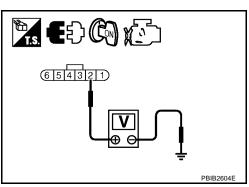


3. Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 3.



3. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 2 and ECM terminal 47. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> Repair open circuit.

4. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals.

ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram
47	Electric throttle control actuator terminal 2	<u>EC-340</u>
91	APP sensor terminal 1	<u>EC-590</u>

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK APP SENSOR

Refer to EC-594, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 6.

DTC P0222, P0223 TP SENSOR

6.	REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY	
1.	Replace accelerator pedal assembly.	^
2.	Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"	
3.	Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .	EC
4.	Perform <u>EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> .	
	>> INSPECTION END	С
7.	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	D
1.	Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2.	Disconnect ECM harness connector.	
3.	Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 4 and ECM terminal 66. Refer to Wiring Diagram.	E
	Continuity should exist.	F
	Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. <u>or NG</u>	I
O		G
N		
8.	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	Н
1.	Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 50 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.	
	Continuity should exist.	
2.	Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	
<u>0K</u>	or NG	J
OI N(
~		K
9.	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR	1.
Ref	er to <u>EC-344, "Component Inspection"</u> .	
-	or NG	L
OI N(
		M
10). REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR	
1.	Replace the electric throttle control actuator.	
2.	Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".	
3.	Perform <u>EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> .	
	>> INSPECTION END	

11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

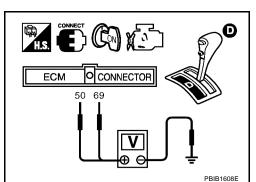
- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Set selector lever to D position.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 50 (TP sensor 1 signal), 69 (TP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
50	Fully released	More than 0.36V
(Throttle position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
69 (Throttle position sensor 2)	Fully released	Less than 4.75V
	Fully depressed	More than 0.36V

- 6. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to the next step.
- 7. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 8. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR" .



UBS00K83

UBS00K82

DTC P0300 - P0306 MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE, NO. 1 - 6 CYLINDER MIS-FIRE

On Board Diagnosis Logic

When a misfire occurs, engine speed will fluctuate. If the engine speed fluctuates enough to cause the crank-shaft position (CKP) sensor (POS) signal to vary, ECM can determine that a misfire is occurring.

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed	On board diagnosis of misfire	C

The misfire detection logic consists of the following two conditions.

1. One Trip Detection Logic (Three Way Catalyst Damage)

On the first trip that a misfire condition occurs that can damage the three way catalyst (TWC) due to overheating, the MIL will blink.

When a misfire condition occurs, the ECM monitors the CKP sensor signal every 200 engine revolutions for a change.

When the misfire condition decreases to a level that will not damage the TWC, the MIL will turn off. If another misfire condition occurs that can damage the TWC on a second trip, the MIL will blink. When the misfire condition decreases to a level that will not damage the TWC, the MIL will remain on. If another misfire condition occurs that can damage the TWC, the MIL will begin to blink again.

2. Two Trip Detection Logic (Exhaust quality deterioration)

For misfire conditions that will not damage the TWC (but will affect vehicle emissions), the MIL will only light when the misfire is detected on a second trip. During this condition, the ECM monitors the CKP sensor signal every 1,000 engine revolutions.

A misfire malfunction can be detected on any one cylinder or on multiple cylinders.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0300 0300	Multiple cylinder misfire detected	Multiple cylinder misfire.	Improper spark plug
P0301 0301	No.1 cylinder misfire detected	No. 1 cylinder misfires.	Insufficient compressionIncorrect fuel pressure
P0302 0302	No. 2 cylinder misfire detected	No. 2 cylinder misfires.	The fuel injector is open or shortedFuel injector
P0303 0303	No. 3 cylinder misfire detected	No. 3 cylinder misfires.	 Intake air leak The ignition signal circuit is open or
P0304 0304	No. 4 cylinder misfire detected	No. 4 cylinder misfires.	shorted • Lack of fuel
P0305 0305	No. 5 cylinder misfire detected	No. 5 cylinder misfires.	 Signal plate Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1
P0306 0306	No. 6 cylinder misfire detected	No. 6 cylinder misfires.	Incorrect PCV hose connection

DTC Confirmation Procedure

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle in safe manner according to traffic conditions and obey all traffic laws when driving.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

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B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON, and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Restart engine and let it idle for about 15 minutes.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-346, "Diagnostic Procedure"

NOTE:

If 1st trip DTC is not detected during above procedure, performing the following procedure is advised.

- a. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- b. Start engine and drive the vehicle under the similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data for a certain time. Refer to the table below.

Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

The similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data means the vehicle operation that the following conditions should be satisfied at the same time.

Engine speed	Engine speed in the freeze frame data \pm 400 rpm	
Vehicle speed	peed Vehicle speed in the freeze frame data \pm 10 km/h (6 MPH)	
Engine coolant temperature (T) condition	When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70 °C (158 °F), T should be lower than 70 °C (158 °F).	
	When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F), T should be higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F).	

The time to driving varies according to the engine speed in the freeze frame data.

Engine speed	Time
Around 1,000 rpm	Approximately 10 minutes
Around 2,000 rpm	Approximately 5 minutes
More than 3,000 rpm	Approximately 3.5 minutes

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK AND PCV HOSE

- 1. Start engine and run it at idle speed.
- 2. Listen for the sound of the intake air leak.
- 3. Check PCV hose connection.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Discover air leak location and repair.

2. CHECK FOR EXHAUST SYSTEM CLOGGING

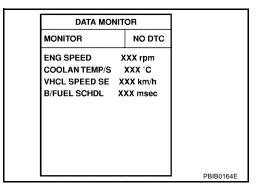
Stop engine and visually check exhaust tube, three way catalyst and muffler for dents.

<u>OK or NG</u>

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 3.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace it.

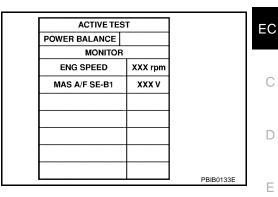


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3. PERFORM POWER BALANCE TEST

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 2. Is there any cylinder which does not produce a momentary engine speed drop?



Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 4. No >> GO TO 10.

4. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR-I

Stop engine.

- 1. Disconnect harness connector F44, F101.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

3. Check voltage between harness connector F44 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

- 4. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 5. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between harness connector F44 and ECM as follows.
 Befor to Wiring Diagram

Refer to Wiring Diagram.	
--------------------------	--

Cylinder	Harness connector F44 terminal	ECM terminal
1	2	23
3	1	22
5	4	21

Continuity should exist.

7. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG \rightarrow >> Perform trouble diagnosis for FUEL INJECTOR, refer to <u>EC-633</u>.



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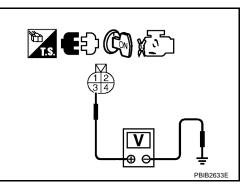
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View with engine cover removed and engine control harness positioned aside Harness connector F101 Front Harness connector Front Harness connector F44 BBIA0587E



5. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR-II

Provide battery voltage between harness connector F101 as follows and then interrupt it. Listen to each fuel injector operating sound.

Culinder	Harness connector F101 terminal	
Cylinder	(+)	()
1	3	2
3	3	1
5	3	4

Operating sound should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG \rightarrow >> Perform trouble diagnosis for FUEL INJECTOR, refer to <u>EC-633</u>.

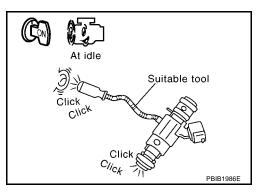
6. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR-III

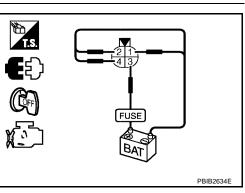
- 1. Reconnect all harness connector disconnected.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. Listen to fuel injectors No. 2, No. 4, No.6 operating sound.

Clicking noise should exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
- NG >> Perform trouble diagnosis for FUEL INJECTOR, refer to $\underline{\text{EC-633}}$.





1. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-I

CAUTION:

Do the following procedure in the place where ventilation is good without the combustible.

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Remove fuel pump fuse in IPDM E/R to release fuel pressure. NOTE:

Do not use CONSULT-II to release fuel pressure, or fuel pressure applies again during the following procedure.

- 3. Start engine.
- 4. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Remove all ignition coil harness connectors to avoid the electri-6. cal discharge from the ignition coils.
- 7. Remove ignition coil and spark plug of the cylinder to be checked.
- 8. Crank engine for five seconds or more to remove combustion gas in the cylinder.
- Connect spark plug and harness connector to ignition coil.
- 10. Fix ignition coil using a rope etc. with gap of 13 17 mm between the edge of the spark plug and grounded metal portion as shown in the figure.
- 11. Crank engine for about three seconds, and check whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded metal portion.

Spark should be generated.

CAUTION:

- Do not approach to the spark plug and the ignition coil within 50cm. Be careful not to get an electrical shock while checking, because the electrical discharge voltage becomes 20kV or more.
- It might cause to damage the ignition coil if the gap of more than 17 mm is taken. NOTE:

When the gap is less than 13 mm, the spark might be generated even if the coil is malfunctioning.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 8.

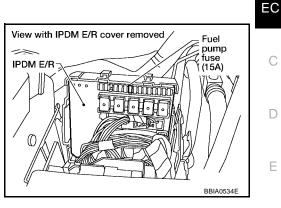
8. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-II

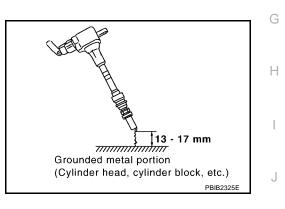
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect spark plug and connect a known-good spark plug.
- Crank engine for about three seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug 3. and the grounded metal portion.

Spark should be generated.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
- NG >> Check ignition coil, power transistor and their circuits. Refer to EC-646.





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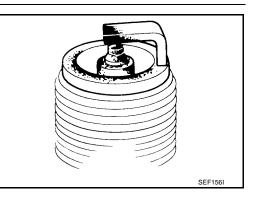
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9. CHECK SPARK PLUG

Check the initial spark plug for fouling, etc.

OK or NG

- OK >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to <u>MA-19</u>, "<u>Changing Spark Plugs</u>"
- NG >> 1. Repair or clean spark plug. 2. GO TO 10.



10. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III

- 1. Reconnect the initial spark plugs.
- 2. Crank engine for about three seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded portion.

Spark should be generated.

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to <u>MA-19</u>, "<u>Changing</u> <u>Spark Plugs</u>".

11. CHECK COMPRESSION PRESSURE

Check compression pressure. Refer to EM-92, "CHECKING COMPRESSION PRESSURE" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Check pistons, piston rings, valves, valve seats and cylinder head gaskets.

12. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE

- 1. Install all removed parts.
- 2. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-79, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" .
- 3. Install fuel pressure gauge and check fuel pressure. Refer to EC-80, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK" .

At idle: Approx. 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm², 51 psi)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14. NG >> GO TO 13.

13. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuel pump and circuit (Refer to EC-640, "FUEL PUMP" .)
- Fuel pressure regulator (Refer to EC-80, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK" .)
- Fuel lines
- Fuel filter for clogging

>> Repair or replace.

14. CHECK IGN	IITION TIMING	Δ
Check the following	g items. Refer to EC-70, "Basic Inspection" .	
Items	Specifications	EC
Target idle speed	625 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)	
Ignition timing	$15 \pm 5^{\circ}$ BTDC (in P or N position)	
OK or NG OK >> GO TO		C
NG >> Follow	the <u>EC-70, "Basic Inspection"</u> .	D
		E
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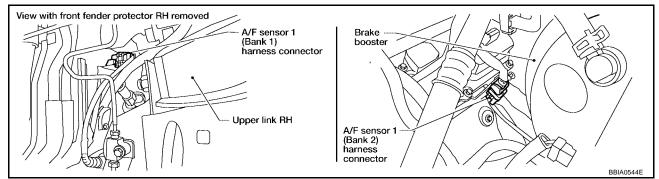
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15. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.



- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between A/F sensor 1 terminal and ECM terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
	1	16
	2	75
Bank 1	5	35
	6	56
	1	76
Bank 2	2	77
Bank 2	5	57
	6	58

Continuity should exist.

5. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Ва	nk 1	Ba	nk 2
A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
1	16	1	76
2	75	2	77
5	35	5	57
6	56	6	58

Continuity should not exist.

- 6. Also check harness for short to power.
- OK or NG
- OK >> GO TO 16.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors between ECM and A/F sensor 1.

16. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to EC-169, "Component Inspection" .

<u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 18.

NG >> GO TO 17.

17. REPLACE A/F SENSOR 1	
	А
 Replace A/F sensor 1. CAUTION: Discard any A/F sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one. 	EC
• Before installing new A/F sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Heated Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.	С
>> INSPECTION END	
18. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR	D
With CONSULT-II Check mass air flow sensor signal in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.	E
2.0 - 6.0 g⋅m/sec: at idling 7.0 - 20.0 g⋅m/sec: at 2,500 rpm	F
With GST Check mass air flow sensor signal in Service \$01 with GST.	G
2.0 - 6.0 g⋅m/sec: at idling 7.0 - 20.0 g⋅m/sec: at 2,500 rpm	G
OK or NG	Н
OK >> GO TO 19. NG >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or ground. Refer to <u>EC-186</u> .	1
19. CHECK SYMPTOM MATRIX CHART	
Check items on the rough idle symptom in <u>EC-90, "Symptom Matrix Chart"</u> . <u>OK or NG</u>	J
OK >> GO TO 20. NG >> Repair or replace.	Κ
20. ERASE THE 1ST TRIP DTC	
Some tests may cause a 1st trip DTC to be set. Erase the 1st trip DTC from the ECM memory after performing the tests. Refer to <u>EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE</u> <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u> .	L
>> GO TO 21.	Μ

21. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0327, P0328, P0332, P0333 KS

Component Description

The knock sensor is attached to the cylinder block. It senses engine knocking using a piezoelectric element. A knocking vibration from the cylinder block is sensed as vibrational pressure. This pressure is converted into a voltage signal and sent to the ECM.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

The MIL will not light up for these diagnoses.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0327 0327 (Bank 1)	Knock sensor circuit low	An excessively low voltage from the sensor	
P0332 0332 (Bank 2)	input	is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
P0328 0328 (Bank 1)	Knock sensor circuit high	An excessively high voltage from the sensor	Knock sensor
P0333 0333 (Bank 2)	input	is sent to ECM.	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-356, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DT
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

WITH GST

Revision: September 2005

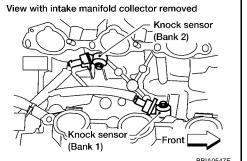
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

PFP:22060

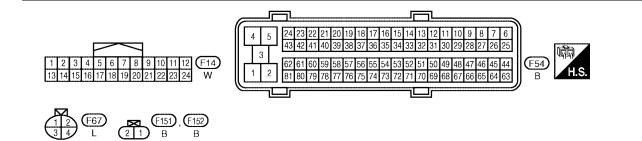
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Wiring Diagram UBS00K8A А EC-KS-01 ECM (F54) : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC EC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC KNK1 KNK2 15 36 С w w D В Ε F B W W F67 F150 2 1 3 4 Ŵ GR Н В В w w 2 Κ Γ 2 1 1 KNOCK SENSOR (BANK 1) KNOCK SENSOR (BANK 2) GR Ē В В B (F151) (F152) L **–** E24 **–** E15 Ē9 Μ



BBWA2370E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
15	W	Knock sensor (Bank 1)	[Engine is running]	Approximately 2.5V
36	W	Knock sensor (Bank 2)	• Idle speed	

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS00K8B

1. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check resistance between ECM terminals 15, 36 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram. **NOTE:**

It is necessary to use an ohmmeter which can measure more than 10 $\text{M}\Omega.$

Resistance: Approximately 532 - 588 kΩ [at 20°C (68°F)]

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-II

- 1. Disconnect knock sensor harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 15 and knock sensor (bank1) terminal 1, ECM terminal 36 and knock sensor (bank 2) terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.

3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F67, F150
- Harness for open or short between ECM and knock sensor

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

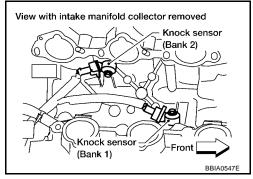
4. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR

Refer to EC-358, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

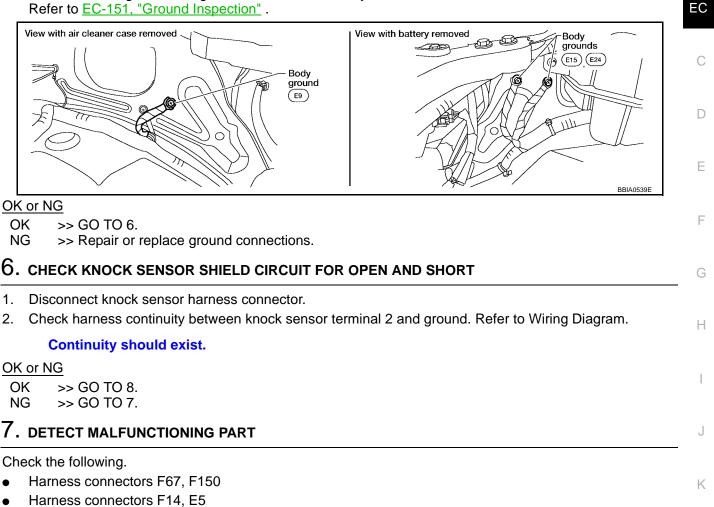
OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace knock sensor.



5. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection".



Harness for open or short between knock sensor and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

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Component Inspection KNOCK SENSOR

Check resistance between knock sensor terminal 1 and ground. **NOTE:**

It is necessary to use an ohmmeter which can measure more than 10 $\text{M}\Omega\text{.}$

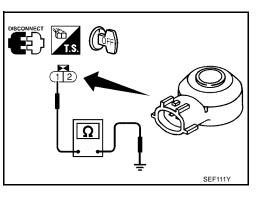
Resistance: Approximately 532 - 588 k Ω [at 20°C (68°F)]

CAUTION:

Do not use any knock sensors that have been dropped or physically damaged. Use only new ones.

Removal and Installation KNOCK SENSOR

Refer to EM-107, "CYLINDER BLOCK" .



UBS00K8D

UBS00K8C

DTC P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)

Component Description

The crankshaft position sensor (POS) is located on the oil pan facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the signal plate. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet and Hall IC.

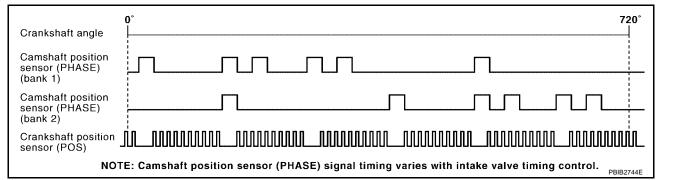
When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

ECM receives the signals as shown in the figure.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
ENG SPEED	• Run engine and compare CONSULT-II value with the tachometer indication.	Almost the same speed as the tachometer indication.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
		• The crankshaft position sensor (POS) signal is not detected by the ECM during the first few seconds of engine cranking.	Harness or connectors	L
P0335 0335	Crankshaft position sensor (POS) circuit	• The proper pulse signal from the crankshaft position sensor (POS) is not sent to ECM while the engine is running.	(The sensor circuit is open or shorted)Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	M
		 The crankshaft position sensor (POS) signal is not in the normal pattern during engine running. 	Signal plate	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V with ignition switch ON.

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UBS00K8H

DTC P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)

(I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Crank engine for at least 2 seconds and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-362, "Diagnostic Procedure"

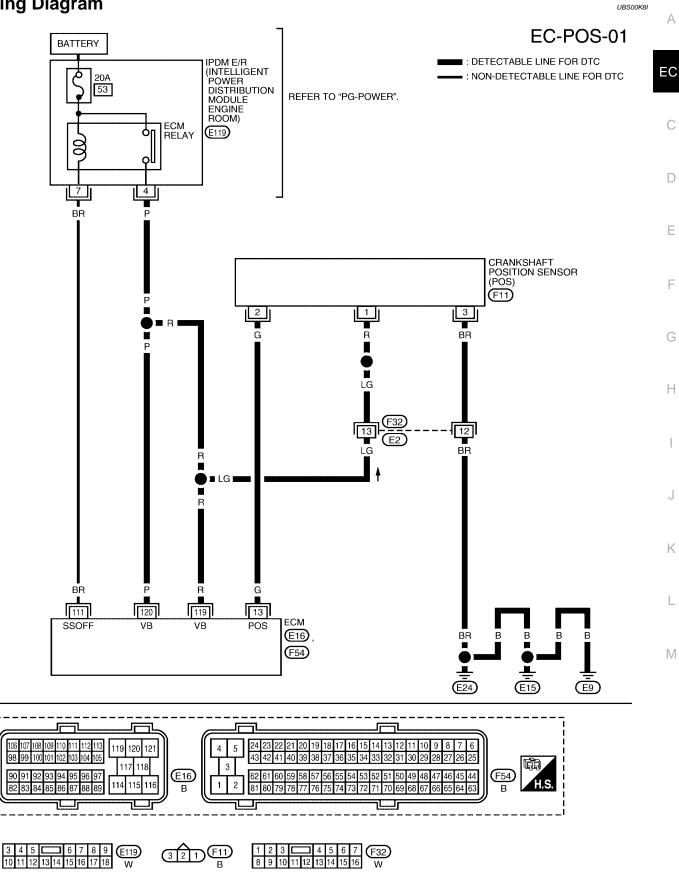
DATA M	ONITOR]
MONITOR	NO DTC	1
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	1

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Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Wiring Diagram



BBWA1752E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
13		Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle 	Approximately 10V*
13	G		[Engine is running] • Engine speed: 2,000 rpm	Approximately 10V*
111	BR	ECM relay	 [Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	0 - 1.5V
		(Self shut-off)	 [Ignition switch: OFF] More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R P	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

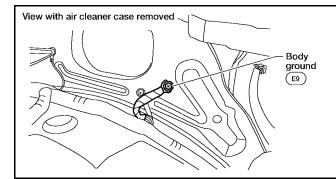
★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

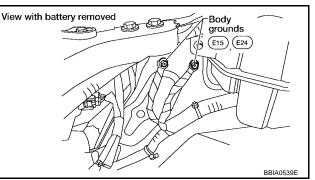
Diagnostic Procedure

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1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection"





OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

$2. \ \text{CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION (CKP) SENSOR (POS) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT}$

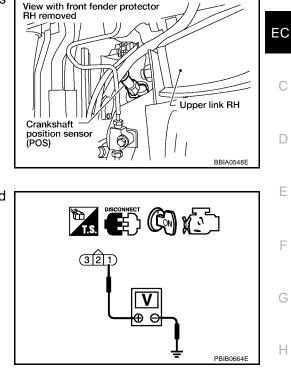
- 1. Disconnect crankshaft position (CKP) sensor (POS) harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

3. Check voltage between CKP sensor (POS) terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



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3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F32, E2
- Harness for open or short between crankshaft position sensor (POS) and ECM
- Harness for open or short between crankshaft position sensor (POS) and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK CKP SENSOR (POS) GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check harness continuity between CKP sensor (POS) terminal 3 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F32, E2
- Harness for open or short between crankshaft position sensor (POS) and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK CKP SENSOR (POS) INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 13 and CKP sensor (POS) terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

Refer to EC-365, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS).

8. CHECK GEAR TOOTH

Visually check for chipping signal plate gear tooth.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Replace the signal plate.

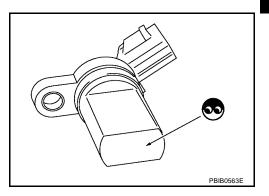
9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

- 1. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- 2. Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (POS) harness connector.
- 3. Remove the sensor.
- 4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.



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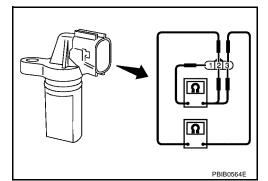
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5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Terminal No. (Polarity)	Resistance Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
1 (+) - 2 (-)	
1 (+) - 3 (-)	Except 0 or ∞
2 (+) - 3 (-)	



Removal and Installation CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

Refer to AT-246, "TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY" .

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DTC P0340, P0345 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)

Component Description

The camshaft position sensor (PHASE) senses the retraction of intake valve camshaft to identify a particular cylinder. The camshaft position sensor (PHASE) senses the piston position.

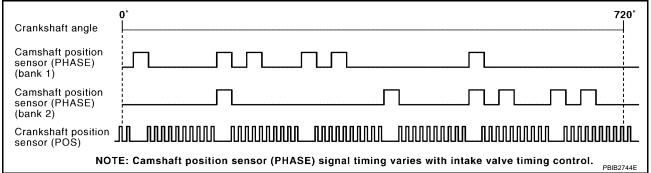
When the crankshaft position sensor (POS) system becomes inoperative, the camshaft position sensor (PHASE) provides various controls of engine parts instead, utilizing timing of cylinder identification signals.

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet and Hall IC.

When engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes. ECM receives the signals as shown in the figure.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
ENG SPEED	 Run engine and compare CONSULT-II value with the tachometer indication. 	Almost the same speed as the tachometer indication.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0340 0340 (Bank 1)		• The cylinder No. signal is not sent to ECM for the first few seconds during engine	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Complete transition sensor (DHASE)
P0345 0345 (Bank 2)	Camshaft position sen- sor (PHASE) circuit	 cranking. The cylinder No. signal is not sent to ECM during engine running. The cylinder No. signal is not in the normal pattern during engine running. 	 Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) Camshaft (Intake) Starter motor (Refer to <u>SC-10</u>.) Starting system circuit (Refer to <u>SC-10</u>.) Dead (Weak) battery

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

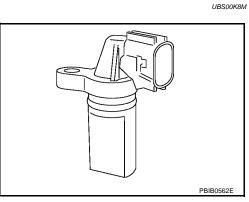
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

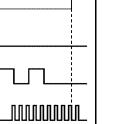
TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V with ignition switch ON.

(I) WITH CONSULT-II

Turn ignition switch ON. 1.





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DTC P0340, P0345 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)

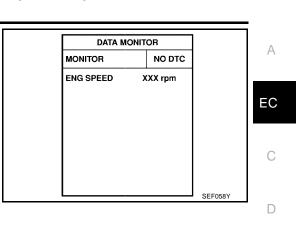
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Crank engine for at least 2 seconds and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-371, "Diagnostic Procedure"

If 1st trip DTC is not detected, go to next step.

- 5. Maintaining engine speed at more than 800 rpm for at least 5 seconds.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-371, "Diagnostic Procedure"

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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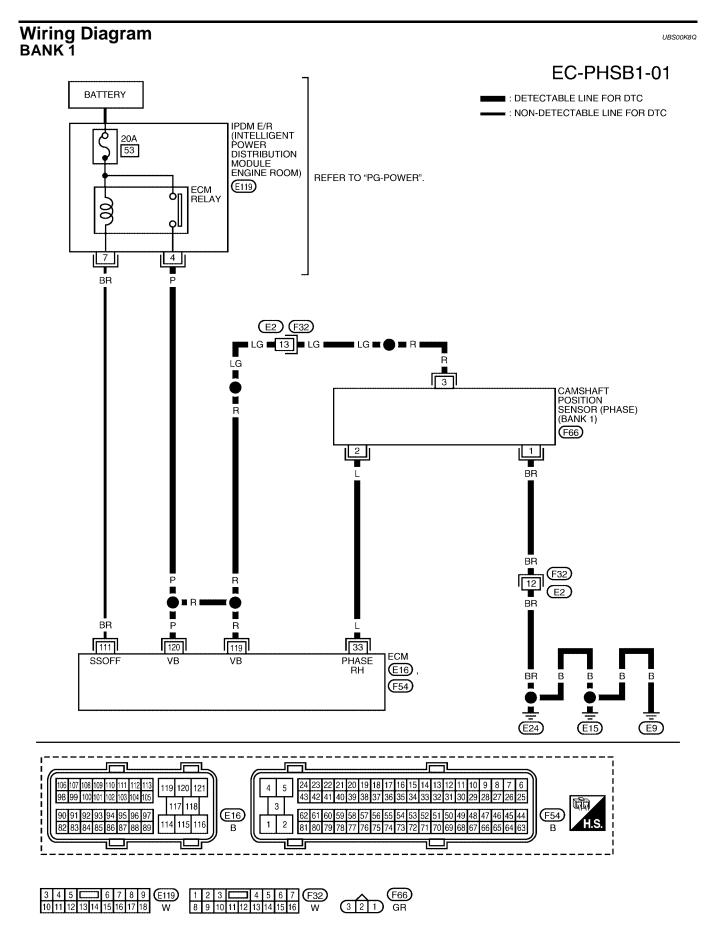
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DTC P0340, P0345 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

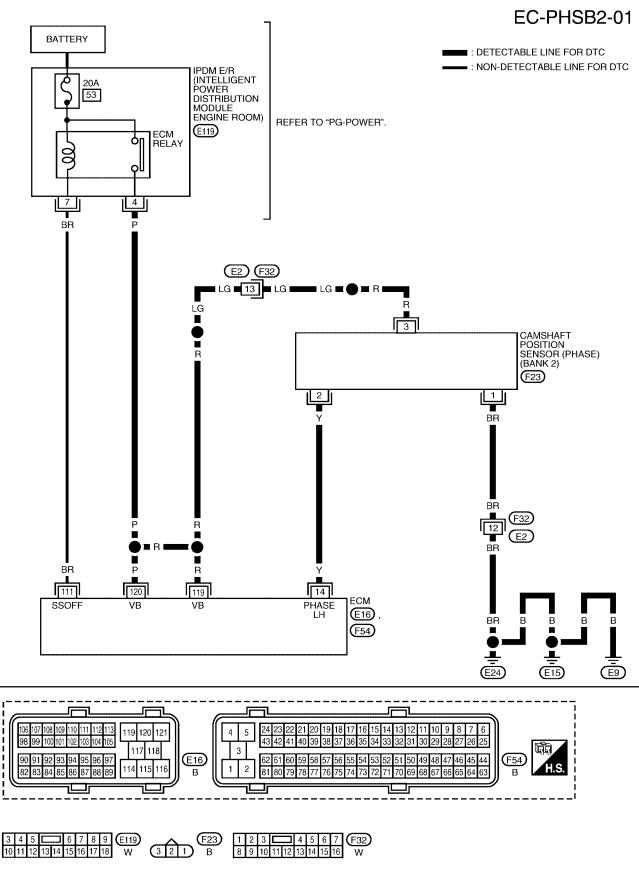
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
22		Camshaft position sensor	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle 	1.0 - 4.0V★
33 L		(PHASE) (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] • Engine speed: 2,000 rpm	1.0 - 4.0V★
111	BR	R ECM relay (Self shut-off)	 [Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	0 - 1.5V
			 [Ignition switch: OFF] More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R P	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

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DTC P0340, P0345 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
	~	Camshaft position sensor	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle 	1.0 - 4.0V★
14 Y	Y	(PHASE) (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] • Engine speed: 2,000 rpm	1.0 - 4.0V★
111	BR	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	 [Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	0 - 1.5V
			 [Ignition switch: OFF] ● More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R P	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK STARTING SYSTEM

Turn ignition switch to START position.

Does the engine turn over?

Does the starter motor operate?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2.

No >> Check starting system. (Refer to <u>SC-10, "STARTING SYSTEM"</u>.)

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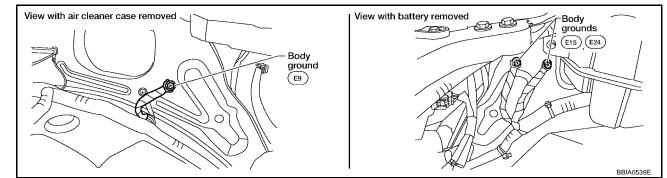
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2. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



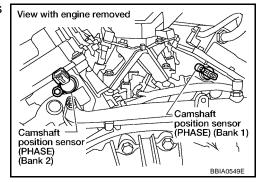
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

3. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION (CMP) SENSOR (PHASE) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect camshaft position (CMP) sensor (PHASE) harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

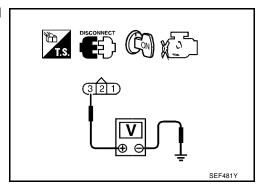


3. Check voltage between CMP sensor (PHASE) terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness for open or short between camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and ECM
- Harness for open or short between camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5.	CHECK CMP SENSOR (PHASE) GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	А
1.	Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2.	Check harness continuity between CMP sensor (PHASE) terminal 1 and ground.	EC
	Continuity should exist.	EC
3.	Also check harness for short to power.	
-	<u>Cor NG</u>	С
O N	K >> GO TO 7. G >> GO TO 6.	
~	DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	D
Ch	eck the following.	
•	Harness connectors F32, E2	E
•	Harness for open or short between CMP sensor (PHASE) and ground	
		F
_	>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.	
1.	CHECK CMP SENSOR (PHASE) INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	G
1.	Disconnect ECM harness connector.	
2.	Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 33 (bank 1) or 14 (bank 2) and CMP sensor (PHASE)	Н
	terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.	11
	Continuity should exist.	
3.	Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	I
OK	Cor NG	
	K >> GO TO 8.	J
N		
8.	CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)	K
Re	fer to EC-374, "Component Inspection".	
-	<u>Cor NG</u>	1
O N	K >> GO TO 9. G >> Replace camshaft position sensor (PHASE).	
_	CHECK CAMSHAFT (INTAKE)	M
	eck the following.	
•	Accumulation of debris to the signal plate of camshaft rear end	
•	Chipping signal plate of camshaft rear end	
OK	Cor NG Camshaft	
0	$K \rightarrow GO TO 10.$ (intake)	

OK >> GO TO 10.

>> Remove debris and clean the signal plate of camshaft NG rear end or replace camshaft.

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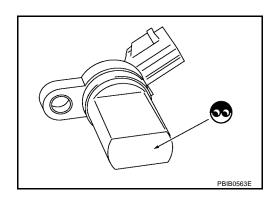
10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

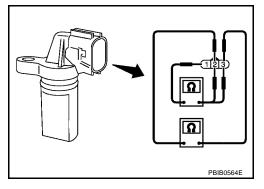
Component Inspection CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)

- 1. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- 2. Disconnect camshaft position sensor (PHASE) harness connector.
- 3. Remove the sensor.
- 4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.



5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Terminal No. (Polarity)	Resistance Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
1 (+) - 2 (-)	
1 (+) - 3 (-)	Except 0 or ∞
2 (+) - 3 (-)	



Removal and Installation CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)

Refer to EM-75, "CAMSHAFT" .

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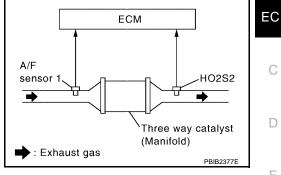
DTC P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION

On Board Diagnosis Logic

The ECM monitors the switching frequency ratio of air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 and heated oxygen sensor 2.

A three way catalyst (manifold) with high oxygen storage capacity will indicate a low switching frequency of heated oxygen sensor 2. As oxygen storage capacity decreases, the heated oxygen sensor 2 switching frequency will increase.

When the frequency ratio of air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 and heated oxygen sensor 2 approaches a specified limit value, the three way catalyst (manifold) malfunction is diagnosed.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0420			 Three way catalyst (manifold) 	F
0420			 Exhaust tube 	
(Bank 1)		 Three way catalyst (manifold) does not oper- ate properly. 	 Intake air leaks 	
D 0 400	Catalyst system effi- ciency below threshold	ate properly.	 Fuel injector 	G
P0430 0430	ciency below intestiold	 Three way catalyst (manifold) does not have enough oxygen storage capacity. 	 Fuel injector leaks 	
(Bank 2)			 Spark plug 	
			 Improper ignition timing 	H

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

TESTING CONDITION:

Do not hold engine speed for more than the specified minutes below.

- Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with 1. CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 6. Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than 70°C (158°F).

If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70°C (158°F).

7. Open engine hood.

MONITOR NO DTC ENG SPEED XXX rpm COOLAN TEMP/S XXX *C VHCL SPEED SE XXX km/h B/FUEL SCHDL XXX msec	DATA I	MONITOR	
COOLAN TEMP/S XXX °C VHCL SPEED SE XXX km/h	MONITOR	NO DTC	
VHCL SPEED SE XXX km/h	ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
B/FUEL SCHDL XXX msec			
	B/FUEL SCHDI	L XXX msec	

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DTC P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION

- 8. Select "DTC & SRT CONFIRMATION" then "SRT WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 9. Rev engine up to 2,000 to 3,000 rpm and hold it for 3 consecutive minutes then release the accelerator pedal completely. If "INCMP" of "CATALYST" changed to "CMPLT", go to step 12.

11. Rev engine up to 2,000 to 3,000 rpm and maintain it until "INCMP" of "CATALYST" changes to "CMPLT" (It will take

If not "CMPLT", stop engine and cool it down to less than 70°C

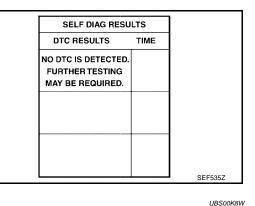
10. Wait 5 seconds at idle.

approximately 5 minutes).

(158°F) and then retest from step 1.

SRT WORK SU	PPORT	
CATALYST	INCMP	
EVAP SYSTEM	INCMP	
HO2S HTR	CMPLT	
HO2S	INCMP	
MONITO	R	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	xxxv	
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX V	
COOLAN TEMP/S	XX °C	
A/F SEN1 (B1)	XXX V	
		PBIB1784E

SRT WORK SU		
CATALYST	CMPLT	
EVAP SYSTEM	INCMP	
HO2S HTR	CMPLT	
HO2S	INCMP	
ΜΟΝΙΤΟ	R	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXXV	
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX V	
COOLAN TEMP/S	XX °C	
A/F SEN1 (B1)	XXX V	PBIB1785E
		- FDID170JL



Overall Function Check

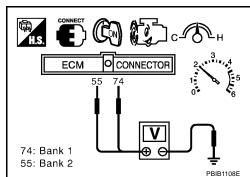
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the three way catalyst (manifold). During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Open engine hood.
- Set voltmeter probe between ECM terminals 74 [HO2S2 (bank 1) signal], 55 [HO2S2 (bank 2) signal] and ground.
- 7. Keep engine speed at 2,500 rpm constant under no load.
- 8. Make sure that the voltage does not vary for more than 5 seconds.

If the voltage fluctuation cycle takes less than 5 seconds, go to <u>EC-377, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

• 1 cycle: 0.6 - 1.0 \rightarrow 0 - 0.3 \rightarrow 0.6 - 1.0



- 12. Select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Confirm that the 1st trip DTC is not detected. If the 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-377</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Proce-dure</u>".

DTC P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION

Diagnostic Procedure



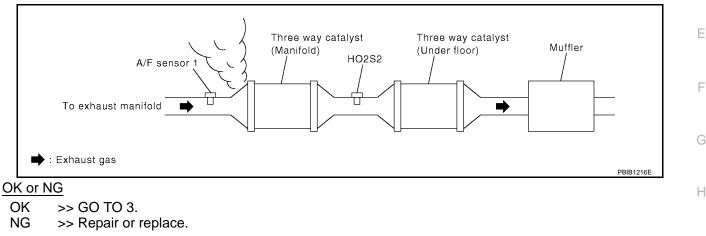
Visually check exhaust tubes and muffler for dent.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> Repair or replace.

2. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

- 1. Start engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before the three way catalyst (manifold).



3. CHECK INTAKE AIR LEAK

Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> Repair or replace.

4. CHECK IGNITION TIMING

Check the following items. Refer to EC-70, "Basic Inspection" .

Items Specifications	
Target idle speed	625 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)
Ignition timing	$15 \pm 5^{\circ}$ BTDC (in P or N position)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Follow the EC-70, "Basic Inspection" . UBS00K8X

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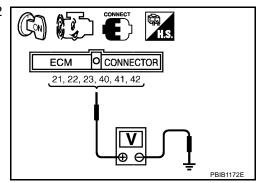
5. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR

- 1. Stop engine and then turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 21, 22, 23, 40, 41, 42 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester. Refer to Wiring Diagram for FUEL INJECTOR, <u>EC-634</u>.

Battery voltage should exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
- NG >> Perform <u>EC-635</u>, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



6. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-I

CAUTION:

Do the following procedure in the place where ventilation is good without the combustible.

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Remove fuel pump fuse in IPDM E/R to release fuel pressure.
 NOTE:

Do not use CONSULT-II to release fuel pressure, or fuel pressure applies again during the following procedure.

- 3. Start engine.
- 4. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 6. Remove all ignition coil harness connectors to avoid the electrical discharge from the ignition coils.
- 7. Remove ignition coil and spark plug of the cylinder to be checked.
- 8. Crank engine for five seconds or more to remove combustion gas in the cylinder.
- 9. Connect spark plug and harness connector to ignition coil.
- 10. Fix ignition coil using a rope etc. with gap of 13 17 mm between the edge of the spark plug and grounded metal portion as shown in the figure.
- 11. Crank engine for about three seconds, and check whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded metal portion.

Spark should be generated.

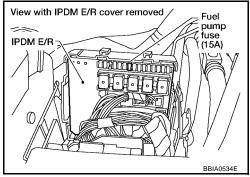
CAUTION:

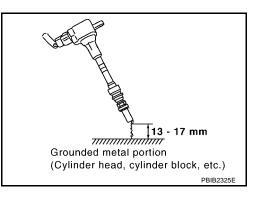
- Do not approach to the spark plug and the ignition coil within 50cm. Be careful not to get an electrical shock while checking, because the electrical discharge voltage becomes 20kV or more.
- It might cause to damage the ignition coil if the gap of more than 17 mm is taken. NOTE:

When the gap is less than 13 mm, the spark might be generated even if the coil is malfunctioning. OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 7.

NG >> GO | IO 7.





1.	Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. 3.	Disconnect spark plug and connect a known-good spark plug. Crank engine for about three seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded metal portion.
	Spark should be generated.
)K	or NG
O N	 K >> GO TO 8. G >> Check ignition coil, power transistor and their circuits. Refer to <u>EC-646</u>.
	CHECK SPARK PLUG
	eck the initial spark plug for fouling, etc.
	tor NG
0	K >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to MA-19, "Changing Spark Plugs"
N	G >> 1. Repair or clean spark plug. 2. GO TO 9.
_	SEF156I
9.	CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III
•	CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III
	CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III Reconnect the initial spark plugs. Crank engine for about three seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug
	CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III Reconnect the initial spark plugs. Crank engine for about three seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded portion.
2.	CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III Reconnect the initial spark plugs. Crank engine for about three seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded portion. Spark should be generated. Cor NG K >> INSPECTION END
). 2. 0 N	CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III Reconnect the initial spark plugs. Crank engine for about three seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded portion. Spark should be generated. Cor NG K >> INSPECTION END G >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to MA-19, "Changing
). 2. 0 N(CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III Reconnect the initial spark plugs. Crank engine for about three seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded portion. Spark should be generated. Cor NG K >> INSPECTION END G >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to MA-19, "Changing Spark Plugs".
	CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III Reconnect the initial spark plugs. Crank engine for about three seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded portion. Spark should be generated. Cor NG K >> INSPECTION END G >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to MA-19, "Changing Spark Plugs". D. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR Turn ignition switch OFF. Remove fuel injector assembly.
	CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III Reconnect the initial spark plugs. Crank engine for about three seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded portion. Spark should be generated. Cor NG K >> INSPECTION END G >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to MA-19, "Changing Spark Plugs". D. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR Turn ignition switch OFF. Remove fuel injector assembly. Refer to EM-35, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE".
	CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III Reconnect the initial spark plugs. Crank engine for about three seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded portion. Spark should be generated. Cor NG K >> INSPECTION END G >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to MA-19, "Changing Spark Plugs". D. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR Turn ignition switch OFF. Remove fuel injector assembly.
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1. 2. 0 N 1. 2. 1. 2.	CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III Reconnect the initial spark plugs. Crank engine for about three seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded portion. Spark should be generated. Cor NG K >> INSPECTION END G >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to MA-19, "Changing Spark Plugs". D. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR Turn ignition switch OFF. Remove fuel injector assembly. Refer to EM-35, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE". Keep fuel hose and all fuel injectors connected to fuel tube. Reconnect all fuel injector harness connectors. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors. Turn ignition switch ON.
1. 2. 0 N 0 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III Reconnect the initial spark plugs. Crank engine for about three seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded portion. Spark should be generated. Cor NG K >> INSPECTION END G >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to MA-19, "Changing Spark Plugs". D. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR Turn ignition switch OFF. Remove fuel injector assembly. Refer to EM-35, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE". Keep fuel hose and all fuel injectors connected to fuel tube. Reconnect all fuel injector harness connectors. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors. Turn ignition switch ON. Make sure fuel does not drip from fuel injector.
1. 2. 0 N 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 0K	CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III Reconnect the initial spark plugs. Crank engine for about three seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded portion. Spark should be generated. Cor NG K >> INSPECTION END G >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to MA-19, "Changing Spark Plugs". D. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR Turn ignition switch OFF. Remove fuel injector assembly. Refer to EM-35, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE". Keep fuel hose and all fuel injectors connected to fuel tube. Reconnect all fuel injector harness connectors. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors. Turn ignition switch ON.

11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

Trouble is fixed.>>INSPECTION END

Trouble is not fixed.>>Replace three way catalyst (manifold).

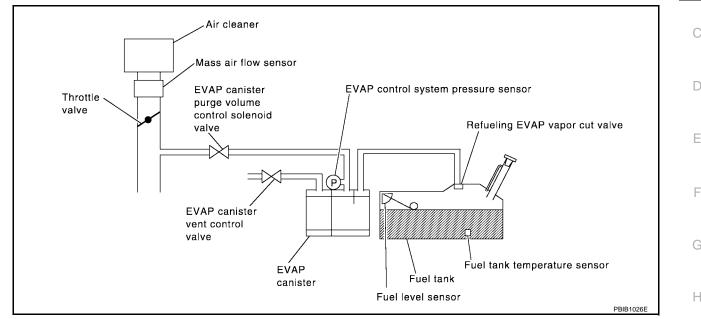
System Description

PFP:14950

А

NOTE:

If DTC P0441 is displayed with other DTC such as P2122, P2123, P2127, P2128 or P2138, first perform EC trouble diagnosis for other DTC.



In this evaporative emission (EVAP) control system, purge flow occurs during non-closed throttle conditions. Purge volume is related to air intake volume. Under normal purge conditions (non-closed throttle), the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is open to admit purge flow. Purge flow exposes the EVAP control system pressure sensor to intake manifold vacuum.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

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Under normal conditions (non-closed throttle), sensor output voltage indicates if pressure drop and purge flow are adequate. If not, a malfunction is determined.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause		
			 EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve stuck closed 	L	
			 EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit 		
		EVAP control system does not operate prop-	 Loose, disconnected or improper con- nection of rubber tube 	N	
P0441	EVAP control system incorrect purge flow		erly, EVAP control system has a leak between	 Blocked rubber tube 	
0441			 Cracked EVAP canister 		
			 EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit 		
			 Accelerator pedal position sensor 		
			 Blocked purge port 		
			 EVAP canister vent control valve 		

DTC Confirmation Procedure

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test. **TESTING CONDITION:**

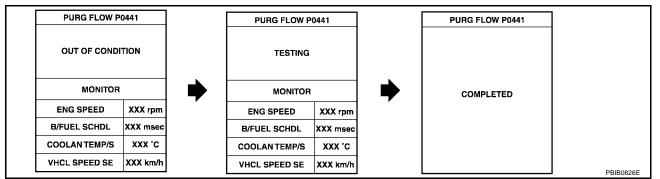
LIBS00K90

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 70 seconds.
- 4. Select "PURG FLOW P0441" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 5. Touch "START". If "COMPLETED" is displayed, go to step 7.
- 6. When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 35 seconds.)

Selector lever	Suitable position
VHCL SPEED SE	32 - 120 km/h (20 - 75 MPH)
ENG SPEED	500 - 3,000 rpm
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.3 - 9.0 msec
COOLAN TEMP/S	70 - 100°C (158 - 212°F)



If "TESTING" is not changed for a long time, retry from step 2.

7. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to <u>EC-</u> <u>383, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

Overall Function Check

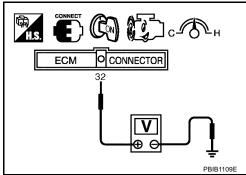
UBS00K91

Use this procedure to check the overall monitoring function of the EVAP control system purge flow monitoring. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

- 1. Lift up drive wheels.
- 2. Start engine (TCS switch or VDC switch OFF) and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and wait at least 70 seconds.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes to ECM terminals 32 (EVAP control system pressure sensor signal) and ground.
- 6. Check EVAP control system pressure sensor value at idle speed and note it.
- 7. Establish and maintain the following conditions for at least 1 minute.

Air conditioner switch	ON
Headlamp switch	ON
Rear window defogger switch	ON
Engine speed	Approx. 3,000 rpm
Gear position	Any position other than P, N or R



- Verify that EVAP control system pressure sensor value stays 0.1V less than the value at idle speed (measured at step 6) for at least 1 second.
- 9. If NG, go to EC-383, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check EVAP canister for cracks.

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 2. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 3. NG >> Replace EVAP canister.

2. CHECK PURGE FLOW

With CONSULT-II

Disconnect vacuum hose connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port and install vacuum gauge. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to <u>EC-33</u>, "EVAPORATIVE <u>EMISSION LINE DRAWING</u>".

2. Start engine and let it idle.

- 3. Select "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm.
- 5. Touch "Qd" and "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to adjust "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening and check vacuum existence.

PURG VOL CONT/V	Vacuum
100%	Should exist.
0%	Should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 4.

3. CHECK PURGE FLOW

Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine.
- 3. Disconnect vacuum hose connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port and install vacuum gauge. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to <u>EC-33</u>, <u>"EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"</u>.
- 4. Start engine and let it idle. Do not depress accelerator pedal even slightly.
- 5. Check vacuum gauge indication before 60 seconds passed after starting engine.

Vacuum should not exist.

6. Revving engine up to 2,000 rpm after 100 seconds passed after starting engine.

Vacuum should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 4.

ACTIVE TES	ат	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %	
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4. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

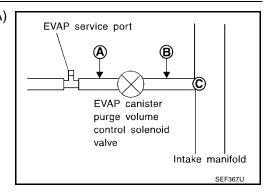
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check EVAP purge line for improper connection or disconnection. Refer to <u>EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"</u>.

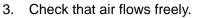
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> Repair it.

5. CHECK EVAP PURGE HOSE AND PURGE PORT

- 1. Disconnect purge hoses connected to EVAP service port (A) and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve (B).
- 2. Blow air into each hose and EVAP purge port (C).



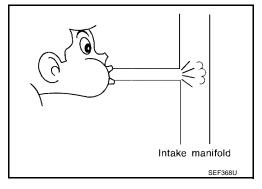


OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 6.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair or clean hoses and/or purge port.



6. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine.

 Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 8.
NG	>> GO TO 7.

ACTIVE TES	т
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %
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7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-407, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

8. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR	А
 Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector. Check connectors for water. 	
Water should not exist.	EC
OK or NG OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.	С
9. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR FUNCTION	D
Refer to <u>EC-426, "DTC Confirmation Procedure"</u> for DTC P0452, <u>EC-432, "DTC Confirmation Procedure"</u> for P0453.	
OK or NG	E
OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.	_
10. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING	F
 Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve. Check the rubber tube for clogging. OK or NG 	G
OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.	Н
11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE	1
Refer to EC-414, "Component Inspection".	I
OK or NG OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.	J
12. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE	Κ
Inspect EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube). Check for evidence of leaks. Refer to <u>EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"</u> .	L
OK or NG OK >> GO TO 13. NG >> Replace it.	M
13. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE	IVI

Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 14.

14. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

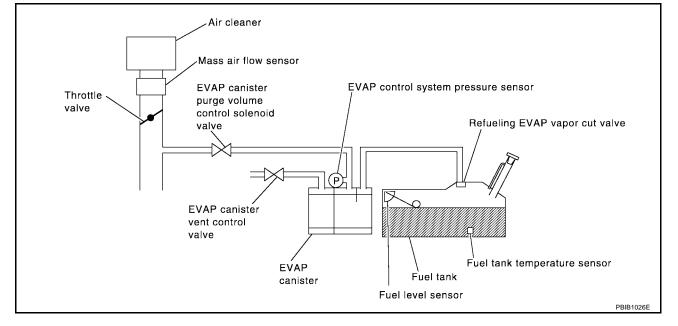
>> INSPECTION END

On Board Diagnosis Logic

This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP purge line using engine intake manifold vacuum.

If pressure does not increase, the ECM will check for leaks in the line between the fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve, under the following Vacuum test conditions.

The EVAP canister vent control valve is closed to shut the EVAP purge line off. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve will then be opened to depressurize the EVAP purge line using intake manifold vacuum. After this occurs, the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve will be closed.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0442 0442	EVAP control system small leak detected (negative pressure)	EVAP control system has a leak, EVAP control system does not operate prop- erly.	 Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve Incorrect fuel filler cap used Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close. Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap. Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve. EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks EVAP purge line rubber tube bent Loose or disconnected rubber tube EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit Fuel tank temperature sensor O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged EVAP control system pressure sensor Fuel level sensor and the circuit Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve ORVR system leaks

EC-386

PFP:14950

CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, A the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

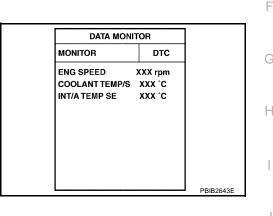
• If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is between 1/4 and 3/4 full, and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Always perform test at a temperature of 0 to 30°C (32 to 86°F).

(E) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.



- Make sure that the following conditions are met. COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 70°C (32 - 158°F) INT/A TEMP SE: 0 - 30°C (32 - 86°F)
- 5. Select "EVP SML LEAK P0442/P1442" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode K with CONSULT-II.

Follow the instruction displayed.

EVAP SML LEAK P0442/P1442		EVAP SML LEAK P0442/P1442		EVAP SML LEAK P0442/P1442	
1)FOR BEST RSLT,PERFORM AT FOLLOWING CONDITIONS. -FUEL LEVEL: 1/4-3/4 -AMBIENT TEMP: 0-30 C(32-86F) -OPEN ENGINE HOOD. 2)START ENG WITH VHCL STOPPED. IF ENG IS ON,STOP FOD 5 SEC THEN DESTADT	•	WAIT 2 TO 10 MINUTES. KEEP ENGINE RUNNING AT IDLE SPEED.	•	MAINTAIN 1600 - 2100 RPM UNTIL FINAL RESULT APPEARS. (APPROX. 3 MINUTES)	
FOR 5 SEC. THEN RESTART. 3)TOUCH START.				1600 rpm 1850 rpm 2100 rpm	PBIB0829E

NOTE:

If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, go to <u>EC-70, "Basic Inspection"</u>.

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 6. Make sure that "OK" is displayed. If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-388, "Diagnostic Procedure".
 NOTE: Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.
 SELF-DIAG RESULTS No DTC DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.
 WITH GST NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of EC-57, "Driving Pattern" before driving vehicle.

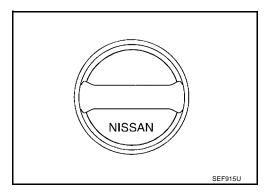
- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Drive vehicle according to EC-57, "Driving Pattern" .
- 3. Stop vehicle.
- 4. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds, and then turn ON.
- 5. Select Service \$07 with GST.
- If P0442 is displayed on the screen, go to <u>EC-388, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- If P0441 is displayed on the screen, go to <u>EC-383, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

Diagnostic Procedure

- 1. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP DESIGN
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap.



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2. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION

Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> 1. Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower.
 - 2. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.

3. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP FUNCTION

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. CHECK FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

Refer to EC-35, "FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)" .

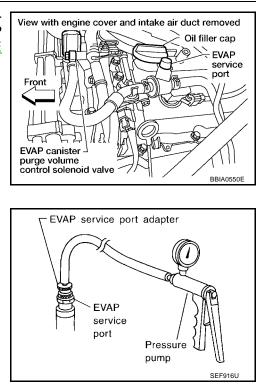
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one.

5. INSTALL THE PRESSURE PUMP

To locate the EVAP leak, install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to <u>EC-33</u>, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".



NOTE: Improper installation of the EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause leaking.

With CONSULT-II>>GO TO 6. Without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 7.

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6. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

(P) With CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "START" and apply pressure into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.

CAUTION:

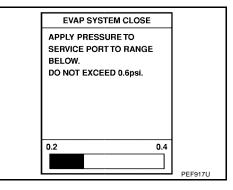
OK or NG OK

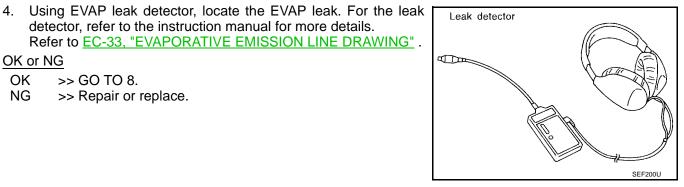
NG

• Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.

detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details.

• Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.





1. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

>> GO TO 8.

>> Repair or replace.

Without CONSULT-II

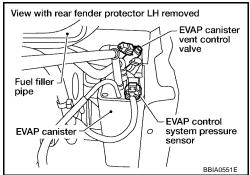
- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
- 3. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and EVAP service port adapter.

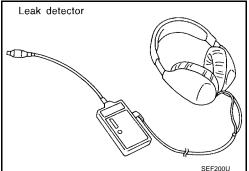
CAUTION:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.
- 4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING" .

OK or NG

- >> GO TO 8. OK
- NG >> Repair or replace.





<u>OK or NG</u>

EVAP canister vent control valve.

OK >> GO TO 9.

Check the following.

NG >> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring.

9. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

8. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-36, "Removal and Installation" .

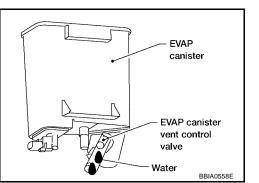
Refer to EC-414, "Component Inspection" .

EVAP canister vent control valve is installed properly.

- Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
- 2. Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 10. No (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 12. No (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13.



10. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.0 kg (4.4 lb).

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 12. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13. NG >> GO TO 11.

11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

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12. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 4. Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100%.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16. NG >> GO TO 14.

			1
A	ACTIVE TEST		
PURG VOL	CONT/V	XXX %	
	MONITOR		
ENG S	PEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALP	HA-B1	XX %	
A/F ALP	HA-B2	XX %	
		1	PBIB1678

13. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine.
- 3. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- 4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

Vacuum should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15. NG >> GO TO 14.

14. CHECK VACUUM HOSE

Check vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to <u>EC-101, "Vacuum Hose Drawing"</u>.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15.

NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

15. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-407, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

16. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-333, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

17. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR	А
Refer to EC-430, "Component Inspection".	
OK or NG	EC
OK >> GO TO 18. NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.	
18. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE	С
Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks or improper connection. Refer to <u>EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"</u> .	D
OK or NG OK >> GO TO 19. NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.	
19. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE	E
Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.	F
>> GO TO 20.	
20. CHECK EVAP/ORVR LINE	G
Check EVAP/ORVR line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clogging, kink, looseness and improper cornection. For location, refer to EC-39, "ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)".	_)- ⊢
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 21. NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.	
21. CHECK RECIRCULATION LINE	
Check recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness an improper connection.	– J d
OK or NG OK >> GO TO 22.	K
NG >> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.	
22. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE	L
Refer to EC-42, "Component Inspection".	_
OK or NG	N
OK >> GO TO 23. NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.	
23. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	
Refer to DI-23, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT".	-
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 24. NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.	
24. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	_

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0443 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE PFP:14920

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

UBS00KFG

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed* ¹		EVAP canister purge vol- ume control solenoid valve
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air	_	
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		
Battery	Battery voltage*1	_	
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position	EVAP canister purge flow control	
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position		
Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)		
Fuel tank temperature sensor	Fuel temperature in fuel tank		
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed* ²		

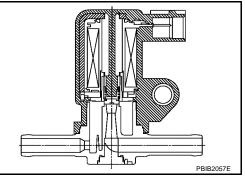
*1: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

*2: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve changes to control the flow rate. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve uses a ON/ OFF duty to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of fuel vapor that will flow through the valve.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
PURG VOL C/V	 Engine: After warming up Shift lever: P or N Air conditioner switch: OFF 	Idle (Accelerator pedal is not depressed even slightly, after engine starting)	0%
	No load	2,000 rpm	—

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On Board Diagnosis Logic

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DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	-
P0443 0443	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	The canister purge flow is detected during the specified driving conditions, even when EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is completely closed.	 EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve (The valve is stuck open.) EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP canister Hoses (Hoses are connected incorrectly or clogged.) 	C D

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

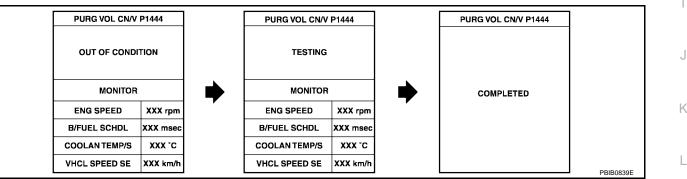
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Select "PURG VOL CN/V P1444" (for DTC P0443) of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Touch "START".



6. Start engine and let it idle until "TESTING" on CONSULT-II changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 10 seconds.)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2.

7. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to <u>EC-</u> <u>398, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

I WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 20 seconds.
- 4. Select Service \$07 with GST.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-398, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

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DTC P0443 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Wiring Diagram UBS00KFK EC-PGC/V-01 BATTERY E: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM) 20A 53 REFER TO "PG-POWER". (E119) ECM RELAY ςЧ 8 οll 7 4 Т ΒR P R F Ľ. 🔳 GR I GR R E2 11 (F32) GR 2 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE ß 1 (F15) R BR R P R 45 111 119 120 ECM EVAP SSOFF VB VB **E16**, (F54) ור J٢ 7 24 113 119 120 121 4 5 43 26 25 3 117 118 (E16) 93 94 95 62 49 48 47 46 45 44 (F54) 114 115 116 1 2 H.S. 87 88 89 В B 81 83 84 85 86 80 79 7(68 67 66 65 64 63



BBWA1751E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)		
		EVAP canister purge vol-	 [Engine is running] Idle speed Accelerator pedal is not depressed even slightly, after engine starting 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★		
45	R	ume control solenoid valve		ume control solenoid valve		BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★
			 [Engine is running] Engine speed: About 2,000 rpm (More than 100 seconds after starting engine) 	1 () () () () () () () () () (
			[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF]	0 - 1.5V		
111 BR	BR	ECM relay	 For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	0 - 1.5V		
		(Self shut-off)	 [Ignition switch: OFF] More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)		
119 120	R P	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)		

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

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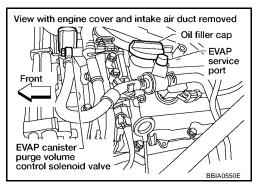
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Diagnostic Procedure

UBS00KFL

1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIR-CUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

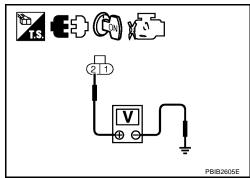


4. Check voltage between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and IPDM E/R
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

3. check evap canister purge volume control solenoid valve output signal circuit for open and short

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 45 and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CON	NECTOR
1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness conne	ctor.
2. Check connectors for water.	EC
Water should not exist.	
OK or NG OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.	C
5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR	D
Refer to <u>EC-430, "Component Inspection"</u> . <u>OK or NG</u> OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 6. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 7. NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.	E
6. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLEN	IOID VALVE
 With CONSULT-II Turn ignition switch OFF. 	G
 Reconnect harness connectors disconnected. Start engine. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with 	н
CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.	ACTIVE TEST PURG VOL CONT/V XXX % MONITOR
<u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.	ENG SPEED XXX rpm A/F ALPHA-B1 XX % A/F ALPHA-B2 XX %
	BIB1678E
7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLEN	
Refer to <u>EC-401, "Component Inspection"</u> . <u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid va	M
8. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING	ive.
 Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control Check the rubber tube for clogging. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower. 	valve.
9. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE	
Refer to <u>EC-414, "Component Inspection"</u> . <u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 10.	

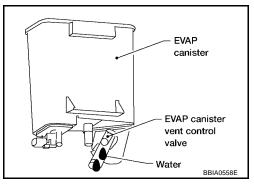
Revision: September 2005

>> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

NG

10. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

- Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor 1. attached.
- 2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.
- Yes or No
- Yes >> GO TO 11. No
- >> GO TO 13.



11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.0 kg (4.4 lb).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13. NG >> GO TO 12.

12. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

13. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

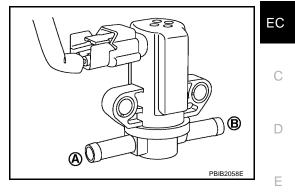
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

With CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

Condition (PURG VOL CONT/V value)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
100%	Yes
0%	No



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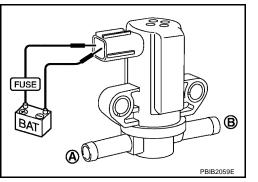
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Without CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes
No supply	No



Removal and Installation EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR" .

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DTC P0444, P0445 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

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Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed* ¹			
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature			
Battery	Battery voltage*1			
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position	EVAP canister	EVAP canister purge vol- ume control solenoid valve	
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position			
Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)	_		
Fuel tank temperature sensor	Fuel temperature in fuel tank			
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed* ²			

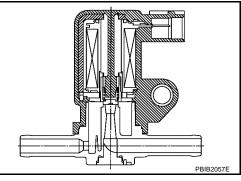
*1: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

*2: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve changes to control the flow rate. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve uses a ON/ OFF duty to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of fuel vapor that will flow through the valve.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00K97

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CON	NDITION	SPECIFICATION
PURG VOL C/V Engine: After warming up Shift lever: P or N Air conditioner switch: OFF	Idle (Accelerator pedal is not depressed even slightly, after engine starting)	0%	
	 No load 	2,000 rpm	—

On Board Diagnosis Logic	
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On Board Diagnosis Logic				
DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	~
P0444 0444	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit open	An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the valve	 Harness or connectors (The solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve 	EC
P0445 0445	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit shorted	An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the valve	 Harness or connectors (The solenoid valve circuit is shorted.) EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve 	C

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION: Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

(I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 13 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-406, "Diagnostic Procedure'

DATA MC	DNITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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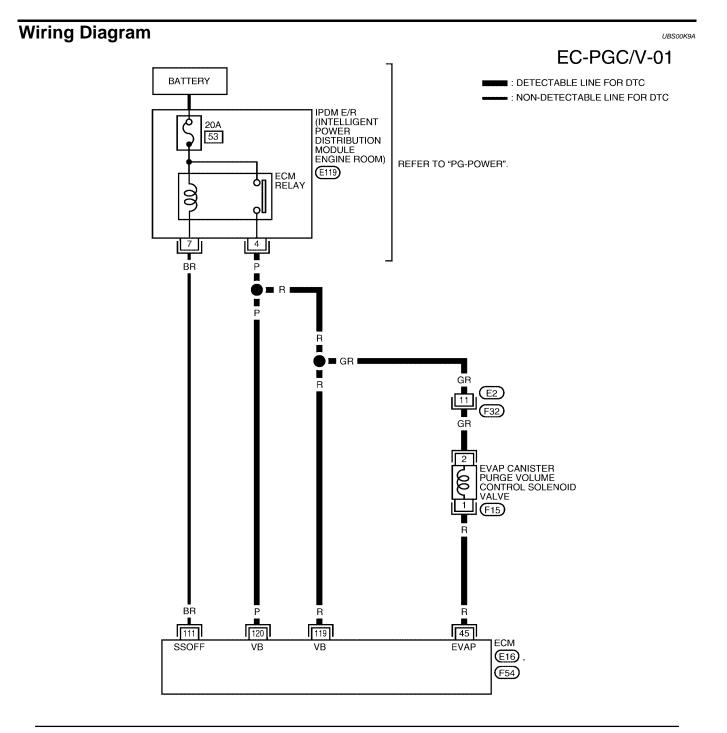
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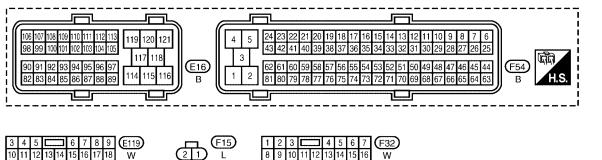
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С	
45		EVAP canister purge vol-	 [Engine is running] Idle speed Accelerator pedal is not depressed even slightly, after engine starting 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★	D	
45	R	ume control solenoid valve	[Ei •	ume control solenoid valve [Engine is running] Engine speed: About 2,000 rpm (More than 100 seconds after starting engine)	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)*	F
			■ 10.0 V/Div 50 ms/Div [7] SEC991C	Н		
111	BR	ECM relay	 [Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	0 - 1.5V	Ι	
	(Self shut-off)	 [Ignition switch: OFF] More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	J		
119 120	R P	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	Κ	

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

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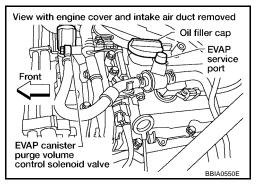
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Diagnostic Procedure

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1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIR-CUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

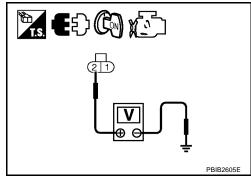


4. Check voltage between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and IPDM E/R
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

3. check evap canister purge volume control solenoid valve output signal circuit for open and short

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 45 and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 4.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

(P) With CONSULT-II

- Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
- >> GO TO 5. NG

ACTIVE TES	т	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %	
		PBIB1678E

5. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-407, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
- NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

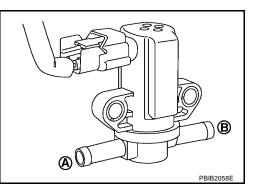
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE (P) With CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

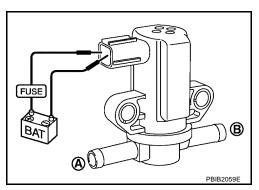
Condition (PURG VOL CONT/V value)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
100%	Yes
0%	No



Without CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes
No supply	No



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Removal and Installation EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR".

UBS00K9D

DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

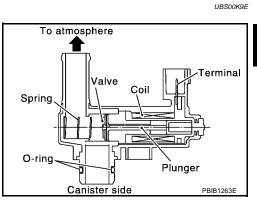
Component Description

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows EVAP Control System diagnosis.



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UBS00K9G

View with rear fender protector LH removed EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP canister pipe EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP control system pressure sensor BBIA0551E

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF	

On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0447 0447	EVAP canister vent con- trol valve circuit open	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EVAP canister vent control valve.	 Harness or connectors (The valve circuit is open or shorted.) EVAP canister vent control valve 	L

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DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

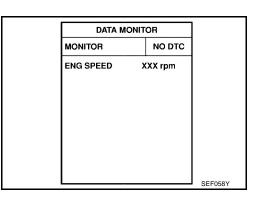
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and wait at least 8 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-412, "Diagnostic Procedure"



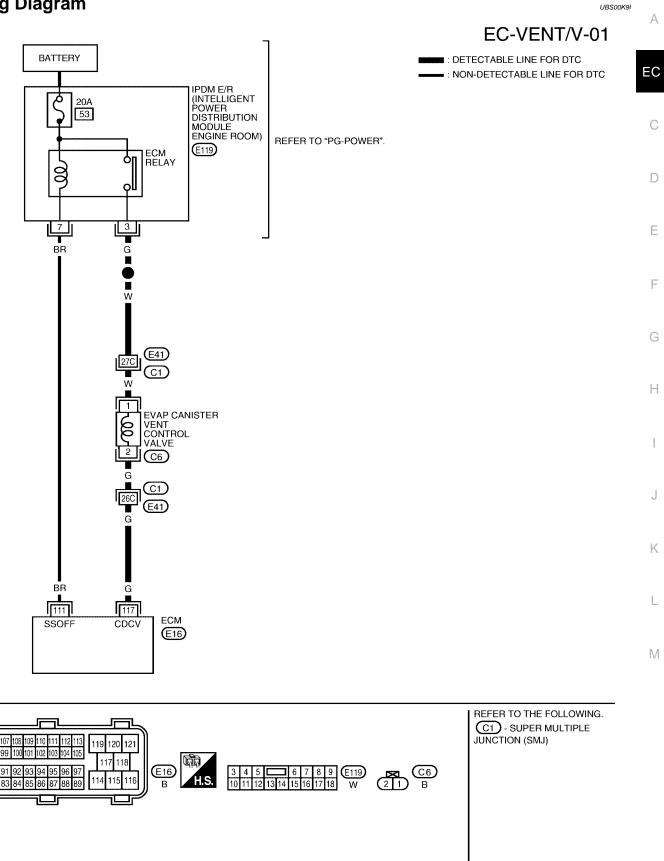
WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Wiring Diagram



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
111	111 BR ECM relay	 [Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	0 - 1.5V	
		(Self shut-off)	 [Ignition switch: OFF] More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
117	G	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. INSPECTION START

Do you have CONSULT-II? Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2. No >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and then turn ON.
- 2. Select "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "ON/OFF" on CONSULT-II screen.
- 4. Check for operating sound of the valve. Clicking noise should be heard.

OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 7.
NG	>> GO TO 3.

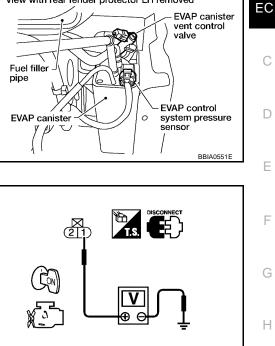
ACTIVE TES	бт	
VENT CONTROL/V	OFF	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %	
		PBIB1679E

UBS00K9J

DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

3. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- Turn ignition switch OFF. 1.
- 2. Disconnect EVAP canister vent control valve harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.



View with rear fender protector LH removed

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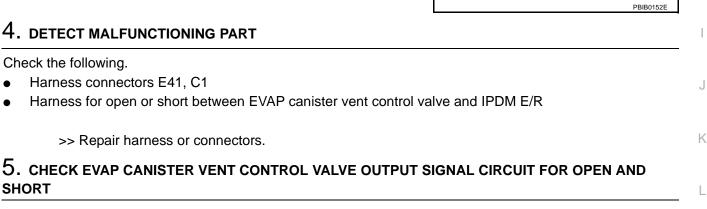
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4. Check voltage between EVAP canister vent control valve terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 117 and EVAP canister vent control valve terminal 2. 3. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

SHORT

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors C1, E41
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister vent control valve and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

- 1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
- 2. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.

8. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-414, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

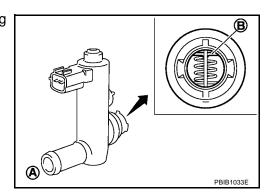
With CONSULT-II

1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.

 Check portion B of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.
 If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

If OK, go to next step.

- 3. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.



- 5. Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 6. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time. Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

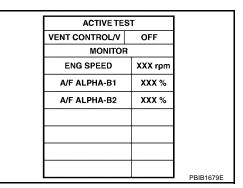
Operation takes less than 1 second.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve. If OK, go to next step.

- 7. Clean the air passage (portion **A** to **B**) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
- 8. Perform step 6 again.

Without CONSULT-II

1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.

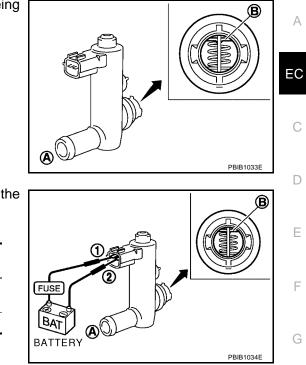


Revision: September 2005

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DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

2. Check portion **B** of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.



Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.
 Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
OFF	Yes
OFF	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve. If OK, go to next step.

4. Clean the air passage (portion **A** to **B**) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.

5. Perform step 3 again.

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DTC P0448 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

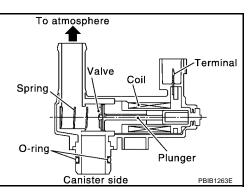
Component Description

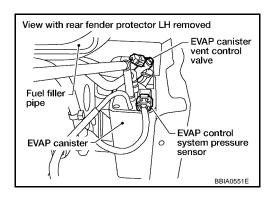
The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows EVAP Control System diagnosis.





CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF

On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No. Trouble diagnosis name DTC detecting condition Possible cause EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit P0448 EVAP canister vent con-EVAP canister vent control valve remains 0448 closed under specified driving conditions. trol valve close • Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP canister is saturated with water

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DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

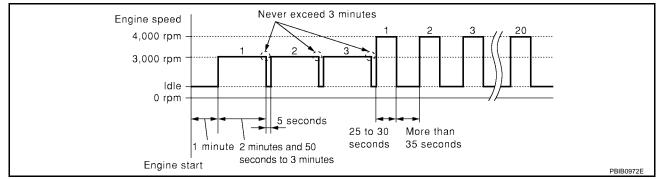
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(E) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 1 minute.
- 5. Repeat next procedures 3 times.
- a. Increase the engine speed up to 3,000 to 3,500 rpm and keep it for 2 minutes and 50 seconds to 3 minutes.
 Never exceed 3 minutes.
- b. Fully released accelerator pedal and keep engine idle for about 5 seconds.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-419, "Diagnostic Procedure"

If 1st trip DTC is not detected, go to the next step.

- 7. Repeat next procedure 20 times.
- a. Quickly increase the engine speed up to 4,000 to 4,500 rpm or more and keep it for 25 to 30 seconds.
- b. Fully released accelerator pedal and keep engine idle for at least 35 seconds.



8. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-419, "Diagnostic Procedure".

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Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DATA MON	ITOR
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

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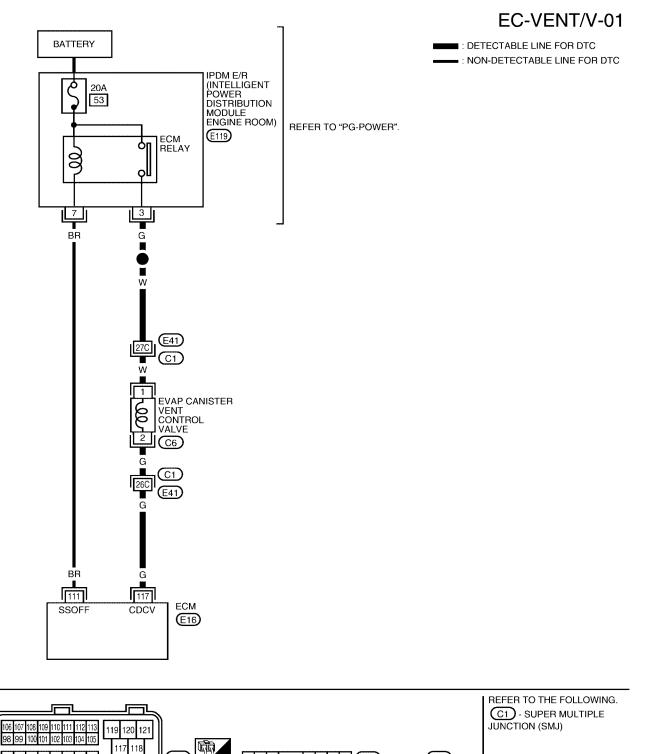
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DTC P0448 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Wiring Diagram



BBWA1755E

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90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97

82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89

۱L 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 E119 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 W

(21) (26) (21) (26)

<u>G</u>

H.S.

E16

в

114 **1**15 116

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
111 BR 7	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	 [Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	0 - 1.5V	С	
			 [Ignition switch: OFF] More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	F
117	G	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	

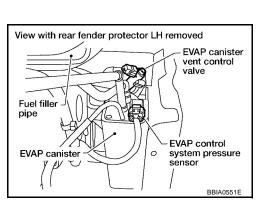
Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK RUBBER TUBE

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
- 3. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Clean rubber tube using an air blower.



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2. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-420, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

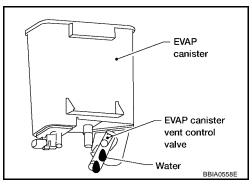
$\mathbf{3}$. Check if evap canister saturated with water

1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.

Yes or No

Yes	>> GO TO 4.
No	>> GO TO 6.



DTC P0448 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

4. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.0 kg (4.4 lb).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

6. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR

- 1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
- 2. Check connectors for water.

Water should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

7. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-430, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

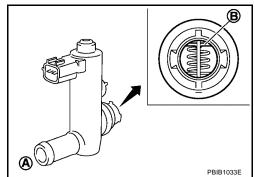
With CONSULT-II

1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.

2. Check portion of **B** EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve. If OK, go to next step.

- 3. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.



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DTC P0448 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

- 5. Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 6. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time. Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

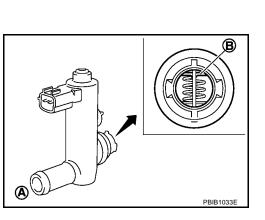
Operation takes less than 1 second.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve. If OK, go to next step.

- 7. Clean the air passage (portion **A** to **B**) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
- 8. Perform step 6 again.

Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
- 2. Check portion **B** of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.



ACTIVE TEST

MONITOR

OFF

XXX rpm

XXX %

XXX %

PBIB1679E

VENT CONTROL/V

ENG SPEED

A/F ALPHA-B2

3. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

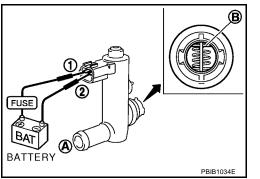
Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
OFF	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve. If OK, go to next step.

- 4. Clean the air passage (portion **A** to **B**) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
- 5. Perform step 3 again.



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DTC P0451 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Component Description

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases.



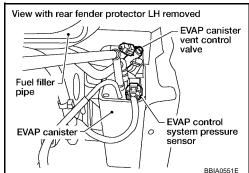
Specification data are reference values.

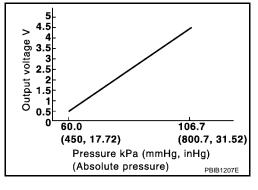
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EVAP SYS PRES	Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V

On Board Diagnosis Logic

If DTC P0451 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to <u>EC-479, "DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY"</u>.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0451 0451	EVAP control system pressure sensor perfor- mance	ECM detects a sloshing signal from the EVAP control system pressure sensor	Harness or connectorsEVAP control system pressure sensor





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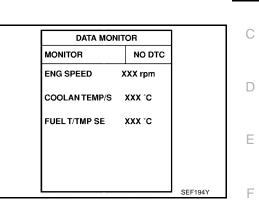
DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and wait at least 40 seconds.
 NOTE: Do not depress accelerator pedal even slightly. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-423, "Diagnostic Procedure"



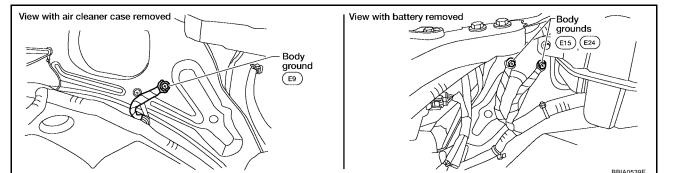
WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> Repair or

>> Repair or replace ground connections.

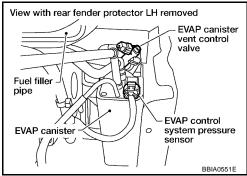
2. CHECK EVPA CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR WATER

- 1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
- 2. Check sensor harness connector for water.

Water should not exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness connector.



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3. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-424, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to <u>EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"</u>. For Wiring Diagram, refer to <u>EC-427</u>.

>> INSPECTION END

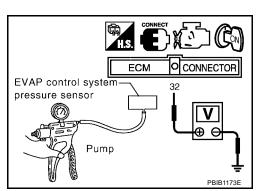
Component Inspection EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

- 1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected from EVAP canister. **Do not reuse the O-ring, replace it with a new one.**
- 2. Install a vacuum pump to EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON and check output voltage between ECM terminal 32 and ground under the following conditions.

Applied vacuum kPa (mmHg, inHg)	Voltage V	
Not applied	1.8 - 4.8	
-26.7 (-200, -7.87)	2.1 to 2.5V lower than above value	

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 4. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

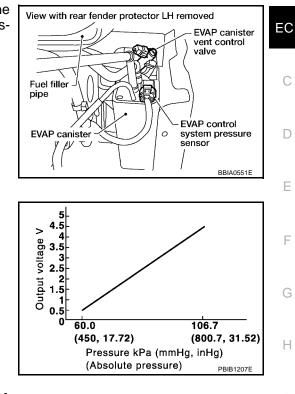


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DTC P0452 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Component Description

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	J
EVAP SYS PRES	Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V	

On Board Diagnosis Logic

If DTC P0452 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to <u>EC-479, "DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY"</u>.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	L
P0452 0452	EVAP control system pressure sensor low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) EVAP control system pressure sensor 	Μ

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DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

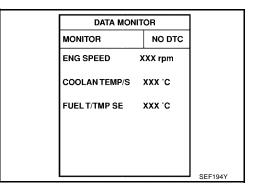
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

(I) WITH CONSULT-II

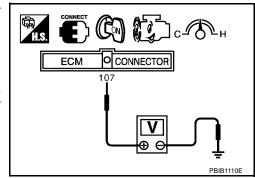
- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Make sure that "FUEL T/TMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
- Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-428</u>, "Diagnostic Procedure"



WITH GST

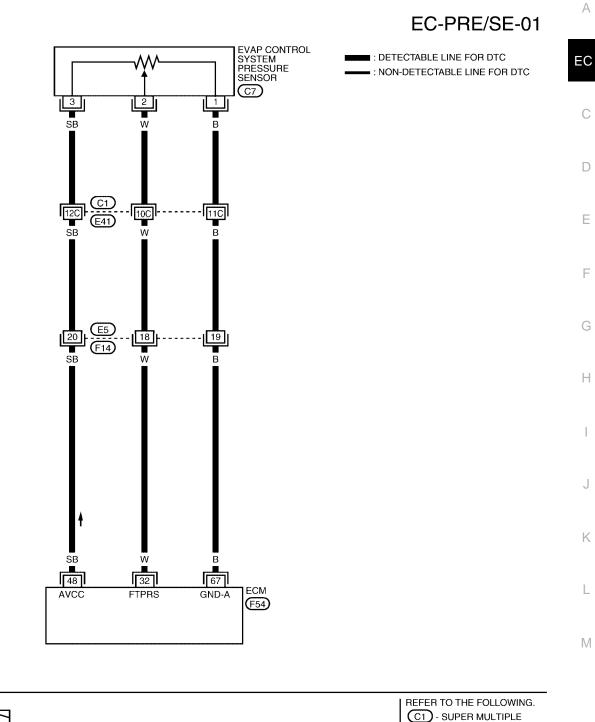
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- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check that voltage between ECM terminal 107 (Fuel tank temperature sensor signal) and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- Select Service \$07 with GST. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-428, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>



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Wiring Diagram



C1 - SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ)

BBWA1756E

UBS00K9V

4 5

3

4 5

3

1 2

6 7 8 9 10 11 12 **F**14

22 23 24

18 19 20

W

19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7

49

27 26 25

65 64 63

48 47 46 45 44

G

H.S.

(F54)

В

321 GR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

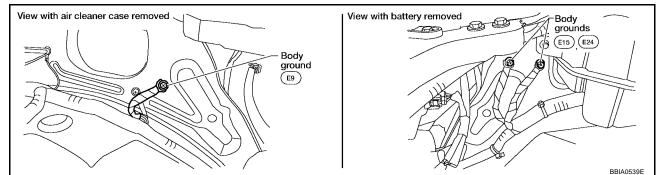
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
32	W	EVAP control system pres- sure sensor	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 1.8 - 4.8V
48	SB	Sensor power supply (EVAP control system pres- sure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
67	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 0V

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

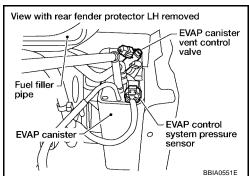
2. CHECK CONNECTOR

- 1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
- 2. Check sensor harness connector for water.

Water should not exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness connector.



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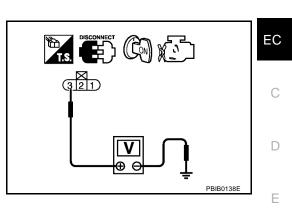
3. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



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4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following.	
 Harness connectors C1, E41 	
Harness connectors E5, F14	
Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and E	CM
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or co	nnectors.
5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT SHORT	FOR OPEN AND
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.	
3. Check harness continuity between EVAP control system pressure sensor term	ninal 1 and ECM terminal
67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.	
Continuity should exist.	
 Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG 	
OK >> GO TO 7.	
NG $>>$ GO TO 6.	
6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following.	

- Check the following.
- Harness connectors C1, E41
- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

 Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 32 and EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 2.
 Defente Wirker Discussion

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

```
OK or NG
```

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8.

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors C1, E41
- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-430, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

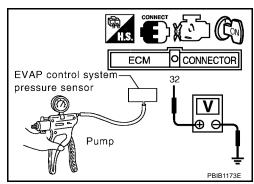
Component Inspection EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

- 1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected from EVAP canister. **Do not reuse the O-ring, replace it with a new one.**
- 2. Install a vacuum pump to EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON and check output voltage between ECM terminal 32 and ground under the following conditions.

Applied vacuum kPa (mmHg, inHg)	Voltage V
Not applied	1.8 - 4.8
-26.7 (-200, -7.87)	2.1 to 2.5V lower than above value

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 4. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

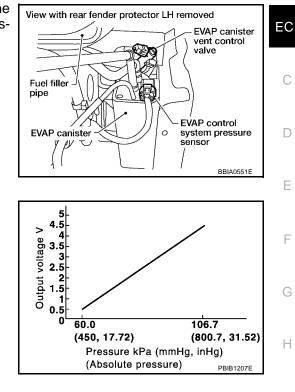


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DTC P0453 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Component Description

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	J
EVAP SYS PRES	Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V	

On Board Diagnosis Logic

If DTC P0453 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to <u>EC-479, "DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY"</u>.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	L
P0453 0453	EVAP control system pressure sensor high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP canister Rubber hose from EVAP canister vent control valve to vehicle frame 	N

PFP:25085

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DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

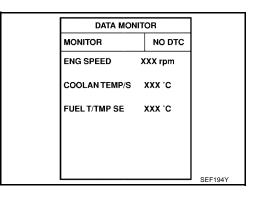
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of $5^{\circ}C$ (41°F) or more.

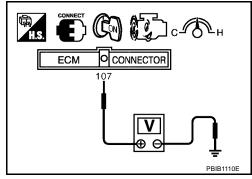
B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Make sure that "FUEL T/TMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
- 6. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- 7. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-434, "Diagnostic Procedure"



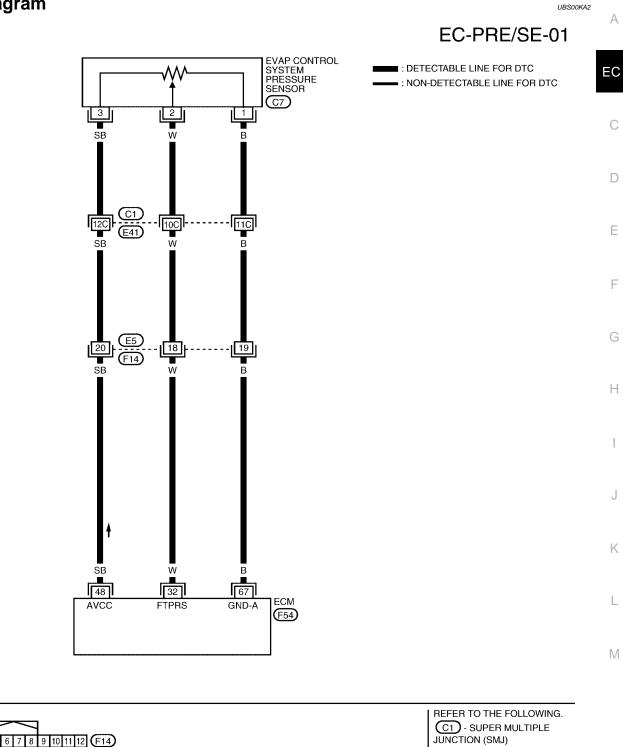
WITH GST

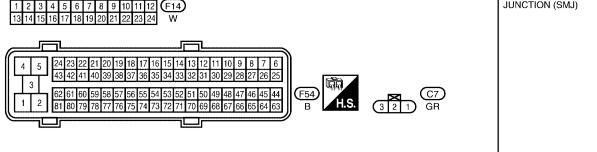
- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check that voltage between ECM terminal 107 (Fuel tank temperature sensor signal) and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- 5. Select Service \$07 with GST. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-434, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>



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Wiring Diagram





BBWA1756E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

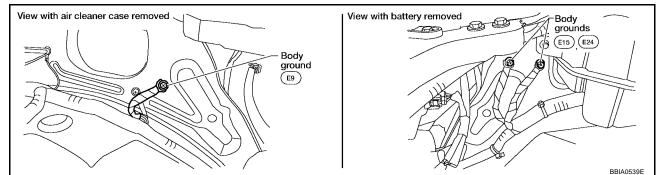
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
32	W	EVAP control system pres- sure sensor	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 1.8 - 4.8V
48	SB	Sensor power supply (EVAP control system pres- sure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
67	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 0V

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

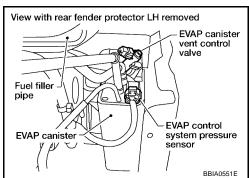
2. CHECK CONNECTOR

- 1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
- 2. Check sensor harness connector for water.

Water should not exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness connector.



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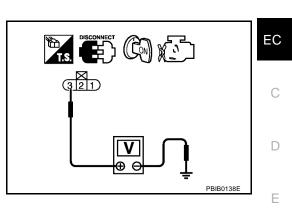
3. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



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4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following.	F
Harness connectors C1, E41	
Harness connectors E5, F14	
 Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM 	G
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	Н
5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	П
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.	
3. Check harness continuity between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal	1
67. Defer to Wiring Diagram	J
Refer to Wiring Diagram.	
Continuity should exist.	K
4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 7.	L
NG >> GO TO 6.	
6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	M
Check the following.	

- Harness connectors C1, E41
- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

 Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 32 and EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 2.
 Defente Wirker Discussion

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

```
OK or NG
```

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8.

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors C1, E41
- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK RUBBER TUBE

- 1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
- 2. Check the rubber tube for clogging, vent and kinked.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower, repair or replace rubber tube.

10. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-414, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

11. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-438, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

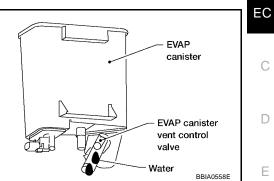
NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

12. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

- 1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
- 2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 13. No >> GO TO 15.



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13. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached. The weight should be less than 2.0 kg (4.4 lb).	F
$\frac{OK \text{ or } NG}{OK} >> GO TO 15.$	G
NG >> GO TO 14.	Ш
14. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	Η
Check the following. EVAP canister for damage 	I
 EVAP callister for damage EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection 	
>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.	J
15. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	K
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	
>> INSPECTION END	L
	M

Component Inspection EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

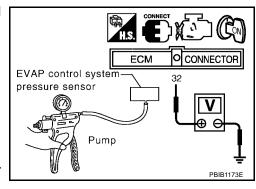
UBS00KA4

- 1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected from EVAP canister. Always replace O-ring with a new one.
- 2. Install a vacuum pump to EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON and check output voltage between ECM terminal 32 and ground under the following conditions.

Applied vacuum kPa (mmHg, inHg)	Voltage V
Not applied	1.8 - 4.8
-26.7 (-200, -7.87)	2.1 to 2.5V lower than above value

CAUTION:

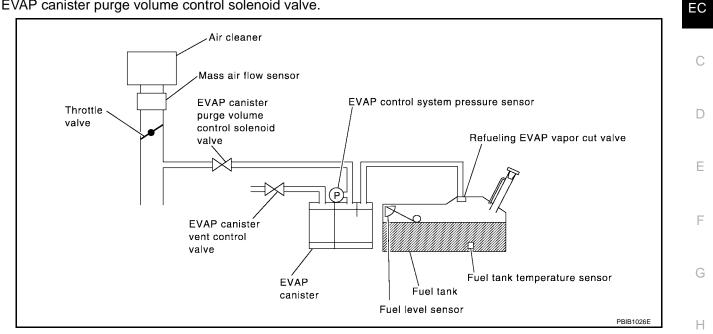
- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 4. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.



DTC P0455 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

On Board Diagnosis Logic

This diagnosis detects a very large leak (fuel filler cap fell off etc.) in EVAP system between the fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
			• Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close.
			 Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve
			 Incorrect fuel filler cap used
P0455			 Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap.
			 Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.
	EVAP control system gross leak detected	EVAP control system has a very large leak such as fuel filler cap fell off, EVAP control sys- tem does not operate properly.	 Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve.
			 EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks
			 EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks
0455			 EVAP purge line rubber tube bent.
			 Loose or disconnected rubber tube
			• EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit
			 EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit
			 Fuel tank temperature sensor
			 O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged.
			 EVAP control system pressure sensor
			 Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve
			 ORVR system leaks

CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

EC-439

PFP:14950

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DTC Confirmation Procedure

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CAUTION:

Never remove fuel filler cap during the DTC Confirmation Procedure.

NOTE:

- Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

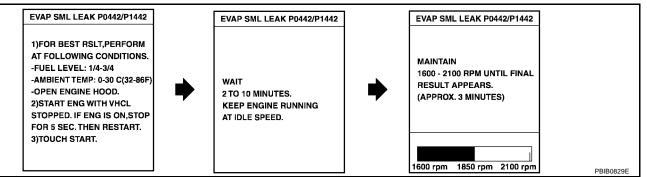
TESTING CONDITION:

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is between 1/4 and 3/4 full and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Open engine hood before conducting the following procedures.

WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Tighten fuel filler cap securely until ratcheting sound is heard.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Make sure that the following conditions are met. COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 70°C (32 - 158°F) INT/A TEMP SE: 0 - 60°C (32 - 140°F)
- Select "EVP SML LEAK P0442/P1442" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

Follow the instruction displayed.



NOTE:

If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, go to $\underline{\text{EC-70}}$, "Basic Inspection".

 Make sure that "OK" is displayed. If "NG" is displayed, select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode and make sure that "EVAP GROSS LEAK [P0455]" is displayed. If it is displayed, refer to <u>EC-441, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>. If P0442 is displayed, perform Diagnostic Procedure for DTC P0442 <u>EC-388, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

OK SELF-DIAG RESULTS NO DTC DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	EVAP SM	L LEAK P0442/P	1442
NO DTC DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING		ок	
FURTHER TESTING	SELF	-DIAG RESULTS	5
	FUR	THER TESTING	

DTC P0455 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

WITH GST

NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of <u>EC-57, "Driving Pattern"</u> before driving vehicle.

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Drive vehicle according to EC-57, "Driving Pattern" .
- 3. Stop vehicle.
- 4. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
- 5. Select Service \$07 with GST.
 - If P0455 is displayed on the screen, go to EC-441, "Diagnostic Procedure" .
 - If P0442 is displayed on the screen, go to Diagnostic Procedure, for DTC P0442, EC-388 .
 - If P0441 is displayed on the screen, go to Diagnostic Procedure for DTC P0441, EC-383 .

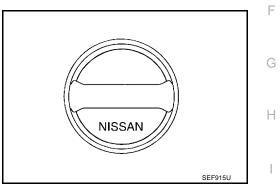
Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP DESIGN

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap.



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2. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION

Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise.				
OK or NG OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> 1. Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower. 2. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.	K			
3. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP FUNCTION	L			
Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap. <u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 5	Μ			

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. CHECK FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

Refer to EC-35, "FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one.

DTC P0455 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

5. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks, improper connection or disconnection.

Refer to EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

6. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 7.

7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Check the following.

- EVAP canister vent control valve is installed properly. Refer to <u>EC-36, "Removal and Installation"</u>.
- EVAP canister vent control valve.
 Refer to <u>EC-414</u>, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

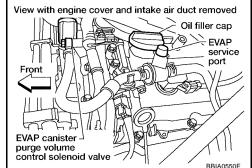
NG >> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring.

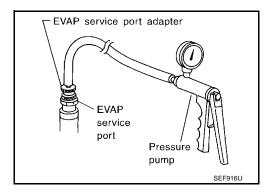
8. INSTALL THE PRESSURE PUMP

To locate the EVAP leak, install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely.

NOTE:

Improper installation of the EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause leaking.





With CONSULT-II>>GO TO 9. Without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 10.

9. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "START" and apply pressure into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.

CAUTION:

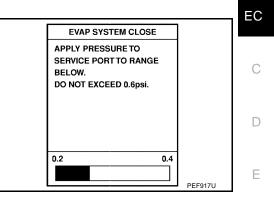
OK or NG OK

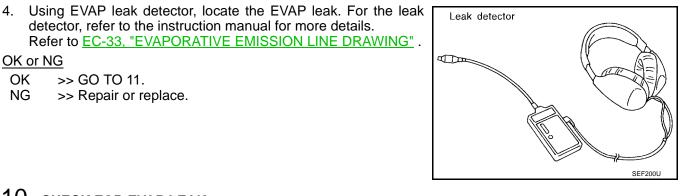
NG

Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.

detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details.

 Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.





10. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

>> GO TO 11.

>> Repair or replace.

Without CONSULT-II

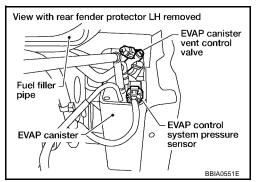
- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
- 3. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and EVAP service port adapter.

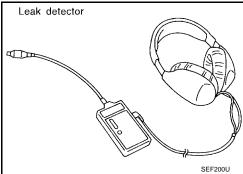
CAUTION:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.
- 4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING" .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
- NG >> Repair or replace.





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11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 4. Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100%.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14. NG >> GO TO 13.

ACTIVE TES	т	1
ACTIVE TES		
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %	
Ι	I	PBIB1678E

12. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine.
- 3. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- 4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

Vacuum should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15. NG >> GO TO 13.

13. CHECK VACUUM HOSE

Check vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to <u>EC-101, "Vacuum Hose Drawing"</u>. OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 15. NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

14. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine.

 Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 16.
- NG >> GO TO 15.

ACTIVE TES	т	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %	
		PBIB167

DTC P0455 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

15. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

I O. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE	
Refer to EC-407, "Component Inspection".	
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 16. NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.	
16. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR	
Refer to EC-333, "Component Inspection".	_
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 17. NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.	
17. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR	
Refer to <u>EC-430, "Component Inspection"</u> .	_
<u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 18.	
NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.	
18. CHECK EVAP/ORVR LINE	
Check EVAP/ORVR line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection. For location, refer to <u>EC-39</u> , <u>"ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)"</u> . OK or NG	n-
OK >> GO TO 19.	
NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.	
19. CHECK RECIRCULATION LINE	
Check recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness ar improper connection.	nd
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 20. NG >> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.	
20. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE	
Refer to <u>EC-42, "Component Inspection"</u> .	
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 21. NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.	

21. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

On Board Diagnosis Logic

This diagnosis detects very small leaks in the EVAP line between fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve, using the intake manifold vacuum in the same way as conventional EVAP small leak diagnosis.

If ECM judges a leak which corresponds to a very small leak, the very small leak P0456 will be detected. If ECM judges a leak equivalent to a small leak, EVAP small leak P0442 will be detected. If ECM judges there are no leaks, the diagnosis will be OK.

Air cleaner Mass air flow sensor EVAP canister EVAP control system pressure sensor Throttle purge volume valve control solenoid Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve valve (P EVAP canister vent control valve Fuel tank temperature sensor EVAP Fuel tank canister Fuel level sensor PBIB1026E

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0456 0456	Trouble diagnosis name	 DTC detecting condition EVAP system has a very small leak. EVAP system does not operate properly. 	Possible cause Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve Incorrect fuel filler cap used Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close. Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap. Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve. Foreign matter or fuel tank leaks EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks EVAP purge line rubber tube bent Loose or disconnected rubber tube EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit EVAP canister purge volume control valve is missing or damaged EVAP canister is saturated with water EVAP control system pressure sensor Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve ORVR system leaks Fuel level sensor and the circuit

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DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

CA	UTION: Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used,	Δ
•	the MIL may come on.	
•	If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.	
•	Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.	EC
D٦	C Confirmation Procedure	
NC	DTE:	С
•	If DTC P0456 is displayed with P0442, first perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0456.	
•	After repair, make sure that the hoses and clips are installed properly.	
•	If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.	D
ΤE	STING CONDITION:	
•	Open engine hood before conducting following procedure.	Е
•	If any of following conditions are met just before the DTC confirmation procedure, leave the vehi- cle for more than 1 hour.	
-	Fuel filler cap is removed.	F
_	Fuel is refilled or drained.	
_	EVAP component parts is/are removed.	
•	Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.	G
Ð	WITH CONSULT-II	
1.	Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.	Н
2.	Make sure the following conditions are met.	
	FUEL LEVEL SE: 0.25 - 1.4V	
	COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 32°C (32 - 90°F) FUEL T/TMP SE: 0 - 35°C (32 - 95°F)	
	INT A/TEMP SE: More than $0^{\circ}C$ (32°F)	
	If NG, turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle) or refilling/draining	
	fuel until the output voltage condition of the "FUEL LEVEL SE" meets within the range above and leave the vehicle for more than 1 hour. Then start from step 1).	J
3.	Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.	
3. 4.	Turn ignition switch ON.	К
5.	Select "EVP V/S LEAK P0456/P1456" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode	
0.	with CONSULT-II.	
	Follow the instruction displayed.	L
Γ	EVAP V/S LEAK P0456/P1456 EVAP V/S LEAK P0456/P1456 EVAP V/S LEAK P0456/P1456	
	CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR(V). SEE SERVICE MANUAL FOR	
	SPECIFICATION. IS THE VOLTAGE WITHIN THE	Μ

If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-449, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

6.

NOTE:

SPECIFICATION?

FUEL LEVEL SE

MONITOR

Make sure that "OK" is displayed.

to EC-70, "Basic Inspection" .

xxx v

• If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on CONSULT-II screen, go

MAINTAIN

APPEARS.

1800-2800 RPM UNTIL FINAL RESULT

1800 rpm 2300 rpm 2800 rpm

PBIB0837E

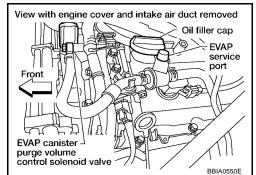
ок

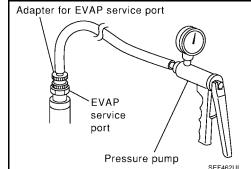
Overall Function Check

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP very small leak function. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

CAUTION:

- Never use compressed air, doing so may damage the EVAP system.
- Do not start engine.
- Do not exceeded 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi).
- Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port.





- 2. Set the pressure pump and a hose.
- 3. Also set a vacuum gauge via 3-way connector and a hose.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 5. Connect GST and select Service \$08.
- 6. Using Service \$08 control the EVAP canister vent control valve (close).
- 7. Apply pressure and make sure the following conditions are satisfied.

Pressure to be applied: 2.7 kPa (20 mmHg, 0.79 inHg) Time to be waited after the pressure drawn in to the EVAP system and the pressure to be dropped: 60 seconds and

the pressure should not be dropped more than 0.4 kPa (3 mmHg, 0.12 inHg). If NG, go to <u>EC-449</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>". If OK, go to next step.

- 8. Disconnect GST.
- 9. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 10. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 11. Restart engine and let it idle for 90 seconds.
- 12. Keep engine speed at 2,000 rpm for 30 seconds.
- 13. Turn ignition switch OFF.

NOTE:

For more information, refer to GST instruction manual.

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DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

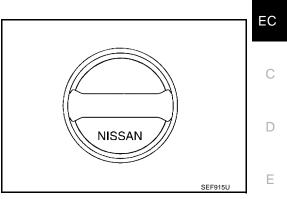
Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP DESIGN

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap.



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2. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION

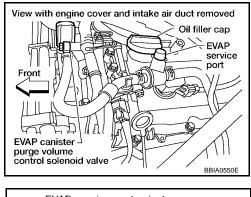
Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise.	F
<u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> 1. Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower. 2. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.	G
3. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP FUNCTION	Н
Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap. <u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.	I
4. CHECK FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE	J
Refer to <u>EC-35, "FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)"</u> . <u>OK or NG</u>	K
OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one.	L
	M

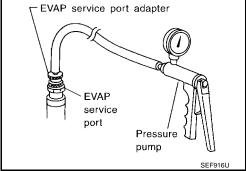
5. INSTALL THE PRESSURE PUMP

To locate the EVAP leak, install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to <u>EC-33</u>, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE <u>DRAWING</u>".

NOTE:

Improper installation of the EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause leaking.





With CONSULT-II>>GO TO 6. Without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 7.

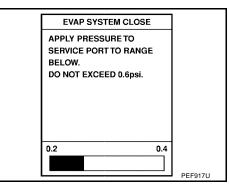
6. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

(B) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "START" and apply pressure into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.

CAUTION:

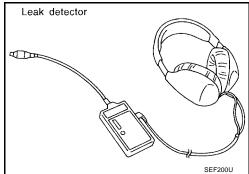
- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.



 Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to <u>EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"</u>.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
- NG >> Repair or replace.



1. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

Without CONSULT-II

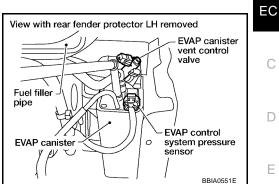
- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
- 3. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and EVAP service port adapter.

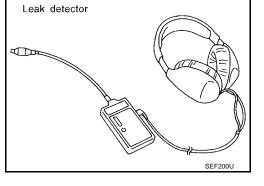
CAUTION:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.
- 4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING" .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
- NG >> Repair or replace.





8. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Check the following.

- EVAP canister vent control valve is installed properly. Refer to EC-36, "Removal and Installation".
- EVAP canister vent control valve. Refer to EC-414, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

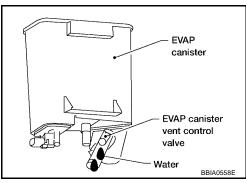
- OK >> GO TO 9. NG
 - >> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring.

9. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

- 1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
- Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 10. No (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 12. No (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13.



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10. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.0 kg (4.4 lb).

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 12. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13. NG >> GO TO 11.

11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

12. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

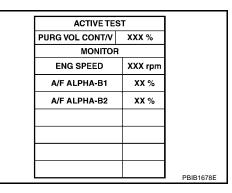
With CONSULT-II

1. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.

- 2. Start engine.
- 3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 4. Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100%.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16. NG >> GO TO 14.



13. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine.
- 3. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- 4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

Vacuum should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15. NG >> GO TO 14.

14. CHECK VACUUM HOSE

Check vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to EC-101, "Vacuum Hose Drawing" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15.

NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

15. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

	_
Refer to EC-407, "Component Inspection".	
<u>OK or NG</u>	
OK >> GO TO 16. NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.	EC
16. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR	C
Refer to EC-333, "Component Inspection".	
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 17. NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.	
17. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR	E
Refer to <u>EC-430, "Component Inspection"</u> .	
<u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 18.	F
NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.	
18. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE	(
Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks or improper connection Refer to <u>EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"</u> . OK or NG	on. ⊦
OK >> GO TO 19.	
NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.	
19. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE	
Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.	
>> GO TO 20.	ł
20. CHECK EVAP/ORVR LINE	
Check EVAP/ORVR line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clogging, kink, looseness and improper nection. For location, refer to <u>EC-39, "ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)"</u> . OK or NG	con-
OK >> GO TO 21.	ľ
NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.	
21. CHECK RECIRCULATION LINE	

Check recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness and improper connection.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 22.

NG >> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.

22. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-42, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 23.

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

23. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Refer to DI-23, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 24. NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

24. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

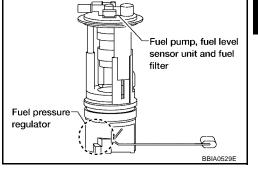
>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0460 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Component Description

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the combination meter. The combination meter sends the fuel level sensor signal to the ECM through CAN communication line.

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

NOTE:

- If DTC P0460 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-153, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"</u>.
- If DTC P0460 is displayed with DTC U1010, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to <u>EC-156, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION"</u>.

When the vehicle is parked, naturally the fuel level in the fuel tank is stable. It means that output signal of the fuel level sensor does not change. If ECM senses sloshing signal from the sensor, fuel level sensor malfunction is detected.

				Н
DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
		Even though the vehicle is parked, a signal	Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted)	I
P0460 0460	Fuel level sensor circuit noise	being varied is sent from the fuel level sensor to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) 	1
			Combination meter	J
			Fuel level sensor	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

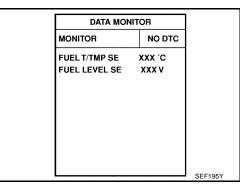
NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

EC-455

B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and wait maximum of 2 consecutive minutes.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-456, "Diagnostic Procedure"



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Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION

Refer to DI-4, "COMBINATION METERS" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Go to <u>DI-23</u>, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection".

2. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Removal and Installation FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

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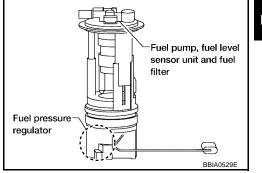
Refer to FL-6, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY" .

DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Component Description

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the combination meter. The combination meter sends the fuel level sensor signal to the ECM through CAN communication line.

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

NOTE:

- If DTC P0461 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-153, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"</u>.
- If DTC P0461 is displayed with DTC U1010, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to <u>EC-156, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION"</u>.

Driving long distances naturally affect fuel gauge level.

This diagnosis detects the fuel gauge malfunction of the gauge not moving even after a long distance has been driven.

				ŀ
DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0461 0461	Fuel level sensor circuit range/performance	The output signal of the fuel level sensor does not change within the specified range even though the vehicle has been driven a long dis- tance.	 Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted) Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Combination meter Fuel level sensor 	

Overall Function Check

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the fuel level sensor function. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

WARNING:

When performing following procedure, be sure to observe the handling of the fuel. Refer to <u>FL-11</u>, <u>"FUEL TANK"</u>.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before starting overall function check, preparation of draining fuel and refilling fuel is required.

WITH CONSULT-II

NOTE:

Start from step 10, if it is possible to confirm that the fuel cannot be drained by 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/ 8 Imp gal) in advance.

- 1. Prepare a fuel container and a spare hose.
- 2. Release fuel pressure from fuel line, refer to EC-79, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" .
- 3. Remove the fuel feed hose on the fuel level sensor unit.
- 4. Connect a spare fuel hose where the fuel feed hose was removed.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds then turn ON.
- 6. Select "FUEL LEVEL SE" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

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DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

- 7. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it.
- 8. Select "FUEL PUMP" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 9. Touch ON and drain fuel approximately 30 $\,\ell\,$ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/ 8 Imp gal) and stop it.
- 10. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it.
- 11. Fill fuel into the fuel tank for 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal).
- 12. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it.
- Confirm whether the voltage changes more than 0.03V during step 7 to 10 and 10 to 12. If NG, go to <u>EC-458, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

WITH GST

NOTE:

Start from step 8, if it is possible to confirm that the fuel cannot be drained by 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) in advance.

- 1. Prepare a fuel container and a spare hose.
- 2. Release fuel pressure from fuel line. Refer to EC-79, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" .
- 3. Remove the fuel feed hose on the fuel level sensor unit.
- 4. Connect a spare fuel hose where the fuel feed hose was removed.
- 5. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 6. Drain fuel by 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) from the fuel tank using proper equipment.
- 7. Confirm that the fuel gauge indication varies.
- 8. Fill fuel into the fuel tank for 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal).
- 9. Confirm that the fuel gauge indication varies.
- 10. If NG, go to EC-458, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION

Refer to DI-4, "COMBINATION METERS" .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Go to <u>DI-23</u>, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection".

2. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Removal and Installation FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Refer to FL-6, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY".

MONITOR NO DTC FUEL T/TMP SE XXX 'C FUEL LEVEL SE XXX V	DATA MON	NITOR
	MONITOR	NO DTC
FUEL LEVEL SE XXX V	FUEL T/TMP SE	XXX °C
	FUEL LEVEL SE	XXX V

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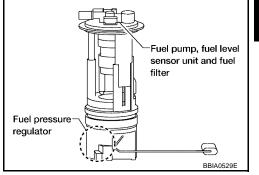
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DTC P0462, P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Component Description

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the combination meter. The combination meter sends the fuel level sensor signal to the ECM through CAN communication line.

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.



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On Board Diagnosis Logic

NOTE:

- If DTC P0462 or P0463 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-153, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"</u>.
- If DTC P0462 or P0463 is displayed with DTC U1010, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to <u>EC-156, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION"</u>.

This diagnosis indicates the former, to detect open or short circuit malfunction.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0462 0462	Fuel level sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or	-
P0463 0463	Fuel level sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 shorted) Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Combination meter Fuel level sensor 	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

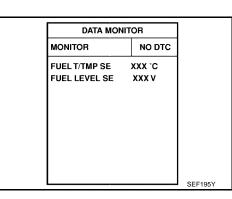
TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at ignition switch ON.

EC-459

B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-460, "Diagnostic Procedure"



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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DTC P0462, P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION

Refer to DI-4, "COMBINATION METERS" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Go to <u>DI-23</u>, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection".

2. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Removal and Installation FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

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Refer to FL-6, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY" .

DTC P0500 VSS

DTC P0500 VSS

Description

NOTE:

- If DTC P0500 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-153, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"</u>.
- If DTC P0500 is displayed with DTC U1010, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to <u>EC-156, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION"</u>.

The vehicle speed signal is sent to the combination meter from the "ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)" by CAN communication line. The combination meter then sends a signal to the ECM by CAN communication line.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0500 0500 Vehicle speed sensor			Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted)	
	The almost 0 km/h (0 MPH) signal from vehicle speed sensor is sent to ECM even when vehicle is being driven.	 Harness or connectors (The vehicle speed signal circuit is open or shorted) 	(
			Wheel sensor	
			Combination meter	
			ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)	ŀ

DTC Confirmation Procedure

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

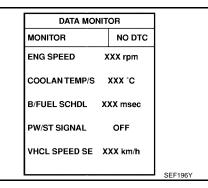
TESTING CONDITION:

Steps 1 and 2 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

(I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine (VDC switch OFF).
- Read "VHCL SPEED SE" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. The vehicle speed on CONSULT-II should exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position. If NG, go to <u>EC-462, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>. If OK, go to following step.
- 3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Warm engine up to normal operating temperature.
- 5. Maintain the following conditions for at least 60 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	1,700 - 6,000 rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	More than 70°C (158°F)
B/FUEL SCHDL	6.3 - 31.8 msec
Selector lever	Except P or N position
PW/ST SIGNAL	OFF
6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go t	to EC-462, "Diagnostic Procedure"



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Overall Function Check

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the vehicle speed sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

- 1. Lift up drive wheels.
- 2. Start engine.
- Read vehicle speed sensor signal in Service \$01 with GST. The vehicle speed sensor on GST should be able to exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position.
- 4. If NG, go to EC-462, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

Diagnostic Procedure

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1. CHECK DTC WITH "ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT (CONTROL UNIT)"

Refer to <u>BRC-12, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"</u> or <u>BRC-75, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"</u>.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> Repair or replace.

2. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION

Refer to DI-4, "COMBINATION METERS" .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0506 ISC SYSTEM

Description

NOTE:

If DTC P0506 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for the other DTC.

The ECM controls the engine idle speed to a specified level through the fine adjustment of the air, which is let into the intake manifold, by operating the electric throttle control actuator. The operating of the throttle valve is varied to allow for optimum control of the engine idling speed. The crankshaft position sensor (POS) detects the actual engine speed and sends a signal to the ECM.

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator so that the engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in the ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warming up, deceleration, and engine load (air conditioner, power steering and cooling fan operation, etc.).

On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC N	No. Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0506 0506	Idle speed control sys- tem RPM lower than expected	The idle speed is less than the target idle speed by 100 rpm or more.	Electric throttle control actuatorIntake air leak	F

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

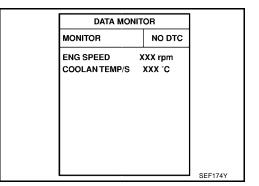
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.
- If the target idle speed is out of the specified value, perform, <u>EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u>, before conducting DTC Confirmation Procedure. For the target idle speed, refer to the <u>EC-675,</u> <u>"SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)"</u>.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Always perform the test at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).

B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Open engine hood.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Start engine and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-464, "Diagnostic Procedure"



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Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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DTC P0506 ISC SYSTEM

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK INTAKE AIR LEAK

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- 1. Start engine and let it idle.
- 2. Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Discover air leak location and repair.

2. REPLACE ECM

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Replace ECM.
- 3. Perform initialization of NVIS (NATS) system and registration of all NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-102, "ECM Re-communicating Function"</u>.
- 4. Perform EC-76, "VIN Registration" .
- 5. Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 6. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 7. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0507 ISC SYSTEM

Description

NOTE:

If DTC P0507 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for the other DTC.

The ECM controls the engine idle speed to a specified level through the fine adjustment of the air, which is let into the intake manifold, by operating the electric throttle control actuator. The operating of the throttle valve is varied to allow for optimum control of the engine idling speed. The crankshaft position sensor (POS) detects the actual engine speed and sends a signal to the ECM.

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator so that the engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in the ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warming up, deceleration, and engine load (air conditioner, power steering and cooling fan operation, etc.).

On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0507 0507	Idle speed control sys- tem RPM higher than expected	The idle speed is more than the target idle speed by 200 rpm or more.	 Electric throttle control actuator Intake air leak PCV system 	F

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

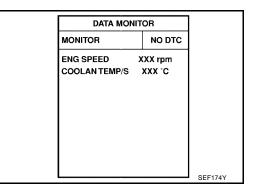
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait H at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.
- If the target idle speed is out of the specified value, perform, <u>EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u>, before conducting DTC Confirmation Procedure. For the target idle speed, refer to the <u>EC-675,</u> <u>"SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)"</u>.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Always perform the test at a temperature above –10°C (14°F).

WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Open engine hood.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Start engine and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-466, "Diagnostic Procedure"



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Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Revision: September 2005

PFP:23781

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DTC P0507 ISC SYSTEM

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK PCV HOSE CONNECTION

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Confirm that PCV hose is connected correctly.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> Repair or replace.

2. CHECK INTAKE AIR LEAK

- 1. Start engine and let it idle.
- 2. Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Discover air leak location and repair.

3. REPLACE ECM

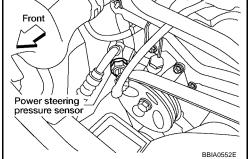
- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Replace ECM.
- Perform initialization of NVIS(NATS) system and registration of all NVIS(NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-102, "ECM Re-communicating Function"</u>.
- 4. Perform EC-76, "VIN Registration" .
- 5. Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 6. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 7. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0550 PSP SENSOR

Component Description

Power steering pressure (PSP) sensor is installed to the power steering high-pressure tube and detects a power steering load. This sensor is a potentiometer which transforms the power steering load into output voltage, and emits the voltage signal to the ECM. The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator and adjusts the throttle valve opening angle to increase the engine speed and adjusts the idle speed for the increased load.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	F
PW/ST SIGNAL	Engine: After warming up, idle	Steering wheel: Not being turned.	OFF	-
FWSTSIGNAL	the engine	Steering wheel: Being turned.	ON	G

On Board Diagnosis Logic

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

NOTE:

If DTC P0550 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to EC-479, "DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY" .

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	I
P0550 0550	Power steering pres- sure sensor circuit	An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) Power steering pressure sensor 	J

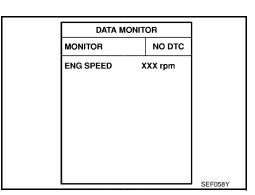
DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. 2.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-469, "Diagnostic Procedure" 4.



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Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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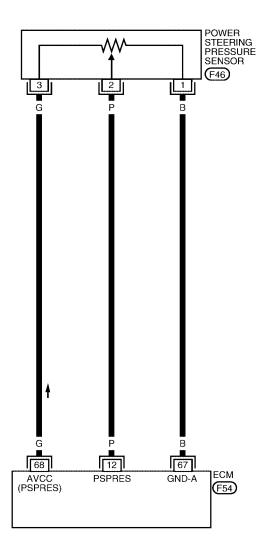
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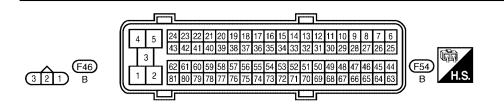
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Wiring Diagram

EC-PS/SEN-01

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

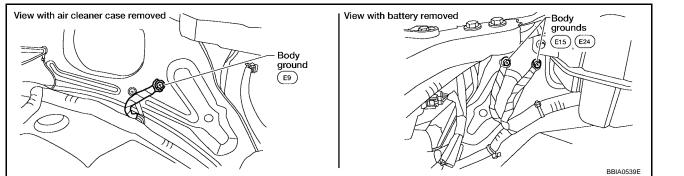
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

_		_			
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM CONDITION		DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
12	Ρ	Power steering pressure sensor	[Engine is running]Steering wheel: Being turned.	0.5 - 4.5V	С
			[Engine is running]Steering wheel: Not being turned.	0.4 - 0.8V	D
67	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	Е
68	G	Sensor power supply (Power steering pressure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	F

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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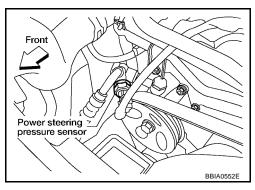
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2. CHECK PSP SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect power steering pressure (PSP) sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

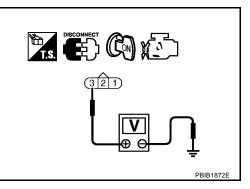


3. Check voltage between PSP sensor terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



3. CHECK PSP SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between PSP sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

$4.\,$ CHECK PSP SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 12 and PSP sensor terminal 2.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK PSP SENSOR

Refer to EC-471, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace PSP sensor.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

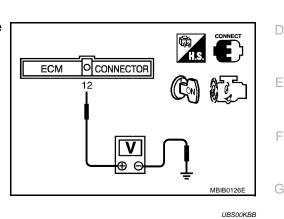
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection POWER STEERING PRESSURE SENSOR

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Start engine and let it idle.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 12 and ground under the following conditions.

Condition	Voltage
Steering wheel: being turned	0.5 - 4.5V
Steering wheel: not being turned	0.4 - 0.8V



Removal and Installation POWER STEERING PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to PS-24, "HYDRAULIC LINE" .

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DTC P0603 ECM POWER SUPPLY

Component Description

Battery voltage is supplied to the ECM even when the ignition switch is turned OFF for the ECM memory function of the DTC memory, the air-fuel ratio feedback compensation value memory, the idle air volume learning value memory, etc.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0603 0603	ECM power supply cir- cuit	ECM back-up RAM system does not function properly.	 Harness or connectors [ECM power supply (back-up) circuit is open or shorted.] ECM

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

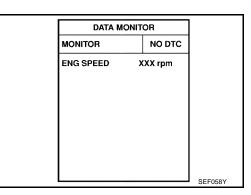
WITH CONSULT-II

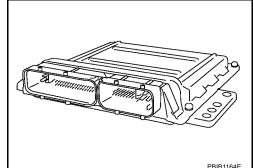
WITH GST

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

- 4. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds, and then turn ON.
- 5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 for 4 times.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-474, "Diagnostic Procedure"



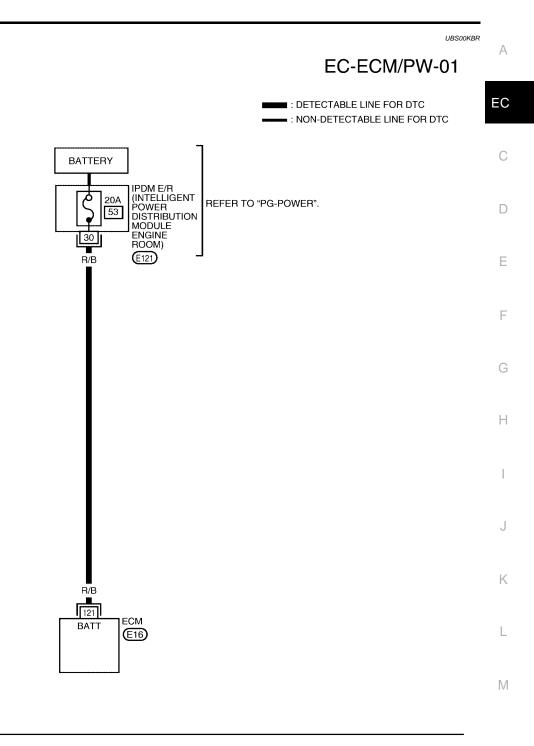


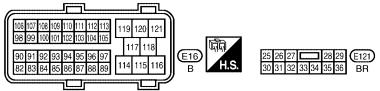
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Wiring Diagram





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
121	R/B	Power supply for ECM (Back-up)	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

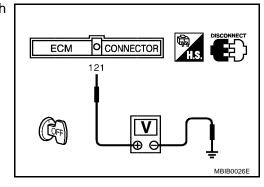
1. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 121 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- 20A fuse
- IPDM E/R harness connector E121
- Harness for open or short between ECM and battery

>> Repair open circuit in harness or connectors.

3. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

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4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

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\bigcirc	With CONSULT-II	
1.	Turn ignition switch ON.	
2.	Select "SELF DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.	EC
3.	Touch "ERASE".	
4.	Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure. See <u>EC-472, "DTC Confirmation Procedure"</u> .	С
5.	Is the 1st trip DTC P0603 displayed again?	
(S)	With GST	D
1.	Turn ignition switch ON.	
2.	Select Service \$04 with GST.	
3.	Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure. See <u>EC-472, "DTC Confirmation Procedure"</u> .	E
4.	Is the 1st trip DTC P0603 displayed again?	
Yes	s or No	F
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N	>> INSPECTION END	
5.	REPLACE ECM	G
1.	Replace ECM.	
2.	Perform initialization of NVIS(NATS) system and registration of all NVIS(NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to BL-102, "ECM Re-communicating Function"	Н
3.	Perform EC-76, "VIN Registration".	
4.	Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".	I
5.	Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".	
6.	Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning".	J
	>> INSPECTION END	
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DTC P0605 ECM

Component Description

The ECM consists of a microcomputer and connectors for signal input and output and for power supply. The ECM controls the engine.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

This self-diagnosis has one or two trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition		Possible cause	
P0605 0605	Engine control module	A)	ECM calculation function is malfunctioning.		
		B)	ECM EEP-ROM system is malfunctioning.	• ECM	
		C)	ECM self shut-off function is malfunctioning.		

FAIL-SAFE MODE

ECM enters fail-safe mode when the malfunction A is detected.

Detected items	Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode
Malfunction A	 ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring. ECM deactivates ASCD operation.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

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Perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B. If there is no malfunction on PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B, perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C.

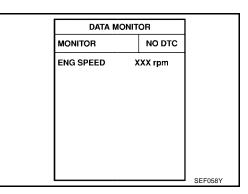
NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-477, "Diagnostic Procedure"



With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

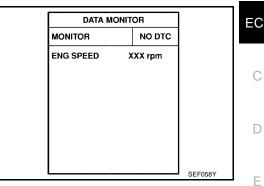


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PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds, and then turn ON.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-477, "Diagnostic Procedure" 4.



With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. 2.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds, and then turn ON.
- 4. Repeat step 3 for 32 times.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-477</u>, "Diagnostic Procedure" 5.

	DATA M		
Ν	IONITOR	NO DTC	
E	NG SPEED	XXX rpm	1

With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

1. INSPECTION START

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "SELF DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II. 2.
- 3. Touch "ERASE".
- Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure. 4. See EC-476, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".
- 5. Is the 1st trip DTC P0605 displayed again?

With GST

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select Service \$04 with GST.
- Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure. 3. See EC-476, "DTC Confirmation Procedure" .
- 4. Is the 1st trip DTC P0605 displayed again?

Yes or No

- Yes >> GO TO 2.
- No >> INSPECTION END

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2. REPLACE ECM

- 1. Replace ECM.
- 2. Perform initialization of NVIS (NATS) system and registration of all NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-102, "ECM Re-communicating Function"</u>.
- 3. Perform EC-76, "VIN Registration" .
- 4. Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 5. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 6. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

On Board Diagnosis Logic

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	E
P0643 0643	Sensor power supply circuit short	ECM detects a voltage of power source for sensor is excessively low or high.	 Harness or connectors (APP sensor 1 circuit is shorted.) (PSP sensor circuit is shorted.) (Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit is shorted.) (Battery current sensor circuit is shorted.) (EVAP control system pressure sensor circuit is shorted.) Accelerator pedal position sensor (APP sensor 1) EVAP control system pressure sensor Power steering pressure sensor Refrigerant pressure sensor Battery current sensor 	

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

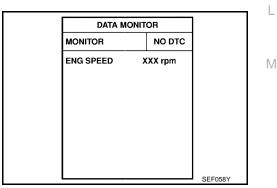
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

(I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. 2.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- If DTC is detected, go to EC-482, "Diagnostic Procedure". 4.



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Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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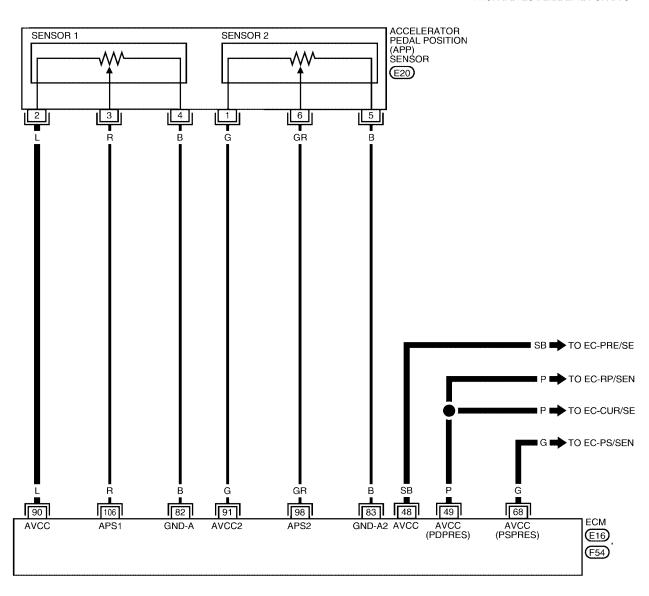
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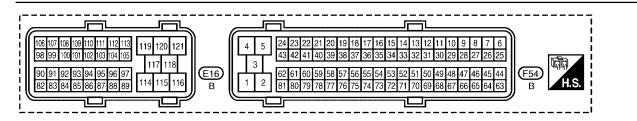
Wiring Diagram

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EC-SEN/PW-01

DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





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6 5 4 3 2 1	(E20)
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

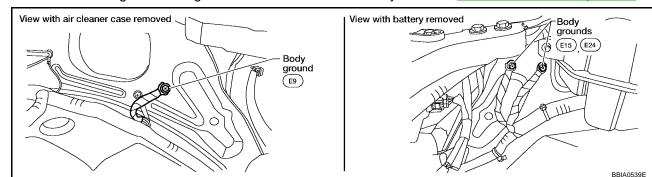
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
48	SB	Sensor power supply (EVAP control system pres- sure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
49	Р	Sensor power supply (Refrigerant pressure sen- sor/Battery current sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
68	G	Sensor power supply (Power steering pressure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
82	В	Sensor ground (APP sensor 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
83	В	Sensor ground (APP sensor 2)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 0V
90	L	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 1)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
91	G	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
98 GR	Acc	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON]Engine: StoppedAccelerator pedal: Fully released	0.28 - 0.48V
	GK		sensor 2 [Ignition swit • Engine: Sto	[Ignition switch: ON]Engine: StoppedAccelerator pedal: Fully depressed
106	P	Accelerator pedal position	[Ignition switch: ON]Engine: StoppedAccelerator pedal: Fully released	0.65 - 0.87V
	R	sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	More than 4.3V

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Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground three screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



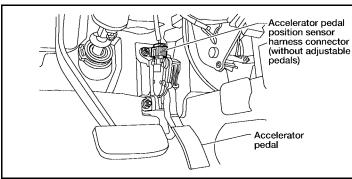
OK or NG

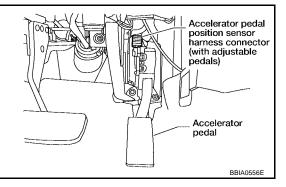
OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

2. CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.



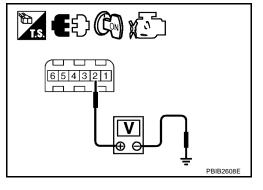


- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between APP sensor terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 3.



3. с⊦	IECK APP SE	NSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II		А		
	5					
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.						
	eck harness c efer to Wiring D	ontinuity between APP sensor terminal 2 a Diagram.	and ECM terminal 90.	EC		
	Continuity sh	nould exist.		С		
OK or l	NG			0		
OK NG	>> GO TO 4 >> Repair o			D		
4. с⊦		R POWER SUPPLY CIRCUITS				
Check	harness for sh	ort to power and short to ground, betweer	the following terminals.	E		
E	CM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram			
	90	APP sensor terminal 2	<u>EC-480</u>	F		
	48	EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 3	<u>EC-427</u>			
	Refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 3 <u>EC-660</u>					
	49	Battery current sensor terminal 1	<u>EC-509</u>	G		
	68	PSP sensor terminal 3	<u>EC-468</u>			
<u>ОК or I</u> ОК NG 5. сн	>> GO TO 5	nort to ground or short to power in harness	s or connectors.	H		
• EV	•	stem pressure sensor (Refer to <u>EC-424, "(</u> sure sensor (Refer to <u>ATC-18, "Componen</u>		J		
 Ba Po OK or I 	 Battery current sensor (Refer to <u>EC-512, "Component Inspection"</u>.) Power steering pressure sensor (Refer to <u>EC-471, "Component Inspection"</u>.) <u>OK or NG</u> 					
ок NG 6. сн	>> GO TO 8 >> Replace IECK APP SE	malfunctioning component.		L		
	o <u>EC-587, "Co</u>	mponent Inspection".		M		

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.

7. REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY

1. Replace accelerator pedal assembly.

- 2. Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 4. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0850 PNP SWITCH

Component Description

When the selector lever position is P or N, park/neutral position (PNP) switch is ON. ECM detects the position because the continuity of the line (the ON signal) exists.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	
P/N POSI SW • Ignition switch: ON	• Ignition switch: ON	Shift lever: P or N	ON	
	Shift lever: Except above	OFF		

On Board Diagnosis Logic

				F
DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0850 0850	Park/neutral position switch	The signal of the park/neutral position (PNP) switch is not changed in the process of engine	 Harness or connectors [The park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit is open or shorted.] Park/neutral position (PNP) switch 	F
		starting and driving.	Combination meterTCM	G

DTC Confirmation Procedure

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "P/N POSI SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CON-SULT-II. Then check the "P/N POSI SW" signal under the following conditions.

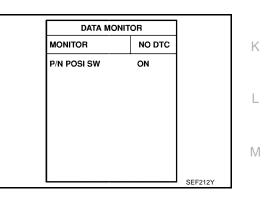
Position (Selector lever)	Known-good signal	
P or N position	ON	
Except above position	OFF	

If NG, go to $\underline{\text{EC-488}}$ "Diagnostic Procedure" . If OK, go to following step.

- 3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 5. Maintain the following conditions for at least 60 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	1,400 - 6,375 rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	More than 70°C (158°F)
B/FUEL SCHDL	2.0 - 31.8 msec
VHCL SPEED SE	More than 64 km/h (40 MPH)
Selector lever	Suitable position

6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-488, "Diagnostic Procedure"



DATA MON	IITOR
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX .C
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h
P/N POSI SW	OFF
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

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UBS00KGE

UBS00KGF

UBS00KGG

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Overall Function Check

UBS00KGH

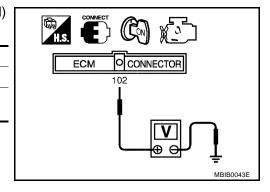
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 102 (PNP switch signal) and ground under the following conditions.

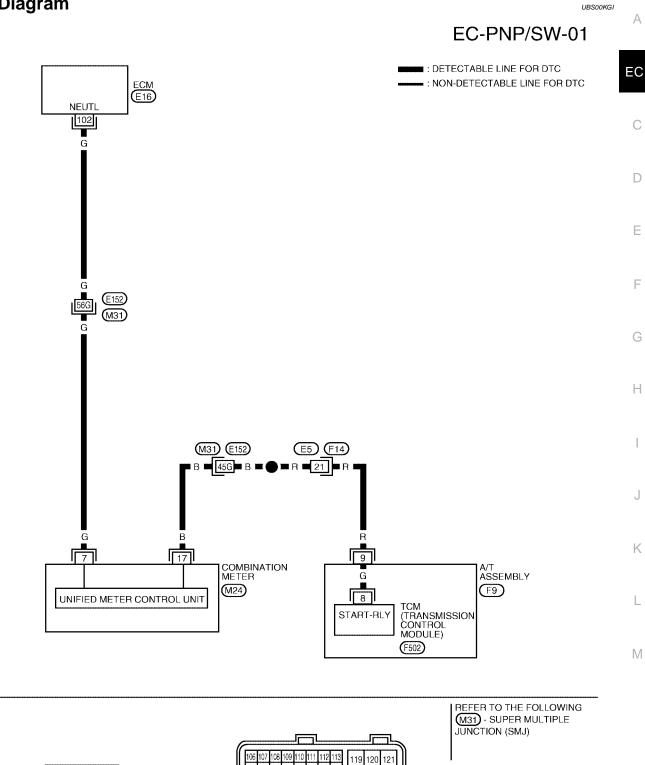
Condition (Gear position)	Voltage V (Known-good data)
P or N position	Approx. 0
Except above position	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

3. If NG, go to EC-488, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



DTC P0850 PNP SWITCH





9

10.

6

q

4

5

(F9)

G

98

Q1

83 84 85

(M24)

W

40 W

9 10 11 12 (F14)

8

13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

*: THIS CONNECTOR IS NOT SHOWN IN "HARNESS LAYOUT" OF PG SECTION.

117 118

(F502)

114 115 116

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 GR

E16

В

H.S

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
102	G	PNP switch	[Ignition switch: ON] • Shift lever: P or N	Approximately 0V
102	G		[Ignition switch: ON] • Except above position	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. СНЕСК ДТС WITH ТСМ

Refer to AT-44, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> Repair or replace.

NG >> Repair or replace

2. CHECK STARTING SYSTEM

Turn ignition switch OFF, then turn it to START. **Does starter motor operate?**

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 3. No >> Refer to <u>SC-10, "STARTING SYSTEM"</u>.

3. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect A/T assembly harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect combination meter harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between A/T assembly terminal 9 and combination meter terminal 17. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M31, E152
- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between A/T assembly and combination meter.

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

UBS00KG.I

5. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-II	А
 Disconnect ECM harness connector. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 102 and combination meter termina Refer to Wiring Diagram. 	
Continuity should exist.	
 Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG 	С
OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.	D
6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following.	E
 Harness connectors E152, M31 Harness for open or short between ECM and combination meter 	F
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connec	-
7. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-III	G
 Check harness continuity between A/T assembly terminal 9 and TCM terminal 8. Refer to <u>AT-106</u>, "DTC P0615 START SIGNAL CIRCUIT". 	Н
Continuity should exist.	
Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.OK or NG	I
OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connec	tors. J
8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	
Refer to <u>EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"</u> . OK or NG	К
OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Repair or replace.	L
9. REPLACE COMBINATION METER	
Refer to <u>DI-4, "COMBINATION METERS"</u> .	M

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P1148, P1168 CLOSED LOOP CONTROL

DTC P1148, P1168 CLOSED LOOP CONTROL

On Board Diagnosis Logic

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1148 1148 (Bank 1)	Closed loop control	The closed loop control function for bank 1 does not operate even when vehicle is driving in the specified condition.	Harness or connectors [The air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.]
P1168 1168 (Bank 2)	function	The closed loop control function for bank 2 does not operate even when vehicle is driving in the specified condition.	 Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater

DTC P1148 or P1168 is displayed with another DTC for air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. Perform the trouble diagnosis for the corresponding DTC.

PFP:22690

UBS00KD7

DTC P1211 TCS CONTROL UNIT

Description

The malfunction information related to TCS is transferred through the CAN communication line from "ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)" to ECM.

Be sure to erase the malfunction information such as DTC not only for "ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)" but also for ECM after TCS related repair.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

Freeze frame data is not stored in the ECM for this self-diagnosis. The MIL will not light up for this selfdiagnosis.

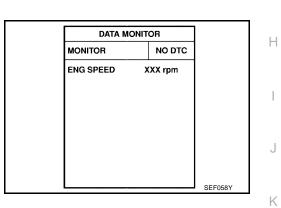
				D
DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P1211 1211	TCS control unit	ECM receives a malfunction information from "ABS actuator and electric unit (Control unit)".	 ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) TCS related parts 	E

DTC Confirmation Procedure

TESTING CONDITION: Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 60 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-491, "Diagnostic Procedure"



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

Go to <u>BRC-12, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"</u> or <u>BRC-75, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"</u>.

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UBS00KD9

UBS00KDA

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DTC P1212 TCS COMMUNICATION LINE

Description

NOTE:

- If DTC P1212 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-153, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"</u>.
- If DTC P1212 is displayed with DTC U1010, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to <u>EC-156, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION"</u>.

This CAN communication line is used to control the smooth engine operation during the TCS operation. Pulse signals are exchanged between ECM and "ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)".

Be sure to erase the malfunction information such as DTC not only for "ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)" but also for ECM after TCS related repair.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

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Freeze frame data is not stored in the ECM for this self-diagnosis. The MIL will not light up for this self-diagnosis.

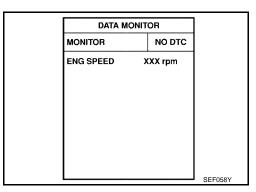
DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1212 1212	TCS communication line	ECM can not receive the information from "ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)".	 Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted.) ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) Dead (Weak) battery

DTC Confirmation Procedure

TESTING CONDITION: Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 4. If a 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-492</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Proce-dure</u>".



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

Go to BRC-12, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS" or BRC-75, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS" .

PFP:47850

UBS00KDC

DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE

Description

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

NOTE:

- If DTC P1217 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-153, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"</u>.
- If DTC P1217 is displayed with DTC U1010, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to <u>EC-156, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION"</u>.

Cooling Fan Control

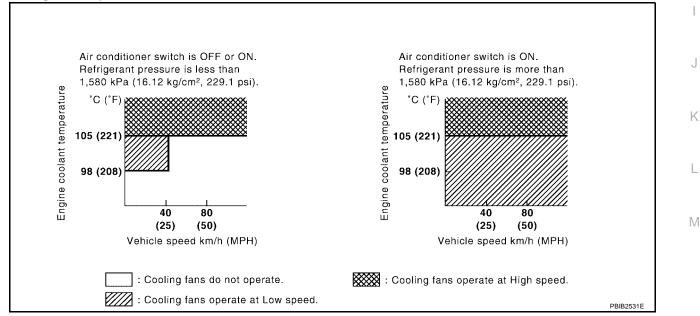
Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed*1			_
Battery	Battery voltage*1			
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed*2	Cooling fan control	IPDM E/R (Cooling fan relays)	
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature			
Air conditioner switch	Air conditioner ON signal*2			
Refrigerant pressure sensor	Refrigerant pressure			

*1: The ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

*2: This signal is sent to ECM through CAN communication line.

The ECM controls the cooling fan corresponding to the vehicle speed, engine coolant temperature, refrigerant pressure, and air conditioner ON signal. The control system has 3-step control [HIGH/LOW/OFF].

Cooling Fan Operation



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Cooling Fan Relay Operation

The ECM controls cooling fan relays in the IPDM E/R through CAN communication line.

Cooling for speed	Cooling	fan relay
Cooling fan speed	LO	HI
Stop (OFF)	OFF	OFF
Low (LOW)	ON	OFF
High (HI)	ON	ON

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Cooling Fan Motor

The cooling fan operates at each speed when the current flows in the cooling fan motor as follows.

Cooling fan speed	Cooling fan motor terminals		
Cooling fail speed	(+)	(-)	
Low (LOW)	1	3 and 4	
	2	3 and 4	
High (HI)	1 and 2	3 and 4	

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00KDH

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	
	- Engine: After worming up idle	Air conditioner switch: OFF	OFF	
AIR COND SIG	• Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	Air conditioner switch: ON (Compressor operates.)	ON	
	 Engine: After warming up, idle the engine Air conditioner switch: OFF 	Engine coolant temperature: 97°C (207°F) or less	OFF	
COOLING FAN		Engine coolant temperature: Between 98°C (208°F) and 104°C (219°F)	LOW	
		Engine coolant temperature: 105°C (221°F) or more	н	

On Board Diagnosis Logic

If the cooling fan or another component in the cooling system malfunctions, engine coolant temperature will rise.

When the engine coolant temperature reaches an abnormally high temperature condition, a malfunction is indicated.

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
			 Harness or connectors (The cooling fan circuit is open or shorted.) IPDM E/R
P1217 1217	Engine over tempera- ture (Overheat)	 Cooling fan does not operate properly (Overheat). Cooling fan system does not operate properly (Overheat). Engine coolant level was not added to the system using the proper filling method. Engine coolant is not within the specified range. 	 Cooling fan Cooling fan (Crankshaft driven) Radiator hose Radiator Radiator cap Reservoir tank Reservoir tank cap Water pump Thermostat For more information, refer to <u>EC-501,</u> "Main 12 Causes of Overheating".

CAUTION:

When a malfunction is indicated, be sure to replace the coolant. Refer to <u>CO-10, "Changing Engine</u> <u>Coolant"</u>. Also, replace the engine oil. Refer to <u>LU-9, "Changing Engine Oil"</u>.

- 1. Fill radiator with coolant up to specified level with a filling speed of 2 liters per minute. Be sure to use coolant with the proper mixture ratio. Refer to <u>MA-12</u>, <u>"ANTI-FREEZE COOLANT MIXTURE RATIO"</u>.
- 2. After refilling coolant, run engine to ensure that no water-flow noise is emitted.

Overall Function Check

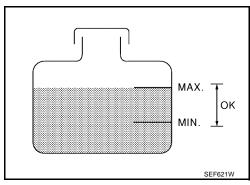
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the cooling fan. During this check, a DTC might not be con-

WARNING:

Never remove the radiator cap and/or reservoir tank cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could be caused by high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator and/or reservoir tank.

Wrap a thick cloth around cap. Carefully remove the cap by turning it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Then turn the cap all the way off.

- Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator.
 Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level. If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to <u>EC-499</u>, <u>"Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to <u>EC-499</u>, <u>"Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.



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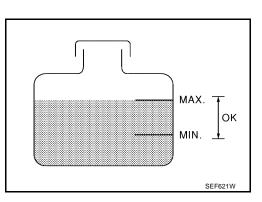
UBS00KDJ

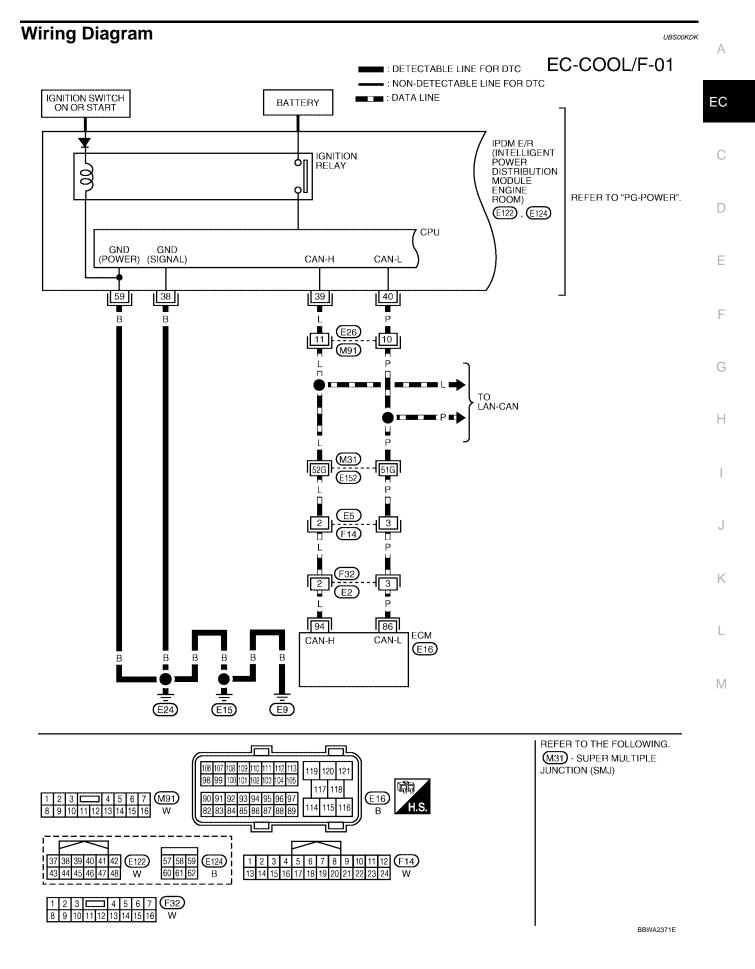
- 4. Perform "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 5. If the results are NG, go to EC-499, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

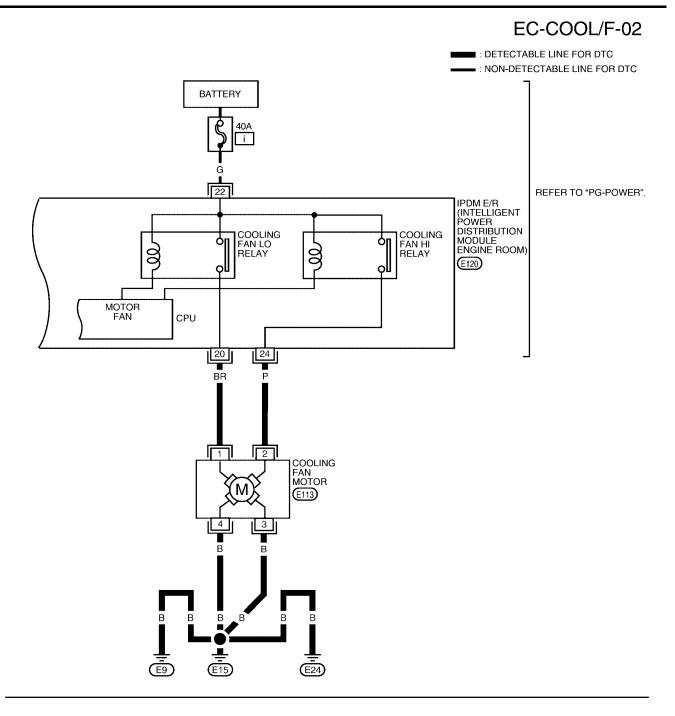
ACTIVE TES	Т	
COOLING FAN	OFF	
MONITOR		
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX .C	
		SEF6462



- Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator.
 Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level. If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to <u>EC-499</u>, <u>"Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- 2. Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to <u>EC-499</u>, <u>"Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- 3. Perform IPDM E/R auto active test and check cooling fan motor operation, refer to <u>PG-24, "Auto Active Test"</u>.
- 4. If NG, go to EC-499, "Diagnostic Procedure" .









BBWA1763E

Diagnostic Procedure		UBS00KDL
1. CHECK COOLING FAN (CRANKSHAFT DR	IVEN) OPERATION	
 Start engine and let it idle. Make sure that cooling fan (crankshaft driven) operates permelly	
 Make sure that cooling fan (crankshaft driven DK or NG) operates normally.	
OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 2.		
OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 3. NG >> Check cooling fan (crankshaft driver driven type)".	n). Refer to <u>CO-17.</u>	"Removal and Installation (Crankshaft
CHECK COOLING FAN OPERATION		
With CONSULT-II		
. Start engine and let it idle.		
. Select "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" SULT-II.	mode with CON-	ACTIVE TEST COOLING FAN LOW
Make sure that cooling fan operates at each s	speed (LOW/HI).	MONITOR COOLAN TEMP/S XXX 'C
<u>K or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 4.		
NG >> Check cooling fan control circuit. (Go	to EC-500, "PRO-	
<u>CEDURE A"</u> .)		
	l	SEF784Z
. CHECK COOLING FAN OPERATION		
 Without CONSULT-II Perform IPDM E/R auto active test and chec <u>Test"</u>. Make sure that cooling fan operates at each so <u>DK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> Check cooling fan control circuit. (Go 	speed (Low/High).	
CHECK COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAK		
Refer to CO-9, "CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM	FOR LEAKS" .	
OK or NG OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> Check the following for leak. Refer to • Hose • Radiator	CO-9, "CHECKING	COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAKS" .
Radiator cap		
Reservoir tank		
Water pump		
. CHECK RESERVOIR TANK CAP		
Refer to <u>CO-10, "CHECKING RESERVOIR CAP"</u>		
<u>DK or NG</u>		
OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> Replace reservoir tank cap.		
Pevision: Sentember 2005	EC-499	2006 Pathfinder

6. CHECK COMPONENT PARTS

Check the following

- Thermostat. Refer to CO-24, "WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY".
- Engine coolant temperature sensor. Refer to <u>EC-211, "Component Inspection"</u>.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning component.

7. CHECK MAIN 12 CAUSES

If the cause cannot be isolated, go to EC-501, "Main 12 Causes of Overheating" .

>> INSPECTION END

PROCEDURE A

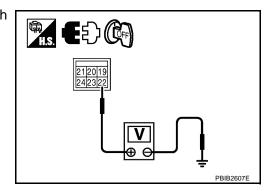
1. CHECK COOLILNG FAN POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connectors E120.
- Check voltage between IPDM E/R terminal 22 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- 40A fusible link
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and battery

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground in harness or connectors.

3. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

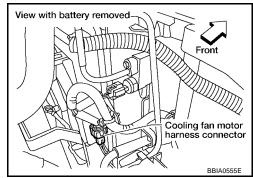
- 1. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connectors E120, E124.
- 2. Disconnect cooling fan motor harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between the following; cooling fan motor terminal 1 and IPDM E/R terminal 20, cooling fan motor terminal 2 and IPDM E/R terminal 24. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.





4.	CHECK COOLING FAN MOTER GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN OR SHORT	А
1.	Check harness continuity between the following; cooling fan motor terminal 3 and ground, cooling fan motor terminal 4 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.	EC
	Continuity should exist.	
<u>OK</u> Oł		C
ыс 5.	 S >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR 	Е
Refe	er to EC-502, "Component Inspection".	
<u>OK</u> Oł NG		F
6.	CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	G
Per	form EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"	
	or NG	
Ok	ULE ENGINE ROOM)"	Η
NG		
Ма	in 12 Causes of Overheating	
En	paine Stan Increation item Equipment Standard Reference page	

Engine	Step	Inspection item	Equipment	Standard	Reference page
OFF	1	 Blocked radiator 	Visual	No blocking	—
		 Blocked condenser 			
		 Blocked radiator grille 			
		 Blocked bumper 			
	2	 Coolant mixture 	 Coolant tester 	50 - 50% coolant mixture	<u>MA-12</u>
-	3	Coolant level	• Visual	Coolant up to MAX level in reservoir tank and radi- ator filler neck	<u>CO-10</u>
	4	 Reservoir tank cap 	Pressure tester	59 - 98 kPa	<u>CO-10</u>
				(0.6 - 1.0 kg/cm ² , 9 - 14 psi) (Limit)	
ON*2	5	Coolant leaks	Visual	No leaks	<u>CO-9</u>
ON* ²	6	Thermostat	• Touch the upper and lower radiator hoses	Both hoses should be hot	<u>CO-24</u>
ON* ¹	7	Cooling fan	CONSULT-II	Operating	See trouble diagnosis for DTC P1217 (<u>EC-493</u>).
ON* ²	7	Cooling fan (Crankshaft driven)	• Visual	Operating	See <u>CO-17</u> .
OFF	8	Combustion gas leak	Color checker chemical tester 4 Gas analyzer	Negative	
ON* ³	9	Coolant temperature gauge	• Visual	Gauge less than 3/4 when driving	_
		 Coolant overflow to reservoir tank 	• Visual	No overflow during driving and idling	<u>CO-10</u>

Engine	Step	Inspection item	Equipment	Standard	Reference page
OFF* ⁴	10	 Coolant return from reservoir tank to radia- tor 	● Visual	Should be initial level in reservoir tank	<u>CO-10</u>
OFF	11	Cylinder head	 Straight gauge feeler gauge 	0.1 mm (0.004 in) Maxi- mum distortion (warping)	<u>EM-94</u>
	12	 Cylinder block and pis- tons 	• Visual	No scuffing on cylinder walls or piston	<u>EM-107</u>

*1: Turn the ignition switch ON.

*2: Engine running at 3,000 rpm for 10 minutes.

*3: Drive at 90 km/h (55 MPH) for 30 minutes and then let idle for 10 minutes.

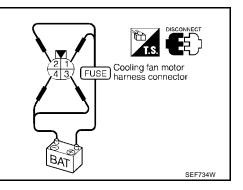
*4: After 60 minutes of cool down time.

For more information, refer to CO-5, "OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS" .

Component Inspection COOLING FAN MOTOR

- 1. Disconnect cooling fan motor harness connectors.
- 2. Supply cooling fan motor terminals with battery voltage and check operation.

Cooling fan speed	Cooling fan motor terminals	
Cooling fail speed	(+)	(-)
Low	1	3 and 4
	2	3 and 4
High	1 and 2	3 and 4



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Cooling fan motor should operate.

If NG, replace cooling fan motor.

DTC P1225 TP SENSOR

Component Description

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1225 1225	Closed throttle position learning performance	Closed throttle position learning value is excessively low.	 Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2)

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

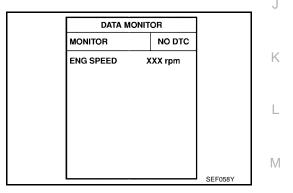
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

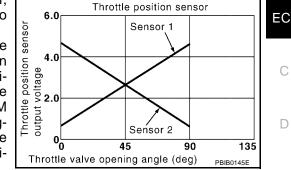
(I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-504, "Diagnostic Procedure"



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Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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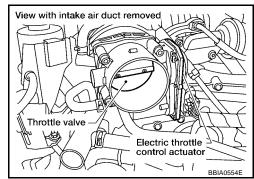
Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Remove the intake air duct.
- 3. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



2. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

>> INSPECTION END

Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR Refer to <u>EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR"</u>.

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DTC P1226 TP SENSOR

Component Description

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1226 1226	Closed throttle position learning performance	Closed throttle position learning is not per- formed successfully, repeatedly.	• Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2)

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

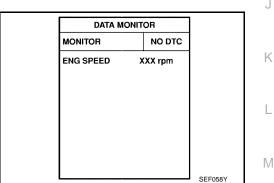
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

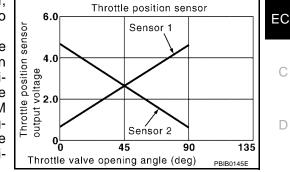
(I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Repeat steps 3 and 4 for 32 times.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-506, "Diagnostic Procedure" 6.



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Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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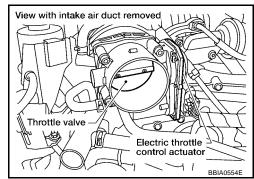
Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Remove the intake air duct.
- 3. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



2. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

>> INSPECTION END

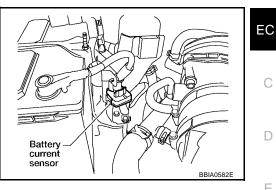
Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR Refer to <u>EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR"</u>.

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Component Description

The power generation voltage variable control enables fuel consumption to be decreased by reducing the engine load which is caused by the power generation of the generator. The battery current sensor is installed to the battery cable at the negative terminal. The sensor measures the charging/discharging current of the battery. Based on the sensor signal, ECM judges whether or not the power generation voltage variable control is performed. When performing the power generation voltage variable control, ECM calculates the target power generation voltage based on the sensor signal. And ECM sends the calculated value as the power generation command value to IPDM E/R. For the details of the power generation voltage variable control, refer to SC section.



CAUTION:

Do not connect the electrical component or the ground wire directly to the battery terminal. The connection causes the malfunction of the power generation voltage variable control, and then the battery discharge may occur.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
	Engine speed: Idle		
	 Battery: Fully charged* 		
BAT CUR SEN	Shift lever: P or N	Approx. 2,600 - 3,500mV	
	Air conditioner switch: OFF		
	No load		

*: Before measuring the terminal voltage, confirm that the battery is fully charged. Refer to SC-5. "SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK".

On Board Diagnosis Logic

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

NOTE:

If DTC P1550 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to EC-479, "DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY" .

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	L
P1550 1550	Battery current sensor circuit range/performance	The output voltage of the battery current sensor remains within the specified range while engine is running.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Battery current sensor 	М

DTC Confirmation Procedure

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.

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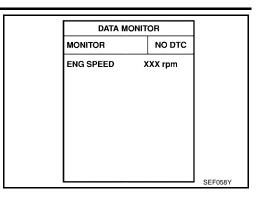
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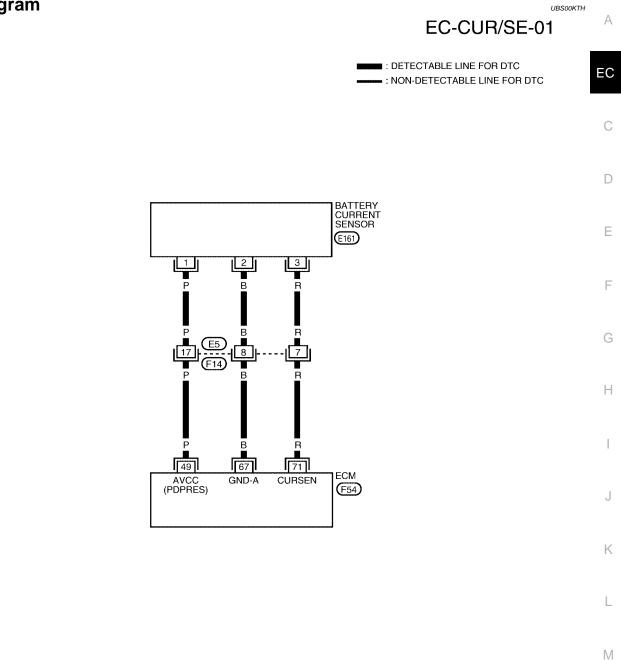
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-510, "Diagnostic Procedure"



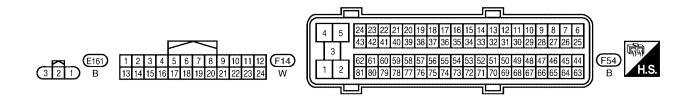
B WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Wiring Diagram







BBWA1783E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECMs transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

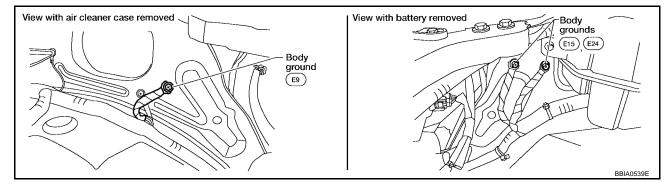
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
49	Р	Sensor power supply (Refrigerant pressure sen- sor/Battery current sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
67	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
71	R	Battery current sensor	[Engine is running]Battery: Fully charged*Idle speed	Approximately 2.6 - 3.5 V

*: Before measuring the terminal voltage, confirm that the battery is fully charged. Refer to SC-5, "SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK".

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

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- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-151, "Ground Inspection"</u>.



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

2. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

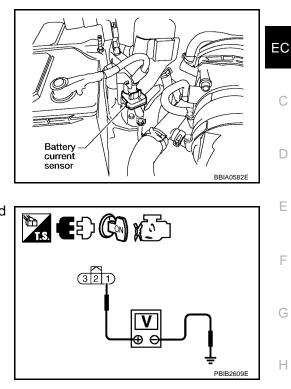
- 1. Disconnect battery current sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

3. Check voltage between battery current sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



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3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following.	
Harness connectors E5, F14	
Harness for open or short between battery current sensor and ECM	J
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	
4. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	K
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.	L
3. Check harness continuity between battery current sensor terminal 2 and ECM terminal 67.	
Continuity should exist.	Μ
4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between battery current sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between battery current sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 71.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

<u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.

7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between battery current sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR

Refer to EC-512, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace battery negative cable assembly.

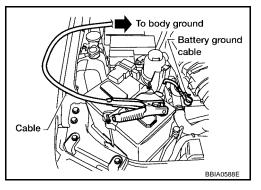
9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR

- 1. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Disconnect battery negative cable.
- 3. Install jumper cable between battery negative terminal and body ground.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.

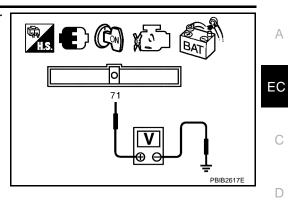


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5. Check voltage between ECM terminal 71 (battery current sensor signal) and ground.

Voltage: Approximately 2.5V

6. If NG, replace battery negative cable assembly.



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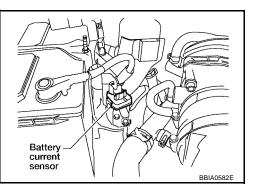
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DTC P1551, P1552 BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR

Component Description

The power generation voltage variable control enables fuel consumption to be decreased by reducing the engine load which is caused by the power generation of the generator. The battery current sensor is installed to the battery cable at the negative terminal. The sensor measures the charging/discharging current of the battery. Based on the sensor signal, ECM judges whether or not the power generation voltage variable control is performed. When performing the power generation voltage variable control, ECM calculates the target power generation voltage based on the sensor signal. And ECM sends the calculated value as the power generation command value to IPDM E/R. For the details of the power generation voltage variable control, refer to SC section.



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CAUTION:

Do not connect the electrical component or the ground wire directly to the battery terminal. The connection causes the malfunction of the power generation voltage variable control, and then the battery discharge may occur.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
	Engine speed: Idle	
	 Battery: Fully charged* 	
BAT CUR SEN	Shift lever: P or N	Approx. 2,600 - 3,500mV
	Air conditioner switch: OFF	
	No load	

*: Before measuring the terminal voltage, confirm that the battery is fully charged. Refer to SC-5, "SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK" .

On Board Diagnosis Logic

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

NOTE:

If DTC P1551 or P1552 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to <u>EC-479, "DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY"</u>.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1551 1551	Battery current sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sen- sor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)
P1552 1552	Battery current sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Battery current sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

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If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

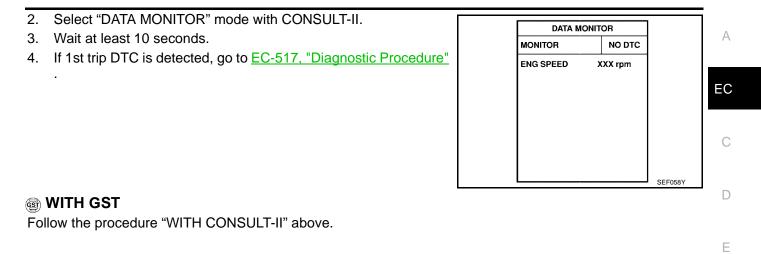
TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8V with ignition switch ON

B WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.

DTC P1551, P1552 BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR



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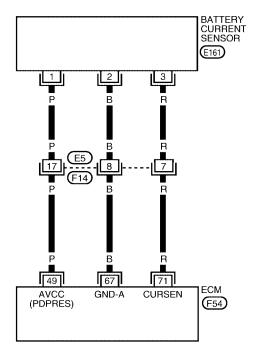
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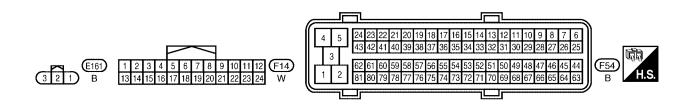
Wiring Diagram

EC-CUR/SE-01

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DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

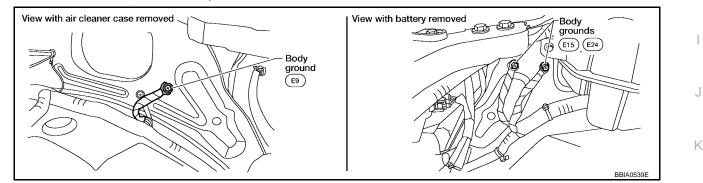
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECMs transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
49	Р	Sensor power supply (Refrigerant pressure sen- sor/Battery current sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	С
67	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	D
71	R	Battery current sensor	 [Engine is running] Battery: Fully charged* Idle speed 	Approximately 2.6 - 3.5 V	E

*: Before measuring the terminal voltage, confirm that the battery is fully charged. Refer to SC-5. "SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK" .

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-151, "Ground Inspection"</u>.



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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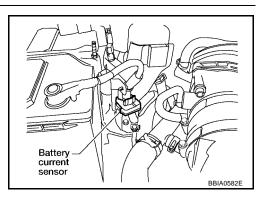
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DTC P1551, P1552 BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR

2. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect battery current sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

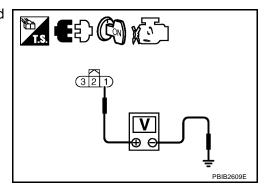


3. Check voltage between battery current sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between battery current sensor and ECM

>> Repair circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between battery current sensor terminal 2 and ECM terminal 67.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

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OK or NG
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OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between battery current sensor and ECM

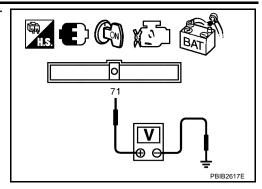
>> Repair circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

 Check harness continuity between battery current sensor termi 	nal 3 and ECM terminal 71.
Continuity should exist.	
. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	
<u>DK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 8.	
NG >> GO TO 7.	
7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
heck the following.	
Harness connectors E5, F14	
Harness for open or short between battery current sensor and	ECM
>> Repair circuit or short to ground or short to power in ha	rness or connectors.
CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR	
efer to EC-519, "Component Inspection".	-
oK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Replace battery negative cable assembly.	
CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	
efer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT IN	<u>NCIDENT"</u> .
>> INSPECTION END	
component Inspection	UBSOOKTQ
ATTERY CURRENT SENSOR	
ATTERY CURRENT SENSOR . Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.	
ATTERY CURRENT SENSOR . Reconnect harness connectors disconnected Disconnect battery negative cable.	ly
 ATTERY CURRENT SENSOR Reconnect harness connectors disconnected. Disconnect battery negative cable. Install jumper cable between battery negative terminal and bod ground. 	To body ground
 ATTERY CURRENT SENSOR Reconnect harness connectors disconnected. Disconnect battery negative cable. Install jumper cable between battery negative terminal and bod ground. 	To body ground Battery ground cable
 ATTERY CURRENT SENSOR Reconnect harness connectors disconnected. Disconnect battery negative cable. Install jumper cable between battery negative terminal and bod ground. 	To body ground
 ATTERY CURRENT SENSOR Reconnect harness connectors disconnected. Disconnect battery negative cable. Install jumper cable between battery negative terminal and bod ground. 	To body ground Battery ground cable
 ATTERY CURRENT SENSOR Reconnect harness connectors disconnected. Disconnect battery negative cable. Install jumper cable between battery negative terminal and bod ground. 	To body ground
 BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR Reconnect harness connectors disconnected. Disconnect battery negative cable. Install jumper cable between battery negative terminal and bod ground. 	To body ground Battery ground cable

5. Check voltage between ECM terminal 71 (battery current sensor signal) and ground.

Voltage: Approximately 2.5V

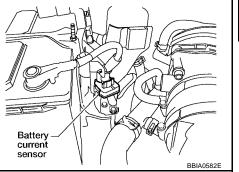
6. If NG, replace battery negative cable assembly.



DTC P1553 BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR

Component Description

The power generation voltage variable control enables fuel consumption to be decreased by reducing the engine load which is caused by the power generation of the generator. The battery current sensor is installed to the battery cable at the negative terminal. The sensor measures the charging/discharging current of the battery. Based on the sensor signal, ECM judges whether or not the power generation voltage variable control is performed. When performing the power generation voltage variable control, ECM calculates the target power generation voltage based on the sensor signal. And ECM sends the calculated value as the power generation command value to IPDM E/R. For the details of the power generation voltage variable control, refer to SC section.



CAUTION:

Do not connect the electrical component or the ground wire directly to the battery terminal. The connection causes the malfunction of the power generation voltage variable control, and then the battery discharge may occur.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
	Engine speed: Idle	
	 Battery: Fully charged* 	
BAT CUR SEN	Shift lever: P or N	Approx. 2,600 - 3,500mV
	Air conditioner switch: OFF	
	No load	

*: Before measuring the terminal voltage, confirm that the battery is fully charged. Refer to SC-5. "SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK".

On Board Diagnosis Logic

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

NOTE:

If DTC P1553 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to EC-479, "DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY" .

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	L
P1553 1553	Battery current sensor perfor- mance	The signal voltage transmitted from the sensor to ECM is higher than the amount of the maximum power generation.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Battery current sensor 	M

DTC Confirmation Procedure

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.

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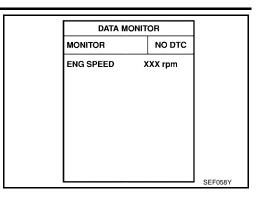
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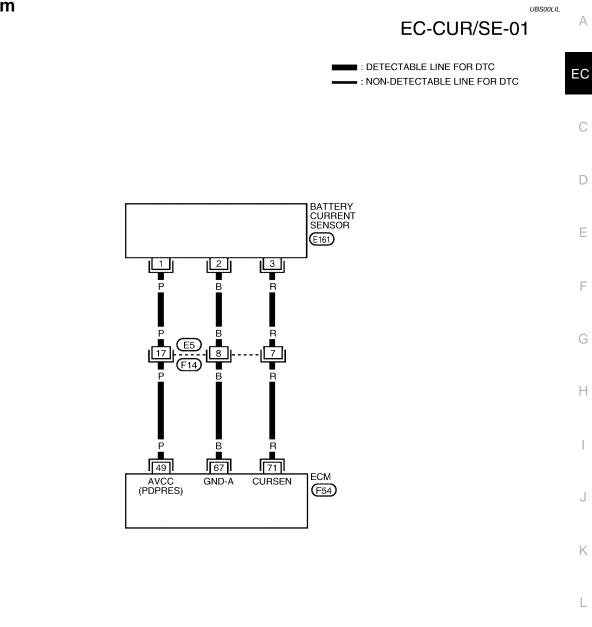
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-524, "Diagnostic Procedure"

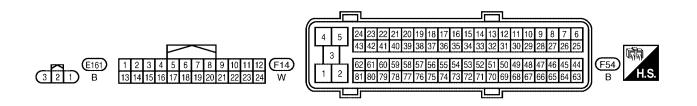


B WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Wiring Diagram





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECMs transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

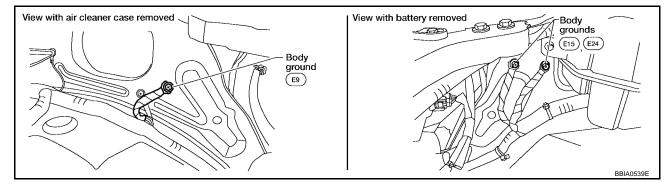
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
49	Р	Sensor power supply (Refrigerant pressure sen- sor/Battery current sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
67	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
71	R	Battery current sensor	[Engine is running]Battery: Fully charged*Idle speed	Approximately 2.6 - 3.5 V

*: Before measuring the terminal voltage, confirm that the battery is fully charged. Refer to SC-5, "SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK" .

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

UBS00KTW

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-151, "Ground Inspection"</u>.



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

2. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

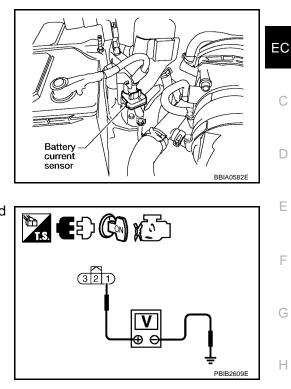
- 1. Disconnect battery current sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

3. Check voltage between battery current sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



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3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following.	
Harness connectors E5, F14	
Harness for open or short between battery current sensor and ECM	J
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	
4. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	K
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.	L
3. Check harness continuity between battery current sensor terminal 2 and ECM terminal 67.	
Continuity should exist.	Μ
4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between battery current sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between battery current sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 71.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

<u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.

7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between battery current sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR

Refer to EC-526, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace battery negative cable assembly.

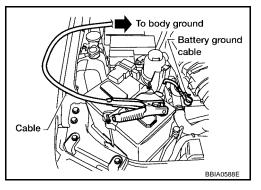
9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR

- 1. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Disconnect battery negative cable.
- 3. Install jumper cable between battery negative terminal and body ground.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.

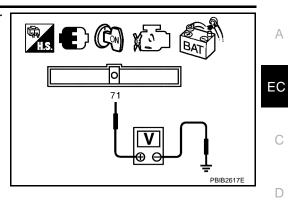


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5. Check voltage between ECM terminal 71 (battery current sensor signal) and ground.

Voltage: Approximately 2.5V

6. If NG, replace battery negative cable assembly.



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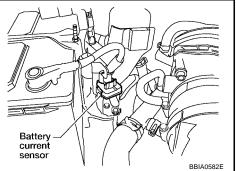
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Component Description

The power generation voltage variable control enables fuel consumption to be decreased by reducing the engine load which is caused by the power generation of the generator. The battery current sensor is installed to the battery cable at the negative terminal. The sensor measures the charging/discharging current of the battery. Based on the sensor signal, ECM judges whether or not the power generation voltage variable control is performed. When performing the power generation voltage variable control, ECM calculates the target power generation voltage based on the sensor signal. And ECM sends the calculated value as the power generation command value to IPDM E/R. For the details of the power generation voltage variable control, refer to SC section.



CAUTION:

Do not connect the electrical component or the ground wire directly to the battery terminal. The connection causes the malfunction of the power generation voltage variable control, and then the battery discharge may occur.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
	Engine speed: Idle	
	 Battery: Fully charged* 	
BAT CUR SEN	Shift lever: P or N	Approx. 2,600 - 3,500mV
	Air conditioner switch: OFF	
	No load	

*: Before measuring the terminal voltage, confirm that the battery is fully charged. Refer to SC-5, "SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK" .

On Board Diagnosis Logic

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

NOTE:

If DTC P1554 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to <u>EC-479, "DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY"</u>.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1554	Battery current sensor perfor-	The output voltage of the battery current sensor is lower than the specified value while the battery voltage is high enough.	 Harness or connectors
1554	mance		(The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Battery current sensor

Overall Function Check

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the battery current sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 12.8V at idle.
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that all load switches and A/C switch are turned OFF.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and let it idle.

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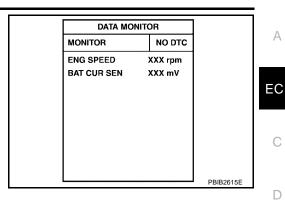
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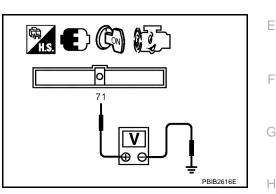
UBS00KU1

- 2. Select "BAT CUR SEN" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 3. Check "BAT CUR SEN" indication for 10 seconds. "BAT CUR SEN" should be above 2,300mV at least once.
- 4. If NG, go to EC-531, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and let it idle.
- Check voltage between ECM terminal 71 (battery current sensor signal) and ground for 10 seconds.
 The voltage should be above 2.3V at least once.
- 3. If NG, go to EC-531, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



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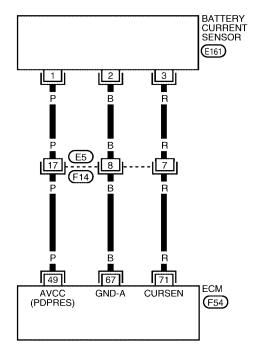
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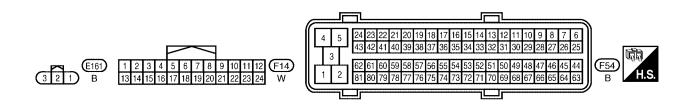
Wiring Diagram

EC-CUR/SE-01

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DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

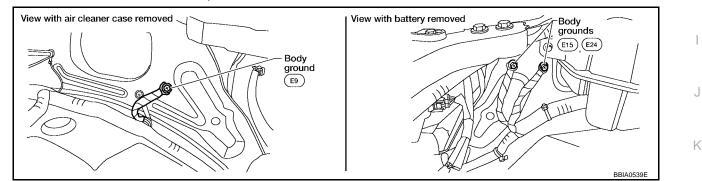
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECMs transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
49	Р	Sensor power supply (Refrigerant pressure sen- sor/Battery current sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	С
67	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	D
71	R	Battery current sensor	[Engine is running]Battery: Fully charged*Idle speed	Approximately 2.6 - 3.5 V	E

*: Before measuring the terminal voltage, confirm that the battery is fully charged. Refer to SC-5, "SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK".

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-151, "Ground Inspection"</u>.



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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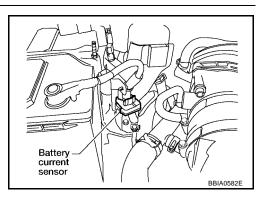
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UBS00KU3

2. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect battery current sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

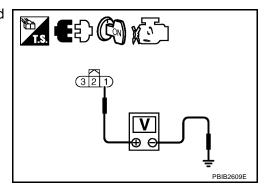


3. Check voltage between battery current sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between battery current sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between battery current sensor terminal 2 and ECM terminal 67.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

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OK or NG
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OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between battery current sensor and ECM

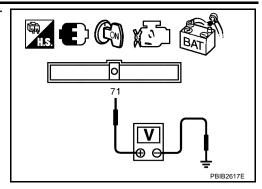
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

<u>д.</u> с	HECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT
I. C	Check harness continuity between battery current sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 71.
	Continuity should exist.
	Iso check harness for short to ground and short to power.
<u>DK oi</u> OK	<u>r NG</u> >> GO TO 8.
NG	>> GO TO 7.
7. D	ETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART
hec	k the following.
	larness connectors E5, F14
H	larness for open or short between battery current sensor and ECM
	>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
	to <u>EC-533, "Component Inspection"</u> .
<u>OK</u> OK	<u>r NG</u> >> GO TO 9.
NG	>> Replace battery negative cable assembly.
). c	HECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT
efer	to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".
	>> INSPECTION END
	FERY CURRENT SENSOR
	Disconnect battery negative cable.
	nstall jumper cable between battery negative terminal and body
g	round.
. т	Turn ignition switch ON.
	Cable / P
	BBIA0588E

5. Check voltage between ECM terminal 71 (battery current sensor signal) and ground.

Voltage: Approximately 2.5V

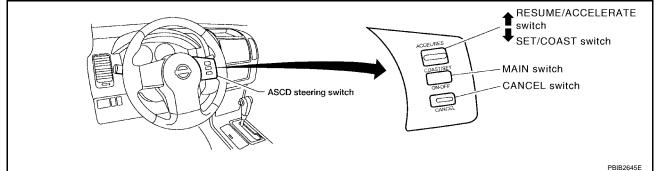
6. If NG, replace battery negative cable assembly.



DTC P1564 ASCD STEERING SWITCH

Component Description

ASCD steering switch has variant values of electrical resistance for each button. ECM reads voltage variation of switch, and determines which button is operated.



Refer to EC-29, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)" for the ASCD function.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

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Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
MAIN CW	MAIN switch: Pressed		ON
MAIN SW	 Ignition switch: ON 	MAIN switch: Released	OFF
	- Imitian awitch: ON	CANCEL switch: Pressed	ON
CANCEL SW	 Ignition switch: ON 	CANCEL switch: Released	OFF
RESUME/ACC SW • Ignition switch: ON	a Ignition quitable ON	RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Pressed	ON
		RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Released	OFF
SET SW		SET/COAST switch: Pressed	ON
	 Ignition switch: ON 	SET/COAST switch: Released	OFF

On Board Diagnosis Logic

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

NOTE:

If DTC P1564 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605. Refer to EC-476.

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
P1564	ASCD steering	 An excessively high voltage signal from the ASCD steering switch is sent to ECM. ECM detects that input signal from the ASCD steering switch is out of the specified range. ECM detects that the ASCD steering switch is stuck ON. 	 Harness or connectors
1564	switch		(The switch circuit is open or shorted.) ASCD steering switch ECM

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DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

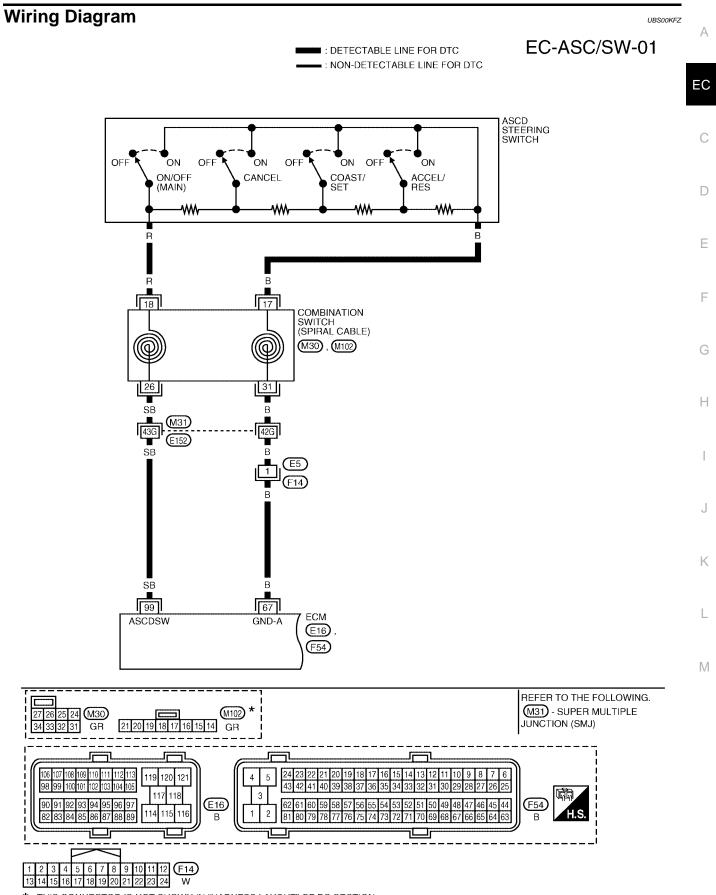
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Press MAIN switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 5. Press CANCEL switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6. Press RESUME/ACCELERATE switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 7. Press SET/COAST switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 8. If DTC is detected, go to EC-538, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DATA M	ONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	1
		SEF058Y

DTC P1564 ASCD STEERING SWITCH



* : THIS CONNECTOR IS NOT SHOWN IN "HARNESS LAYOUT" OF PG SECTION.

BBWA2372E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

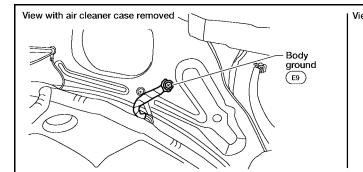
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
67	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
	99 SB ASCD steering switch [Ignition switch: ON] • ASCD steering switch: OFF [Ignition switch: ON] • MAIN switch: Pressed [Ignition switch: ON] • CANCEL switch: Pressed [Ignition switch: ON] • RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Pressed	B ASCD steering switch		Approximately 4V
				Approximately 0V
99				Approximately 1V
			[Ignition switch: ON] • RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Pressed	Approximately 3V
			[Ignition switch: ON] • SET/COAST switch: Pressed	Approximately 2V

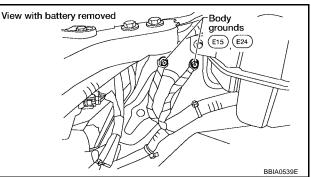
Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

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- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .





OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

2. CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH CIRCUIT

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "MAIN SW", "CANCEL SW", "RESUME/ACC SW" and "SET SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Check each item indication under the following conditions.

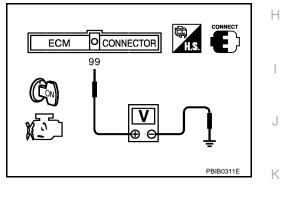
Switch	Monitor item	Condition	Indication
MAIN switch	AIN switch MAIN SW	Pressed	ON
	MAIN SW	Released	OFF
CANCEL switch	CANCEL SW	Pressed	ON
CANCEL SWICH	CANCEL SW	Released	OFF
RESUME/ACCELER-	RESUME/ACC SW	Pressed	ON
ATE switch	RESUME/ACC SW	Released	OFF
SET/COAST switch SET SW		Pressed	ON
SET/COAST SWICH	3ET 3W	Released	OFF

DATA MONI	TOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
MAIN SW	OFF	
CANCEL SW	OFF	
RESUME/ACC SW	OFF	
SET SW	OFF	
		06D

Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 99 and ground with pressing each button.

Switch	Condition	Voltage [V]
MAIN switch	Pressed	
	Released	Approx. 4
CANCEL switch	Pressed	Approx. 1
CANCEL SWICH	Released	Approx. 4
RESUME/ACCELERATE	Pressed	Approx. 3
switch	Released	Approx. 4
SET/COAST switch	Pressed	Approx. 2
SET/COAST SWIICH	Released	Approx. 4



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 3.

3. CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect combination switch harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between combination switch terminal 17 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 5.
NG	>> GO TO 4.

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DTC P1564 ASCD STEERING SWITCH

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M31, E152
- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Combination switch (spiral cable)
- Harness for open and short between ECM and combination switch

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

$5. \ check \ ascd \ steering \ switch \ input \ signal \ circuit \ for \ open \ and \ short$

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 99 and combination switch terminal 18. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M31, E152
- Combination switch (spiral cable)
- Harness for open and short between ECM and combination switch

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH

Refer to EC-541, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace steering switch.

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

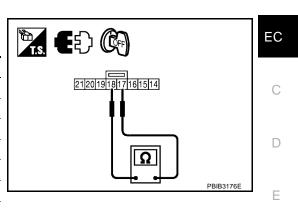
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection ASCD STEERING SWITCH

- 1. Disconnect combination switch (spiral cable).
- 2. Check continuity between combination switch (spiral cable) terminals 17 and 18 with pushing each switch.

Switch	Condition	Resistance [Ω]
MAIN switch	Pressed	Approx. 0
	Released	Approx. 4,000
	Pressed	Approx. 250
CANCEL switch	Released	Approx. 4,000
RESUME/ACCELERATE	Pressed	Approx. 1,480
switch	Released	Approx. 4,000
SET/COAST switch	Pressed	Approx. 660
SE 1/COAST SWICH	Released	Approx. 4,000



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DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

Component Description

When the brake pedal is depressed, ASCD brake switch is turned OFF and stop lamp switch is turned ON. ECM detects the state of the brake pedal by this input of two kinds (ON/OFF signal). Refer to EC-29, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)" for the ASCD function.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
BRAKE SW1		Brake pedal: Fully released	ON
(ASCD brake switch) • Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF	
BRAKE SW2		Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
(Stop lamp switch)	 Ignition switch: ON 	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON

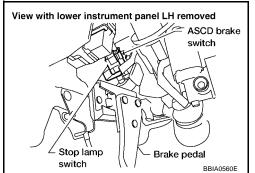
On Board Diagnosis Logic

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic. The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis. NOTE:

- If DTC P 1572 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605. Refer to <u>EC-476, "DTC P0605 ECM"</u>.
- This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic. When malfunction A is detected, DTC is not stored in ECM memory. And in that case, 1st trip DTC and 1st trip freeze frame data are displayed. 1st trip DTC is erased when ignition switch OFF. And even when malfunction A is detected in two consecutive trips, DTC is not stored in ECM memory.

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name		DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
		A)	When the vehicle speed is above 30km/h (19 MPH), ON signals from the stop lamp switch and the ASCD brake switch are sent to ECM at the same time.	 Harness or connectors (The stop lamp switch circuit is shorted.) Harness or connectors (The ASCD brake switch circuit is shorted.)
P1572 1572	ASCD brake switch	B)	ASCD brake switch signal is not sent to ECM for extremely long time while the vehi- cle is driving	 Stop lamp switch ASCD brake switch Incorrect stop lamp switch installation Incorrect ASCD brake switch installation ECM

PFP:25320



UBS00KG4

UBS00KG3

DTC Confirmation Procedure

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.
- Procedure for malfunction B is not described here. It takes extremely long time to complete procedure for malfunction B. By performing procedure for malfunction A, the incident that causes malfunction B can be detected.

TESTING CONDITION:

Steps 4 and 5 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a D road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine (VDC switch OFF).
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Press MAIN switch and make sure that CRUISE indicator lights up.
- 4. Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following condition.

Selector lever Suitable position	VHCL SPEED SE	More than 30 km/h (19 MPH)
	Selector lever	Suitable position

If DTC is detected, go to EC-545, "Diagnostic Procedure". If DTC is not detected, go to the following step.

5. Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following condition.

VHCL SPEED SE	More than 30 km/h (19 MPH)
Selector lever	Suitable position
Driving location	Depress the brake pedal for more than five seconds so as not to come off from the above-mentioned vehicle speed.

6. If DTC is detected, go to EC-545, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h
CRUISE LAMP	ON
BRAKE SW 1	ON
BRAKE SW 2	OFF

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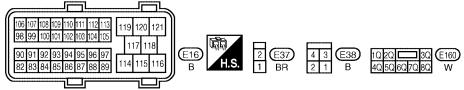
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Wiring Diagram UBS00KG6 EC-ASC/BS-01 ■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC **IGNITION SWITCH** BATTERY ON OR START - : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC FUSE REFER TO "PG-POWER". BLOCK (J/B) ø ዾ 10A 10A 20 12 . (E160) 8Q 1Q T R/B W/G STOP LAMP SWITCH ASCD BRAKE SWITCH (E38) (E37) DEPRESSED RELEASED RELEASED DEPRESSED 2 LG LG LG LG 101 108 ECM BRAKE BNCSW **E**16



BBWA2373E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
	10	Oten leven switch	[Ignition switch: OFF] • Brake pedal: Fully released	Approximately 0V	С
101 LG Stop lamp switch	LG	[Ignition switch: OFF] • Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	D	
	108 LG ASCD brake switch	[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Approximately 0V		
108		[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal: Fully released	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)		

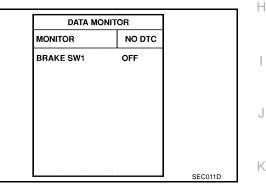
Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-I

(D) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "BRAKE SW1" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Check "BRAKE SW1" indication under the following conditions. 3.

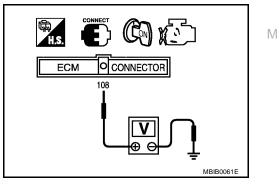
CONDITION	INDICATION
When brake pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF
When brake pedal: Fully released	ON



Without CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON. 1.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 108 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Approximately 0V
When brake pedal: Fully released	Battery voltage



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3.

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2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-II

With CONSULT-II
 Check "BRAKE SW2" indication in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

CONDITION	INDICATION
When brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
When brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON

DATA MO	NITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
BRAKE SW2	OFF	
		SEC013

Without CONSULT-II Check voltage between ECM terminal 101 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE	CONNECT
When brake pedal: Fully released	Approximately 0V	
When brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Battery voltage	
		101

OK or NG

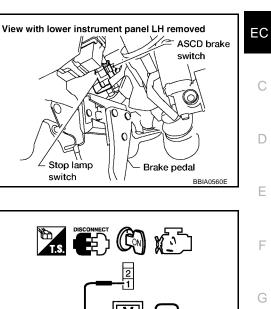
OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 7.

MBIB0060E

DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

3. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
- Turn ignition switch ON. 3.



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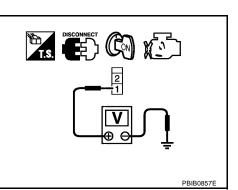
4. Check voltage between ASCD brake switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

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OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



4.	4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Ch	eck the following.	
٠	Fuse block (J/B) connector E160	J
٠	10A fuse	
٠	Harness for open or short between ASCD brake switch and fuse	
		K
	>> Repair open circuit or short to ground in harness or connectors.	
5.	CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	L
1.	Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2.	Disconnect ECM harness connector.	Μ
3.	Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 108 and ASCD brake switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.	
	Continuity should exist.	
Λ	Also check barpass for short to ground and short to nower	

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

Refer to EC-549, "Component Inspection" .

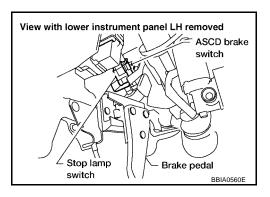
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace ASCD brake switch.

7. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.

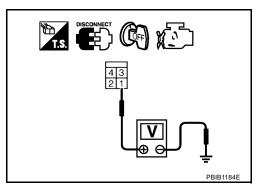


3. Check voltage between stop lamp switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8.



8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector E160
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between stop lamp switch and battery

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. Check stop lamp switch input signal circuit for open and short

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 101 and stop lamp switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

10. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to EC-549, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace stop lamp switch.

11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ASCD brake switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
When brake pedal: Fully released.	Should exist.
When brake pedal: Slightly depressed.	Should not exist.

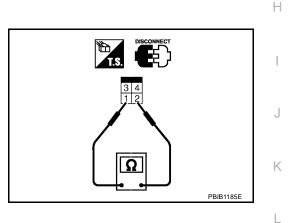
If NG, adjust ASCD brake switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6</u>, <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.

STOP LAMP SWITCH

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between stop lamp switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
When brake pedal: Fully released.	Should not exist.
When brake pedal: Slightly depressed.	Should exist.

If NG, adjust stop lamp switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6,</u> <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.



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DTC P1574 ASCD VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

DTC P1574 ASCD VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

Component Description

The ECM receives two vehicle speed sensor signals via CAN communication line. One is sent from combination meter, and the other is from TCM (Transmission control module). The ECM uses these signals for ASCD control. Refer to <u>EC-29</u>, "<u>AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)</u>" for ASCD functions.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic. The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

NOTE:

- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC U1000, U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-153, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"</u>.
- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC U1010, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to <u>EC-156, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION"</u>.
- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC P0500, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0500. Refer to <u>EC-461, "DTC P0500 VSS"</u>.
- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605. Refer to <u>EC-476, "DTC P0605 ECM"</u>.

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
P1574 1574	ASCD vehicle speed sensor	ECM detects a difference between two vehicle speed signals is out of the specified range.	 Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted.) Combination meter ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) Wheel sensor TCM ECM

DTC Confirmation Procedure

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

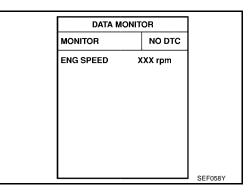
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Step 3 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Drive the vehicle at more than 40 km/h (25 MPH).
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-551, "Diagnostic Procedure".



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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DTC P1574 ASCD VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

Diagnostic Procedure UBSOOKGC 1. CHECK DTC WITH TCM	A
Check DTC with TCM. Refer to <u>AT-44, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"</u> . <u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 2.	EC
NG >> Perform trouble shooting relevant to DTC indicated. 2. CHECK DTC WITH "ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT (CONTROL UNIT)"	С
Refer to <u>BRC-12, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"</u> or <u>BRC-75, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"</u> . <u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 3.	D
NG >> Repair or replace. 3. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION	Е
Refer to <u>DI-4, "COMBINATION METERS"</u> . > INSPECTION END	F
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DTC P1715 INPUT SPEED SENSOR (TURBINE REVOLUTION SENSOR)

DTC P1715 INPUT SPEED SENSOR (TURBINE REVOLUTION SENSOR) PFP:3

Description

ECM receives turbine revolution sensor signal from TCM through CAN communication line. ECM uses this signal for engine control.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
I/P PULLY SPD	• Vehicle speed: More than 20 km/h (12MPH)	Almost the same speed as the tachometer indication

On Board Diagnosis Logic

NOTE:

- If DTC P1715 is displayed with DTC U1000, U1001 first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-153, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"</u>.
- If DTC P1715 is displayed with DTC U1010, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to <u>EC-156, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION"</u>.
- If DTC P1715 is displayed with DTC P0335, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0335. Refer to <u>EC-359, "DTC P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)"</u>.
- If DTC P1715 is displayed with DTC P0340, P0345 first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0340, P0345. Refer to <u>EC-366, "DTC P0340, P0345 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)"</u>.
- If DTC P1715 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605. Refer to <u>EC-476, "DTC P0605 ECM"</u>.

The MIL will not lights up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1715 1715	Input speed sensor (Turbine revolution sen- sor) (TCM output)	Turbine revolution sensor signal is differ- ent from the theoretical value calculated by ECM from revolution sensor signal and engine rpm signal.	 Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted) Harness or connectors (Turbine revolution sensor circuit is open or shorted) TCM

Diagnostic Procedure

1. СНЕСК DTC WITH TCM

Check DTC with TCM. Refer to AT-40, "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Perform trouble shooting relevant to DTC indicated.

2. REPLACE TCM

Replace TCM. Refer to AT-44, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS" .

>> INSPECTION END

PFP:31935

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UBS00P02

UBS00P03

UBS00P04

DTC P1800 VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Component Description

The VIAS control solenoid valve cuts the intake manifold vacuum signal for power valve control. It responds to ON/OFF signals from the ECM. When the solenoid is off, the vacuum signal from the intake manifold is cut. When the ECM sends an ON signal the coil pulls the plunger downward and feeds the vacuum signal to the power valve actuator.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	F
VIAS S/V	 Engine: After warming up 	2,200 - 3,300 rpm	ON	
		Except above conditions	OFF	C

On Board Diagnosis Logic

The MIL will not light up for this self-diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1800 1800	VIAS control solenoid valve cir- cuit	An excessively low or high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the valve	 Harness or connectors (The solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) VIAS control solenoid valve

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

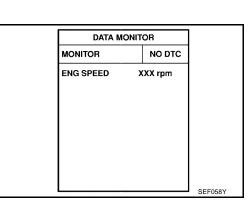
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 11V at idle.

B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-555, "Diagnostic Procedure"



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Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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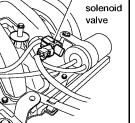
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View with engine cover removed

Front

Power valve actuator

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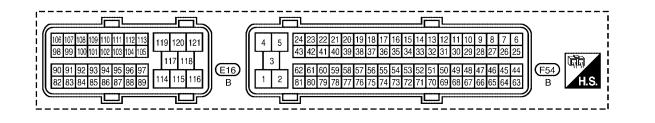
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Wiring Diagram UBS00KGO EC-VIAS/V-01 BATTERY : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MODULE : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC ሳ 20A 53 ENGINE ROOM) REFER TO "PG-POWER". ECM RELAY (E119) ¢η 8 QЦ L7 BR P E2 F32 GR 🖬 11 🗖 GR 🛛 GR R 1 VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID ģ VALVE (F19) Ρ GR G R BR P R . **I**III 120 119 29 ECM SSOFF VIAS VB VB (E16), (F54)



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 F32 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 W

(F19)

В

21



3 4 5 6 7 8 9 E119 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 W Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

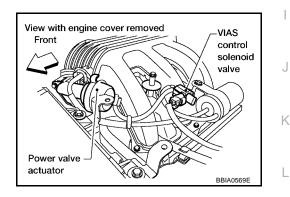
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

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TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC	
			[Engine is running] • Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	С	
29	G	VIAS control solenoid valve	[Engine is running]		_	
				 Engine speed: Between 2,200 and 3,300 rpm. 	0 - 1.0V	D
	BR ECM relay (Self shut-off)		R Switch Of I	0.451/	E	
111		BR		00	0 - 1.5V	
		[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE	F		
			• More than a few seconds passed after turn- ing ignition switch OFF	(11 - 14V)		
119 120	R P	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	G	

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect VIAS control solenoid valve harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

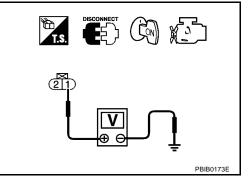


4. Check voltage between terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 3.
NG	>> GO TO 2.



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DTC P1800 VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness for open or short between VIAS control solenoid valve and IPDM E/R
- Harness for open or short between VIAS control solenoid valve and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

3. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 29 and VIAS control solenoid valve terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-556, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace VIAS control solenoid valve.

5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

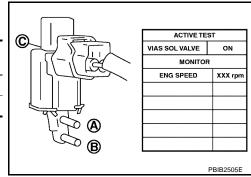
Component Inspection VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Perform "VIAS SOL VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 4. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

Condition VIAS SOL VALVE	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
ON	Yes	No
OFF	No	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.



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With GST

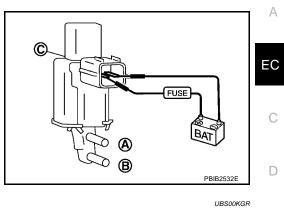
Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

Condition	Air passage continuityAir passagebetween (A) and (B)between (A)	
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.

Removal and Installation VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EM-20, "INTAKE MANIFOLD" .



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Revision: September 2005

DTC P1805 BRAKE SWITCH

Description

Brake switch signal is applied to the ECM through the stop lamp switch when the brake pedal is depressed. This signal is used mainly to decrease the engine speed when the vehicle is driving.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
BRAKE SW	 Ignition switch: ON 	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
BRARE SW	• Ignition switch. ON	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON

On Board Diagnosis Logic

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1805 1805	Brake switch	A brake switch signal is not sent to ECM for extremely long time while the vehicle is driving.	 Harness or connectors (Stop lamp switch circuit is open or shorted.) Stop lamp switch

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode				
ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator by regulating the throttle opening to a small range. Therefore, acceleration will be poor.				
Vehicle condition Driving condition				
When engine is idling Normal				
When accelerating Poor acceleration				

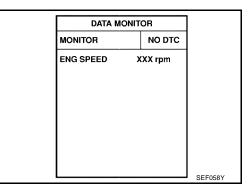
DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Fully depress the brake pedal for at least 5 seconds.
- 3. Erase the DTC with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-560, "Diagnostic Procedure"



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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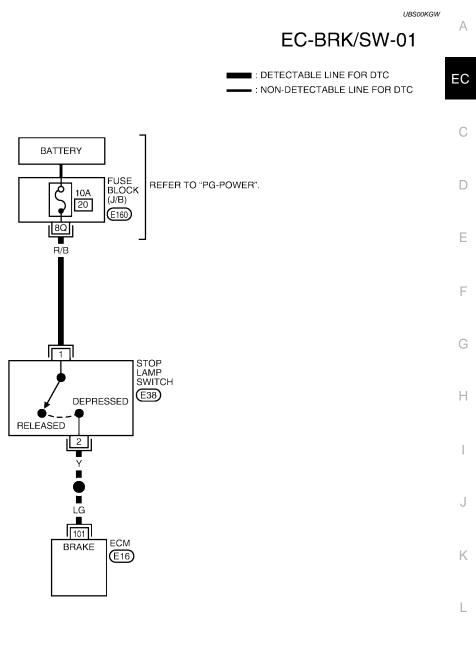
UBS00KGS

UBS00KGT

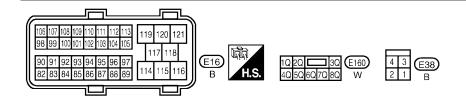
UBS00KGU

UBS00KGV

Wiring Diagram



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DTC P1805 BRAKE SWITCH

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
101 LG	Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: OFF]Brake pedal: Fully released	Approximately 0V	
101	LG		[Ignition switch: OFF] • Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH CIRCUIT

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- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check the stop lamp when depressing and releasing the brake pedal.

Brake pedal	Stop lamp
Fully released	Not illuminated
Slightly depressed	Illuminated

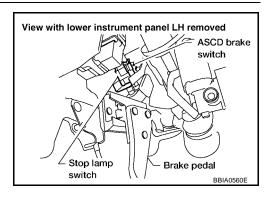
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.

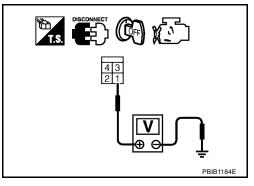


2. Check voltage between stop lamp switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 4.
NG	>> GO TO 3.



DTC P1805 BRAKE SWITCH

3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- 10A fuse
- Fuse block (J/B) connector E160
- Harness for open and short between stop lamp switch and battery

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 101 and stop lamp switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to EC-562, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

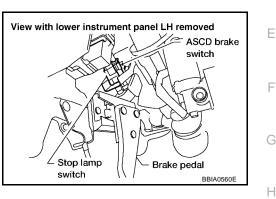
OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace stop lamp switch.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END



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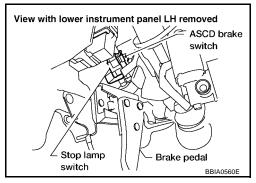
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Component Inspection STOP LAMP SWITCH

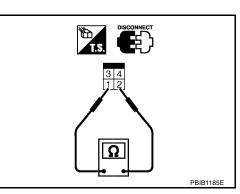
1. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.



2. Check continuity between stop lamp switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Conditions	Continuity
Brake pedal: Fully released	Should not exist.
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Should exist.

3. If NG, adjust stop lamp switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6</u>, <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 2 again.



UBS00KGY

DTC P2100, P2103 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY

Component Description

Power supply for the throttle control motor is provided to the ECM via throttle control motor relay. The throttle control motor relay is ON/OFF controlled by the ECM. When the ignition switch is turned ON, the ECM sends an ON signal to throttle control motor relay and battery voltage is provided to the ECM. When the ignition switch is turned OFF, the ECM sends an OFF signal to throttle control motor relay and battery voltage is not provided to the ECM.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
THRTL RELAY	Ignition switch: ON	ON

On Board Diagnosis Logic

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	F
P2100 2100	Throttle control motor relay circuit open	ECM detects a voltage of power source for throttle control motor is excessively low.	 Harness or connectors (Throttle control motor relay circuit is open) Throttle control motor relay 	G
P2103 2103	Throttle control motor relay circuit short	ECM detects the throttle control motor relay is stuck ON.	 Harness or connectors (Throttle control motor relay circuit is shorted) Throttle control motor relay 	H

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

EC-563

PROCEDURE FOR DTC P2100

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR""mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-566, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

DATA M	DATA MONITOR		
MONITOR	NO DTC		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm		
		SEF058Y	

With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

PFP:16119

UBS00KCC

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DTC P2100, P2103 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY

PROCEDURE FOR DTC P2103

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8V.

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. If DTC is detected, go to EC-566, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

			1
	DATA MONITOR		
	MONITOR NO DTC		
	ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
			SEF058Y

G With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

Wiring Diagram UBS00KCG А EC-ETC2-01 BATTERY EC SIDETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC IPDM E/R : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC (INTELLIGENT POWER Q 20A DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM) 52 С REFER TO "PG-POWER". THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY E119, E122 Οſ g D οl 6 47 Ε 0 F ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL OPEN CLOSE [(M) ACTUATOR (THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR) 5 6 (F50) Ť L/W L/B Н 9 (F32) V ŀ = BR BR (F32) 12 Κ (E2) BR L/W L/B Ο L 4 5 104 3 ECM VMOT MOTOR 2 MOTOR 1 MOTRLY BR В В **E16**, н Μ (F54) ╧ (E24) (E9) (E15) ٦r 7 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 23 22 6 119 120 121 4 5 3 27 26 GÌ. 117 118 3 (E16) 44 (F54) H.S. 2 114 115 116 1 В В 88 89 71 70 69 64 63 ղերը ᠠ᠋᠋ E119

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 F32 W 654321 B 6 7 8 9 (E122) 5 37 38 39 40 41 42 1 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 W W 43 44 45 46 47 48

BBWA1760E

DTC P2100, P2103 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
3	V	Throttle control motor relay power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
4	L/W	Throttle control motor (Close)	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Shift lever: D • Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0 - 14V★
5	L/B	Throttle control motor (Open)	 [Ignition switch: ON] Engine: Stopped Shift lever: D Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed 	0 - 14V★
104	0	Throttle control motor relay	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Ignition switch: ON]	0 - 1.0V

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

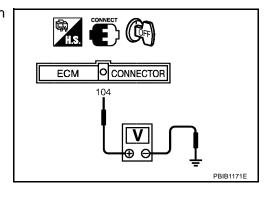
UBS00KCH

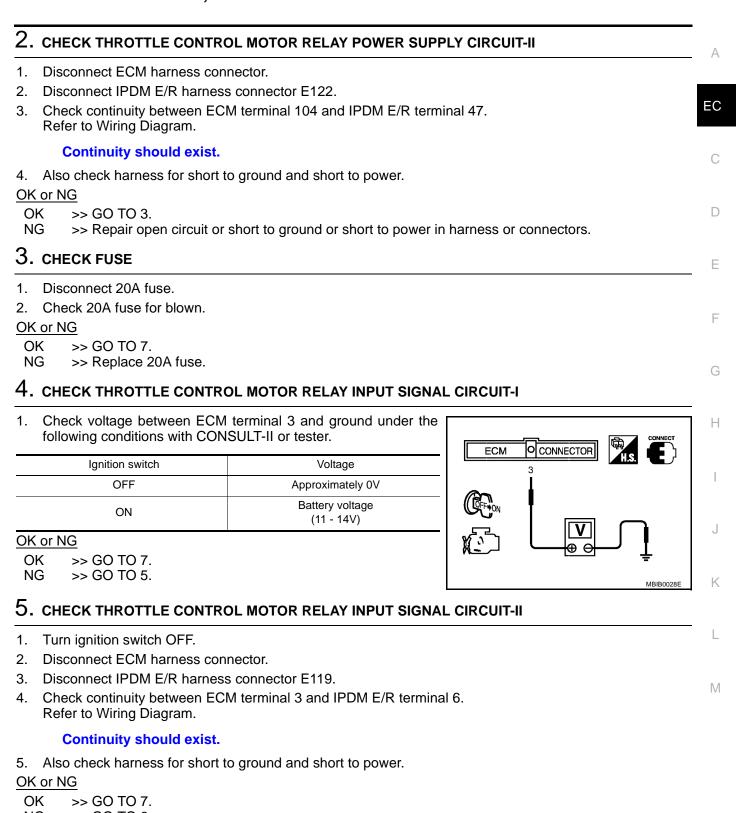
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 104 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 2.





NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness for open or short between ECM and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

OK or NG

- OK >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to <u>PG-18, "IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MOD-ULE ENGINE ROOM)"</u>.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

Description

NOTE: If DTC P2101 is displayed with DTC P2100 or P2119, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P2100 EC or P2119. Refer to EC-563 or EC-580. Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle control motor is operated by the ECM and it opens and closes the throttle valve. The current opening angle of the throttle valve is detected by the throttle position sensor and it provides feedback to the ECM to control the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition. On Board Diagnosis Logic UBS00KC6

PFP:16119

UBS00KC5

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UBS00KC7

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	ŀ
P2101 2101	Electric throttle control performance	Electric throttle control function does not oper- ate properly.	 Harness or connectors (Throttle control motor circuit is open or shorted) Electric throttle control actuator 	F

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

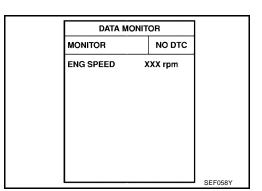
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V when the engine is running.

WITH CONSULT-II

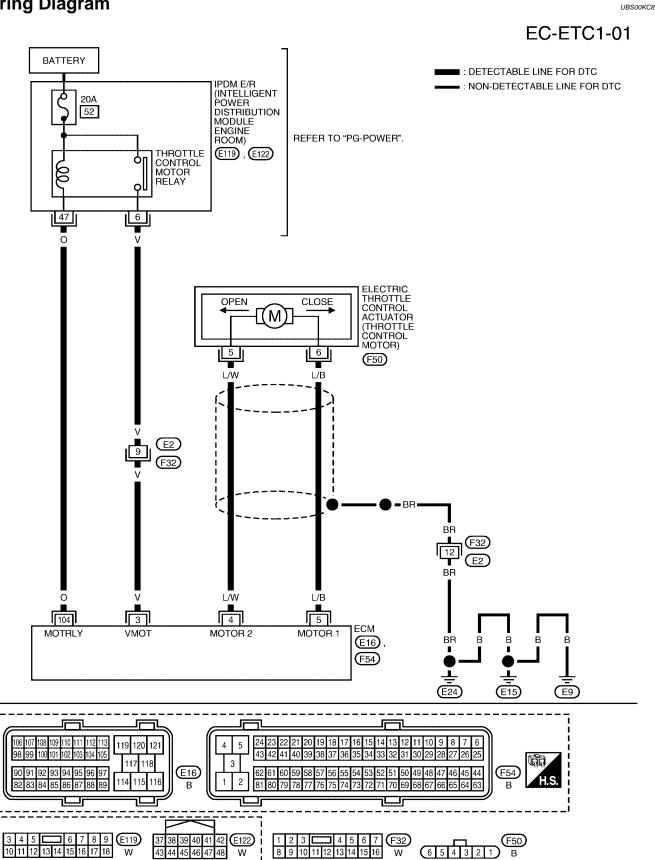
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds. 3.
- 4 If DTC is detected, go to EC-571, "Diagnostic Procedure".



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Wiring Diagram



BBWA1759E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С
3	V	Throttle control motor relay power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
4	L/W	Throttle control motor (Close)	 [Ignition switch: ON] Engine: Stopped Shift lever: D Accelerator pedal: Fully released 	0 - 14V★	D E F
5	L/B	Throttle control motor (Open)	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Shift lever: D • Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	0 - 14V★	G
104	0	Throttle control motor relay	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	I
			[Ignition switch: ON]	0 - 1.0V	

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

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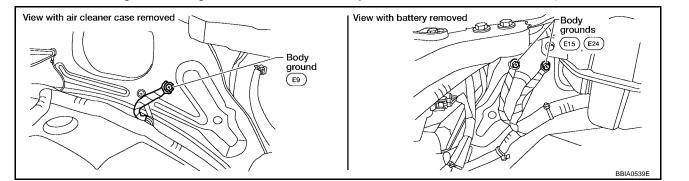
UBS00KC9

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EC

- Turn ignition switch OFF 1.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



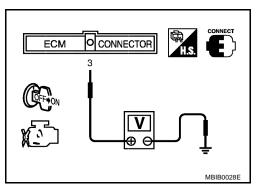
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

2. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT-I

Check voltage between ECM terminal 3 and ground under the following conditions with CONSULT-II or tester.

	Ignition switch	Voltage
	OFF	Approximately 0V
	ON	Battery voltage (11 - 14V)
OK or	NG	
OK NG	>> GO TO 9. >> GO TO 3.	



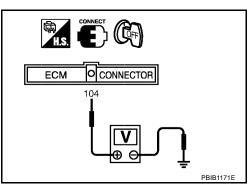
3. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 104 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 4.



4. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E122.
- 3. Check continuity between ECM terminal 104 and IPDM E/R terminal 47. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK FUSE

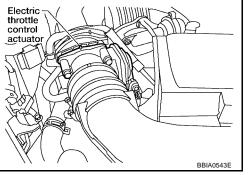
- 1. Disconnect 20A fuse.
- 2. Check 20A fuse for blown.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
- NG >> Replace 20A fuse.

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6. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT-II	А
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.	
3. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E119.	EC
 Check continuity between ECM terminal 3 and IPDM E/R terminal 6. Refer to Wiring Diagram. 	C
Continuity should exist.	C
 Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG 	D
OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.	E
7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following.	F
Harness connectors E2, F32	Γ
 Harness for open or short between ECM and IPDM E/R 	
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	G
8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	Н
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	
OK or NG OK >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to PG-18, "IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MOI ULE ENGINE ROOM)" NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.	<u>)-</u>
	J
9. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN OR SHORT	_
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	K
 Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector. Disconnect ECM harness connector. 	
 Disconnect ECM namess connector. Check harness continuity between the following terminals. Refer to Wiring Diagram. 	L

Electric throttle control actuator terminal	ECM terminal	Continuity
5	5	Should not exist
5	4	Should exist
6	5	Should exist
0	4	Should not exist



5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG

OK

>> GO TO 10. >> Repair or replace. NG

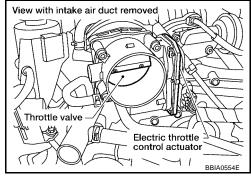
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10. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

- 1. Remove the intake air duct.
- 2. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 11.
- NG >> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



11. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

Refer to EC-574, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> GO TO 13.

12. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

13. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection

THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

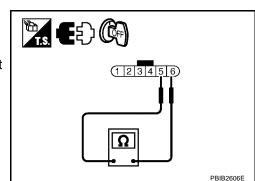
- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminals 5 and 6.

Resistance: Approximately 1 - 15 Ω [at 25 °C (77°F)]

- 3. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to next step.
- 4. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 5. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR".



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UBS00KCA

DTC P2118 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

DTC P2118 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

Component Description

The throttle control motor is operated by the ECM and it opens and closes the throttle valve. The current opening angle of the throttle valve is detected by the throttle position sensor and it provides feedback to the ECM to control the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

D	DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	D
P2 21 ⁻	2118 18	Throttle control motor circuit short	ECM detects short in both circuits between ECM and throttle control motor.	 Harness or connectors (Throttle control motor circuit is shorted.) Electric throttle control actuator (Throttle control motor) 	E

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

(I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds. 3.
- If DTC is detected, go to EC-577, "Diagnostic Procedure". 4.

DATA M	ONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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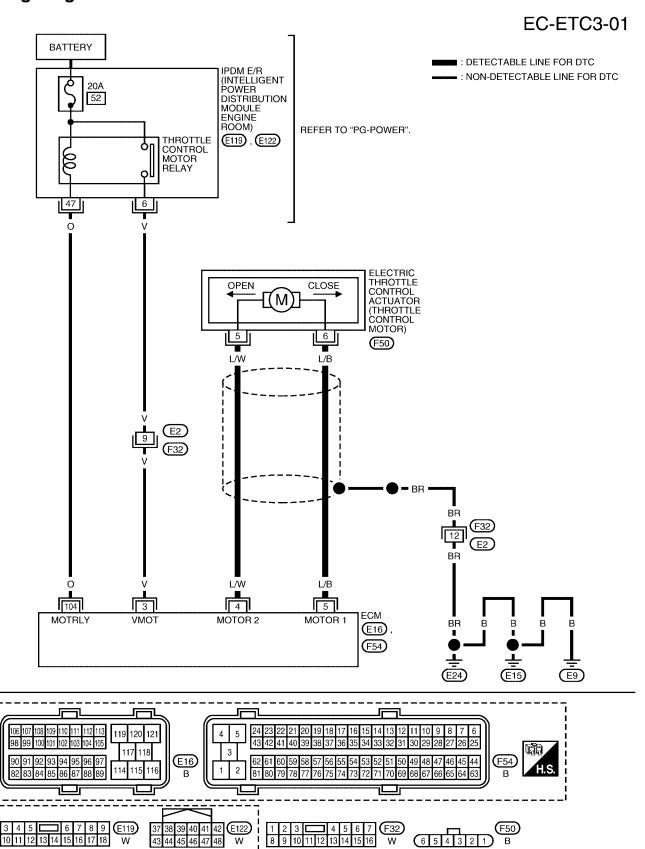
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UBS00KCK

Wiring Diagram



BBWA1761E

UBS00KCL

DTC P2118 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	C
3	V	Throttle control motor relay power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	-
4	L/W	Throttle control motor (Close)	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Shift lever: D • Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0 - 14V★	D E F
5	L/B	Throttle control motor (Open)	 [Ignition switch: ON] Engine: Stopped Shift lever: D Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed 	0 - 14V★	G
104	0	Throttle control motor relay	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	I
			[Ignition switch: ON]	0 - 1.0V	

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

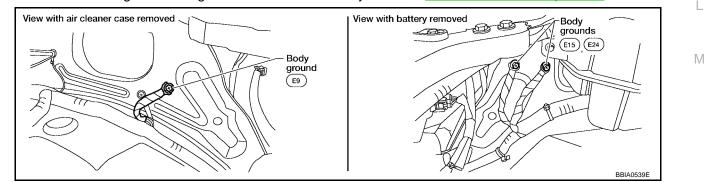
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- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

1.

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

DTC P2118 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

2. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN OR SHORT

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between the following terminals. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Electric throttle control actuator terminal	ECM terminal	Continuity
5	5	Should not exist
5	4	Should exist
6	5	Should exist
0	4	Should not exist

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace.

3. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

Refer to EC-578, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 5.

4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

5. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

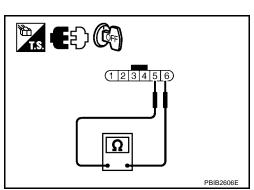
>> INSPECTION END

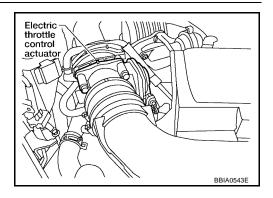
Component Inspection THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminals 5 and 6.

Resistance: Approximately 1 - 15 Ω [at 25 °C (77°F)]

- 3. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to next step.
- 4. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 5. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .





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DTC P2118 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR".	UBS00KCO	А
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DTC P2119 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Component Description

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle control motor is operated by the ECM and it opens and closes the throttle valve.

The throttle position sensor detects the throttle valve position, and the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feeds the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

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UBS00KC3

PFP:16119

UBS00KC1

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name		DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P2119	Electric throttle control	A)	Electric throttle control actuator does not func- tion properly due to the return spring malfunc- tion.	
2119			Throttle valve opening angle in fail-safe mode is not in specified range.	Electric throttle control actuator
	-	C)	ECM detect the throttle valve is stuck open.	

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode
Malfunction A	The ECM controls the electric throttle actuator by regulating the throttle opening around the idle position. The engine speed will not rise more than 2,000 rpm.
Malfunction B	ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator by regulating the throttle opening to 20 degrees or less.
Malfunction C	While the vehicle is driving, it slows down gradually by fuel cut. After the vehicle stops, the engine stalls. The engine can restart in N or P position, and engine speed will not exceed 1,000 rpm or more.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

- Perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A AND B first. If the DTC cannot be confirmed, perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C.
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

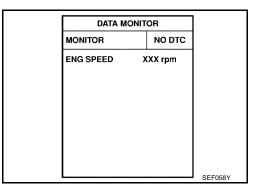
PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A AND B

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Shift selector lever to D position and wait at least 3 seconds.
- 4. Shift selector lever to P position.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- 7. Shift selector lever to D position, and wait at least 3 seconds.
- 8. Shift selector lever to P position.
- 9. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds, and then turn ON.
- 10. If DTC is detected, go to EC-581, "Diagnostic Procedure".

With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

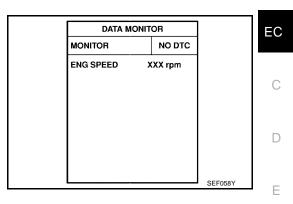


DTC P2119 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Shift selector lever to D position and wait at least 3 seconds.
- 4. Shift selector lever to P or N position.
- 5. Start engine and let it idle for 3 seconds.
- 6. If DTC is detected, go to EC-581, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

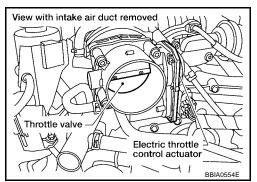
1. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

- 1. Remove the intake air duct.
- 2. Check if a foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



2. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

>> INSPECTION END

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DTC P2122, P2123 APP SENSOR

Component Description

The accelerator pedal position sensor is installed on the upper end of the accelerator pedal assembly. The sensor detects the accelerator position and sends a signal to the ECM.

Accelerator pedal position sensor has two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the accelerator pedal position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the accelerator pedal and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the accelerator pedal from these signals and controls the throttle control motor based on these signals.

Idle position of the accelerator pedal is determined by the ECM

receiving the signal from the accelerator pedal position sensor. The ECM uses this signal for the engine operation such as fuel cut.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CON	SPECIFICATION	
ACCEL SEN 1	 Ignition switch: ON 	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.65 - 0.87V
ACCEL SEN I	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	More than 4.3V
ACCEL SEN 2*	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.56 - 0.96V
ACCEL SEN 2	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	More than 4.0V
CLSD THL POS	 Ignition switch: ON 	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
CLOD THE FUS	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF

*: Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

NOTE

If DTC P2122 or P2123 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to EC-479, "DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY" .

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P2122 2122	Accelerator pedal posi- tion sensor 1 circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the APP sensor 1 is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The APP sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.)
P2123 2123	Accelerator pedal posi- tion sensor 1 circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the APP sensor 1 is sent to ECM.	,

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 dearees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

sor output voltage Sensor 1 Acceler sensor Sensor 2 Release -Depress Accelerator pedal operation

Accelerator pedal position sensor

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DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

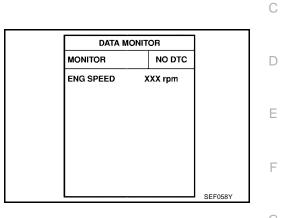
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-585, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



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Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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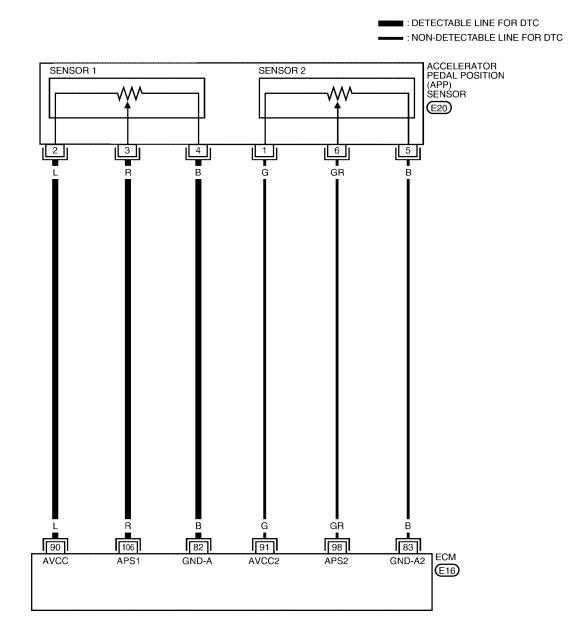
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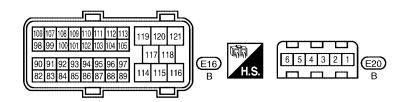
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Wiring Diagram

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EC-APPS1-01





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

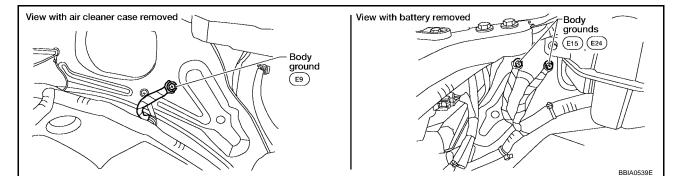
CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC	
82	В	Sensor ground (APP sensor 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	C	
83	GR	Sensor ground (APP sensor 2)	[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 0V	C	
90	L	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 1)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	E	
91	G	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	F	
		Accelerator pedal position	Accelerator pedal position	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.28 - 0.48V	G
98	GR	sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	More than 2.0V	H	
400		Accelerator pedal position	 [Ignition switch: ON] Engine: Stopped Accelerator pedal: Fully released 	0.65 - 0.87V		
106	К	R sensor 1	 [Ignition switch: ON] Engine: Stopped Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed 	More than 4.3V	J	

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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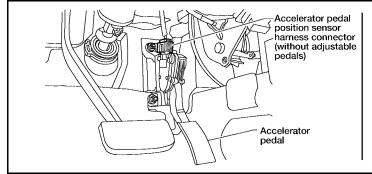
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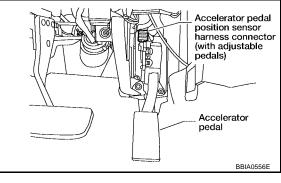
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2. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.



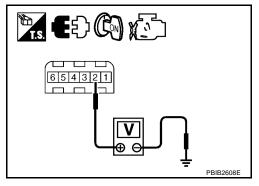


- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between APP sensor terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



${\mathfrak S}.$ Check app sensor 1 ground circuit for open and short

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between APP sensor terminal 4 and ECM terminal 82. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK APP SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 106 and APP sensor terminal 3. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

<u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK APP SENSOR

Refer to EC-587, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> GO TO 6.

DTC P2122, P2123 APP SENSOR

6. REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY

- 1. Replace accelerator pedal assembly.
- 2. Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 4. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

>> INSPECTION END

7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

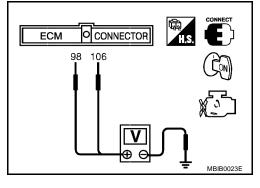
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 106 (APP sensor 1 signal), 98 (APP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
106	Fully released	0.65 - 0.87V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	More than 4.3V
98	Fully released	0.28 - 0.48V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	More than 2.0V



4. If NG, replace accelerator pedal assembly and go to next step.

5. Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .

- 6. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 7. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

Removal and Installation ACCELERATOR PEDAL

Refer to ACC-3, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM" .

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UBS00KH5

DTC P2127, P2128 APP SENSOR

Component Description

The accelerator pedal position sensor is installed on the upper end of the accelerator pedal assembly. The sensor detects the accelerator position and sends a signal to the ECM.

Accelerator pedal position sensor has two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the accelerator pedal position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the accelerator pedal and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the accelerator pedal from these signals and controls the throttle control motor based on these signals.

Idle position of the accelerator pedal is determined by the ECM

receiving the signal from the accelerator pedal position sensor. The ECM uses this signal for the engine operation such as fuel cut.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CON	SPECIFICATION	
ACCEL SEN 1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.65 - 0.87V
ACCEL SEN I	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	More than 4.3V
ACCEL SEN 2*	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.56 - 0.96V
ACCEL SEN 2	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	More than 4.0V
CLSD THL POS	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
CLOD THE FUS	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF

*: Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P2127 2127	Accelerator pedal posi- tion sensor 2 circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the APP sen- sor 2 is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The APP sensor 2 circuit is open or shorted.) (The TD sensor size/it charted.)
P2128 2128	Accelerator pedal posi- tion sensor 2 circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the APP sensor 2 is sent to ECM.	 (The TP sensor circuit shorted.) Accelerator pedal position sensor (APP sensor 2) Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2)

FAIL-SAFE MODE

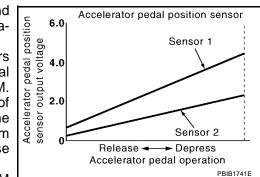
When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.



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DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

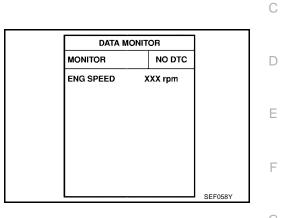
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

(P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-591, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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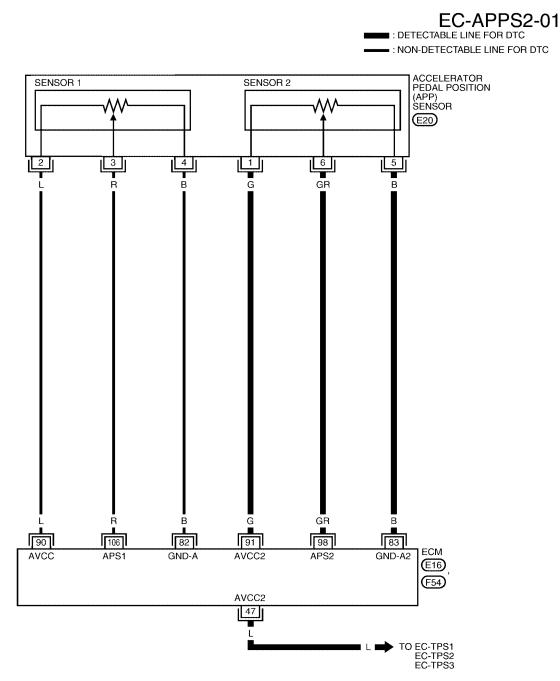
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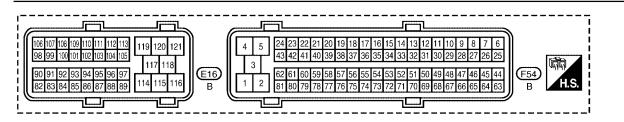
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Wiring Diagram





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6	5	4	3	2	1	(F20)
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

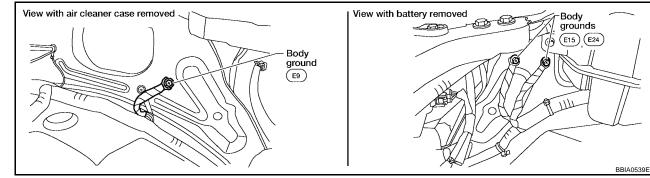
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	
47	L	Sensor power supply (Throttle position sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	
82	В	Sensor ground (APP sensor 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	
83	GR	Sensor ground (APP sensor 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	
90	L	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 1)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	
91	G	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	
98	GR	Accelerator pedal position	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.28 - 0.48V	
98	GK	sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	More than 2.0V	
100	D	Accelerator pedal position	 [Ignition switch: ON] Engine: Stopped Accelerator pedal: Fully released 	0.65 - 0.87V	
106 R	ĸ	sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	More than 4.3V	

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body, Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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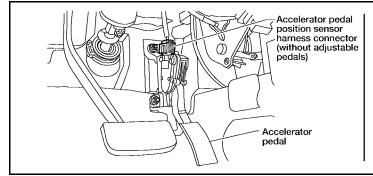
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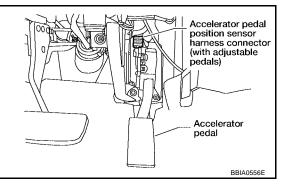
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2. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

1. Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.



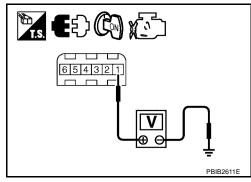


- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between APP sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 3.



3. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between APP sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal 91. Refer to wiring diagram.

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> Repair open circuit.

4. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals.

ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram
91	APP sensor terminal 1	<u>EC-590</u>
47	Electric throttle control actuator terminal 2	<u>EC-340</u>

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EC-344, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 6.

DTC P2127, P2128 APP SENSOR

6. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR	А
1. Replace electric throttle control actuator.	
2. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".	
3. Perform <u>EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> .	EC
>> INSPECTION END	С
7. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	D
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.	
 Check harness continuity between APP sensor terminal 5 and ECM terminal 83. Refer to Wiring Diagram. 	E
Continuity should exist.	
 Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG 	F
OK >> GO TO 8.	
NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connector	ors. G
8. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	
 Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 98 and APP sensor terminal 6. Refer to Wiring Diagram. 	Н
Continuity should exist.	1
 Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG 	I
OK >> GO TO 9.	J
NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connector	ors.
9. CHECK APP SENSOR	K
Refer to EC-594, "Component Inspection".	
OK or NG	L
OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 10.	L
10. REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY	Μ
1. Replace accelerator pedal assembly.	
2. Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".	
3. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".	
4. Perform <u>EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> .	

>> INSPECTION END

11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

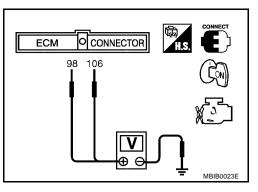
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminals 106 (APP sensor 1 signal), 98 (APP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
106	Fully released	0.65 - 0.87V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	More than 4.3V
98	Fully released	0.28 - 0.48V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	More than 2.0V



- 4. If NG, replace accelerator pedal assembly and go to next step.
- 5. Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 6. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 7. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

Removal and Installation ACCELERATOR PEDAL

Refer to ACC-3, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM" .

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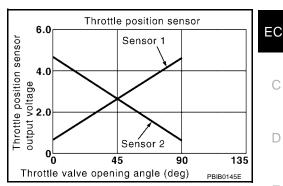
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DTC P2135 TP SENSOR

Component Description

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	ſ
THRTL SEN 1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V	
THRTL SEN 2*	(Engine stopped)Shift lever: D	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V	0

*: Throttle position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P2135 2135	Throttle position sensor circuit range/perfor- mance	Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM compared with the signals from TP sensor 1 and TP sensor 2.	 Harness or connector (The TP sensor 1 and 2 circuit is open or shorted.) (The APP sensor 2 circuit is shorted). Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2) Accelerator pedal position sensor (APP sensor 2) 	K

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition. So, the acceleration will be poor.

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DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

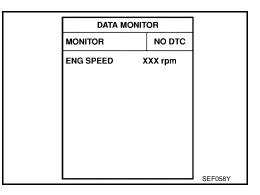
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-598, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P2135 TP SENSOR

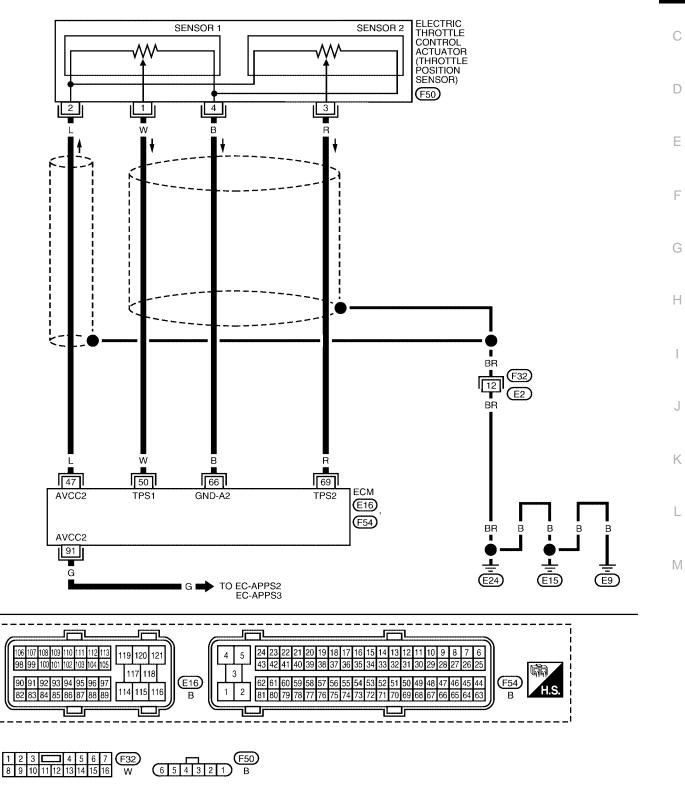
Wiring Diagram



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: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

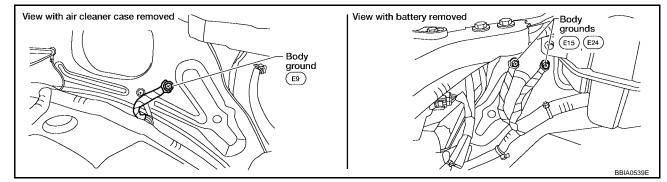
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	L	Sensor power supply (Throttle position sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
	W	Throttle position sensor 1	 Shift lever: D Accelerator pedal: Fully released 	More than 0.36V
50	[Ignition switc ● Engine: Stop ● Shift lever: D	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Shift lever: D • Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V	
66	В	Sensor ground (Throttle position sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
69	R	Throttle position sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Shift lever: D • Accelerator pedal: Fully released	Less than 4.75V
69			[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Shift lever: D • Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	More than 0.36V
91	G	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-151, "Ground Inspection"</u>.



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-1

1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.

3. Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal

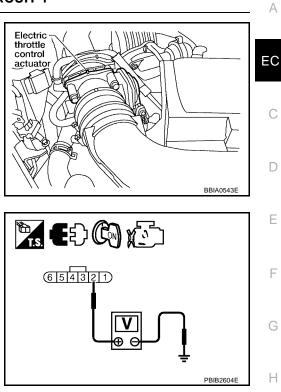
2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

>> GO TO 7.

>> GO TO 3.

2. Turn ignition switch ON.



3. CHECK THROTTLE	POSITION SENSOR POWER SU	IPPLY CIRCUIT-II	
1. Turn ignition switch C	PFF.		
2. Disconnect ECM harr	ness connector.		
 Check harness contin Refer to Wiring Diagr 		rol actuator terminal 2 and ECM terminal 47.	J
Continuity shoul	d exist.		
<u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> Repair open o	circuit.		K
4. CHECK THROTTLE	POSITION SENSOR POWER SU	IPPLY CIRCUIT-III	L
Check harness for short to	power and short to ground, betw	veen the following terminals.	M
ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram	

ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram
47	Electric throttle control actuator terminal 2	<u>EC-597</u>
91	APP sensor terminal 1	<u>EC-590</u>

OK or NG

OK or NG OK >

NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK APP SENSOR

Refer to EC-594, "Component Inspection" .

<u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY

- 1. Replace accelerator pedal assembly.
- 2. Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 4. Perform <u>EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u>.

>> INSPECTION END

7. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 4 and ECM terminal 66. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

 Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 50 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 1, ECM terminal 69 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 3. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EC-601, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 10.

10. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

>> INSPECTION END

11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P2135 TP SENSOR

Component Inspection THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

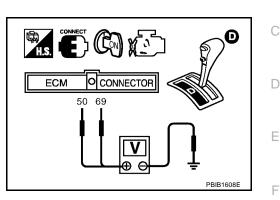
- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Set selector lever to D.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 50 (TP sensor 1 signal), 69 (TP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
50	Fully released	More than 0.36V
(Throttle position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
69	Fully released	Less than 4.75V
(Throttle position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	More than 0.36V

- If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to the next step.
- 7. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 8. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR" .





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DTC P2138 APP SENSOR

Component Description

The accelerator pedal position sensor is installed on the upper end of the accelerator pedal assembly. The sensor detects the accelerator position and sends a signal to the ECM.

sor output voltage Accelerator pedal position sensor has two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the accelerator pedal position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of Acceler sensor the accelerator pedal and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the accelerator pedal from these signals and controls the throttle control motor based on these signals.

Idle position of the accelerator pedal is determined by the ECM

receiving the signal from the accelerator pedal position sensor. The ECM uses this signal for the engine operation such as fuel cut.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
ACCEL SEN 1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.65 - 0.87V
ACCEL SEN I	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	More than 4.3V
ACCEL SEN 2*	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.56 - 0.96V
ACCEL SEN 2	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	More than 4.0V
CLSD THL POS	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
CLOD THE FUS		Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF

*: Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic. NOTE:

If DTC P2138 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to EC-479, "DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY".

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P2138 2138	Accelerator pedal posi- tion sensor circuit range/performance	Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM compared with the signals from APP sensor 1 and APP sensor 2.	 Harness or connector (The APP sensor 1 and 2 circuit is open or shorted.) (The TP sensor circuit is shorted.) Accelerator pedal position sensor (APP sensor 1 and 2) Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2)

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

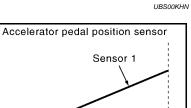
Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

2006 Pathfinder



Release -

Accelerator pedal operation

Sensor 2

Depress

PFP:18002

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UBS00KHO

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

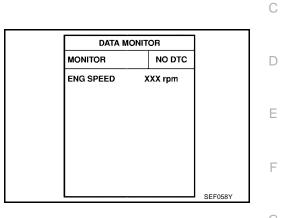
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-605, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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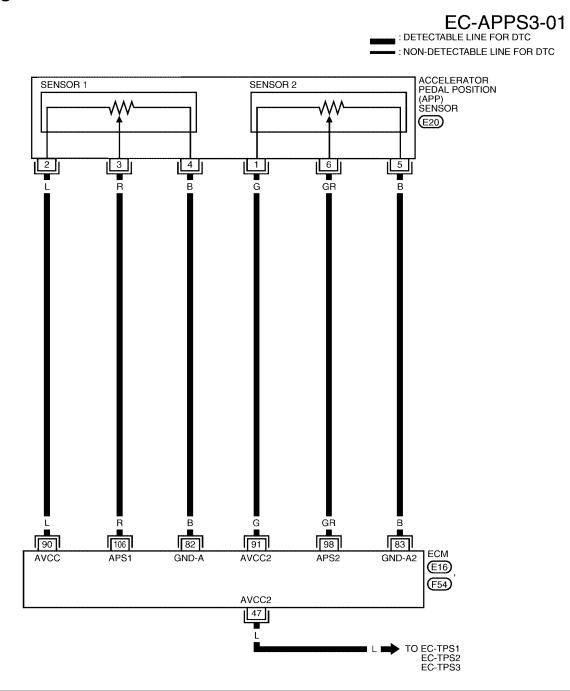
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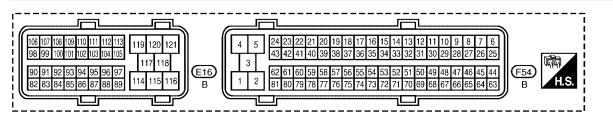
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DTC P2138 APP SENSOR

Wiring Diagram





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6	5	4	3	2	1	(F20)
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

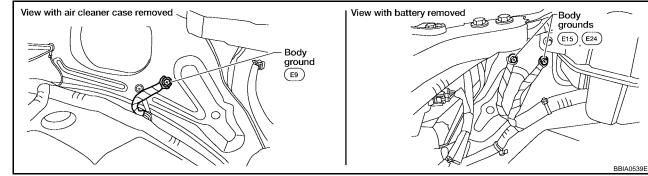
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	L	Sensor power supply (Throttle position sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
82	в	Sensor ground (APP sensor 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
83	GR	Sensor ground (APP sensor 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
90	L	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 1)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
91	G	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
98 GR	Accelerator pedal position	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.28 - 0.48V	
	sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	More than 2.0V	
106 R	Accelerator pedal position	[Ignition switch: ON]Engine: StoppedAccelerator pedal: Fully released	0.65 - 0.87V	
	sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine: Stopped • Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	More than 4.3V	

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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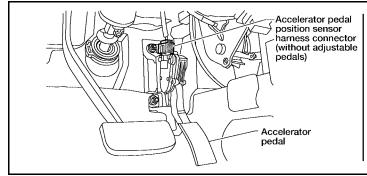
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2. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.

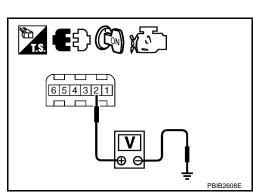


- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between APP sensor terminals 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



Accelerator pedal

position sensor harness connector

(with adjustable

Accelerator pedal

BBIA0556E

pedals)

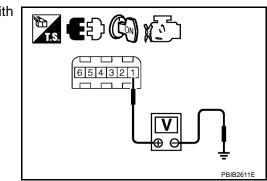
3. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

Check voltage between APP sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 8.
NG	>> GO TO 4.



4. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.

3. Check harness continuity between APP sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal 91. Refer to wiring diagram.

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Repair open circuit.

5. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals.

ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram
91	APP sensor terminal 1	<u>EC-590</u>
47	Electric throttle control actuator terminal 2	<u>EC-597</u>

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR	
Refer to <u>EC-344, "Component Inspection"</u> . <u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 12.	E
NG >> GO TO 7.	F
7. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR	
 Replace electric throttle control actuator. Perform <u>EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"</u>. 	G
3. Perform <u>EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> .	Н
>> INSPECTION END	
8. CHECK APP SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	Ι
 Turn ignition switch OFF. Disconnect ECM harness connector. Check harness continuity between APP sensor terminals 4 and ECM terminal 82, APP sensor terminal 5 and ECM terminal 83. Refer to Wiring Diagram. 	J
Continuity should exist.	
 Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG 	L
 OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. 	M
9. CHECK APP SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	
1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 106 and APP sensor terminal 3, ECM terminal 98 and	

APP sensor terminal 6. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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10. CHECK APP SENSOR

Refer to EC-608, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 11.

11. REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY

- 1. Replace accelerator pedal assembly.
- 2. Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 4. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

>> INSPECTION END

12. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

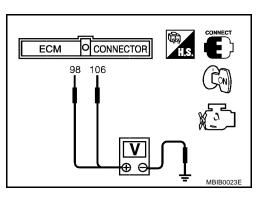
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminals 106 (APP sensor 1 signal), 98 (APP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
106	Fully released	0.65 - 0.87V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	More than 4.3V
98	Fully released	0.28 - 0.48V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	More than 2.0V



4. If NG, replace accelerator pedal assembly and go to next step.

- 5. Perform EC-77, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 6. Perform EC-77, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 7. Perform EC-77, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

Removal and Installation ACCELERATOR PEDAL

Refer to ACC-3, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM" .

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DTC P2A00, P2A03 A/F SENSOR 1

Component Description

The air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor is a planar dual-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor is the combination of a Nernst concentration cell (sensor cell) with an oxygen-pump cell, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.

The sensor is capable of precise measurement $\lambda = 1$, but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide λ range (0.7 < λ < air).

The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion gap at the electrode of the oxygen pump and Nernst concentration cell, where they are brought to thermodynamic balance.

An electronic circuit controls the pump current through the oxygenpump cell so that the composition of the exhaust gas in the diffusion gap remains constant at $\lambda = 1$. Therefore, the A/F sensor is able to indicate air/fuel ratio by this pumping of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of 700 - 800°C (1,292 - 1,472°F).

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONI	DITION	SPECIFICATION
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5V

On Board Diagnosis Logic

To judge the malfunction, the A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is monitored not to be shifted to LEAN side or RICH side.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible Cause	L
P2A00 2A00 (Bank 1)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 circuit range/performance	• The output voltage computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is shifted to the lean side for a specified period.	 A/F sensor 1 A/F sensor 1 heater Fuel pressure 	M
P2A03 2A03 (Bank 2)		• The A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is shifted to the rich side for a specified period.	Fuel injectorIntake air leaks	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

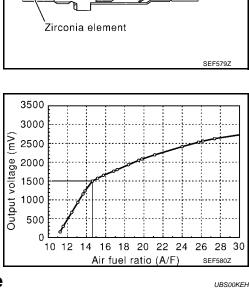
TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON and select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CON-SULT-II.

EC-609



Holder

Protector



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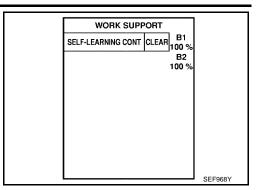
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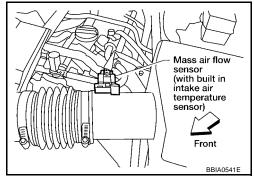
DTC P2A00, P2A03 A/F SENSOR 1

- 4. Clear the self-learning coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute under no load.
- 7. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 8. Keep engine speed between 2,500 and 3,000 rpm for 20 minutes.
- 9. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-614</u>, "Diagnostic Procedure"

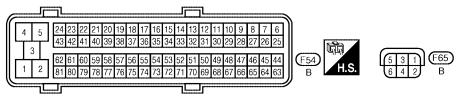
WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
- 5. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 6. Select Service \$03 with GST and make sure that DTC P0102 is detected.
- 7. Select Service \$04 with GST and erase the DTC P0102.
- 8. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute under no load.
- 9. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 10. Keep engine speed between 2,500 and 3,000 rpm for 20 minutes.
- Select Service \$07 with GST.
 If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-614</u>, "Diagnostic Procedure".





Wiring Diagram BANK 1 UBS00KEK А EC-AF1B1-01 ■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC EC NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START С IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER REFER TO "PG-POWER". ል 10A DISTRIBUTION 54 ENGINE ROOM) D 8 1 (E119) w/R 22 5 Ε (F14) W/R F W/R **[**3] AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 Н (BANK 1) (F65) 6 5 G BR LG F 0 Κ LG P BR G Ο L 16 56 2 75 35 ECM A/F-IP1 A/F-IA1 AF-VM1 AF-UN1 AF-H1 (F54) Μ (E119) ក្រា 3 4 5 **E 3**6789 9 10 11 12 F14 3 4 5 6 7 8 13 14 15 13 16 17 18 W 24 W



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DTC P2A00, P2A03 A/F SENSOR 1

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
2	G	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★
16	BR	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)		Approximately 3.1V
35	0		[Engine is running]Warm-up conditionIdle speed	Approximately 2.6V
56	LG			Approximately 2.3V
75	Р			Approximately 2.3V

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

BANK 2 А EC-AF1B2-01 ■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC - : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC EC IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER REFER TO "PG-POWER". С Ò 10A DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM) 54 ð 8 (E119) D . W/R (E5)22 (F14) Ε W/R F W/R 3 AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 Н (BANK 2) (F5) $\lfloor L^2 \rfloor$ 6 5 4 IL T ï G GR Ο v Κ GR G 0 v . 24 77 58 57 76 L ECM A/F-VM2 A/F-IA2 A/F-UN2 AF-H2 A/F-IP2 (F54) Μ E119 [5]3]) (F5)4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 (F14) □ 6 7 8 9 1 3 4 5 2 W В 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 W 10 11 12 6 4 2 13 14 15 16 17 18 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 24 23 22 21 5 4 30 29 28 27 26 25 41 36 32 3

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DTC P2A00, P2A03 A/F SENSOR 1

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

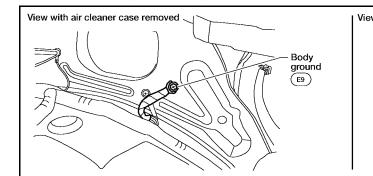
TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
24	G	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★
57	GR			Approximately 2.6V
58	0	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	 (F sensor 1 (Bank 2) Idle speed 	Approximately 2.3V
76	V			Approximately 3.1V
77	Y			Approximately 2.3V

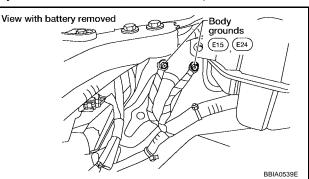
★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

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- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection" .



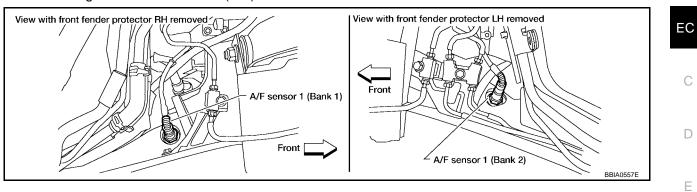


OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

2. RETIGHTEN AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Loosen and retighten the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1.



Tightening torque: 50 N-m (5.1 kg-m, 37 ft-lb)

>> GO TO 3.

3. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

- 1. Start engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair or replace.

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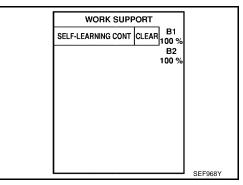
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4. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA.

(I) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected?
 Is it difficult to start engine?

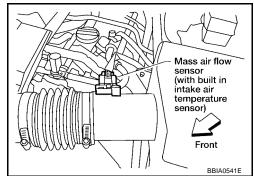


Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 4. Restart engine and let it idle for at least 3 seconds.
- 5. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 6. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 7. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-60</u>, "HOW TO ERASE <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 8. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172 or P0174, P0175 detected?
 Is it difficult to start engine?

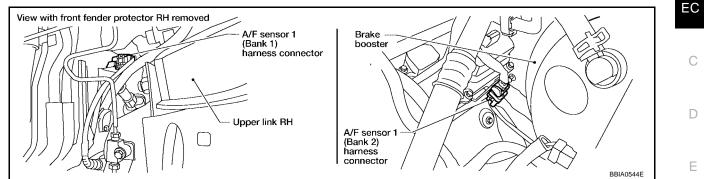
Yes or No

- Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171, P0174 or P0172, P0175. Refer to <u>EC-305, "DTC</u> <u>P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION"</u> or <u>EC-317, "DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL</u> <u>INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION"</u>.
- No >> GO TO 5.



5. CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.



3. Check harness connector for water.

Water should not exit.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair or replace harness connector.

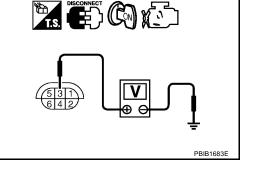
6. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.



7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- IPDM E/R connector E119
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

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8. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between A/F sensor 1 terminal and ECM terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
	1	16
Bank1	2	75
Danki	5	35
	6	56
	1	76
Bank 2	2	77
	5	57
	6	58

Continuity should exist.

4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bai	nk 1	Bank 2		
A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	
1	16	1	76	
2	75	2	77	
5	35	5	57	
6	56	6	58	

Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to EC-169, "Component Inspection" .

 $\frac{OK \text{ or } NG}{OK} >> GO TO 10.$

NG >> GO TO 11.

10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 11.
- NG >> Repair or replace.

11. REPLACE A/F SENSOR 1

Replace A/F sensor 1.

CAUTION:

- Discard any A/F sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a EC hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new A/F sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Heated Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

>> GO TO 12.

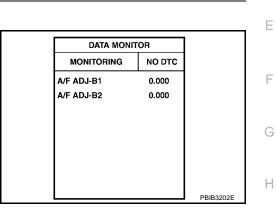
12. CONFIRM A/F ADJUSTMENT DATA

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "A/F ADJ-B1" and "A/F ADJ-B2" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Make sure that "0" is displayed on CONSULT-II screen.

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 13.



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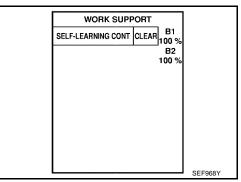
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13. CREAR A/F ADJUSTMENT DATA

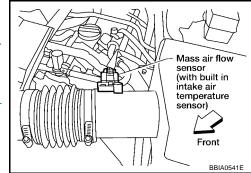
With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".



Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 4. Restart engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
- 5. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 6. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 7. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-60</u>, "HOW TO ERASE <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 8. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.



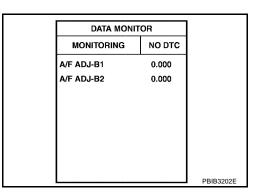
>> GO TO 14.

14. CONFIRM A/F ADJUSTMENT DATA

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and then ON.
- 2. Select "A/F ADJ-B1" and "A/F ADJ-B2" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Make sure that "0" is displayed on CONSULT-II screen.

OK or NG

- OK >> INSPECTION END
- NG >> GO TO 13.



Removal and Installation

AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

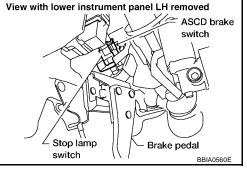
Refer to EM-22, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

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ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

Component Description

When the brake pedal is depressed, ASCD brake switch is turned OFF and stop lamp switch is turned ON. ECM detects the state of the brake pedal by this input of two kinds (ON/OFF signal). Refer to EC-29, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)" for the ASCD function.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	F
BRAKE SW 1	 Ignition switch: ON 	Brake pedal: Fully released	ON	
(ASCD brake switch)		Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF	0
BRAKE SW 2	• Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF	G
(stop lamp switch)	 Ignition switch: ON 	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON	

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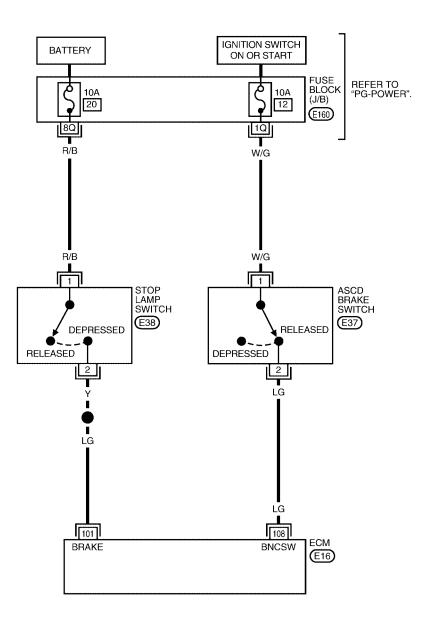
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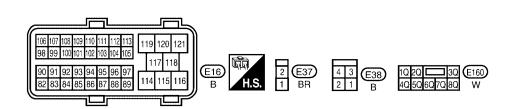
Wiring Diagram

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EC-ASCBOF-01

DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC	
101	101 LG	Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: OFF] • Brake pedal: Fully released	Approximately 0V	С	
101 LG			[Ignition switch: OFF] • Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	D	
108 LG	LG		•	[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Approximately 0V	
		ASCD brake switch	[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal: Fully released	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	- E	

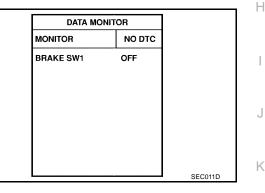
Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-I

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "BRAKE SW1" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Check "BRAKE SW1" indication under the following conditions.

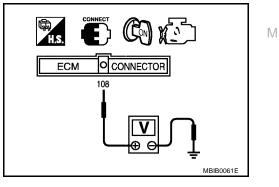
	.
CONDITION	INDICATION
When brake pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF
When brake pedal: Fully released	ON



Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 108 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Approximately 0V
When brake pedal: Fully released	Battery voltage



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3. А

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2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-II

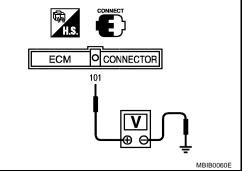
With CONSULT-II
 Check "BRAKE SW2" indication in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

CONDITION	INDICATION
When brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
When brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON

DATA MC	NITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
BRAKE SW2	OFF	
		SEC013

Without CONSULT-II Check voltage between ECM terminal 101 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When brake pedal: Fully released	Approximately 0V
When brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Battery voltage



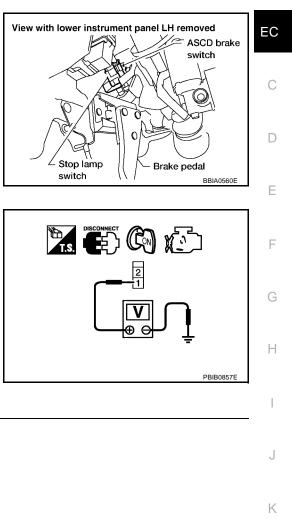
OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 7.

3. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.



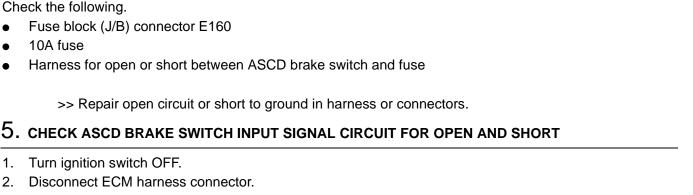
4. Check voltage between ASCD brake switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 108 and ASCD brake switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

Refer to EC-627, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace ASCD brake switch.

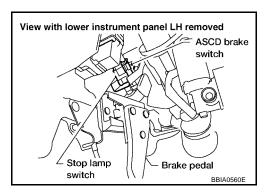
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7. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.

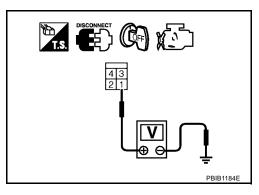


3. Check voltage between stop lamp switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT -II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8.



8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector E160
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between stop lamp switch and battery

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. Check stop lamp switch input signal circuit for open and short

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 101 and stop lamp switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

10. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to EC-627, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace stop lamp switch.

11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ASCD brake switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
When brake pedal: Fully released.	Should exist.
When brake pedal: Slightly depressed.	Should not exist.

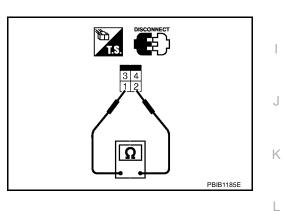
If NG, adjust ASCD brake switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6</u>, <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.

STOP LAMP SWITCH

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between stop lamp switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
When brake pedal: Fully released.	Should not exist.
When brake pedal: Slightly depressed.	Should exist.

If NG, adjust stop lamp switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6,</u> <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.



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ASCD INDICATOR

ASCD INDICATOR

Component Description

ASCD indicator lamp illuminates to indicate ASCD operation status. Lamp has two indicators, CRUISE and SET, and is integrated in combination meter.

CRUISE indicator illuminates when MAIN switch on ASCD steering switch is turned ON to indicated that ASCD system is ready for operation.

SET indicator illuminates when following conditions are met.

- CRUISE indicator is illuminated.
- SET/COAST switch on ASCD steering switch is turned ON while vehicle speed is within the range of ASCD setting.

SET indicator remains lit during ASCD control. Refer to <u>EC-29, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)"</u> for the ASCD function.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

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Specification data are reference value.

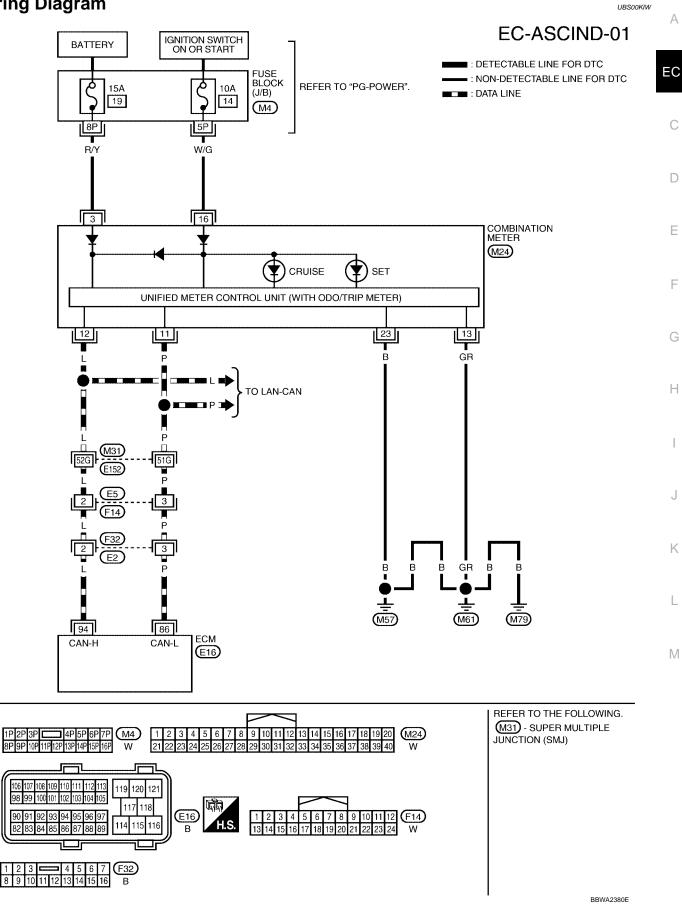
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
CRUISE LAMP	Ignition switch: ON	MAIN switch: Pressed at the 1st time \rightarrow at the 2nd time	$ON\toOFF$
	MAIN switch: ON	ASCD: Operating	ON
SET LAMP	 When vehicle speed is between 40 km/h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89 MPH) 	ASCD: Not operating	OFF

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ASCD INDICATOR

Wiring Diagram



Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

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Check ASCD indicator under the following conditions.

ASCD INDICATOR	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
CRUISE LAMP	Ignition switch: ON	MAIN switch: pressed at the 1st time \rightarrow at the 2nd time	$ON\toOFF$
	MAIN switch: ON	ASCD: Operating	ON
SET LAMP	 When vehicle speed is between 40 km/h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89 MPH) 	ASCD: Not operating	OFF

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 2.

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Check that DTC U1000 or U1001 is not displayed.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Perform trouble diagnoses for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-153, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN</u> <u>COMMUNICATION LINE"</u>.

3. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION

Refer to DI-4, "COMBINATION METERS" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG \rightarrow So to <u>DI-6</u>, "Combination Meter".

4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

ELECTRICAL LOAD SIGNAL

ELECTRICAL LOAD SIGNAL

Description

The electrical load signal (Headlamp switch signal, etc.) is transferred through the CAN communication line from BCM to ECM via IPDM E/R.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	
LOAD SIGNAL	Ignition switch: ON	Rear window defogger switch ON and/ or lighting switch is in 2nd.	ON	D
LOAD SIGNAL		Rear window defogger switch and lighting switch are OFF.	OFF	
HEATER FAN SW	• Engine: After warning up, idle the	Heater fan switch: ON	ON	Ε
HEATEN FAN SW	engine	Heater fan switch: OFF	OFF	

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK LOAD SIGNAL CIRCUIT OVERALL FUNCTION-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Connect CONSULT-II and select "DATA MONITOR" mode.
- 3. Select "LOAD SIGNAL" and check indication under the following conditions.

Condition	Indication
Rear window defogger switch: ON	ON
Rear window defogger switch: OFF	OFF

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 4.

2. CHECK LOAD SIGNAL CIRCUIT OVERALL FUNCTION-II

Check "LOAD SIGNAL" indication under the following conditions.

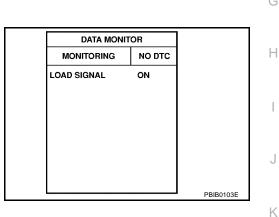
Condition	Indication
Lighting switch: ON at 2nd position	ON
Lighting switch: OFF	OFF

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 5.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO DTC
LOAD SIGNAL	ON

DATA MONITOR



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3. CHECK HEATER FAN SIGNAL CIRCUIT OVERALL FUNCTION

Select "HEATER FAN SW" and check indication under the following conditions.

Condition	Indication
Heater fan control switch: ON	ON
Heater fan control switch: OFF	OFF

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 6.

DATA MONITOR MONITORING NO DTC HEATER FAN SW ON

4. CHECK REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SYSTEM

Refer to GW-70, "REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER" .

>> INSPECTION END

5. CHECK HEADLAMP SYSTEM

Refer to LT-5, "HEADLAMP (FOR USA)" or LT-29, "HEADLAMP (FOR CANADA) - DAYTIME LIGHT SYS-TEM -" .

>> INSPECTION END

6. CHECK HEATER FAN CONTROL SYSTEM

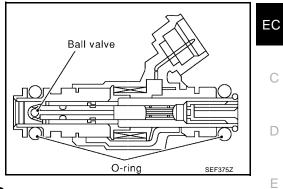
Refer to ATC-34, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS" or MTC-29, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS" .

>> INSPECTION END

FUEL INJECTOR

Component Description

The fuel injector is a small, precise solenoid valve. When the ECM supplies a ground to the fuel injector, the coil in the fuel injector is energized. The energized coil pulls the ball valve back and allows fuel to flow through the fuel injector into the intake manifold. The amount of fuel injected depends upon the injection pulse duration. Pulse duration is the length of time the fuel injector remains open. The ECM controls the injection pulse duration based on engine fuel needs.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	F
B/FUEL SCHDL	See EC-134, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE".			
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	2.0 - 3.0 msec	G
INJ PULSE-B1 INJ PULSE-B2	Shift lever: P or NAir conditioner switch: OFF	2,000 rpm	1.9 - 2.9 msec	G
	● No load			Н

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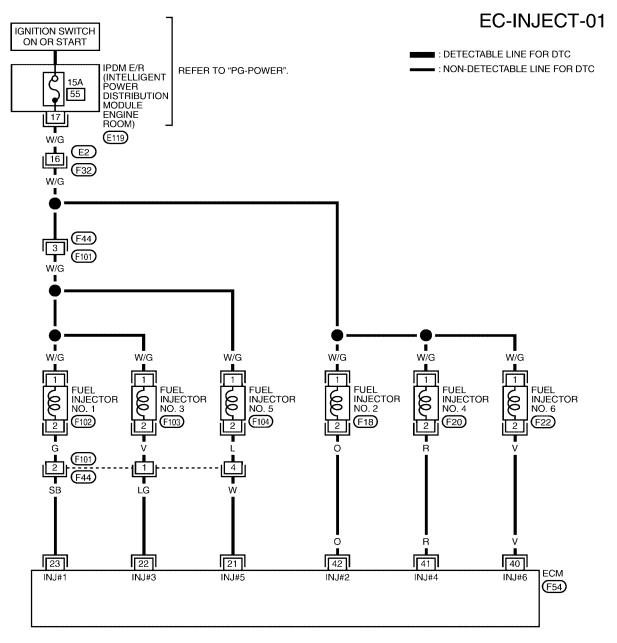
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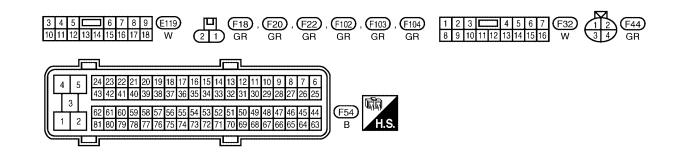
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Wiring Diagram





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FUEL INJECTOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С
21 22	W LG	Fuel injector No. 5 Fuel injector No. 3	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★	D
23 40 41 42	SB V R O	Fuel injector No. 1 Fuel injector No. 6 Fuel injector No. 4 Fuel injector No. 2	[Engine is running]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★	F
			 Warm-up condition Engine speed: 2,000 rpm 	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	G H
				SEC985C	

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure 1. INSPECTION START

Turn ignition switch to START.

Is any cylinder ignited?

Yes or No

Yes (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 2. Yes (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 3. No >> GO TO 7.

2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

OK or NG

OK >> **INSPECTION END** NG >> GO TO 7. А

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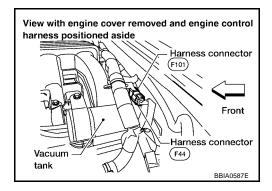
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3. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR-I

Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Disconnect harness connector F44, F101.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.



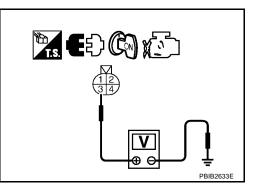
4. Check voltage between harness connector F44 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 6. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between harness connector F44 and ECM as follows.
 Befor to Wiring Diagram

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Cylinder	Harness connector F44 terminal	ECM terminal
1	2	23
3	1	22
5	4	21



Continuity should exist.

8. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- IPDM E/R harness connector E119
- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between harness connector F44 and fuse
- Harness for open or short between harness connector F101 and fuel injector

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR-II

Provide battery voltage between harness connector F101 as follows and then interrupt it. Listen to each fuel injector operating sound.

Cylinder	Harness connector F101 terminal		
Cylinder	(+)	(-)	
1	3	2	
3	3	1	
5	3	4	

Operating sound should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 7.

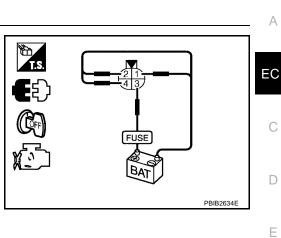
6. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR-III

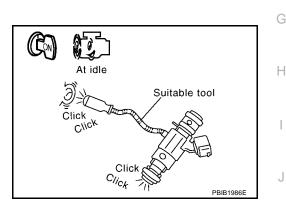
- 1. Reconnect all harness connector disconnected.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. Listen to fuel injectors No. 2, No. 4, No.6 operating sound.

Clicking noise should exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> INSPECTION END
- NG >> GO TO 7.





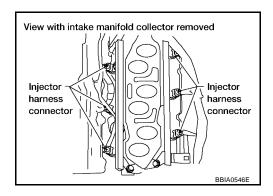
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7. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fuel injector harness connector.

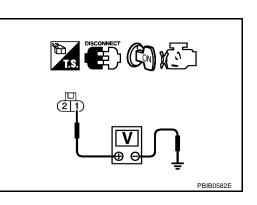


- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Check voltage between fuel injector terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
- NG >> GO TO 8.



8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness connectors F44, F101
- IPDM E/R harness connector E119
- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between fuel injector and fuse

>> Repair harness or connectors.

9. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between fuel injector terminal 2 and ECM terminals 21, 22, 23, 40, 41, 42. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 11.
NG	>> GO TO 10.

FUEL INJECTOR

10. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	А
Check the following.	
Harness connectors F101, F44	EC
Harness for open or short between fuel injector and ECM	LU
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	C
11. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR	C
Refer to EC-639, "Component Inspection".	D
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> Replace fuel injector.	Е
12. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	F
>> INSPECTION END	G
Component Inspection UBSOOKIA	
 Disconnect injector harness connector. 	Н
2. Check resistance between terminals as shown in the figure.	
$Resistance: 11.1 - 14.5\Omega [at 10 - 60^{\circ}C (50 - 140^{\circ}F)]$	
	I
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PBIB1727E	
Removal and Installation	L
Refer to EM-35 "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE"	

Refer to EM-35, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE" .

Μ

FUEL PUMP

PFP:17042

UBS00KIC

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM Function	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed*	Fuel pump control	Fuel pump relay
Battery	Battery voltage*		

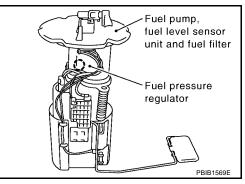
*: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

The ECM activates the fuel pump for several seconds after the ignition switch is turned ON to improve engine start ability. If the ECM receives a engine speed signal from the camshaft position sensor (PHASE), it knows that the engine is rotating, and causes the pump to operate. If the engine speed signal is not received when the ignition switch is ON, the engine stalls. The ECM stops pump operation and prevents battery discharging, thereby improving safety. The ECM does not directly drive the fuel pump. It controls the ON/OFF fuel pump relay, which in turn controls the fuel pump.

Condition	Fuel pump operation	
Ignition switch is turned to ON.	Operates for 1 second.	
Engine running and cranking	Operates.	
When engine is stopped	Stops in 1.5 seconds.	
Except as shown above	Stops.	

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

A turbine type design fuel pump is used in the fuel tank.

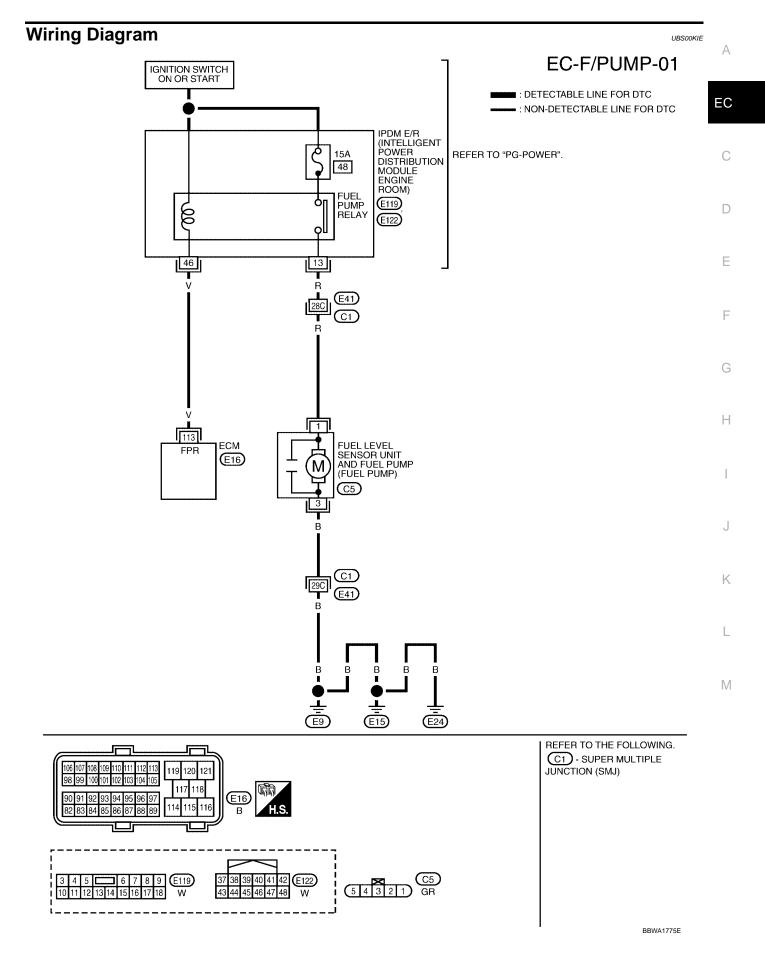


CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00KID

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
FUEL PUMP RLY	For 1 second after turning ignition switch ONEngine running or cranking	ON
	Except above conditions	OFF



FUEL PUMP

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
113 V	Fuel pump relay	 [Ignition switch: ON] For 1 second after turning ignition switch ON [Engine is running] 	0 - 1.5V	
	v	r dei punip relay	 [Ignition switch: ON] More than 1 second after turning ignition switch ON 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

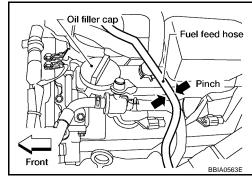
Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Pinch fuel feed hose with two fingers.
 Fuel pressure pulsation should be felt on the fuel feed hose for 1 second after ignition switch is turned ON.

OK or NG

- OK >> INSPECTION END
- NG >> GO TO 2.



UBSOOKIE

2. CHECK FUEL PUMP POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Check voltage between ECM terminal 113 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 3.

EC-643

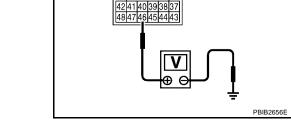
3. CHECK FUEL PUMP POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

Check voltage between IPDM E/R terminal 46 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 4.
NG	>> GO TO 12.



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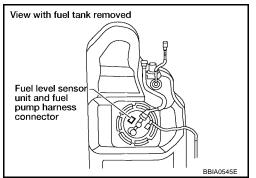
4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

5. CHECK FUEL PUMP POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

- Turn ignition switch OFF. 1.
- 2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 3. Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.
- Turn ignition switch ON. 4.



5. Check voltage between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

> Voltage: Battery voltage should exist for 1 second after ignition switch is turned ON.

6. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG

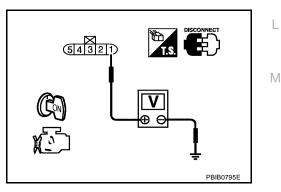
OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. CHECK 15A FUSE

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect 15A fuse.
- 3. Check 15A fuse.

OK or NG

>> GO TO 7. OK NG >> Replace fuse.



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7. CHECK FUEL PUMP POWER SUPPLY CURCUIT-IV

- 1. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E119.
- Check harness continuity between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 1 and IPDM E/R terminal 13.
 Befor to Wiring Diagram.

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 8.

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors C1, E41
- Harness for open or short between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK FUEL PUMP GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 3 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 10.

10. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors C1, E41
- Harness for open or short between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

11. CHECK FUEL PUMP

Refer to EC-644, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> Replace fuel pump.

12. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

OK or NG

OK >> Replace IPDM E/R.

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

Component Inspection

FUEL PUMP

1. Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.

Revision: September 2005



2006 Pathfinder

UBS00KIG

FUEL PUMP



M

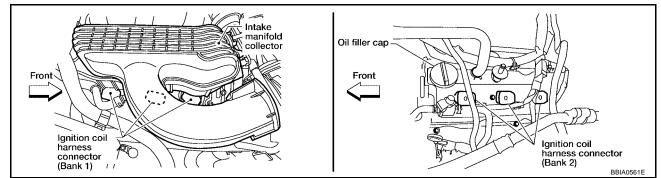
IGNITION SIGNAL

PFP:22448

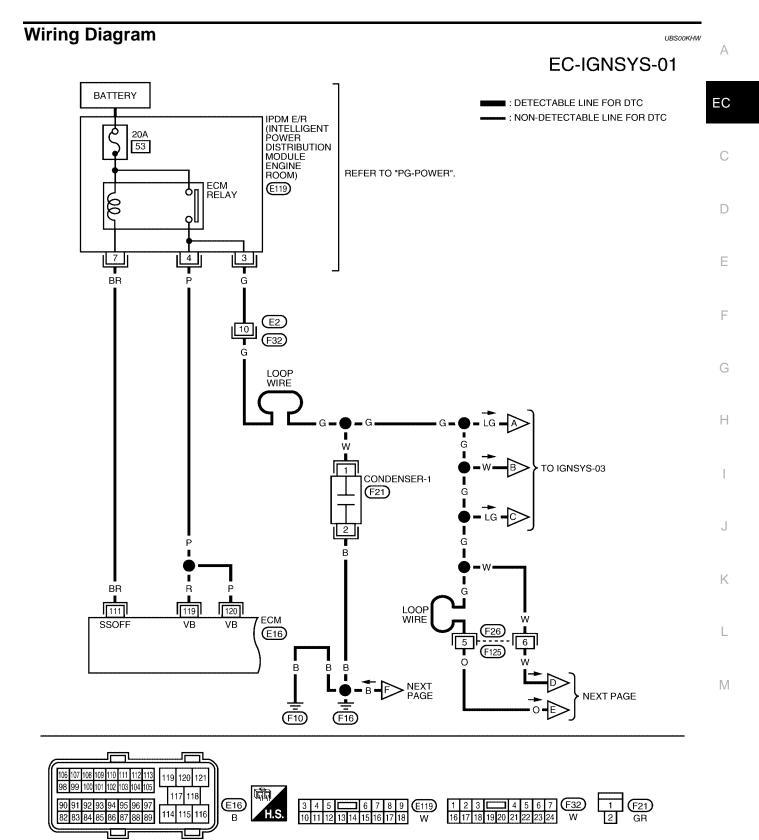
UBS00KHV

Component Description IGNITION COIL & POWER TRANSISTOR

The ignition signal from the ECM is sent to and amplified by the power transistor. The power transistor turns ON and OFF the ignition coil primary circuit. This ON/OFF operation induces the proper high voltage in the coil secondary circuit.



IGNITION SIGNAL



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 G

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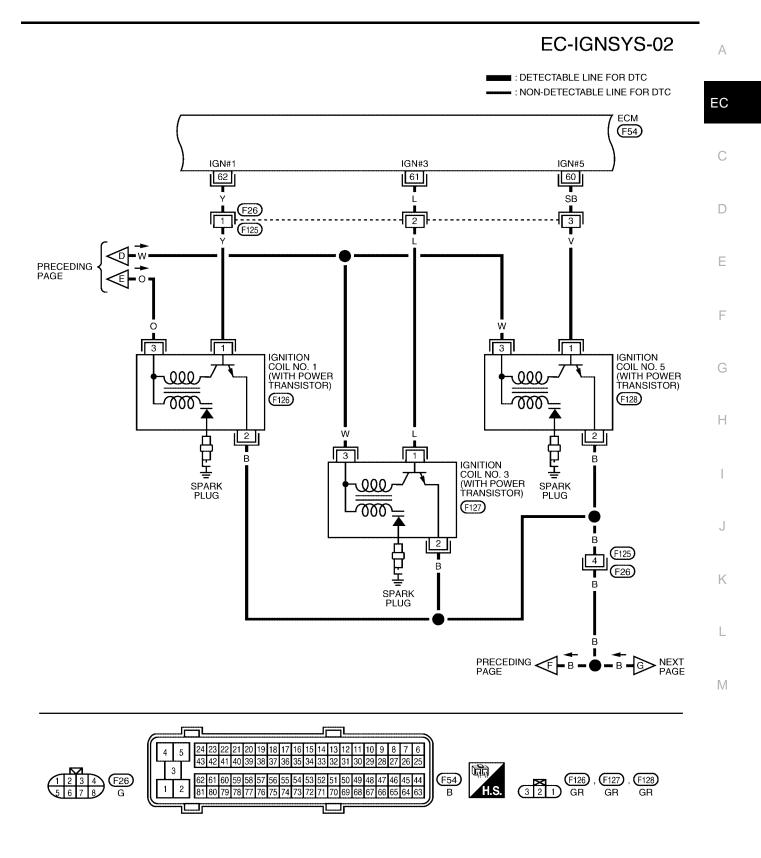
IGNITION SIGNAL

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
111 BR	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	 [Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	0 - 1.5V	
		 [Ignition switch: OFF] More than a few seconds passed after turning ignition switch OFF 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
119 120	R P	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

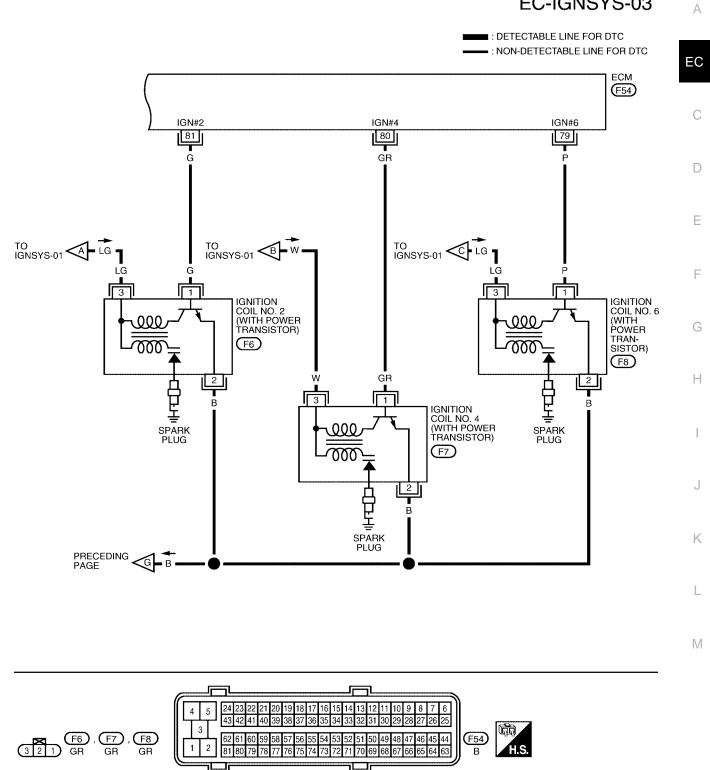
CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
60	SB	Ignition signal No. 5 Ignition signal No. 3	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle 	0 - 0.2V★
62	Y	Ignition signal No. 1	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Engine speed: 2,500 rpm 	0.1 - 0.4V★

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

EC-IGNSYS-03



BBWA2378E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
79 80	P GR	Ignition signal No. 6 Ignition signal No. 4	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle 	0 - 0.2V★
81	G	Ignition signal No. 2	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Engine speed: 2,500 rpm 	0.1 - 0.4V★

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK ENGINE START

Turn ignition switch OFF, and restart engine. **Is engine running?**

Yes or No

Yes (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 2. Yes (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 3. No >> GO TO 4.

2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

(I) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 10.

XX rpm XXX V	
xxx v	

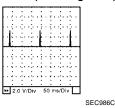
UBS00KHX

3. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Let engine idle.
- Read the voltage signal between ECM terminals 60, 61, 62, 79, 80, 81 and ground with an oscilloscope.
- Verify that the oscilloscope screen shows the signal wave as shown below.
 NOTE:

The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.



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OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 10.

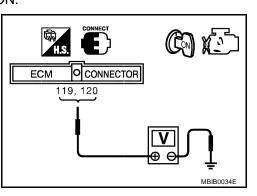
4. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminals 119, 120 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

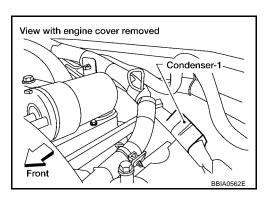
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Go to <u>EC-145, "POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIR-</u> <u>CUIT"</u>.



5. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect condenser-1 harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

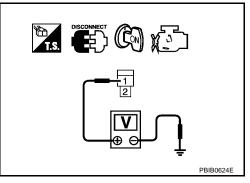


4. Check voltage between condenser-1 terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 6.



6. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E119.
- 3. Check harness continuity between IPDM E/R terminal 3 and condenser-1 terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17. NG >> GO TO 7.

7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness for open or short between condenser-1 and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

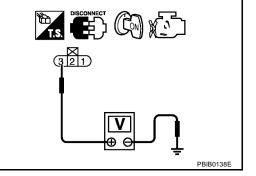
8.	CHECK CONDENSER-1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	A
1. 2.	Turn ignition switch OFF. Check harness continuity between condenser-1 terminal 2 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.	EC
<u>ОК</u> О		С
ы 9.	 G >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors. CHECK CONDENSER-1 	D
	fer to <u>EC-657, "Component Inspection"</u> . Cor NG	E
-	K >> GO TO 10.	F
). CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-V	G
1. 2. 3.	Turn ignition switch OFF. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected. Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.	Н
	Front	I
	Ignition coil harness connector (Bank 1)	K
4.	Turn ignition switch ON.	_

5. Check voltage between ignition coil terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 11.



11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F26, F125
- Harness for open or short between ignition coil and harness connector F32

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

Μ

12. CHECK IGNITION COIL GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ignition coil terminal 2 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14. NG >> GO TO 13.

13. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F125, F26
- Harness for open or short between ignition coil and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

14. CHECK IGNITION COIL OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 60, 61, 62, 79, 80, 81 and ignition coil terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16. NG >> GO TO 15.

15. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F26, F125
- Harness for open or short between ignition coil and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

16. CHECK IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR

Refer to EC-657, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

NG >> Replace ignition coil with power transistor.

17. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR CAUTION:

Do the following procedure in the place where ventilation is good without the combustible.

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.
- 3. Check resistance between ignition coil terminals as follows.

Terminal No. (Polarity)	Resistance Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]	
1 and 2	Except 0 or ∞	
1 and 3	Except 0	
2 and 3	Except 0	

- 4. If NG, Replace ignition coil with power transistor. If OK, go to next step.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 6. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- Remove fuel pump fuse in IPDM E/R to release fuel pressure.
 NOTE:

Do not use CONSULT-II to release fuel pressure, or fuel pressure applies again during the following procedure.

- 8. Start engine.
- 9. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 10. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 11. Remove ignition coil harness connectors to avoid the electrical discharge from the ignition coils.
- 12. Remove ignition coil and spark plug of the cylinder to be checked.
- 13. Crank engine for five seconds or more to remove combustion gas in the cylinder.
- 14. Connect spark plug and harness connector to ignition coil.
- 15. Fix ignition coil using a rope etc. with gap of 13 17 mm between the edge of the spark plug and grounded metal portion as shown in the figure.
- 16. Crank engine for about three seconds, and check whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded part.

Spark should be generated.

CAUTION:

• Do not approach to the spark plug and the ignition coil within 50cm. Be careful not to get an electrical shock while checking, because the electrical discharge voltage becomes 20kV or more.

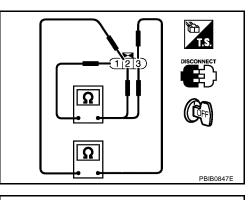
• It might cause to damage the ignition coil if the gap of more than 17 mm is taken. NOTE:

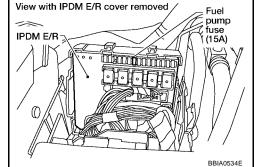
When the gap is less than 13 mm, the spark might be generated even if the coil is malfunctioning.

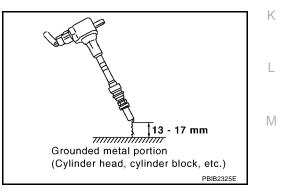
17. If NG, Replace ignition coil with power transistor.

CONDENSER-1

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect condenser-1 harness connector.







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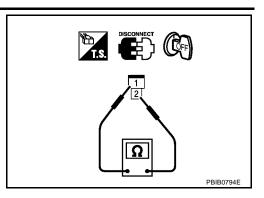
Revision: September 2005

3. Check resistance between condenser-1 terminals 1 and 2.

Resistance

e

Above 1 MΩ at 25°C (77°F)



UBS00KHZ

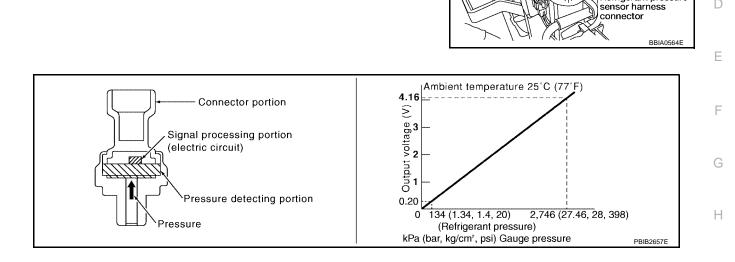
Removal and Installation IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR

Refer to EM-32, "IGNITION COIL" .

REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

Component Description

The refrigerant pressure sensor is installed at the condenser of the air conditioner system. The sensor uses an electrostatic volume pressure transducer to convert refrigerant pressure to voltage. The voltage signal is sent to ECM, and ECM controls cooling fan system.



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Front

Refrigerant pressure

View with battery removed

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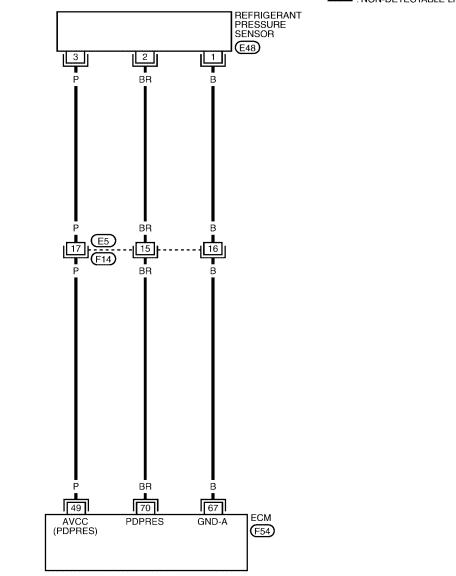
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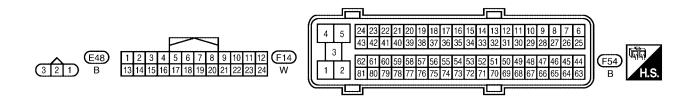
Wiring Diagram

EC-RP/SEN-01

UBS00KIJ

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





BBWA1776E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

				1	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
49	Р	Sensor power supply (Refrigerant pressure sen- sor/Battery current sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	С
67	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	D
70	BR	Refrigerant pressure sensor	 [Engine is running] Warm-up condition Both A/C switch and blower switch: ON (Compressor operates) 	1.0 - 4.0V	E

Diagnostic Procedure

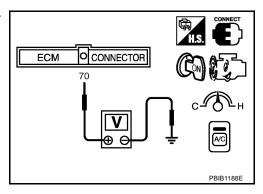
1. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR OVERALL FUNCTION

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn A/C switch and blower switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 70 and ground with CON-SULT-II or tester.

Voltage: 1.0 - 4.0V

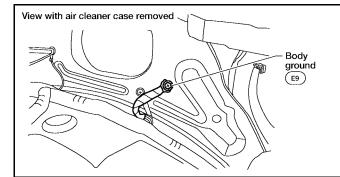
OK or NG

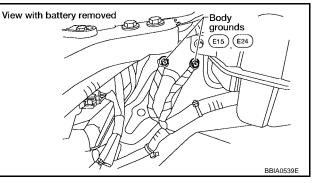
- OK >> INSPECTION END
- NG >> GO TO 2.



2. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn A/C switch and blower switch OFF.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-151, "Ground Inspection"





OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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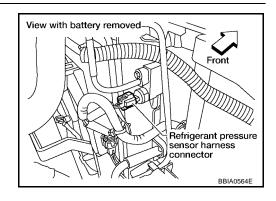
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REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

3. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect refrigerant pressure sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

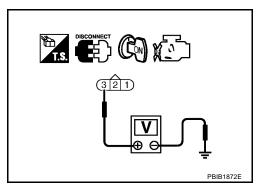


3. Check voltage between refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between ECM and refrigerant pressure sensor

>> Repair harness or connectors.

5. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between ECM and refrigerant pressure sensor

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	А
 Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 70 and refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram. 	
Continuity should exist.	EC
 Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8. 	С
8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	D
 Check the following. Harness connectors E5, F14 Harness for open or short between ECM and refrigerant pressure sensor 	E
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. 9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	F
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	G
OK or NG OK >> Replace refrigerant pressure sensor. NG >> Repair or replace.	Н
Removal and Installation	Ι
Refer to <u>ATC-165, "Removal and Installation for Refrigerant Pressure Sensor"</u> or <u>MTC-106, "Removal and Installation for Refrigerant Pressure Sensor"</u> .	
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A5			PFP:1495	
escription STEM DESCRIPTION			UBSOOK	
VIAS Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION	Actuator			
	Engine speed*			
ass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air			
ngine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature	VIAS control	VIAS control solenoid valve	
amshaft position sensor (PHASE) ass air flow sensor ngine coolant temperature sensor prottle position sensor ccelerator pedal position sensor attery CM determines the start signal status by th When VIAS control signal is "C	Throttle position			
ccelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position			
attery	Battery voltage*			
Vacuum tank Power valve ac Power valve One-way	etuator ve Air One-w	Vacuum tank Power valve		

When the engine is running at medium speed, the ECM sends the ON signal to the VIAS control solenoid valve. This signal introduces the intake manifold vacuum into the power valve actuator and therefore closes the power valve.

Under this condition, the effective intake manifold length is equivalent to the total length of passage A and passage B. This long intake manifold provides increased amount of intake air, which results in improved suction efficiency and higher torque.

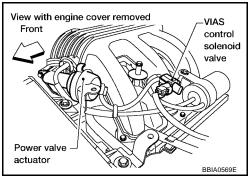
When engine is running at low or high speed, the ECM sends the OFF signal to the VIAS control solenoid valve and the power valve is opened.

Under this condition, the effective intake manifold length is equivalent to the length of passage B. This shortened intake manifold length results in enhanced engine output due to reduced suction resistance under high speeds.

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Power Valve

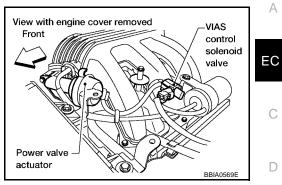
The power valve is installed in intake manifold collector and used to control the suction passage of the variable induction air control system. It is set in the fully closed or fully opened position by the power valve actuator operated by the vacuum stored in the surge tank. The vacuum in the surge tank is controlled by the VIAS control solenoid valve.



2006 Pathfinder

VIAS Control Solenoid Valve

The VIAS control solenoid valve cuts the intake manifold vacuum signal for power valve control. It responds to ON/OFF signals from the ECM. When the solenoid is off, the vacuum signal from the intake manifold is cut. When the ECM sends an ON signal the coil pulls the plunger downward and feeds the vacuum signal to the power valve actuator.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CON	IDITION	SPECIFICATION
VIAS S/V	 Engine: After warming up 	2,200 - 3,300 rpm	ON
VIAS 5/V		Except above conditions	OFF



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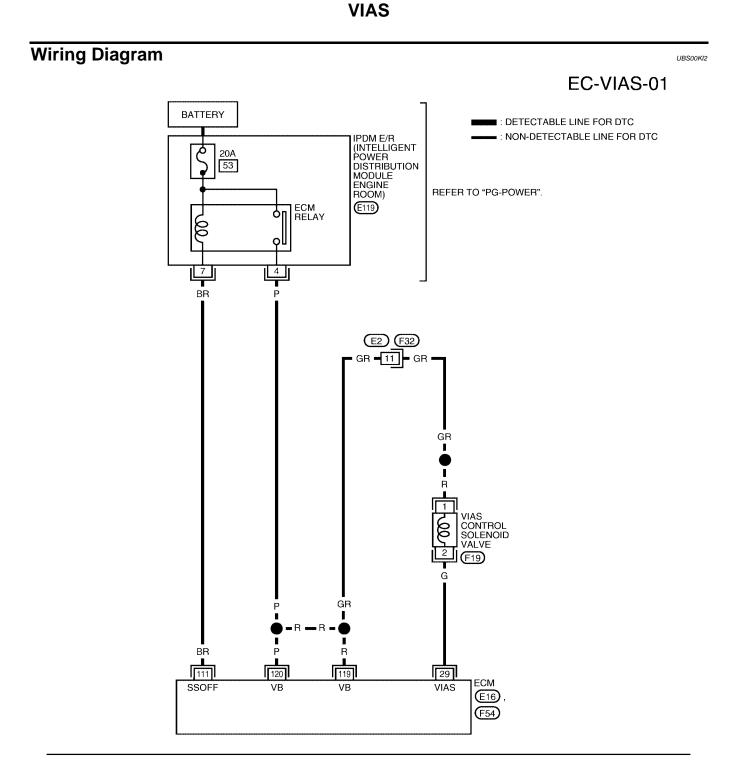
L

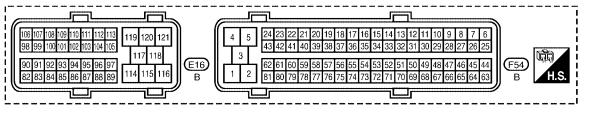
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BBWA1773E

VIAS

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

-		•	-	•	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
			[Engine is running]	BATTERY VOLTAGE	С
			 Idle speed 	(11 - 14V)	
29	G	VIAS control solenoid valve	[Engine is running]		
			 Engine speed: Between 2,200 and 3,300 rpm. 	0 - 1.0V	D
			[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF]	0.451/	E
111	BR	ECM relay	 For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF 	0 - 1.5V	
		(Self shut-off)	[Ignition switch: OFF]		F
			 More than a few seconds passed after turn- ing ignition switch OFF 	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
119 120	R P	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	G

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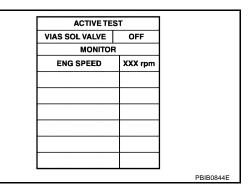
Diagnostic Procedure

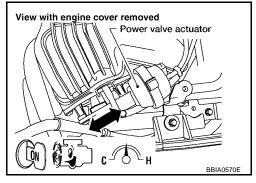
1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

(B) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Perform "VIAS SOL VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-SULT-II.

3. Turn VIAS control solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF", and make sure that power valve actuator rod moves.





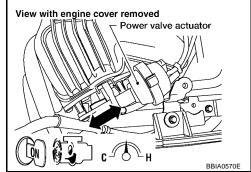
Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Rev engine up to between 2,200 and 3,300 rpm and make sure that power valve actuator rod moves.

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG (With CONSULT-II) >>GO TO 2. NG (Without CONSULT-II) >>GO TO 3.



UBS00KI3

2. CHECK VACUUM EXISTENCE

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Stop engine and disconnect vacuum hose connected to power valve actuator.
- 2. Start engine and let it idle.
- 3. Perform "VIAS SOL VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Turn VIAS control solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF", and check vacuum existence under the following conditions.

VIAS SOL VALVE	Vacuum
ON	Should exist.
OFF	Should not exist.

ACTIVE TES	ST		
VIAS SOL VALVE	OFF		
MONITOR	ł		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm		
		F	BIB0844

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EC

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OK or NG

- OK >> Repair or replace power valve actuator.
- NG >> GO TO 4.

3. CHECK VACUUM EXISTENCE

Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Stop engine and disconnect vacuum hose connected to power valve actuator.
- 2. Disconnect VIAS control solenoid valve harness connector.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle.
- 4. Apply 12V of direct current between VIAS control solenoid valve terminals 1 and 2.
- 5. Check vacuum existence under the following conditions.

Condition	Vacuum
12V direct current supply	Should exist.
No supply	Should not exist.

OK or NG

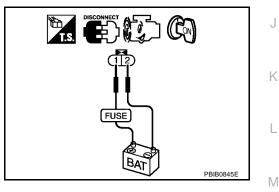
OK >> Repair or replace power valve actuator. NG >> GO TO 4.

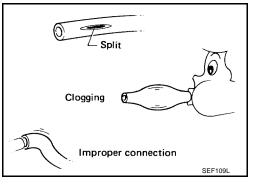
4. CHECK VACUUM HOSE

- 1. Stop engine.
- Check hoses and tubes between intake manifold and power valve actuator for crack, clogging, improper connection or disconnection. Refer to <u>EC-101</u>, "Vacuum Hose Drawing".

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Repair hoses or tubes.





5. CHECK VACUUM TANK

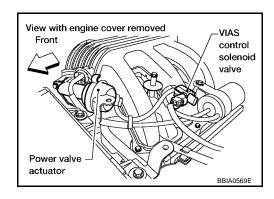
Refer to EC-671, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> Replace vacuum tank.

6. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect VIAS control solenoid valve harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

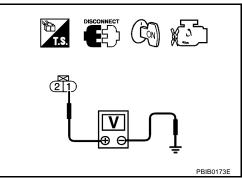


4. Check voltage between terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.



7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness for open or short between VIAS control solenoid valve and IPDM E/R
- Harness for open or short between VIAS control solenoid valve and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

8. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 29 and VIAS control solenoid valve terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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9. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-671, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace VIAS control solenoid valve.

10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

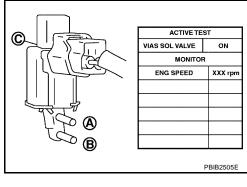
Component Inspection VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

With CONSULT-II

- 1. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Perform "VIAS SOL VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 4. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

Condition VIAS SOL VALVE	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
ON	Yes	No
OFF	No	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.



Without CONSULT-II

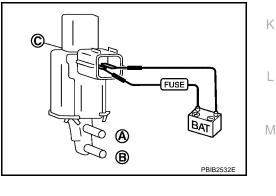
Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

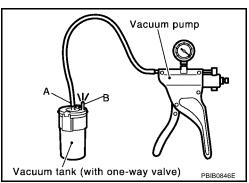
Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.

VACUUM TANK

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose connected to vacuum tank.
- 2. Connect a vacuum pump to the port (A) of vacuum tank.
- 3. Apply vacuum and make sure that vacuum exists at the port (B).





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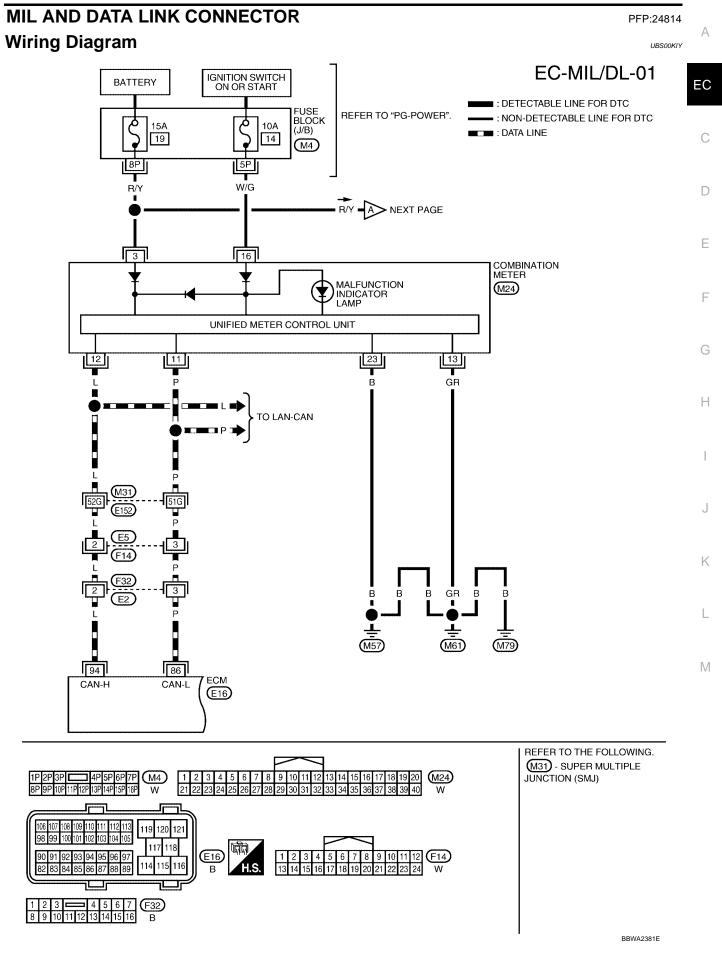
UBS00KI4

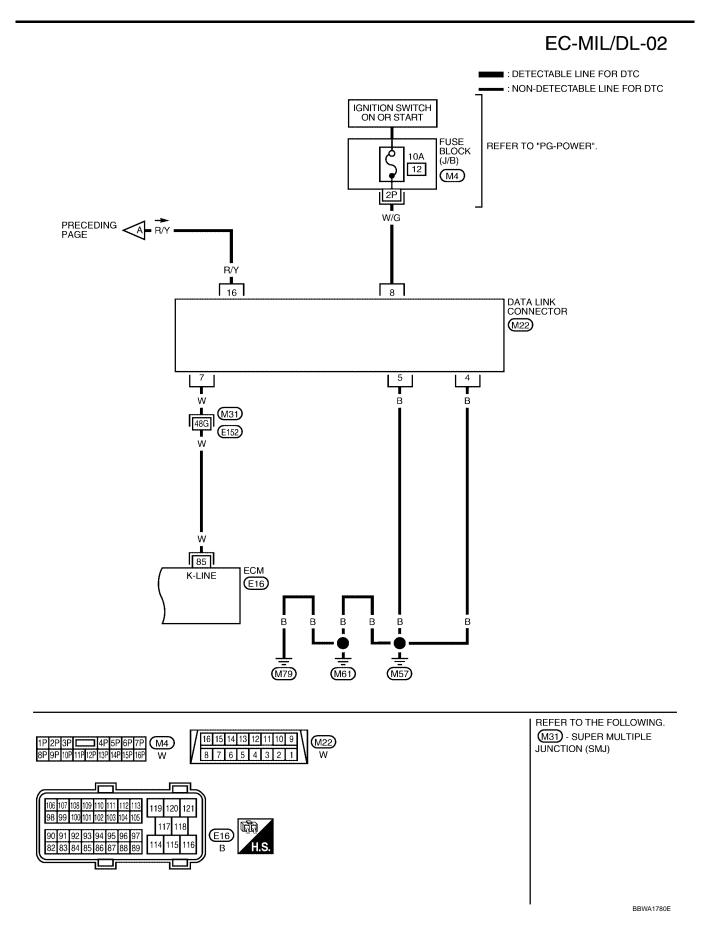
Removal and Installation VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EM-20, "INTAKE MANIFOLD" .

UBS00KI5

MIL AND DATA LINK CONNECTOR





Revision: September 2005

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Fuel Pressure	PECIFICATIONS (SD	-,	P:00030
1 451 51533415			UBS00KIZ
Fuel pressure at idling kPa (kg/cm ² , psi)		Approximately 350 (3.57, 51)	
Idle Speed and Ignition	Timing		UBS00KJ0
Target idle speed	No load* (in P or N position	on) 625 ± 50 rpm	
Air conditioner: ON	In P or N position	775 rpm or more	
Ignition timing	In P or N position	$15\pm5^\circ$ BTDC	
 *: Under the following conditions: Air conditioner switch: OFF Electric load: OFF (Lights, heater fa Steering wheel: Kept in straight-ahe 			
Calculated Load Value			UBS00KJ1
Condition		Calculated load value% (Using CONSULT-II or GST)	02000101
At idle		5 - 35	
At 2,500 rpm		5 - 35	
Mass Air Flow Sensor			UBS00KJ2
Supply voltage		Battery voltage (11 - 14V)	
Output voltage at idle		0.9 - 1.2*V	
Mass air flow (Using CONSULT-II or GST)		2.0 - 6.0 g⋅m/sec at idle* 7.0 - 20.0 g⋅m/sec at 2,500 rpm*	
*: Engine is warmed up to normal oper	ating temperature and running und		
Intake Air Temperature	Sensor		UBS00KJ3
Intake Air Temperature Temperature °C		Resistance kΩ	UBS00KJ3
•			UBSOOKJ3
Temperature °C 25 (77)	C (°F)	Resistance kΩ	UBS00KJ3 UBS00KJ4
Temperature °C 25 (77)	c (°F)	Resistance kΩ	
Temperature °(25 (77) Engine Coolant Tempe	c (°F)	Resistance kΩ 1.800 - 2.200	
Temperature °(25 (77) Engine Coolant Tempe Temperature °(c (°F)	Resistance kΩ 1.800 - 2.200 Resistance kΩ	
Temperature °(25 (77) Engine Coolant Tempe Temperature °(20 (68)	c (°F)	Resistance kΩ 1.800 - 2.200 Resistance kΩ 2.1 - 2.9	
Temperature °(25 (77) Engine Coolant Tempe Temperature °(20 (68) 50 (122) 90 (194)	C (°F)	Resistance kΩ 1.800 - 2.200 Resistance kΩ 2.1 - 2.9 0.68 - 1.00	
Temperature °(25 (77) Engine Coolant Tempe Temperature °(20 (68) 50 (122) 90 (194)	C (°F)	Resistance kΩ 1.800 - 2.200 Resistance kΩ 2.1 - 2.9 0.68 - 1.00	UBSOOKJ4
Temperature °(25 (77) Engine Coolant Tempe Temperature °(20 (68) 50 (122) 90 (194) Air Fuel Ratio (A/F) Ser Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	C (°F)	Resistance kΩ 1.800 - 2.200 Resistance kΩ 2.1 - 2.9 0.68 - 1.00 0.236 - 0.260	UBSOOKJ4
Temperature °(25 (77) Engine Coolant Tempe Temperature °(20 (68) 50 (122) 90 (194) Air Fuel Ratio (A/F) Ser Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	C (°F)	Resistance kΩ 1.800 - 2.200 Resistance kΩ 2.1 - 2.9 0.68 - 1.00 0.236 - 0.260	UBSOOKJ4
Temperature °(25 (77) Engine Coolant Tempe Temperature °(20 (68) 50 (122) 90 (194) Air Fuel Ratio (A/F) Ser Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)] Heated Oxygen sensor Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	C (°F)	Resistance kΩ 1.800 - 2.200 Resistance kΩ 2.1 - 2.9 0.68 - 1.00 0.236 - 0.260	UBSOOKJ4
Temperature °C 25 (77) Engine Coolant Tempe Temperature °C 20 (68) 50 (122) 90 (194) Air Fuel Ratio (A/F) Ser Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)] Heated Oxygen sensor Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)] Crankshaft Position Se	C (°F)	Resistance kΩ 1.800 - 2.200 Resistance kΩ 2.1 - 2.9 0.68 - 1.00 0.236 - 0.260	UBSOOKJ4 UBSOOKJ5 UBSOOKJ6
Temperature °C 25 (77) Engine Coolant Tempe Temperature °C 20 (68) 50 (122) 90 (194) Air Fuel Ratio (A/F) Ser Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)] Heated Oxygen sensor Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)] Crankshaft Position Se Refer to EC-365, "Component I	C (°F) rature Sensor C (°F) nsor 1 Heater 2 Heater ensor (POS) Inspection"	Resistance kΩ 1.800 - 2.200 Resistance kΩ 2.1 - 2.9 0.68 - 1.00 0.236 - 0.260	UBSOOKJA UBSOOKJS UBSOOKJS UBSOOKJ7
Temperature °C 25 (77) Engine Coolant Tempe Temperature °C 20 (68) 50 (122) 90 (194) Air Fuel Ratio (A/F) Ser Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)] Heated Oxygen sensor Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)] Crankshaft Position Ser Refer to EC-365, "Component I Camshaft Position Sen	C (°F) rature Sensor C (°F) C	Resistance kΩ 1.800 - 2.200 Resistance kΩ 2.1 - 2.9 0.68 - 1.00 0.236 - 0.260	UBSOOKJ4 UBSOOKJ5 UBSOOKJ6
25 (77) Engine Coolant Tempe Temperature °C 20 (68) 50 (122) 90 (194) Air Fuel Ratio (A/F) Ser Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)] Heated Oxygen sensor Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)] Crankshaft Position Se	C (°F) rature Sensor C (°F) C	Resistance kΩ 1.800 - 2.200 Resistance kΩ 2.1 - 2.9 0.68 - 1.00 0.236 - 0.260	UBSOOKJA UBSOOKJS UBSOOKJS UBSOOKJ7

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Fuel Injector	UBSOKJA
Resistance [at 10 - 60°C (50 - 140°F)]	11.1 - 14.5Ω
Fuel Pump	UBS00KJB
Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	0.2 - 5.0Ω