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## **PRECAUTION**

## **PRECAUTIONS**

Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SR and SB section of this Service Manual.

#### **WARNING:**

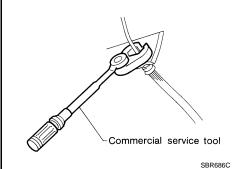
- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal
  injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag
  Module, see the SR section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

## Precaution for Brake System

- Recommended fluid is Genuine NISSAN Super Heavy Duty Brake Fluid or equivalent. Refer to MA-10, "Fluids and Lubricants".
- Do not reuse drained brake fluid.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas.
- To clean or wash all parts of master cylinder, disc brake caliper and wheel cylinder, use clean brake fluid.
- Do not use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene. They will ruin rubber parts of the hydraulic system.
- Use flare nut wrench when removing and installing brake tube.
- Always check tightening torque when installing brake lines.
- Before working, turn ignition switch to OFF and disconnect connectors for ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) or battery negative terminal.
- Burnish the brake contact surfaces after refinishing or replacing drums or rotors, after replacing pads or linings, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage.
  - Refer to BR-27, "Brake Burnishing".

#### **WARNING:**

 Clean brake pads and shoes with a waste cloth, then wipe with a dust collector.



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# **PREPARATION**

## **PREPARATION**

# Special Service Tool

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Tool number	Description
(Kent-Moore No.)	
Tool name	
_	Measuring brake pedal height
(J-46532)	
Brake and clutch pedal height measure-	
ment tool	

## **Commercial Service Tool**

INFOID:0000000001297391

Tool name		Description
Flare nut crowfoot     Torque wrench		Removing and installing each brake piping a: 10 mm (0.39 in) / 12 mm (0.47 in)
	S-NT360	
Power tool	PBIC0190E	Removing nuts, bolts and screws
	PBIC0191E	

## NOISE, VIBRATION, AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

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< FUNCTION DIAGNOSIS >

# **FUNCTION DIAGNOSIS**

# NOISE, VIBRATION, AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

## **NVH Troubleshooting Chart**

Use the chart below to help you find the cause of the symptom. If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

Reference	page	BR-7	<u>BR-7</u>	BR-10, BR-12	BR-33, BR-37	BR-33, BR-37	BR-33, BR-37	BR-33, BR-37	BR-33, BR-37	BR-27, BR-14	BR-33, BR-37	DLN-306. "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (2F1310), DLN-314. "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (2S1330), DLN-323. "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (2S1350)	DLN-336, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (R180A), DLN-370, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (M205)	DLN-402, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (R200), DLN-439, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (R230)	FAX-4, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (FAX), RAX-4, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (RAX)	FSU-4, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (FSU), RSU-4, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (RSU)	WT-33, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart"	ST-9, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart"
Possible ca SUSPECTE		Pads - damaged	Pads - uneven wear	Shims damaged	Rotor imbalance	Rotor damage	Rotor runout	Rotor deformation	Rotor deflection	Rotor rust	Rotor thickness variation	PROPELLER SHAFT	FRONT FINAL DRIVE	REAR FINAL DRIVE	DRIVESHAFT	SUSPENSION	TIRES AND ROAD WHEEL	STEERING
	Noise	×	×	×								×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Symptom	Shake				×							×			×	×	×	×
	Shimmy, Shudder				×	×	×	×	×	×	×				×	×	×	×

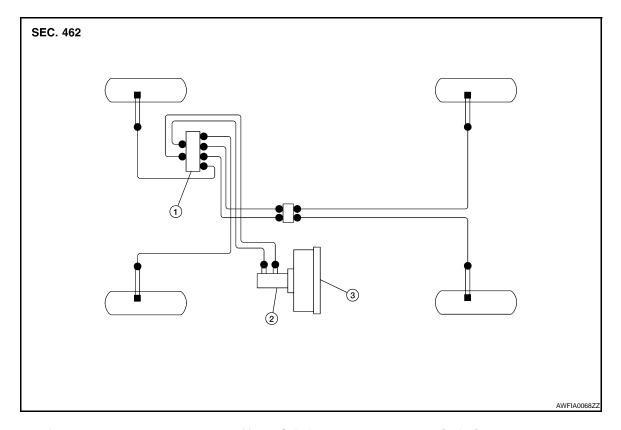
 $<sup>\</sup>times$ : Applicable

## NOISE, VIBRATION, AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

< FUNCTION DIAGNOSIS >

Hydraulic Circuit

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1. Actuator

Flare nut

- Master Cylinder
- Union Bolt

3. Brake Booster

#### **CAUTION:**

- All hoses and piping (tubes) must be free from excessive bending, twisting and pulling.
- Make sure there is no interference with other parts when turning steering both clockwise and counterclockwise.
- The brake piping is an important safety part. If a brake fluid leak is detected, always disassemble the parts. Replace applicable part with a new one, if necessary.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it way cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- Do not bend or twist brake hose sharply, or strongly pull it.
- When removing components, cover connections so that no dirt, dust, or other foreign matter gets in.
- Refill with new brake fluid. Refer to MA-10, "Fluids and Lubricants".
- · Do not reuse drained brake fluid.

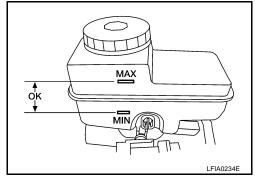
## **BASIC INSPECTION**

## INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

## Brake Fluid Level Inspection

#### LEVEL CHECK

- Check that the brake fluid level in the reservoir tank is within specification, between the MAX and MIN lines as shown.
- Visually check around reservoir tank for fluid leaks.
- If fluid level is excessively low, check brake system for leaks.
- If brake warning lamp remains illuminated after the parking brake pedal is released, check the brake system for any brake fluid leaks.



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## **Brake Booster Inspection**

#### VISUAL INSPECTION

Check for improper assembly, damage and deterioration.

#### CHECK VALVE INSPECTION

#### Airtightness Inspection

Use a suitable vacuum pump to check. Connect to brake booster side of check valve.

> : Vacuum decrease should be within 1.3 kPa Check (10 mmHg, 0.39 inHg) for 15 seconds under valve a vacuum of - 66.7 kPa (- 500 mmHg, - 19.69 specifi-

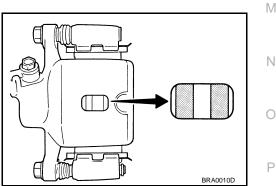
cation inHq)

# Engine side Connect to brake booster side Suitable tool LFIA0217E

Pad Wear Inspection

#### PAD WEAR INSPECTION

• Inspect the thickness of pad through cylinder body inspection hole. Use a scale for inspection if necessary. Refer to BR-41, "Front Disc Brake" (Front), BR-41, "Rear Disc Brake" (Rear).



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## Brake Pedal Inspection and Adjustment

INSPECTION

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## **INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT**

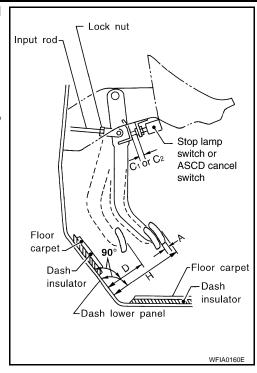
#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

1. Inspect the brake pedal free height "H" from dash lower panel using Tool.

Tool : — (J-46532)

Adjust the height referring to the following specifications. CAUTION:

The adjustable pedal must be in the frontmost (closest to the floor) position for pedal height measurement.



Unit: mm (in)

Free height "H"	: 182.1 - 192.1 (7.17 - 7.56)
Depressed pedal height ("D" [under a force of 490 N (50 kg, 110 lb) with engine running]	: 105 - 115 (4.13 - 4.53)
Clearance between pedal stopper and threaded end of stop lamp switch and ASCD cancel switch "C1" or "C2"	: 0.74 - 1.96 (0.029 - 0.077)
Pedal play "A"	: 3 - 11 (0.12 - 0.43)

#### **ADJUSTMENT**

- 1. Loosen the stop lamp switch and ASCD cancel switch by turning 45° counterclockwise.
- Loosen lock nut on the input rod, then turn input rod to adjust the pedal to specified height. When finished adjusting, tighten lock nut.

#### **CAUTION:**

Make sure that the screw portion of the end of input rod is located inside the clevis.

#### Lock nut : 18.6 N·m (1.9 kg-m, 14 ft-lb)

- 3. With the pedal pulled up and held by hand, press the stop lamp switch and the ASCD cancel switch in until threaded ends contact pedal arm.
- 4. With the threaded ends of the stop lamp switch and ASCD cancel switch contacting the pedal arm, turn the switches 45° clockwise to lock in place.

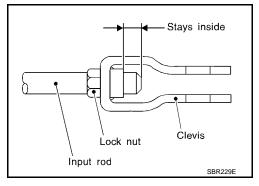
CAUTION:
Make sure that the gap "C1 or C2" between the rubber stops and switch ends are within specification.

5. Check the pedal play.

#### **CAUTION:**

Make sure that the stop lamp goes off when the pedal is released.

6. Start the engine and check the height of the brake pedal when depressing it.



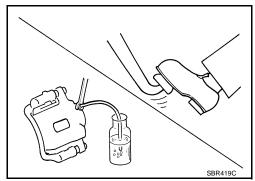
# **ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE**

## **BRAKE FLUID**

Drain and Refill

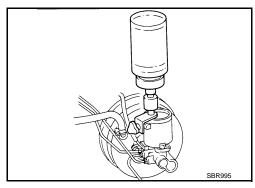
#### **CAUTION:**

- Refill with new brake fluid. Refer to MA-10, "Fluids and Lubricants".
- Do not reuse drained brake fluid.
- Do not let brake fluid splash on the painted surfaces of the body. This might damage the paint, so when splashing it, immediately wipe off the area and wash away with water.
- Before servicing, disconnect battery negative cable.
- 1. Connect a vinyl tube to each bleed valve.
- Depress brake pedal, loosen each bleed valve, and gradually remove brake fluid.



3. Make sure there is no foreign material in reservoir tank, and refill with new brake fluid.

4. Rest foot on brake pedal. Loosen bleed valve. Slowly depress pedal until it stops. Tighten bleed valve. Release brake pedal. Repeat this process a few times, then pause to add new brake fluid to master cylinder. Continue until new brake fluid flows out. Bleed air from brake system. Refer to <u>BR-9</u>, "<u>Bleeding Brake System</u>".



## Bleeding Brake System

#### **CAUTION:**

While bleeding, monitor the master cylinder brake fluid level.

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect battery negative cable.
- 2. Connect a vinyl tube to the rear right bleed valve.
- 3. Fully depress brake pedal 4 to 5 times.
- 4. With brake pedal depressed, loosen bleed valve to let the air out, and then tighten it immediately.
- 5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 until no more air comes out.
- 6. Tighten bleed valve to the specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-10</u>, "Component" (front disc brake), <u>BR-12</u>, "Component" (rear disc brake).
- 7. Perform steps 2 to 6 at each wheel, with master cylinder reservoir tank filled at least half way, bleed air from the front left, rear left, and front right bleed valve, in that order.

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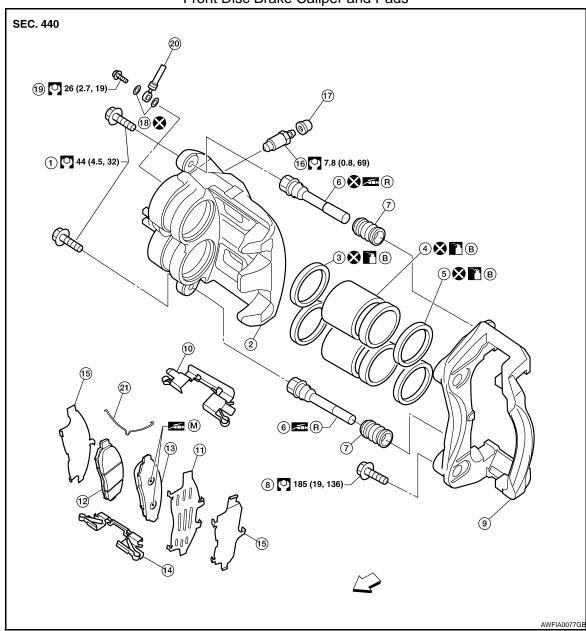
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Component INFOID:000000001297474

### Front Disc Brake Caliper and Pads



- 1. Sliding pin bolt
- 4. Piston
- 7. Sliding pin boot
- 10. Upper pad retainer
- 13. Outer brake pad
- 16. Bleed valve
- 19. Union bolt
- B. Brake fluid

- 2. Cylinder body
- 5. Piston boot
- 8. Torque member bolt
- 11. Outer shim
- 14. Lower pad retainer
- 17. Cap
- 20. Brake hose
- R. Rubber grease

- 3. Piston seal
- 6. Sliding pin
- 9. Torque member
- 12. Inner brake pad
- 15. Shim cover
- 18. Copper washers
- 21. Pad return spring

#### WARNING:

Clean dust on caliper and brake pad with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

#### < ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE >

- While removing cylinder body never depress brake pedal because piston will pop out.
- It is not necessary to remove bolts on torque member and brake hose except for disassembly or replacement of cylinder body. In this case, hang cylinder body with a wire so as not to stretch brake hose.
- Do not damage piston boot.
- · Burnish brake contact surface after refinishing or replacing rotors, after replacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to BR-27, "Brake Burnishing".

## Removal and Installation of Brake Pad

#### INFOID:0000000001297475

#### REMOVAL

- Remove wheel and tire using power tool.
- Remove master cylinder reservoir cap.
- 3. Remove lower sliding pin bolt using power tool.
- 4. Suspend cylinder body with a wire and remove pad return spring, pads, shim, shim covers, and retainers from torque member.

#### **INSTALLATION**

- 1. Apply Molykote M-77 grease between outer brake pad plate and shim, then attach shim and shim covers to brake pads. Refer to MA-10, "Fluids and Lubricants".
- Attach pad retainer to torque member, then install brake pad, shims and pad return spring.

#### **CAUTION:**

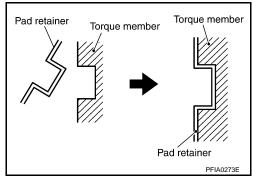
When attaching pad retainer, attach it firmly so that it is flush with torque member, as shown.

Using a suitable tool push pistons into cylinder body. NOTE:

Using a disc brake piston tool (commercial service tool), etc., makes it easier to push pistons into cylinder body.

#### CAUTION:

By pushing in piston, brake fluid returns to master cylinder reservoir tank. Watch the level of the surface of reservoir tank.



- Remove wire then swing cylinder body down over brake pad assemblies.
- 5. Install lower sliding pin bolt and tighten to specification. Refer to BR-10, "Component".
- Check brake for drag.
- 7. Inspect fluid level, then install master cylinder reservoir cap.
- Install wheel and tire. Refer to WT-36, "Rotation".

#### Brake Burnishing

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Burnish brake contact surface according to the following procedure after refinishing or replacing rotors, after replacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage.

#### Only perform this procedure under safe road and traffic conditions. Use extreme caution.

- 1. Drive the vehicle on a straight smooth road at 50 km/h (31 MPH).
- Use medium brake pedal/foot effort to bring the vehicle to a complete stop from 50 km/h (31 MPH). Adjust brake pedal/foot pressure such that vehicle stopping time equals 3 to 5 seconds.
- To cool brake system, drive the vehicle at 50 km/h (31 MPH) for 1 minute without stopping. 3.
- Repeat steps 1 to 3, 10 times or more to complete the burnishing procedure.

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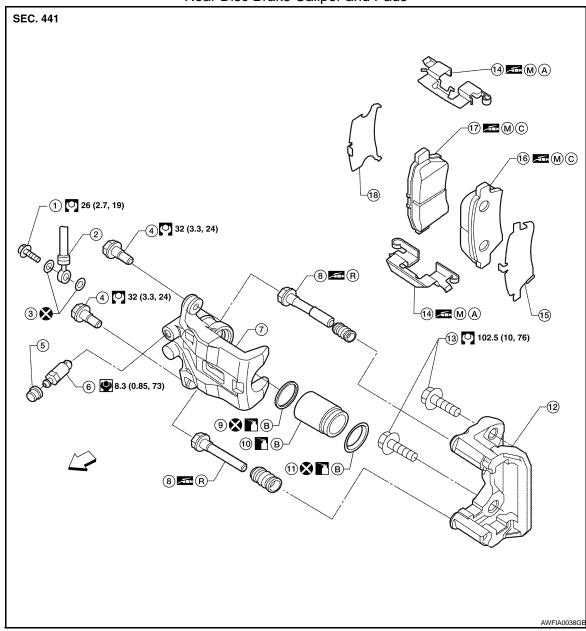
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## **REAR DISC BRAKE**

Component INFOID:000000001297480

## Rear Disc Brake Caliper and Pads



- 1. Union bolt
- 4. Sliding pin bolt
- 7. Cylinder body
- 10. Piston
- 13. Torque member bolt
- 16. Outer brake pad
- A. Molykote 7439 Refer to <u>BR-13</u> for appliage B. cation areas
- R. Rubber grease

- 2. Brake hose
- 5. Cap
- 8. Sliding pin
- 11. Piston boot
- 14. Pad retainer
- 17. Inner brake pad
- B. Brake fluid

 $\Leftarrow$  : Front

- 3. Copper washers
- 6. Bleed valve
- 9. Piston seal
- 12. Torque member
- 15. Outer shim
- 18. Inner shim
- C. Molykote 77

#### **WARNING:**

Clean dust on caliper and brake pad with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

#### **CAUTION:**

- While removing cylinder body, never depress brake pedal because piston will pop out.
- It is not necessary to remove bolts on torque member and brake hose except for disassembly or replacement of cylinder body. In this case, hang cylinder body with a wire so as not to stretch brake hose.
- Do not damage piston boot.
- Burnish brake contact surface after refinishing or replacing rotors, after replacing pads, or it a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to BR-14, "Brake Burnishing".

Removal and Installation of Brake Pad

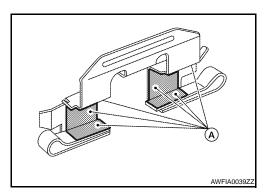
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#### **REMOVAL**

- 1. Remove wheel and tire using power tool.
- 2. Remove master cylinder reservoir cap.
- 3. Remove lower sliding pin bolt using power tool.
- Suspend cylinder body with a wire and remove pads, shims and retainers from torque member.

#### INSTALLATION

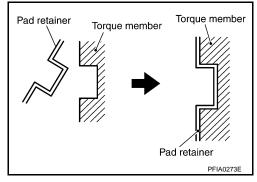
- 1. Apply Molykote M-77 grease between outer brake pad plate and shim, then attach shims to brake pads. Refer to MA-10, "Fluids and Lubricants".
- Apply Molykote 7439 to pad retainers (A) as shown



3. Attach pad retainer to torque member, then install brake pad and shim assemblies.

#### **CAUTION:**

When attaching pad retainer, attach it firmly so that it is flush with torque member, as shown.



4. Using a suitable tool push piston into cylinder body.

#### NOTE:

Using a disc brake piston tool (commercial service tool), etc., makes it easier to push piston into cylinder body.

#### **CAUTION:**

By pushing in piston, brake fluid returns to master cylinder reservoir tank. Watch the level of the surface of reservoir tank.

- 5. Remove wire then swing cylinder body down over brake pad assemblies.
- Install lower sliding pin bolt and tighten to specification. Refer to <u>BR-12</u>, "Component".
- 7. Check brake for drag.
- 8. Inspect fluid level, then install master cylinder reservoir cap.
- 9. Install wheel and tire. Refer to WT-36, "Rotation".

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## **REAR DISC BRAKE**

#### < ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE >

## **Brake Burnishing**

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Burnish brake contact surface according to the following procedure after refinishing or replacing rotors, after replacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage.

CAUTION:

Only perform this procedure under safe road and traffic conditions. Use extreme caution.

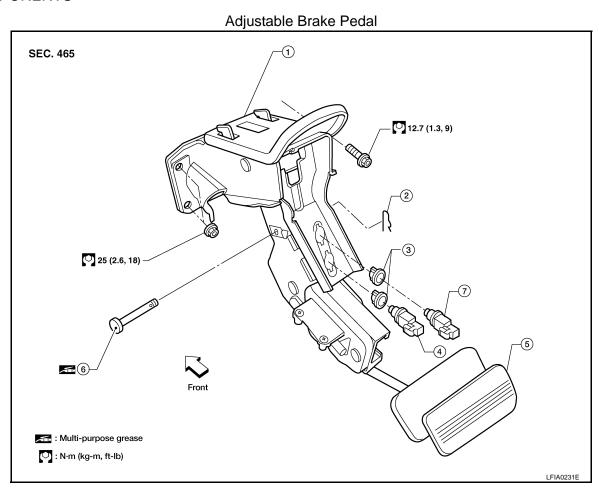
- 1. Drive the vehicle on a straight smooth road at 50 km/h (31 MPH).
- 2. Use medium brake pedal/foot effort to bring the vehicle to a complete stop from 50 km/h (31 MPH). Adjust brake pedal/foot pressure such that vehicle stopping time equals 3 to 5 seconds.
- 3. To cool brake system, drive the vehicle at 50 km/h (31 MPH) for 1 minute without stopping.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 to 3, 10 times or more to complete the burnishing procedure.

# REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

## **BRAKE PEDAL**

Removal and Installation

## **COMPONENTS**



- 1. Brake pedal assembly
- 4. Stop lamp switch
- 7. ASCD cancel switch
- 2. Snap pin
- 5. Pedal pad

- 3. Clip
- 6. Clevis pin

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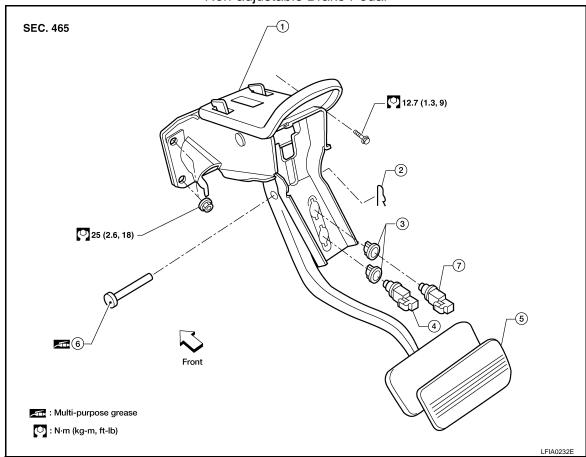
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#### Non-adjustable Brake Pedal



- 1. Brake pedal assembly
- 4. Stop lamp switch
- 7. ASCD cancel switch
- 2. Snap pin
- 5. Pedal pad

- 3. Clip
- 6. Clevis pin

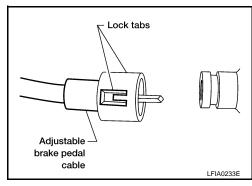
#### REMOVAL FOR ADJUSTABLE BRAKE PEDAL

#### **WARNING:**

Do not deform the brake tube.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Before removal and installation the accelerator and brake pedals must be in the forward most position (closest to the floor). This is to align the base position of the accelerator and brake pedals.
- Do not disassemble the brake pedal adjusting mechanism.
- Avoid damage from dropping the brake pedal assembly during handling.
- Keep the brake pedal assembly away from water.
- 1. Remove the lower driver instrument panel. Refer to IP-10, "Removal and Installation".
- 2. Remove the stop lamp switch and ASCD cancel switch from the pedal assembly.
- 3. Disconnect the adjustable brake pedal cable from the adjustable pedal.
  - Release the two lock tabs, then pull the adjustable brake pedal cable to disconnect it from the adjustable brake pedal.



Remove snap pin and clevis pin from the clevis of the brake booster.

#### **BRAKE PEDAL**

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- 5. Remove nuts and the pedal assembly.
  - Temporarily install the nuts by hand to support the booster.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Before removal and installation the accelerator and brake pedals must be in the frontmost position (closest to the floor). This is to align the base position of the accelerator and brake pedals.
- Do not disassemble the brake pedal adjusting mechanism.
- Avoid damage from dropping the brake pedal assembly during handling.
- Keep the brake pedal assembly away from water.

#### REMOVAL FOR NON-ADJUSTABLE BRAKE PEDAL

#### **WARNING:**

Do not deform the brake tube.

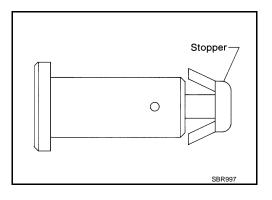
#### **CAUTION:**

- Do not disassemble the brake pedal assembly.
- Avoid damage from dropping the brake pedal assembly during handling.
- Keep the brake pedal assembly away from water.
- 1. Remove the lower driver instrument panel. Refer to <a href="IP-10">IP-10</a>, "Removal and Installation".
- 2. Remove the stop lamp switch and ASCD cancel switch from the pedal assembly.
- 3. Remove snap pin and clevis pin from the clevis of the brake booster.
- 4. Remove nuts and the pedal assembly.
  - Temporarily install the nuts by hand to support the booster.

#### INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Check brake pedal for following items.

- Crack or deformation of clevis pin stopper
- Clevis pin deformation
- Crack of any welded portion
- · Brake pedal bend



#### INSTALLATION

- Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
  - Check the brake pedal for smooth operation. There should be no binding or sticking when applying or releasing the brake pedal.
  - On models equipped with adjustable brake pedal, check the adjustable feature for smooth operation. There should be no binding or sticking when adjusting the brake pedal forward and backward.
  - After installing the brake pedal assembly in the vehicle, be sure to adjust it. Refer to <u>BR-7</u>, "<u>Brake Pedal Inspection and Adjustment</u>".

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## **BRAKE PIPING AND HOSE**

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

## BRAKE PIPING AND HOSE

## Removal and Installation of Front Brake Piping and Brake Hose

INFOID:0000000001297435

#### **REMOVAL**

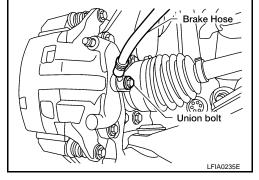
- 1. Drain brake fluid. Refer to BR-9, "Drain and Refill".
- 2. Remove brake tube from brake hose, using a suitable tool.
- 3. Remove lock plate and brake hose from bracket.
- 4. Remove union bolt and then remove brake hose from caliper assembly.

#### INSTALLATION

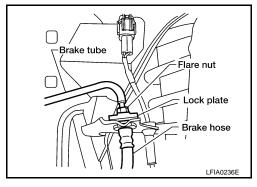
1. Install brake hose by aligning with the protrusion on caliper assembly, and tighten union bolt to the specified torque. Refer to BR-6, "Hydraulic Circuit".

#### NOTE:

Do not reuse copper washer.



- 2. Insert brake hose end through bracket, then secure it to bracket with lock plate.
- 3. Install brake tube to brake hose, then tighten flare nut to the specified torque using a suitable tool.
- 4. Refill brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to <u>BR-9</u>, "<u>Bleeding Brake System</u>".



## Removal and Installation of Rear Brake Piping and Brake Hose

INFOID:0000000001297436

#### **REMOVAL**

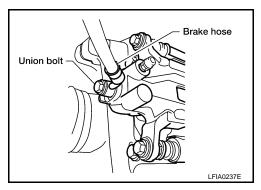
- 1. Drain brake fluid. Refer to BR-9, "Drain and Refill".
- 2. Remove brake tube from brake hose, using a suitable tool.
- 3. Remove lock plate and brake hose from bracket.
- 4. Remove union bolt, and then remove brake hose from caliper assembly.

#### INSTALLATION

1. Install brake hose by aligning with the protrusion on caliper assembly, and tighten union bolt to the specified torque. Refer to BR-6, "Hvdraulic Circuit".

#### NOTE:

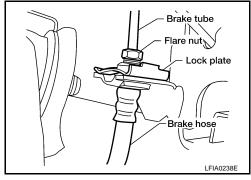
Do not reuse copper washer.



## **BRAKE PIPING AND HOSE**

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- 2. Insert brake hose end through bracket, then secure it to bracket with lock plate.
- 3. Install brake tube to brake hose, then tighten flare nut to the specified torque using a suitable tool.
- 4. Refill brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to <u>BR-9</u>, "<u>Bleeding Brake</u> System".



## Inspection After Installation

INFOID:0000000001297437

#### **CAUTION:**

If a leak is detected at the connections, retighten it or, if necessary, replace the damaged part.

- 1. Check brake lines (tubes and hoses), and connections for fluid leaks, damage, twist, deformation, contact with other parts, and loose connections. Replace any damaged parts.
- 2. While depressing brake pedal under a force of 785 N (80 kg-f, 177 lb-f) with engine running for approximately 5 seconds, check for fluid leaks from each part.

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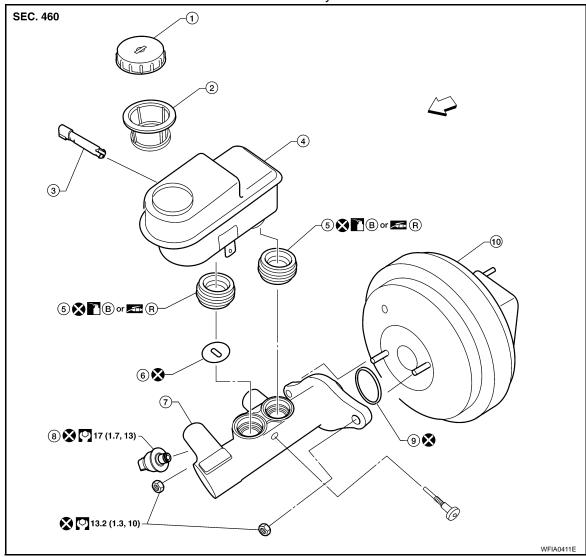
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## **BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER**

#### Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000001297439

# **Brake Master Cylinder**



- 1. Reservoir cap
- Reservoir tank
- Master cylinder sub-assembly
- 10. Brake booster
- R. Rubber grease

- Strainer
- Grommet
- 8. Fluid pressure sensor
- Front

- 3. Fluid level sensor
- 6. Restriction washer
- O-ring
- B. Brake fluid

#### **CAUTION:**

Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

#### **REMOVAL**

- Drain brake fluid. Refer to BR-9, "Drain and Refill".
- 2. Disconnect harness connectors for fluid level sensor and pressure sensor.
- Disconnect brake tube from master cylinder assembly. 3.
- Remove master cylinder assembly nuts and master cylinder assembly.

#### INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

## **BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER**

## < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- Refill brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to <u>BR-9</u>, "<u>Bleeding Brake System</u>".
   CAUTION:
  - Refill using recommended brake fluid. Refer to BR-9, "Drain and Refill".
  - Do not reuse drained brake fluid.
- Adjust brake pedal. Refer to BR-7, "Brake Pedal Inspection and Adjustment".

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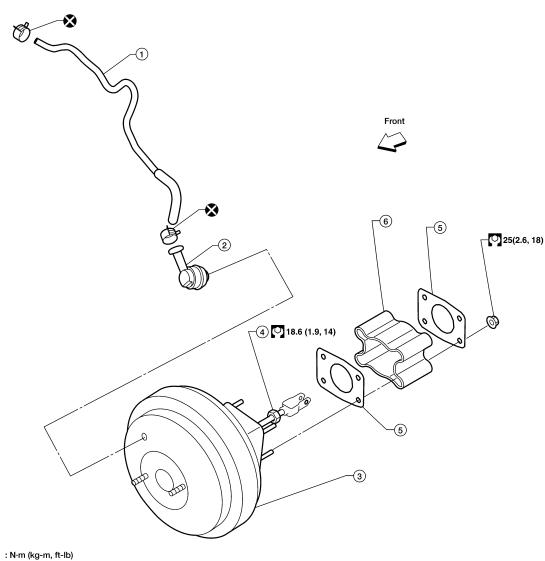
## **BRAKE BOOSTER**

## Removal and Installation

#### INFOID:0000000001297442

#### **Brake Booster**

SEC. 470



: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

: Always replace after every disassembly.

LFIA0241E

- 1. Brake booster hose
- Brake booster vacuum check valve 3. Brake booster
- 4. Lock nut 5. Gasket

6. Spacer block

## **REMOVAL**

#### **CAUTION:**

- Be careful not to deform or bend brake piping while removing and installing brake booster.
- Replace clevis pin if it is damaged.
- Be careful not to damage brake booster stud bolt threads. If brake booster is tilted or inclined during installation, dash panel may damage the threads.
- · Attach the check valve in the correct direction.
- Remove actuator and electric unit. Refer to <u>BRC-123</u>, "Removal and Installation".
- 2. Remove brake piping from brake master cylinder.
- Remove brake master cylinder. Refer to BR-20, "Removal and Installation".

## **BRAKE BOOSTER**

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

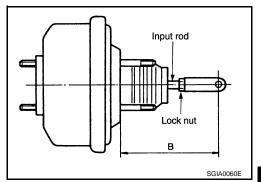
- 4. Remove vacuum hose from brake booster. Refer to BR-22.
- 5. Remove brake pedal attachment snap pin and clevis pin from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Remove nuts on brake booster and brake pedal assembly.
- 7. Remove brake booster assembly from dash panel.

#### INSTALLATION

1. Loosen lock nut to adjust input rod length so that the length "B" satisfies the specified value.

#### Length "B" : 150 mm (5.91 in)

- 2. After adjusting "B", temporarily tighten lock nut and install booster assembly to the vehicle.
  - Install a gaskets and spacer block between booster assembly and the dash panel.
- 3. Connect brake pedal with clevis of input rod.
- 4. Install brake booster nuts.
- 5. Install brake piping from brake master cylinder to actuator and electric unit. Refer to <a href="mailto:BR-6">BR-6</a>, "Hydraulic Circuit".
- 6. Connect vacuum hose to brake booster.
- 7. Install master cylinder to booster assembly. Refer to "Removal and Installation".
- 8. Adjust the height of brake pedal. Refer to BR-7, "Brake Pedal Inspection and Adjustment".
- 9. Tighten input rod lock nut.
- 10. Refill new brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to BR-9, "Drain and Refill".



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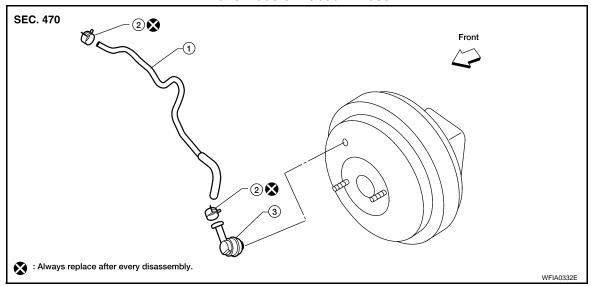
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## **VACUUM LINES**

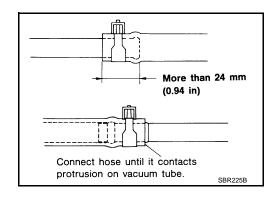
## Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000001297443

#### Brake Booster Vacuum Hose



- 1. Brake booster hose
- 2. Brake booster hose clip
- 3. Brake booster vacuum check valve
- 1. Disconnect brake booster hose from hose clip mounted on bracket.
- 2. Release clips and disconnect brake booster hose.
- 3. Remove check valve from brake booster.
- 4. Installation is in the reverse order of removal. **CAUTION:** 
  - Insert vacuum hose for at least 24 mm (0.94 in).
  - Do not use lubricating oil during assembly.



Component INFOID:000000001297446

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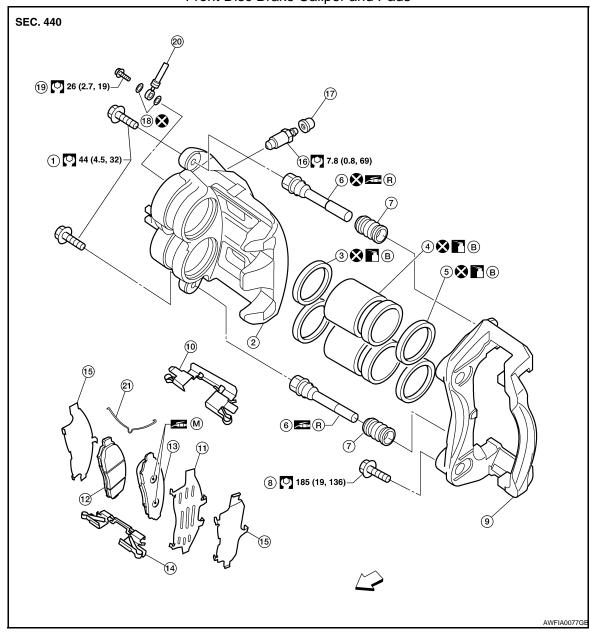
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## Front Disc Brake Caliper and Pads



- 1. Sliding pin bolt
- 4. Piston
- 7. Sliding pin boot
- 10. Upper pad retainer
- 13. Outer brake pad
- 16. Bleed valve
- 19. Union bolt
- B. Brake fluid

- 2. Cylinder body
- 5. Piston boot
- 8. Torque member bolt
- 11. Outer shim
- 14. Lower pad retainer
- 17. Cap
- 20. Brake hose
- R. Rubber grease

- 3. Piston seal
- 6. Sliding pin
- 9. Torque member
- 12. Inner brake pad
- 15. Shim cover
- 18. Copper washers
- 21. Pad return spring

#### WARNING:

Clean dust on caliper and brake pad with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

**CAUTION:** 

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- While removing cylinder body never depress brake pedal because piston will pop out.
- It is not necessary to remove bolts on torque member and brake hose except for disassembly or replacement of cylinder body. In this case, hang cylinder body with a wire so as not to stretch brake hose.
- Do not damage piston boot.
- Burnish brake contact surface after refinishing or replacing rotors, after replacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to <a href="mailto:BR-27">BR-27</a>, "Brake Burnishing".

Removal and Installation of Brake Caliper and Disc Rotor

INFOID:0000000001297448

#### REMOVAL

- Remove wheel and tire using power tool.
- 2. Drain brake fluid as necessary. Refer to <a href="mailto:BR-9">BR-9</a>, "Drain and Refill".

#### NOTE:

Do not remove union bolt unless removing cylinder body from vehicle.

- Remove union bolt as necessary and torque member bolts, then remove cylinder body from the vehicle.NOTE:
  - Position cylinder body aside using suitable wire, as necessary.
  - When servicing brake caliper, remove sliding pin bolts and caliper from torque member.
- 4. Remove torque member.
- 5. Remove disc rotor.

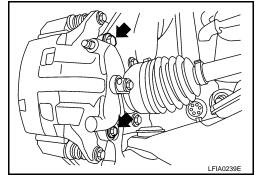
#### INSTALLATION

#### **CAUTION:**

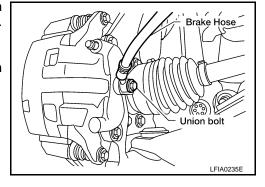
- Refill with new brake fluid. Refer to BR-9, "Drain and Refill".
- Do not reuse drained brake fluid.
- Install disc rotor.
- Install torque member and tighten to specification. Refer to <u>BR-10</u>, "Component".
- 3. Install sliding pin bolts, if removed.
- Install cylinder body, then tighten sliding pin bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-10</u>, "Component".

#### **CAUTION:**

When attaching cylinder body to the vehicle, wipe any oil off knuckle spindle, washers and cylinder body attachment surfaces.



- 5. Install brake hose to cylinder body, if removed, then tighten union bolt to the specified torque. Refer to <a href="mailto:bR-10">BR-10</a>, "Component". CAUTION:
  - Do not reuse copper washers for union bolt.
  - Attach brake hose to cylinder body together with union bolt and washers.



- 6. Refill with new brake fluid as necessary and bleed air. Refer to <a href="BR-9">BR-9</a>. "Bleeding Brake System".
- 7. Install wheel and tire. Refer to WT-36, "Rotation".

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

Brake Burnishing

Burnish brake contact surface according to the following procedure after refinishing or replacing rotors, after

Burnish brake contact surface according to the following procedure after refinishing or replacing rotors, after replacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage.

CAUTION:

Only perform this procedure under safe road and traffic conditions. Use extreme caution.

- Drive the vehicle on a straight smooth road at 50 km/h (31 MPH).
- 2. Use medium brake pedal/foot effort to bring the vehicle to a complete stop from 50 km/h (31 MPH). Adjust brake pedal/foot pressure such that vehicle stopping time equals 3 to 5 seconds.
- 3. To cool brake system, drive the vehicle at 50 km/h (31 MPH) for 1 minute without stopping.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 to 3, 10 times or more to complete the burnishing procedure.

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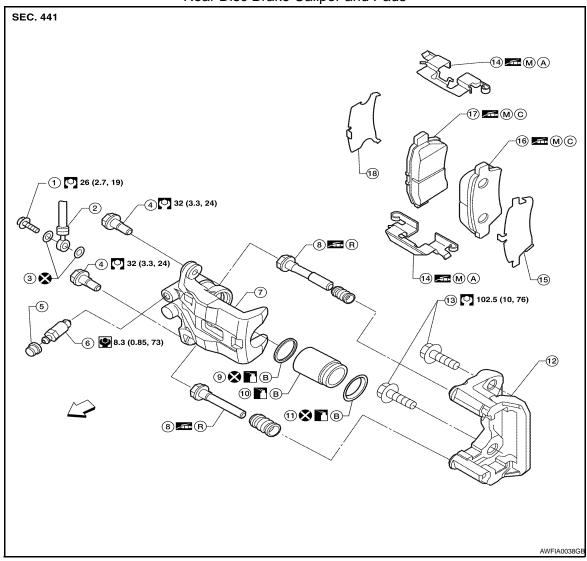
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## **REAR DISC BRAKE**

Component INFOID:0000000001297452

## Rear Disc Brake Caliper and Pads



- 1. Union bolt
- 4. Sliding pin bolt
- 7. Cylinder body
- 10. Piston
- 13. Torque member bolt
- 16. Outer brake pad
- Molykote 7439 refer to BR-13 for B. Brake fluid
- application areas
- R. Rubber grease

- 2. Brake hose
- Cap
- Sliding pin
- 11. Piston boot
- 14. Pad retainer
- 17. Inner brake pad

- 3. Copper washers
- 6. Bleed valve
- Piston seal
- 12. Torque member
- 15. Outer shim
- 18. Inner shim
- C. Molykote 77

Clean dust on caliper and brake pad with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

#### **CAUTION:**

- While removing cylinder body, never depress brake pedal because piston will pop out.
- It is not necessary to remove bolts on torque member and brake hose except for disassembly or replacement of cylinder body. In this case, hang cylinder body with a wire so as not to stretch brake hose.

## **REAR DISC BRAKE**

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

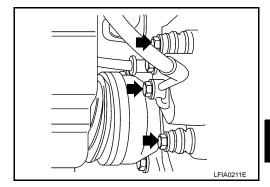
- Do not damage piston boot.
- Burnish brake contact surface after refinishing or replacing rotors, after replacing pads, or it a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to <u>BR-14</u>, "<u>Brake Burnishing</u>".

## Removal and Installation of Brake Caliper and Disc Rotor

INFOID:0000000001297454

#### REMOVAL

- Remove wheel and tire using power tool.
- 2. Drain brake fluid. Refer to <a href="mailto:BR-9">BR-9</a>, "Drain and Refill".
- Remove union bolt and bolts, and remove cylinder body.
- 4. Remove torque member.
- 5. Remove disc rotor.



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#### INSTALLATION

#### **CAUTION:**

- Refill with new brake fluid. Refer to BR-9, "Drain and Refill".
- · Do not reuse drained brake fluid.
- Install disc rotor.
- Install torque member and tighten to specification. Refer to <u>BR-12, "Component"</u>.
- Install cylinder body to the vehicle, and tighten mounting bolts to specification.CAUTION:

Before installing cylinder body to the vehicle, wipe off mounting surface of cylinder body.

- Install brake hose to cylinder body and tighten union bolt to specification. Refer to <u>BR-12</u>, "Component".
   CAUTION:
  - Do not reuse copper washer for union bolt.
  - Securely attach brake hose to protrusion on cylinder body.
- 5. Refill new brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to BR-9, "Bleeding Brake System".
- Install tires to the vehicle.

Brake Burnishing

INFOID:0000000001297456

Burnish brake contact surface according to the following procedure after refinishing or replacing rotors, after replacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage.

CAUTION:

#### Only perform this procedure under safe road and traffic conditions. Use extreme caution.

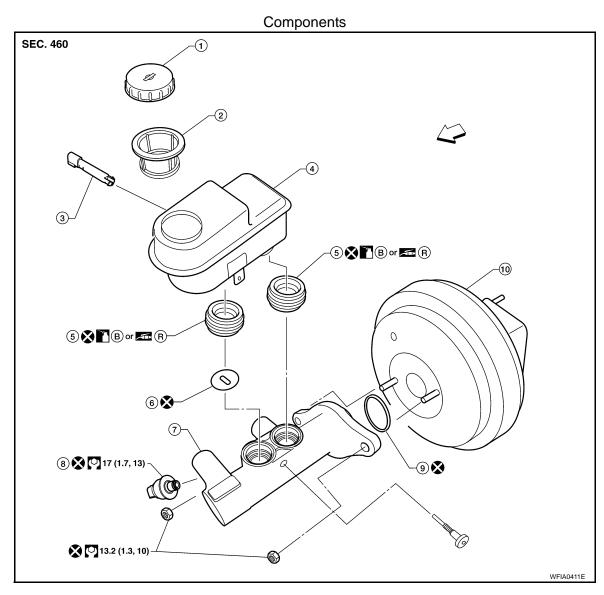
- 1. Drive the vehicle on a straight smooth road at 50 km/h (31 MPH).
- 2. Use medium brake pedal/foot effort to bring the vehicle to a complete stop from 50 km/h (31 MPH). Adjust brake pedal/foot pressure such that vehicle stopping time equals 3 to 5 seconds.
- 3. To cool brake system, drive the vehicle at 50 km/h (31 MPH) for 1 minute without stopping.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 to 3, 10 times or more to complete the burnishing procedure.

# **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY**

## **BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER**

Disassembly and Assembly

INFOID:0000000001297486



- 1. Reservoir cap
- 4. Reservoir tank
- 7. Master cylinder sub-assembly
- 10. Brake booster
- R. Rubber grease
- Strainer
- 5. Grommet
- 8. Fluid pressure sensor
- $\leftarrow$  Front

- 3. Fluid level sensor
- 6. Restriction washer
- 9. O-ring
- B. Brake fluid

#### **DISASSEMBLY**

#### **CAUTION:**

- · Master cylinder cannot be disassembled.
- Remove reservoir tank only when absolutely necessary.

Pull reservoir tank off master cylinder sub-assembly, then remove grommets from master cylinder sub-assembly body.

#### **ASSEMBLY**

#### **CAUTION:**

- Never use mineral oils such as kerosene, gasoline during the cleaning and assembly process.
- Do not drop parts. If a part is dropped, do not use it.

## **BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER**

## < DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

 Apply brake fluid or rubber grease to new grommets, then insert into master cylinder sub-assembly. Refer to GI-26, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".
 CAUTION:

Do not reuse grommet.

2. Install reservoir tank onto master cylinder assembly.

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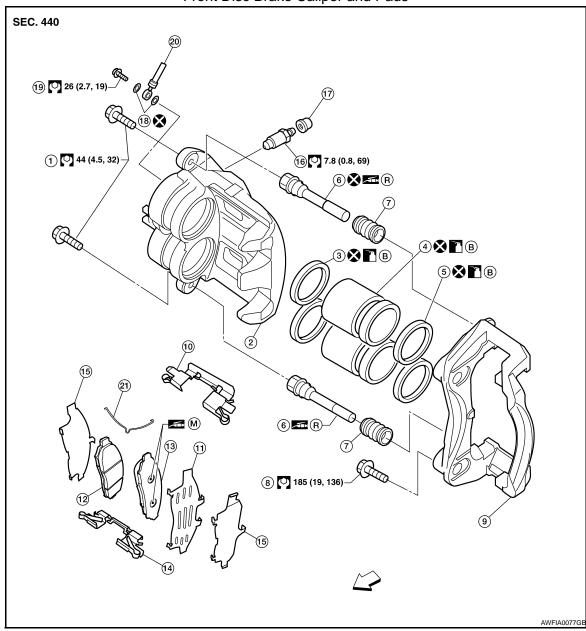
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Component

### Front Disc Brake Caliper and Pads



- 1. Sliding pin bolt
- 4. Piston
- 7. Sliding pin boot
- 10. Upper pad retainer
- 13. Outer brake pad
- 16. Bleed valve
- 19. Union bolt
- B. Brake fluid

- 2. Cylinder body
- 5. Piston boot
- 8. Torque member bolt
- 11. Outer shim
- 14. Lower pad retainer
- 17. Cap
- 20. Brake hose
- R. Rubber grease

- 3. Piston seal
- 6. Sliding pin
- 9. Torque member
- 12. Inner brake pad
- 15. Shim cover
- 18. Copper washers
- 21. Pad return spring

#### WARNING:

Clean dust on caliper and brake pad with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

#### < DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- While removing cylinder body never depress brake pedal because piston will pop out.
- It is not necessary to remove bolts on torque member and brake hose except for disassembly or replacement of cylinder body. In this case, hang cylinder body with a wire so as not to stretch brake hose.
- Do not damage piston boot.
- Burnish brake contact surface after refinishing or replacing rotors, after replacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to <u>BR-11</u>, "<u>Brake Burnishing</u>".

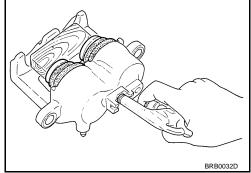
Disassembly and Assembly of Brake Caliper

#### INFOID:0000000001297487

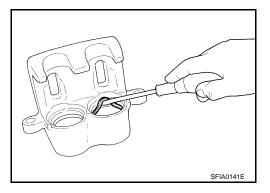
#### DISASSEMBLY

- Remove sliding pin bolt, and then remove the pad, shim, shim cover, and pad retainer from the torque member.
- 2. Remove sliding pins and sliding pin boots from torque member.
- Place a wooden block as shown, and blow air from union bolt mounting hole to remove pistons and piston boots.
   CAUTION:

Do not get your fingers caught in piston.



- Remove piston seal from cylinder body, using a suitable tool.
   CAUTION:
  - Be careful not to damage cylinder inner wall.
  - Do not reuse piston seal.



#### CALIPER INSPECTION

Cylinder Body

#### **CAUTION:**

- Use new brake fluid for cleaning. Do not use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene. Refer to MA-10, "Fluids and Lubricants".
- Check inside surface of cylinder for score, rust, wear, damage or foreign materials. If any of the above conditions are observed, replace cylinder body.
- Minor damage from rust or foreign materials may be eliminated by polishing surface with a fine emery paper. Replace cylinder body if necessary.

**Torque Member** 

Check for wear, cracks, and damage. If damage or deformation is present, replace the affected part.

#### Pistor

Check piston for score, rust, wear, damage or presence of foreign materials. Replace if any of the above conditions are observed.

#### **CAUTION:**

Piston sliding surface is plated, do not polish with emery paper even if rust or foreign materials are stuck to sliding surface.

Sliding Pins, and Sliding Pin Boots

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#### < DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

Check sliding pin and sliding pin boot for wear, damage, and cracks. If damage or deformation is present, replace the affected part.

#### **CAUTION:**

Trailing/upper sliding pin must be replaced at each service.

#### **ASSEMBLY**

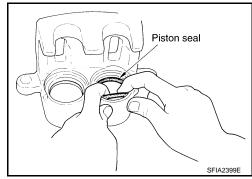
#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use NISSAN Rubber Grease (KRE00 00010, KRE00 00010 01) when assembling.

1. Apply clean brake fluid to new piston seal and insert seal into groove on cylinder body.

#### **CAUTION:**

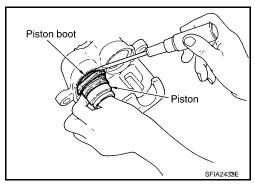
Do not reuse piston seal.



2. Apply clean brake fluid to piston boot. Cover the piston end with piston boot, and then install cylinder side lip on piston boot securely into a groove on cylinder body.

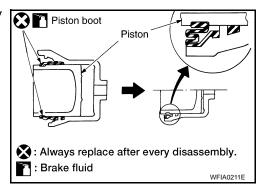
#### **CAUTION:**

Do not reuse piston boot.



3. Apply brake fluid to piston, then install piston into cylinder body and insert piston boot side lip into groove of piston as shown.

Press the piston evenly to prevent damage to cylinder wall.



Insert into cylinder body by hand and insert piston boot piston-side lip into piston groove.
 CAUTION:

Press piston evenly and vary the pressing point to prevent cylinder inner wall from being rubbed.

5. Install sliding pins and sliding pin boots to torque member. **CAUTION:** 

## Trailing/upper sliding pin must be replaced at each service.

6. Install cylinder body. Tighten sliding pin bolt to the specified torque. Refer to BR-25, "Component".

#### **DISC ROTOR INSPECTION**

#### Visual Inspection

Check surface of disc rotor for uneven wear, cracks, and serious damage. If any of them is detected, replace applicable part.

#### Runout Inspection

1. Fix disc rotor to wheel hub in two or more positions, using wheel nuts.

#### < DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

Inspect runout using a dial gauge. [Measured at 10 mm (0.39 in) inside the disc edge.]

> : 0.05 mm (0.0020 in) Runout limit (on vehicle)

#### NOTE:

Make sure that wheel bearing axial end play is within the specifications before measuring runout. Refer to FAX-5, "On-Vehicle Inspection and Service".

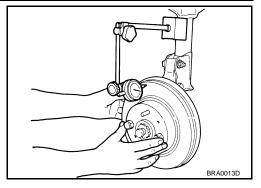
- 3. If runout is outside the limit, find the minimum runout point by shifting mounting positions of disc rotor and wheel hub by one
- If runout still out of specification, turn rotor with on-car brake lathe.

#### Thickness Inspection

Using a micrometer, check thickness of disc rotor. If thickness is either at or below the wear limit, or exceeds maximum uneven wear, replace disc rotor.

> Standard thickness : 28.0 mm (1.102 in) **Repair limit thickness** : 26.0 mm (1.024 in) Maximum uneven wear : 0.015 mm (0.0006 in)

(Measured at 8 positions)



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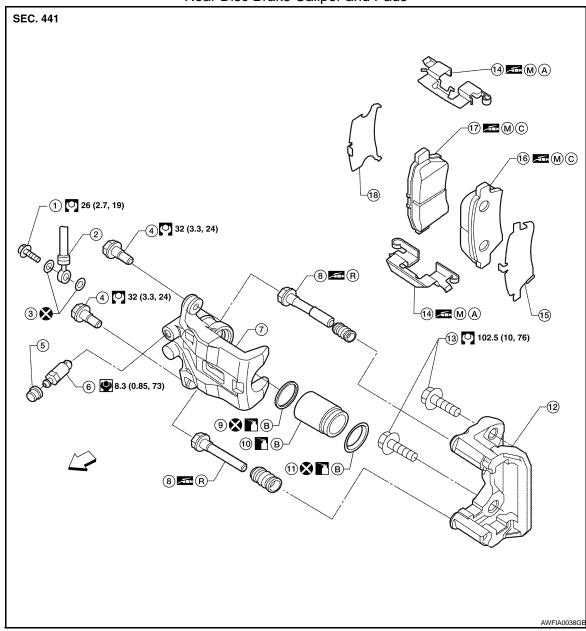
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## **REAR DISC BRAKE**

Component INFOID:000000001297662

## Rear Disc Brake Caliper and Pads



- 1. Union bolt
- 4. Sliding pin bolt
- 7. Cylinder body
- 10. Piston
- 13. Torque member bolt
- 16. Outer brake pad
- A. Molykote 7439 refer to BR-13 for application areas
- R. Rubber grease

- 2. Brake hose
- 5. Cap
- 8. Sliding pin
- 11. Piston boot
- 14. Pad retainer
- 17. Inner brake pad
- B. Brake fluid
- $\Leftarrow$  : Front

- 3. Copper washers
- 6. Bleed valve
- 9. Piston seal
- 12. Torque member
- 15. Outer shim
- 18. Inner shim
- C. Molykote 77

#### **WARNING:**

Clean dust on caliper and brake pad with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

#### **CAUTION:**

- While removing cylinder body, never depress brake pedal because piston will pop out.
- It is not necessary to remove bolts on torque member and brake hose except for disassembly or replacement of cylinder body. In this case, hang cylinder body with a wire so as not to stretch brake hose.
- Do not damage piston boot.
- Burnish brake contact surface after refinishing or replacing rotors, after replacing pads, or it a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to BR-14, "Brake Burnishing".

Disassembly and Assembly of Brake Caliper

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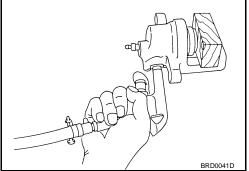
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#### DISASSEMBLY

- Remove pads from cylinder body.
- Remove sliding sleeve and boot from cylinder body.
- 3. Place a wooden block as shown, and blow air from union bolt hole to remove piston and piston boot.

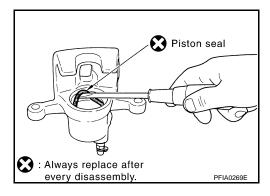
#### **CAUTION:**

Do not get your fingers caught in piston.



4. Remove piston seal from cylinder body, using a suitable tool. **CAUTION:** 

Be careful not to damage cylinder inner wall.



#### CALIPER INSPECTION

#### Cylinder Body

#### **CAUTION:**

- Use new brake fluid to clean. Do not use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene.
- Check inside surface of cylinder for score, rust wear, damage or foreign materials. If any of the above conditions are observed, replace cylinder body.
- Minor damage from rust or foreign materials may be eliminated by polishing surface with a fine emery paper. Replace cylinder body if necessary.

Torque Member

Check for wear, cracks, and damage. If damage or deformation is present, replace the affected part.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Piston sliding surface is plated, do not polish with emery paper even if rust or foreign materials are stuck to sliding surface.
- Check piston for score, rust, wear, damage or presence of foreign materials. Replace if any of the above conditions are observed.

Sliding Pin Bolts and Sliding Pin Boots

Make sure there is no wear, damage, or cracks in sliding sleeve and sliding sleeve boots, and if there are, replace them.

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#### **ASSEMBLY**

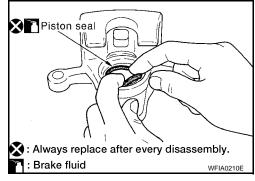
#### **CAUTION:**

#### Do not use NISSAN Rubber Grease (KRE00 00010, KRE00 00010 01) when assembling.

1. Apply clean brake fluid to new piston seal and insert into groove on cylinder body.

#### **CAUTION:**

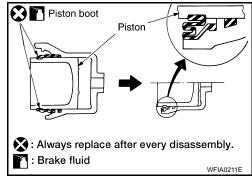
Do not reuse piston seal.



2. Apply brake fluid to piston and to piston boot, then install piston boot into piston groove.

## **CAUTION:**

Do not reuse piston boot.



Insert into cylinder body by hand and insert piston boot piston-side lip into piston groove.CAUTION:

Press piston evenly and vary the pressing point to prevent cylinder inner wall from being rubbed.

4. Install sliding boots and sleeves to cylinder body.

#### DISC ROTOR INSPECTION

#### Visual Inspection

Check surface of disc rotor for uneven wear, cracks, and serious damage. If any non-standard condition is detected, replace applicable part.

#### **Runout Inspection**

- 1. Install disc rotor to wheel hub in 2 or more positions, using wheel nuts.
- 2. Inspect runout using a dial gauge. [Measured at 10 mm (0.39 in) inside disk edge.]

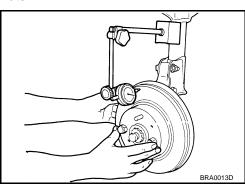
#### Runout limit (on vehicle) : 0.05 mm (0.0020 in)

#### NOTE:

Make sure that wheel bearing axial end play is within the specification before measuring runout. Refer to <a href="RAX-8">RAX-8</a>. "Removal and Installation".

- 3. If runout is outside the limit, find the minimum runout point by shifting mounting positions of disc rotor and wheel hub by one hole.
- 4. If runout still out of specification, turn rotor with on-car brake lathe.

Thickness Inspection



## **REAR DISC BRAKE**

#### < DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

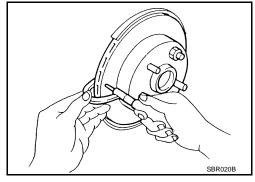
Check thickness of disc rotor, using a micrometer. If thickness is either at or below the wear limit, or exceeds maximum uneven wear, replace disc rotor.

Standard thickness : 18.0 mm (0.709 in)

Wear limit : 16.0 mm (0.630 in)

Maximum uneven wear : 0.015 mm (0.0006 in)

(measured at 8 positions)



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## **SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)**

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# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

## **General Specification**

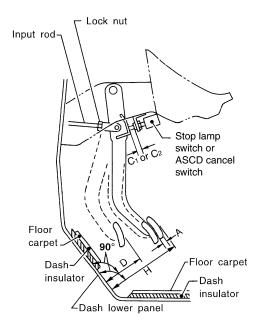
INFOID:0000000001297423

Unit: mm (in)

Front brake	Brake model	CLZ33VB
	Rotor outer diameter × thickness	296 × 28 (11.654 × 1.102)
	Pad Length × width × thickness	111.0 × 73.5 × 10.0 (4.73 × 2.894 × 0.394)
	Cylinder bore diameter (each)	46.4 (1.83)
Rear brake	Brake model	CLZ14VB
	Rotor outer diameter × thickness	308 × 18 (12.126 × 0.709)
	Pad Length × width × thickness	83.0 × 33.0 × 11.0 (3.268 × 1.299 × 0.433)
	Cylinder bore diameter	38.1 (1.50)
Control valve	Valve model	Electric brake force distribution
Brake booster	Booster model	C215T
	Diaphragm diameter	215 (8.46)
Recommended br	rake fluid	Refer to MA-10, "Fluids and Lubricants".

Brake Pedal

Unit: mm (in)



WFIA0160E

Free height "H"	182.1 - 192.1 (7.17 - 7.56)
Depressed pedal height ("D" [under a force of 490 N (50 kg, 110 lb) with engine running]	105 - 115 (4.13 - 4.53)
Clearance between pedal stopper and threaded end of stop lamp switch and ASCD switch "C1" or "C2"	0.74 - 1.96 (0.029 - 0.077)
Pedal play "A"	3 - 11 (0.12 - 0.43)

# **SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)**

	oster		INFOID:000000000	01297425
			Unit: m	m (in)
Input rod instal	llation standard dimension		150 (5.91)	
Check Val	ve		INFOID:000000000	01297426
Vacuum leakag	ne			
	-66.7 kPa(-500 mmHg, -19.69 inHg)]	Within	1.3 kPa (10 mmHg, 0.39 inHg) of vacuum for 15 secor	nds
Front Disc	Brake		INFOID:000000000	01297427
			Unit: mi	m (in)
Brake model			CLZ33VB	
Brake pad	Standard thickness (new)		10.0 (0.394)	
paa	Repair limit thickness		2.0 (0.079)	
	Standard thickness (new)		28.0 (1.102)	
Disc rotor	Repair limit thickness		26.0 (1.024)	
2.00 10.01	Maximum uneven wear (measured at 8 p	ositions)	0.015 (0.0006)	
	Runout limit (with it attached to the vehicl	le)	0.05 (0.0020)	
Brake model			CLZ14VB	
Brake pad	Standard thickness (new)		11.0 (0.433)	
Brake pad	Repair limit thickness		2.0 (0.079)	
Brake pad	Repair limit thickness Standard thickness (new)		2.0 (0.079) 18.0 (0.709)	
Brake pad  Disc rotor	Repair limit thickness Standard thickness (new) Repair limit thickness	ositions)	2.0 (0.079) 18.0 (0.709) 16.0 (0.630)	
	Repair limit thickness  Standard thickness (new)  Repair limit thickness  Maximum uneven wear (measured at 8 p		2.0 (0.079) 18.0 (0.709) 16.0 (0.630) 0.015 (0.0006)	
	Repair limit thickness Standard thickness (new) Repair limit thickness		2.0 (0.079) 18.0 (0.709) 16.0 (0.630)	
	Repair limit thickness  Standard thickness (new)  Repair limit thickness  Maximum uneven wear (measured at 8 p		2.0 (0.079) 18.0 (0.709) 16.0 (0.630) 0.015 (0.0006)	
	Repair limit thickness  Standard thickness (new)  Repair limit thickness  Maximum uneven wear (measured at 8 p		2.0 (0.079) 18.0 (0.709) 16.0 (0.630) 0.015 (0.0006)	
	Repair limit thickness  Standard thickness (new)  Repair limit thickness  Maximum uneven wear (measured at 8 p		2.0 (0.079) 18.0 (0.709) 16.0 (0.630) 0.015 (0.0006)	