ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

SECTION EC

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When you read wiring diagrams:

- Read GI section, "HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS".
 Read EL section, "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING" for power distribution circuit. When you perform trouble diagnoses, read GI section, "HOW TO FOLLOW FLOW CHART IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES" and "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".

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DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX

Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC

ALPHABETICAL INDEX FOR DTC

ALPHADETICAL INDEX FOR DTC				
tte vee	DTC*6		Deference	
Items (CONSULT screen terms)	CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	Reference page	
Unable to access ECCS		_	EC-82	
*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	P0125	0908	EC-144	
A/T 1ST GR FNCTN	P0731	1103	AT-96	
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FUEL TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0180	0402	EC-225	
IACV/AAC VLV/CIRC	P0505	0205	EC-297	

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KNOCK SEN/CIRCUIT	P0325	0304	EC-234	
L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	P0745	1205	AT-131	
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT*3	P0100	0102	EC-104	
MAP/BAR SW SOL/CIR	P1105	1302	EC-313	
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0701	EC-229	
NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED	P0000	0505	_	
NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED	No DTC	Flash- ing*5	EC-50	
O/R CLTCH SOL/CIRC	P1760	1203	AT-150	
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PURG CONT/V S/V	P1492	0807	EC-395	
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THRTL POS SEN/CIRC*3	P0120	0403	EC-132	
TP SEN/CIRC A/T*3	P1705	1206	AT-143	
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VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	P1491	0311	EC-390	
VC/V BYPASS/V	P1490	0801	EC-385	
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VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1448	0309	EC-380	
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0446	0903	EC-282	

^{*1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.

^{*2:} These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.

^{*3:} When the fail-safe operation occurs, the MIL illuminates.

^{*4:} The MIL illuminates after TCM (Transmission control module) enters the fail-safe mode in two consecutive trips, if both the "Revolution sensor" and the "Engine speed signal" meet the fail-safe condition at the same time.

^{*5:} While engine is running.

^{*6: 1}st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX

Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC (Cont'd)

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P0105	0803	ABSL PRES SEN/CIRC	EC-113
P0 1 10	0401	AIR TEMP SEN/CIRC	EC-121
P0115	0103	COOLANT T SEN/CIRC	EC-127
P0120	0403	THRTL POS SEN/CIRC*3	EC-132
P0125	0908	*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	EC-144
P0130	0303	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-149
P0131	0411	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-155
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90443	1008	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	EC-276
² 0446	0903	VENT CONTROL VALVE	EC-282
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P0733 1105 A/T 3RD GR FNCTN AT-107 P0734 1106 A/T 4TH GR FNCTN AT-112 P0740 1204 TCC SOLENOID/CIRC AT-120 P0744 1107 A/T TCC S/V FNCTN AT-124 P0745 1205 L/PRESS SOL/CIRC AT-131 P0750 1108 SFT SOL A/CIRC*3 AT-135 P0755 1201 SFT SOL B/CIRC*3 AT-139 P1105 1302 MAP/BAR SW SOL/CIR EC-313 P1148 0307 CLOSED LOOP EC-321 P1320 0201 IGN SIGNAL-PRIMARY EC-323 P1336 0905 CPS/CIRC (OBD) COG EC-329 P1400 1005 EGRC SOLENOID/V EC-334 P1401 0305 EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC EC-338 P1402 0514 EGR SYSTEM EC-344 P1440 0213 EVAP SMALL LEAK EC-351 P1444 0214 PURG VOLUME CONT/V EC-361 P1447 0111 EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	
P0734 1106 A/T 4TH GR FNCTN AT-112 P0740 1204 TCC SOLENOID/CIRC AT-120 P0744 1107 A/T TCC S/V FNCTN AT-124 P0745 1205 L/PRESS SOL/CIRC AT-131 P0750 1108 SFT SOL A/CIRC*3 AT-135 P0755 1201 SFT SOL B/CIRC*3 AT-139 P1105 1302 MAP/BAR SW SOL/CIR EC-313 P1148 0307 CLOSED LOOP EC-321 P1320 0201 IGN SIGNAL-PRIMARY EC-323 P1336 0905 CPS/CIRC (OBD) COG EC-329 P1400 1005 EGRC SOLENOID/V EC-334 P1401 0305 EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC EC-338 P1402 0514 EGR SYSTEM EC-344 P1440 0213 EVAP SMALL LEAK EC-351 P1444 0214 PURG VOLUME CONT/V EC-369 P1447 0111 EVAP PURG FLOW/MON EC-373 P1448 0309 VENT CONTROL VALVE	L(
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P1492 0807 PURG CONT/V S/V EC-395	
	138
P1493 0312 PURG CONT/V & S/V EC-400	
P1605 0804 A/T DIAG COMM LINE EC-407	BT
P1705 1206 TP SEN/CIRC A/T*3 AT-143	
P1706 1003 P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT EC-410	[±]/A
P1760 1203 O/R CLTCH SOL/CIRC AT-150	i. 1675
- 0208 OVERHEAT EC-414	

^{1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.

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These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.

^{3:} When the fail-safe operation occurs, the MIL illumi-

^{4:} The MIL illuminates after TCM (Transmission control module) enters the fail-safe mode in two consecutive trips, if both the "Revolution sensor" and the "Engine speed signal" meet the fail-safe condition at the same time.

^{5:} While engine is running.

¹st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

Special Service Tool

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description	
KV10114400 (J-38365) Heated oxygen sensor wrench	a a	Loosening or tightening heated oxygen sensor
	NT636	a: 22 mm (0.87 in)

Commercial Service Tools

	,	
Tool name	Description	
Fuel filler cap adapter		Checking fuel tank vacuum relief valve opening pressure
	NT653	
Leak detector (J41416)		When locating the EVAP leak.
	NT703	
EVAP service port adapter (J41413-OBD)		When applying positive pressure through EVAP service port.
	NT704	
Hose clipper (—)	Approx. 20 mm (0.79 in)	This tool is used to clamp the EVAP purge hose between the fuel tank and EVAP canister applied to DTC P1440 [EVAP control system (Small leak — Positive pressure)].
	NT720	

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG"

The Supplemental Restraint System "AIR BAG", used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a frontal collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of air bag modules (located in the center of the steering wheel and in the instrument panel on the passenger side), a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the **RS section** of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance should be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses are covered with yellow insulation just before the harness connectors or on the complete harness, for easy identification.

Precautions for On Board Diagnostic (OBD) System of Engine and A/T

The ECM (ECCS control module) has an on board diagnostic system. It will light up the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) to warn the driver of a malfunction causing emission deterioration.

CAUTION:

- Be sure to turn the ignition switch "OFF" and disconnect the negative battery terminal before any repair or inspection work. The open/short circuit of related switches, sensors, solenoid valves, etc. will cause the MIL to light up.
- Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after work. A loose (unlocked) connector will cause the MIL to light up due to the open circuit. (Be sure the connector is free from water, grease, dirt, bent terminals, etc.)
- Be sure to route and secure the harnesses properly after work. The interference of the harness with a bracket, etc. may cause the MIL to light up due to the short circuit.
- Be sure to connect rubber tubes properly after work. A misconnected or disconnected rubber tube may cause the MIL to light up due to the malfunction of the EGR system or fuel injection system, etc.
- Be sure to erase the unnecessary malfunction information (repairs completed) from the ECM and TCM (Transmission control module) before returning the vehicle to the customer.

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Engine Fuel & Emission Control System

ECM (ECCS Control Module)

- Do not disassemble ECM.
- If a battery terminal is disconnected, the memory will return to the ECM value.

The ECM will now start to self-control at its initial value. Engine operation can vary slightly when the terminal is disconnected. However, this is not an indication of a problem. Do not replace parts because of a slight variation.

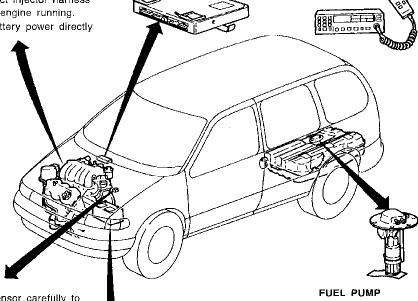
WIRELESS EQUIPMENT

- · When installing CB ham radio or a mobile phone, be sure to observe the following as it may adversely affect electronic control systems depending on its installation location.
- 1) Keep the antenna as far as possible away from the electronic control units.
- 2) Keep the antenna feeder line more than 20 cm (7.9 in) away from the harness of electronic controls. Do not let them run parallel for a long distance.
- 3) Adjust the antenna and feeder line so that the standing-wave ratio can be kept smaller.
- 4) Be sure to ground the radio to vehicle

INJECTOR

 Do not disconnect injector harness connectors with engine running.

• Do not apply battery power directly to injectors.



ECM PARTS HANDLING

- Handle mass air flow sensor carefully to avoid damage.
- · Do not disassemble mass air flow sensor.
- Do not clean mass air flow sensor with any type of detergent.
- Do not disassemble IACV-AAC valve.
- Even a slight leak in the air intake system can cause serious problems.
- Do not shock or jar the camshaft position sensor.

BATTERY

- · Always use a 12 volt battery as power source.
- Do not attempt to disconnect battery cables while engine is running.

WHEN STARTING

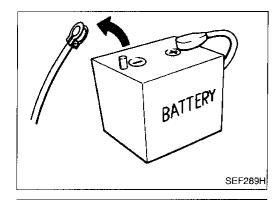
- Do not depress accelerator pedal when starting.
- Immediately after starting, do not rev up engine unnecessarily.
- Do not rev up engine just prior to shutdown.

- Do not operate fuel pump when there is no fuel in lines.
- Tighten fuel hose clamps to the specified torque (Refer to MA section).

ECM HARNESS HANDLING

- · Securely connect ECM harness connectors.
 - A poor connection can cause an extremely high (surge) voltage to develop in coil and condenser, thus resulting in damage to ICs.
- Keep ECM harness at least 10 cm (3.9 in.) away from adjacent harnesses to prevent an ECM system malfunction due to receiving external noise, degraded operation of ICs, etc.
- · Keep ECM parts and harnesses dry.
- Before removing parts, turn off ignition switch and then disconnect battery ground cable.

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION



Precautions

Before connecting or disconnecting the ECM harness connector, turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect @1 negative battery terminal. Failure to do so may damage the ECM because battery voltage is applied to ECM even if ignition switch is turned off.

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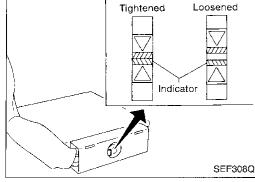
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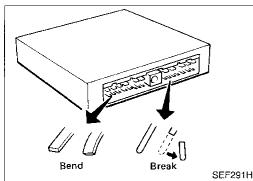
When connecting ECM harness connector, tighten securing bolt until the gap between orange indicators disappears.

: 3.0 - 5.0 N·m (0.3 - 0.5 kg-m, 26 - 43 in-lb)

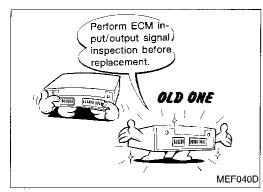


When connecting or disconnecting pin connectors into or from ECM, take care not to damage pin terminals (bend or break).

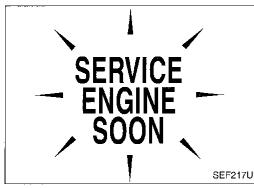
Make sure that there are not any bends or breaks on ECM pin terminal, when connecting pin connectors.



Before replacing ECM, perform Terminals and Reference Value inspection and make sure ECM functions properly. Refer to EC-90.

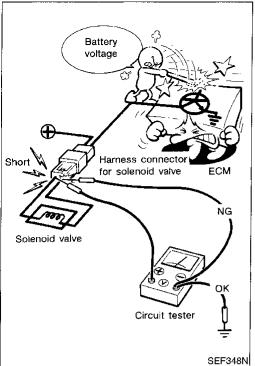


After performing each TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS, perform "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" or "DTC (Diagnostic Trouble Code) CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE". The DTC should not be displayed in the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" if the repair is completed. The "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" should be a good result if the repair is completed.



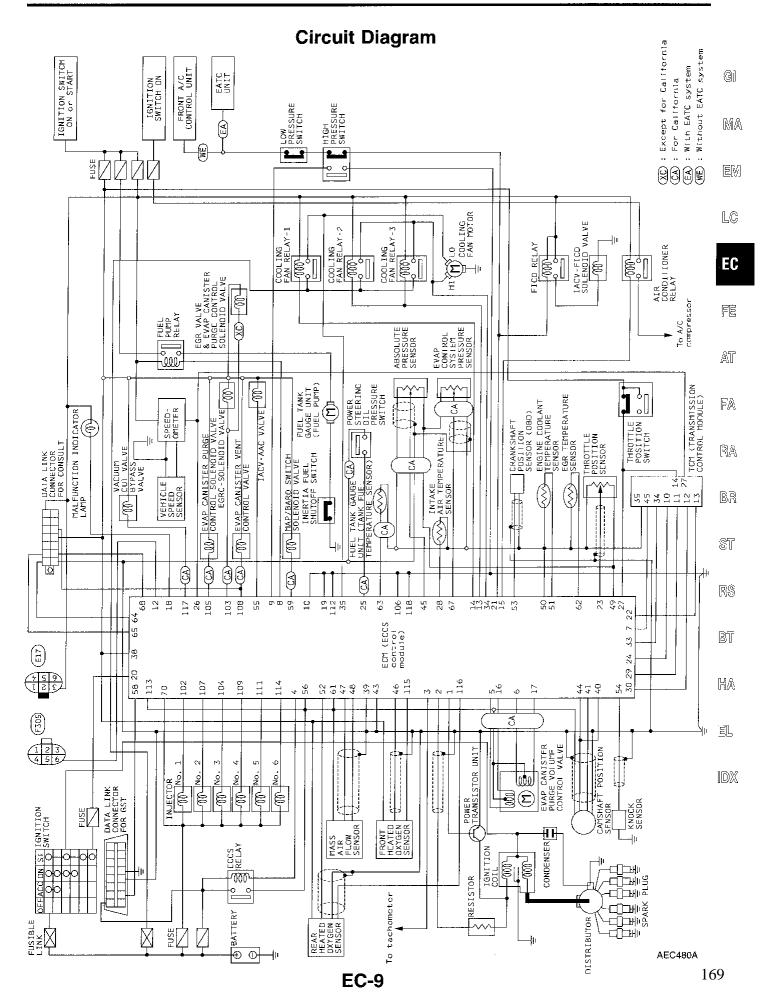
PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION



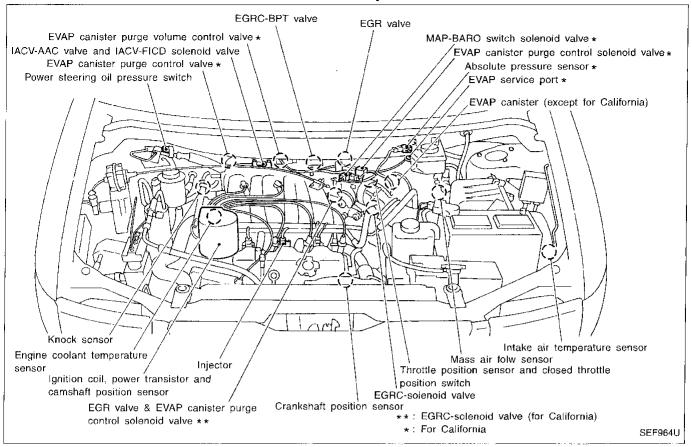


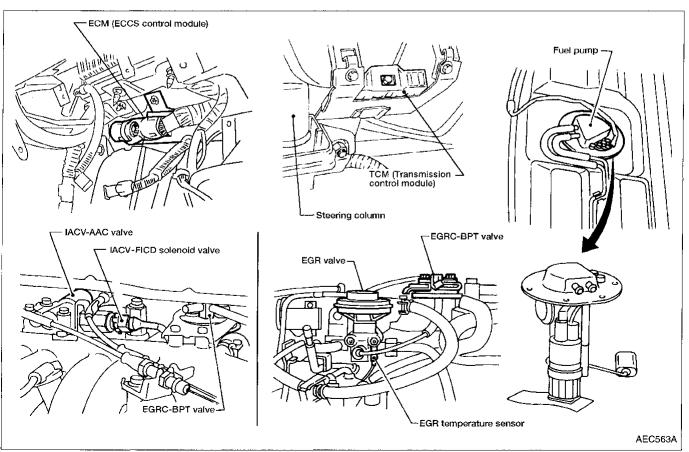
Precautions (Cont'd)

When measuring ECM signals with a circuit tester, never allow the two tester probes to contact. Accidental contact of probes will cause a short circuit and damage the ECM power transistor.



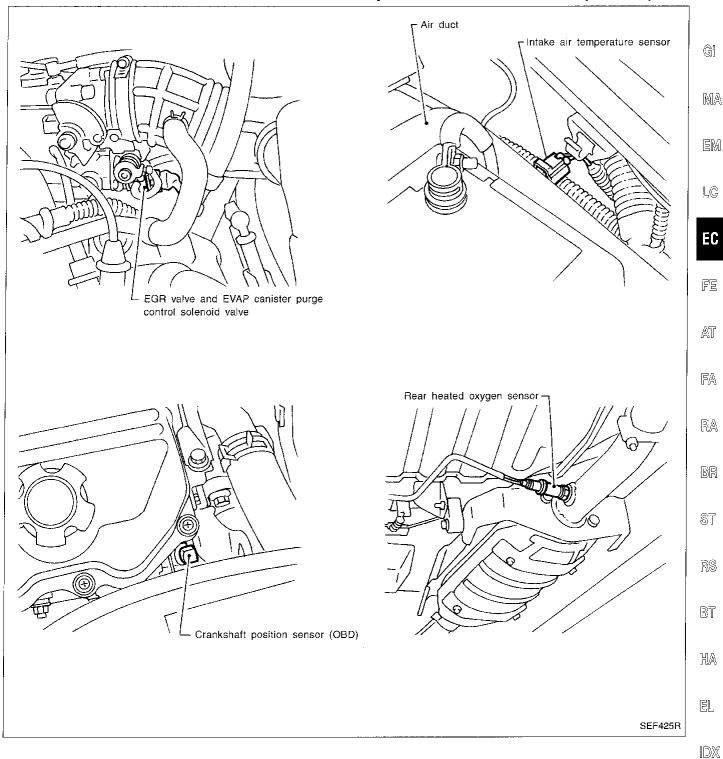
ECCS Component Parts Location





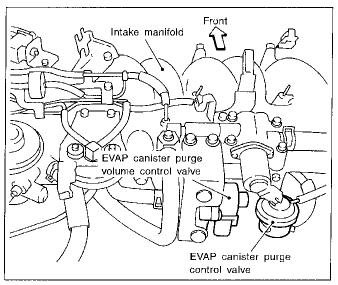
EC-10 170

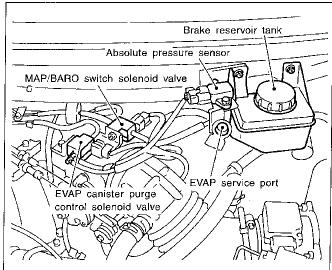
ECCS Component Parts Location (Cont'd)

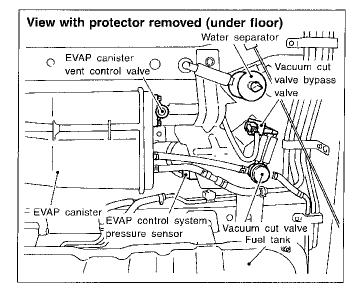


EC-11

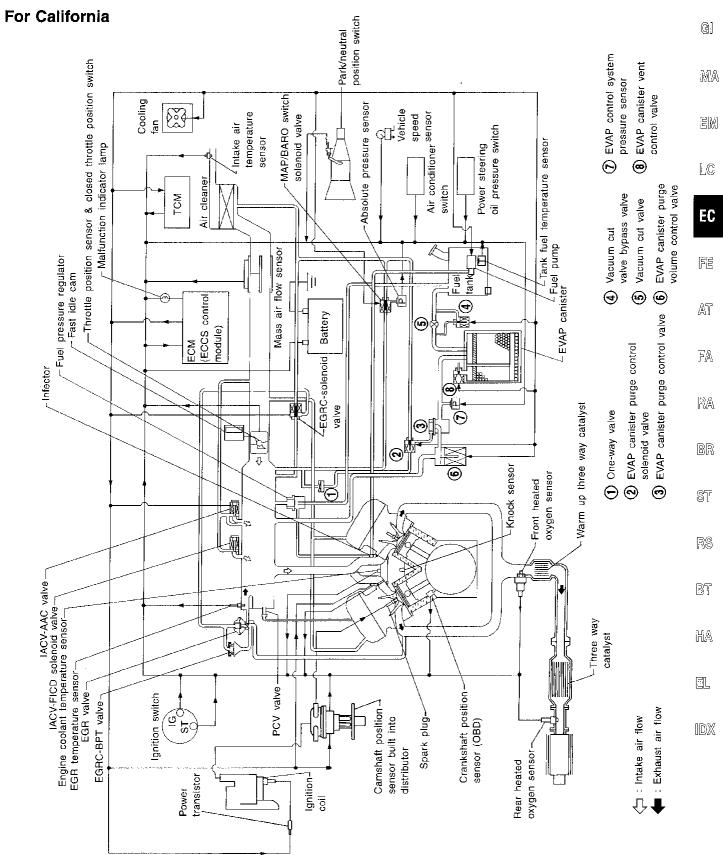
ECCS Component Parts Location (Cont'd)





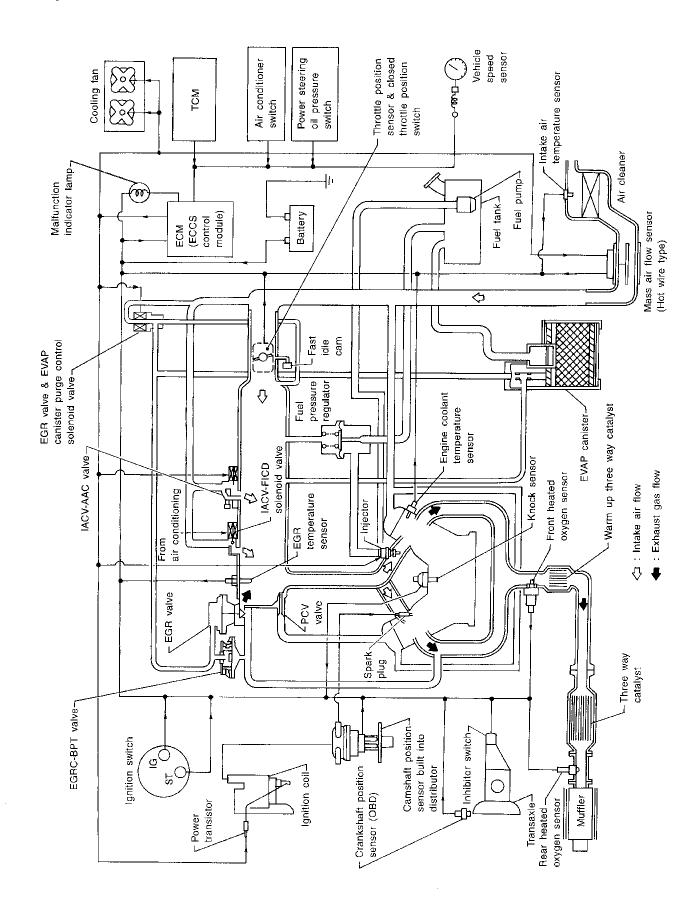


System Diagram



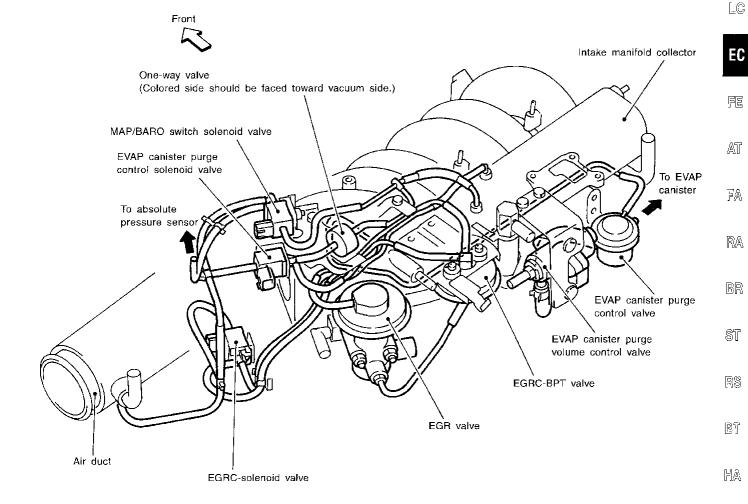
System Diagram (Cont'd)

Except for California



Vacuum Hose Drawing

For California



SEF961U

Refer to "System Diagram", EC-13, for vacuum control system.

Note: Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hoses or purge hoses.

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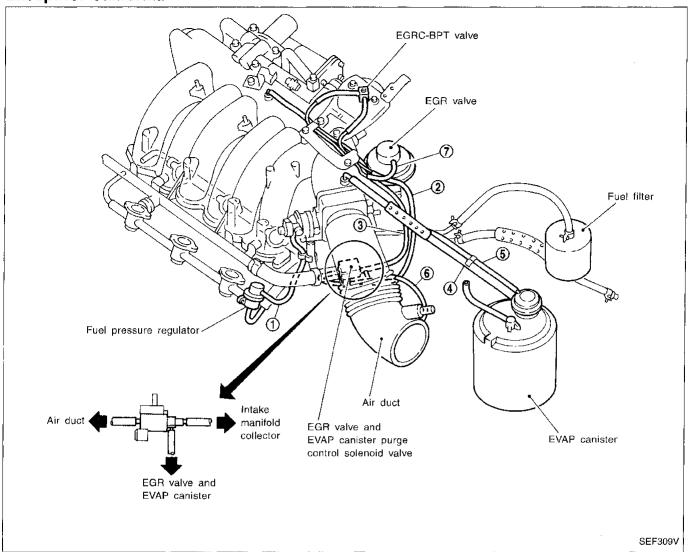
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Vacuum Hose Drawing (Cont'd)

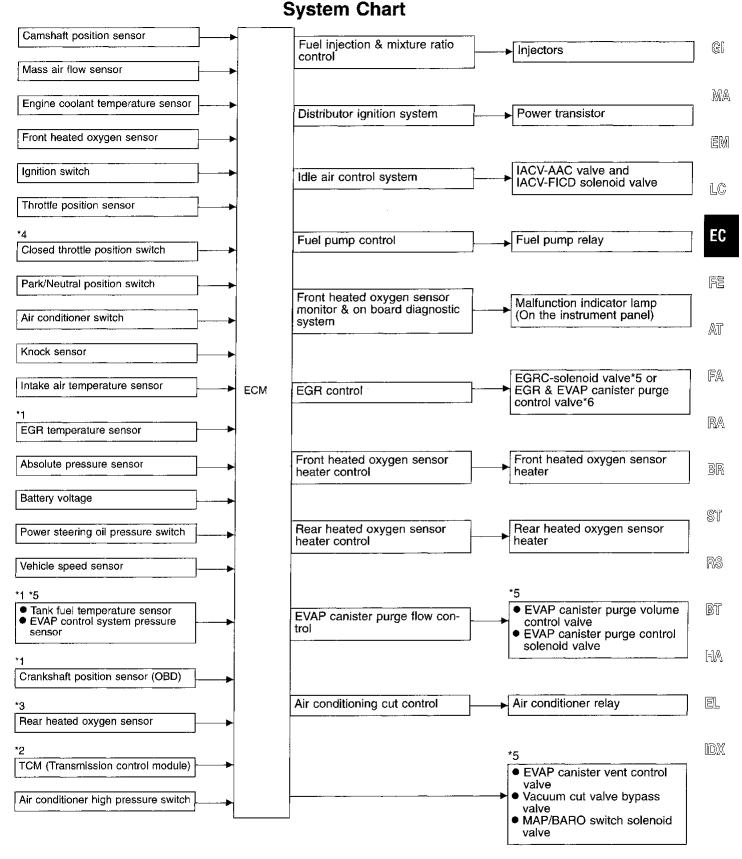
Except for California



- 1 Fuel pressure regulator to intake manifold collector
- (2) EGRC-BPT valve to EGR valve and EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve
- ③ EGR valve and EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve to intake manifold collector
- 4 EVAP canister (purge port) to intake manifold collector
- (5) EVAP canister (vacuum port) to EGR valve and EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve
- EGR valve and EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve to air duct
- (7) EGR valve to EGRC-BPT valve

Refer to "System Diagram", EC-47, for vacuum control system.

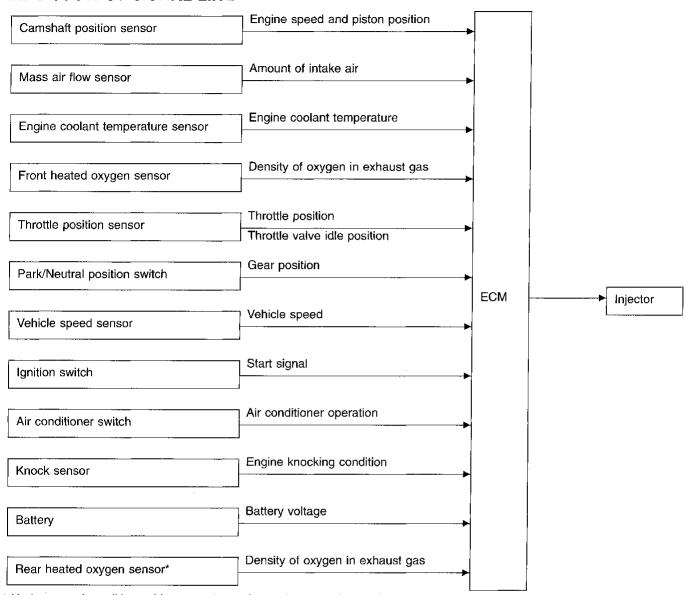
Note: Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hoses or purge hoses.



- *1: These sensors are not used to control the engine system. They are used only for the on board diagnosis.
- *2: The DTC related to A/T will be sent to ECM.
- *3: This sensor is not used to control the engine system under normal conditions.
- *4: This switch will operate in place of the throttle position sensor to control EVAP parts if the sensor malfunctions.
- *5: For California
- *6: Except for California

Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System

INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



^{*} Under normal conditions, this sensor is not for engine control operation.

BASIC MULTIPORT FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM

The amount of fuel injected from the fuel injector is determined by the ECM. The ECM controls the length of time the valve remains open (injection pulse duration). The amount of fuel injected is a program value in the ECM memory. The program value is preset by engine operating conditions. These conditions are determined by input signals (for engine speed and intake air) from both the camshaft position sensor and the mass air flow sensor.

VARIOUS FUEL INJECTION INCREASE/DECREASE COMPENSATION

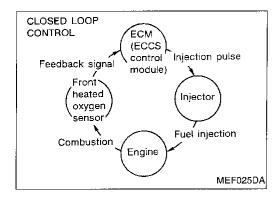
In addition, the amount of fuel injected is compensated to improve engine performance under various operating conditions as listed below.

<Fuel increase>

- During warm-up
- When starting the engine
- During acceleration
- Hot-engine operation
- When selector lever is changed from "N" to "D"
- High-load, high-speed operation
 Fuel decrease>
- During deceleration
- During high engine speed operation

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ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System (Cont'd) MIXTURE RATIO FEEDBACK CONTROL (CLOSED LOOP CONTROL)

The mixture ratio feedback system provides the best air-fuel mixture ratio for driveability and emission control. The three way catalyst can then better reduce CO, HC and NOx emissions. This system uses a front heated oxygen sensor in the exhaust manifold to monitor if the engine operation is rich or lean. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse width according to the sensor voltage signal. For more information about the front heated oxygen sensor, refer to EC-149, 155. This maintains the mixture ratio within the range of stoichiometric (ideal air-fuel mixture). This stage is referred to as the closed loop control condition. Rear heated oxygen sensor is located downstream of the three way catalyst. Even if the switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor shift, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

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OPEN LOOP CONTROL

The open loop system condition refers to when the ECM detects any of the following conditions. Feedback control stops in order to maintain stabilized fuel combustion.

- Deceleration and acceleration
- High-load, high-speed operation
- Malfunction of front heated oxygen sensor or its circuit

MIXTURE RATIO SELF-LEARNING CONTROL

- Insufficient activation of front heated oxygen sensor at low engine coolant temperature
- High engine coolant temperature
- During warm-up
- When starting the engine

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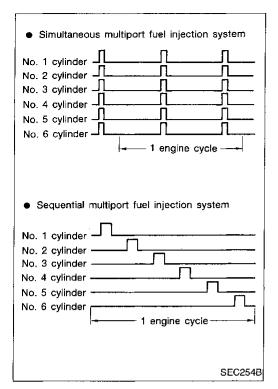
The mixture ratio feedback control system monitors the mixture ratio signal transmitted from the front heated oxygen sensor. This feedback signal is then sent to the ECM. The ECM controls the basic mixture ratio as close to the theoretical mixture ratio as possible. However, the basic mixture ratio is not necessarily controlled as originally designed. Both manufacturing differences (i.e., mass air flow sensor hot film) and characteristic changes during operation (i.e., injector clogging) directly affect mixture ratio. Accordingly, the difference between the basic and theoretical mixture ratios is monitored in this system. This is then computed in terms of "injection pulse duration" to automatically compensate for the difference between the two ratios.

"Fuel trim" refers to the feedback compensation value compared against the basic injection duration. Fuel trim includes short term fuel trim and long term fuel trim.

"Short term fuel trim" is the short-term fuel compensation used to maintain the mixture ratio at its theoretical value. The signal from the front heated oxygen sensor indicates whether the mixture ratio is RICH or LEAN compared to the theoretical value. The signal then triggers a reduction in fuel volume if the mixture ratio is rich, and an increase in fuel volume if it is lean.

"Long term fuel trim" is overall fuel compensation carried out long-term to compensate for continual deviation of the short term fuel trim from the central value. Such deviation will occur due to individual engine differences, wear over time and changes in the usage environment.

ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System (Cont'd) FUEL INJECTION TIMING

Two types of systems are used.

Sequential multiport fuel injection system

Fuel is injected into each cylinder during each engine cycle according to the firing order. This system is used when the engine is running.

Simultaneous multiport fuel injection system

Fuel is injected simultaneously into all six cylinders twice each engine cycle. In other words, pulse signals of the same width are simultaneously transmitted from the ECM.

The six injectors will then receive the signals two times for each engine cycle.

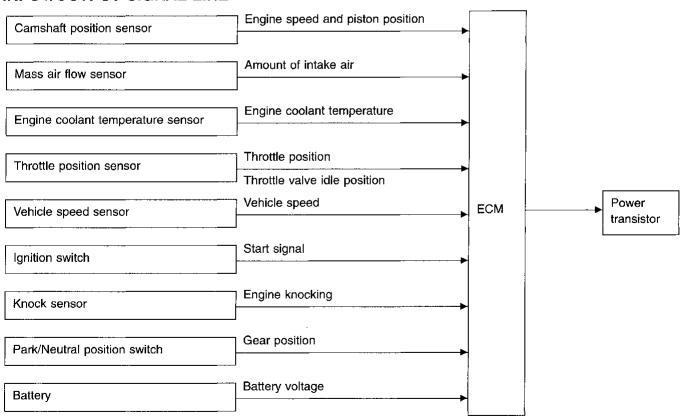
This system is used when the engine is being started and/or if the fail-safe system (CPU) is operating.

FUEL SHUT-OFF

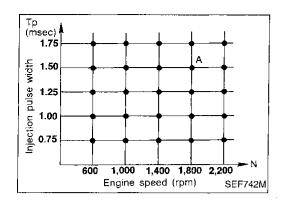
Fuel to each cylinder is cut off during deceleration or operation of the engine at excessively high speeds.

Distributor Ignition (DI) System

INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



Distributor Ignition (DI) System (Cont'd) SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The ignition timing is controlled by the ECM to maintain the best air-fuel ratio for every running condition of the engine.

The ignition timing data is stored in the ECM. This data forms the map shown.

The ECM receives information such as the injection pulse width and camshaft position sensor signal. Computing this information, ignition signals are transmitted to the power transistor.

e.g., N: 1,800 rpm, Tp: 1.50 msec A°BTDC

During the following conditions, the ignition timing is revised by the ECM according to the other data stored in the ECM.

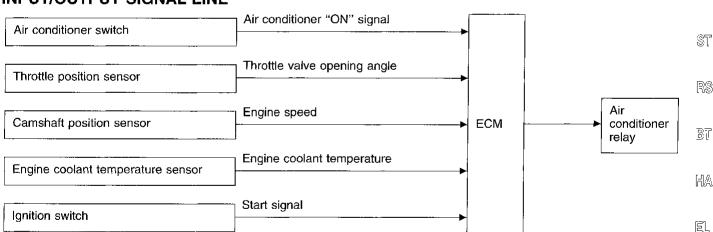
- At starting
- During warm-up
- At idle
- At low battery voltage
- During acceleration

The knock sensor retard system is designed only for emergencies. The basic ignition timing is programmed within the anti-knocking zone, if recommended fuel is used under dry conditions. The retard system does not operate under normal driving conditions.

If engine knocking occurs, the knock sensor monitors the condition. The signal is transmitted to the ECM. The ECM retards the ignition timing to eliminate the knocking condition.

Air Conditioning Cut Control

INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

This system improves engine operation when the air conditioner is used.

Under the following conditions, the air conditioner is turned off.

- When the accelerator pedal is fully depressed.
- When cranking the engine.
- At high engine speeds.

When the engine coolant temperature DX becomes excessively high.

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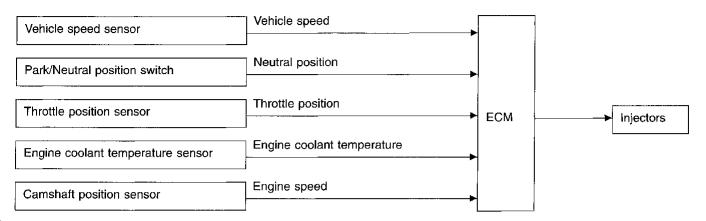
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Fuel Cut Control (at no load & high engine speed)

INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



If the engine speed is above 3,000 rpm with no load, (for example, in neutral and engine speed over 3,000 rpm) fuel will be cut off after some time. The exact time when the fuel is cut off varies based on engine speed.

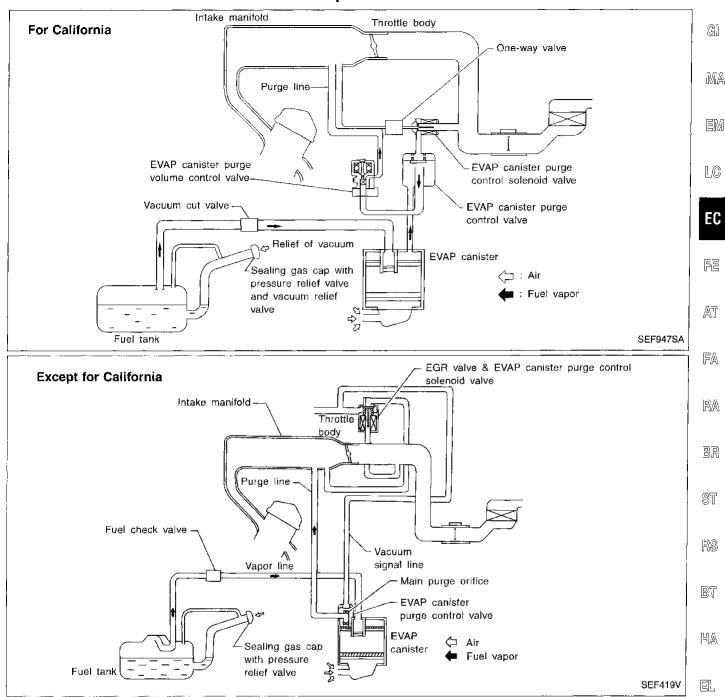
Fuel cut will operate until the engine speed reaches 1,000 rpm, then fuel cut is cancelled.

NOTE:

This function is different from deceleration control listed under "Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System", EC-18.

EC-22 182

Description



The evaporative emission system is used to reduce hydrocarbons emitted into the atmosphere from the fuel system. This reduction of hydrocarbons is accomplished by activated charcoals in the EVAP canister.

The fuel vapor from sealed fuel tank is led into the EVAP canister when the engine is off. The fuel vapor is then stored in the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister retains the fuel vapor until the EVAP canister is purged by air.

When the engine is running, the air is drawn through EVAP canister vent control valve (for California) or the bottom of the EVAP canister (except for California). The fuel vapor will then be led to the intake manifold.

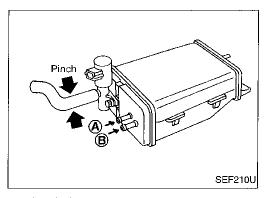
Description (Cont'd)

On the models for California, the flow rate of vapor controlled by EVAP canister purge volume control valve is proportionally regulated as the air flow increases.

When the engine runs at idle, the EVAP canister purge control valve is closed. On the models for California, vapor purge line is completely closed.

On the models except for California, only a small amount of vapor flows into the intake manifold through the constant purge orifice.

As the engine speed increases, the EVAP canister purge control valve opens. The vapor is sucked through both main purge and constant purge orifices.

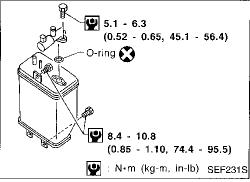


Inspection

EVAP CANISTER (For California)

Check EVAP canister as follows:

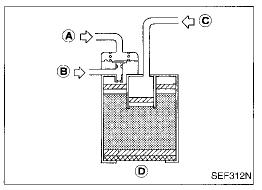
- 1. Pinch the fresh air hose.
- 2. Blow air in port (A) and make sure air flows freely out of port (B).



Tightening torque

Tighten EVAP canister as shown in the figure.

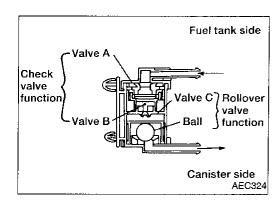
Make sure new O-ring is installed properly between EVAP canister and EVAP vent control valve.



EVAP CANISTER (Except for California)

Check EVAP canister as follows:

- 1. Blow air in port (A) and check that there is no leakage.
- 2. Apply vacuum to port (a). [Approximately -13.3 to -20.0 kPa (-100 to -150 mmHg, -3.94 to -5.91 inHg)]
- 3. Cover port **(b)** by hand.
- 1. Blow air in port © and make sure air flows freely out of port B.



Inspection (Cont'd)

FUEL CHECK VALVE (With rollover valve) (Except for California)

- Blow air through connector on fuel tank side.
 A considerable resistance should be felt and a portion of air flow should be directed toward the EVAP canister side.
- Blow air through connector on EVAP canister side. Air flow should be smoothly directed toward fuel tank side.
- 3. If fuel check valve is suspected of not properly functioning in steps 1 and 2 above, replace it.

Rollover valve operation

Ensure that continuity of air passage does not exist when the installed rollover valve is tilted to 90° or 180°.



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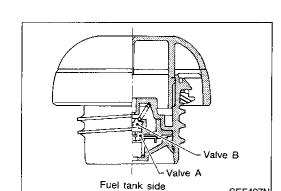
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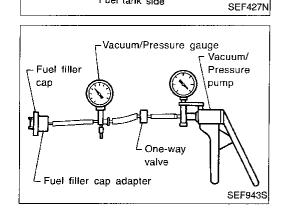
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FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (Built into fuel filler cap)

- Wipe clean valve housing.
- Check valve opening pressure and vacuum.

Pressure:

15.3 - 20.0 kPa (0.156 - 0.204 kg/cm², 2.22 - 2.90 psi)

Vacuum:

-6.0 to -3.5 kPa (-0.061 to -0.036 kg/cm², -0.87 to -0.51 psi)

3. If out of specification, replace fuel filler cap as an assembly. **CAUTION:**

Use only a genuine fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.



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VACUUM CUT VALVE (For California)

Refer to EC-390.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION (EVAP) CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL VALVE (For California)

Refer to EC-281.

TANK FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR (For California)

Refer to EC-225.

EVAP service port Pressure pump SEF462U

Inspection (Cont'd) EVAP SERVICE PORT (For California)

Positive pressure is delivered to the EVAP system through the evaporator service port. If fuel vapor leakage in the EVAP system occurs, use a leak detector to locate the leak.

EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE APPLY PRESSURE TO EVAP SYSTEM FROM SERVICE PORT USING HAND PUMP WITH PRESSURE GAUGE AT NEXT SCREEN. NEVER USE COMPRESSED AIR OR HIGH PRESSURE PUMP! DO NOT START ENGINE. TOUCH START. CANCEL START

How to detect fuel vapor leakage CAUTION:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not start engine.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in EVAP system.

NOTE:

 Improper installation of adapter to the service port may cause a leak.



- 1. Attach the adapter to the EVAP SERVICE port securely.
- 2. Also attach the pressure pump and hose.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4. Select the "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT MODE" with CONSULT.
- 5. Touch "START". A bar graph (Pressure indicating display) will appear on the screen.
- 6. Apply positive pressure to the EVAP system until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.
- 7. Remove adapter and hose with pressure pump.
- 8. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-27.

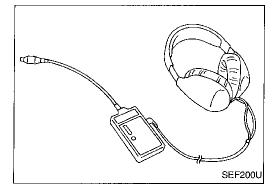


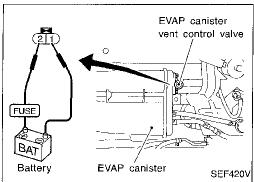
Attach the adapter securely to the EVAP service port and pressure pump with pressure gauge to the EVAP

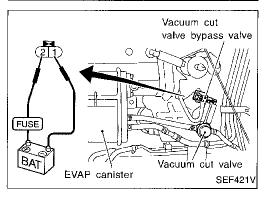
service port.

2. Apply battery voltage to between the terminals of both EVAP canister vent control valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve to make a closed EVAP system.

- 3. To locate the leak, deliver positive pressure to the EVAP system until pressure gauge points reach 1.38 to 2.76 kPa (0.014 to 0.028 kg/cm², 0.2 to 0.4 psi).
- 4. Remove adapter and hose with pressure pump.
- 5. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-27.







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Evaporative Emission Line Drawing (for California)

LC EVAP canister purge control valve EVAP canister purge volume control valve Intake manifold collector FË EVAP service port AT FA RA BR ST RS 剧了 HA To EVAP canister

Refer to "System Diagram", EC-13, for vacuum control system.

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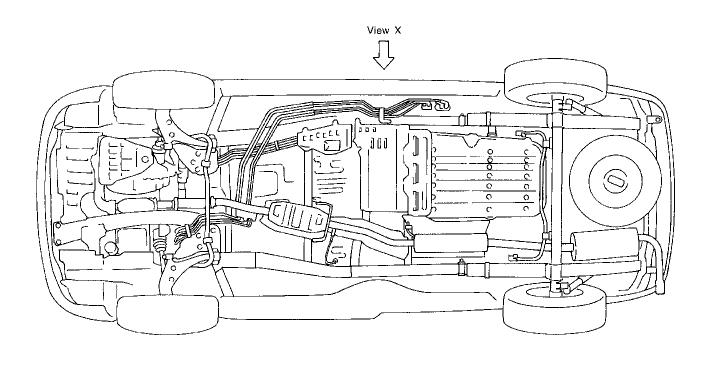
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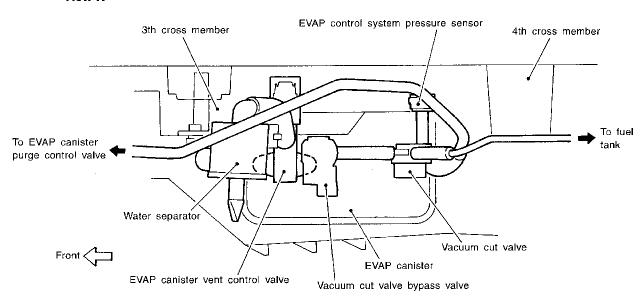
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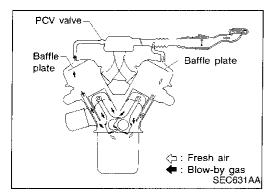
Evaporative Emission Line Drawing (for California) (Cont'd)

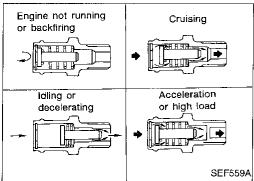


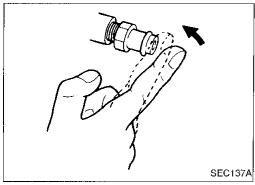
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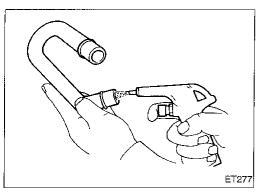


POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION









Description

This system returns blow-by gas to the intake collector.

The positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) valve is provided to conduct crankcase blow-by gas to the intake manifold.

During partial throttle operation of the engine, the intake manifold sucks the blow-by gas through the PCV valve.

Normally, the capacity of the valve is sufficient to handle any blow-by and a small amount of ventilating air.

The ventilating air is then drawn from the air duct into the crankcase. In this process the air passes through the hose connecting air inlet tubes to rocker cover.

Under full-throttle condition, the manifold vacuum is insufficient to draw the blow-by flow through the valve. The flow goes through the hose connection in the reverse direction.

On vehicles with an excessively high blow-by, the valve does not meet the requirement. This is because some of the flow will go through the hose connection to the intake collector under all conditions.

Inspection

PCV (Positive Crankcase Ventilation) VALVE

With engine running at idle, remove PCV valve from breather separator. A properly working valve makes a hissing noise as air passes through it. A strong vacuum should be felt immediately when a finger is placed over the valve inlet.

PCV HOSE

- Check hoses and hose connections for leaks.
- 2. Disconnect all hoses and clean with compressed air. If any hose cannot be freed of obstructions, replace.

























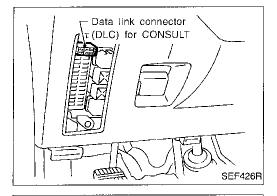


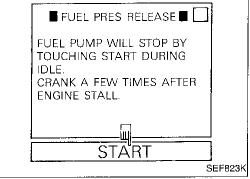










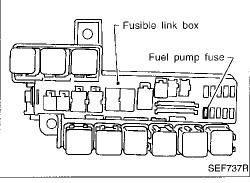


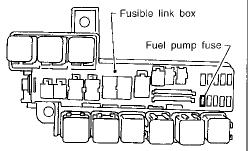


Before disconnecting fuel line, release fuel pressure from fuel line to eliminate danger.



- Start engine.
- 2. Perform "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode to release fuel pressure to zero.
- After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to make 3. sure that fuel pressure is released.
- Turn ignition switch OFF. 4.



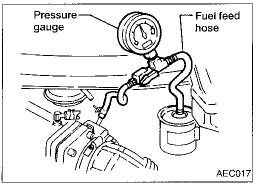




Remove fuel pump fuse, located in fusible link box.

- OR -

- 2. Start engine.
- 3. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- Turn ignition switch off and reconnect fuel pump 4. fuse



Fuel Pressure Check

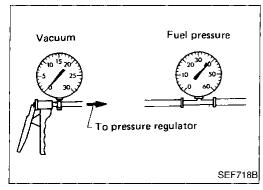
- When reconnecting fuel line, always use new clamps.
- Make sure that clamp screw does not contact adjacent parts.
- Use a torque driver to tighten clamps.
- Use Pressure Gauge to check fuel pressure.
- Do not perform fuel pressure check with system operating. Fuel pressure gauge may indicate false readings.
- Release fuel pressure to zero. 1.
- Disconnect fuel hose between fuel filter and fuel tube 2. (engine side).
- Install pressure gauge between fuel filter and fuel tube. 3.
- Start engine and check for fuel leakage.
- Read the indication of fuel pressure gauge. 5.

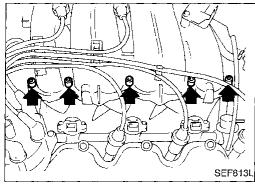
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With vacuum hose connected Approximately 235 kPa (2.4 kg/cm², 34 psi) With vacuum hose disconnected Approximately 294 kPa (3.0 kg/cm², 43 psi)

If results are unsatisfactory, perform Fuel Pressure Regulator Check.

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Fuel Pressure Regulator Check

- Stop engine and disconnect fuel pressure regulator vacuum hose from intake manifold.
- Plug intake manifold with a rubber cap.
- 3. Connect variable vacuum source to fuel pressure regulator.
- Start engine and read indication of fuel pressure gauge as vacuum is changed.

Fuel pressure should decrease as vacuum increases. If results are unsatisfactory, replace fuel pressure regulator.

Injector Removal and Installation

- Release fuel pressure to zero.
- Separate ASCD and accelerator control wire from intake manifold collector.
- Remove intake manifold collector from engine.

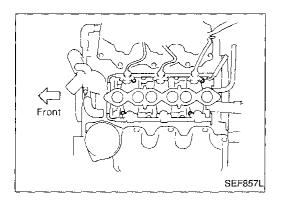
The following parts should be disconnected or removed.

- (1) Harness connectors for
 - IACV-AAC valve
 - IACV-FICD solenoid valve
 - Closed throttle position switch
 - Throttle position sensor
 - EGR valve and EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve
 - EGR temperature sensor
 - Ground harness
- (2) PCV hoses
- (3) Vacuum hoses for
 - Brake booster
 - EGR valve and EVAP canister purge control solenoid
 - Fuel pressure regulator
 - EVAP canister
 - EGRC-BPT valve
- (4) Air hoses from
 - Air duct
 - IACV-AAC valve
- (5) Water hoses for
 - Throttle body
- Air relief plug (6) EVAP canister purge hose
- (7) EGR flare tube

Remove injector fuel tube assembly.

The following parts should be disconnected or removed.

- Vacuum hose for fuel pressure regulator
- Fuel feed and return hose
- All injector harness connectors



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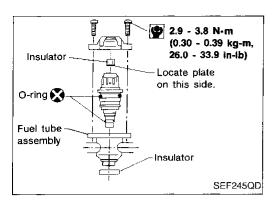
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Injector Removal and Installation (Cont'd)

- 5. Remove any malfunctioning injector from injector fuel tube.
- 6. Replace or clean injector as necessary.

Always replace O-rings and insulators with new ones.

- 7. Connect injector to injector fuel tube.
- 8. Reinstall any part removed in reverse order of removal.

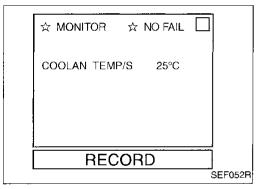
CAUTION:

After properly connecting fuel hose to injector and fuel tube, check connection for fuel leakage.

Fast Idle Cam (FIC)

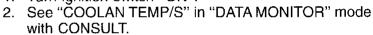
COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The FIC is installed on the throttle body to maintain adequate engine speed while the engine is cold. It is operated by a volumetric change in wax located inside the thermo-element. The thermo-element is operated by engine coolant temperature.

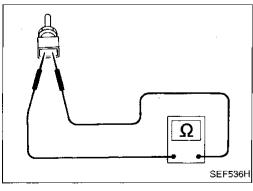


COMPONENT INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT





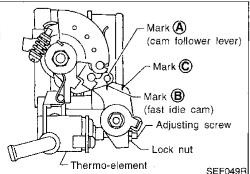
3. When engine coolant temperature is 25±5°C (77±9°F), make sure that the center of mark (A) is aligned with mark (B) as shown in the figure.



- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector and check resistance as shown in the figure.

OR ·

3. Start engine and warm it up. When the resistance of engine coolant temperature sensor is 1.65 to 2.4 k Ω , make sure that the center of mark (A) is aligned with mark (B) as shown in the figure.

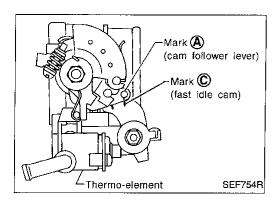


If NG, adjust by turning adjusting screw.

Lock nut:

(10 - 20 kg-cm, 8.7 - 17.4 in-lb)

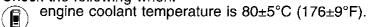
EC-32 192



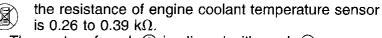
Fast Idle Cam (FIC) (Cont'd)

4. Start engine and warm it up.

5. Check the following when:



– OR –



The center of mark (A) is aligned with mark (C).

 The cam follower lever's roller is not touching the fast idle cam

If NG, replace thermo-element and perform the above inspection and adjustment again.

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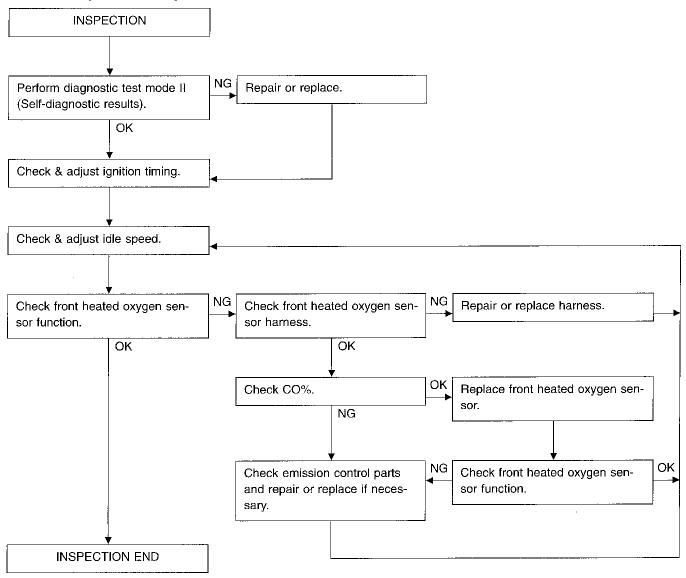
Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio Adjustment

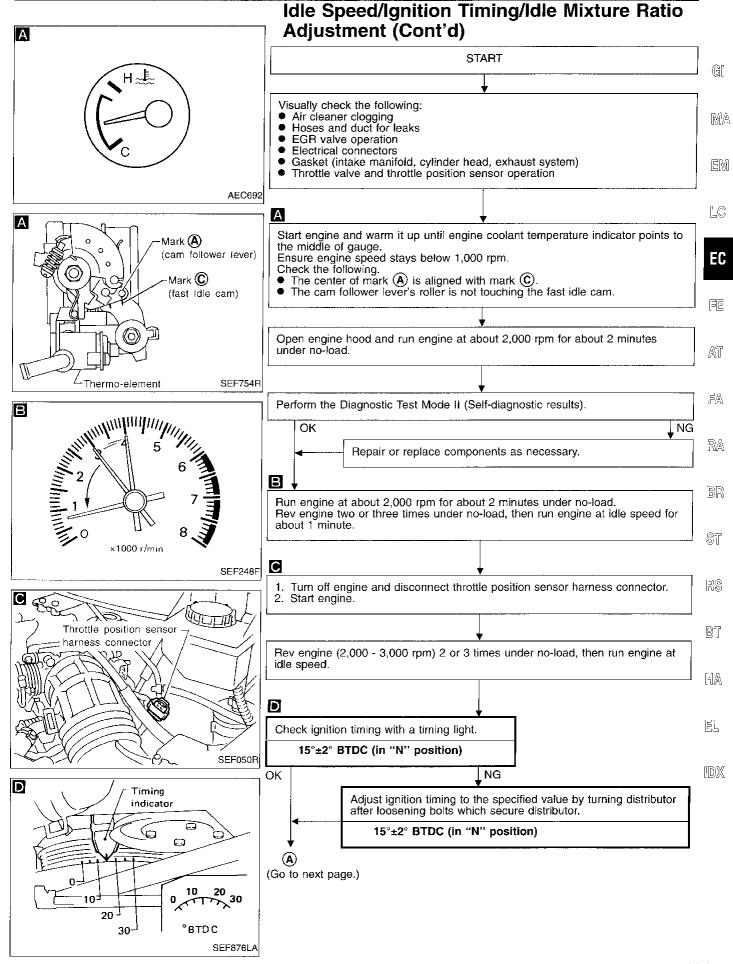
PREPARATION

- Make sure that the following parts are in good order.
- (1) Battery
- (2) Ignition system
- (3) Engine oil and coolant levels
- (4) Fuses
- (5) ECM harness connector
- (6) Vacuum hoses
- (7) Air intake system
 - (Oil filler cap, oil level gauge, etc.)
- (8) Fuel pressure
- (9) Engine compression
- (10) EGR valve operation
- (11) Throttle valve
- (12) EVAP system

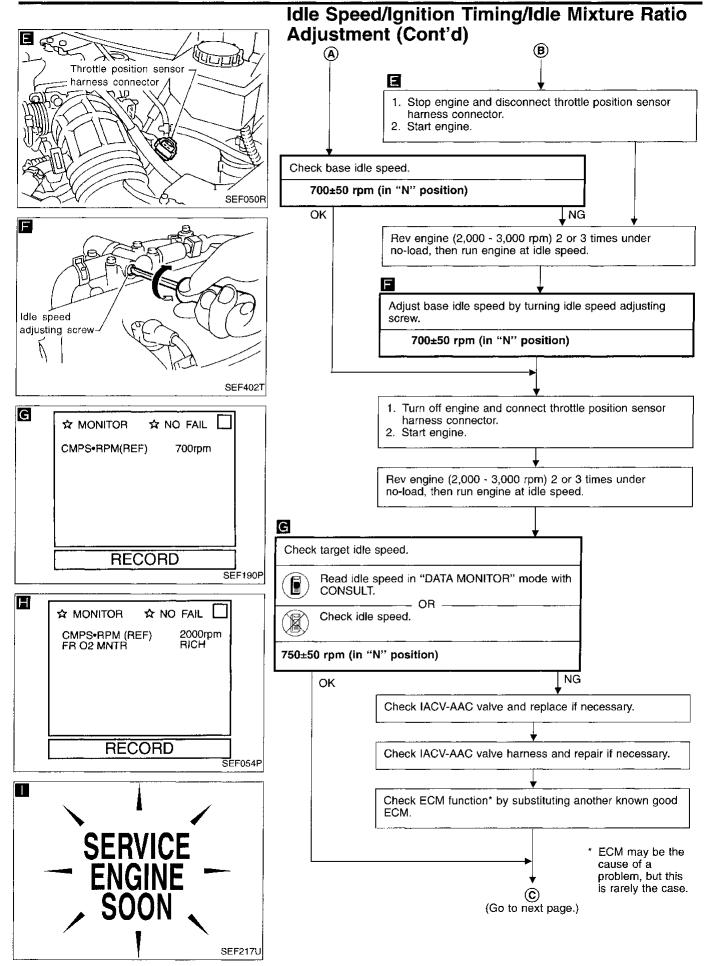
- On models equipped with air conditioner, checks should be carried out while the air conditioner is "OFF".
- On models equipped with automatic transaxle, when checking idle speed, ignition timing and mixture ratio, checks should be carried out while shift lever is in "N" position.
- When measuring "CO" percentage, insert probe more than 40 cm (15.7 in) into tail pipe.
- Turn off headlamps, heater blower, rear defogger.
- Keep front wheels pointed straight ahead.
- Make the check after the cooling fan has stopped.

Overall inspection sequence

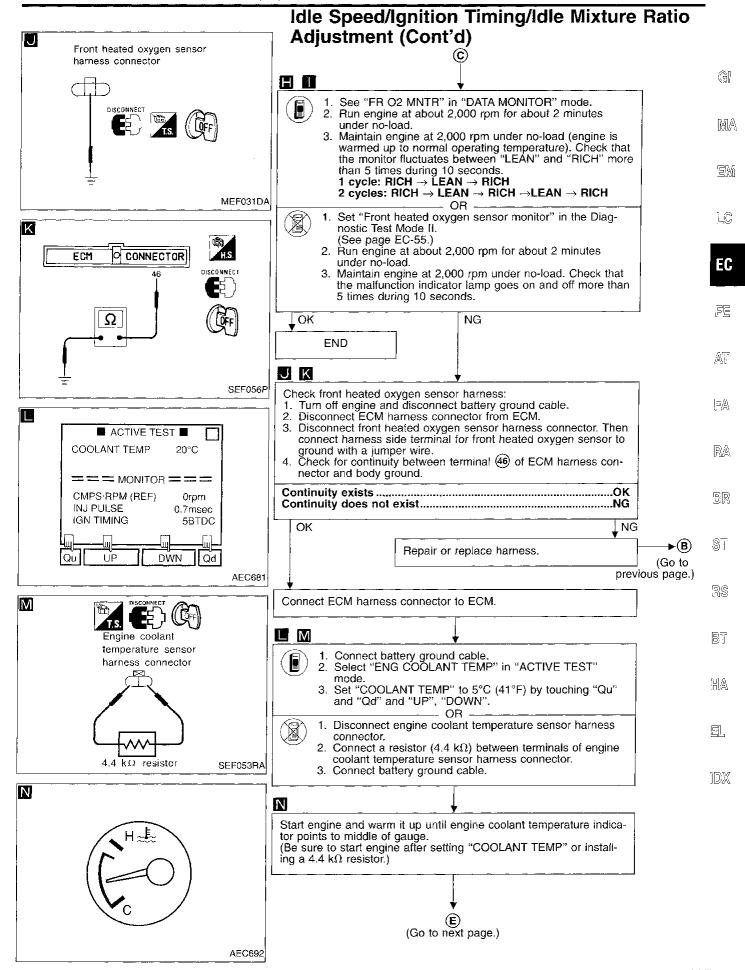


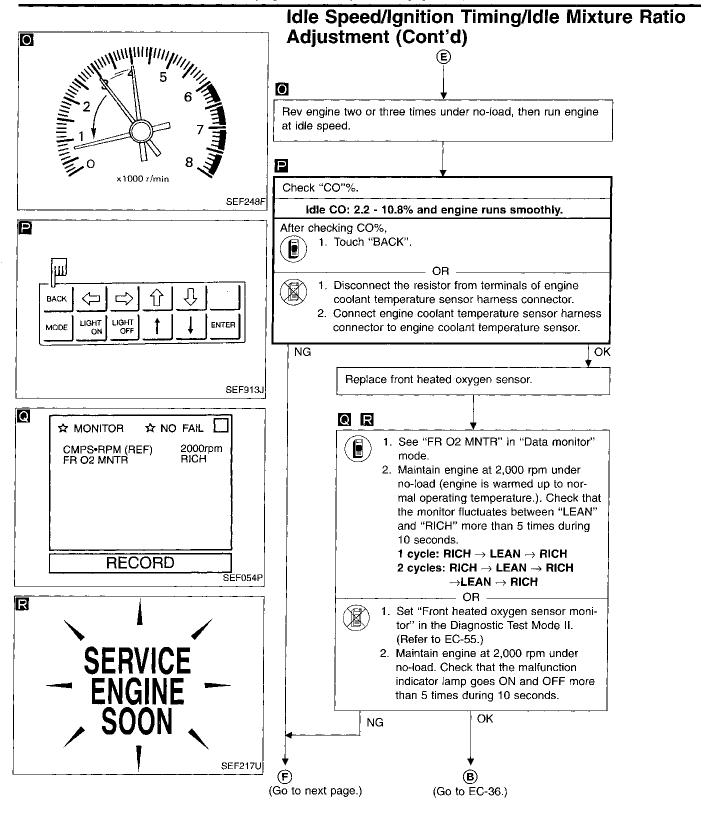


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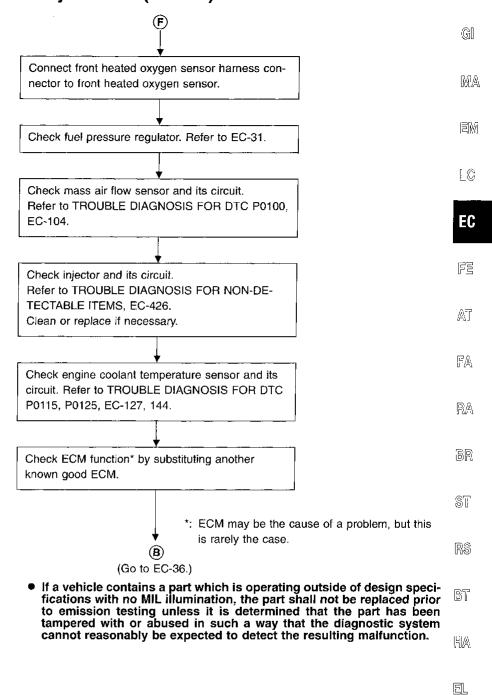
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EC-38

Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio Adjustment (Cont'd)



199

IDX

Introduction

The ECM (ECCS control module) has an on board diagnostic system, which detects malfunctions related to engine sensors or actuators. The ECM also records various emission-related diagnostic information including:

•	Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)	Mode	3 of	SAE	J1979
	Freeze Frame data				
	System Readiness Test (SRT) code				
	1st Trip Diagnostic Trouble Code (1st Trip DTC)				

1st Trip Freeze Frame data

The above information can be checked using procedures listed in the table below.

	DTC	1st trip DTC	Freeze Frame data	1st trip Freeze Frame data	SRT code	Test value
Diagnostic test mode II (Self- diagnostic results)	0	⊜*1				
CONSULT	0	0	0	0	0	
GST	0	○*2	0		0	0

^{*1:} When DTC and 1st trip DTC simultaneously appear on the display, they cannot be clearly distinguished from each other.
*2: 1st trip DTCs for self-diagnoses concerning SRT items cannot be shown on the GST display.

The malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) on the instrument panel lights up when the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips (Two trip detection logic), or when the ECM enters fail-safe mode (Refer to EC-82.).

Two Trip Detection Logic

When a malfunction is detected for the first time, 1st trip DTC and 1st trip Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up at this stage. <1st trip>

If the same malfunction is detected again during the next drive, the DTC and Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL lights up. The MIL lights up at the same time when the DTC is stored. <2nd trip> The "trip" in the "Two Trip Detection Logic" means a driving mode in which self-diagnosis is performed during vehicle operation. Specific on board diagnostic items will cause the ECM to light up or blink the MIL, and store DTC and Freeze Frame data, even in the 1st trip, as shown below.

	MIL		DTC		1st trip DTC		
Items	1st trip		2nd trip	1st trip	2nd trip	1st trip	2nd trip
	Blinking	Lighting up	lighting up	displaying	displaying	displaying	displaying
Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0306 (0701, 0603 - 0608) is being detected	X			X		X	
Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0306 (0701, 0603 - 0608) has been detected		х		X		X	
Closed loop control — DTC: P1148 (0307)		X		х		Х	
Fail-safe items (Refer to EC-82.)		Х		X*1		X*1	
Except above			Х		Х	Х	X

^{*1:} Except "ECM".

Emission-related Diagnostic Information

DTC AND 1ST TRIP DTC

The 1st trip DTC (whose number is the same as the DTC number) is displayed for the latest self-diagnostic result obtained. If the ECM memory was cleared previously, and the 1st trip DTC did not reoccur, the 1st trip DTC will not be displayed. If a malfunction is detected during the 1st trip, the 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up (two trip detection logic). If the same malfunction is not detected in the 2nd trip (meeting the required driving pattern), the 1st trip DTC is cleared from the ECM memory. If the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, both the 1st trip DTC and DTC are stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up. In other words, the DTC is stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up when the same malfunction occurs in two consecutive trips. If a 1st trip DTC is stored and a non-diagnostic operation is performed between the 1st and 2nd trips, only the 1st trip DTC will continue to be stored. For malfunctions that blink or light up the MIL during the 1st trip, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are stored in the ECM memory.

Procedures for clearing the DTC and the 1st trip DTC from the ECM memory are described in "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION". Refer to EC-49.

For malfunctions in which 1st trip DTCs are displayed, refer to EC-47. These items are required by legal regulations to continuously monitor the system/component. In addition, the items monitored non-continuously are also displayed on CONSULT.

1st trip DTC is specified in Mode 7 of SAE J1979. 1st trip DTC detection occurs without lighting up the MIL and therefore does not warn the driver of a problem. However, 1st trip DTC detection will not prevent the vehicle from being tested, for example during Inspection/Maintenance (I/M) tests.

When a 1st trip DTC is detected, check, print out or write down and erase (1st trip) DTC and Freeze Frame data as specified in "Work Flow" procedure Step II, refer to page EC-76. Then perform "Diagnostic trouble code confirmation procedure" or "Overall function check" to try to duplicate the problem. If the malfunction is duplicated, the item requires repair.

How to read DTC and 1st trip DTC

DTC and 1st trip DTC can be read by the following methods.

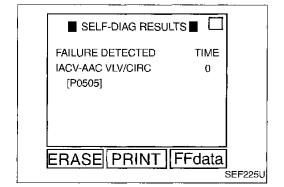
1. The number of blinks of the malfunction indicator lamp in the Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-Diagnostic Results) Examples: 0101, 0201, 1003, 1104, etc.
These DTCs are controlled by NISSAN.

2. CONSULT or GST (Generic Scan Tool) Examples: P0340, P1320, P0705, P0750, etc. These DTCs are prescribed by SAE J2012.

(CONSULT also displays the malfunctioning component or system.)

1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

Output of a DTC indicates a malfunction. However, Mode II and GST do not indicate whether
the malfunction is still occurring or has occurred in the past and has returned to normal.
CONSULT can identify malfunction status as shown below. Therefore, using CONSULT (if
available) is recommended.



A sample of CONSULT display for DTC is shown at left. DTC or 1st trip DTC of a malfunction is displayed in SELF-DIAGNOS-TIC RESULTS mode of CONSULT. Time data indicates how many times the vehicle was driven after the last detection of a DTC.

If the DTC is being detected currently, the time data will be "0".

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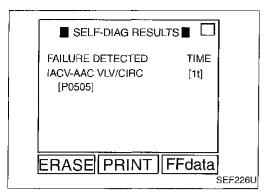
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Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

If a 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM, the time data will be "[1t]".

FREEZE FRAME DATA AND 1ST TRIP FREEZE FRAME DATA

The ECM records the driving conditions such as fuel system status, calculated load value, engine coolant temperature, short term fuel trim, long term fuel trim, engine speed, vehicle speed and absolute pressure sensor at the moment a malfunction is detected.

Data which are stored in the ECM memory, along with the 1st trip DTC, are called 1st trip freeze frame data. The data, stored together with the DTC data, are called freeze frame data and displayed on CONSULT or GST. The 1st trip freeze frame data can only be displayed on the CONSULT screen, not on the GST. For details, see EC-63.

Only one set of freeze frame data (either 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data) can be stored in the ECM. 1st trip freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory along with the 1st trip DTC. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data and it is updated each time a different 1st trip DTC is detected. However, once freeze frame data (2nd trip detection/MIL on) is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze frame data is no longer stored. Remember, only one set of freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM. The ECM has the following priorities to update the data.

Priority		Items
1	Freeze frame data	Misfire — DTC: P0300 - P0306 (0701, 0603 - 0608) Fuel Injection System Function — DTC: P0171 (0115), P0172 (0114)
2		Except the above items (Includes A/T related items)
3	1st trip freeze frame	data

For example, the EGR malfunction (Priority: 2) was detected and the freeze frame data was stored in the 2nd trip. After that when the misfire (Priority: 1) is detected in another trip, the freeze frame data will be updated from the EGR malfunction to the misfire. The 1st trip freeze frame data is updated each time a different malfunction is detected. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data. However, once freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory, first trip freeze data is no longer stored (because only one freeze frame data or first trip freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM). If freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory and freeze frame data with the same priority occurs later, the first (original) freeze frame data remains unchanged in the ECM memory.

Both 1st trip freeze frame data and freeze frame data (along with the DTCs) are cleared when the ECM memory is erased. Procedures for clearing the ECM memory are described in "HOW TO ERASE EMIS-SION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION". Refer to EC-49.

SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE

System Readiness Test (SRT) code is specified in Mode 1 of SAE J1979. It indicates whether the self-diagnostic tests for non-continuously monitored items have been completed or not.

Inspection/Maintenance (I/M) tests of the on board diagnostic (OBD) II system may become the legal requirements in some states/areas. All SRT codes must be set in this case. Unless all SRT codes are set, conducting the I/M test may not be allowed.

SRT codes are set after self-diagnosis has been performed one or more times. This occurs regardless of whether the diagnosis is in "OK" or "NG", and whether or not the diagnosis is performed in consecutive trips. The following table lists the five SRT items (18 test items) for the ECCS used in V40 models.

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

SRT items	Self-diagnostic test items	(G		
Catalyst monitoring	Three way catalyst function P0420 (0702)			
	EVAP control system (Small leak — Negative pressure) P0440 (0705)	7.7		
EVAP system monitoring	● EVAP control system (Small leak — Positive pressure) P1440 (0213)	W.		
	● EVAP control system purge flow monitoring P1447 (0111)			
	● Front heated oxygen sensor (Response monitoring) P0133 (0409)	-		
	● Front heated oxygen sensor (Rich shift monitoring) P0132 (0410)			
	● Front heated oxygen sensor (Lean shift monitoring) P0131 (0411)			
	• Front heated oxygen sensor (Circuit) P0130 (0303)			
Oxygen sensor monitoring	• Front heated oxygen sensor (High voltage) P0134 (0412)			
	 Rear heated oxygen sensor (Response monitoring) P0139 (0707) 			
	 Rear heated oxygen sensor (Max. voltage monitoring) P0138 (0510) 	E		
	 Rear heated oxygen sensor (Min. voltage monitoring) P0137 (0511) 	L		
	● Rear heated oxygen sensor (High voltage) P0140 (0512)			
Durgen conser heater menitering	● Front heated oxygen sensor heater P0135 (0901)	<u></u> [5		
Oxygen sensor heater monitoring	● Rear heated oxygen sensor heater P0141 (0902)	L		
	• EGR function (Close) P0400 (0302)			
EGR system monitoring	• EGR function (Open) P1402 (0514)	A		
-	• EGRC-BPT valve function P0402 (0306)			

Together with the DTC, the SRT code is cleared from the ECM memory using the method described later (Refer to EC-49). In addition, after ECCS components/system are repaired or if the battery terminals remain disconnected for more than 24 hours, all SRT codes may be cleared from the ECM memory.

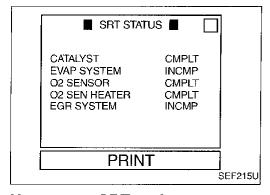
How to display SRT code



\ 1. Selecting "SRT STATUS" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT. For items whose SRT codes are set, a "CMPLT" is displayed on the CONSULT screen; for items whose SRT codes are not set, "INCMP" is displayed.



(a) 2. Selecting Mode 1 with GST (Generic Scan Tool)



A sample of CONSULT display for SRT code is shown at left. "INCMP" means the self-diagnosis is incomplete and SRT is not set. "CMPLT" means the self-diagnosis is complete and SRT is

How to set SRT code

To set all SRT codes, self-diagnosis for the items indicated above must be performed one or more times. Each diagnosis may require a long period of actual driving under various conditions. The most efficient driving pattern in which SRT codes can be properly set is explained on the next page. The driving pattern should be performed one or more times to set all SRT codes.

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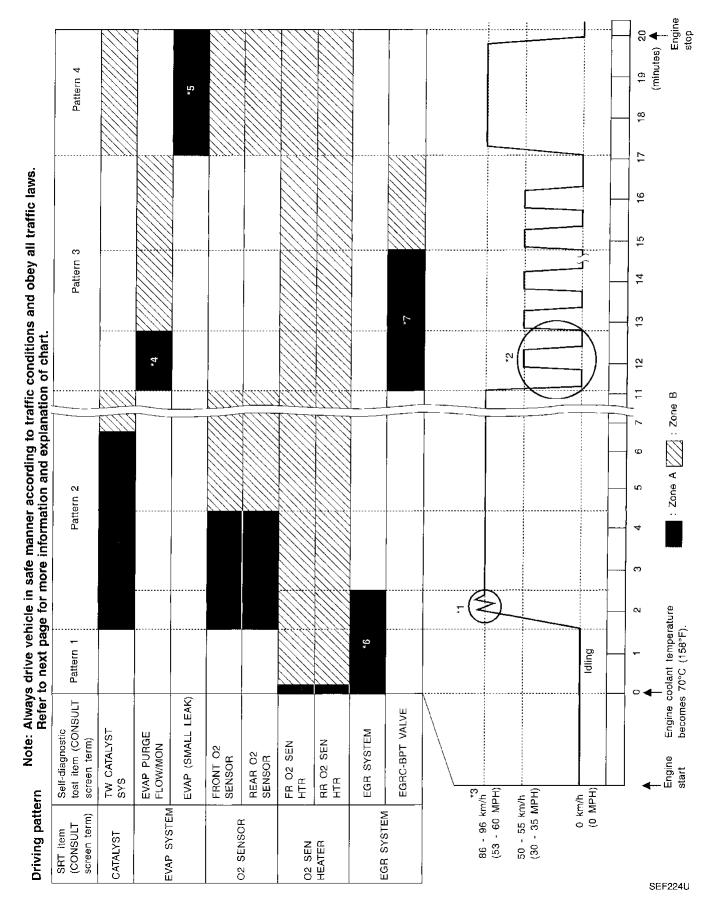
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Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

Driving pattern



Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

The time required for each diagnosis varies with road surface conditions, weather, altitude, individual driving habits, etc.

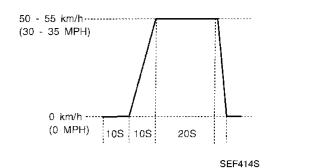
Zone A refers to the range where the time required, for the diagnosis under normal conditions*, is the shortest. Zone B refers to the range where the diagnosis can still be performed if the diagnosis is not completed within zone A.

- *: Normal conditions refer to the following:
- Sea level
- Flat road
- Ambient air temperature: 20 30°C (68 86°F)
- Diagnosis is performed as quickly as possible under normal conditions.

Under different conditions [For example: ambient air temperature other than 20 - 30°C (68 - 86°F)], diagnosis may also be performed.

- Pattern 1: The engine is started at the engine coolant temperature of -10 to 35°C (14 to 95°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminals (51) and (50) is 3.0 - 4.3V).
 - The engine must be operated at idle speed until the engine coolant temperature is greater than 70°C (158°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminals (51) and (50) is lower than 1.4V).
 - The engine is started at the tank fuel temperature of warmer than 0°C (32°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 63 and ground is less than 4.1V).
- Pattern 2: When steady-state driving is performed again even after it is interrupted, each diagnosis can be conducted. In this case, the time required for diagnosis may be extended.
- Pattern 3: The driving pattern outlined in *2 must be repeated at least 3 times. On M/T models, shift gears following "sug-
- gested upshift speeds" schedule at right.

 Pattern 4: Tests are performed after the engine has been operated for at least 17 minutes.
 - The accelerator pedal must be held very steady during steady-state driving.
 - If the accelerator pedal is moved, the test must be conducted all over again.
- *1: Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH), then release the accelerator pedal and keep it released for more than 10 seconds. Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH) again.
- *2: Operate the vehicle in the following driving pattern.
 - 1) Decelerate vehicle to 0 km/h and let engine idle.
 - 2) Repeat driving pattern shown below at least 10
 - During acceleration, hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible. (The THROTL POS SEN value of CONSULT should be between 0.8 to
 - 3) Repeat steps 1 and 2 until the EGR system SRT is set.



- *3: Checking the vehicle speed with CONSULT or GST is advised.
- *4: The driving pattern may be omitted when "PURG FLOW P1447" is performed using the "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- *5: The driving pattern may be omitted when "EVAP SML LEAK P0440" is performed using the "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- *6: The driving pattern may be omitted when all the followings are performed using the "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
 - "EGR SYSTEM P0400"
 - "EGR SYSTEM P1402"
- *7: The driving pattern may be omitted when all the followings are performed using the "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
 - "PURGE FLOW P1447"
 - "EGRC-BPT/VLV P0402"

Suggested transmission gear position for A/T models

Set the selector lever in the "D" position with "OD" ON.

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Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

TEST VALUE AND TEST LIMIT (GST only — not applicable to CONSULT)

The following is the information specified in Mode 6 of SAE J1979.

The test value is a parameter used to determine whether a system/circuit diagnostic test is "OK" or "NG" while being monitored by the ECM during self-diagnosis. The test limit is a reference value which is specified as the maximum or minimum value and is compared with the test value being monitored. Items for which these data (test value and test limit) are displayed are the same as SRT code items (9 test items).

These data (test value and test limit) are specified by Test ID (TID) and Component ID (CID) and can be displayed on the GST screen.

X: Applicable

-: Not applicable

			-		—: Not applica
SRT item (CONSULT display)	Self-diagnostic test item	TID	CID	Test limit	Application
	Three way catalyst	01H	01H	Max.	Х
		02H	81H	Max.	Х
EVAD SVSTEM	EVAP control system (Small leak)	05H	03H	Max.	X
EVAP SYSTEM	EVAP control system purge flow monitoring	06H	83H	Min.	X
		09H	04H	Max.	х
		0AH	84H	Min.	х
	Front heated oxygen sensor	0BH	04H	Max.	x
		0CH	04H	Max.	Х
O2 SENSOR		0DH	04H	Max.	X
	Rear heated oxygen sensor	19H	86H	Min.	X
		1AH	86H	Min.	X
		1BH	06H	Max.	Х
		1CH	06H	Max.	X
	Front heated	29H	08H	Max.	×
O2 SENSOR	oxygen sensor heater	2AH	88H	Min.	Х
HEATER	Rear heated oxygen sensor	2DH	ОАН	Мах.	Х
	heater	2EH	8AH	Min.	x
		31H	8CH	Min.	Х
	ļ	32H	8CH	Min.	Х
	EGR function	33H	8CH	Min.	X
EGR SYSTEM		34H	8CH	Min.	Х
		35H	0CH	Max.	X
	EGRC-BPT valve	36H	0CH	Max.	X
	function	37H	8CH	Min.	Х

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION ITEMS

X: Applicable
—: Not applicable

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ltems	DT	C*4	_	Test value/		
(CONSULT screen terms)	CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	SRT code	Test limit	1st trip DTC	Reference page
NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAIL- URE INDICATED	P0000	0505	_	_	_	_
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0100	0102	-	_	х	EC-104
ABSL PRES SEN/CIRC	P0105	0803	_	_	Х	EC-113
AIR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0110	0401		_	Х	EC-121
COOLANT T SEN/CIRC	P0115	0103	_	_	х	EC-127
THRTL POS SEN/CIRC	P0120	0403		_	Х	EC-132
*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	P0125	0908	_	_	Х	EC-144
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0130	0303	Х	Х	X*3	EC-149
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0131	0411	Х	Х	X*3	EC-155
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0132	0410	х	Х	X*3	EC-161
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0133	0409	X	Х	X*3	EC-167
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0134	0412	х	х	X*3	EC-175
FR O2 SEN HEATER	P0135	0901	х	Х	X*3	EC-180
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0137	0511	Х	Х	X*3	EC-184
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0138	0510	х	х	X*3	EC-191
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0139	0707	Х	Х	X*3	EC-198
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0140	0512	х	X	X*3	EC-204
RR O2 SEN HEATER	P0 1 41	0902	х	х	X*3	EC-209
FUEL SYS DIAG-LEAN	P0171	0115	_	_	Х	EC-213
FUEL SYS DIAG-RICH	P0172	0114	_	_	Х	EC-219
FUEL TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0180	0402		_	X	EC-225
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0701	_	_	Х	EC-229
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0608		_	X	EC-229
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0607	-	_	×	EC-229
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0606	_	_	Х	EC-229
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0605	-		Х	EC-229
CYL 5 MISFIRE	P0305	0604			Х	EC-229
CYL 6 MISFIRE	P0306	0603			Х	EC-229
KNOCK SEN/CIRCUIT	P0325	0304		<u> </u>	X	EC-234
CPS/CIRCUIT (OBD)	P0335	0802		_	Х	EC-238
CAM POS SEN/CIR	P0340	0101			Х	EC-243
EGR SYSTEM	P0400	0302	X	X	X*3	EC-249
GRC-BPT VALVE	P0402	0306	х	х	X*3	EC-257
W CATALYST SYSTEM	P0420	0702	х	Х	X*3	EC-262
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0440	0705	Х	x	X*3	EC-267
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0443	1008		_	Х	EC-276
/ENT CONTROL VALVE	P0446	0903	_		Х	EC-282
EVAPO SYS PRES SEN	P0450	0704	_		Х	EC-287

^{*1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.
*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.
*3: These are not displayed with GST.
*4: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

X: Applicable Not applicable

Items	DTC*4			Test value/		
(CONSULT screen terms)	CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	SRT code	Test limit	1st trip DTC	Reference pag
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC	P0500	0104	_	_	х	EC-293
IACV/AAC VLV/CIRC	P0505	0205		_	х	EC-297
CLOSED TP SW/CIRC	P0510	0203	_		х	EC-303
A/T COMM LINE	P0600		_	_		EC-308
ECM	P0605	0301	_	_	Х	EC-311
INHIBITOR SW/CIRC	P0705	1101		_	Х	AT-81
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0710	1208		-	х	AT-85
VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT	P0720	1102		_	Х	AT-89
ENGINE SPEED SIG	P0725	1207	_	_	х	AT-93
A/T 1ST GR FNCTN	P0731	1103	_		х	AT-96
A/T 2ND GR FNCTN	P0732	1104		<u> </u>	х	AT-102
A/T 3RD GR FNCTN	P0733	1105		_	Х	AT-107
A/T 4TH GR FNCTN	P0734	1106		_	Х	AT-112
TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	P0740	1204		<u> </u>	Х	AT-120
A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	P0744	1107	_	_	Х	AT-124
L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	P0745	1205		_	×	AT-131
SFT SOL A/CIRC	P0750	1108	_	_	Х	AT-135
SFT SOL B/CIRC	P0755	1201	_		×	AT-139
MAP/BAR SW SOL/CIR	P1105	1302	_	_	Х	EC-313
CLOSED LOOP	P1148	0307	_	_	X	EC-321
IGN SIGNAL-PRIMARY	P1320	0201	_		Х	EC-323
CPS/CIRC (OBD) COG	P1336	0905	_	_	X	EC-329
EGRC SOLENOID/V	P1400	1005	_	_	Х	EC-334
EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P1401	0305	_		Х	EC-338
EGR SYSTEM	P1402	0514	х	х	X*3	EC-344
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P1440	0213	х	Х	X*3	EC-351
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P1444	0214	_	_	X	EC-361
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1446	0215	_		Х	EC-369
EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P1447	0111	х	X	X*3	EC-373
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1448	0309	_	_	Х	EC-380
VC/V BYPASS/V	P1490	0801		-	Х	EC-385
VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	P1491	0311	_	_	Х	EC-390
PURG CONT/V S/V	P1492	0807	_		Х	EC-395
PURG CONT/V & S/V	P1493	0312	_		Х	EC-400
A/T DIAG COMM LINE	P1605	0804	_	_	Х	EC-407
TP SEN/CIRC A/T	P1705	1206	_		Х	AT-143
P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	P1706	1003	_	_	Х	EC-410
O/R CLTCH SOL/CIRC	P1760	1203		_	X	AT-150

^{*1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.
*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.
*3: These are not displayed with GST.
*4: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

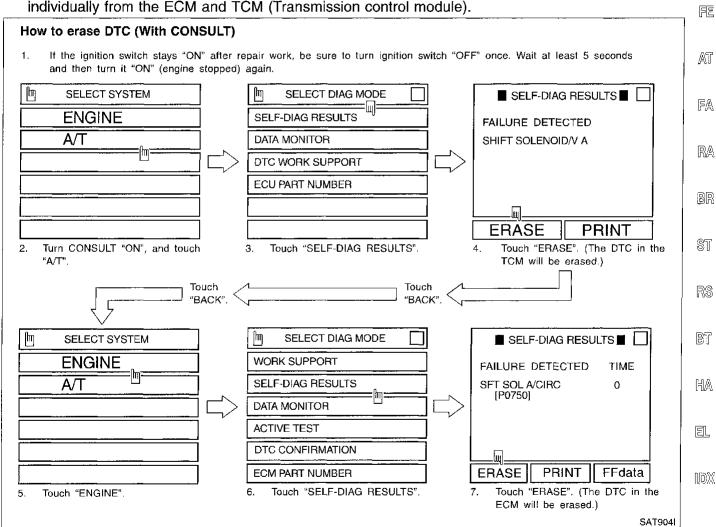
HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION



How to erase DTC (With CONSULT)

Note: If the diagnostic trouble code is not for A/T related items (see EC-2), skip steps 2 through

- 1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.
- 2. Turn CONSULT "ON" and touch "A/T".
- 3. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
- Touch "ERASE". [The DTC in the TCM (Transmission control module) will be erased.] Then touch "BACK" twice.
- Touch "ENGINE".
- Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". 6.
- 7. Touch "ERASE". (The DTC in the ECM will be erased.)
- If DTCs are displayed for both ECM and TCM (Transmission control module), they need to be erased individually from the ECM and TCM (Transmission control module).



The emission-related diagnostic information can be erased by selecting "ERASE" in the "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT.



(How to erase DTC (With GST)

Note: If the diagnostic trouble code is not for A/T related items (see EC-2), skip step 2.

1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.

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EC

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

- 2. Perform "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE (Without CONSULT)" in AT section titled "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS", "Self-diagnosis". (The engine warm-up step can be skipped when performing the diagnosis only to erase the DTC.)
- 3. Select Mode 4 with GST (Generic Scan Tool).

The emission-related diagnostic information can be erased by selecting Mode 4 with GST (Generic Scan Tool).

(NO Tools)

Note: If the diagnostic trouble code is not for A/T related items (see EC-2), skip step 2.

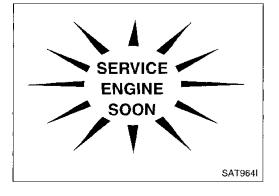
- 1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" again.
- 2. Perform "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE (Without CONSULT)" in AT section titled "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS", "Self-diagnosis". (The engine warm-up step can be skipped when performing the diagnosis only to erase the DTC.)
- 3. Change the diagnostic test mode from Mode II to Mode I by turning the mode selector on the ECM. (See EC-52.)

The emission-related diagnostic information can be erased by changing the diagnostic test mode from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Mode I by turning the mode selector on the ECM (Refer to EC-52.).

Note:

- If the battery is disconnected, the emission-related diagnostic information will be lost after approx. 24 hours.
- Erasing the emission-related diagnostic information using CONSULT or GST is easier and quicker than switching the mode selector on the ECM.
- The following data are cleared when the ECM memory is erased.
- 1. Diagnostic trouble codes
- 2. 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
- 3. Freeze frame data
- 4. 1st trip freeze frame data
- 5. System readiness test (SRT) codes
- 6. Test values
- 7. Others

Actual work procedures are explained using a DTC as an example. Be careful so that not only the DTC, but all of the data listed above, are cleared from the ECM memory during work procedures.



Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)

- The malfunction indicator lamp will light up when the ignition switch is turned ON without the engine running. This is a bulb check.
- If the malfunction indicator lamp does not light up, refer to EL section ("WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME") or see EC-450.
- 2. When the engine is started, the malfunction indicator lamp should go off.

If the lamp remains on, the on board diagnostic system has detected an engine system malfunction.

Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM FUNCTION

The on board diagnostic system has the following four functions.

Diagnostic Test Mode I

1. BULB CHECK : This function checks the MIL bulb for damage (blown, open circuit,

etc.).

If the MIL does not come on, check MIL circuit and ECM test mode

selector. (See next page.)

: This is a usual driving condition. When a malfunction is detected twice 2. MALFUNCTION WARNING in two consecutive driving cycles (two trip detection logic), the MIL will light up to inform the driver that a malfunction has been detected. The following malfunctions will light up or blink the MIL in the 1st trip.

"Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage)"

• "Closed loop control"

Fail-safe mode

Diagnostic Test Mode II

3. SELF-DIAGNOSTIC **RESULTS**

: This function allows DTCs and 1st trip DTCs to be read.

4. FRONT HEATED OXY-GEN SENSOR MONI-TOR

: This function allows the fuel mixture condition (lean or rich), monitored

by front heated oxygen sensor, to be read.

MIL flashing without DTC

If the ECM is in Diagnostic Test Mode II, MIL may flash when engine is running. In this case, check ECM test mode selector following "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODES" on next page. How to switch the diagnostic test (function) modes, and details of the above functions are described later. (Refer to EC-52.)

Co	ndition	Diagnostic Test Mode I	Diagnostic Test Mode II	BF
Ignition switch in	Engine stopped	BULB CHECK	SELF-DIAG- NOSTIC RESULTS	\$ <u>\</u>
"ON" position	Engine running	MALFUNCTION WARNING	FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SEN- SOR MONITOR	35 Ta

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EC-51

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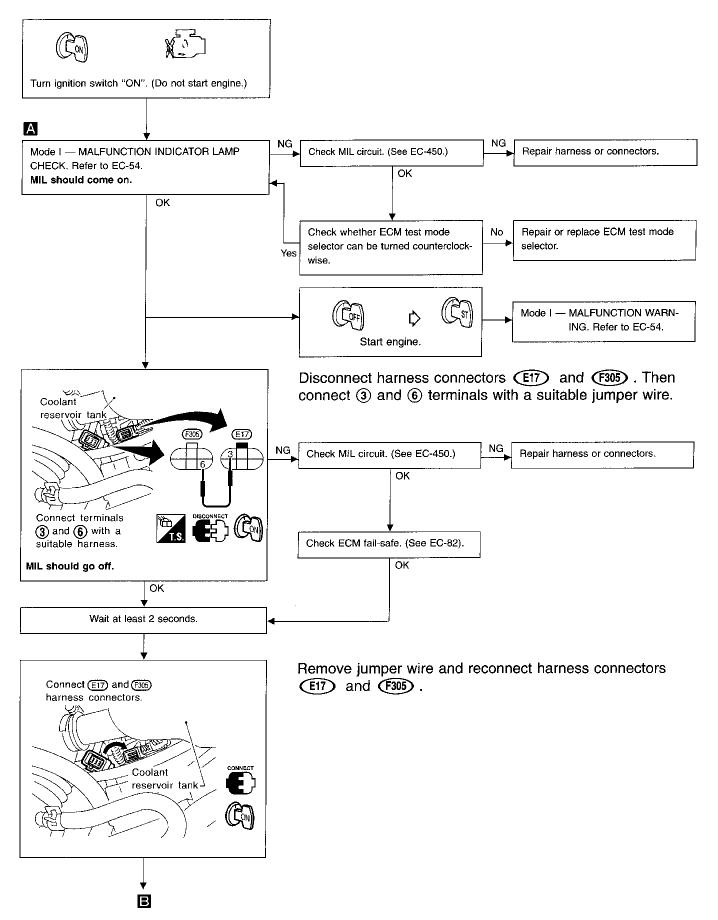
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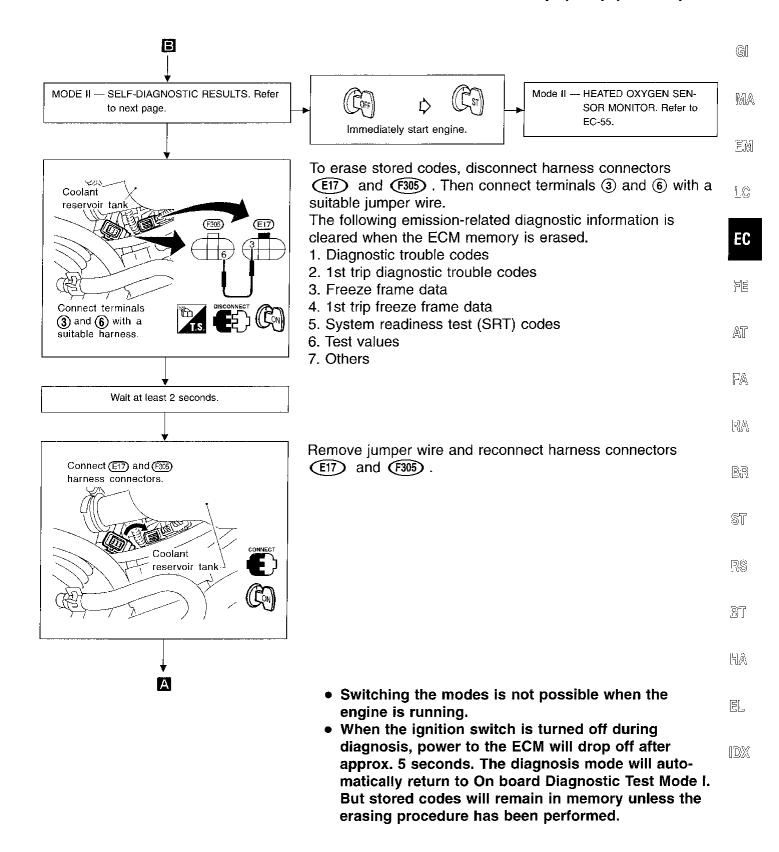
Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODES



EC-52 212

Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)



EC-53 213

Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I — BULB CHECK

In this mode, the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP on the instrument panel should stay ON. If it remains OFF, check the bulb. Refer to EL section ("WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME") or see EC-450.

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I — MALFUNCTION WARNING

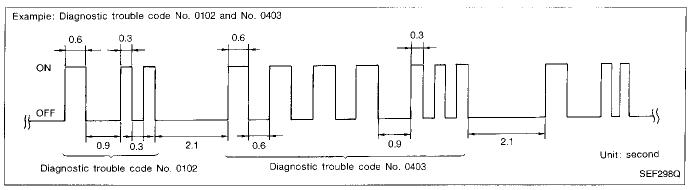
MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP	Condition
ON	When the malfunction is detected or the ECM's CPU is malfunctioning.
OFF	No malfunction.

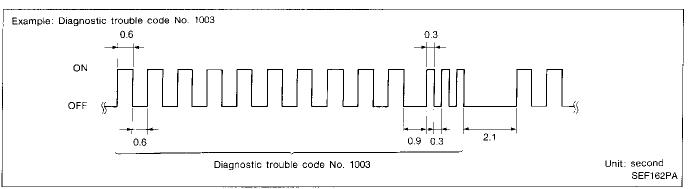
 These Diagnostic Trouble Code Numbers are clarified in Diagnostic Test Mode II (SELF-DIAGNOS-TIC RESULTS).

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II — SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS

In this mode, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are indicated by the number of blinks of the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP.

The DTC and 1st trip DTC are displayed at the same time. If the MIL does not illuminate in diagnostic test mode 1 (Malfunction warning), all displayed items are 1st trip DTC's. If only one code is displayed when the MIL illuminates in diagnostic test mode II (SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS), it is a DTC; if two or more codes are displayed, they may be either DTC's or 1st trip DTC's. DTC No. is same as that of 1st trip DTC. These unidentified codes can be identified by using the consult or GST. A DTC will be used as an example for how to read a code.





Long (0.6 second) blinking indicates the two LH digits of number and short (0.3 second) blinking indicates the two RH digits of number. For example, the malfunction indicator lamp blinks 10 times for 6 seconds (0.6 sec x 10 times) and then it blinks three times for about 1 second (0.3 sec x 3 times). This indicates the DTC "1003" and refers to the malfunction of the neutral position switch.

In this way, all the detected malfunctions are classified by their diagnostic trouble code numbers. The DTC "0505" refers to no malfunction. (See DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) INDEX, EC-2.)

Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

How to erase diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results)

The diagnostic trouble code can be erased from the backup memory in the ECM when the diagnostic test mode is changed from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I. (Refer to "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODES".)

 If the battery is disconnected, the diagnostic trouble code will be lost from the backup memory after approx. 24 hours.

Be careful not to erase the stored memory before starting trouble diagnoses.

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II — FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR

In this mode, the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP displays the condition of the fuel mixture (lean or rich) which is monitored by the front heated oxygen sensor.

MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP	Fuel mixture condition in the exhaust gas	Air fuel ratio feedback control condition
ON	Lean	Classed laser symbols
OFF	Rich	Closed loop system
*Remains ON or OFF	Any condition	Open loop system

^{*:} Maintains conditions just before switching to open loop.

To check the front heated oxygen sensor function, start engine in the Diagnostic Test Mode II and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points to the middle of the gauge.

Next run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no-load conditions. Then make sure that the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP comes ON more than 5 times within 10 seconds with engine running at 2,000 rpm under no-load.

OBD System Operation Chart

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, 1ST TRIP DTC, DTC, AND DETECTABLE ITEMS

- When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory.
- When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL will come on. For details, refer to "Two Trip Detection Logic" on EC-40.
- The MIL will go off after the vehicle is driven 3 times with no malfunction. The drive is counted only
 when the recorded driving pattern is met (as stored in the ECM). If another malfunction occurs while
 counting, the counter will reset.
- The DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 40 times (driving pattern A) without the same malfunction recurring (except for Misfire and Fuel Injection System). For Misfire and Fuel Injection System, the DTC and freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 80 times (driving pattern C) without the same malfunction recurring. The "TIME" in "SELF-DIAGNOS-TIC RESULTS" mode of CONSULT will count the number of times the vehicle is driven.
- The 1st trip DTC is not displayed when the self-diagnosis results in "OK" for the 2nd trip.

SUMMARY CHART

Items	Fuel Injection System	Misfire	Other
MIL (goes off)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)
DTC, Freeze Frame Data (no display)	80 (pattern C)	80 (pattern C)	40 (pattern A)
1st Trip DTC (clear)	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern B)
1st Trip Freeze Frame Data (clear)	*1, *2	*1, *2	1 (pattern B)

Details about patterns "B" and "C" for "Fuel Injection System" and "Misfire" are on EC-57.

Details about patterns "A" and "B" for "Other" are on EC-59.

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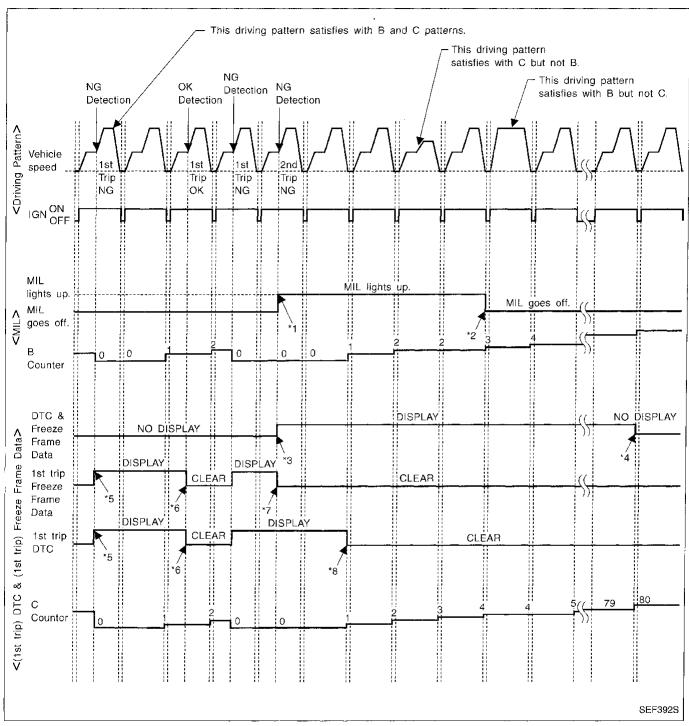
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^{*1:} Clear timing is at the moment OK is detected.

^{*2:} Clear timing is when the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip.

OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd) RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE" <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>, "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



- *1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
- *2: MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
- *3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 80 times (pattern C) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
- *5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *6: The 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared at the moment OK is detected.
- *7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.
- *8: 1st trip DTC will be cleared when vehicle is driven once (pattern C) without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.

OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd)

EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

<Driving pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.

- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunction.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3. (*2 in "OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART")

<Driving pattern C>

Driving pattern C means the vehicle operation as follows:

- (1) The following conditions should be satisfied at the same time:
 Engine speed: (Engine speed in the freeze frame data) ±375 rpm
 Calculated load value: (Calculated load value in the freeze frame data) x (1±0.1) [%]
 Engine coolant temperature (T) condition:
- When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70°C (158°F), "T" should be lower than 70°C (158°F).
- When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F), "T" should be higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F).

Example:

If the stored freeze frame data is as follows:

Engine speed: 850 rpm, Calculated load value: 30%, Engine coolant temperature: 80°C (176°F)

- To be satisfied with driving pattern C, the vehicle should run under the following conditions: Engine speed: 475 - 1,225 rpm, Calculated load value: 27 - 33%, Engine coolant temperature: more than ≥ 70°C (158°F)
- The C counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of (1).
- The C counter will be counted up when (1) is satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after C counter reaches 80.
- The 1st trip DTC will be cleared when C counter is counted once without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.

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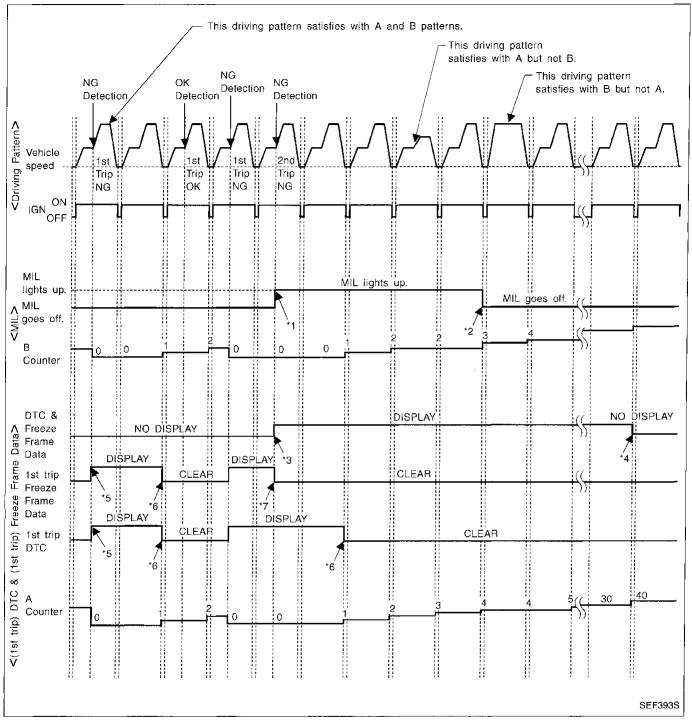
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OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd)

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS EXCEPT FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

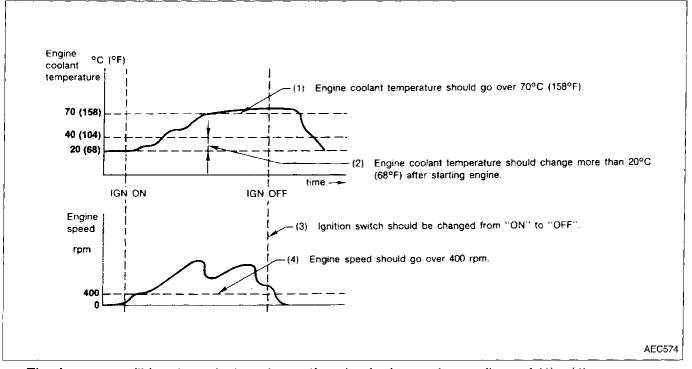


- *1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
- *2: MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
- *3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 40 times (pattern A) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
- *5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *6: 1st trip DTC will be cleared after vehicle is driven once (pattern B) without the same malfunction.
- *7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.

OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd)

EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS EXCEPT FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

<Driving pattern A>



- The A counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of (1) (4).
- The A counter will be counted up when (1) (4) are satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after the A counter reaches 40.

<Driving pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.

- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunctions.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3 (*2 in "OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART").

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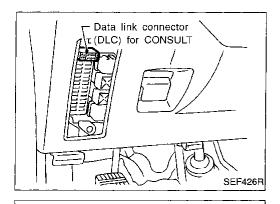
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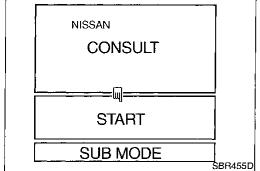
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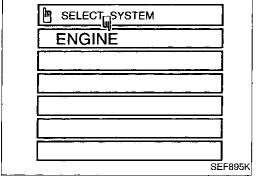
CONSULT

CONSULT INSPECTION PROCEDURE

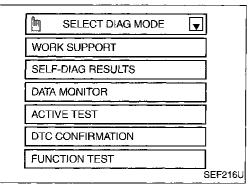
- 1. Turn off ignition switch.
- Connect "CONSULT" to data link connector for CONSULT. (Data link connector for CONSULT is located behind the fuse box cover.)



- 3. Turn on ignition switch.
- 4. Touch "START".



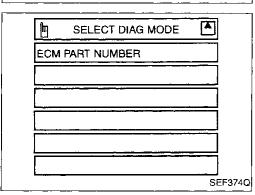
5. Touch "ENGINE".



Perform each diagnostic test mode according to each service procedure.

For further information, see the CONSULT Operation Manual.

This sample shows the display when using the UEOBD98 program card. Screen differs in accordance with the program card used.



CONSULT (Cont'd) ECCS COMPONENT PARTS/CONTROL SYSTEMS APPLICATION

		DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE							
		SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS*1			FUNC-	CONFIR			
Item		SUP- PORT		FREEZE FRAME DATA*2	DATA MONITOR	ACTIVE TEST	TION	SRT STATUS	DTC WORK SUP- PORT
	Camshaft position sensor		Х	Х	Х				
	Mass air flow sensor		X		Х				
	Engine coolant temperature sensor		X	X	X	Х			
	Front heated oxygen sensor	<u> </u>	Х		Х		X	Х	Х
	Rear heated oxygen sensor		Х		Х			Х	Х
	Vehicle speed sensor		Х	Х	Х		Х		
	Throttle position sensor	Х	Х		Х		X		
	Tank fuel temperature sensor		Х		Х	Х			
	EVAP control system pressure sen-		×		Х				
	sor				^_				
	Absolute pressure sensor	<u></u>	X		Χ				
INPUT	EGR temperature sensor		X		Х				
INFO	Intake air temperature sensor		Х		Х				
	Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)		X						
	Knock sensor		Х			-			
1	Ignition switch (start signal)	-			X		X		
	Closed throttle position switch		Х						
	Closed throttle position switch (throttle position sensor signal)				Х		Х		
	Air conditioner switch				Х				
	Park/Neutral position switch		Х		Х		Х		
	Power steering oil pressure switch				X		X		
	Air conditioner pressure switch				Х				
	Battery voltage				X				
-	Injectors				Х	X	X		
	Power transistor (Ignition timing)		X (Ignition signal)		Х	Х	X		
	IACV-AAC valve	X	X		X	X	Х	-	
	EVAP canister purge volume control valve		Х		х	х			х
1	Air conditioner relay				X				
OUTPUT	Fuel pump relay	X			X	X	X		
COTPUT	EGRC-solenoid valve		X		X	X	X*3		
	Front heated oxygen sensor heater		X		X			X	
	Rear heated oxygen sensor heater		X		X			X	
	Cooling fan		X		X	X	x		
	EVAP canister vent control valve		X		X			-	
	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	X		X		-		Х
ĺ	MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve		x		X	X			
	Calculated load value		^-	X	X				

X: Applicable
*1: This item includes 1st trip DTCs.

^{*2:} This mode includes 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data. The items appear on CONSULT screen in freeze frame data mode only if a 1st trip DTC or DTC is detected. For details, refer to EC-42.

^{*3:} If this function test mode is not available, use the "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

CONSULT (Cont'd)

FUNCTION

Diagnostic test mode	Function
Work support	This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately by following the indications on the CONSULT unit.
Self-diagnostic results	Self-diagnostic results such as 1st trip DTC, DTCs and 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data can be read and erased quickly.*1
Data monitor	Input/Output data in the ECM can be read.
Active test	Diagnostic Test Mode in which CONSULT drives some actuators apart from the ECMs and also shifts some parameters in a specified range.
DTC confirmation	The status of system monitoring tests and the self-diagnosis status/result can be confirmed.
Function test	Conducted by CONSULT instead of a technician to determine whether each system is "OK" or "NG".
ECM part numbers	ECM part numbers can be read.

The following emission-related diagnostic information is cleared when the ECM memory is erased.

1. Diagnostic trouble codes
2. 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
3. Freeze frame data
4. 1st trip freeze frame data
5. System readiness test (SRT) codes
6. Test values
7. Others

WORK SUPPORT MODE

WORK ITEM	CONDITION	USAGE
THRTL POS SEN ADJ	CHECK THE THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL. ADJUST IT TO THE SPECIFIED VALUE BY ROTATING THE SENSOR BODY UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS. IGN SW "ON" ENG NOT RUNNING ACC PEDAL NOT PRESSED	When adjusting throttle position sensor initial position
IACV-AAC VALVE ADJ	SET ENGINE SPEED AT THE SPECIFIED VALUE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS. • ENGINE WARMED UP • NO-LOAD	When adjusting idle speed
FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE	FUEL PUMP WILL STOP BY TOUCHING "START" DUR- ING IDLING. CRANK A FEW TIMES AFTER ENGINE STALLS.	When releasing fuel pressure from fuel line
EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE	OPEN THE VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE AND CLOSE THE EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE IN ORDER TO MAKE EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS. IGN SW "ON" ENGINE NOT RUNNING AMBIENT TEMPERATURE IS ABOVE 0°C (32°F). NO VACUUM AND NO HIGH PRESSURE IN EVAP SYSTEM TANK FUEL TEMP. IS MORE THAN 0°C (32°F). WITHIN 10 MINUTES AFTER STARTING "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE"	When detecting EVAP vapor leak point of EVAP system

CONSULT (Cont'd)

SELF-DIAGNOSTIC MODE

DTC and 1st trip DTC

Regarding items of "DTC and 1st trip DTC", refer to "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX" (See EC-2.).

Freeze frame data and 1st trip freeze frame data

Freeze frame data item*	Description	= EM
DIAG TROUBLE CODE [PXXXX]	ECCS component part/control system has a trouble code, it is displayed as "PXXXX". [Refer to "Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC" (EC-2).]	LG
FUEL SYS	 "Fuel injection system status" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. One mode in the following is displayed. "MODE 2": Open loop due to detected system malfunction 	EC
	"MODE 3": Open loop due to driving conditions (power enrichment, deceleration enrichment) "MODE 4": Closed loop - using oxygen sensor(s) as feedback for fuel control "MODE 5": Open loop - has not yet satisfied condition to go to closed loop	
CAL/LD VALUE [%]	The calculated load value at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	_ AT
COOLANT TEMP [°C] or [°F]	The engine coolant temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	— — FA
S-FUEL TRIM [%]	 "Short-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. The short-term fuel trim indicates dynamic or instantaneous feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule. 	— IA RA
L-FUEL TRIM [%]	 "Long-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. The long-term fuel trim indicates much more gradual feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule than short-term fuel trim. 	_ Na
ENGINE SPEED [rpm]	The engine speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	- ST
VHCL SPEED [km/h] or [mph]	The vehicle speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	_ ~~
ABSOL PRESS [kPa] or [kg/cm²] or [psi]	The absolute pressure at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	- k\$ Bī

^{*:} The items are the same as those of 1st trip freeze frame data.

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CONSULT (Cont'd)

DATA MONITOR MODE

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks
CMPS·RPM (REF) [rpm]	0	0	 Indicates the engine speed computed from the REF signal (180° signal) of the camshaft position sensor. 	
MAS AIR/FL SE [V]		0	The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor is displayed.	 When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.
COOLAN TEMP/S [°C] or [°F]	0	0	The engine coolant temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the engine coolant temperature sen- sor) is displayed.	 When the engine coolant temperature sensor is open or short-circuited, ECM enters fail-safe mode. The engine coolant temperature determined by the ECM is displayed.
FR O2 SEN [V]	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	 The signal voltage of the front heated oxygen sensor is displayed. 	
RR O2 SEN [V]	0	\bigcirc	The signal voltage of the rear heated oxygen sensor is displayed.	
FR O2 MNTR [RICH/LEAN]	0	0	 Display of front heated oxygen sensor signal during air-fuel ratio feedback control: RICH means the mixture became "rich", and control is being affected toward a leaner mixture. LEAN means the mixture became "lean", and control is being affected toward a rich mixture. 	 After turning ON the ignition switch, "RICH" is displayed until air-fuel mix- ture ratio feedback control begins. When the air-fuel ratio feedback is clamped, the value just before the clamping is displayed continuously.
RR O2 MNTR [RICH/LEAN]	0	0	 Display of rear heated oxygen sensor signal: RICH means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively small. LEAN means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively large. 	When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.
VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]	\bigcirc	0	 The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed sensor signal is dis- played. 	
BATTERY VOLT [V]	0	\bigcirc	 The power supply voltage of ECM is displayed. 	
THRTL POS SEN [V]	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	 The throttle position sensor signal voltage is displayed. 	
TANK F/TMP SE [°C] or [°F]	0		 The fuel temperature judged from the tank fuel temperature sensor signal voltage is displayed. 	
EGR TEMP SEN [V]	\bigcirc		 The signal voltage of the EGR tem- perature sensor is displayed. 	
INT/A TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	0		 The intake air temperature determined by the signal voltage of the intake air temperature sensor is indicated. 	
START SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	0	0	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the starter signal. 	 After starting the engine, [OFF] is dis- played regardless of the starter signal.
CLSD THL/P SW [ON/OFF]	0	\bigcirc	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the throttle position sensor signal. 	
AIR COND SIG [ON/OFF]	0	0	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the air conditioner switch as determined by the air conditioner signal. 	
P/N POSI SW [ON/OFF]	O	\bigcirc	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the park/neutral position switch signal. 	

NOTE:

Any monitored item that does not match the vehicle being diagnosed is deleted from the display automatically.

CONSULT (Cont'd) Monitored item **ECM** Main [Unit] input Description Remarks signals signals (Gli PW/ST SIGNAL [ON/OFF] condition of the power steer-[ON/OFF] ing oil pressure switch determined by the power steering oil pressure signal MA is indicated. **IGNITION SW** Indicates (ON/OFF) condition from [ON/OFF] ignition switch. EM A/C PRESS SW Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the air [ON/OFF] conditioner pressure switch. INJ PULSE [msec] Indicates the actual fuel injection pulse When the engine is stopped, a certain LC width compensated by ECM according computed value is indicated. to the input signals. B/FUEL SCHDL "Base fuel schedule" indicates the fuel EC [msec] injection pulse width programmed into ECM, prior to any learned on board correction. IGN TIMING [BTDC] Indicates the ignition timing computed When the engine is stopped, a certain by ECM according to the input signals. value is indicated. IACV-AAC/V [%] Indicates the idle air control valve (AAC valve) control value computed AT by ECM according to the input signals. PURG VOL C/V Indicates the EVAP canister purge volume control valve computed by the [step] FA ECM according to the input signals. The opening becomes larger as the value increases. RA A/F ALPHA [%] The mean value of the air-fuel ratio When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated. feedback correction factor per cycle is This data also includes the data for indicated. the air-fuel ratio learning control. BR **EVAP SYS PRES** The signal voltage of EVAP control system pressure sensor is displayed. [V] AIR COND RLY The air conditioner relay control condi-ST [ON/OFF] tion (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. **FUEL PUMP RLY** Indicates the fuel pump relay control RS [ON/OFF] condition determined by ECM according to the input signals. COOLING FAN Indicates the control condition of the ST [HI/LOW/OFF] cooling fan (determined by ECM according to the input signal). HI ... High speed operation LOW ... Low speed operation HA OFF ... Stop EGRC SOL/V The control condition of the EGRC-[ON/OFF] solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. ON ... EGR is operational OFF ... EGR operation is cut-off VENT CONT/V The control condition of the EVAP can-[ON/OFF] ister vent control valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. ON ... Closed OFF ... Open FR O2 HEATER Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of front ION/OFF1 heated oxygen sensor heater determined by ECM according to the input signals.

EC-65 225

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION CONSULT (Cont'd)

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks
RR O2 HEATER [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of rear heated oxygen sensor heater deter- mined by ECM according to the input signals. 	
VC/V BYPASS/V [ON/OFF]			 The control condition of the vacuum cut valve bypass valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. ON Open OFF Closed 	
PURG CONT S/V [ON/OFF]			 The control condition of the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve (computed by the ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. ON Canister purge is operational OFF Canister purge operation is cut-off 	
CAL/LD VALUE [%]			 "Calculated load value" indicates the value of the current airflow divided by peak airflow. 	
ABSOL TH-P/S [%]			 "Absolute throttle position sensor" indi- cates the throttle opening computed by ECM according to the signal voltage of the throttle position sensor. 	
MASS AIRFLOW [g·m/s]			 Indicates the mass airflow computed by ECM according to the signal volt- age of the mass airflow sensor. 	
MAP/BARO SW/V [MAP/BARO]			 The control condition of the MAP/ BARO switch solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. MAP Intake manifold absolute pressure BARO Barometric pressure 	
ABSOL PRES/SE [V]			 The signal voltage of the absolute pressure sensor is displayed. 	
VOLTAGE [V]			 Voltage measured by the voltage probe. 	
PULSE [msec] or [Hz] or [%]			 Pulse width, frequency or duty cycle measured by the pulse probe. 	 Only "#" is displayed if item is unable to be measured. Figures with "#"s are temporary ones. They are the same figures as an actual piece of data which was just previously measured.

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CONSULT (Cont'd)

ACTIVE TEST MODE

TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
FUEL INJECTION	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Change the amount of fuel injection using CONSULT. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	Harness and connector Fuel injectors Front heated oxygen sensor
IACV-AAC/V OPENING	 Engine: After warming up, idle the engine. Change the IACV-AAC valve opening percent using CONSULT. 	Engine speed changes according to the opening percent.	Harness and connector IACV-AAC valve
ENG COOLANT TEMP	Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Change the engine coolant temperature using CONSULT.	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	Harness and connector Engine coolant temperature sensor Fuel injectors
IGNITION TIMING	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Timing light: Set Retard the ignition timing using CONSULT. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	Adjust initial ignition timing
POWER BALANCE	 Engine: After warming up, idle the engine. A/C switch "OFF" Shift lever "N" Cut off each injector signal one at a time using CONSULT. 	Engine runs rough or dies.	 Harness and connector Compression Injectors Power transistor Spark plugs Ignition coils
COOLING FAN	 Ignition switch: ON Turn the cooling fan "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT. 	Cooling fan moves and stops.	Harness and connector Cooling fan motor
FUEL PUMP RELAY	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn the fuel pump relay "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	Fuel pump relay makes the operating sound.	Harness and connector Fuel pump relay
EGRC SOLENOID VALVE	 Ignition switch: ON Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" with the CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector Solenoid valve
SELF-LEARNING CONT	 In this test, the coefficient of self-lear "CLEAR" on the screen. 	rning control mixture ratio returns to the	original coefficient by touching
PURG VOL CONT/V	 Engine: After warming up, run engine at 1,500 rpm. Change the EVAP canister purge volume control vaive opening percent using CONSULT. 	Engine speed changes according to the opening step.	Harness and connector EVAP canister purge volume control valve
TANK F/TEMP SEN	Change the tank fuel temperature us	ing CONSULT.	
VENT CONTROL/V	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" with the CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector Solenoid valve
VC/V BYPASS/V	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" with the CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector Solenoid valve
MAP/BARO SW/V	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve between "MAP" and "BARO" using CONSULT and listen for operating sound. 	MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve
PURG CONT S/V	 Engine: Run engine at 2,000 rpm. Turn the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and listen for operating sound. 	EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve makes an operating sound. Check vacuum signal for EVAP canister purge control valve. VC ON Vacuum exists. VC OFF Vacuum does not exist.	 Harness and connector EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve Vacuum hose

CONSULT (Cont'd)

DTC CONFIRMATION MODE

SRT STATUS mode

For details, refer to "SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE", EC-42.

DTC WORK SUPPORT mode

TEST MODE	TEST ITEM	CONDITION	REFERENCE PAGE
	PURGE FLOW P1447		EC-373
	VC CUT/V BP/V P1491		EC-390
EVAPORATIVE	PURG CN/V & S/V P1493		EC-400
SYSTEM	PURG VOL CN/V P1444		EC-361
	EVAP SML LEAK P0440		EC-267
	EVAP SML LEAK P1440		EC-351
·	FR O2 SENSOR P0131		EC-155
ED OO SENIOOD	FR O2 SENSOR P0132	Refer to corresponding trouble diag-	EC-161
FR O2 SENSOR	FR O2 SENSOR P0133	nosis for DTC.	EC-167
	FR O2 SENSOR P0130		EC-149
	RR O2 SENSOR P0137		EC-184
RR O2 SENSOR	RR O2 SENSOR P0138		EC-191
	RR O2 SENSOR P0139		EC-198
EGR SYSTEM	EGR SYSTEM P0400		EC-249
	EGRC-BPT/VLV P0402		EC-257
	EGR SYSTEM P1402		EC-344

FUNCTION TEST MODE

FUNCTION TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT		CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
SELF-DIAG RESULTS	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Displays the results of on board diagnostic system. 	_		Objective system
CLOSED	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Throttle position sensor circuit is tested when throttle is opened and closed fully. ("IDLE POSI- 	Throttle valve: opened	OFF	 Harness and connector Throttle position sensor (Closed throttle position) Throttle position sensor (Closed
THROTTLE POSI	TION" is the test item name for the vehicles in which idle is selected by throttle position sensor.)	Throttle valve: closed	ON	throttle position) adjustment Throttle linkage Verify operation in DATA MONITOR mode.
THROTTLE POSI SEN CKT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Throttle position sensor circuit is tested when throttle is opened and closed fully. 	Range (Throttle valve fully opened — Throttle valve fully closed)	More than 3.0V	 Harness and connector Throttle position sensor Throttle position sensor adjustment Throttle linkage Verify operation in DATA MONITOR mode.
PARK/NEUT POSI SW CKT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Inhibitor position switch circuit is 	Out of N/P positions	OFF	 Harness and connector Inhibitor switch Linkage or Inhibitor switch
	tested when shift lever is manipulated.	In N/P positions	ON	adjustment

CONSULT (Cont'd)

FUNCTION TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEM	ENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Fuel pump circuit is tested by checking the pulsation in fuel pressure when fuel tube is pinched. 	There is pressure on the fuel feed h	•	 Harness and connector Fuel pump Fuel pump relay Fuel filter clogging Fuel level
EGRC SOL/V CIR- CUIT*	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) EGRC-solenoid valve circuit is tested by checking solenoid valve operating noise. 	The solenoid valv operating sound e onds.		Harness and connector EGRC-solenoid valve
COOLING FAN CIRCUIT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Cooling fan circuit is tested when cooling fan is rotated. 	The cooling fan rostops every 3 sec		Harness and connectorCooling fan motorCooling fan relay
START SIGNAL CIRCUIT	 Ignition switch: ON → START Start signal circuit is tested when engine is started by operating the starter. Battery voltage and engine coolant temperature before cranking, and average battery voltage, mass air flow sensor output voltage and cranking speed during cranking are displayed. 	Start signal: OFF → ON		Harness and connectorIgnition switch
PW/ST SIGNAL CIRCUIT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine running) Power steering circuit is tested when steering wheel is rotated fully and then set to a straight line running position. 	Locked position Neutral position	ON	 Harness and connector Power steering oil pressure switch Power steering oil pump
VEHICLE SPEED SEN CKT	 Vehicle speed sensor circuit is tested when vehicle is running at a speed of 10 km/h (6 MPH) or higher. 	Vehicle speed sen signal is greater th (2 MPH).		Harness and connectorVehicle speed sensorSpeedometer
IGN TIMING ADJ	 After warming up, idle the engine. Ignition timing is checked by reading ignition timing with a timing light and checking whether it agrees with specifications. 	The timing light inc same value on the		 Adjust ignition timing (by moving camshaft position sensor or distributor) Camshaft position sensor drive mechanism
MIXTURE RATIO TEST	Air-fuel ratio feedback circuit (injection system, ignition system, vacuum system, etc.) is tested by examining the front heated oxygen sensor output at 2,000 rpm under non-loaded state.	Front heated oxygen sensor COUNT: More than 5 times during 10 seconds		 INJECTION SYS (Injector, fuel pressure regulator, harness or connector) IGNITION SYS (Spark plug, power transistor, ignition coil, harness or connector) VACUUM SYS (Intake air leaks) Front heated oxygen sensor circuit Front heated oxygen sensor operation Fuel pressure high or low Mass air flow sensor

^{*} If this function test mode is not available, use the "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

CONSULT (Cont'd)

	CON	SOLI (COIII u)	
FUNCTION TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
IACV-AAC/V SYSTEM	 After warming up, idle the engine. IACV-AAC valve system is tested by detecting change in engine speed when IACV-AAC valve opening is changed to 0%, 20% and 80%. 	Difference in engine speed is greater than 150 rpm between when valve opening is at 80% and 20%.	Air passage restriction between
POWER BALANCE	 After warming up, idle the engine. Injector operation of each cylinder is stopped one after another, and resultant change in engine rotation is examined to evaluate combustion of each cylinder. (This is only displayed for models where a sequential multiport fuel injection system is used.) 	Difference in engine speed is greater than 25 rpm before and after cutting off the injector of each cylinder.	 Injector circuit (Injector, harness or connector) Ignition circuit (Spark plug, ignition coil with power transistor harness or connector) Compression Valve timing

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

CONSULT (Cont'd)

REAL TIME DIAGNOSIS IN DATA MONITOR MODE (Recording vehicle data)

CONSULT has two kinds of triggers and they can be selected by touching "SETTING" in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

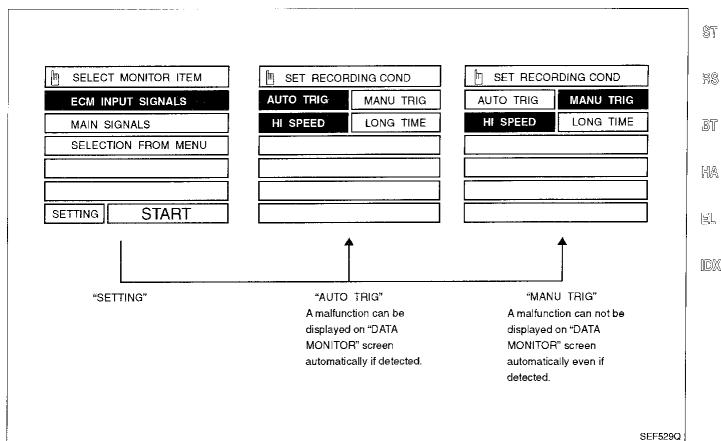
- 1. "AUTO TRIG" (Automatic trigger):
 - The malfunction will be identified on the CONSULT screen in real time.
 In other words, DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will be displayed at the moment the malfunction is detected by ECM.

DATA MONITOR can be performed continuously until a malfunction is detected. However, DATA MONITOR cannot continue any longer after the malfunction detection.

- 2. "MANU TRIG" (Manual trigger):
 - DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will not be displayed automatically on CONSULT screen even though a malfunction is detected by ECM.
 DATA MONITOR can be performed continuously even though a malfunction is detected.

Use these triggers as follows:

- 1. "AUTO TRIG"
 - While trying to detect the DTC/1st trip DTC by performing the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE", be sure to select to "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode. You can confirm the malfunction at the moment it is detected.
 - While narrowing down the possible causes, CONSULT should be set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode, especially in case the incident is intermittent.
 When you are inspecting the circuit by gently shaking (or twisting) the suspicious connectors, components and harness in the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE", the moment a malfunction is found the DTC/1st trip DTC will be displayed. (Refer to GI section, "Incident Simulation Tests" in "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".)
- 2. "MANU TRIG"
 - If the malfunction is displayed as soon as "DATA MONITOR" is selected, reset CONSULT to "MANU TRIG". By selecting "MANU TRIG" you can monitor and store the data. The data can be utilized for further diagnosis, such as a comparison with the value for the normal operating condition.



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G.

MA

EM

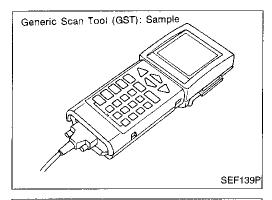
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EC

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RA

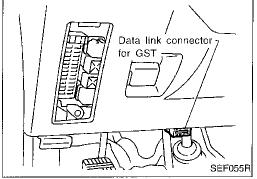
ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



Generic Scan Tool (GST) DESCRIPTION

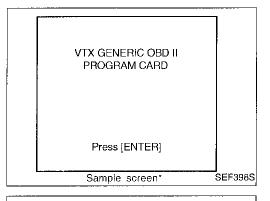
Generic Scan Tool (OBDII scan tool) complying with SAE J1978 has 7 different functions explained on the next page. ISO9141 is used as the protocol.

The name "GST" or "Generic Scan Tool" is used in this service manual.



GST INSPECTION PROCEDURE

- 1. Turn off ignition switch.
- 2. Connect "GST" to data link connector for GST. (Data link connector for GST is located under LH dash panel near the fuse box cover.)



3. Turn on ignition switch.

4. Enter the program according to instruction on the screen or in the operation manual.

(*: Regarding GST screens in this section, sample screens are shown.)

OBD II FUNCTIONS

F0: DATA LIST
F1: FREEZE DATA
F2: DTCS
F3: SNAPSHOT
F4: CLEAR DIAG INFO
F5: O2 TEST RESULTS
F6: READINESS TESTS
F7: ON BOARD TESTS
F8: EXPAND DIAG PROT
F9: UNIT CONVERSION

Sample screen*
SEF416S

Perform each diagnostic mode according to each service procedure.

For further information, see the GST Operation Manual of the tool maker.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Generic Scan Tool (GST) (Cont'd)

FUNCTION

D	iagnostic test mode	Function	△ n
MODE 1	READINESS TESTS	This mode gains access to current emission-related data values, including analog inputs and outputs, digital inputs and outputs, and system status information.	- GI
MODE 2	(FREEZE DATA)	This mode gains access to emission-related data value which were stored by ECM during the freeze frame. [For details, refer to "Freeze Frame Data" (EC-63).]	MA
MODE 3	DTCs	This mode gains access to emission-related power train trouble codes which were stored by ECM.	
		This mode can clear all emission-related diagnostic information. This includes: Clear number of diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 1) Clear diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 3)	LC
MODE 4	CLEAR DIAG INFO	 Clear trouble code for freeze frame data (MODE 1) Clear freeze frame data (MODE 2) Reset status of system monitoring test (MODE 1) Clear on board monitoring test results (MODE 6 and 7) 	EC FE
MODE 6	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode accesses the results of on board diagnostic monitoring tests of specific components/systems that are not continuously monitored.	e, sup
MODE 7	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode enables the off board test drive to obtain test results for emission- related powertrain components/systems that are continuously monitored during normal driving conditions.	at Fa
		This mode can close EVAP system in ignition switch "ON" position (Engine stopped). When this mode is performed, following parts can be opened or closed. • EVAP canister vent control open • Vacuum cut valve bypass valve closed	RA
MODE 8	_	In the following conditions, this mode cannot function. Low ambient temperature Low battery voltage	
		 Engine running Ignition switch "OFF" Low fuel temperature 	67 51
		Too much pressure is applied to EVAP system	RS

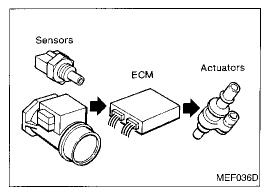
233

BT

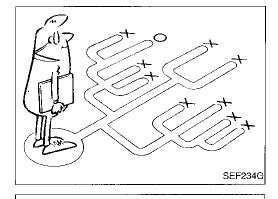
EL

]DX

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction







Introduction

The engine has an ECM to control major systems such as fuel control, ignition control, idle air control system, etc. The ECM accepts input signals from sensors and instantly drives actuators. It is essential that both input and output signals are proper and stable. At the same time, it is important that there are no problems such as vacuum leaks, fouled spark plugs, or other problems with the engine.

It is much more difficult to diagnose a problem that occurs intermittently rather than continuously. Most intermittent problems are caused by poor electric connections or improper wiring. In this case, careful checking of suspected circuits may help prevent the replacement of good parts.

A visual check only may not find the cause of the problems. A road test with CONSULT (or GST) or a circuit tester connected should be performed. Follow the "Work Flow" on EC-76.

Before undertaking actual checks, take a few minutes to talk with a customer who approaches with a driveability complaint. The customer can supply good information about such problems, especially intermittent ones. Find out what symptoms are present and under what conditions they occur. A "Diagnostic Worksheet" like the example on next page should be used. Start your diagnosis by looking for "conventional" problems first. This will help troubleshoot driveability problems on an electronically controlled engine vehicle.

KEY POINTS

WHAT Vehicle & engine model
WHEN Date, Frequencies
WHERE..... Road conditions
HOW Operating conditions,
Weather conditions,
Symptoms

SEF907L

Diagnostic Worksheet

There are many operating conditions that lead to the malfunction of engine components. A good grasp of such conditions can make trouble-shooting faster and more accurate.

In general, each customer feels differently about a problem. It is important to fully understand the symptoms or conditions for a customer complaint.

Utilize a diagnostic worksheet like the one on the next page in order to organize all the information for troubleshooting. Some conditions may cause the malfunction indicator lamp to come on steady or blink and DTC to be detected. Examples:

- Vehicle ran out of fuel, which caused the engine to misfire.
- Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on, allowing fuel to evaporate into the atmosphere [for the models with EVAP (SMALL LEAK) diagnosis].

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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction

Diagnostic Worksheet (Cont'd)

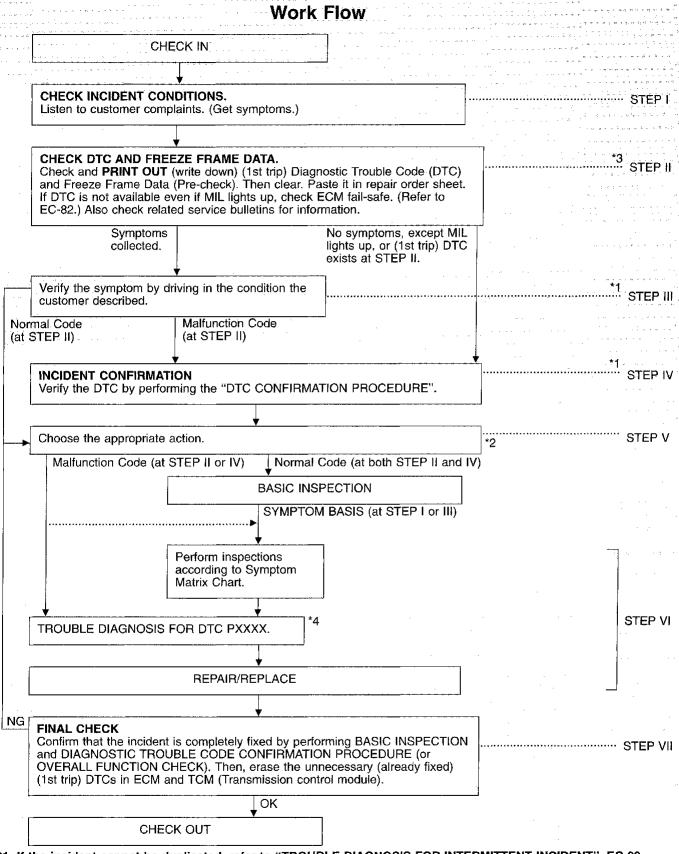
WORKSHEET SAMPLE

Customer na	me MR/MS	Model & Year	VIN							
Engine #		Trans.	Mileage							
Incident Date)	Manuf. Date	In Service Date							
Fuel and fuel	filler cap	☐ Vehicle ran out of fuel causing misfire ☐ Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly	 □ Vehicle ran out of fuel causing misfire □ Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on. 							
	□ Startability	 ☐ Impossible to start ☐ Partial combustion affected by thro ☐ Partial combustion NOT affected b ☐ Possible but hard to start ☐ Others 	ottle position y throttle position							
Symptoms	□ Idling	☐ No fast idle ☐ Unstable ☐ H☐ Others [igh idle □ Low idle]							
Symptoms	☐ Driveability	☐ Stumble ☐ Surge ☐ Knock☐ Intake backfire☐ Exhaust backfire☐ Others [□ Lack of power							
	☐ Engine stall	☐ At the time of start ☐ While idling ☐ While accelerating ☐ While deceler ☐ Just after stopping ☐ While loading	·							
Incident occu	rrence	☐ Just after delivery ☐ Recently ☐ In the morning ☐ At night ☐	In the daytime							
Frequency		☐ All the time ☐ Under certain condit	tions Sometimes							
Weather cond	ditions	☐ Not affected								
	Weather	☐ Fine ☐ Raining ☐ Snowing	□ Others [
	Temperature	☐ Hot ☐ Warm ☐ Cool ☐	Cold □ Humid °F							
Engine condit	ions	Engine speed	iter warm-up							
		0 2,000	4,000 6,000 8,000 rpm							
Road conditio	ns	☐ In town ☐ In suburbs ☐ High	way □ Off road (up/down)							
Oriving conditi	ions	☐ Not affected ☐ At starting ☐ While idling ☐ A ☐ While accelerating ☐ While cruising ☐ While decelerating ☐ While turning								
		Vehicle speed 0 10 20 30	40 50 60 MPH							
Malfunction in	dicator lamp	☐ Turned on ☐ Not turned on								

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EC-75

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Work Flow



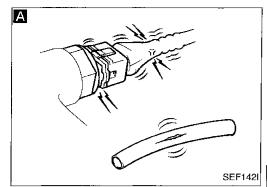
- *1: If the incident cannot be duplicated, refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT". EC-99.
- *2: If the on board diagnostic system cannot be performed, check main power supply and ground circuit. Refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY", EC-100.
- *3: If time data of "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" is other than "0" or "1t" refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT", EC-99.
- *4: If the malfunctioning part cannot be found, refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-99.

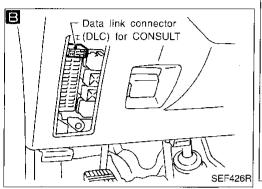
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Work Flow

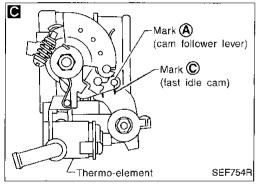
Description for Work Flow

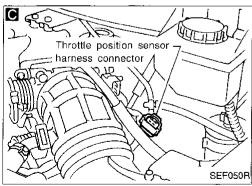
STEP	DESCRIPTION
STEP 1	Get detailed information about the conditions and the environment when the incident/symptom occurred using the "DIAGNOSTIC WORK SHEET", EC-75.
STEP II	Before confirming the concern, check and write down (print out using CONSULT or Generic Scan Tool) the (1st trip) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) and the (1st trip) freeze frame data, then erase the code and the data. (Refer to EC-49.) The (1st trip) DTC and the (1st trip) freeze frame data can be used when duplicating the incident at STEP III & IV. Study the relationship between the cause, specified by (1st trip) DTC, and the symptom described by the customer. (The "Symptom Matrix Chart" will be useful. See EC-83.) Also check related service bulletins for information.
STEP III	Try to confirm the symptom and under what conditions the incident occurs. The "DIAGNOSTIC WORK SHEET" and the freeze frame data are useful to verify the incident. Connect CONSULT to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG) mode and check real time diagnosis results. If the incident cannot be verified, perform INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS. (Refer to GI section.) If the malfunction code is detected, skip STEP IV and perform STEP V.
	Try to detect the (1st trip) Diagnostic Trouble Code by driving in (or performing) the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE". Check and read the (1st trip) DTC and (1st trip) freeze frame data by using CONSULT or Generic Scan Tool. During the (1st trip) DTC verification, be sure to connect CONSULT to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG) mode and check real time diagnosis results.
STEP IV	If the incident cannot be verified, perform INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS. (Refer to GI section.) In case the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" is not available, perform the "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" instead. The (1st trip) DTC cannot be displayed by this check, however, this simplified "check" is an effective alternative. The "NG" result of the "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" is the same as the (1st trip) DTC detection.
STEP V	Take the appropriate action based on the results of STEP I through IV. If the malfunction code is indicated, proceed to TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC PXXXX. If the normal code is indicated, proceed to the BASIC INSPECTION. (Refer to EC-78.) Then perform inspections according to the Symptom Matrix Chart. (Refer to EC-83.)
STEP VI	Identify where to begin diagnosis based on the relationship study between symptom and possible causes. Inspect the system for mechanical binding, loose connectors or wiring damage using (tracing) "Harness Layouts". Gently shake the related connectors, components or wiring harness with CONSULT set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode. Check the voltage of the related ECM terminals or monitor the output data from the related sensors with CONSULT. Refer to EC-86. The "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" in EC section contains a description based on open circuit inspection. A short circuit inspection is also required for the circuit check in the DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE. For details,
	refer to GI section ("HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT", "Circuit Inspection"). Repair or replace the malfunction parts. Once you have repaired the circuit or replaced a component, you need to run the engine in the same conditions and circumstances which resulted in the customer's initial complaint.
STEP VII	Perform the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" and confirm the normal code [Diagnostic trouble code No. P0000 or 0505] is detected. If the incident is still detected in the final check, perform STEP VI by using a different method from the previous one. Before returning the vehicle to the customer, be sure to erase the unnecessary (already fixed) (1st trip) DTC in ECM and TCM (Transmission control module). (Refer to EC-47.)

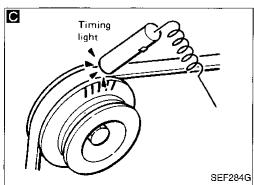
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Basic Inspection











Basic Inspection

Precaution:

Perform Basic Inspection without electrical or mechanical loads applied;

- Headlamp switch is OFF,
- Air conditioner switch is OFF,
- Rear window defogger switch is OFF,
- Steering wheel is in the straight-ahead position, etc.

Α

BEFORE STARTING

- Check service records for any recent repairs that may indicate a related problem, or the current need for scheduled maintenance.
- Open engine hood and check the following:
- Harness connectors for improper connections
- Vacuum hoses for splits, kinks, or improper connections
- Wiring for improper connections, pinches, or cuts

В

CONNECT CONSULT TO THE VEHICLE.

Connect "CONSULT" to the data link connector for CONSULT and select "ENGINE" from the menu. Refer to EC-60.

С

CHECK IGNITION TIMING.

- 1. Warm up engine to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check the following.
 - The center of mark (A) is aligned with mark (C).
 - The cam follower lever's roller is not touching the fast idle cam.
- Stop engine and disconnect throttle position sensor harness connector.
- 4. Start engine.
- Check ignition timing at idle using timing light.

Ignition timing: 15°±2° BTDC

CHECK BASE IDLE SPEED.

Does engine speed fall to the following speed?

700+50 rpm (in "N" position)

700±50 rpm (in "N" position)

↓ OK (A) (Go to next page.)

OK

Adjust ignition timing by turning distributor.

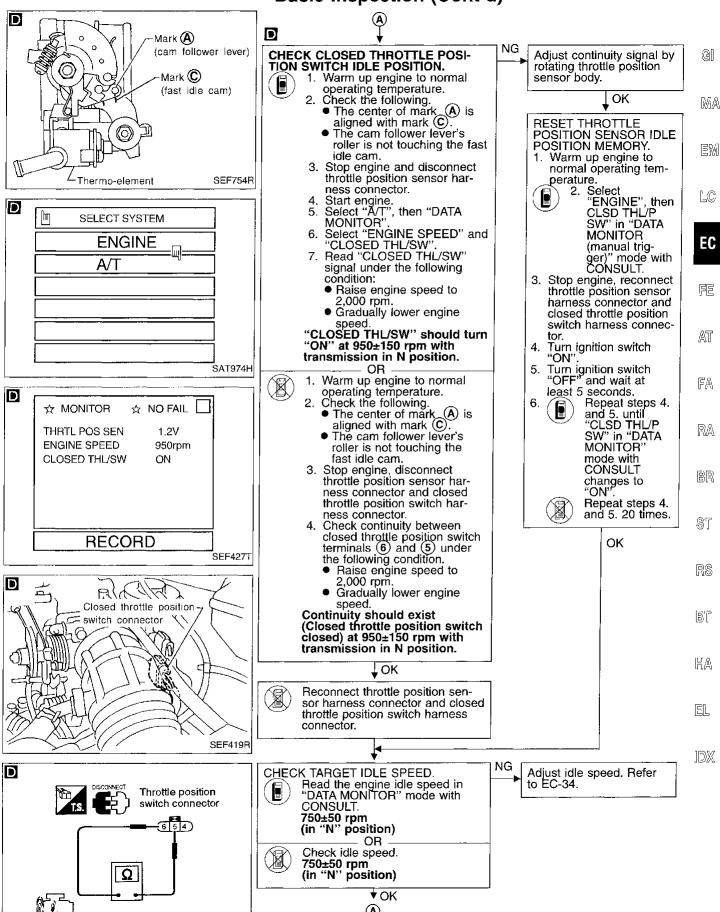
NG

NG

Adjust base idle speed by turning idle speed adjusting screw.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Basic Inspection

Basic Inspection (Cont'd)



SEF436Q

(Go to next page.)

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Basic Inspection

Basic Inspection (Cont'd)



After this inspection, unnecessary diagnostic trouble code No. might be displayed.
Erase the stored memory in ECM and TCM (Transmission control module).
Refer to "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION" (EC-40) and "HOW TO ERASE DTC" in AT section.

OK

INSPECTION END

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Inspection Priority Chart

If some DTCs are displayed at the same time, perform inspections one by one based on the following priority chart.

riority		Detected items (DTC)	
1	● ECM (P0605, 0301)	 Camshaft position sensor (P0340, 0101) 	 Engine coolant temperature sen- sor (P0115, 0103) (P0125, 0908)
	Mass air flow sensor (P0100, 0102)	 Vehicle speed sensor (P0500, 0104) 	● Ignition signal (P1320, 0201)
	 Throttle position sensor (P0120, 0403) 	 Intake air temperature sensor (P0110, 0401) 	 Park/Neutral position switch (P1706, 1003)
	• EGRC-solenoid valve (P1400, 1005)	• Knock sensor (P0325, 0304)	
	 A/T diagnosis communication line (P1605, 0804) 	 Tank fuel temperature sensor (P0180, 0402) 	
2	• EGR temperature sensor (P1401, 0305)	• Front heated oxygen sensor heater (P0135, 0901)	• Front heated oxygen sensor (P0130 - P0134, 0303 - 0412)
	 A/T related sensors, solenoid valves and switches (P0705 - P0725, 1101 - 1208) (P0740 - P1760, 1108 - 1206) 	 Crankshaft position sensor (OBD) (P0335, 0802) (P1336, 0905) 	 Rear heated oxygen sensor (P0137 - P0140, 0510 - 0707)
	 Absolute pressure sensor (P0105, 0803) 		 Rear heated oxygen sensor heater (P0141, 0902)
	 MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve (P1105, 1302) 	 Vacuum cut valve bypass valve (P1491, 0311) (P1490, 0801) 	 EVAP control system pressure sensor (P0450, 0704)
	 Closed throttle position switch (P0510, 0203) 	 EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve (P1493, 0312) (P1492, 0807) 	 EVAP canister vent control valve (P1448, 0309) (P0446, 0903) (P1446, 0215)
			 EVAP canister purge volume control valve (P1444, 0214) (P0443, 1008)
			 EVAP control system purge flow monitoring (P1447, 0111)
3	● EGR function (P0400, 0302) (P1402, 0514)	 Misfire (P0306 - P0300, 0603 - 0701) 	 Fuel injection system function (P0172, 0114), (P0171, 0115)
	 EVAP control system (SMALL LEAK) (P0440, 0705) (P1440, 0213) 	 Closed loop control (P1148, 0307) 	 Three way catalyst function (P0420, 0702)
	• EGRC-BPT valve function (P0402, 0306)	 A/T function (P0731 - P0734, 1103 - 1106) (P0744, 1107) 	 Signal circuit from TCM to ECM (P0600)
	• IACV-AAC valve (P0505, 0205)	, (, ,	· ·/

Fail-Safe Chart

The ECM enters fail-safe mode, if any of the following malfunctions is detected due to the open or short circuit. When the ECM enters the fail-safe mode, the MIL illuminates.

DTC	C No.	D			
CONSULT GST	ECM*1	Detected items	Engil	rie operating cond	lition in fail-safe mode
P0100	0102	Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will no	ot rise more than	2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.
P0115	0103	Engine coolant tempera- ture sensor circuit	after turning ignition	switch "ON" or "	etermined by ECM based on the time START". It temperature decided by ECM.
			Con	ndition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT display)
			Just as ignition sy or Start	witch is turned ON	20°C (68°F)
			More than approx ignition ON or Sta		80°C (176°F)
			Except as shown	above	20 - 80°C (68 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)
P0120	0403	Throttle position sensor circuit	Throttle position will the engine speed. Therefore, accelerati		ased on the injected fuel amount and
		,	Con	dition	Driving condition
			When engine is id	lling	Normal
			When accelerating	9	Poor acceleration
Unable to access ECCS	Unable to access Diagnostic Test Mode II	ECM	When the fail-safe sy condition in the CPU the instrument panel However it is not posfirmed. Engine control with When ECM fail-safe	ion of the ECM w ystem activates (i. I of ECM), the MA lights to warn the ssible to access E r fail-safe is operating, fuel	as judged to be malfunctioning. e., if the ECM detects a malfunction LFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP on e driver. ECCS and DTC cannot be con- injection, ignition timing, fuel pump tion are controlled under certain
				E	CM fail-safe operation
			Engine speed	Engine speed	will not rise more than 3,000 rpm
			Fuel injection	Simultaneou	s multiport fuel injection system
			Ignition timing	Ignition tim	ing is fixed at the preset valve
			Fuel pump		is "ON" when engine is running and FF" when engine stalls
			IACV-AAC valve		Fuil open
			Replace ECM, if ECM	M fail-safe condition	on is confirmed.

^{*1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)

Symptom Matrix Chart

		L					S١	MPT	ОМ							_
		HA)				NOI					HIGH					Ġ
SYSTEM — Basic engine control system				SPOT	-	ACCELERATION					TEMPERATURE	MOIT	NOI	CHARGE)		M
			•	JG/FLAT	ONATION	OOR ACC	111	NG		TO IDLE		CONSUMPTION	OIL CONSUMPTION	(UNDER CH	Reference	
			STALL	N/SURGIN	OCK/DET	OF POWER/POOR	COW IDL	E/HUNTI	BRATION	RETURN	TS/WATEF		E OIL COI	DEAD (UN	page	Ľ(
		HARD/NO	ENGINE S	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF I	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER	EXCESSIVE FUEL	EXCESSIVE	ВАТТЕВУ		E
Warranty :	symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	ΑE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA]	
Fuel	Fuel pump circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			3		2	EC-432	0.2
	Fuel pressure regulator system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			EC-31	
	Injector circuit	1	11	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-426	
	Evaporative emission system	3	3	_4	4	4	4_	4	4	4		4			EC-23	נרינו
Air	Positive crankcase ventilation system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	1		EC-29	
	Incorrect idle speed adjustment	3	3				_1_	1	1	1		1		L	EC-78	73 101
	IACV-AAC valve circuit	1	1	2	3_	3	2	2	2	2	_	2		2	EC-297	В.
	IACV-FICD solenoid valve circuit	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3		ļ 	EC-442	
gnition	Incorrect ignition timing adjustment	3	3	1	1	1 -		1	1			1			EC-78	R
	Ignition circuit	1	1	_2_	2	2		2	2			2			EC-323	ĵζ
EGR	EGRC-solenoid valve circuit		2	2	3	3	i					3			EC-334	
EGR system		2	1	2	3	3	3	2	2	3		3			EC-249, 257, 344	8
ain power supply and ground circuit		2	2	3	3	3		3	3		2	3		2	EC-100	
Air condition	oner circuit	2	2	3 i	3 .	3	3	3	3	3		3		2	HA section	S

^{1 - 6:} The numbers refer to the checking order.

(continued on next page)

243

RS

BT

HA

EL

1DX

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description Symptom Matrix Chart (Cont'd)

		T -							_						
		L			т —	1	<u>S\</u>	MPT	<u>OM</u>	-	,	,	ı	т	1
SYSTEM — ECCS sy	stem	HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page
Warranty sy	mptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	ΑE	AF	AG	АН	AJ	AK	AL	АМ	НА	
ECCS	Camshaft position sensor circuit	2	2	3	3	3		3	3			3			EC-243
	Mass air flow sensor circuit	1	1	2	2	2		2	2			2			EC-104
	Front heated oxygen sensor circuit		1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-149, 155
	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit	1	1	2	3	2	3	2	2	3		2			EC-127, 144
	Throttle position sensor circuit		1	2		2	2	2	2	2		2			EC-132
	Incorrect throttle position sensor adjustment		3	1		1	1	1	1	1		1			EC-78
	Vehicle speed sensor circuit		2	3		3						3			EC-293
	Knock sensor circuit			2								3			EC-234
	ECM	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			EC-311, 82
	Start signal circuit	2						_							EC-429
	Park/Neutral position switch circuit			3		3		3	3			3			EC-410
	Power steering oil pressure switch circuit		2					3	3						EC-438

EC-84

(continued on next page)

^{1 - 6:} The numbers refer to the checking order.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description Symptom Matrix Chart (Cont'd)

		T	,					. OI		,,,			<u>, </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
			Т.	Τ			<u>S</u> `	YMPT	OM T	1	Г÷	, -	Τ-	1 -	4	
SYSTEM Engine i	mechanical & other	HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page	GI MA EM LG
Warranty sy	mptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	АН	AJ	AK	AL	AM	НА	1	
Fuel	Fuel tank	- 5													FE section	
	Fuel piping] 3		5	5	5	<u></u>	5	5	1		5				ŗe
	Vapor lock		5													
	Valve deposit	_	•	_	_	_		_	_	ļ						Aif"
	Poor fuel (Heavy weight gasoline, Low octane)	5	ļ	5	5	5		5	5		İ	5				Iō\I!
Air	Air duct	 							-	-			-		_	
7 31)	Air cleaner		İ			[,									ŀ	FA
	Air leakage from air duct		1													0 0 0
	(Mass air flow sensor — throttle body)	ĺ	5	5		5		5	5	ĺ	!	5				
	Throttle body, Throttle wire	5			5		5			5					FE section	$\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$
	Air leakage from intake manifold/								l .						_	
Cropleine	Collector/Gasket															
Cranking	Battery Alternator circuit	1	1	1		1		1	1			1	İ	1	EL section	BR
	Starter circuit	3												-	LE Section	
	Drive plate	6													EM section	@5=
	Inhibitor switch	4													AT section	ST
Engine	Cylinder head	_	-	-	_	_		_	_			-				
	Cylinder head gasket	5	5	5	5	5		5	5		4	5	3			RS
	Cylinder block															U.O
	Piston		' <u> </u>			ĺ	!						4			
	Piston ring	6	6	6	6	6	- 1	6	6			6				BT
	Connecting rod			ļ			ļ	1				1			EM section	D1
	Bearing	- 1					-		İ		1					
Valve	Crankshaft Timing belt															HA
mechanism	Camshaft		- 1		ł				l	1	}					
	Intake valve	5	5	5	5	5	1	5	5			5				
	Exhaust valve		į		1				1			1	3			
Exhaust	Exhaust manifold/Tube/Muffler/Gasket															
	Three way catalyst	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	ŀ	5	į	į			FE section	
Lubrication	Oil pan/Oil strainer/Oil pump/Oil filter/														MA, EM, LC	
	Oil gallery	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			section	
· · ·	Oil level (Low)/Filthy oil			-												
Cooling	Radiator/Hose/Radiator filler cap						i		-							
	Thermostat				İ	Į		-	-	5	ļ			ļ	LC section	
	Water pump Water gallery	5	5	5	5	5		5	5	- 1	4	5		i		
	Cooling fan	٦	١	١	ט	۱ ا		5	۲	5	*	3		}	EC section	
	Coolant level (low)/Contaminated cool-								}					ŀ		
	ant			1							1	}			MA section	
1 C. The au	mboro votor to the absolving and a	i			- 1											

^{1 - 6:} The numbers refer to the checking order.

CONSULT Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Remarks:

- Specification data are reference values.
- Specification data are output/input values which are detected or supplied by the ECM at the connector.
 - * Specification data may not be directly related to their components signals/values/operations.
 - i.e. Adjust ignition timing with a timing light before monitoring IGN TIMING, because the monitor may show the specification data in spite of the ignition timing not being adjusted to the specification data. This IGN TIMING monitors the data calculated by the ECM according to the signals input from the camshaft position sensor and other ignition timing related sensors
- If the real-time diagnosis results are NG and the on board diagnostic system results are OK when diagnosing the mass air flow sensor, first check to see if the fuel pump control circuit is normal.

MONITOR ITEM	CON	DITION	SPECIFICATION
CMPS·RPM (REF)	Tachometer: Connect Run engine and compare tachomet	er indication with the CONSULT value.	Almost the same speed as the CON- SULT value.
MAS AIR/FL SE	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	ldle	1.0 - 1.7V
MINO AITH E DE	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,500 rpm	1.8 - 2.4V
COOLAN TEMP/S	Engine: After warming up	·	More than 70°C (158°F)
FR O2 SENSOR			0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
FR O2 MNTR	● Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.
RR O2 SENSOR	A Francisco Affraga a marina a	Revving engine from idle up to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR	 Engine: After warming up 	rpm quickly	LEAN ↔ RICH
VHCL SPEED SE	Turn drive wheels and compare spe value	edometer indication with the CONSULT	Almost the same speed as the CONSULT value
BATTERY VOLT	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	l)	11 - 14V
THRTL POS SEN	Ignition switch: ON	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.3 - 0.7V
THRIL PUS SEN	(Engine stopped)	Throttle valve: fully opened	Approx. 4.0V
EGR TEMP SEN	Engine: After warming up		Less than 4.5V
START SIGNAL	 Ignition switch: ON → START → Of 	N	OFF → ON → OFF
01 00 THE 10 0M	Engine: After warming up	Throttle valve: Idle position	ON
CLSD THL/P SW	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Throttle valve: Slightly open	OFF
		Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	OFF
AIR COND SIG	Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	Air conditioner switch: "ON" (Compressor operates.)	ON
		Shift lever: "P" or "N"	ON
P/N POSI SW	• Ignition switch: ON	Except above	OFF
PW/ST SIGNAL	Engine: After warming up, idle the	Steering wheel in neutral position (forward direction)	OFF
	engine	The steering wheel is fully turned	ON

CONSULT Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode (Cont'd)

MONITOR ITEM	- (CONDITION	SPECIFICATION		
IGNITION SW	 Ignition switch: ON → OFF → O 	N	$ON \to OFF \to ON$		
inj pulse	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	2.4 - 3.5 msec		
ING PULSE	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,000 rpm	2.3 - 3.2 msec		
B/EUEL BOUDI	ditto	Idle	1.0 - 1.6 msec		
3/FUEL SCHDL	ditto	2,000 rpm	0.7 - 1.3 msec		
ON TRAINIO		Idle	15° BTDC		
GN TIMING	ditto	2,000 rpm	More than 25° BTDC		
101111011		Idle	15 - 40%		
IACV-AAC/V ditto		2,000 rpm			
	● Engine: After warming up	Idle	0 step		
PURG VOL C/V	Air conditioner switch "OFF" No-load	Vehicle running (Shift lever "D") 2,000 rpm (90 seconds after starting engine)	More than 0 step		
VF ALPHA	Engine: After warming up	50 - 159%			
EVAP SYS PRES	Ignition switch: ON		Approx. 3.4V		
AIR COND RLY	● Air conditioner switch: OFF →	ON*	OFF → ON		
FUEL PUMP RLY	 Ignition switch is turned to ON (C Engine running and cranking 		ON		
022.0	Except as shown above		OFF		
		Engine coolant temperature is 94°C (201°F) or less.	OFF		
COOLING FAN	 Engine: Idling, after warming up Air conditioner switch "OFF" Vehicle speed 	Engine coolant temperature is between 95°C (203°F) and 104°C (219°F).	LOW		
	To verificio spece	Engine coolant temperature is 105°C (221°F) or more.	HI		
EGRC SOL/V	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF Properly raise drive wheels off the ground	Idle [Vehicle speed is below 12 km/h (7 MPH)]	OFF	[
Lanc 30L/V	 Place A/T selector lever in "D" position No-load 	2,000 rpm [Vehicle speed is over 12 km/h (7 MPH)]	ON	<u> </u>	
/ENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON		OFF	i	
NIDO CONTIGNA	Engine: After warming up	Idle	OFF		
PURG CONT S/V	Shift lever: N No-load	2,000 rpm (90 seconds after starting engine)	ON		
	Engine speed: Idle		ON	l	
R O2 HEATER	Engine speed: Above 4,200 rpm		OFF		
	Engine speed: Above 4,200 ipin Engine speed: Idle		ON		
RR O2 HEATER	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopp)	nad)	OFF		
C/V BYPASS/V	Ignition switch: ON	160)	OFF	_	
·	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	18.2 - 38.0%	 [
CAL/LO VALUE	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,500 rpm	14.8 - 33.5%	 [
IRSOLTUDE	■ Ignition switch: ON	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.0%		
BSOL TH-P/S	(Engine stopped)	Throttle valve: fully opened	Approx. 88%	_	
IASS AIRFLOW	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	3.2 - 6.7 g·m/s		
	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,500 rpm	8.7 - 21.9 g·m/s		
AAD/DADO OMA	For 5 seconds after starting engir	ne	BARO		
MAP/BARO SW/V	More than 5 seconds after starting	g engine	MAP		
		Engine is not running	Approx. 4.4V	_	
BSOL PRES/SE	Engine: After warming up	Linginio io not ranning	7 pp. 03.11 11 1		

^{*:} Any mode except OFF, ambient air temperature above 10°C (50°F)

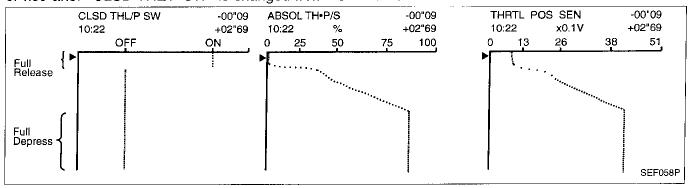
Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor Mode

The following are the major sensor reference graphs in "DATA MONITOR" mode. (Select "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" with CONSULT.)

THRTL POS SEN, ABSOL TH:P/S, CLSD THL/P SW

Below is the data for "THRTL POS SEN", "ABSOL TH-P/S" and "CLSD THL/P SW" when depressing the accelerator pedal with the ignition switch "ON".

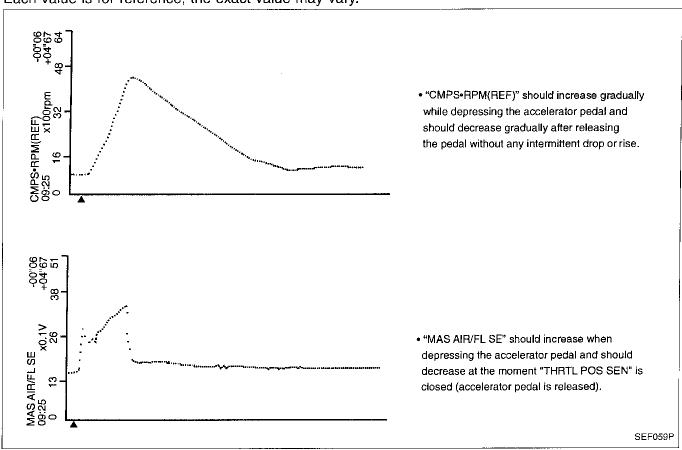
The signal of "THRTL POS SEN" and "ABSOL TH-P/S" should rise gradually without any intermittent drop or rise after "CLSD THL/P SW" is changed from "ON" to "OFF".



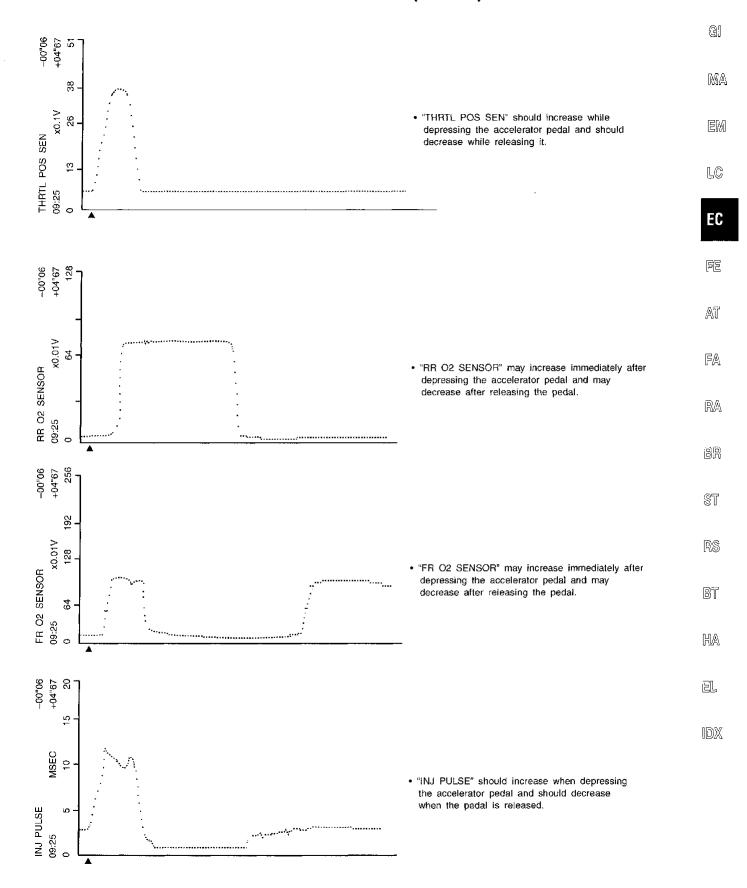
CMPS·RPM (REF), MAS AIR/FL SE, THRTL POS SEN, RR O2 SEN, FR O2 SEN, INJ PULSE

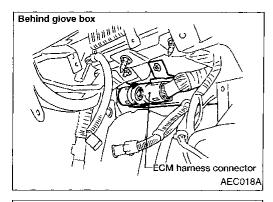
Below is the data for "CMPS·RPM (REF)", "MAS AIR/FL SE", "THRTL POS SEN", "RR O2 SEN", "FR O2 SEN" and "INJ PULSE" when revving engine quickly up to 4,800 rpm under no load after warming up engine to normal operating temperature.

Each value is for reference, the exact value may vary.



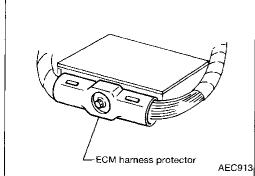
Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor Mode (Cont'd)



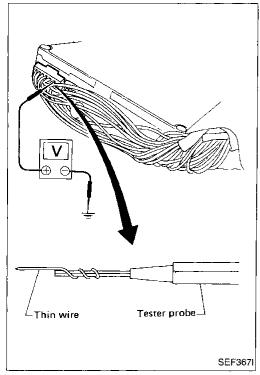


ECM Terminals and Reference Value PREPARATION

- 1. ECM is located behind the instrument lower cover. For this inspection:
 - Remove instrument lower cover.

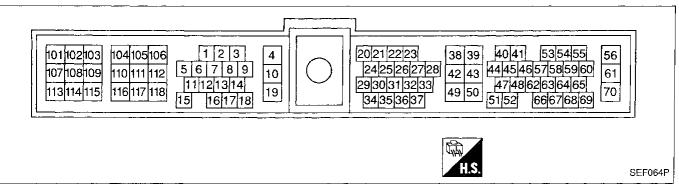


2. Remove ECM harness protector.



- Perform all voltage measurements with the connector connected. Extend tester probe as shown to perform tests easilv.
 - Open harness securing clip to make testing easier.
 - Use extreme care not to touch 2 pins at one time.
 - Data is for comparison and may not be exact.

ECM HARNESS CONNECTOR TERMINAL LAYOUT



ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

ECM INSPECTION TABLE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (43) (ECCS ground).

Specific	cation da	ata are reference values	s and are measured between each terminal ar	na (43) (EUUS grouna).	• •
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	Gi
140.				0.4 - 0.6V	- MA
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	(V) 4 2 0 20 ms	EM LC
1	L	Ignition signal		SEF988U	EC
				1.1 - 1.3V	EC
			Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm		FE
			Engine speed is 2,000 ipin	20 ms	AT
				SEF989U 12 - 14V	FA
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	(V) 40 20 0	RA
2	w	Ignition check	— Idle speed	20 ms	BR
_	,,	igration official		11 - 13V	ST
			Engine is running.	(V) 40 20,11111111111111111111111111111111111	
			Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.		RS
				20 ms SEF991U	BT
				0.6 - 1.6V (V)	D II //
			 Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	10	HA
	:		Idle speed	5	
			iule speed	20 ms	lEl3
,	G/W	Tachometer		SEF992U	IDX
3	G/VV	racnometer		2 - 4V	3.2
			Engine is running.	(V) 10 5	
			Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 กันกันกันกับกับกับกับกับ	
				20 ms	
				SEF993U	

ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
4	W/G	ECCS relay (Self-shut-off)	Engine is running. Ignition switch "OFF" For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V
		OII)	Ignition switch "OFF" A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
5 6	G/B L	EVAP canister purge volume control valve	Engine is running. Idle speed	0 - 0.4V
7	G/B	A/T check signal	Ignition switch "ON" Engine is running.	0 - 3.0V
8	L/R	Fuel pump relay	Ignition switch "ON" For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. Ignition switch "ON"	0.7 - 1.1V
			More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
9	L/B	Air conditioner pressure switch	Ignition switch "ON".	Approximately 5V
10	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running.	Engine ground
13	BR/W	Cooling fan relay (High)	Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
13	DIV VV	Cooling lair letay (High)	Engine is running. Cooling fan (High) is operating.	0.7 - 1.1V
14	L/OR	Cooling fan relay (Low)	Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
14	DOR	Cooling lan relay (Low)	Engine is running. Cooling fan (Low) is operating.	0.3 - 0.8V
15	LG	Air conditioner relay	Engine is running. Both A/C switch and blower switch are "ON"*	0 - 2V
			Engine is running. A/C switch is "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
16	G/W	EVAP canister purge volume control valve	Engine is running.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
17	R/G	volume control varve	☐ Idle speed [Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 0.7V
18	PU	Malfunction indicator lamp	Engine is running.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

^{*:} Any mode except "OFF", ambient air temperature above 10°C (50°F).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
19	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
			Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 0V
20	L/B	Start signal	Ignition switch "START"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
21	W/R	Air conditioner switch	Engine is running. Both air conditioner switch and blower switch are "ON" (Compressor operates)	0.8 - 2.5V
			Engine is running. Air conditioner switch is "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
_		Park/Neutral position	Ignition switch "ON" Gear position is "N" or "P"	Approximately 0V
22	G/B	switch	Ignition switch "ON" Except the above gear position	4 - 6V
0.5	_		Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) Accelerator pedal fully released	0.3 - 0.7V
23	R	Throttle position sensor	Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Approximately 4V
24	G/W	A/T signal No. 1	[Ignition switch "ON"] Engine is running. Idle speed	6 - 8V
25	p	Power steering oil pres-	Engine is running. Steering wheel is fully being turned	Approximately 0V
23	1.	sure switch	Engine is running. Steering wheel is not being turned	Approximately 5V
26	G/Y	Vehicle speed sensor	Engine is running. — Lift up the vehicle. — In "D" position — 40 km/h (25 MPH)	4 - 7V (V) 10 5 0 50 ms SEF642U
27	BR/Y	Throttle position switch	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) Accelerator pedal fully released	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
	1 1 1 1	(Closed position)	Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal depressed	Approximately 0V

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
28	Y/G	Intake air temperature sensor	Engine is running.	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with intake air temperature.
29	W	A/T signal No. 2	Ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. Idle speed	6 - 8V
30	G/Y	A/T signal No. 3	Ignition switch "ON"	0V
33	Throttle position s	Throttle position sensor signal	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) Accelerator pedal fully released	Approximately 0.4V
	R/G		Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Approximately 4V
			Ignition switch "OFF"	oV
38	38 L/Y Ignition swit	Ignition switch	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
39	B/R	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
40	G/B	Camshaft position sen-	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	0.2 - 0.5V (V) 10 5 0 20 ms SEF997U
44	G/B	sor (Reference signal)	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0.2 - 0.4V (V) 10 5 0 20 ms

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	
		Camshaft position sen-	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	2.0 - 3.0V (V) 10 5 0.2 ms SEF999U	
41	G/Y	sor (Position signal)	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	2.3 - 2.6V (V) 10 5 0 0.2 ms	
43	B/R	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground (Probe this terminal with tester probe when measuring.)	
45	Р	Absolute pressure sensor	Ignition switch "ON" For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. For 5 seconds after starting engine	Approximately 4.3V	
		_	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) More than 5 seconds after starting engine	Approximately 1.3V	
46	LG	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V (V) 2 1 0 1s SEF201T	[
47	w	Mass air flow sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	1.3 - 1.7V 1.9 - 2.3V	
48	В	Mass air flow sensor ground	Engine speed is 2,500 rpm Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0V	
49	BR	Sensors' power supply	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 5V	
50	B/Y	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0V	

			ECIVITEITIITIAIS AITU NETETETTU	c value (Gollica)
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
51	LG/R	Engine coolant tempera- ture sensor	Engine is running.	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with engine coolant tem- perature.
52	w	Rear heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V
		Crankshaft position sen-	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0V (V) 4 2 0 0.2 ms
53	53 LG Grankshart position sen- sor (OBD)	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	Approximately 0V (V) 4 2 0 0.2 ms SEF644U	
54	w	Knock sensor	Engine is running. Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V
55	СВ	IACVI AAC valva	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) - Idle speed	8 - 11V (V) 40 20 0 2 ms SEF097V
55	SB	IACV-AAC valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	5 - 8V (V) 40 20 0 2 ms SEF098V
56	B/W	Daniel For	I and the second of the second	BATTERY VOLTAGE
61	B/W	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	(11 - 14V)
58	Y/G	Data link connector for GST	Engine is running. Idle speed (GST is disconnected)	6 - 10V

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
59	PU	MAP/BARO switch sole- noid valve	Ignition switch "ON" For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. For 5 seconds after starting engine	Approximately 0V
			Engine is running. More than 5 seconds after starting engine	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
	14//51	FOR	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Less than 4.5V
62	W/PU	EGR temperature sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) EGR system is operating	0 - 1.5V
63	R/Y	Tank fuel temperature sensor	Engine is running.	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with fuel temperature.
64	Y/R		Engine is running.	0 - 14V
65	Y/B	Data link connector for CONSULT	Idle speed (CONSULT is connected and	3 - 9V
68	Y/L		turned on.)	0 - 4V
67	R	EVAP control system pressure sensor	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 3.4V
70	Υ	Power supply (Back-up)	Ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
102	G/OR	Injector No. 1		BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
104	G/R	Injector No. 3	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	(V) 40 20 0
107	G	Injector No. 2		50 ms SEF007V
109	Y/PU	Injector No. 4		BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
111	Y/G	Injector No. 5	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	(V) 40 20 0
114	GY/L	Injector No. 6		50 ms SEF008V

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
103 GY			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Properly raise drive wheels off the ground Set A/T selector lever in "D" position Engine speed is 2,000 rpm [Vehicle speed is over 12 km/h (7 MPH)]	0.8 - 0.9V
		noid valve (except for California)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is above 3,200 rpm Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
105	R/W	EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve	Engine is running. Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
106	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
108	LG/B	EVAP canister vent con- trol valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
112	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
113	B/W	Current return	Engine is running. Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
44.5	5	Front heated oxygen	Engine is running. Engine speed is below 4,200 rpm	Approximately 0.2V
115	В	sensor heater	Engine is running. Engine speed is above 4,200 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			Engine is running.	Approximately 0.2V
116	Υ	Rear heated oxygen sensor heater	Ignition switch "ON" Engine is stopped	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
117	L/G	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
118	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Description

Intermittent incidents (I/I) may occur. In many cases, the problem resolves itself (the part or circuit function returns to normal without intervention). It is important to realize that the symptoms described in the customer's complaint often do not recur on DTC (1st trip) visits. Realize also that the most frequent cause of I/I occurrences is poor electrical connections. Because of this, the conditions under which the incident occurred may not be clear. Therefore, circuit checks made as part of the standard diagnostic procedure may not indicate the specific problem area.

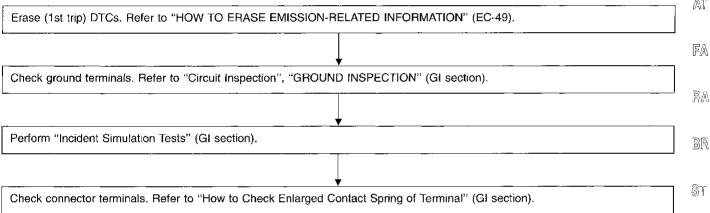
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Common I/I Report Situations

STEP in Work Flow	Situation
П	The CONSULT is used. The SELF-DIAG RESULTS screen shows time data other than "0" or "1t".
III	The symptom described by the customer does not recur.
IV	(1st trip) DTC data does not appear during the DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE.
VI	The TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS for PXXXX does not indicate the problem area.

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Diagnostic Procedure



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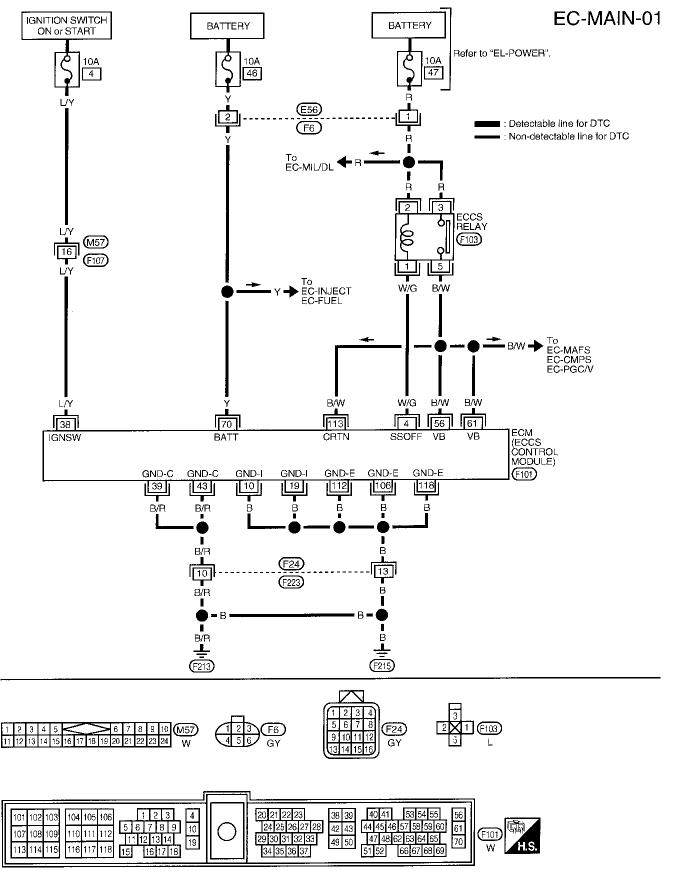
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Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit



TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY

Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit (Cont'd)

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

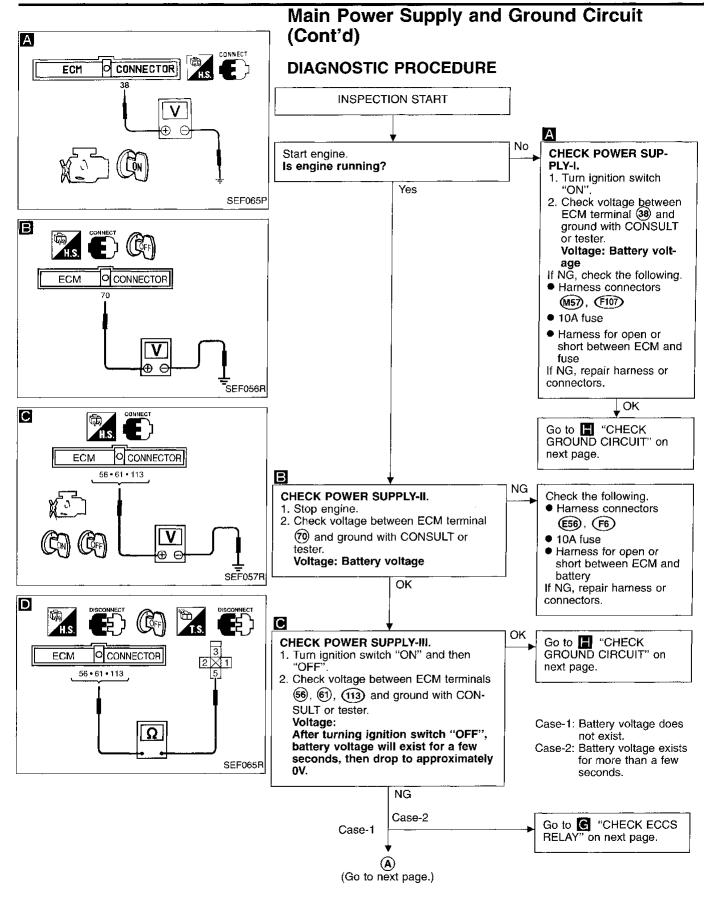
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
4	W/G	ECCS relay (Self-shut-off)	Engine is running. Ignition switch "OFF" For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "OFF" A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
10	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
19	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
			Ignition switch "OFF"	ov
38	L/Y	Ignition switch	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
39	B/R	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
43	B/R	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground (Probe this terminal with tester probe when measuring.)
56	B/W	Dower cumply for ECM	Tonition quitab "ON!"	BATTERY VOLTAGE
61	B/W	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	(11 - 14V)
70	Υ	Power supply (Back-up)	Ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
106	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
112	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
113	B/W	Current return	Engine is running. Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
118	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground

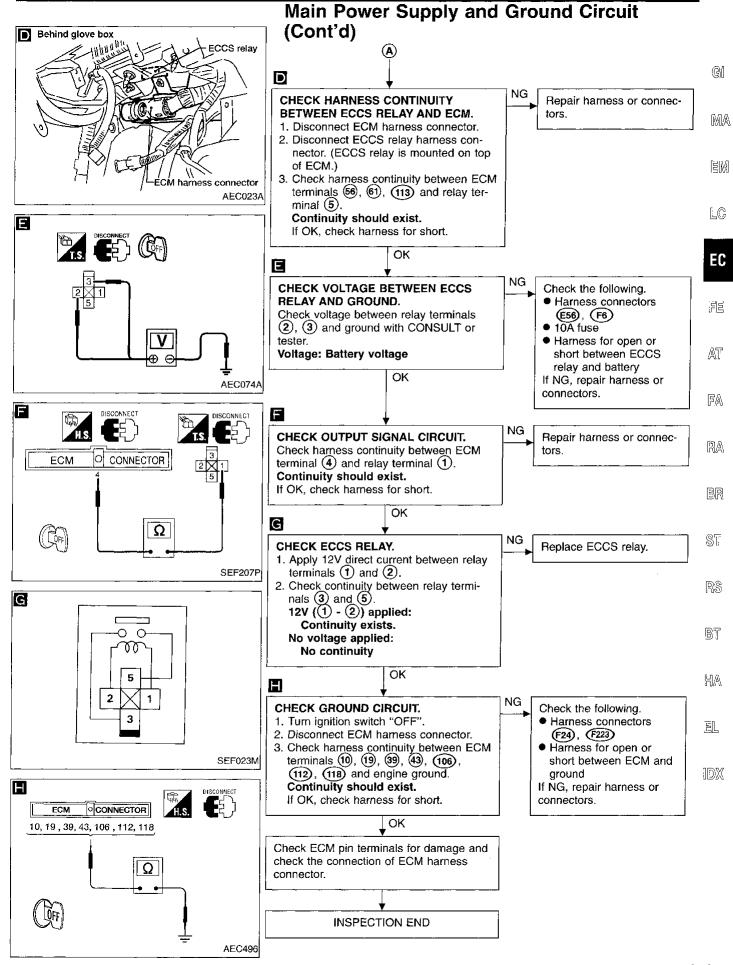
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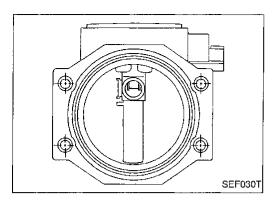
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY



TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY



TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0100



Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The mass air flow sensor is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. It consists of a hot film that is supplied with electric current from the ECM. The temperature of the hot film is controlled by the ECM a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot wire is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss.

Therefore, the ECM must supply more electric current to maintain the temperature of the hot wire as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CON	IDITION	SPECIFICATION
MAS AIR/FL SE	Engine: After warming upAir conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	1.0 - 1.7V
	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,500 rpm	1.8 - 2.4V
CAL/LD VALUE	 Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: "OFF" Shift lever: "N" No-load 	Idle	18.2 - 38.0%
CAL/LD VALUE		2,500 rpm	14.8 - 33.5%
MAGO MIDELOW	Engine: After warming upAir conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	3.2 - 6.7 g·m/s
MASS AIRFLOW	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,500 rpm	8.7 - 21.9 g·m/s

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	w	Mass air flow sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	1.3 - 1.7V
47		Mass all llow sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,500 rpm	1.9 - 2.3V
48	В	Mass air flow sensor ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0V

EC-104 264

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0100

Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P0100 0102	A) An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM when engine is not running.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Mass air flow sensor	
	C) A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving condition.		
	B) An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM* when engine is running.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Intake air leaks	
	D) A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving condition.	Mass air flow sensor	

^{*:} When this malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail- safe mode
Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

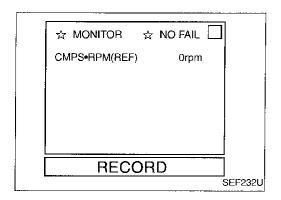
Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B". If there is no problem on "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure for malfunction C". If there is no problem on "Procedure for malfunction C", perform "Procedure for malfunction D".

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TOOLS



Procedure for malfunction A

- Turn ignition switch "ON".
 - Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
 - 3) Wait at least 6 seconds.

– OR -Turn ignition switch "ON", and wait at least 6 sec-1) (GSIT)

- OR -

2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

1) Turn ignition switch "ON", and wait at least 6 sec-

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

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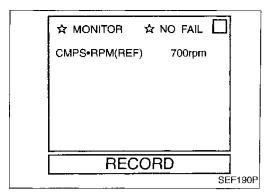
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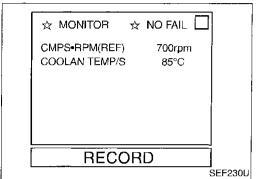
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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0100





Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction B



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(NO TOOLS)

- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most. - OR -

- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most. 2)

- OR -

3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

NOTE:

If 1st trip DTC is confirmed after more than 5 seconds, there may be malfunction C.

Procedure for malfunction C



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4) Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed. - OR -



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.

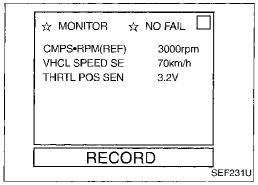
– OR **–**

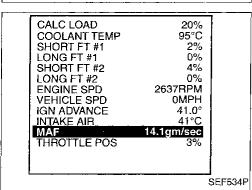
3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

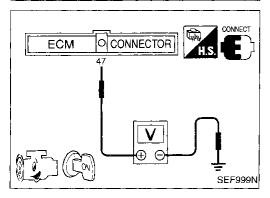


- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating tem-
- 2) Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

OK NG MAS AIR/FL SE +00"21 MAS AIR/FL SE +00"21 15:48 x0.1V +02"45 15:48 x0.1V +02"45 0 13 26 38 51 0 13 26 38 51







Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction D



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

If engine cannot be started, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-109.

- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Check the voltage of MAS AIR/FL SE with "DATA MONITOR".
- 5) Increases engine speed to about 4,000 rpm.
- 6) Monitor the linear voltage rise in response to engine speed increases. If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-109. If OK, go to following step.
- Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

CMPS-RPM (REF): More than 2,000 rpm THRTL POS SEN: More than 3V Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving location: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required

for this test.

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the mass air flow sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

Procedure for malfunction D



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- 4) Check the mass air flow with "MODE 1".
- Check for linear mass air flow rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.

- OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Check the voltage between ECM terminal 47 and ground.
- 4) Check for linear voltage rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.

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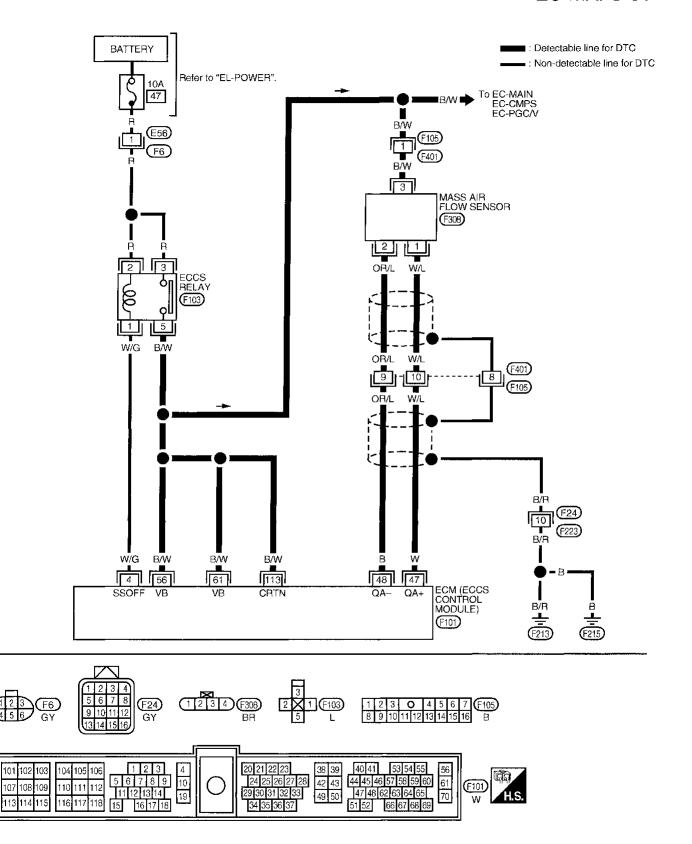
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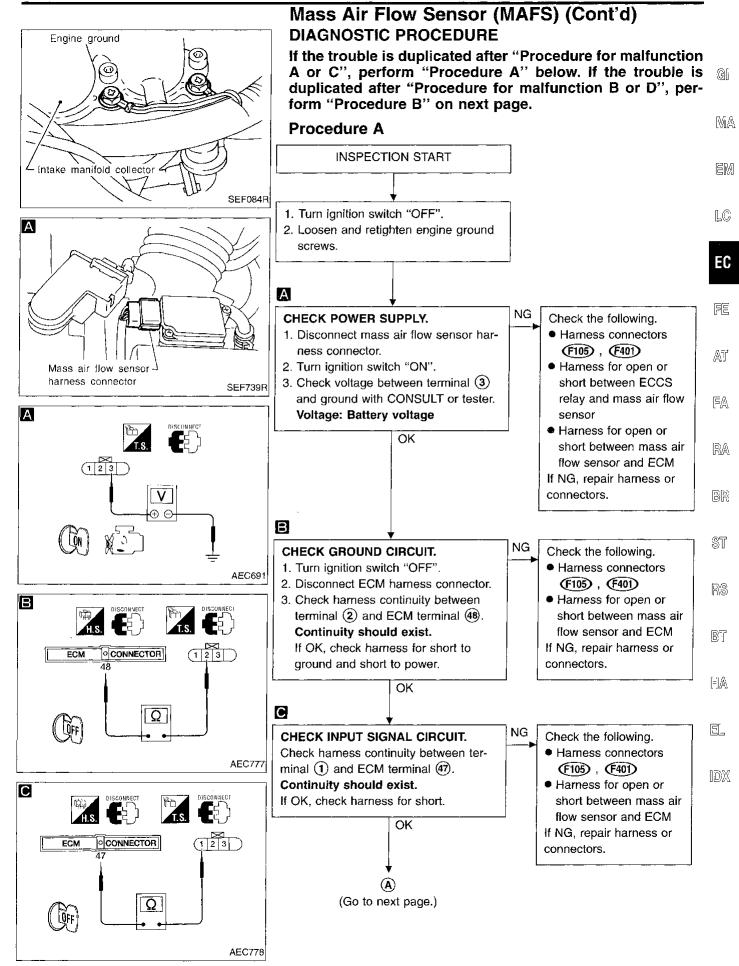
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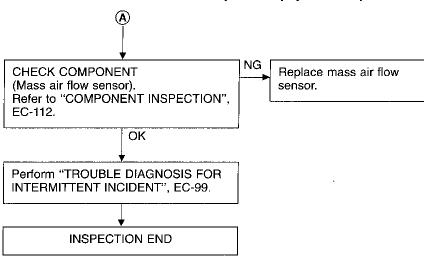
Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

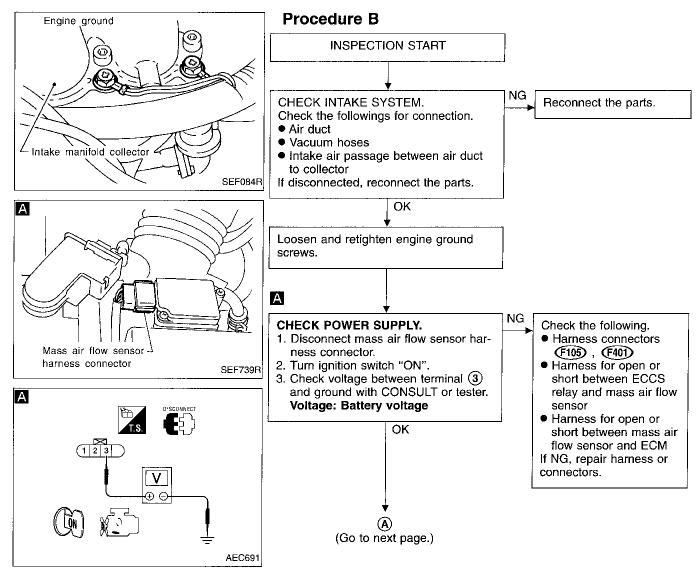
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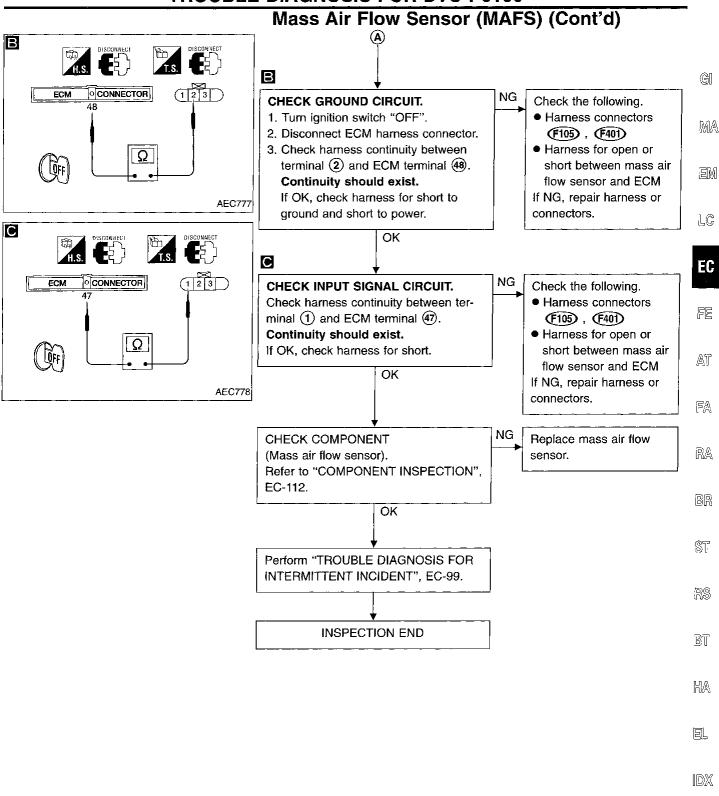


Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

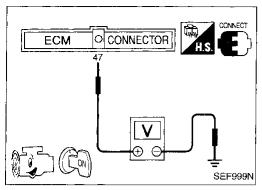


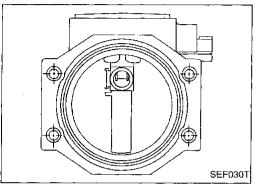


EC-110 270



EC-111 271





Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

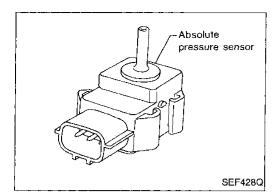
Mass air flow sensor

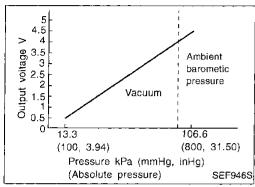
- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal @ and ground.

Conditions	Voltage V		
Ignition switch "ON" (Engine stopped.)	Less than 1.0		
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.0 - 1.7		
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.9 - 2.3		
Idle to about 4,000 rpm*	1.0 - 1.7 to Approx. 4.0		

- *: Check for linear voltage rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.
- 4. If the voltage is out of specification, disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and connect it again. Repeat above check.
- 5. If NG, remove mass air flow sensor from air duct. Check hot film for damage or dust.

EC-112 272





Absolute Pressure Sensor (For California)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The absolute pressure sensor is connected to the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve by a hose. The sensor detects ambient barometric pressure and intake manifold pressure and sends the voltage signal to the ECM. As the pressure increases, the voltage rises.

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ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

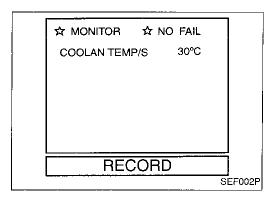
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	R
P0105 0803	A) An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (Absolute pressure sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Absolute pressure sensor 	- B
	B) A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving conditions.	 Hoses (Hoses between the intake manifold and absolute pressure sensor are disconnected or clogged.) Intake air leaks 	- \$ R:
		MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve Absolute pressure sensor	B
	A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving conditions.	Absolute pressure sensor	H.

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B". If the 1st trip DTC is not confirmed on "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure for malfunction C".

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Absolute Pressure Sensor (For California) (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction A

NOTE:

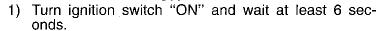
If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



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- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Wait at least 6 seconds.

——— OR

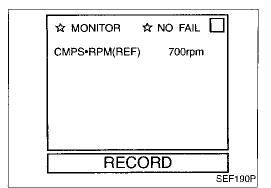


2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 6 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.



Procedure for malfunction B

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine and let it idle.
- 5) Wait at least 15 seconds.

- OR -

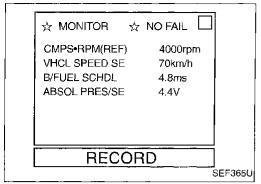


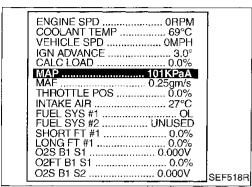
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Let engine idle and wait at least 15 seconds.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

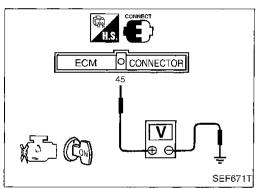
- OR -



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Let engine idle and wait at least 15 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 6) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.







Absolute Pressure Sensor (For California) (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction C

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

Turn ignition switch "ON".

2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. The voltage of "ABSOL PRES/SE" should be more than 1.74 [V].

If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-117.

If the check result is OK, go to following step.

- 3) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 13 seconds.
- 6) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 7) Drive the vehicle at least 3 consecutive seconds under the following conditions,

B/FUEL SCHDL: More than 5.9 ms CMPS·RPM (REF): 3,000 - 4,800 rpm Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving pattern: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

- OR -

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

Procedure for malfunction C



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "MAP" in "MODE 1" with GST.
- 3) Make sure that the pressure of "MAP" is more than 46 kPa (0.47 kg/cm², 6.7 psi).

- OR -



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Make sure that the voltage between ECM terminal (4) and ground is more than 1.74 [V].

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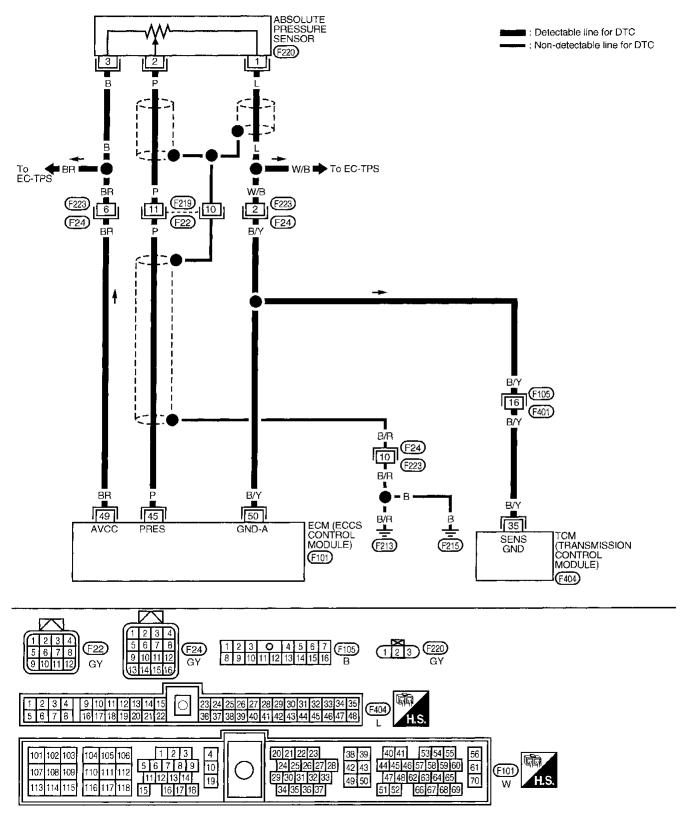
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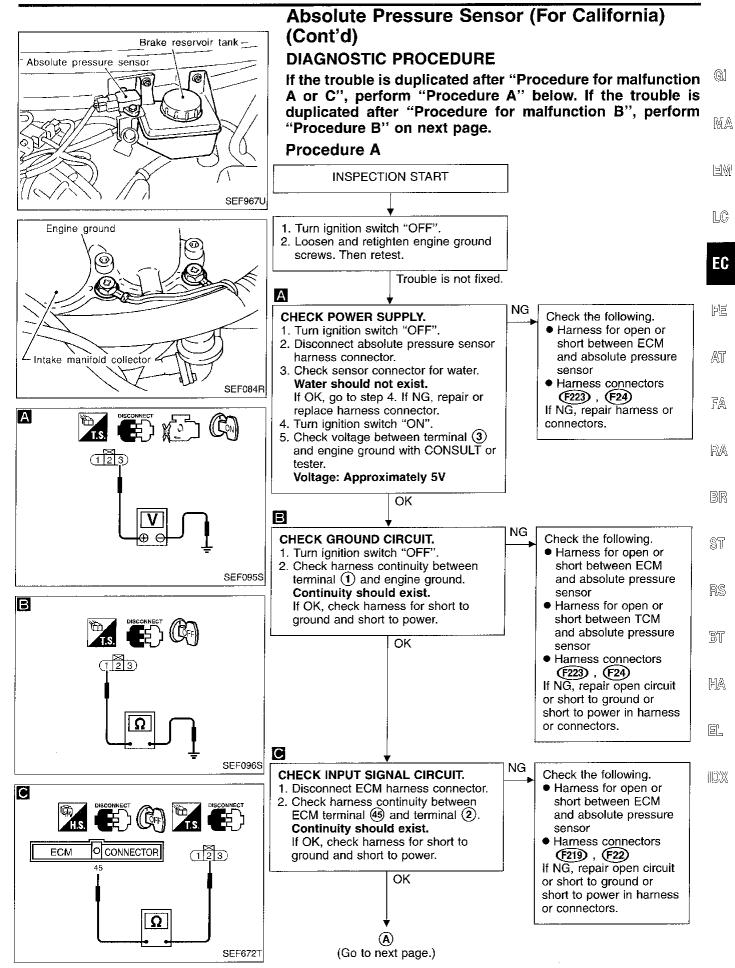
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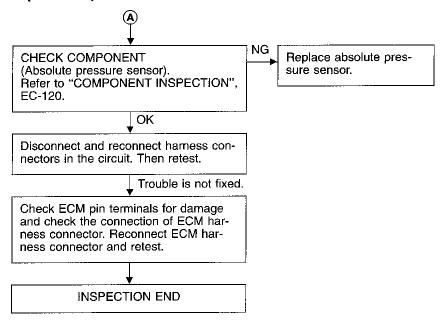
Absolute Pressure Sensor (For California) (Cont'd)

EC-AP/SEN-01

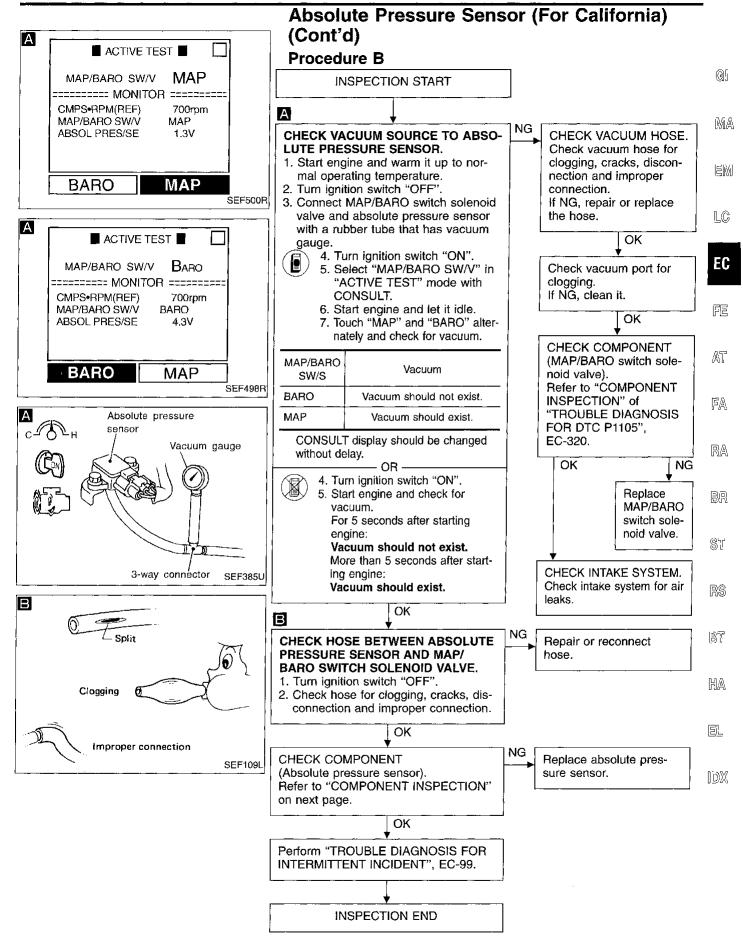


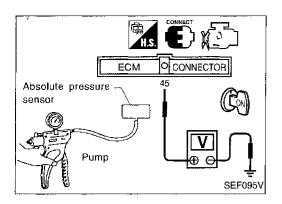


Absolute Pressure Sensor (For California) (Cont'd)



EC-118 278





Absolute Pressure Sensor (For California) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Absolute pressure sensor

- Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- Remove hose from absolute pressure sensor.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal 45 and engine ground.

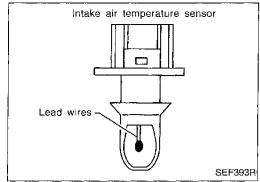
The voltage should be 3.2 to 4.8 V.

Use pump to apply vacuum of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.

The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 V lower than the value measured in step 3.

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg) or vacuum below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.



Acceptable 0.4 0.2

Intake Air Temperature Sensor

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The intake air temperature sensor is mounted to the air duct housing. The sensor detects intake air temperature and transmits a signal to the ECM.

The temperature sensing unit uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. Electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases in response to the temperature rise.

<Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $k\Omega$
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
80 (176)	1.23	0.27 - 0.38

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 28 (Intake air temperature sensor) and ECM terminal 43 (ECCS ground).

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ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

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Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0110 0401	A) An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Intake air temperature sensor
	B) Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signal from engine coolant temperature sensor.	•

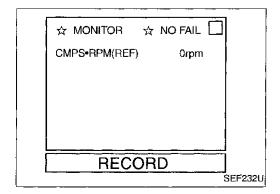
DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

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Procedure for malfunction A



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 sec-
- Select MODE 7 with GST.

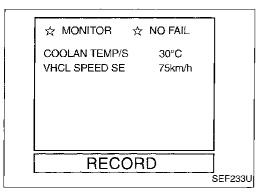
Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

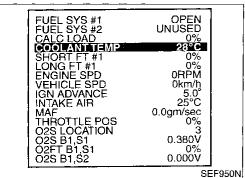


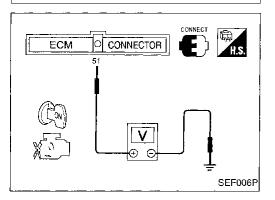
 Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds

- OR

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.







Procedure for malfunction B

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

TESTING CONDITION:

This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.



- 1) Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F).
 - (a) Turn ignition switch "ON".
 - (b) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
 - (c) Check the engine coolant temperature.
 - (d) If the engine coolant temperature is not less than 90°C (194°F), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.
- Perform the following steps before engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F).
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine.
- 5) Hold vehicle speed at 70 to 80 km/h (43 to 50 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.

- OR -



- 1) Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F).
 - (a) Turn ignition switch "ON".
 - (b) Select MODE 1 with GST.
 - (c) Check the engine coolant temperature.
 - (d) If the engine coolant temperature is not less than 90°C (194°F), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.
- Perform the following steps before engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F).
- Start engine.
- 3) Hold vehicle speed at 70 to 80 km/h (43 to 50 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 4) Select MODE 7 with GST.

Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)



1) Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F).

- OR -

- (a) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- (b) Check voltage between ECM terminal (5) and ground.

Voltage: More than 1.0 (V)

- (c) If the voltage is not more than 1.0 (V), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.
- Perform the following steps before the voltage is below 1.0V.
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Hold vehicle speed at 70 to 80 km/h (43 to 50 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

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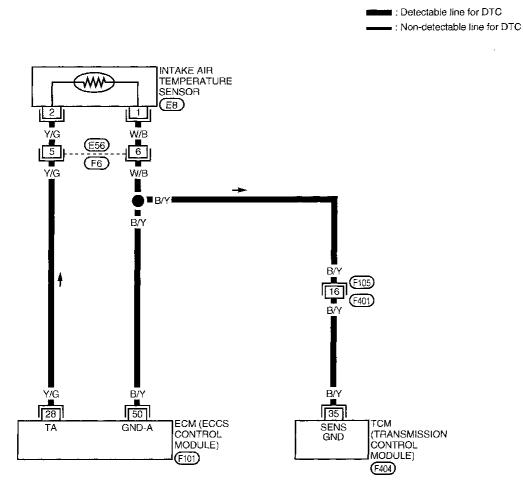
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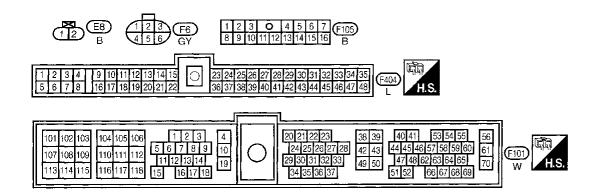
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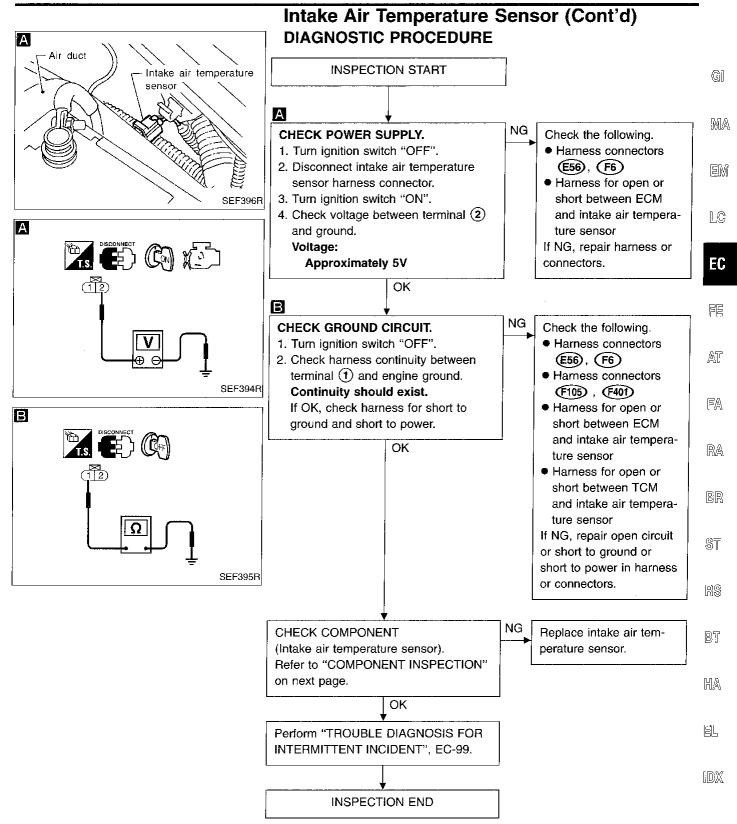
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Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

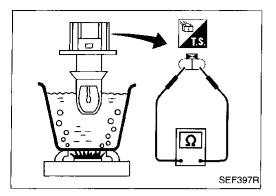
EC-IATS-01







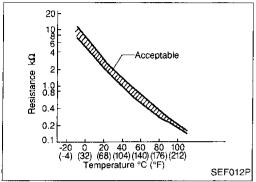
EC-125 285



Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Intake air temperature sensor

Check resistance as shown in the figure.

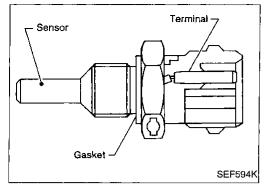


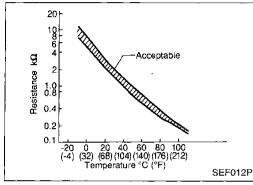
<Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
80 (176)	0.27 - 0.38

If NG, replace intake air temperature sensor.

EC-126 286





Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Circuit)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

<Reference data>

Engine coolant tem- perature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
-10 (14)	4.4	7.0 - 11.4
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (5) (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ECM terminal (43) (ECCS ground).

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0115 0103	 An excessively high or low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.* 	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Engine coolant temperature sensor

*: When this malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode		
	Engine coolant temperature will be determined by ECM based on the time after turning ignition switch "ON" or "START". CONSULT displays the engine coolant temperature decided by ECM.		
	Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT display)	
Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit	Just as ignition switch is turned ON or Start	20°C (68°F)	
	More than approx. 6 minutes after ignition ON or Start	80°C (176°F)	
	Except as shown above	20 - 80°C (68 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)	

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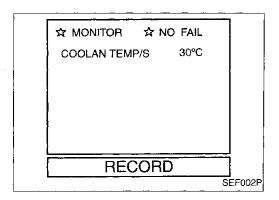
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Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Circuit) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.



1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.

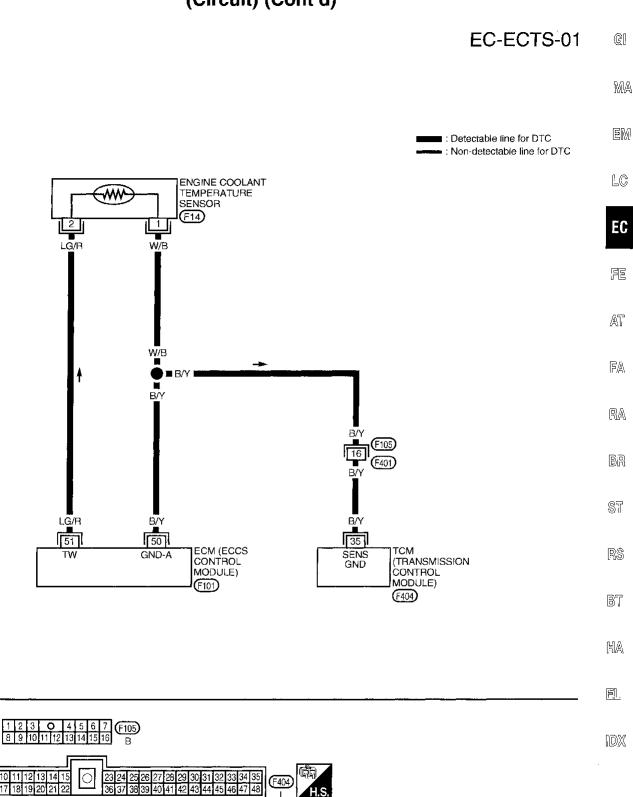
- OR -

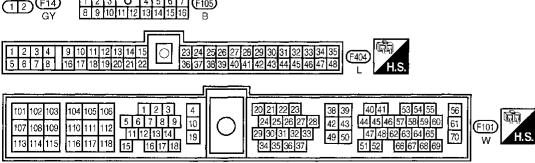
2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

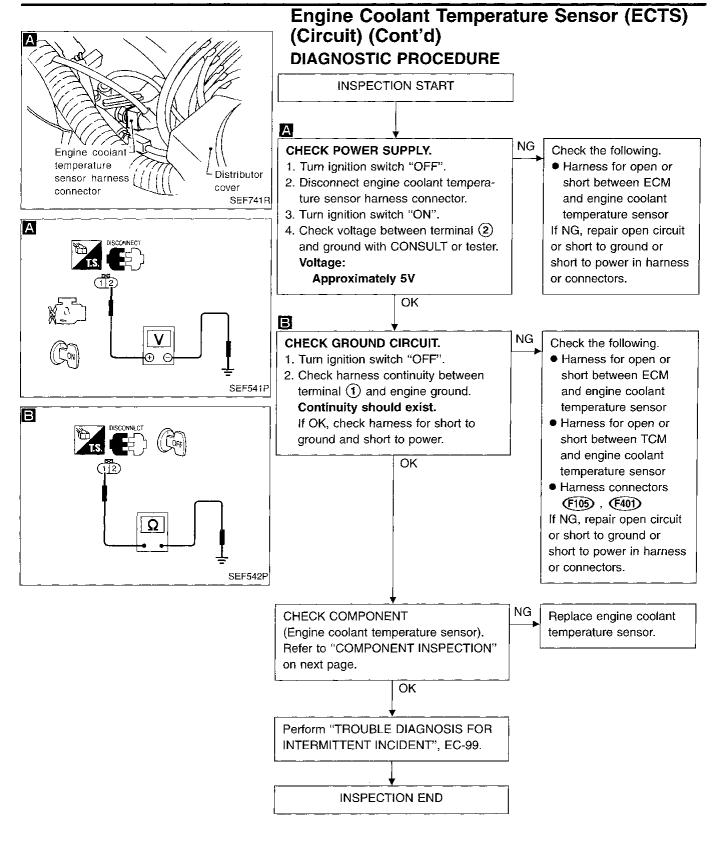


- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

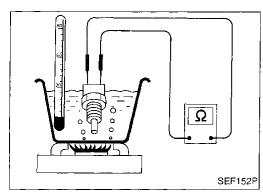
Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Circuit) (Cont'd)

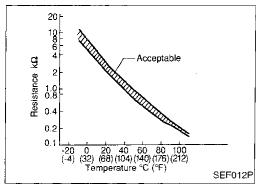






EC-130 290





Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Circuit) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Engine coolant temperature sensor

Check resistance as shown in the figure.

<Reference data>

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

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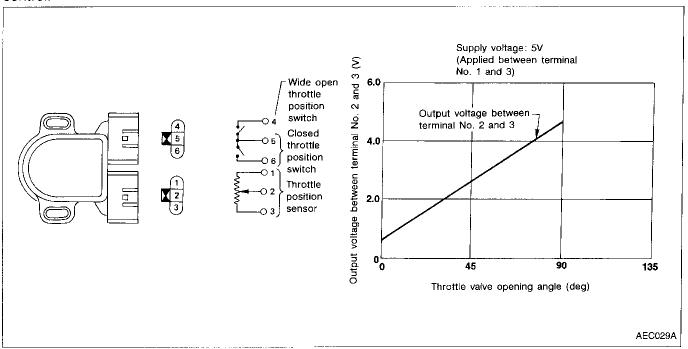
Throttle Position Sensor

Note: If both DTC P0120 (0403) and DTC P0510 (0203) are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNO-SIS FOR DTC P0510 first. (See EC-303.)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The throttle position sensor responds to the accelerator pedal movement. This sensor is a kind of potentiometer which transforms the throttle position into output voltage, and emits the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, the sensor detects the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feeds the voltage signal to the ECM.

Idle position of the throttle valve is determined by the ECM receiving the signal from the throttle position sensor. This sensor controls engine operation such as fuel cut. On the other hand, the "Wide open and closed throttle position switch", which is built into the throttle position sensor unit, is not used for engine control.



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CON	SPECIFICATION	
THRTL POS SEN	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) 	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.3 - 0.7V
	● Engine: After warming up	Throttle valve: fully opened	Approx. 4.0V
ABSOL TH•P/S	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stepped)	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.0%
ADSUL In P/S	(Engine stopped) ■ Engine: After warming up	Throttle valve: fully opened	Approx. 88%

Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (43) (ECCS ground).

MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	co	NDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
23	R	Throttle position sensor	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) Accelerator pedal fully released		0.3 - 0.7V
20		Throttle position sensor	Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator peda	al fully depressed	Approximately 4V
	5.0	Throttle position sensor	Ignition switch "ON" (•	Approximately 0.4V
33	R/G	signal	Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator peda	al fully depressed	Approximately 4V
49	BR	Sensors' power supply	Ignition switch "ON"		Approximately 5V
50	B/Y	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (W	arm-up condition)	Approximately 0V
A) An excessively low or high sor is sent to ECM.* B) A high voltage from the set under light load driving core		nsor is sent to ECM	shorted.) Throttle position sens Harness or connecto	sensor circuit is open or sor	
			Harness or connecto	rs sensor circuit is open or	
				Camshaft position se Mass air flow sensor	
C) A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving condition.		 Harness or connector (The throttle position) Intake air leaks 	rs sensor circuit is open or shorte		
				Throttle position sens	sor
When	tnıs malfu	unction is detected, the ECM	enters tail-sate mode ai	na the MIL lights up.	
	D.	etected items	Engin	e operating condition in	fail-safe mode
			Throttle position will be the engine speed.		ne injected fuel amount and
			Therefore, acceleration	n will be poor.	
Throttle	position s	sensor circuit	Therefore, acceleration	<u> </u>	Driving condition

Poor acceleration

When accelerating

Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Procedure for malfunction A

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B". If there is no problem on "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure for malfunction C".

NOTE:

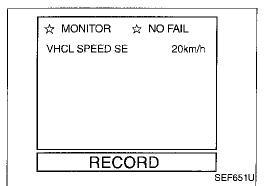
If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.
- This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.





- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

VHCL SPEED SE: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH)
Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or
"N" position





1) Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

Vehicle speed: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH)
Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or
"N" position

2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

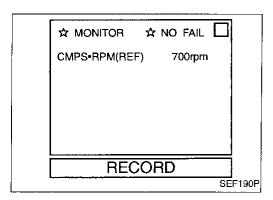
- OR -



1) Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

Vehicle speed: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH)
Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or
"N" position

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.



Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction B

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds. – OR -

- Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.



Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.

- OR -

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.



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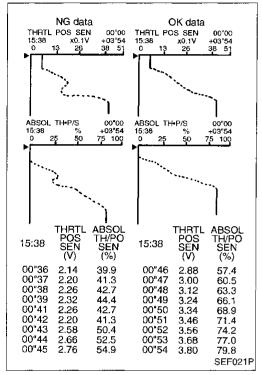
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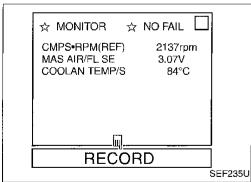
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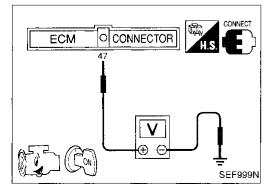
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THRTL POS SEN 0.48V ABSOL TH•P/S 0.0% RECORD SEF024P







Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction C

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Select "THRTL POS SEN" and "ABSOL TH-P/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Press RECORD on CONSULT SCREEN at the same time accelerator pedal is depressed.
- 7) Print out the recorded graph and check the following:
- The voltage when accelerator pedal fully released is approximately 0.3 - 0.7V.
- The voltage rise is linear in response to accelerator pedal depression.
- The voltage when accelerator pedal is fully depressed is approximately 4V.
 If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-139.
 If OK, go to following step.
- 8) Select "AUTO TRIG" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

CMPS-RPM (REF): More than 2,000 rpm

MAS AIR/FL SE: More than 3V

COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving location: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain

the driving conditions required

for this test.



1) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

- OR -

Gear position: Suitable position Engine speed: More than 2,000 rpm

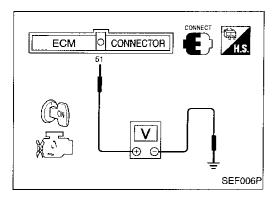
Engine coolant temperature: More than 70°C

(158°F)

Voltage between ECM terminal @ and ground:

More than 3V

Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)



NO

1) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

Gear position: Suitable position Engine speed: More than 2,000 rpm

- OR -

Voltage between ECM terminal @ and ground:

More than 3V

Voltage between ECM terminal (5) and ground:

Less than 1.5V

2) Stop the vehicle, turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

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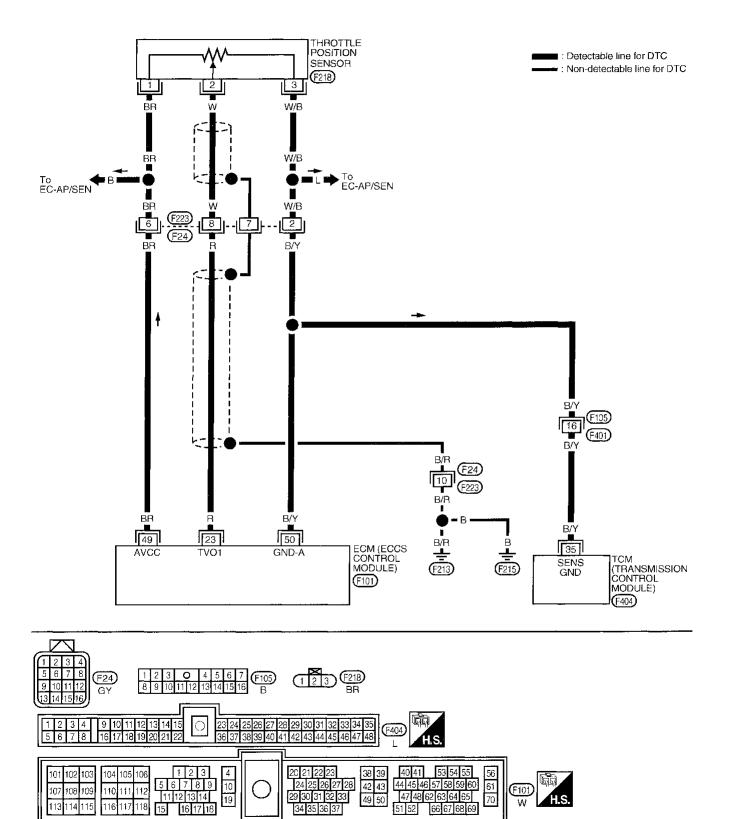
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Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

EC-TPS-01



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47 48 62 63 64 65 51 52 66 67 68 69

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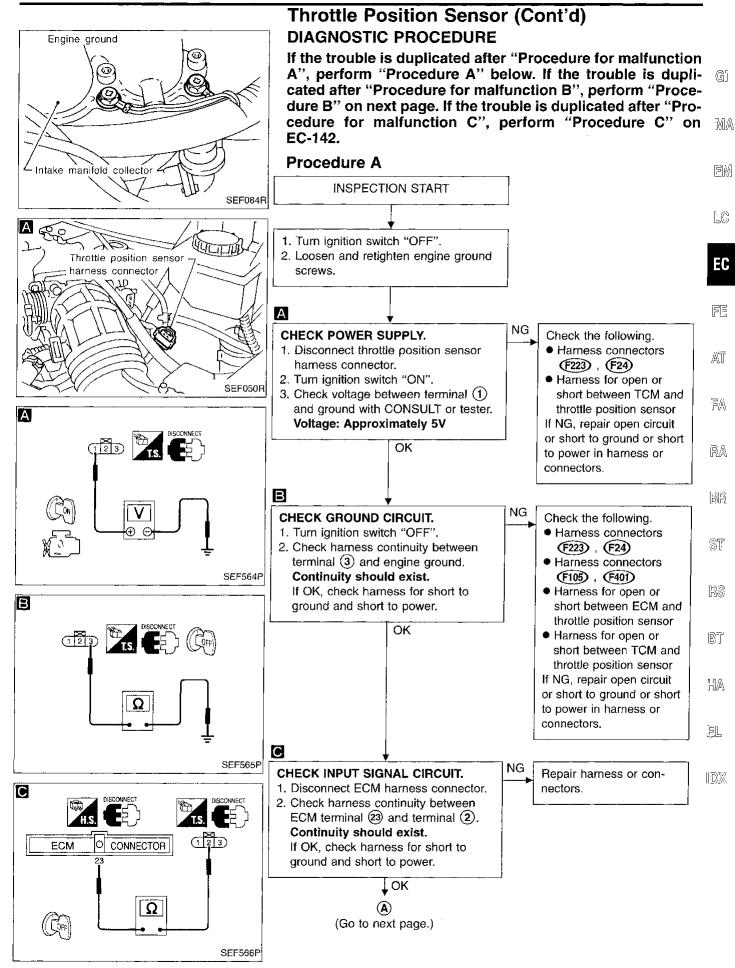
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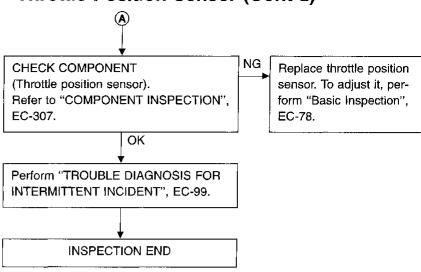
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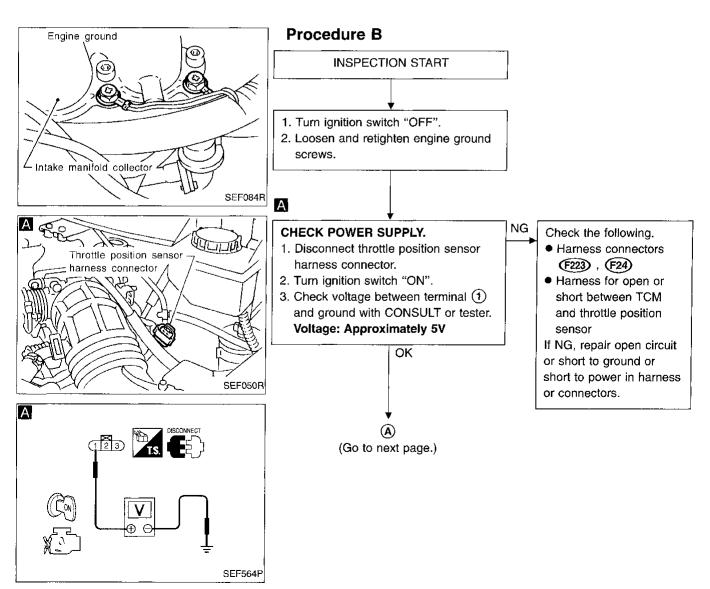
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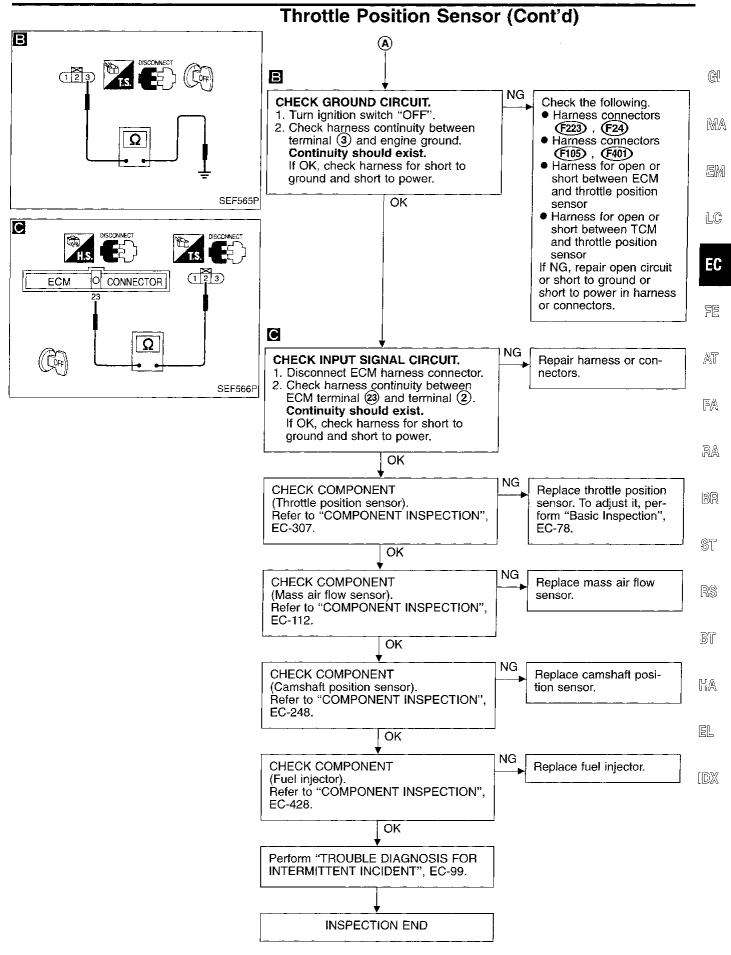


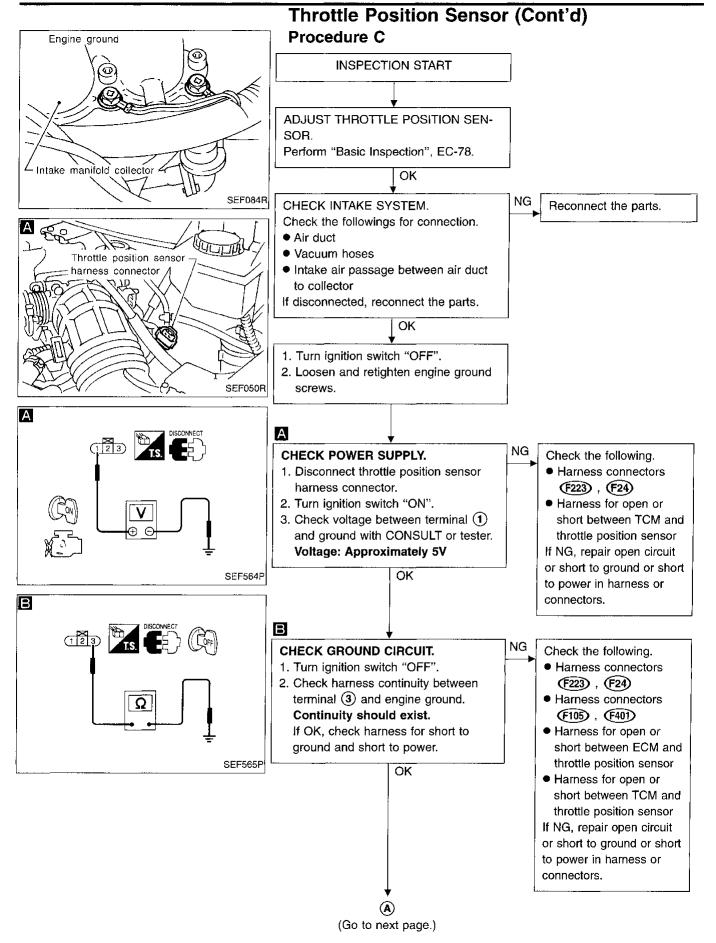
Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)





EC-140 300

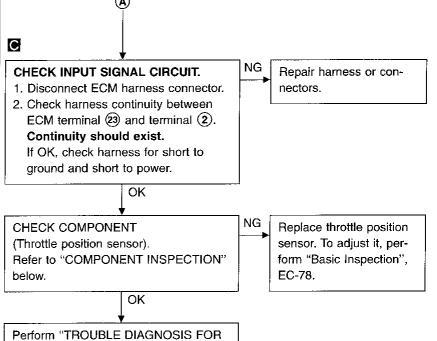


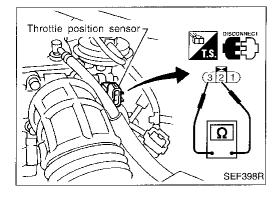


EC-142 302

ECM O CONNECTOR 1 2 3







COMPONENT INSPECTION

INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-99.

INSPECTION END

Throttle position sensor

- 1. Disconnect throttle position sensor harness connector.
- 2. Make sure that resistance between terminals ② and ③ changes when opening throttle valve manually.

Throttle valve conditions	Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	
Completely closed	Approximately 0.5 kΩ	
Partially open	0.5 - 4 kΩ	
Completely open	Approximately 4 kΩ	_

If NG, replace throttle position sensor. To adjust it, perform "Basic Inspection", EC-78.

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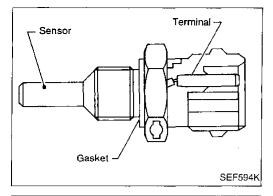
RS

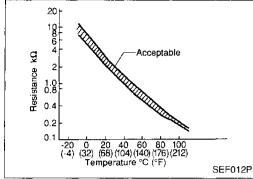
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Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

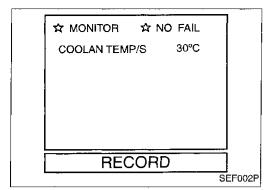
<Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance k Ω
-10 (14)	4.4	9.2
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (s) (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ECM terminal (s) (ECCS ground).

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0125 0908	 Voltage sent to ECM from the sensor is not practical, even when some time has passed after starting the engine. Engine coolant temperature is insufficient for closed loop fuel control. 	 Harness or connectors (High resistance in the circuit) Engine coolant temperature sensor Thermostat



Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Be careful not to overheat engine.

NOTE

 If both DTC P0115 (0103) and P0125 (0908) are displayed, first perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0115". Refer to EC-127.

 If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

3) Check that "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 10°C (50°F).

If it is above 10°C (50°F), the test result will be OK. If it is below 10°C (50°F), go to following step.

4) Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed.

If "COOLAN TEMP/S" increases to more than 10°C (50°F) within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.

- OR -



NO

1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

Select "MODE 1" with GST.

 Check that engine coolant temperature is above 10°C (50°F).

If it is above 10°C (50°F), the test result will be OK. If it is below 10°C (50°F), go to following step.

4) Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed. If engine coolant temperature increases to more than 10°C (50°F) within 65 minutes, stop engine because

the test result will be OK.
5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.



1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

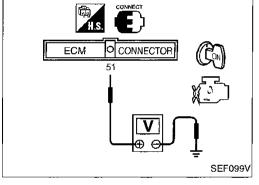
 Check that voltage between ECM terminal (51) and ground is less than 3.8V.

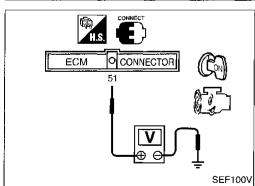
If it is less than 3.8V, the test result will be OK. If it is over 3.8V, go to following step.

3) Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed. Then measure voltage between ECM terminal (f) and ground.

If the voltage decreases to less than 3.8V within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.

- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.





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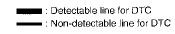
RS

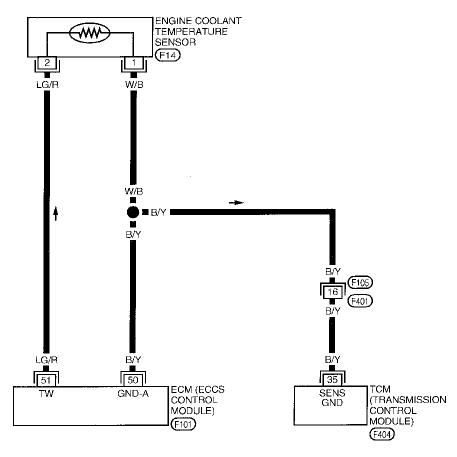
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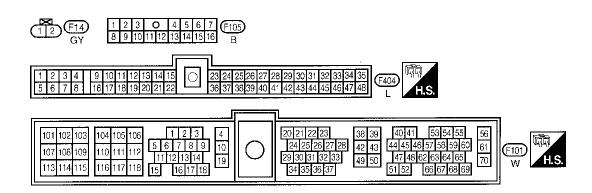
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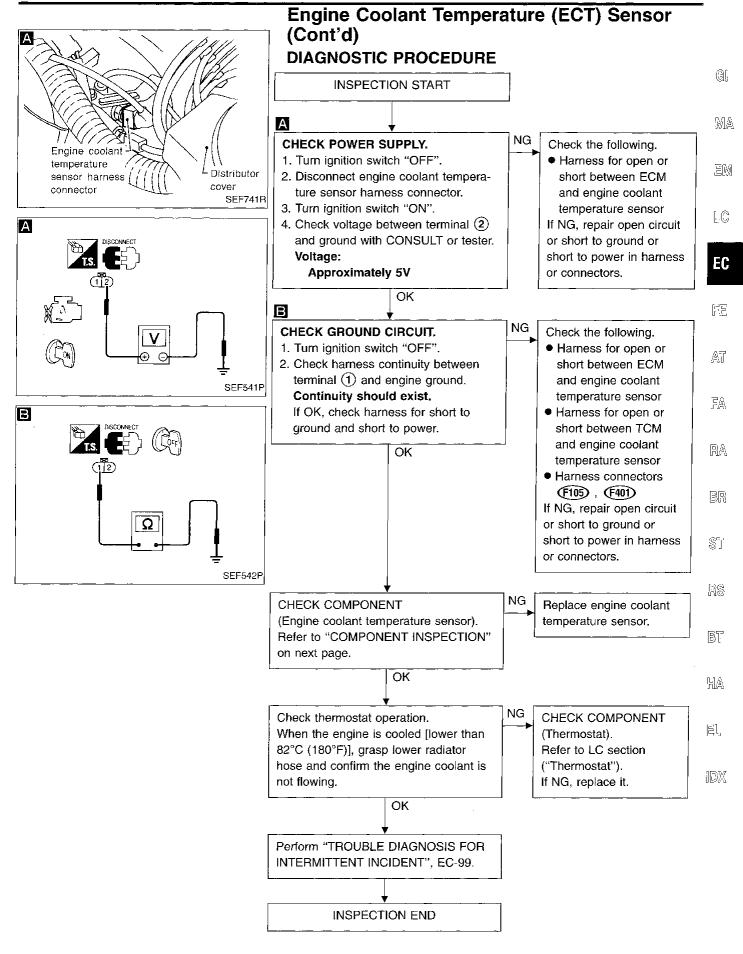
Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)

EC-ECTS-01

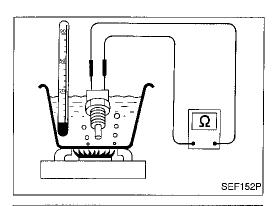


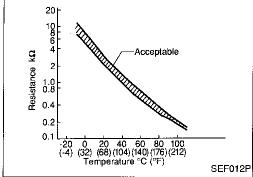






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Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

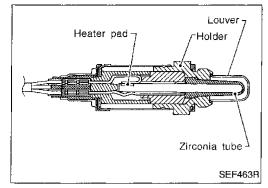
Engine coolant temperature sensor

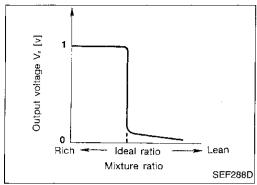
Check resistance as shown in the figure.

<Reference data>

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k()
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.0
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.





Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs 40 near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

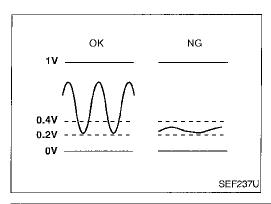
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR		Maintaining engine speed at	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
	Engine: After warming up		$LEAN \leftrightarrow RICH$
FR O2 MNTR		2,000 rpm	Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	ST
			0 - Approximately 1.0V	HA	
46	LG	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	(V) 2 1 0 1s SEF201T	ISL IDX

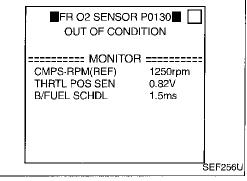


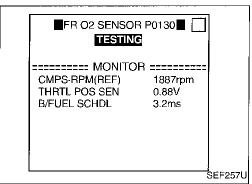
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

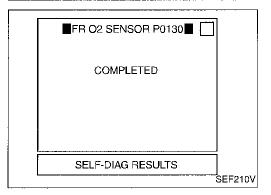
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Under the condition in which the front heated oxygen sensor signal is not input, the ECM circuits will read a continuous approximately 0.3V. Therefore, for this diagnosis, the time that output voltage is within 200 to 400 mV range is monitored, and the diagnosis checks that this time is not inordinately long.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0130 0303	● The voltage from the sensor is constantly approx. 0.3V.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or
		shorted.) • Front heated oxygen sensor







DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature of more than -10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Never raise engine speed above 4,200 rpm during the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 2).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SEN-SOR P0130" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START"
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 1.5 minutes.
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 10 to 60 seconds.)

CMPS RPM (REF): 1,700 - 2,400 rpm

Vehicle speed: 78 - 100 km/h (48 - 62 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.75 - 5.5 ms Selector lever: Suitable position

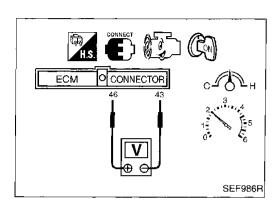
EC-150 310

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-153.

During this test, P1148 may be stored in ECM.



OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

- OR -



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (4) (sensor signal) and (4) (engine ground).
- Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The voltage does not remain in the range of 0.2 -0.4V.

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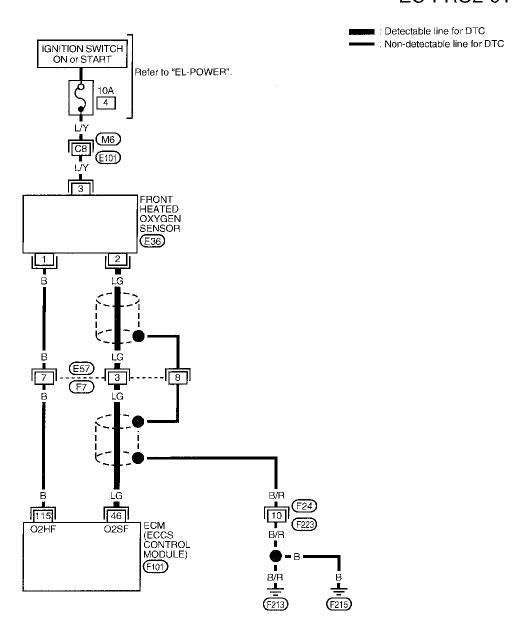
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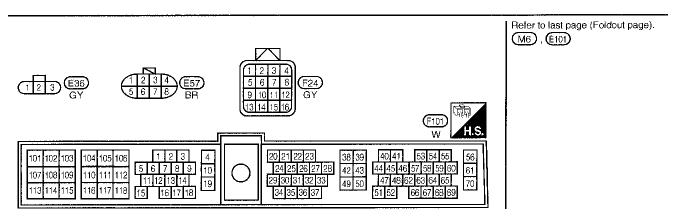
HA

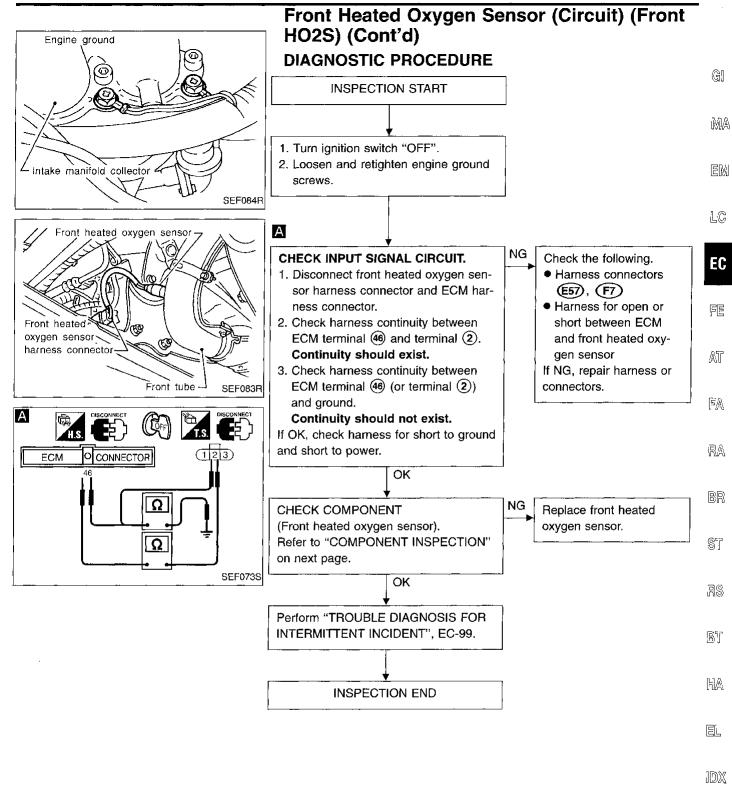
EL

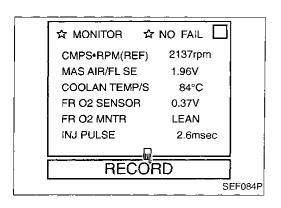
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

EC-FRO2-01









Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor



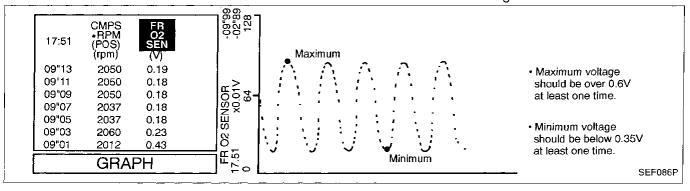
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating tem-
- Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

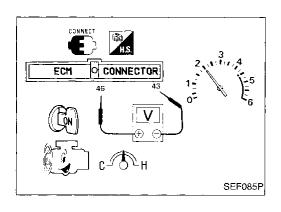
5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

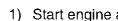
cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.



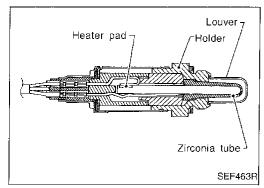


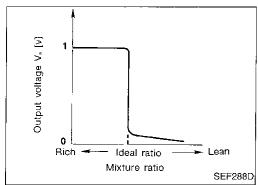


1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

OR ·

- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 46 (sensor signal) and 43 (engine ground).
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.





Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift **Monitoring) (Front HO2S)**

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs LG near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

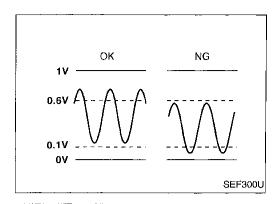
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	_
FR O2 SENSOR		Maintaining engine speed at	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V	_
	T● Engine: After Warming up		LEAN ↔ RICH	_
FR O2 MNTR		2,000 rpm	Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.	

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECCS ground).

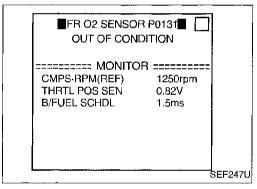
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	
	Front heated oxygen	Engine is running.	0 - Approximately 1.0V	HA	
46	46 LG	sensor	After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0	EL ID)

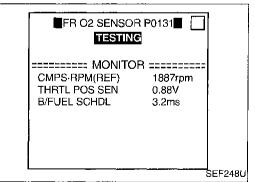


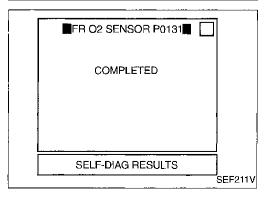
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the output from the front heated oxygen sensor is monitored to determine whether the "rich" output is sufficiently high and whether the "lean" output is sufficiently low. When both the outputs are shifting to the lean side, the malfunction will be detected.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0131 0411	The maximum and minimum voltages from the sensor are not reached to the specified voltages.	 Front heated oxygen sensor Front heated oxygen sensor heater Fuel pressure Injectors Intake air leaks







DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature of more than -10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Never raise engine speed above 4,200 rpm during the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 2).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SEN-SOR P0131" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 1.5 minutes.
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 50 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,700 - 2,400 rpm

Vehicle speed: 78 - 100 km/h (48 - 62 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.75 - 5.5 ms Selector lever: Suitable position

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

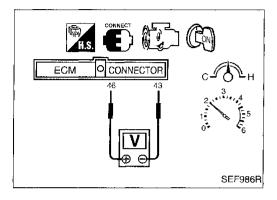
7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-158.



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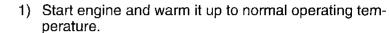
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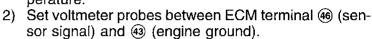


– OR -**OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.







3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.

The minimum voltage is over 0.1V at least one time.

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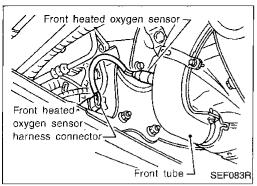
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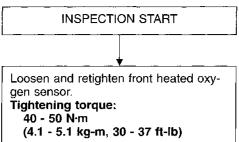


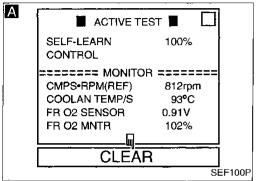
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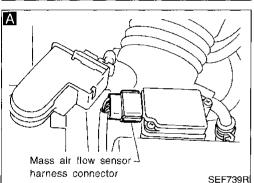
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Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift

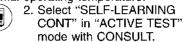






CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA.

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.



- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

 Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

 OR

2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- 7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC 0115 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

CHECK COMPONENT
(Front heated oxygen sensor heater).
Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" on next page.

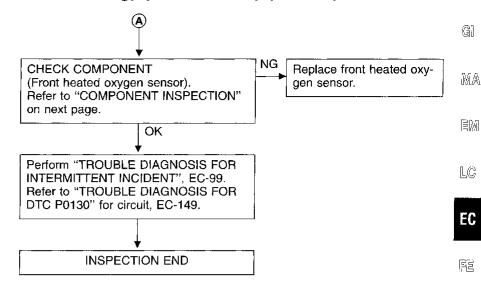
OK

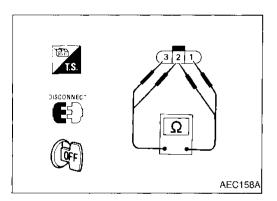
(Go to next page.)

Go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0171", EC-213.

Yes

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)





COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals 3 and 1.

Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3\Omega at 25°C (77°F)

Check continuity between terminals 2 and 1, 3 and 2.

Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

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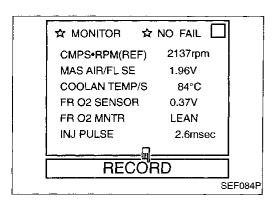
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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

Front heated oxygen sensor



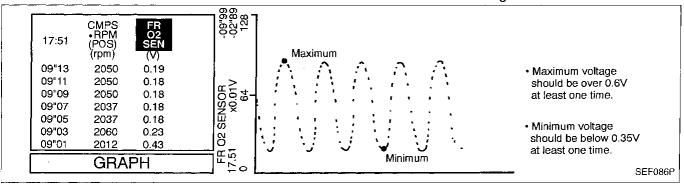
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- 5) Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

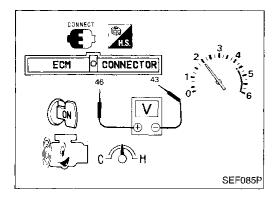
5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.



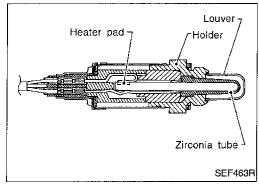


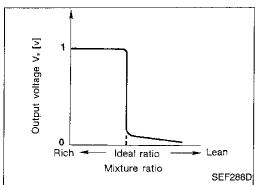


1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

OR -

- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.





Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift **Monitoring) (Front HO2S)**

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in EM leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

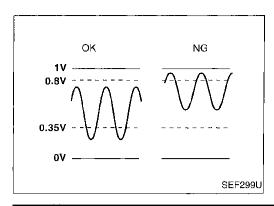
Specification data are reference values

				- [
MONITOR ITEM	CON	NDITION	SPECIFICATION	
FR O2 SENSOR			0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V	-
	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at	LEAN ↔ RICH	•
FR O2 MNTR		2,000 rpm	Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.	6
				- 6

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

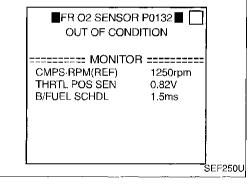
•				<u> </u>	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	B1
46	LG	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V	HA Sl

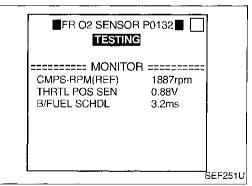


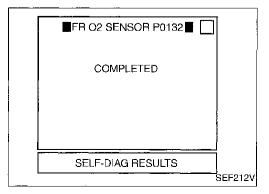
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the output from the front heated oxygen sensor is monitored to determine whether the "rich" output is sufficiently high. The "lean" output is sufficiently low. When both the outputs are shifting to the rich side, the malfunction will be detected.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0132	• The maximum and minimum voltages from the sensor are	● Front heated oxygen sensor
0410	beyond the specified voltages.	 Front heated oxygen sensor heater
		Fuel pressure
		● Injectors







DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature of more than -10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Never raise engine speed above 4,200 rpm during the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 2).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SEN-SOR P0132" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 1.5 minutes.
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 50 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,700 - 2,400 rpm

Vehicle speed: 78 - 100 km/h (48 - 62 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.75 - 5.5 ms Selector lever: Suitable position

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

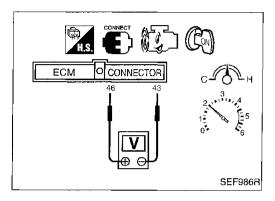
If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-164.



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OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 46 (sensor signal) and 43 (engine ground).
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The maximum voltage is below 0.8V at least one time.

 OR
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.

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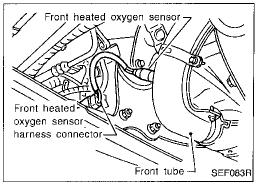
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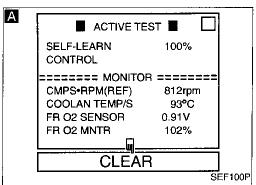
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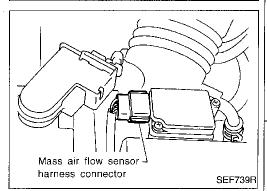
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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

Loosen and retighten front heated oxygen sensor.
Tightening torque:
40 - 50 N·m
(4.1 - 5.1 kg-m, 30 - 37 ft-lb)

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CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.



- Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

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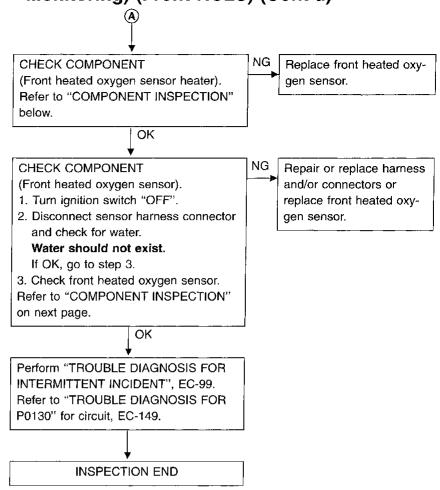
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- 7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 Is the 1st trip DTC 0114 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

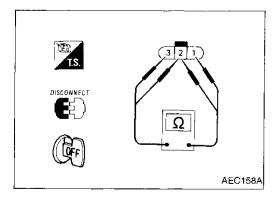
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↓ (A) (Go to next page.) Go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0172", EC-219.

Yes

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)





COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals ③ and ①.

Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F)

Check continuity between terminals ② and ①, ③ and ②.

Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

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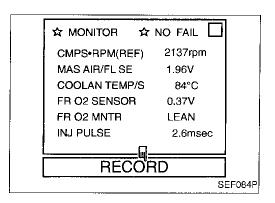
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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

Front heated oxygen sensor



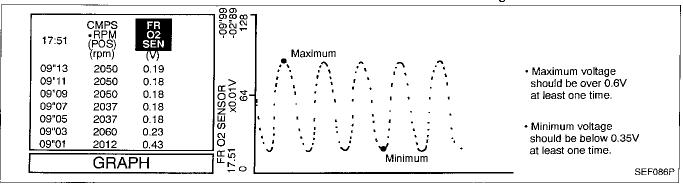
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- 5) Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

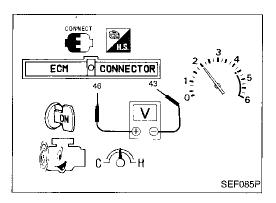
5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

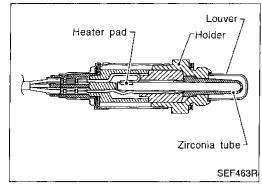


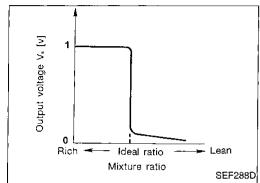


1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

– OR ––

- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).
- Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.





Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs LG near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

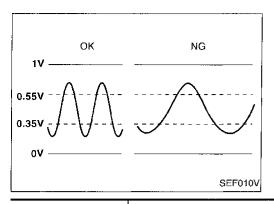
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR			0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
FR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

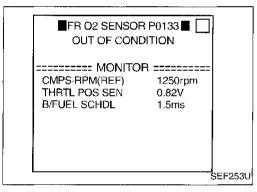
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TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	ET
····				0 - Approximately 1.0V	HA
46	LG	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	(V) 2 1 0 1s SEF201T	ISL IDX



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction of front heated oxygen sensor, this diagnosis measures front heated oxygen sensor cycling time. The time is compensated by engine operating (speed and load), fuel feedback control constant, and front heated oxygen sensor temperature index. Judgment is based on whether the compensated time (front heated oxygen sensor cycling time index) is inordinately long or not.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0133 0409	The cycle of the voltage signal from the sensor is more than the specified time.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Front heated oxygen sensor Front heated oxygen sensor heater Fuel pressure Injectors Intake air leaks Exhaust gas leaks PCV Mass air flow sensor



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

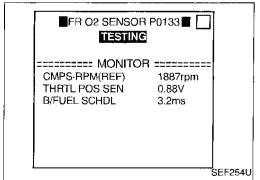
- Always perform at a temperature of more than -10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Never raise engine speed above 4,200 rpm during the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 2).

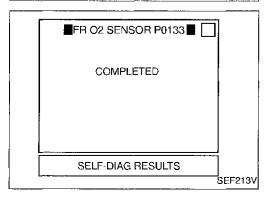


- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SEN-SOR P0133" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 1.5 minutes.
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 50 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,700 - 2,400 rpm Vehicle speed: 78 - 100 km/h (48 - 62 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.75 - 5.5 ms Selector lever: Suitable position





Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

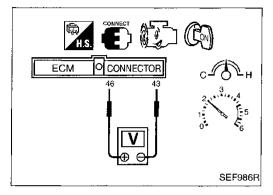
If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-171.



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OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

– OR -



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).

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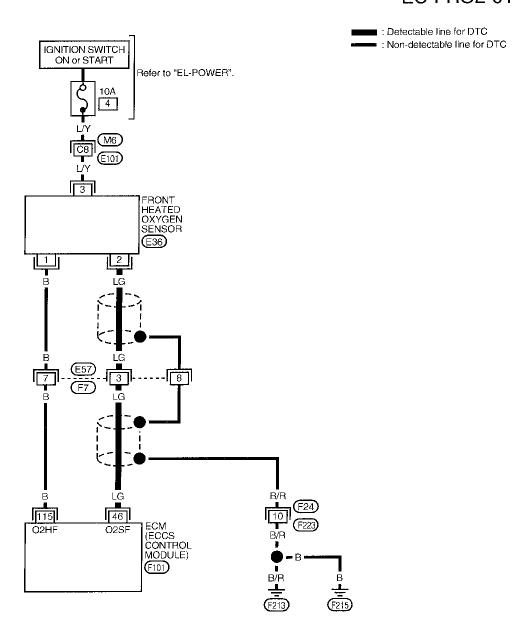
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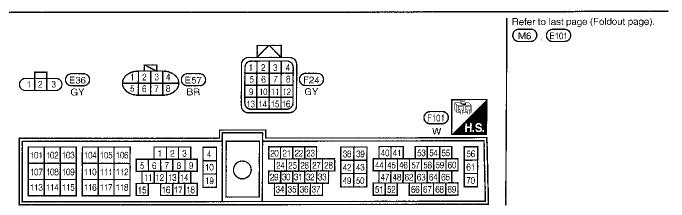
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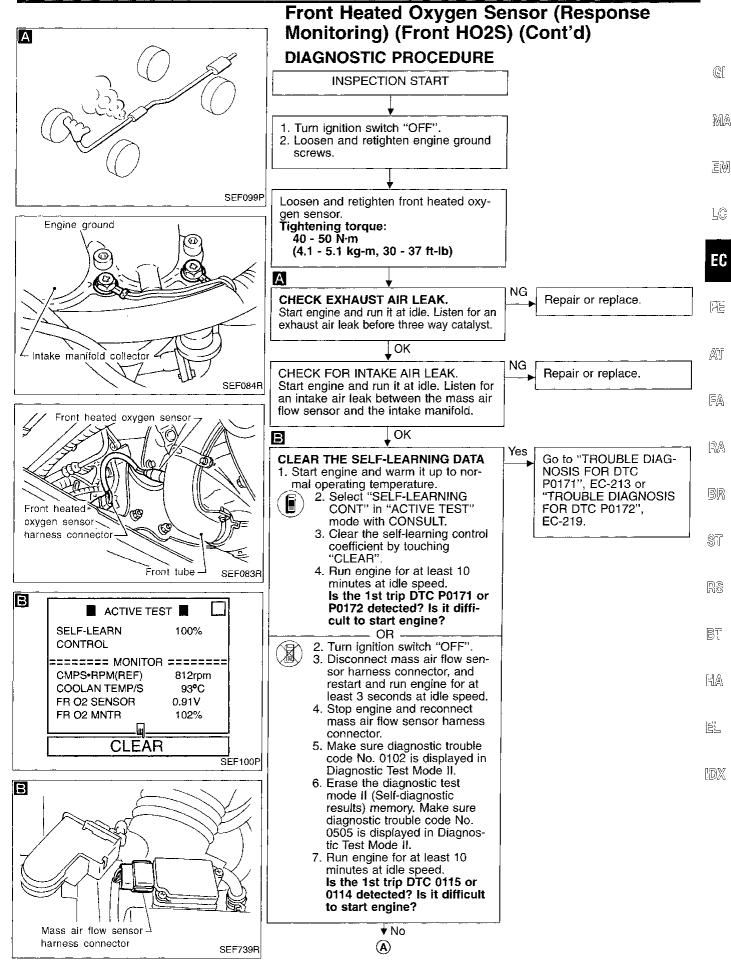
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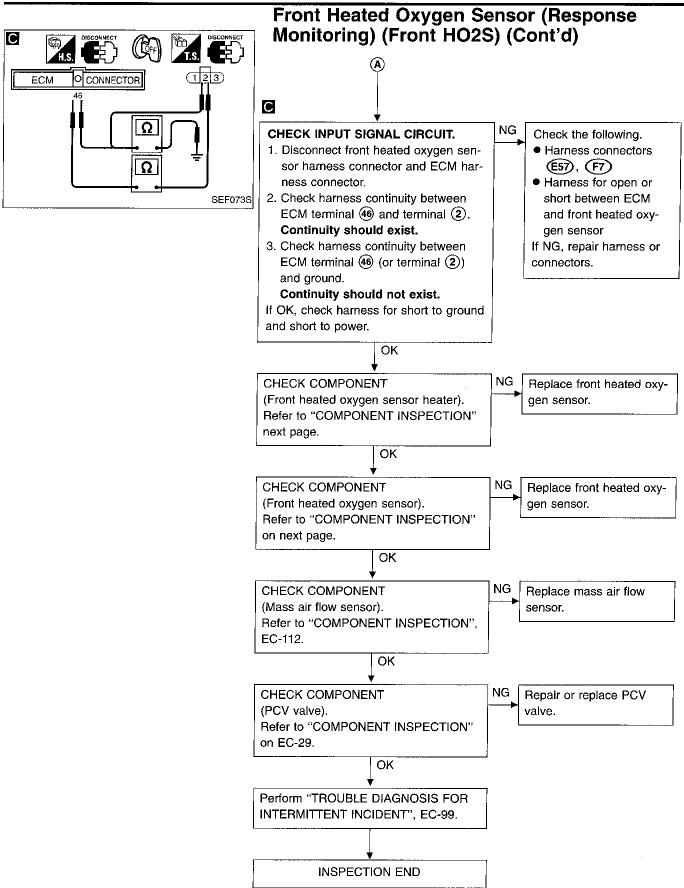
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

EC-FRO2-01

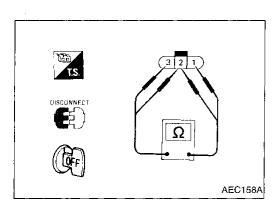








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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals ③ and ①.

Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 Ω at 25°C (77°F)

Check continuity between terminals ② and ①, ③ and ②.

Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

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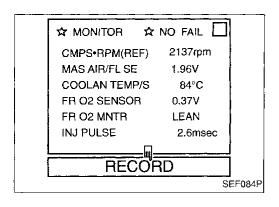
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Front heated oxygen sensor



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- 5) Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

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cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R

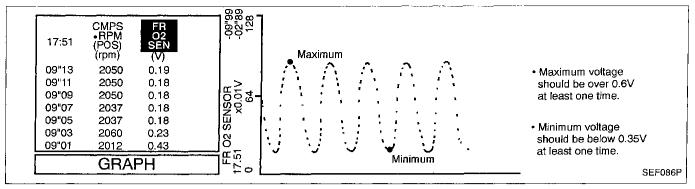
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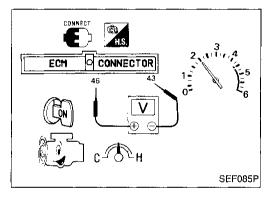
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R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)





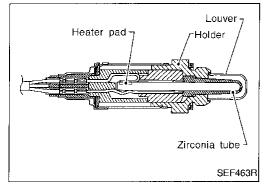


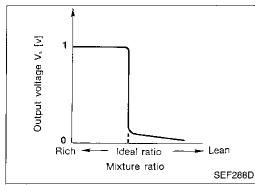
1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

– OR -

- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (4) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in EM leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs 16 near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

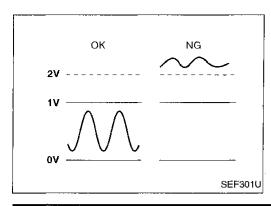
Specification data are reference values

				- [
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	Į
FD 00 0511005			0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V	-
FR 02 SENSOR	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at	LEAN ↔ RICH	-
FR O2 MNTR	Engine. Aiter warming up	2,000 rpm	Changes more than 5 times dur-	
			ing 10 seconds.	_ (§

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECCS ground).

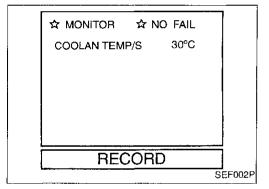
				<u> </u>	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	BT
				0 - Approximately 1.0V	MA
46	LG	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	(V) 2 1 0 1s SEF201T	EL IDX



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the front heated oxygen sensor output is not inordinately high.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0134 0412	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Front heated oxygen sensor



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT and wait at least 5 seconds.



– OR –

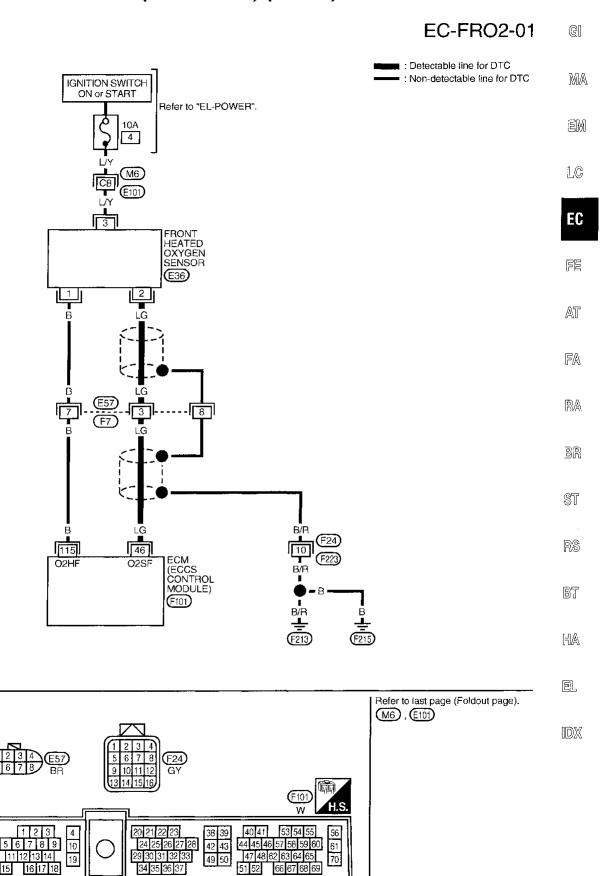


- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 3" with GST.

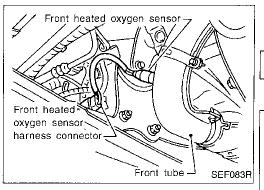


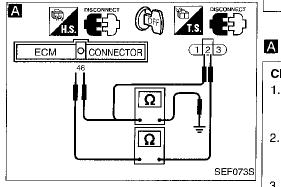
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

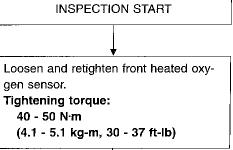


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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.

- Disconnect front heated oxygen sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 46 and terminal 2.
 Continuity should exist.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal (46) (or terminal (2)) and ground.

Continuity should not exist.

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

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Check the following.

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- Harness connectors(E57), (F7)
- Harness for open or short between ECM and front heated oxygen sensor

If NG, repair harness or connectors.

CHECK COMPONENT

(Front heated oxygen sensor).

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect sensor harness connector and check for water.

Water should not exist.

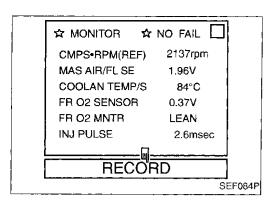
If OK, go to step 3.

3. Check front heated oxygen sensor. Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" on next page. NG Replace front heated oxygen sensor.

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-99.

INSPECTION END

EC-178 338



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

 Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".

3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.

4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.

5) Check the following.

 "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

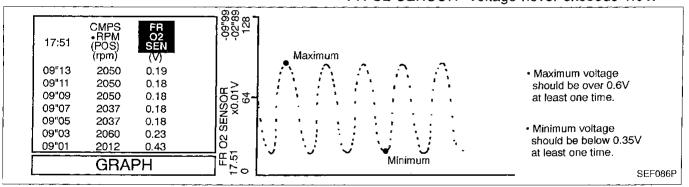
cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R

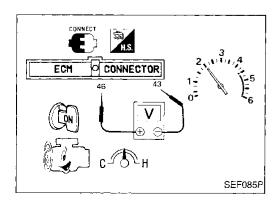
R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

 "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.

 "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.

"FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.





Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

 Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and (4) (engine ground).

3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

 Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).

The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.

The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.

The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ECM performs ON/OFF control of the front heated oxygen sensor heater corresponding to the engine speed.

OPERATION

Engine speed rpm	Front heated oxygen sensor heater
Above 4,200	OFF
Below 4,200	ON

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
FR O2 HEATER	Engine speed: Idle	ON
	Engine speed: Above 4,200 rpm	OFF

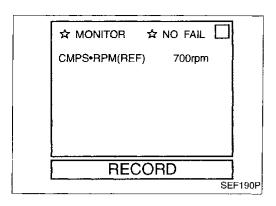
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
	Front heated oxygen	Engine is running. Engine speed is below 4,200 rpm	Approximately 0.2V	
115	В	sensor heater	Engine is running. Engine speed is above 4,200 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code Malfunction is detected when No.		Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0135 0901	 The current amperage in the front heated oxygen sensor heater circuit is out of the normal range. (An improper voltage drop signal is sent to ECM through the front heated oxygen sensor heater.) 	 Harness or connectors (The front heated oxygen sensor heater circuit is open or shorted.) Front heated oxygen sensor heater



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

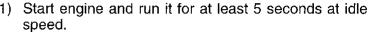
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is in between 10.5V and 16V at idle.



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- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.





- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Select "MODE 3" with GST.



1) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.

- OR -

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- When using GST, "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CON-FIRMATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.



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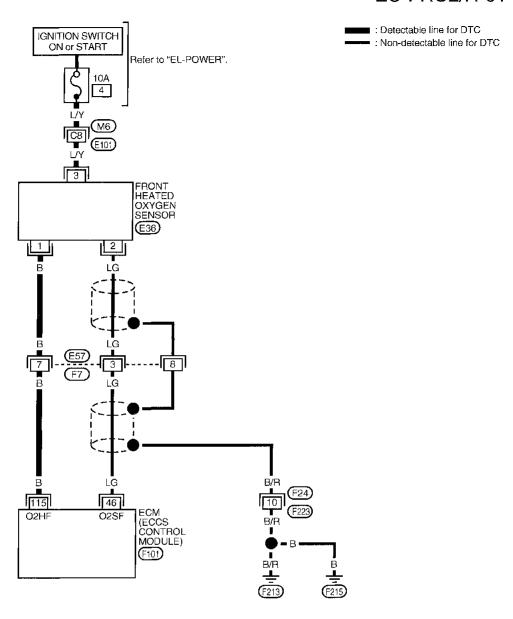
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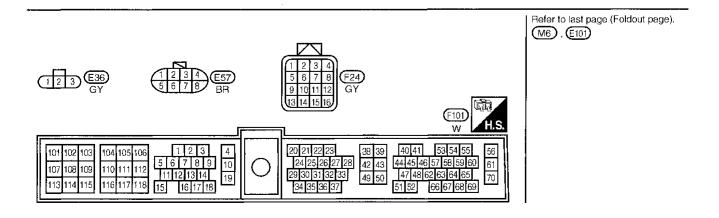
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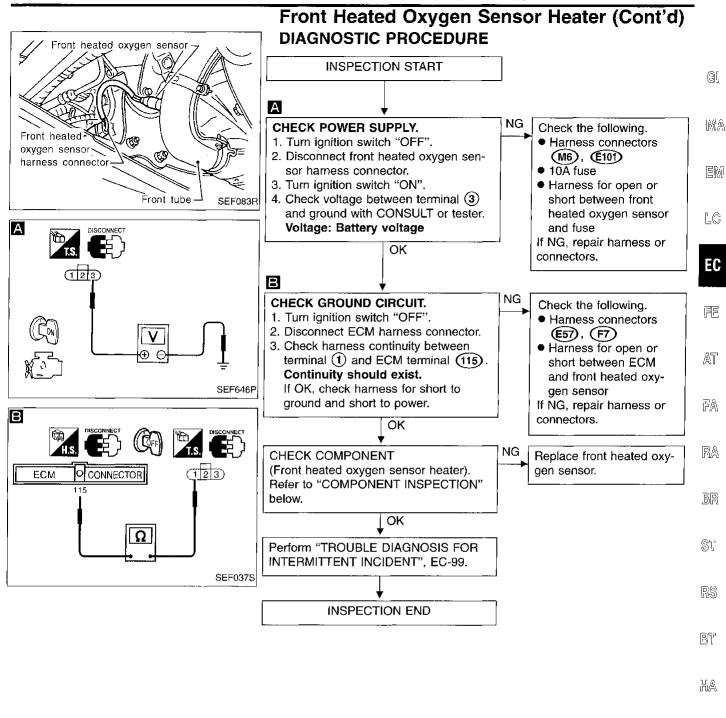
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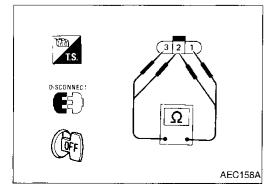
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd)

EC-FRO2/H-01









COMPONENT INSPECTIONFront heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals 3 and 1.

Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 Ω at 25°C (77°F)

Check continuity between terminals ② and ①, ③ and ②.

Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

CAUTION:

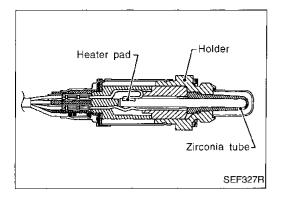
Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

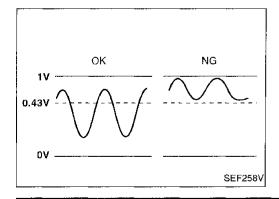
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
RR 02 SENSOR		Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	rpm quickly	LEAN ↔ RICH

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

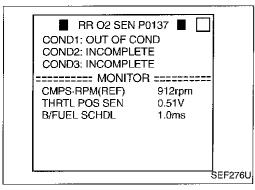
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
52	W	Rear heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V

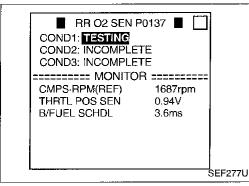


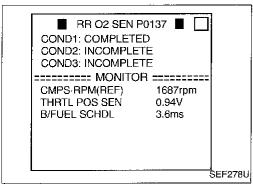
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

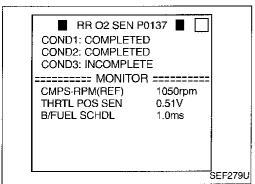
The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether the minimum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently low during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0137 0511	The minimum voltage from the sensor is not reached to the specified voltage.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rear heated oxygen sensor Fuel pressure Injectors









Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

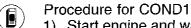
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

- "COMPLETED" will appear on CONSULT screen when all tests "COND1", "COND2" and "COND3" are completed.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Never stop engine during this test. If the engine is stopped, reperform this test from step 2).
- Always perform at a temperature of more than -10°C (14°F).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "RR O2 SEN-SOR P0137" of "REAR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm 2 or 3 times quickly under no load.
 - If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT screen, go to step 10).
 - If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT screen, go to the following step.
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed at "COND1" on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 50 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,500 - 2,600 rpm Vehicle speed: 64 - 100 km/h (40 - 62 MPH) B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.25 - 5.9 ms

Selector lever: Suitable position

NOTE:

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND2" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND2" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 8).

Procedure for COND2

8) While driving, release accelerator pedal completely with "OD" OFF from the above condition [step 7] until "INCOMPLETE" at "COND2" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 4 seconds.) G1

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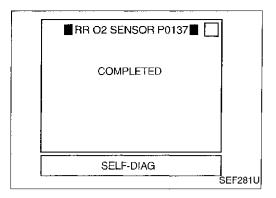
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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

NOTE:

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND3" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND3" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 9).

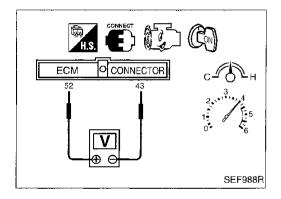
Procedure for COND3

 Stop vehicle and let it idle until "INCOMPLETE" of "COND3" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COM-PLETED". (It will take a maximum of approximately 6 minutes.)

NOTE:

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

10) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-188.



OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (2)(sensor signal) and (4)(engine ground).
- Check the voltage when revving engine up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once during this procedure.

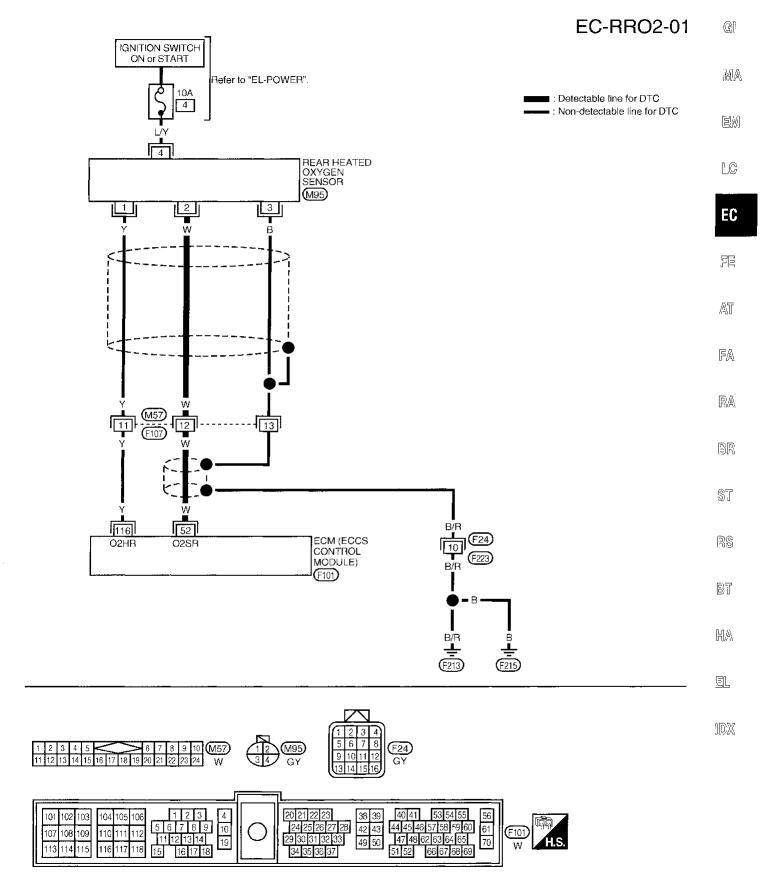
If the voltage can be confirmed in step 3, step 4 is not necessary.

4) Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position.

The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once during this procedure.

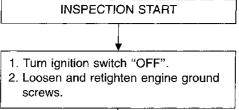
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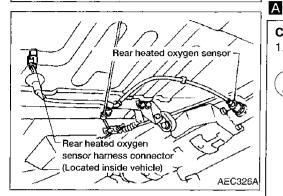
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)



Engine ground Intake manifold collector SEF084R

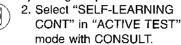
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



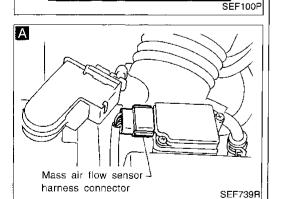


CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.



- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

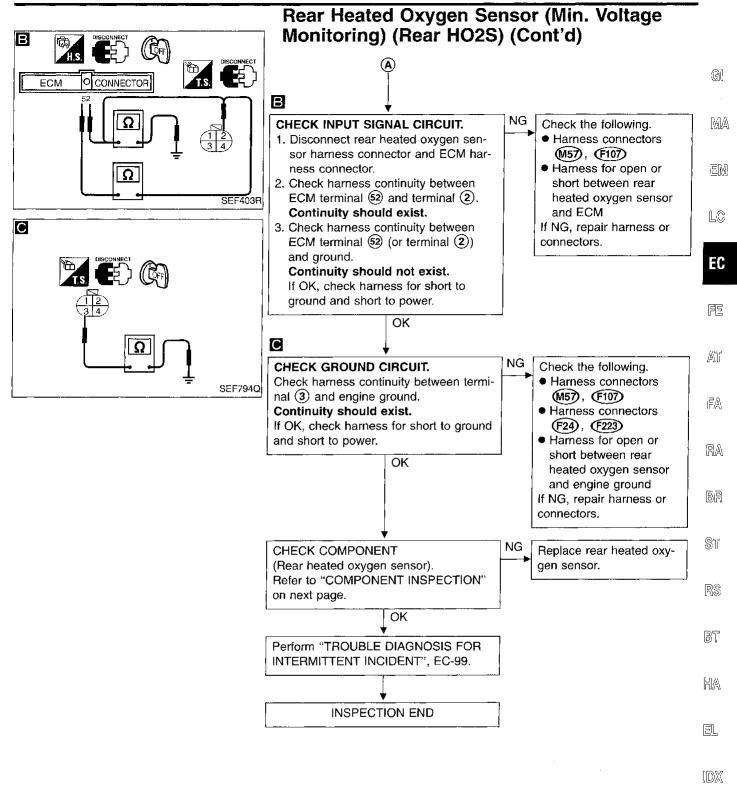
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- 7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 Is the 1st trip DTC 0114 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

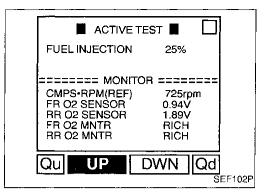
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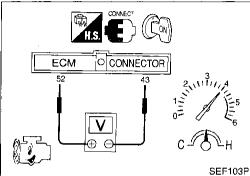
(A)

(Go to next page.)

Yes Go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0172", EC-219.







Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Rear heated oxygen sensor



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.
- 3) Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.48V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.43V at least

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.43V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR ·

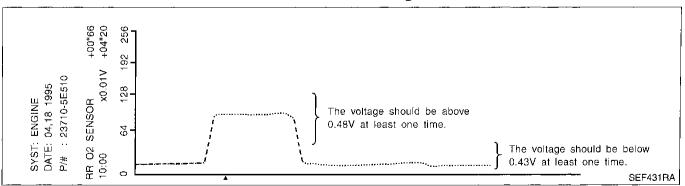
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (2) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).
- Check the voltage when racing up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as

possible.)
The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once.

If the voltage is above 0.48V at step 3, step 4 is not necessary.

4) Check the voltage when racing up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position.

The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once.



EC-190 350

Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

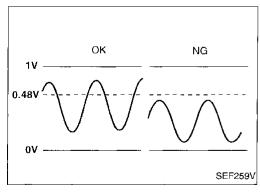
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
RR O2 SENSOR	- Carino After woming up	Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR		rpm quickly	LEAN ↔ RICH

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
52	W	Rear heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V

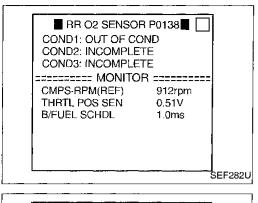


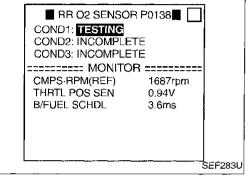
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

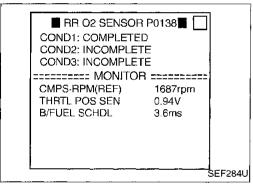
The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether the maximum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently high during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.

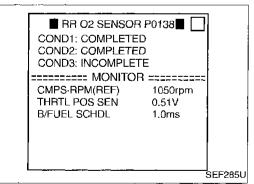
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Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0138 0510	The maximum voltage from the sensor is not reached to the specified voltage.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rear heated oxygen sensor Fuel pressure Injectors Intake air leaks









Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- "COMPLETED" will appear on CONSULT screen when all tests "COND1", "COND2" and "COND3" are completed.
- if "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Never stop engine during this test. If the engine is stopped, reperform this test from step 2).
- Always perform at a temperature of more than -10°C (14°F).



Procedure for COND1

- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "RR O2 SEN-SOR P0138" of "REAR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm 2 or 3 times quickly under no load.
 - If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT screen, go to step 10).
 - If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT screen, go to the following step.
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed at "COND1" on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 50 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,500 - 2,600 rpm

Vehicle speed: 64 - 100 km/h (40 - 62 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.25 - 5.9 ms Selector lever: Suitable position

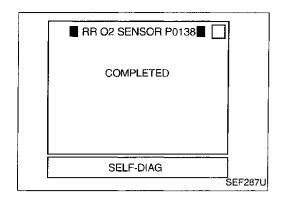
NOTE:

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND2" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND2" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 8).

Procedure for COND2

8) While driving, release accelerator pedal completely with "OD" OFF from the above condition [step 7] until "INCOMPLETE" at "COND2" on CONSULT screen is turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 4 seconds.)

EC-192 352



Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

NOTE:

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND3" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for MA COND3" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 9).

Procedure for COND3

9) Stop vehicle and let it idle until "INCOMPLETE" of "COND3" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COM-PLETED". (It will take a maximum of approximately 6 minutes.)

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NOTE:

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

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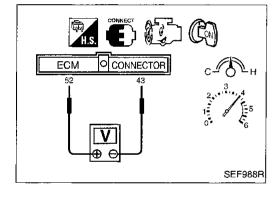
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10) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-195.

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- OR -OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

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1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

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Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (9) (sensor signal) and 43 (engine ground).

3) Check the voltage when revving engine up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once

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during this procedure. If the voltage can be confirmed in step 3, step 4

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is not necessary.

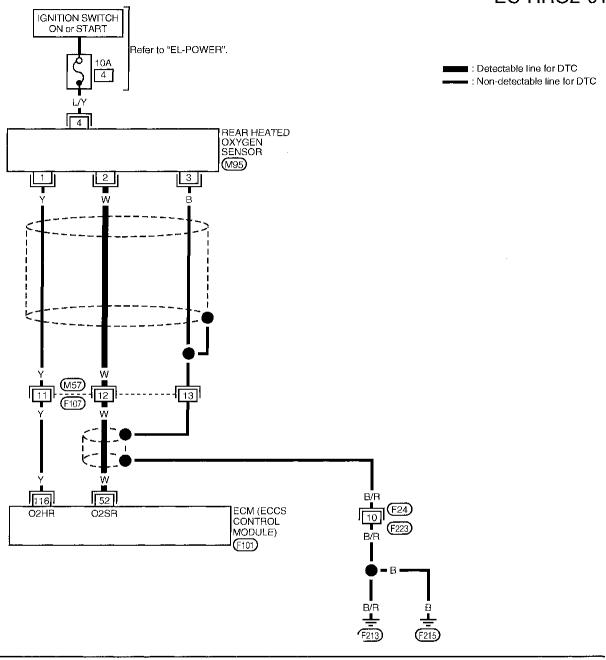
4) Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position.

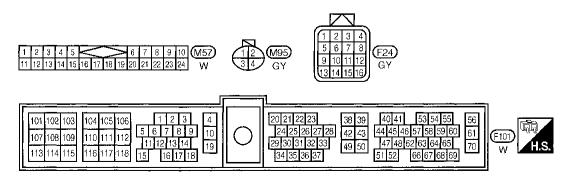
The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once during this procedure.

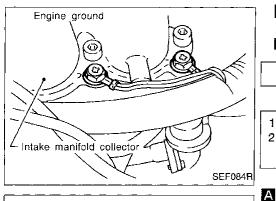
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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

EC-RR02-01

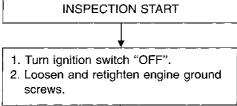


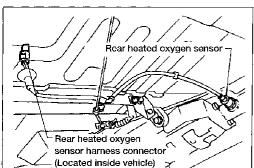


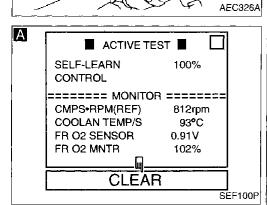


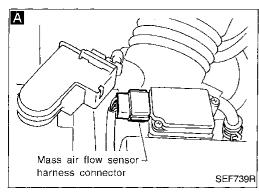
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



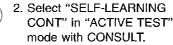






CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.



- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 detected? Is it difficult to start engine? OR

- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- 6. Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- 7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC 0115 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

↓ No (A) (Go to next page.) Go to "TROUBLE DIAG-NOSIS FOR DTC P0171", EC-213.

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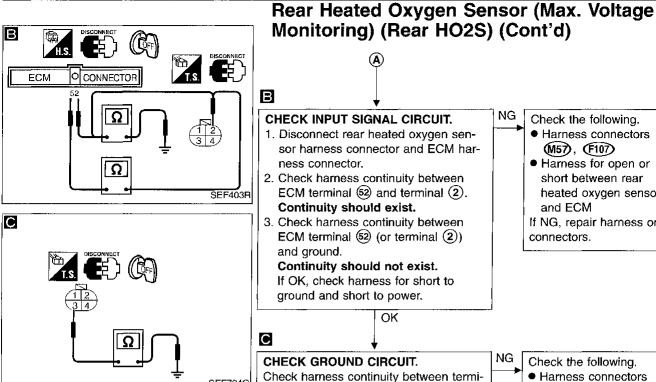
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Check the following.

- Harness connectors (M57), (F107)
- Harness for open or short between rear heated oxygen sensor and ECM

If NG, repair harness or connectors.

Check the following. Harness connectors (M57), (F107)

- Harness connectors (F24), (F223)
- Harness for open or short between rear heated oxygen sensor and engine ground If NG, repair harness or connectors.

NG Replace rear heated oxygen sensor.

CHECK COMPONENT (Rear heated oxygen sensor). Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" on next page.

If OK, check harness for short to ground

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Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR

nal (3) and engine ground.

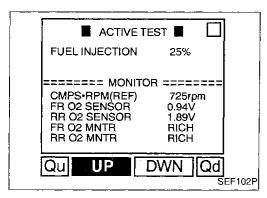
Continuity should exist.

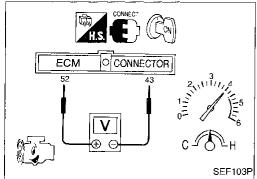
and short to power.

INSPECTION END

INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-99.

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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

Rear heated oxygen sensor



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.

3) Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.48V at least ⊥© once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.43V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.



 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (52) (sensor signal) and 43 (engine ground).

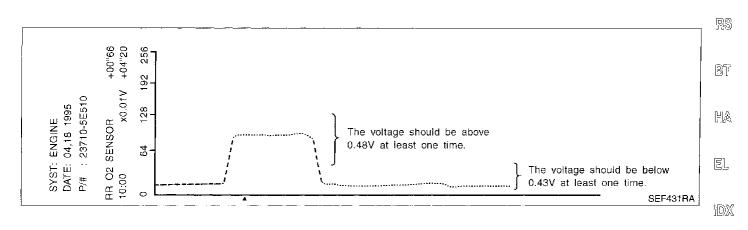
3) Check the voltage when racing up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.48V at step 3, step 4 is not necessary.

4) Check the voltage when racing up to 5,500 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd dear position.

The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once.



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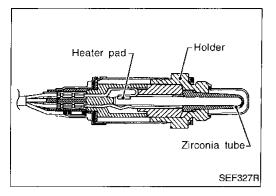
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EC-197



Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

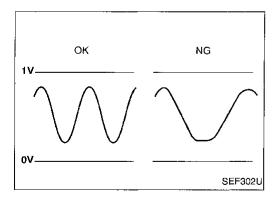
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
RR O2 SENSOR	Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR	● Engine: After warming up	rpm quickly	LEAN ↔ RICH

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

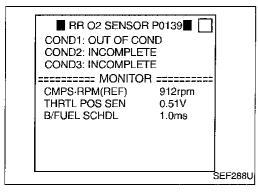
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
52	W	Rear heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V

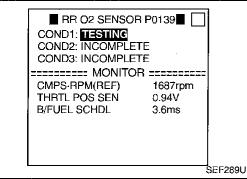


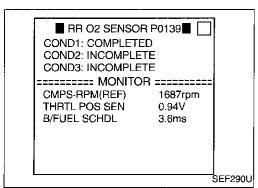
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

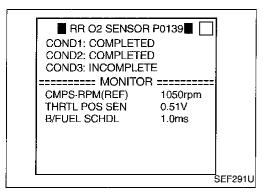
The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether the switching response of the sensor's voltage is faster than specified during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0139 0707	It takes more time for the sensor to respond between rich and lean than the specified time.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rear heated oxygen sensor Fuel pressure Injectors Intake air leaks









Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- "COMPLETED" will appear on CONSULT screen when all tests "COND1", "COND2" and "COND3" are completed.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Never stop engine during this test. If the engine is stopped, reperform this test from step 2).
- Always perform at a temperature of more than -10°C (14°F).



Procedure for COND1

- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "RR O2 SEN-SOR P0139" of "REAR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm 2 or 3 times quickly under no load.
 - If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT screen, go to step 10).
 - If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT screen, go to the following step.
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed at "COND1" on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 50 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,500 - 2,600 rpm Vehicle speed: 64 - 100 km/h (40 - 62 MPH) B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.25 - 5.9 ms

Selector lever: Suitable position

NOTE:

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND2" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND2" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 8).

Procedure for COND2

8) While driving, release accelerator pedal completely with "OD" OFF from the above condition [step 7] until "INCOMPLETE" at "COND2" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 4 seconds.) Id'd

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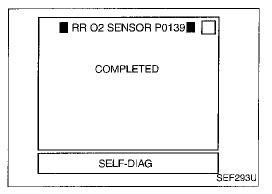
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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

NOTE:

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND3" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND3" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 9).

Procedure for COND3

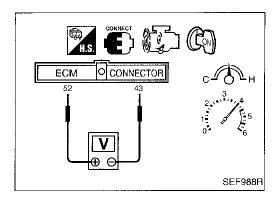
 Stop vehicle and let it idle until "INCOMPLETE" of "COND3" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COM-PLETED". (It will take a maximum of approximately 6 minutes.)

NOTE:

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

10) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-202.



– OR –

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (52)(sensor signal) and (43)(engine ground).
- 3) Check the voltage when racing up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should change at more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.

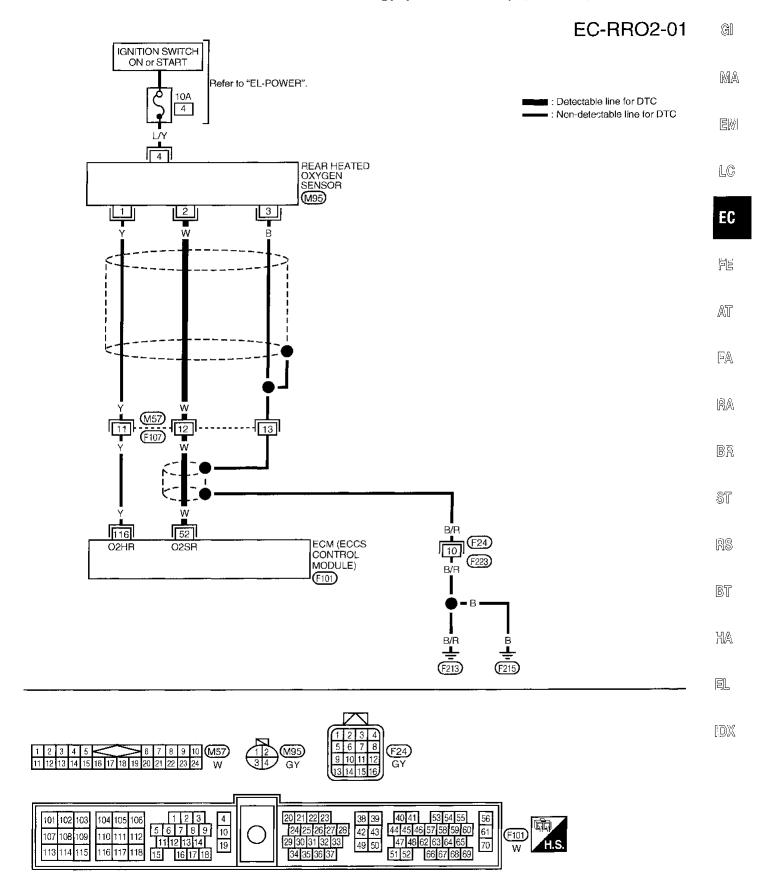
If the voltage can be confirmed in step 3, step 4 is not necessary.

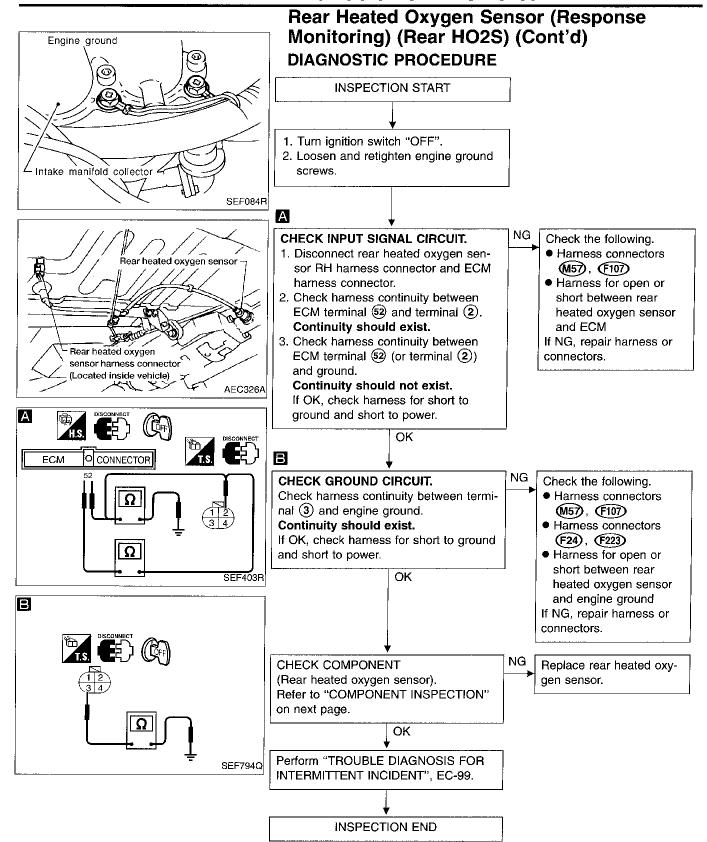
4) Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position.

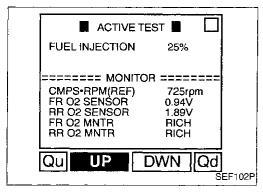
The voltage should change at more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.

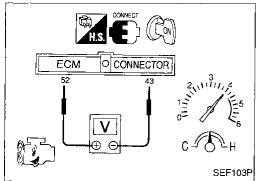
EC-200 360

Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)









Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Rear heated oxygen sensor



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.

Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.48V at least $\ oxdots$ once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.43V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.



 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals 52 (sensor signal) and 43 (engine ground).

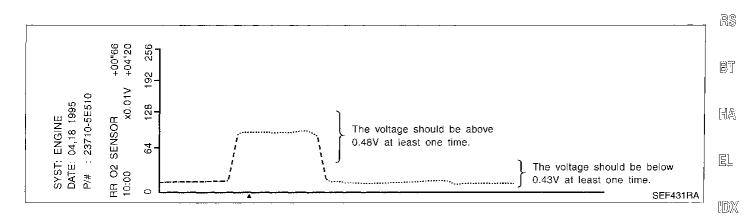
Check the voltage when racing up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.48V at step 3, step 4 is not necessary.

4) Check the voltage when racing up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position.

The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once.



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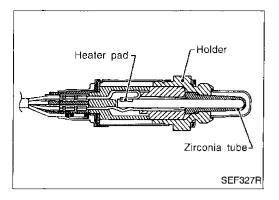
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EC-203



Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

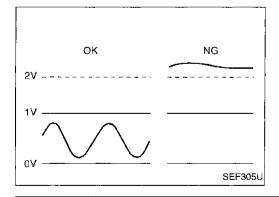
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONE	DITION	SPECIFICATION
RR O2 SENSOR		Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR			LEAN ↔ RICH

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
52	w	Rear heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V

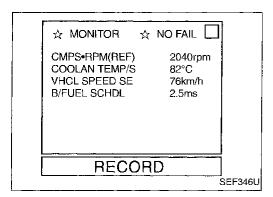


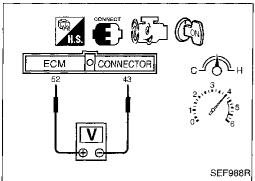
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether or not the voltage is too high during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0140 0512	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rear heated oxygen sensor

EC-204 364





Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



 Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.

2) Meet the following conditions once.

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,500 - 2,600 rpm

VHCL SPEED SE: 64 - 100 km/h (40 - 62 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.25 - 5.9 ms

COOLAN TEMP/S: 70 - 100°C (158 - 212°F)

Selector lever: Suitable position

3) Stop vehicle with engine running.

OR

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals <a>\$\oldsymbol{\oldsymbol{2}}\$(sensor signal) and <a>\oldsymbol{\oldsymbol{3}}\$(engine ground).

 Check the voltage after racing up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be below 2V during this procedure.



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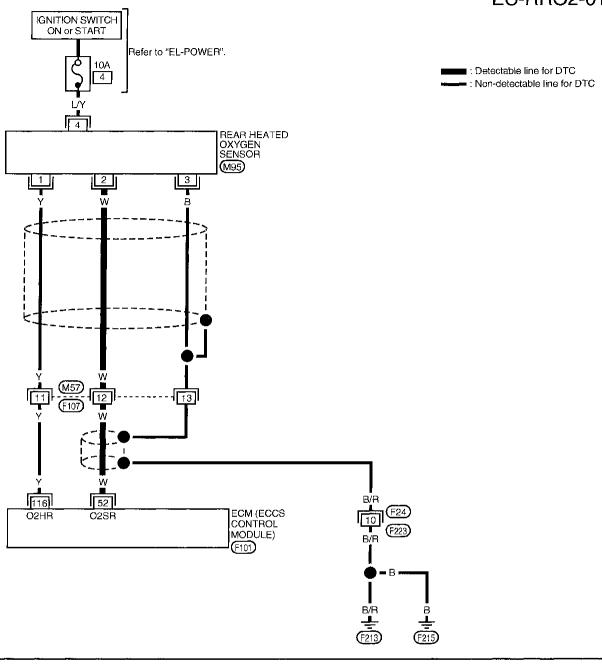


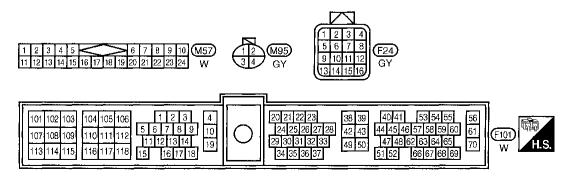
BT

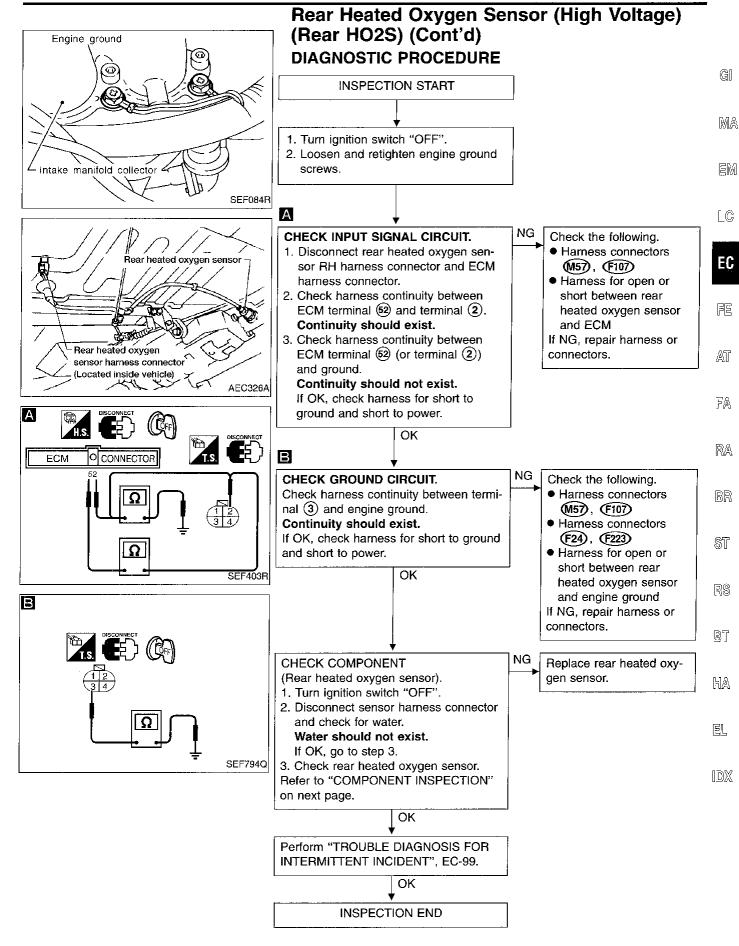


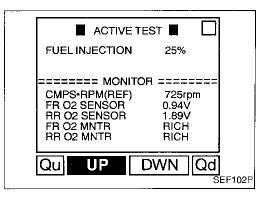
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

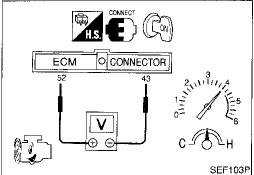
EC-RRO2-01











Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Rear heated oxygen sensor



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.
- 3) Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.
 "RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.48V at least
 - once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.
 "RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.43V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

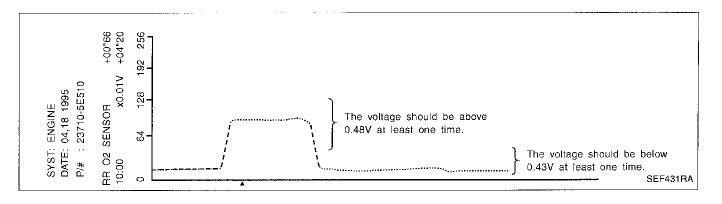


1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

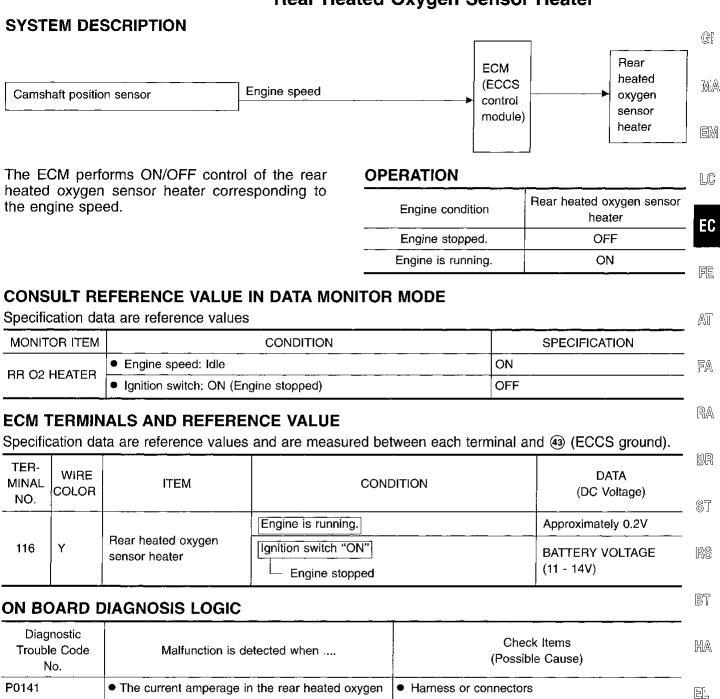
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (2) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).
- Check the voltage when racing up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 - (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)
 - The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.48V at step 3, step 4 is not necessary.
- 4) Check the voltage when racing up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position.

The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once.



EC-208 368

Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater



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DX

(The rear heated oxygen sensor heater circuit is

Rear heated oxygen sensor heater

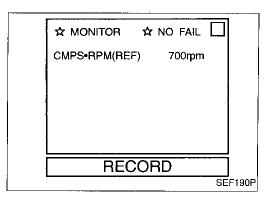
open or shorted.)

sensor heater circuit is out of the normal range.

(An improper voltage drop signal is sent to ECM

through the rear heated oxygen sensor heater.)

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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) **DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

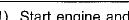
TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is in between 10.5V and 16V at idle.

- OR -



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.





- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Select "MODE 3" with GST.

(NO TOOLS)

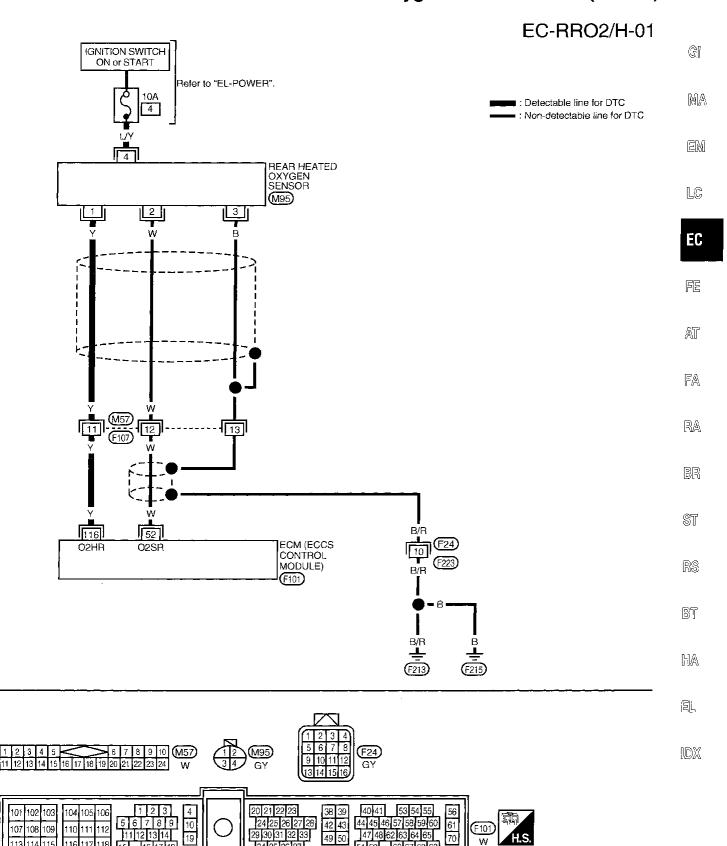
1) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.

- OR -

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- When using GST, "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CON-FIRMATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

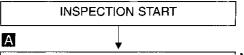
370 EC-210

Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd)



Rear heated oxygen sensor Rear heated oxygen sensor harness connector (Located inside vehicle) AEC326A

Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE**



CHECK POWER SUPPLY.

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect rear heated oxygen sensor harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4. Check voltage between terminal (4) and ground.

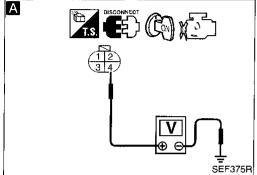
OK

OK

Voltage: Battery voltage

Check the following.

- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between rear heated oxygen sensor and fuse
- If NG, repair harness or connector.





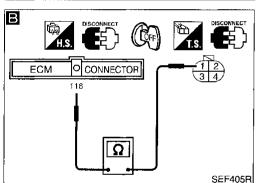
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between terminal (1) and ECM terminal (116).
 - Continuity should exist. If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

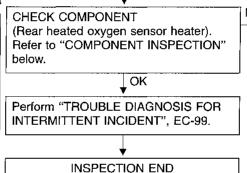
NG Check the following.

- Harness connectors (M57), (F107)
- Harness for open or short between rear heated oxygen sensor and ECM
- If NG, repair harness or connectors.

Replace rear heated oxy-

gen sensor.





COMPONENT INSPECTION

Rear heated oxygen sensor heater

Check the following.

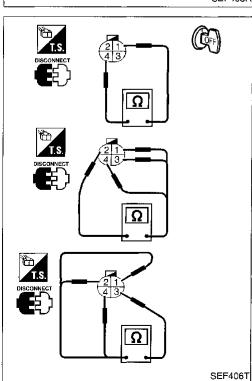
- Check resistance between terminals (1) and (4). Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 Ω at 25°C (77°F)
- Check continuity.

Terminal No.	Continuity
2 and 1, 3, 4	No
3 and 1, 2, 4	No

If NG, replace the rear heated oxygen sensor.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



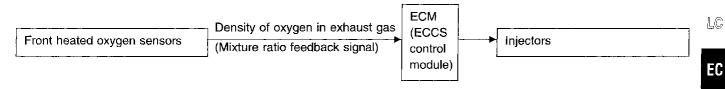
372 **EC-212**

Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side)

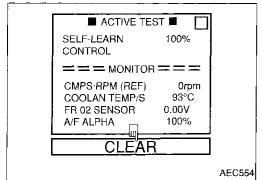
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

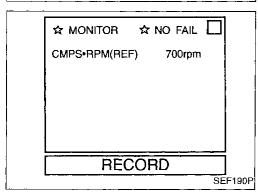
With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the front heated oxygen sensor. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too lean.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and light up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).



(The mixture ratio is too lean.) ● Injectors ● Exhaust gas leaks)	Check Items (Possible Cause)
(The mixture ratio is too lean.) ● Injectors ● Exhaust gas leaks		• Intake air leaks
● Exhaust gas leaks	or 🔠	● Front heated oxygen sensor
		• Injectors
		Exhaust gas leaks
● Incorrect fuel press	F	● Incorrect fuel pressure
● Lack of fuel		● Lack of fuel
Mass air flow sens		Mass air flow sensor





DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "SELF-LEARN CONTROL" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-SULT.
- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.

The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.

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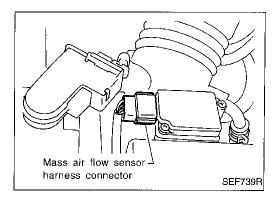
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Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side) (Cont'd)

- 7) If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 8) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-217. If engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.

– OR -





- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST. Make sure 1st trip DTC P0100 is detected.
- 6) Select "MODE 4" with GST and erase the 1st trip DTC P0100.
- 7) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
- 8) Select "MODE 7" with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- 9) If it is difficult to start engine at step 8, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 10) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-217. If engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.

- OR -



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
 Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 6) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure 1st trip DTC 0102 is detected.
- 7) Erase the 1st trip DTC 0102 by changing from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I.
- 8) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure DTC 0505 is detected.
- 9) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 - The 1st trip DTC 0115 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.

EC-214 374

Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side) (Cont'd)

10) If it is difficult to start engine at step 9, the fuel injection system also has a malfunction.

11) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-217. If engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.

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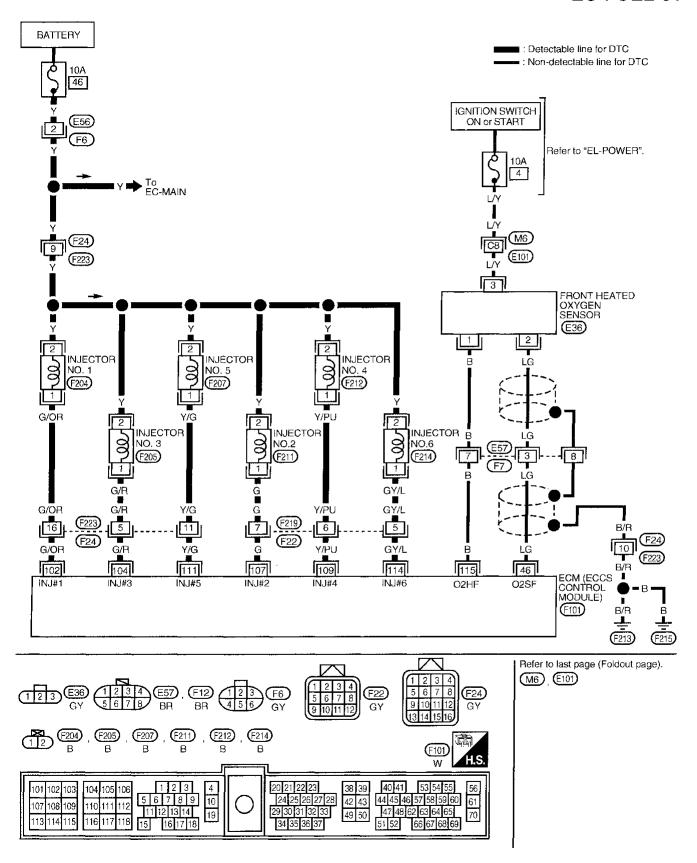
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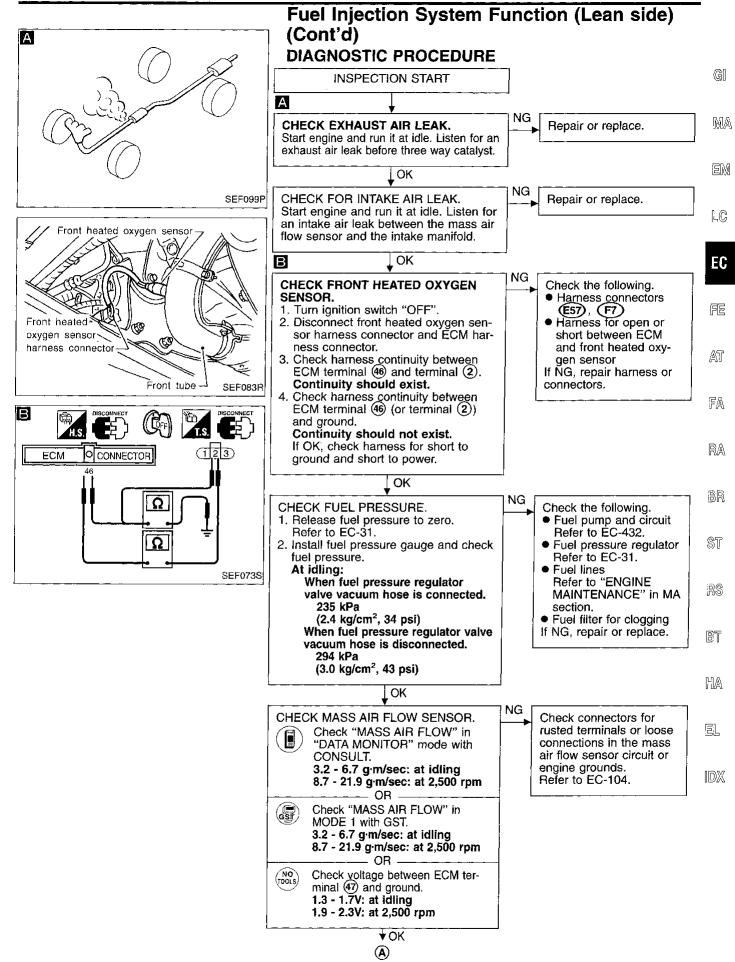
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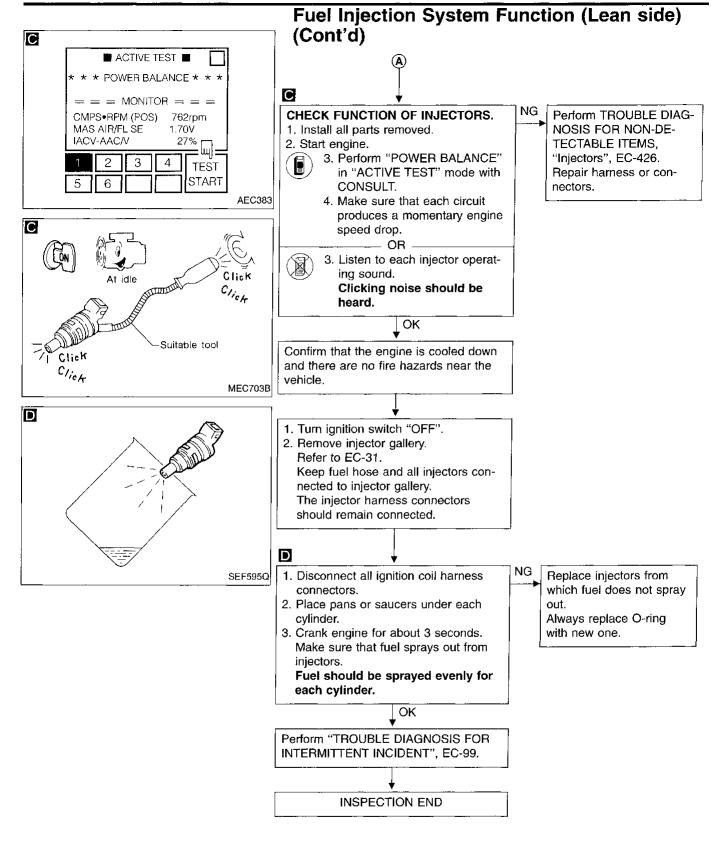
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Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side) (Cont'd)

EC-FUEL-01





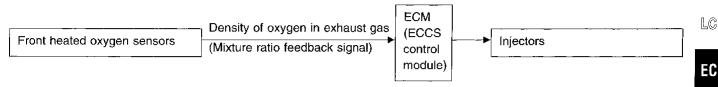


Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side)

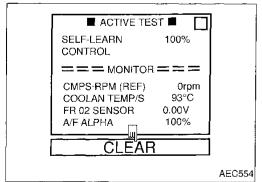
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

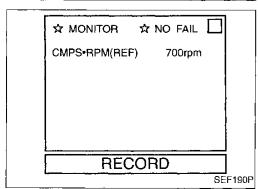
With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the front heated oxygen sensor. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too rich.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and light up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).



Diagnostic Trouble	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items	-
Code No.		(Possible Cause)	FE
P0172	 Fuel injection system does not operate properly. The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large.	Front heated oxygen sensorInjectorsExhaust gas leaks	-
0114	(The mixture ratio is too rich.)		AT
		Incorrect fuel pressure Mass air flow sensor	FA.





DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "SELF-LEARN CONTROL" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-SULT.
- 4) Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 6) Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 min-

The 1st trip DTC P0172 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.

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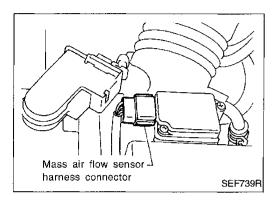
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Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side) (Cont'd)

- 7) If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 8) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-223. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.







- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
 Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST. Make sure 1st trip DTC P0100 is detected.
- 6) Select "MODE 4" with GST and erase the 1st trip DTC P0100.
- 7) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
- 8) Select "MODE 7" with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- 9) If it is difficult to start engine at step 8, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 10) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-217. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.





- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
 Then restart engine and run it for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure 1st trip DTC 0102 is detected.
- 7) Erase the 1st trip DTC 0102 by changing from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I.
- Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure DTC 0505 is detected.
- Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 - The 1st trip DTC 0114 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.

EC-220 380

Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side) (Cont'd)

10) If it is difficult to start engine at step 9, the fuel injection system also has a malfunction.

11) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-217. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.

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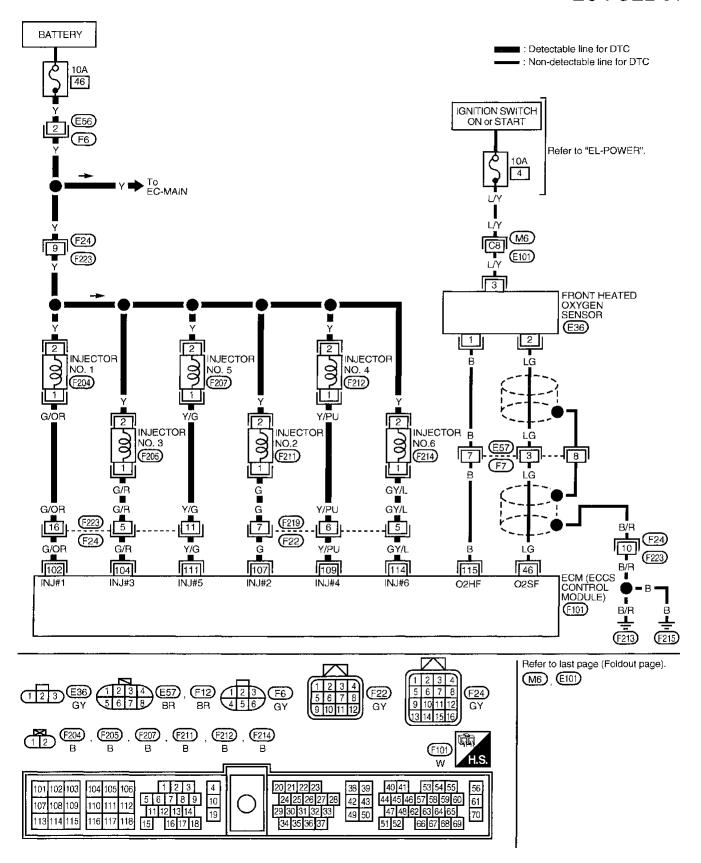
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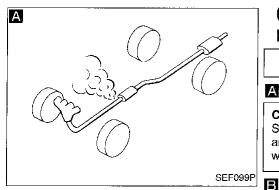
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Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side) (Cont'd)

EC-FUEL-01





Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE INSPECTION START Α

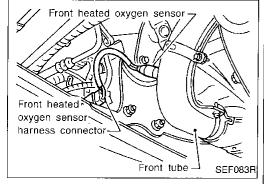
CHECK FOR EXHAUST AIR LEAK. Start engine and run it at idle. Listen for an exhaust air leak before the three



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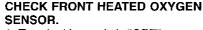
O CONNECTOR

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В

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OK

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

way catalyst.

- 2. Disconnect front heated oxygen sensor RH harness connector and ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 46 and terminal 2. Continuity should exist.
- 4. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal (46) (or terminal (2)) and ground.

Continuity should not exist. If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Check the following. Harness connectors **(E**57), (F7)

NG

NG

NG

Repair or replace.

 Harness for open or short between ECM and front heated oxygen sensor

If NG, repair harness or connectors.

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CHECK FUEL PRESSURE.

- 1. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-31.
- 2. Install fuel pressure gauge and check fuel pressure.

OK

At idling:

When fuel pressure regulator valve vacuum hose is connected. Approximately 235 kPa (2.4 kg/cm², 34 psi) When fuel pressure regulator valve

vacuum hose is disconnected. Approximately 294 kPa (3.0 kg/cm², 43 psi)

OK

Check the following.

 Fuel pump and circuit Refer to EC-432.

 Fuel pressure regulator Refer to EC-31.

If NG, repair or replace.

Check connectors for

rusted terminals or loose

connections in the mass

air flow sensor circuit or

engine grounds.

Refer to EC-104.

ST

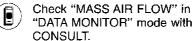
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CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR.



3.2 - 6.7 g·m/sec: at idling 8.7 - 21.9 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

MODE 1 with GST.

- OR Check "MASS AIR FLOW" in

3.2 - 6.7 q·m/sec: at idling 8.7 - 21.9 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

- OR

Check voltage between ECM terminal (47) and ground.

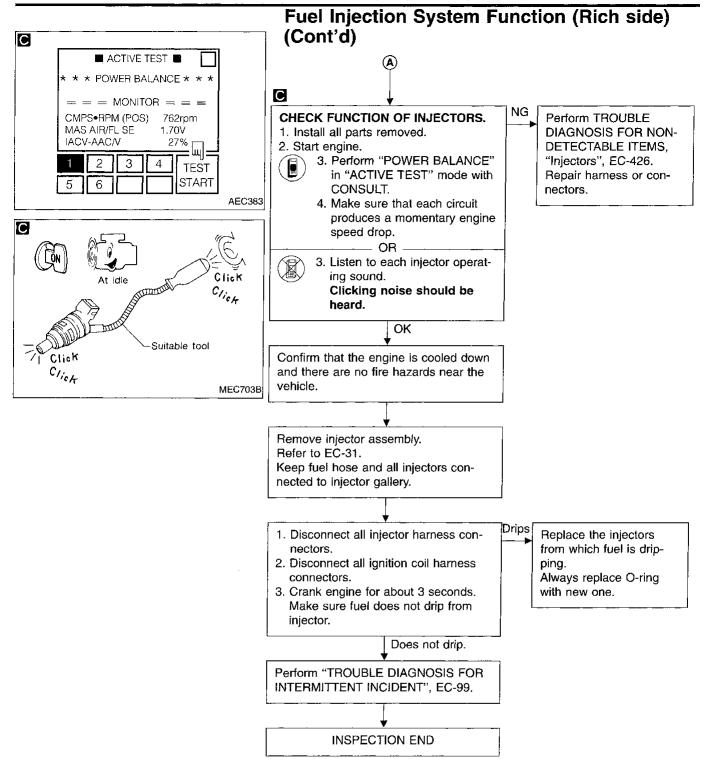
1.3 - 1.7V: at idling

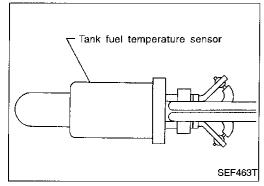
1.9 - 2.3V: at 2,500 rpm

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Acceptable 0.2 SEF012P

Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor (For California)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The tank fuel temperature sensor is used to detect the fuel temperature inside the fuel tank. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the fuel temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

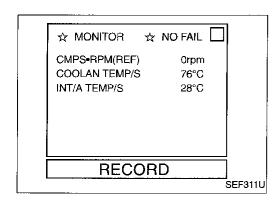
<Reference data>

		I
Fluid temperature	Voltage*	Resistance
°C (°F)	V	kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	2.2	0.79 - 0.90

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (3) (Tank fuel temperature sensor) and ECM terminal (43) (ECCS ground).

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Causes)
P0180	 An excessively high or low voltage is sent to ECM. 	Harness or connectors
0402	 Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM, com- pared with the voltage signals from engine coolant temperature sensor and intake air temperature sen- sor. 	(The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Tank fuel temperature sensor



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Wait at least 10 seconds. result is NG, If the go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-228.

If the result is OK, go to following step.

NOTE: If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is already less than 90°C (194°F) before step 4), the result will be

> If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 90°C (194°F), go to the following step.

- 4) Cool engine down until "COOLAN TEMP/S" is less than 90°C (194°F).
- 5) Wait at least 10 seconds.

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Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor (For California) (Cont'd)



- OR -

- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST. If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-228. If the result is OK, go to following step.
- 3) Select "MODE 1" with GST and check for the engine coolant temperature.
- 4) Cool engine down until the engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F). If the temperature is already less than 90°C (194°F) before step 4), the result will be OK.
- 5) Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

- OR -



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
 If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC

PROCEDURE", EC-228.

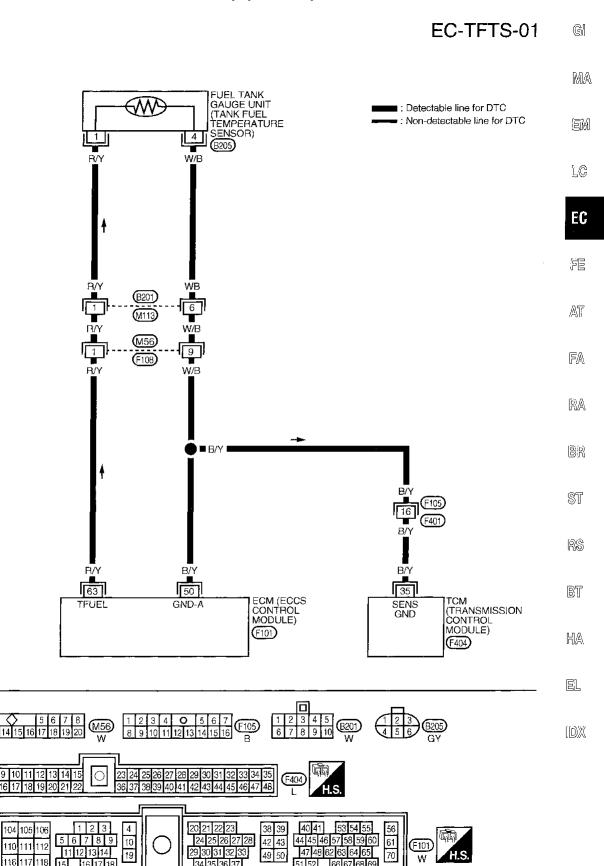
If the result is OK, go to following step.

4) Cool engine down until the voltage between ECM terminal (a) (Engine coolant temperature) and ground becomes more than 1.0V. If the voltage is already more than 1.0V before step

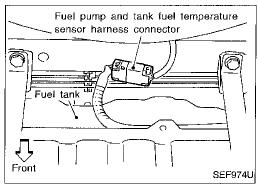
4), the result will be OK.

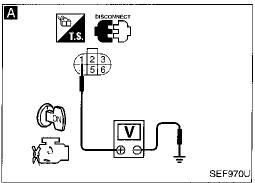
- Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 7) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

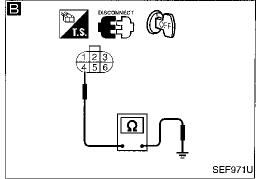
Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor (For California) (Cont'd)



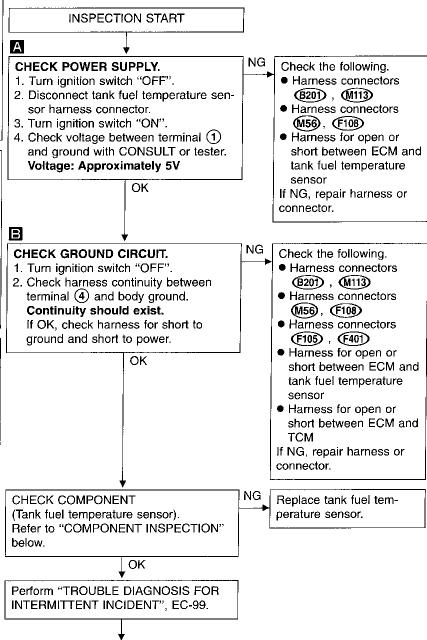
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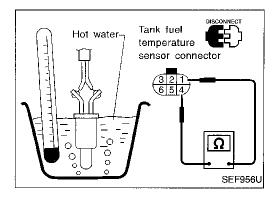






Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor (For California) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE





COMPONENT INSPECTION

INSPECTION END

Tank fuel temperature sensor

Check resistance by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

If NG, replace tank fuel temperature sensor.

No. 6 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If a misfire occurs, the engine speed will fluctuate. If the fluctuation is detected by the crankshaft position sensor (OBD), the misfire is diagnosed.

The misfire detection logic consists of the following two conditions.

Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)	Engine speed	ECM	EM

1. One Trip Detection Logic (Three Way Catalyst Damage)

When a misfire is detected which will overheat and damage the three way catalyst, the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) will start blinking; even during the first trip. In this condition, ECM monitors the misfire every 200 revolutions.

If the misfire frequency decreases to a level that will not damage the three way catalyst, the MIL will change from blinking to lighting up.

(After the first trip detection, the MIL will light up from engine starting. If a misfire is detected that will cause three way catalyst damage, the MIL will start blinking.)

2. Two Trip Detection Logic (Exhaust quality deterioration)

When a misfire that will not damage the three way catalyst (but will affect exhaust emission) occurs, the malfunction indicator lamp will light up based on two trip detection logic. In this condition, ECM monitors the misfire for every 1,000 revolutions of the engine.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0300 (0701)	Multiple cylinders misfire.	Improper spark plug Insufficient compression
P0301 (0608)	No. 1 cylinder misfires.	• Incorrect fuel pressure
P0302 (0607)	No. 2 cylinder misfires.	EGR valve The injector circuit is open or shorted
P0303 (0606)	No. 3 cylinder misfires.	Injectors Intake air leak
P0304 (0605)	No. 4 cylinder misfires.	The ignition secondary circuit is open or shorted
P0305 (0604)	No. 5 cylinder misfires.	● Lack of fuel
P0306 (0603)	No. 6 cylinder misfires.	Drive plate Front heated oxygen sensor

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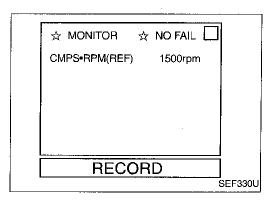
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No. 6 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE (Overall)

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON", and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine again and drive at 1,500 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.
 Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.
 Note: Refer to the freeze frame data for the test driving conditions.



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

– OR -

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine again and drive at 1,500 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.

Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

Note: Refer to the freeze frame data for the test driving conditions.

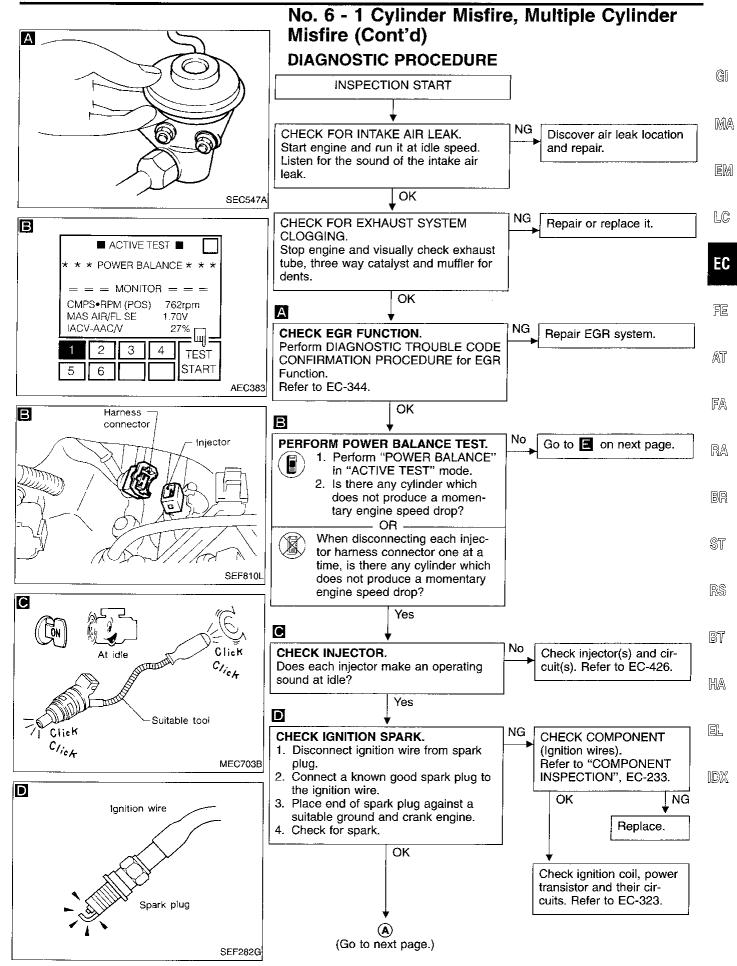
4) Select "MODE 7" with GST.



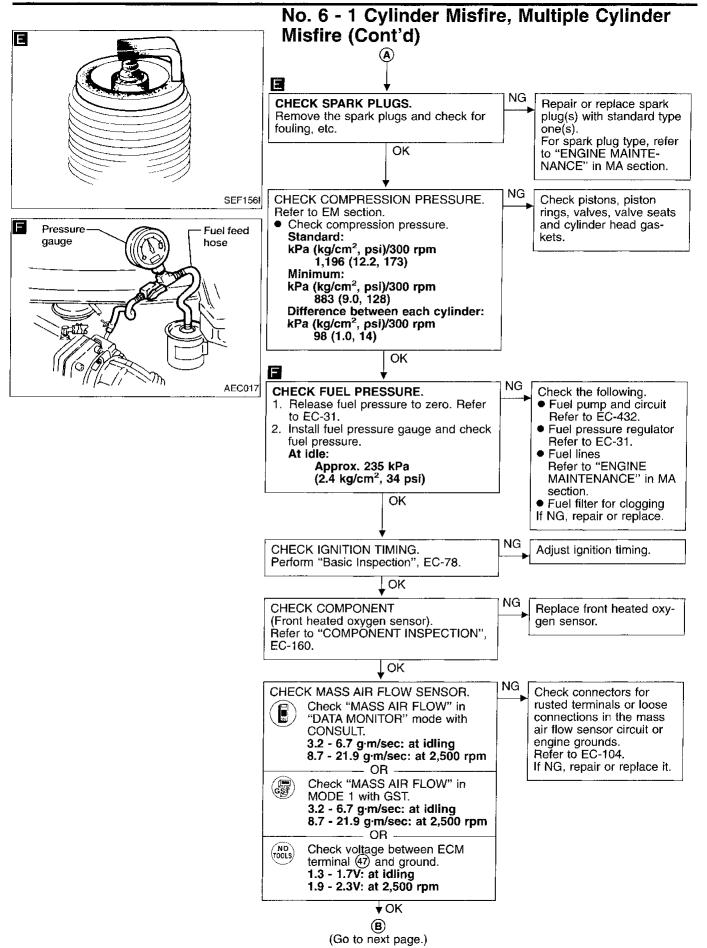
1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR –

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine again and drive at 1,500 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.
 - Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

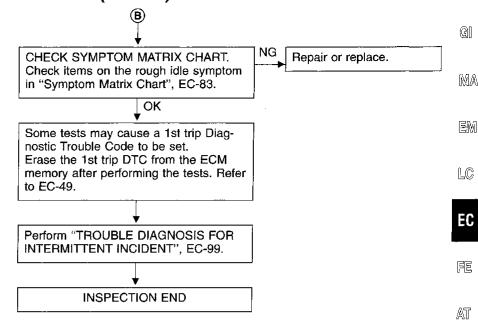


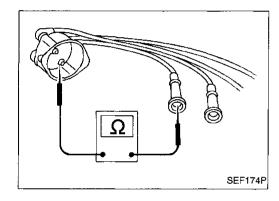
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No. 6 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire (Cont'd)





COMPONENT INSPECTION

Ignition wires

- Inspect wires for cracks, damage, burned terminals and for improper fit.
- Measure the resistance of wires to their distributor cap terminal. Move each wire while testing to check for intermittent breaks.

Resistance:

13.6 - 18.4 k Ω /m (4.15 - 5.61 k Ω /ft) at 25°C (77°F) If the resistance exceeds the above specification, inspect ignition wire to distributor cap connection. Clean connection or replace the ignition wire with a new one.



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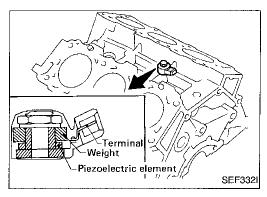
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Knock Sensor (KS)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The knock sensor is attached to the cylinder block. It senses engine knocking using a piezoelectric element. A knocking vibration from the cylinder block is sensed as vibrational pressure. This pressure is converted into a voltage signal and sent to the ECM.

* Freeze frame data will not be stored in the ECM for the knock sensor. The MIL will not light for knock sensor malfunction. The knock sensor has one trip detection logic.

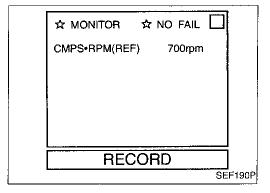
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
54	w	Knock sensor	Engine is running. Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0325 0304	sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The knock sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Knock sensor



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.

 	· .	– OR							
1)	Start engine and	run it	for	at	least	5	seconds	at	idle
	speed.								

2) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
OR



1) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.

EC-234 394

Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd)

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.

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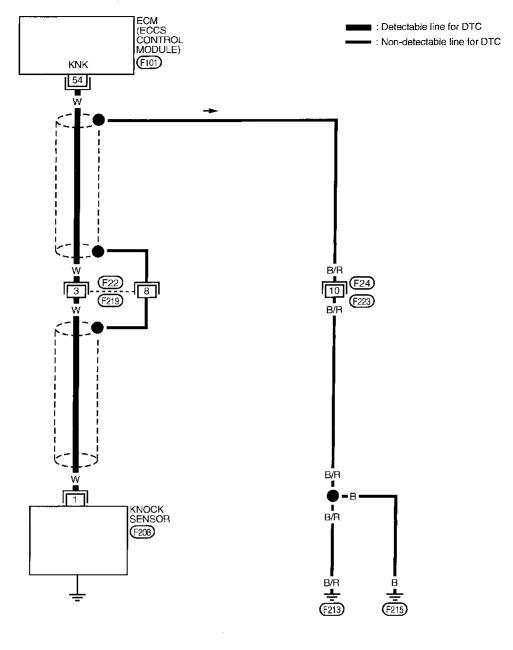
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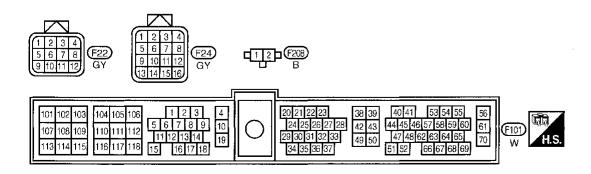
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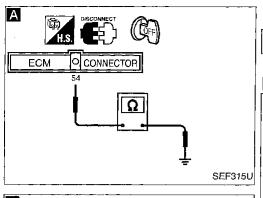
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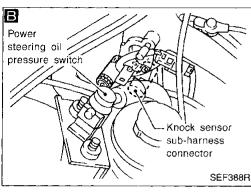
Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd)

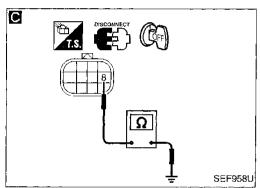
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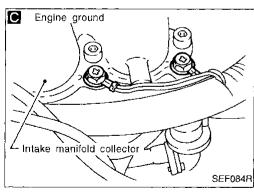


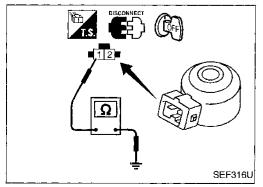




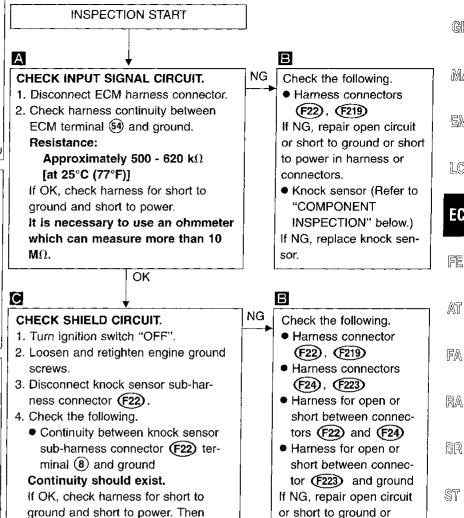








Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-99.

reconnect knock sensor sub-harness

INSPECTION END

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Knock sensor

connector (F22).

- Use an ohmmeter which can measure more than 10 M Ω .
- Disconnect knock sensor harness connector.
- Check resistance between terminal (1) and ground.

Resistance: 500 - 620 k Ω [at 25°C (77°F)] **CAUTION:**

Do not use any knock sensors that have been dropped or physically damaged. Use only new ones.

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short to power in harness

or connectors.

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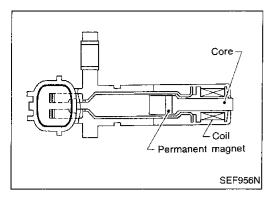
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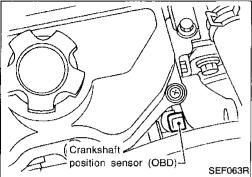
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Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is located on the transaxle housing facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the flywheel or drive plate. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet, core and coil.

When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

This sensor is not directly used to control the engine system. It is used only for the on board diagnosis of misfire.

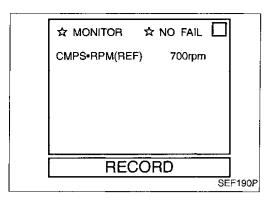
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (AC Voltage)
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0V (V) 4 2 0 0.2 ms
53	LG	Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	Approximately 0V (V) 4 2 0 0.2 ms SEF644U

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0335 0802	 The proper pulse signal from the crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is not sent to ECM while the engine is running at the specified engine speed. 	Harness or connectors (The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) circuit is open.) Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)



Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

– OR -

- OR -



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and run it for at least 15 seconds at idle speed.



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- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 15 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

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- Start engine and run it for at least 15 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.

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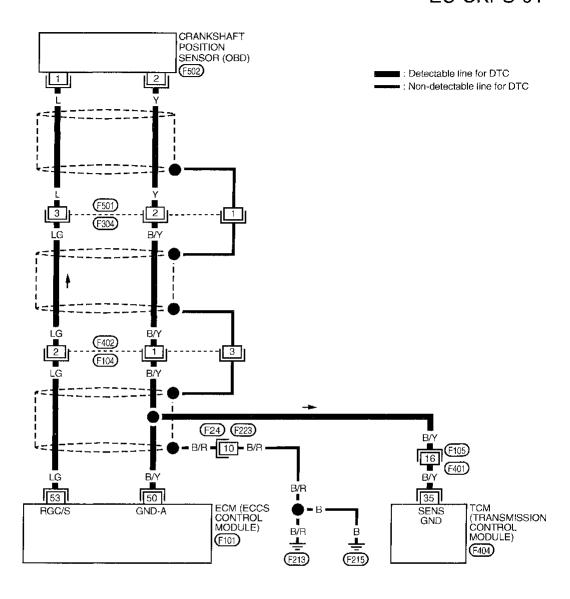
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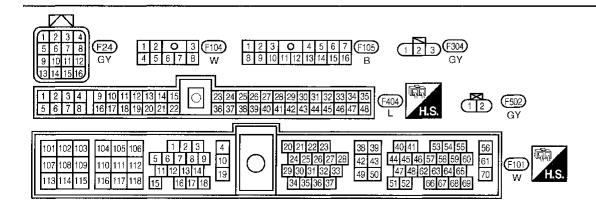
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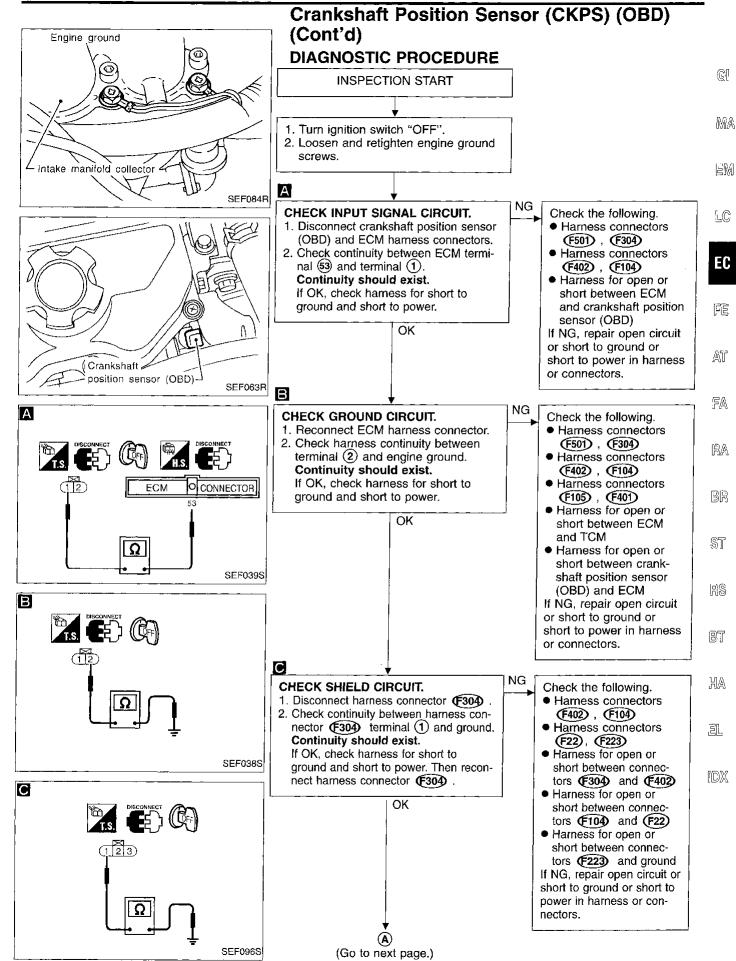
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Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

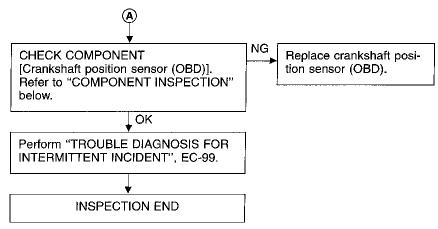
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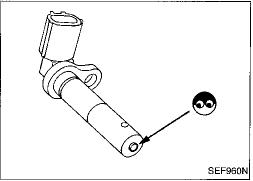


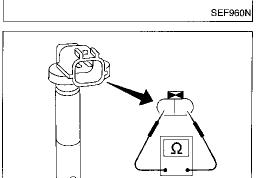




Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)







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COMPONENT INSPECTION

Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)

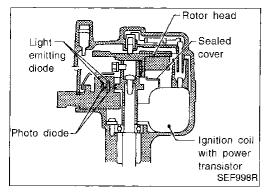
- Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (OBD) harness connector.
- 2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- 3. Remove the sensor.
- 4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.

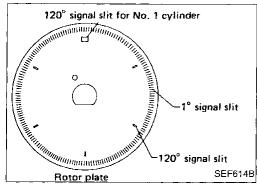
5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Resistance: Approximately 432 - 528Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]

If NG, replace crankshaft position sensor (OBD).

EC-242 402





Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The camshaft position sensor is a basic component of the ECCS. It monitors engine speed and piston position. These input signals to the ECM are used to control fuel injection, ignition timing and other functions.

The camshaft position sensor has a rotor plate and a waveforming circuit. The rotor plate has 360 slits for a 1° (POS) signal and 6 slits for a 120° (REF) signal. The wave-forming circuit consists of Light Emitting Diodes (LED) and photo diodes.

The rotor plate is positioned between the LED and the photo diode. The LED transmits light to the photo diode. As the rotor plate turns, the slits cut the light to generate rough-shaped pulses. These pulses are converted into on-off signals by the wave-forming circuit and sent to the ECM.

The distributor is not repairable and must be replaced as an assembly except distributor cap.

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ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
4	W/G	ECCS relay (Self-shut- off)	Engine is running. Ignition switch "OFF" For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "OFF" A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
40	G/B	Camshaft position sen-	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	0.2 - 0.5V
44	G/B	sor (Reference signal)	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0.2 - 0.4V (V) 10 5 0 20 ms

Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)

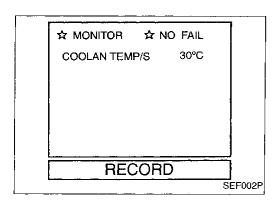
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
41	G/Y	Camshaft position sensor (Position signal)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	2.0 - 3.0V (V) 10 5 0.2 ms
			Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	2.3 - 2.6V (V) 10 5 0.2 ms SEF001V
56	B/W	Davis average for FOM	Leviller suitab (ONI)	BATTERY VOLTAGE
61	B/W	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	(11 - 14V)
113	B/W	Current return	Engine is running. Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0340 0101	A) Either 1° or 180° signal is not sent to ECM for the first few seconds during engine cranking.	Harness or connectors (The camshaft position sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
	B) Either 1° or 180° signal is not sent to ECM often enough while the engine speed is higher than the specified engine speed.	 Camshaft position sensor Starter motor (Refer to EL section.) Starting system circuit (Refer to EL section.) Dead (Weak) battery
	C) The relation between 1° and 180° signal is not in the normal range during the specified engine speed.	

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B and C".



Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction A

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

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- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

– OR –

- OR -

Crank engine for at least 2 seconds.

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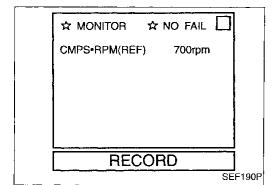


- Crank engine for at least 2 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.

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- Crank engine for at least 2 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.



Procedure for malfunction B and C

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

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TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
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- 3) Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle speed. - OR -



- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

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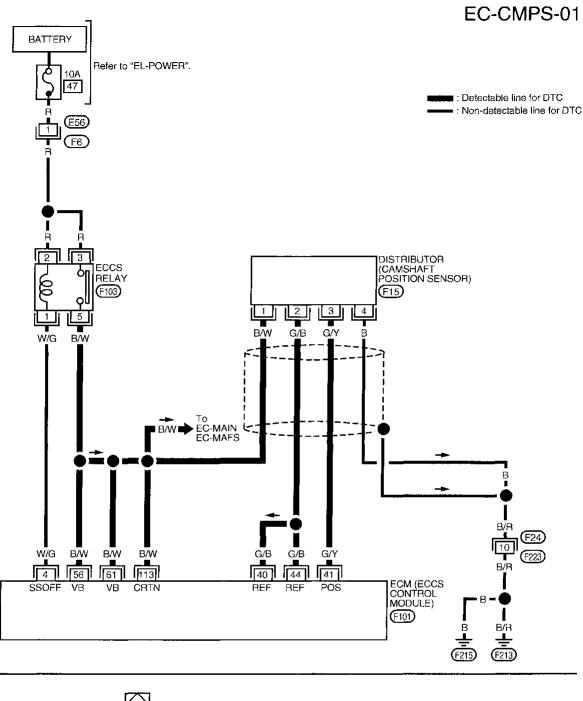


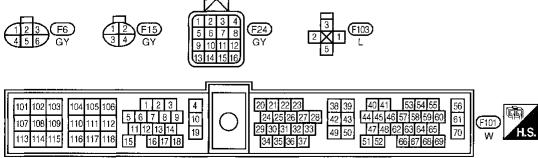
Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle 1) speed.

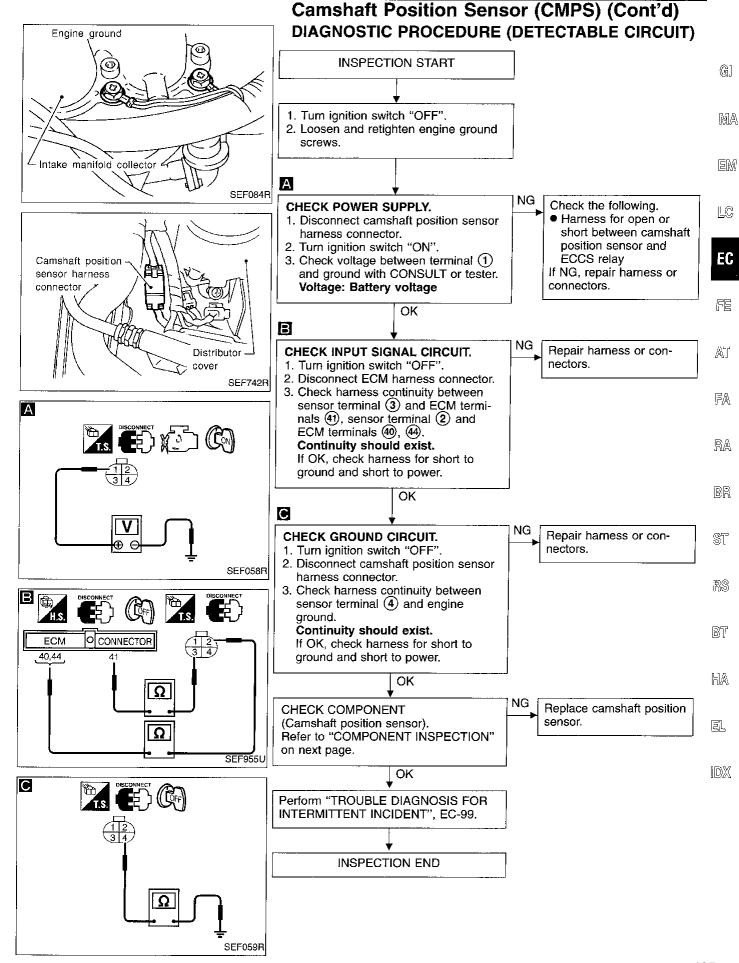
- OR -

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.

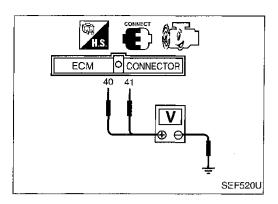
Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)







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Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Camshaft position sensor

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check voltage between camshaft position sensor terminals (4) (or (4)), (4) and ground.

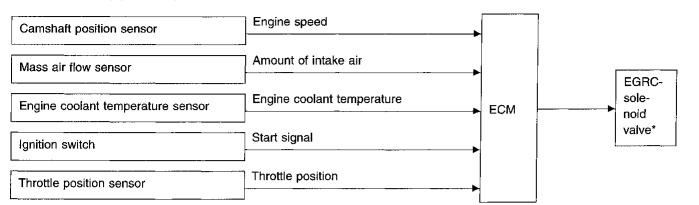
Condition	Terminal	Voltage
Engine running at	49 (or 44) and ground	0.2 - 0.5V (V) 10 5 0 20 ms SEF997U
idle	④ and ground	2.0 - 3.0V (V) 10 5 0.2 ms
Engine speed is	40 (or 44) and ground	0.2 - 0.4V (V) 10 5 0 20 ms
2,000 rpm	41) and ground	2.3 - 2.6V (V) 10 5 0.2 ms

If NG, replace distributor assembly with camshaft position sensor.

EC-248 408

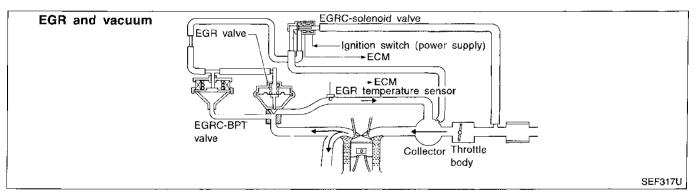
EGR Function (Close)

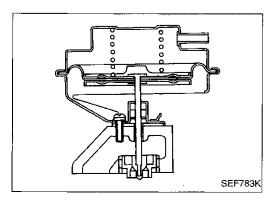
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system cuts and controls vacuum applied to the EGR valve to suit engine operating conditions. This cut-and-control operation is accomplished through the ECM and the EGRC-solenoid valve*. When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, ECM cuts the current for the solenoid valve. This causes the port vacuum to be discharged into the atmosphere. The EGR valve remains closed.

- Low engine coolant temperature
- Engine starting
- High-speed engine operation
- Engine idling
- Excessively high engine coolant temperature
- Mass air flow sensor malfunction
- *: EGR valve & EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve (except for California)





COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) valve

The EGR valve controls the amount of exhaust gas routed to the intake manifold. Vacuum is applied to the EGR valve in response to throttle valve opening. The vacuum controls the movement of a taper valve connected to the vacuum diaphragm in the EGR valve.

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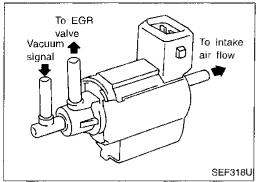
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EGR temperature sensor EGR temperature sensor

ECM

EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

EGRC-solenoid valve*

The EGRC-solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. The vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. The signal then reaches the EGR valve. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, a plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the throttle body to the EGR valve. *: EGR valve & EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve (except for California)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

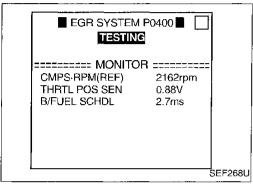
If the absence of EGR flow is detected by EGR temperature sensor under the condition that calls for EGR, a low-flow malfunction is diagnosed.

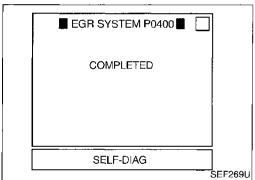
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0400 0302	 The exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) flow is excessively low during the specified driving con- dition. 	 EGR valve stuck closed EGRC-BPT valve Vacuum hose EGRC-solenoid valve* EGR passage EGR temperature sensor Exhaust gas leaks

^{*:} EGR valve & EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve (except for California)

SEF073P

EGR SYSTEM P0400 OUT OF CONDITION CMPS-RPM(REF) 2175rpm THRTL POS SEN 1.06V B/FUEL SCHDL 3.6ms SEF267U





EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

During the test, P0400 will not be stored in ECM even though "NG" is displayed on the CONSULT screen.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform the test at a temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.



1) Turn ignition switch "ON"

2) Check "COOLAN TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode witch CONSULT.

Confirm COOLAN TEMP/S value is within the range listed below.

COOLAN TEMP/S: Less than 40°C (104°F)

If the value is out of range, park the vehicle in a cool place and allow the engine temperature to stabilize. Do not attempt to lower the coolant temperature with a fan or means other than ambient air. Doing so may produce an inaccurate diagnostic result.

3) Start engine and let it idle monitoring "COOLAN TEMP/S". When the engine coolant temperature reaches 70°C (158°F), immediately go to the next

4) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "EGR SYSTEM P0400" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT.

5) Touch "START".

6) Accelerate vehicle to a speed of 40 km/h (25 MPH) once and then stop vehicle. If "COMPLETED" with "OK" appears on CONSULT screen, go to step 9). If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT

screen, go to the following step. 7) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" (at closed throttle position) and note it.

8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions until "TESTING" changes to "COM-PLETED". (It will take approximately 30 seconds or

CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,400 - 2,000 rpm Vehicle speed: 10 km/h (6 MPH) or more B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.75 - 4.0 ms

THRTL POS SEN: X - (X + 0.46) V

X = Voltage value measured at step 7)

Selector lever: Suitable position

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

9) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-254.

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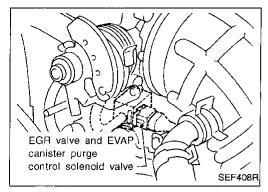
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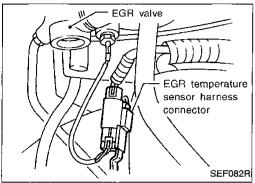
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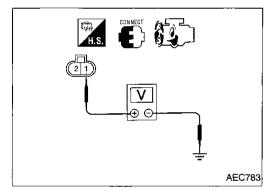
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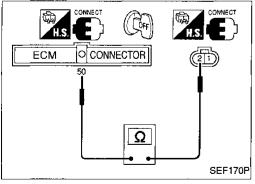
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EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)









OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall EGR function. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check the EGR valve lifting when revving from 2,000 rpm up to 4,000 rpm under no load using the following condition.
- Air conditioner switch: OFF
- Properly raise drive wheels off the ground.
- Place A/T selector lever in "D" position.
- No-load

EGR valve should lift up and down without sticking.

If NG, go to A in DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE on EC-254.

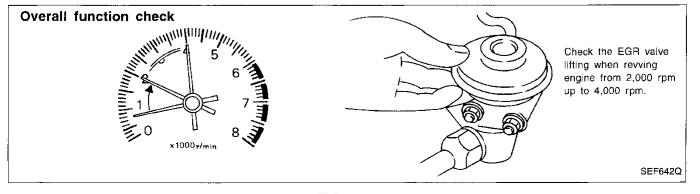
3) Check voltage between EGR temperature sensor harness connector terminal ① and ground at idle speed.

Less than 4.5V should exist.

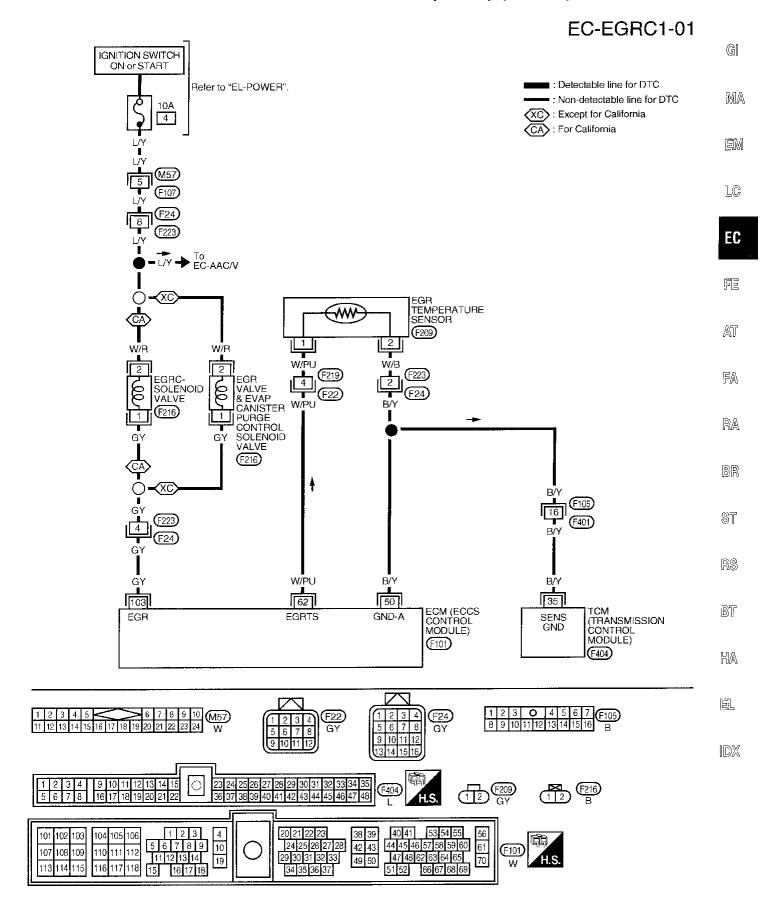
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 5) Check harness continuity between EGR temperature sensor harness connector terminal ② and ECM terminal ⑤.

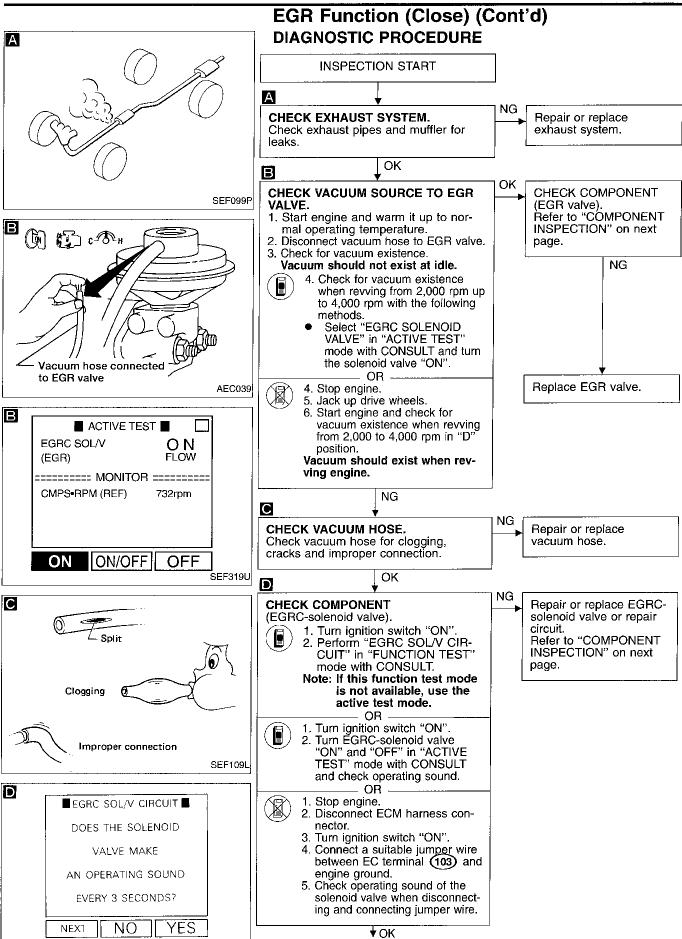
Continuity should exist.

 Perform "COMPONENT INSPECTION", "EGR temperature sensor". Refer to EC-256.



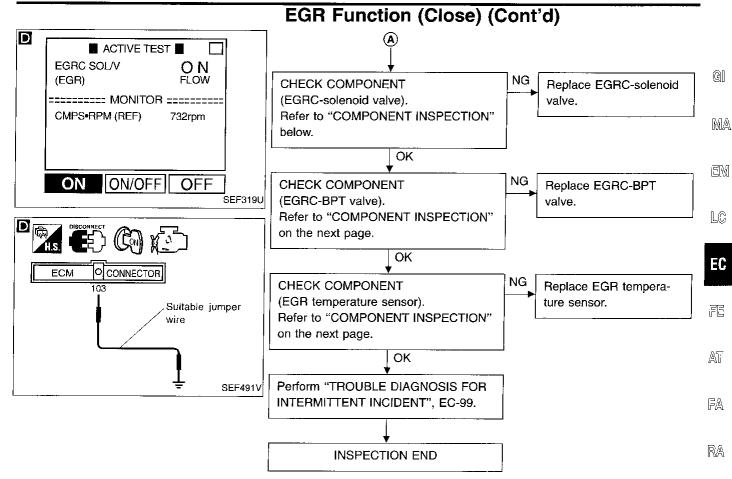
EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

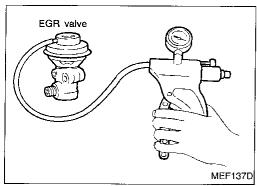


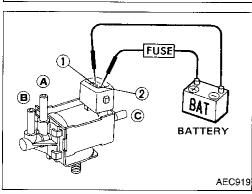


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COMPONENT INSPECTION

EGR valve

Apply vacuum to EGR vacuum port with a hand vacuum pump.

EGR valve spring should lift.

Check for sticking.

If NG, repair or replace EGR valve.

EGRC-solenoid valve

Check solenoid valve, following the table as shown below:

Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
Yes	No
No	Yes
	continuity between (A) and (B) Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EGRC-solenoid valve.

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EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

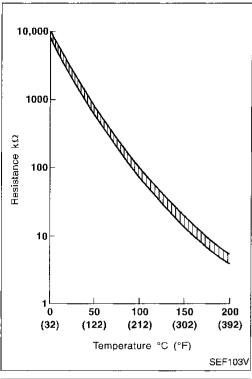
EGR temperature sensor

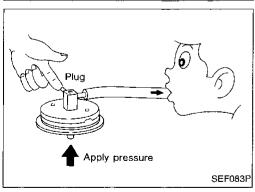
Check resistance change and resistance value.

<Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance $M\Omega$
0 (32)	4.81	7.5 - 9.2
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.07 - 0.10

If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.

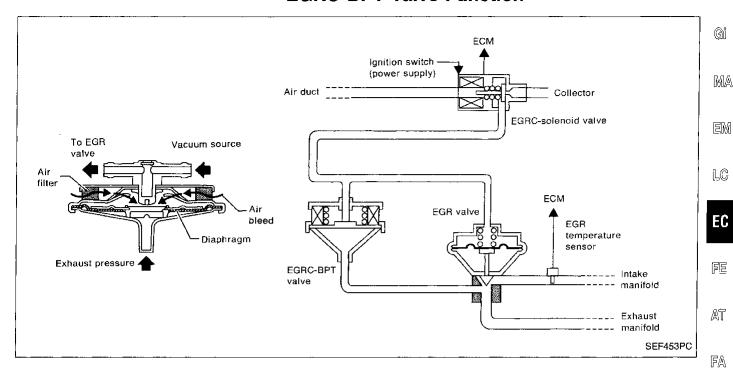




EGRC-BPT valve

- 1. Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.
- Vacuum from the other port and check for leakage while applying a pressure above 0.981 kPa (100 mmH₂O, 3.94 inH₂O) from under EGRC-BPT valve.
- 3. If a leakage is noted, replace the valve.

EGRC-BPT Valve Function



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The EGRC-BPT valve monitors exhaust pressure to activate the diaphragm, controlling throttle body vacuum applied to the EGR valve. In other words, recirculated exhaust gas is controlled in response to positioning of the EGR valve or to engine operation.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If too much EGR flow exists due to an EGRC-BPT valve malfunction, off idle engine roughness will increase. If the roughness is large, then the vacuum to the EGR valve is interrupted through the EGRC-solenoid valve*. If the engine roughness is reduced at that time, the EGRC-BPT valve malfunction is indicated.

*: EGR valve & EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve (except for California)

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	TS
P0402	The EGRC-BPT valve does not operate prop-	● EGRC-BPT valve	
0306	erly.	EGR valve	
	•	Misconnected rubber tube	HA
		Blocked rubber tube	
		Camshaft position sensor	
		Blocked exhaust system	EL
		Orifice	
		Mass air flow sensor	500
		● EGRC-solenoid valve*	[DX

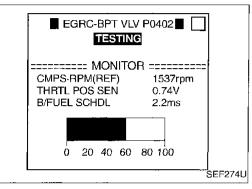
^{*:} EGR valve & EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve (except for California)

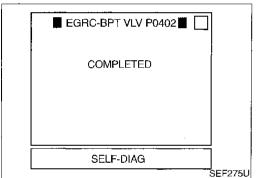
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EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

- Always perform the test at a temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.
- Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "EGRC-BPT/V P0402" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine and let it idle.
- 5) Touch "START".
- 6) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" (at closed throttle position) and note it.
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen and the bar chart may increase. Maintain the conditions many times until "COMPLETED" appears.

Selector lever: Suitable position CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,400 - 1,800 rpm Vehicle speed: 30 - 56 km/h (19 - 35 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.9 - 2.5 ms THRTL POS SEN: X - (X + 0.44) V

X = Voltage value measured at step 6)

- The bar chart on CONSULT screen indicates the status of this test. However, the test may be finished before the bar chart becomes full scale.
- If the bar chart indication does not continue to progress, completely release accelerator pedal once and try to meet the conditions again.
- If "TESTING" does not appear on CONSULT screen, retry from step 2).
- 8) If "OK" is displayed, carry out "OVERALL FUNC-TION CHECK" on next page. If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-260.

EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd)

- OR -

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EGRC-BPT valve. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

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1) Disconnect the rubber tube to intake manifold collector at the EGRC-solenoid valve.

Disconnect the rubber tube to the EGRC-solenoid valve at the EGRC-BPT valve. Connect the intake manifold collector and the EGRC-BPT valve directly with a rubber tube that has 1 mm (0.04 in) dia. orifice. (The intake manifold vacuum will LG be directly applied to the EGRC-BPT valve.)

3) Start engine.

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4) Check for the EGR valve lifting with engine at idle speed under no load. EGR valve should remain closed.

PE

5) Check the EGR valve lifting when revving from 2,000 rpm up to 4,000 rpm under no load.

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sticking when the engine is returned to idle. 6) Check rubber tube between EGRC-solenoid valve and throttle body for misconnection, cracks or block-

EGR valve should lift up, and go down without

FA

ages.

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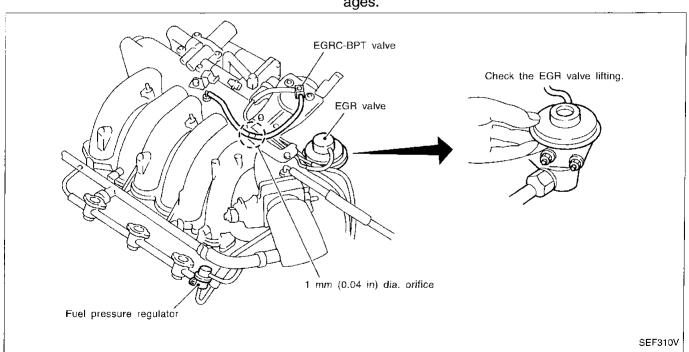
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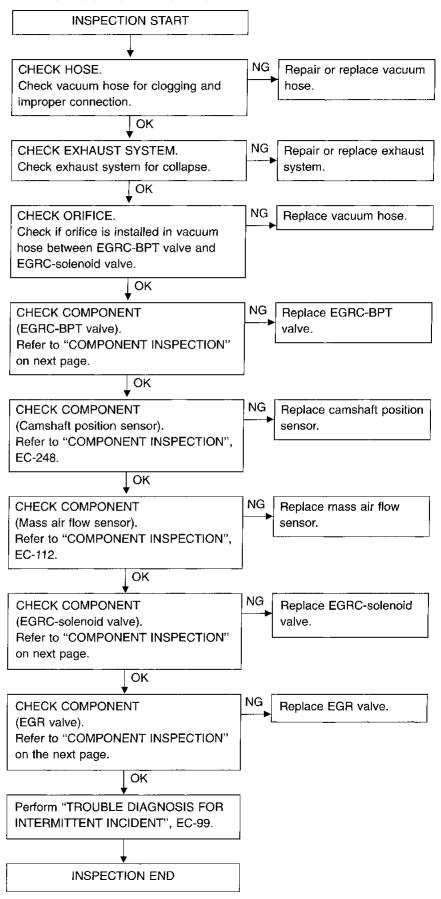
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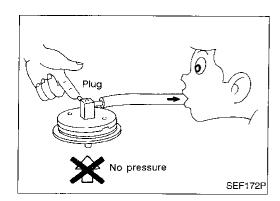
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EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE





EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EGRC-BPT valve

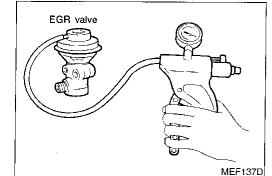
Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.

 Vacuum from the other port and check leakage without applying any pressure from under EGR-BPT valve.
 Leakage should exist.



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EGR valve

Apply vacuum to EGR vacuum port with a hand vacuum pump.



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EGR valve spring should lift.

Check for sticking.

If NG, repair or replace EGR valve.

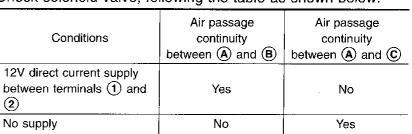


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EGRC-solenoid valve

Check solenoid valve, following the table as shown below:



If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EGRC-solenoid valve.



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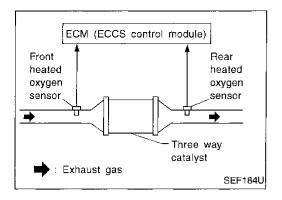


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Three Way Catalyst Function ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

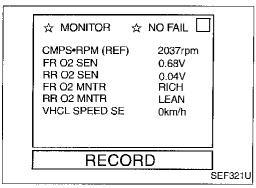
The ECM monitors the switching frequency ratio of front and rear heated oxygen sensors.

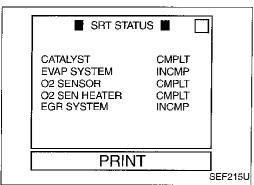
Three way catalyst with high oxygen storage capacity will indicate a low switching frequency of rear heated oxygen sensor. As oxygen storage capacity decreases, the rear heated oxygen sensor switching frequency will increase.

When the frequency ratio of front and rear heated oxygen sensors approaches a specified limit value, the three way catalyst malfunction is diagnosed.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0420	Three way catalyst does not operate properly.	Three way catalyst
0702	• Three way catalyst does not have enough oxygen storage	Exhaust tube
	capacity.	Intake air leaks
		● Injectors
		Injector leaks
		Spark plug
		Improper ignition timing

EC-262 422





Three Way Catalyst Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Set "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED", then select "FR O2 SENSOR", "RR O2 SENSOR", "FR O2 MNTR", "RR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constantly under no load.
- 4) Make sure that the switching frequency between "RICH" and "LEAN" of "RR O2 MNTR" is much less than that of "FR O2 MNTR" as shown below. Switching frequency ratio =

Rear heated oxygen sensor switching frequency

Front heated oxygen sensor switching frequency

This ratio should be less than 0.6.

If the ratio is greater than above, the warm-up three way catalyst (Models for California), the three way catalyst (Models for Federal and Canada) is not operating properly.

If the "FR O2 MNTR" does not indicate "RICH" and "LEAN" periodically more than 5 times within 10 seconds at step 3), perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR DTC P0133 first.

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-265.

If the result is OK, go to following step.

- 5) Select "AUTO TRIG" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 6) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 84 to 96 km/h (52 to 60 MPH) with the following for at least 10 consecutive minutes.

(Drive the vehicle in an area where vehicle speed and accelerator pressure can be held steady and constant.)

D position ("OD" ON)

- If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-265.
- Select "SRT STATUS" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT.
- Verify that "CATALYST" is "CMPLT".
 If not "CMPLT", repeat the test from step 5).

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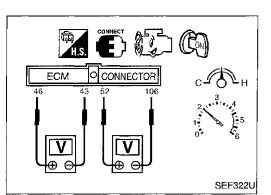
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Three Way Catalyst Function (Cont'd)



OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the three way catalyst.

During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeters probes between ECM terminals (front heated oxygen sensor signal) and (front heated oxygen sensor signal) and (front heated oxygen ground), and (front heated oxygen sensor signal) and (fron
- 3) Keep engine speed at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- 4) Make sure that the voltage switching frequency (high & low) between ECM terminals 52 and 106 is much less than that of ECM terminals 46 and 43.

 Switching frequency ratio =

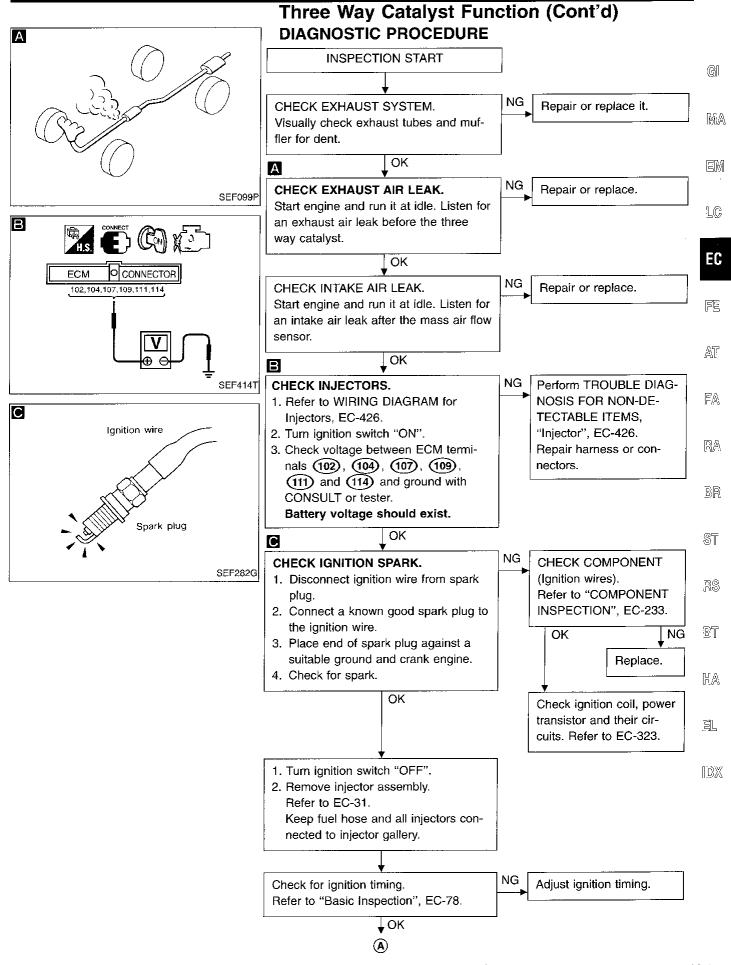
Rear heated oxygen sensor voltage switching frequency

Front heated oxygen sensor voltage switching frequency

This ratio should be less than 0.6.

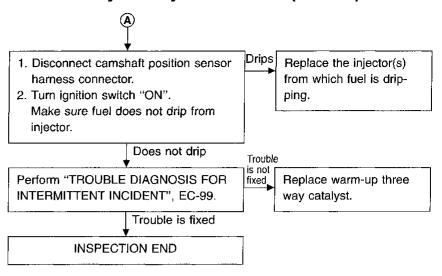
If the ratio is greater than above, it means three way catalyst does not operate properly.

Note: If the voltage at terminal 46 does not switch periodically more than 5 times within 10 seconds at step 3, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0133 first. (See EC-167.)



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Three Way Catalyst Function (Cont'd)



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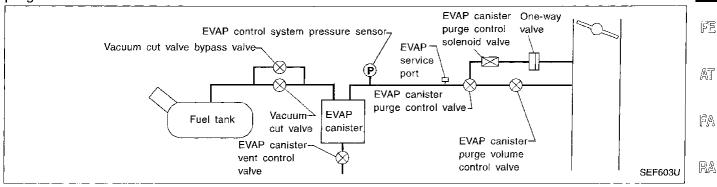
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (For California)

Note: If both DTC P0440 and P1448 are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-369.)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP purge line using of engine intake manifold vacuum. If pressure does not increase, the ECM will check for leaks in the line between the fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve, under the following "Vacuum test" conditions.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is opened to clear the line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister purge control valve. The EVAP canister vent control valve will then be closed to shut the EVAP purge line off. The EVAP canister purge control valve and EVAP canister purge volume control valve are opened to depressurize the EVAP purge line using intake manifold vacuum. After this occurs, the EVAP canister purge control valve will be closed.



Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	BE
P0440 0705	EVAP control system has a leak. EVAP control system does not operate properly.	 Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve Incorrect fuel filler cap used Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close. Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap. 	Sī
		 Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve. EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks 	RS
		 EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks EVAP purge line rubber tube bent. Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system pressure sensor 	31
		 Loose or disconnected rubber tube EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit EVAP canister purge control valve 	FA
		 EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve and circuit EVAP canister purge volume control valve and the circuit Absolute pressure sensor Tank fuel temperature sensor 	EL
		 MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve and the circuit Blocked or bent rubber tube to MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve 	(D)
		O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged. Water separator	
		 EVAP canister is saturated with water. EVAP control system pressure sensor 	

CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine rubber tube as a replacement.

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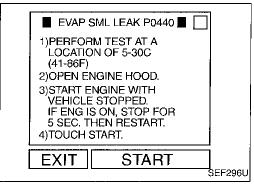
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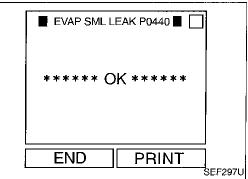
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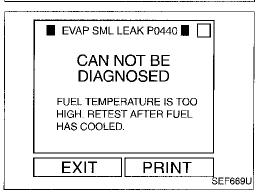
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (For California) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

- If both DTC P0440 and P1448 are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-380.)
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is less than 3/4 full and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Always perform test at a temperature of 5 to 30°C (41 to 86°F).
- It is better that the fuel level is low.
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Make sure that the following conditions are met. COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 70°C (32 158°F) INT/A TEMP SE: 5 60°C (41 140°F)
- 5) Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0440" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.

Follow the instruction displayed.

NOTE:

- If the CONSULT screen shown at left is displayed, stop the engine and stabilize the vehicle temperature at 25°C (77°F) or cooler. After "TANK F/TMP SE" becomes less than 30°C (86°F), retest. (Use a fan to reduce the stabilization time.) This test for the engine idle position will take approximately 5 minutes.
- 6) Make sure that "OK" is displayed.

 If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-270.

NOTE:

 Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.

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NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-44 before driving vehicle.



- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-44.
- Stop vehicle.
- Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (For California) (Cont'd)

- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
 Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 sec-
- b) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 6) Start engine.

It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.

- 7) Drive vehicle again according to the "Driving pattern", EC-44.
- 8) Stop vehicle.
- 9) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- If P1447 is displayed on the screen, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447", EC-373.
- If P0440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-270.
- If P1440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE" in "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1440", EC-354.
- If P0440, P1440 and P1447 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.
- 10) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 6).

 OR

- Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-44 before driving vehicle.
- It is better that the fuel level is low.



NOTE:

- Start engine.
- Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-44.
- 3) Stop vehicle.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Perform the step 1) to 4) again.
- 6) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

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A Adapter for service port EVAP service port Pressure pump SEF462U

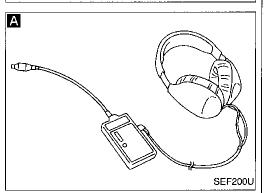
EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE APPLY PRESSURE TO EVAP SYSTEM FROM SERVICE PORT USING HAND PUMP WITH PRESSURE GAUGE AT NEXT SCREEN.

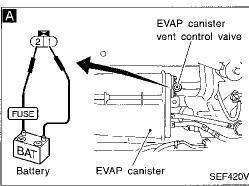
NEVER USE COMPRESSED AIR OR HIGH PRESSURE PUMP!

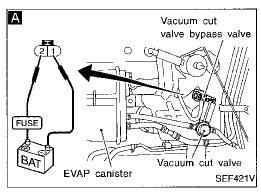
DO NOT START ENGINE.

TOUCH START.

SEF658U







Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (For California) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

NG

INSPECTION START

CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.

1. Check for genuine fuel filler cap design.

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filter cap.

If the air releasing sound is heard, go to

If the air releasing sound is not heard, check the following.

Was the cap tightened properly?
If Yes, check fuel filler cap vacuum relief

Refer to "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM", EC-23.

If No, open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and filler neck thread using air blower. Retighten until ratching sound is heard.

Lok

If genuine filler cap is not used, replace with genuine fuel filler cap.

Α

CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK.

 Never use compressed air or high pressure pump.

 Improper installation of service port may cause leaking.
 Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm²,

 Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm² 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.

To locate EVAP leak portion, proceed with the following steps.

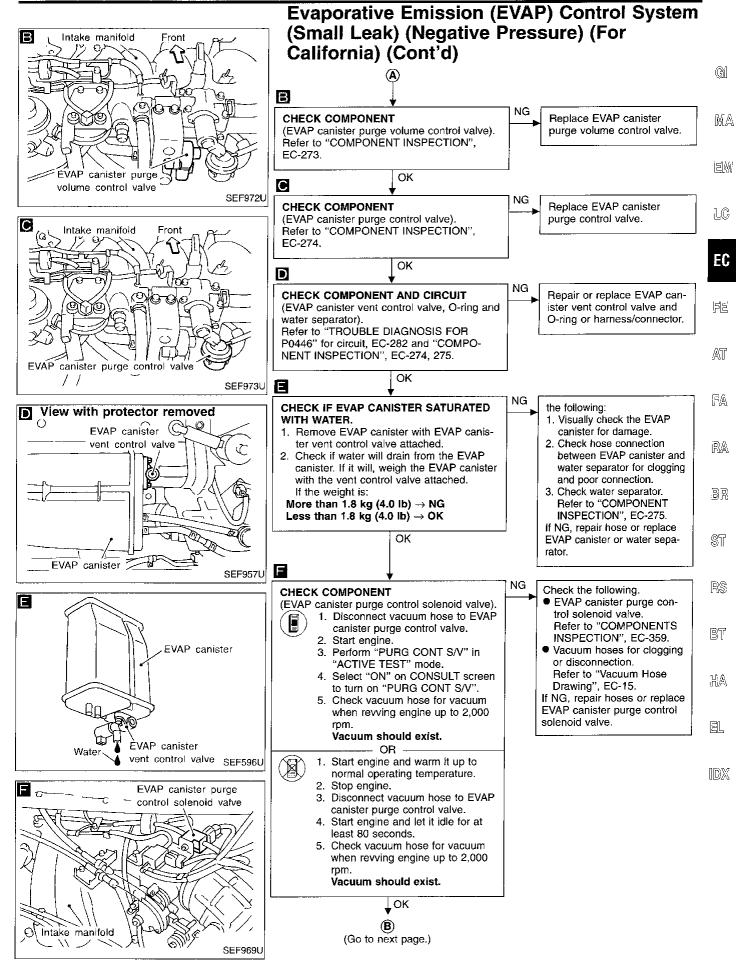
1. Install the EVAP service port adapter and the pressure pump securely.

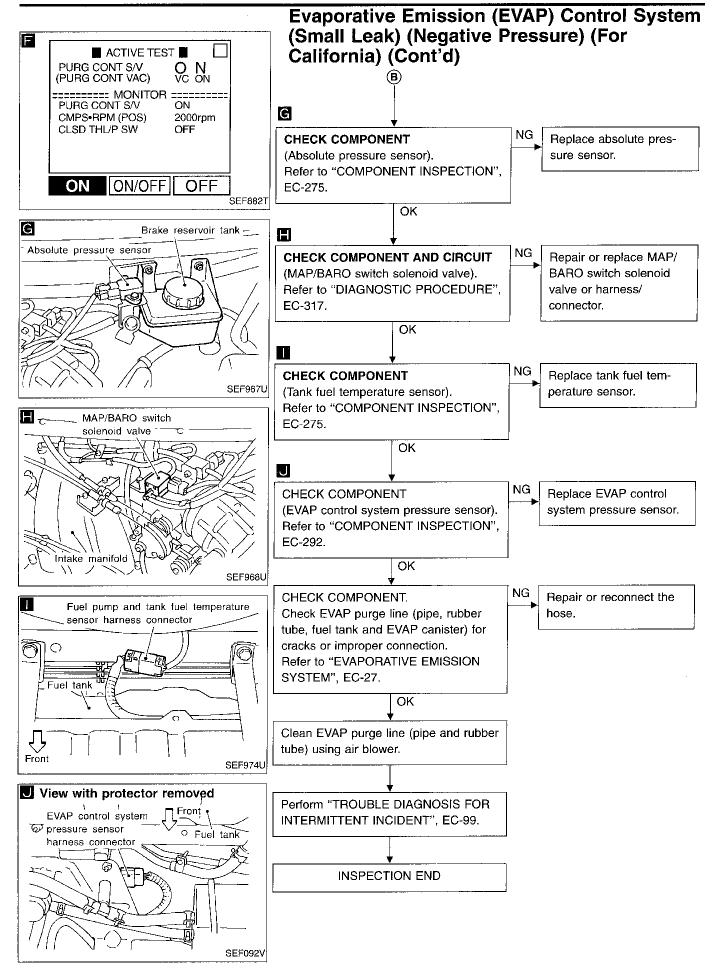
- Turn ignition switch "ON". Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- Touch "START" and apply pressure to the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches middle of the bar graph.
- Using EVAP leak detector, locate the leak portion. For the leak detector, refer to instruction manual for more details. Refer to "EVAPORATIVE EMIS-SION SYSTEM", EC-23.

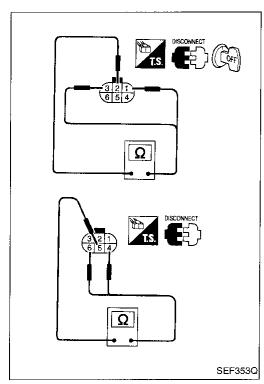
- OR

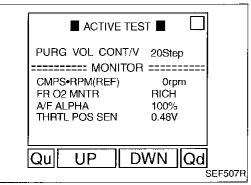
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
- Apply 12 volts DC to vacuum cut valve bypass valve. The valve will open. (Continue to apply 12V until the end of test.)
- Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and service port adapter.
- Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to the instruction manual for more details about the leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-23.

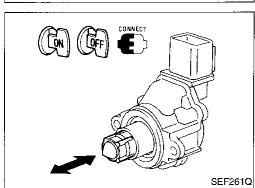
↓OK (Go to next page.) Repair or replace.











Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (For California) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge volume control valve

1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.

2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③

terminal (5) and terminals (4), (6) Resistance:

Approximately 35 - 43 Ω [At 25°C (77°F)]

3. Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.

4. Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.

(Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)

5. Turn ignition switch "ON".

 Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the valve opening.

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.

1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.

- OR -

2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③ terminal ⑤ and terminals ④, ⑥

Resistance:

Approximately 35 - 43 Ω [At 25°C (77°F)]

Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.

4. Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.

(Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)

 Turn ignition switch "ON" and "OFF". Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft DX moves smoothly forward and backward according to the ignition switch position.

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.

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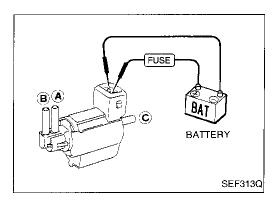
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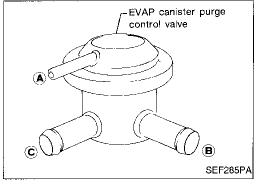
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (For California) (Cont'd)

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current sup- ply between terminals	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

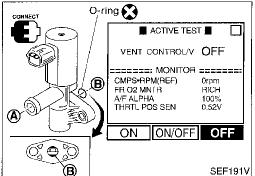
If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.



EVAP canister purge control valve

Check EVAP canister purge control valve as follows:

- Blow air in port (A), (B) and (C), then ensure that there is no leakage.
- Apply vacuum to port (A). [Approximately -13.3 to -20.0] kPa (-100 to -150 mmHg, -3.94 to -5.91 inHg)] Blow air in port © and ensure free flow out of port (B).



-O-ring 🔀 FUSE **೨** 5.1 - 6.3 N⋅m (0.52 - 0.64 kg-m, 45.1 - 55.6 in-lb) **BATTERY** SEF969S

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
VENT CONTROL/V	between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

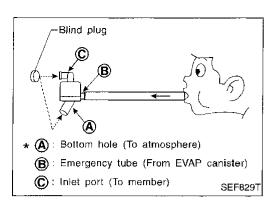


Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	No
No supply	Yes

If NG, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary. If portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

EC-274



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (For California) (Cont'd)

Water separator

- 1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.



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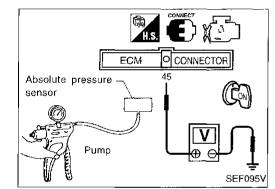
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Tank fuel

temperature

sensor connector

Hot water-

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Absolute pressure sensor

- Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- Remove hose from absolute pressure sensor.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal (46) and engine ground.

The voltage should be 3.2 to 4.8 V.

4. Use pump to apply vacuum of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.

The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 V lower than the value measured in step 3.

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg) or vacuum below –93.3 kPa (–700 mmHg, –27.56 inHg).
- If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.



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Tank fuel temperature sensor

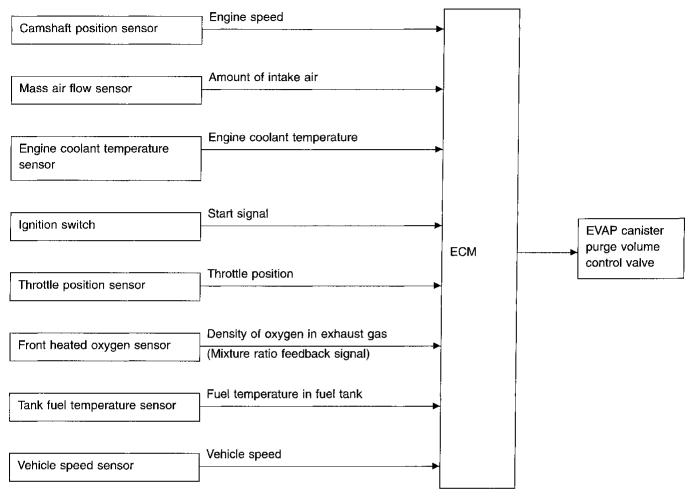
Check resistance by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

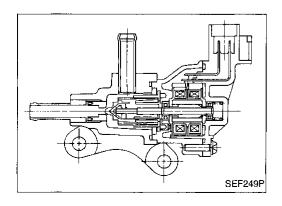
If NG, replace tank fuel temperature sensor.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (for California)

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control valve changes to control the flow rate. A built-in step motor moves the valve in steps corresponding to the ECM output pulses. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control valve uses a step motor to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. This motor has four winding phases. It operates according to the output pulse signal of the ECM. Two windings are turned ON and OFF in sequence. Each time an ON pulse is issued, the valve opens or closes, changing the flow rate. When no change in the flow rate is needed, the ECM does not issue the pulse signal. A certain voltage signal is issued so that the valve remains at that particular opening.

EC-276 436

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (for California) (Cont'd)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	
		Idle	0 step	MA
PURG VOL C/V	Engine: After warming upAir conditioner switch "OFF"	Vehicle running (Shift lever "D") 2,000 rpm (90 seconds after start- ing engine)	More than 0 step	EM

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
4	W/G	ECCS relay (Self-shut-off)	Engine is running. Ignition switch "OFF" For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "OFF" A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
56	W/R	Dower combuter FCM	The second of th	BATTERY VOLTAGE
61	W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	(11 - 14V)
113	B/W	Current return	Engine is running. Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
5	G/B	EVAP canister purge	Engine is running.	0.041/
6	L	volume control valve	L Idle speed	0 - 0.4V
16	G/W	EVAP canister purge	Engine is running.	BATTERY VOLTAGE
17	R/G	volume control valve	Idle speed	(11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

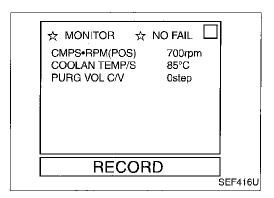
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P0443	 An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM	 Harness or connectors (The valve circuit is open or shorted.) EVAP canister purge volume control valve 	
1008	through the valve.		IDX

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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (for California) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at ignition switch "ON".

- OR -



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.

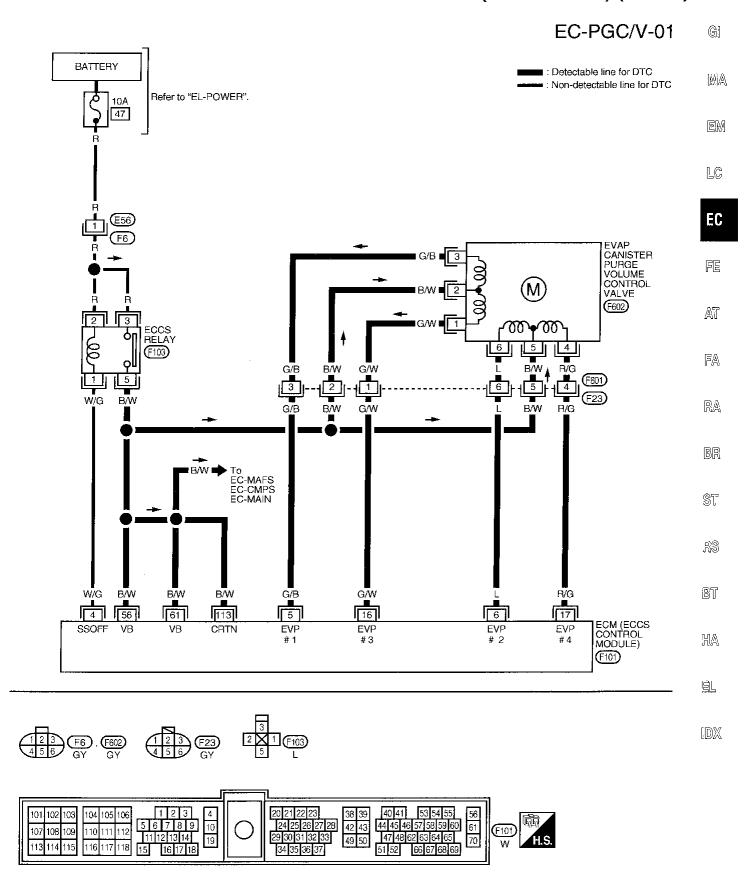


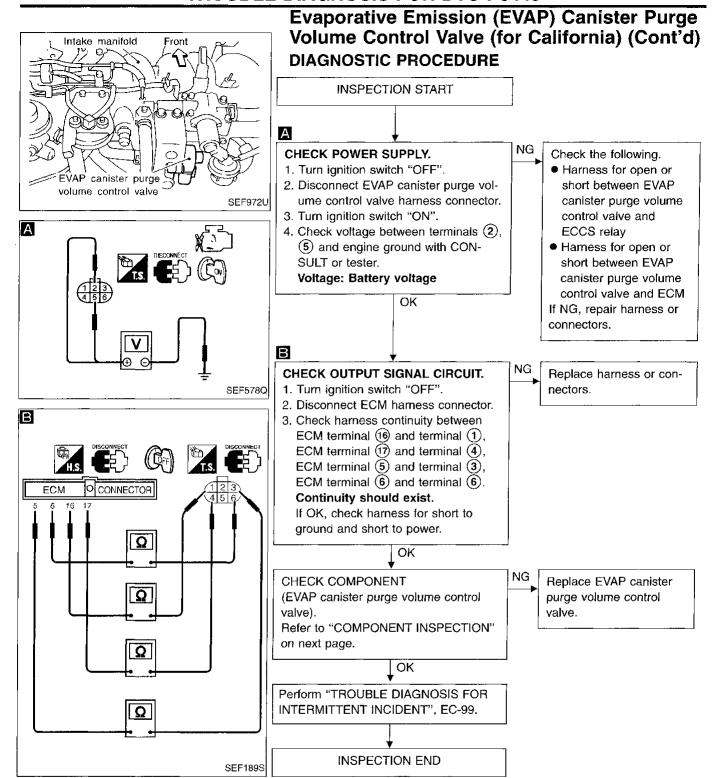
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

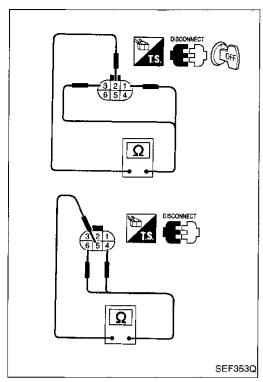


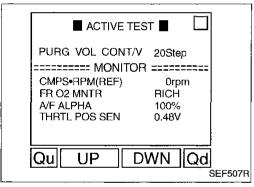
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

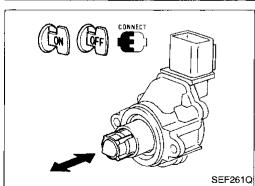
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (for California) (Cont'd)











Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (for California) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge volume control valve



- 1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③ terminal ⑤ and terminals ④, ⑥

Resistance:

Approximately 35 - 43Ω [At 25°C (77°F)]

- 3. Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge vol-
 - (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the valve opening.
 - If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.



- OR OR Olisconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③ terminal ⑤ and terminals ④, ⑥

Resistance:

Approximately 35 - 43Ω [At 25°C (77°F)]

- 3. Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 - (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and "OFF". Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the ignition switch position.
 - If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.

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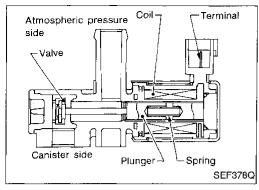
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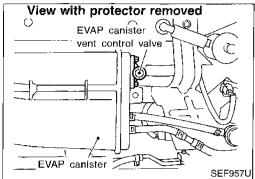
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (For California)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	OFF

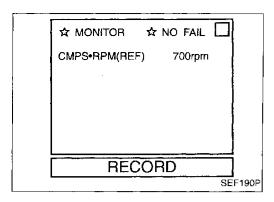
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
108	LG/B	EVAP canister vent control valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0446 0903	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EVAP canister vent control valve.	 Harness or connectors (EVAP canister vent control valve circuit is open or shorted.) EVAP canister vent control valve



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (For California) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine and wait at least 8 seconds. – OR -



- Start engine and wait at least 8 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.



Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.

- OR -

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 8 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

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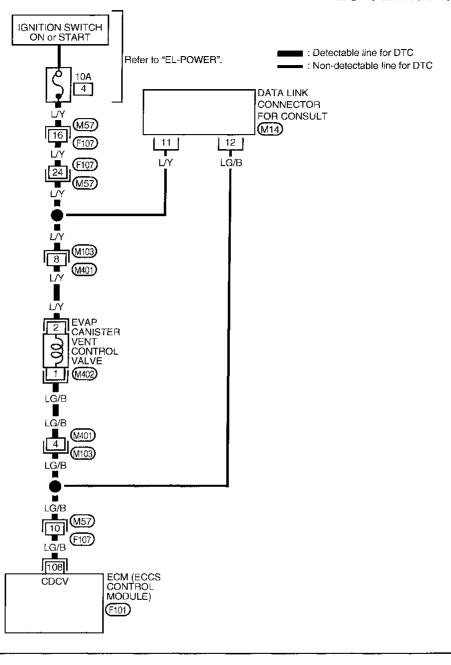
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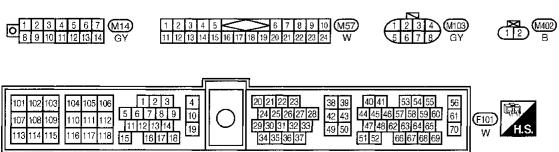
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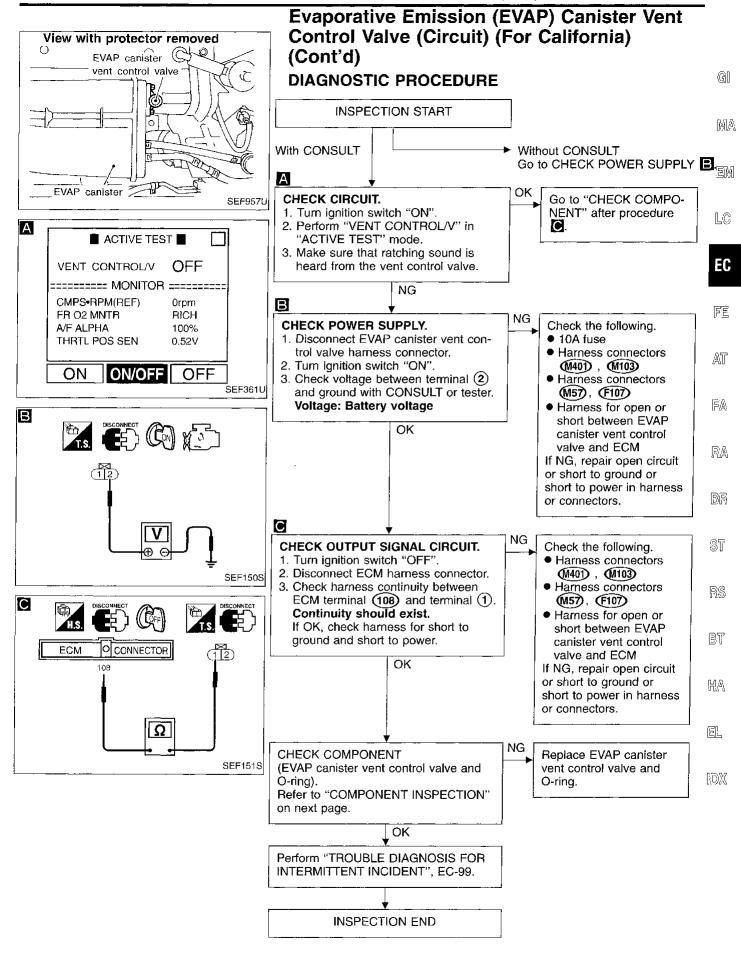
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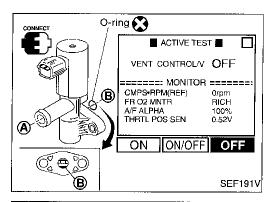
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (For California) (Cont'd)

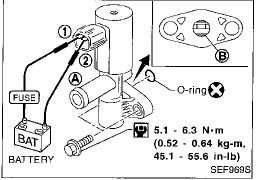
EC-VENT/V-01











Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (For California) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.



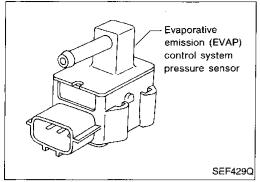
Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes
	Yes
	711

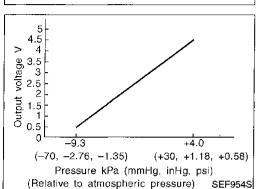
Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	No
No supply	Yes

If NG, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (For California)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases. The EVAP control system pressure sensor is not used to control the engine system. It is used only for on board diagnosis.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EVAP SYS PRES		Approx. 3.4V

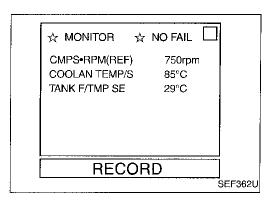
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
49	BR	Sensors' power supply	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 5V
50	B/Y	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0V
67	R	EVAP control system pressure sensor	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 3.4V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	[DX
P0450 0704	 An improper voltage signal from EVAP control system pressure sensor is sent to ECM. 	 Harness or connectors (The EVAP control system pressure sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rubber hose to EVAP control system pressure is clogged, vent, kinked, disconnected or improper connection. EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP canister purge volume control valve EVAP canister Rubber hose from EVAP canister vent control valve to water separator 	



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (For California) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Make sure that "TANK F/TEMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
- 6) Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.

– OR -



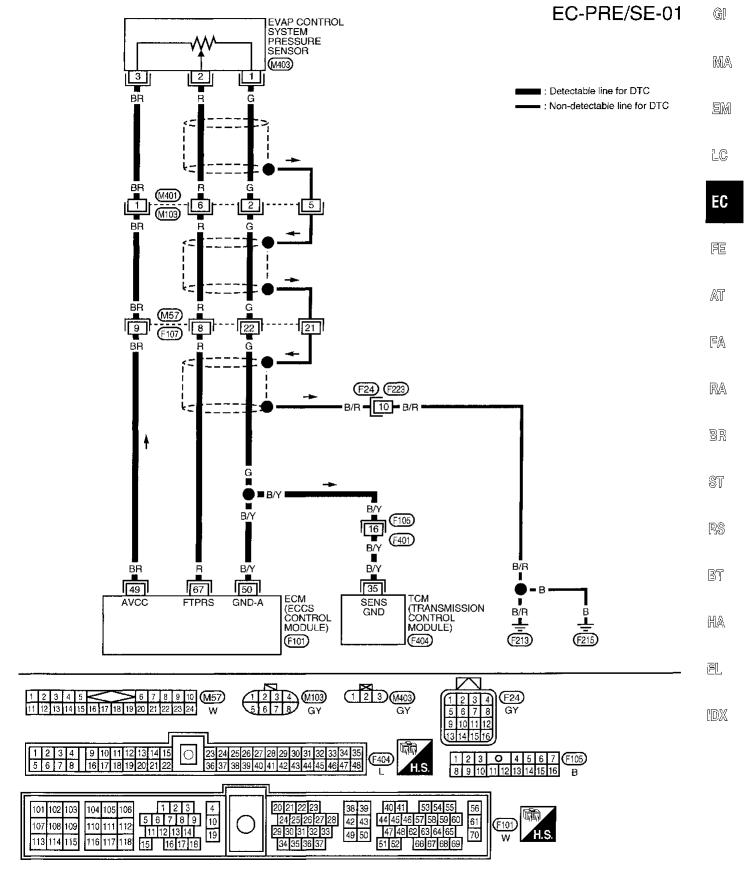
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check that voltage between ECM terminal 63 and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

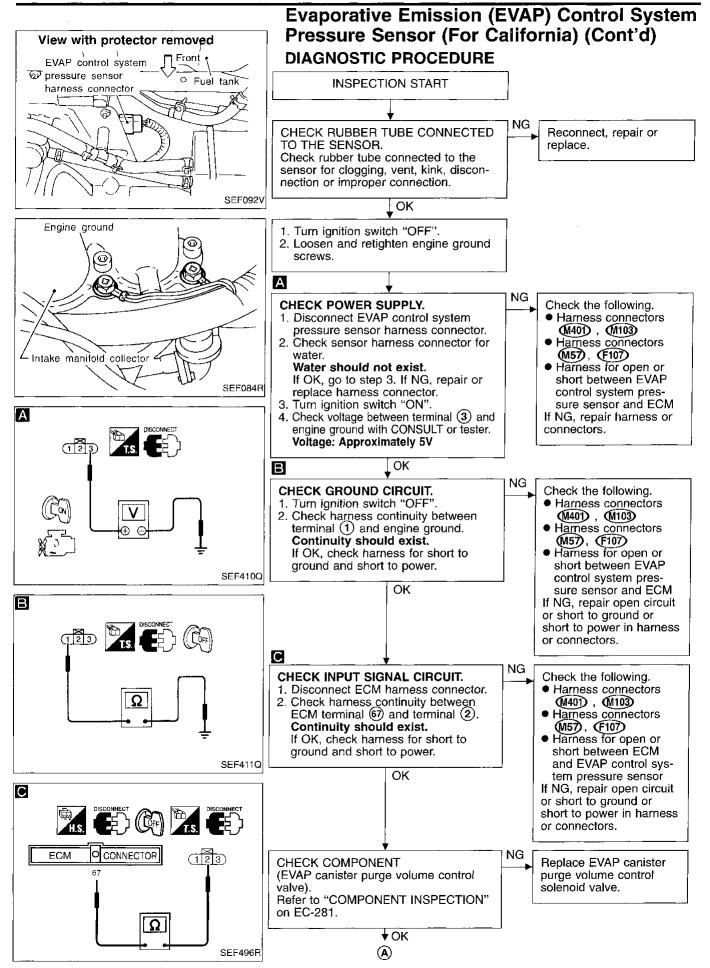
- OR -

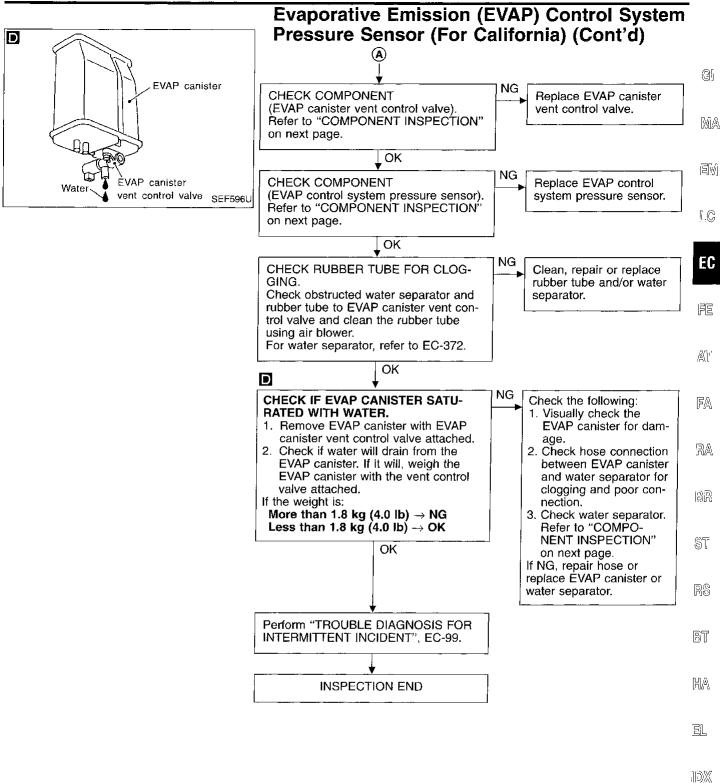


- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check that voltage between ECM terminal 63 and ground is less than 4.2V.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 6) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

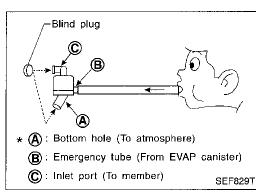
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (For California) (Cont'd)

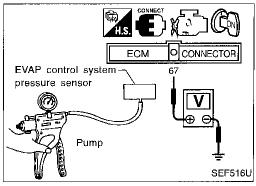






EC-291 451





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (For California) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Water separator

- Check visually for insect nests in water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.

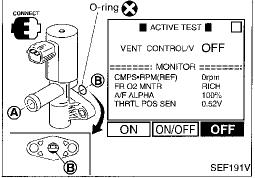
EVAP control system pressure sensor

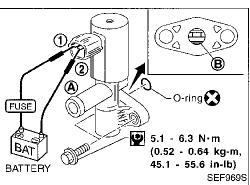
- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
- 4. Check output voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 in Hg) or vacuum below -20.0 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.





EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

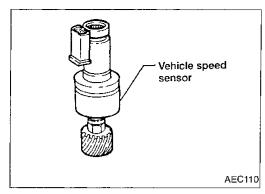
Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes
)R



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
No supply	Yes

If NG, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary. If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.



Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The vehicle speed sensor is installed in the transaxle. It contains a pulse generator which provides a vehicle speed signal to the speedometer. The speedometer then sends a signal to the ECM.

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ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	E
26	G/Y	Vehicle speed sensor	Engine is running. Lift up the vehicle. In "D" position 40 km/h (25 MPH)	4 - 7V (V) 10 5 0 50 ms SEF642U	AT FA

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0500 0104	 The almost 0 km/h (0 MPH) signal from vehicle speed sensor is sent to ECM even when vehicle is being driven. 	 Harness or connector (The vehicle speed sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Vehicle speed sensor

BR

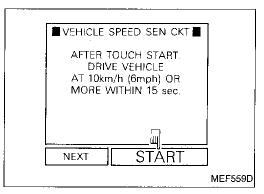
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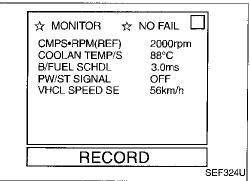
RS

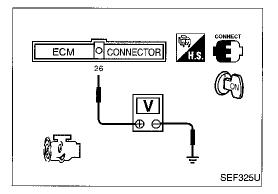
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Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

- Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Steps 1 and 2 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.



- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Perform "VEHICLE SPEED SEN CIRCUIT" in "FUNCTION TEST" mode with CONSULT.

 If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-296.

 If OK, go to following step.

 OR
- 2) Read vehicle speed sensor signal in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. The vehicle speed on CONSULT should exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position. If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-296. If OK, go to following step.
- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Warm engine up to normal operating temperature.
- 5) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,800 - 3,000 rpm COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.8 - 4.7 ms Selector lever: Suitable position

PW/ST SIGNAL: OFF

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP canister vent control valve circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Jack up drive wheels.
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Read vehicle speed sensor signal in "MODE 1" with GST.

The vehicle speed sensor on GST should be able to exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position.

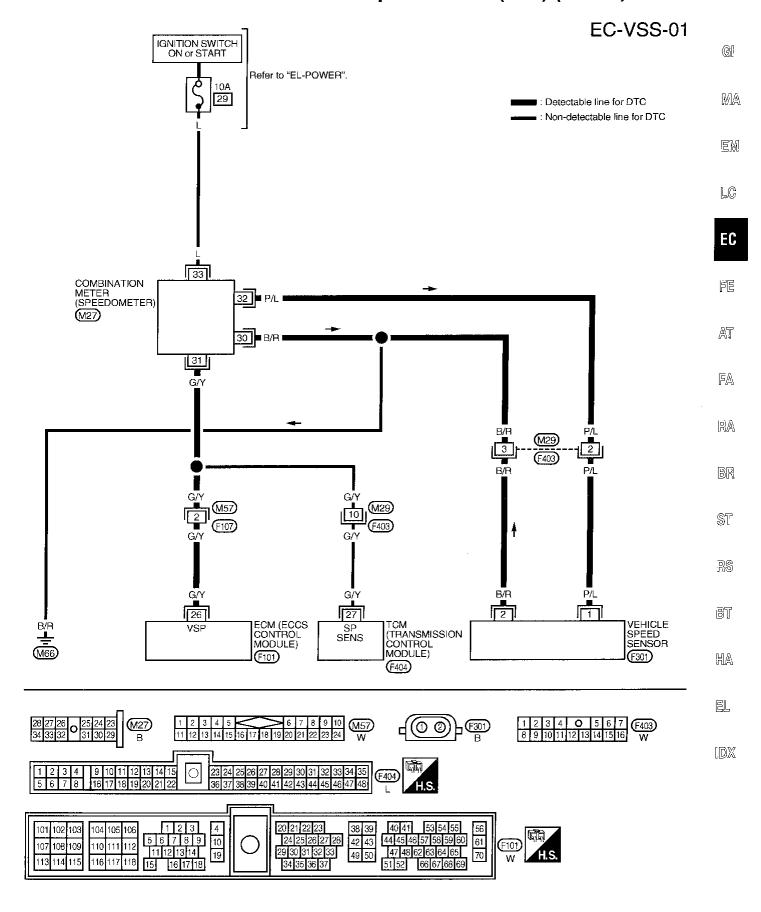
- OR

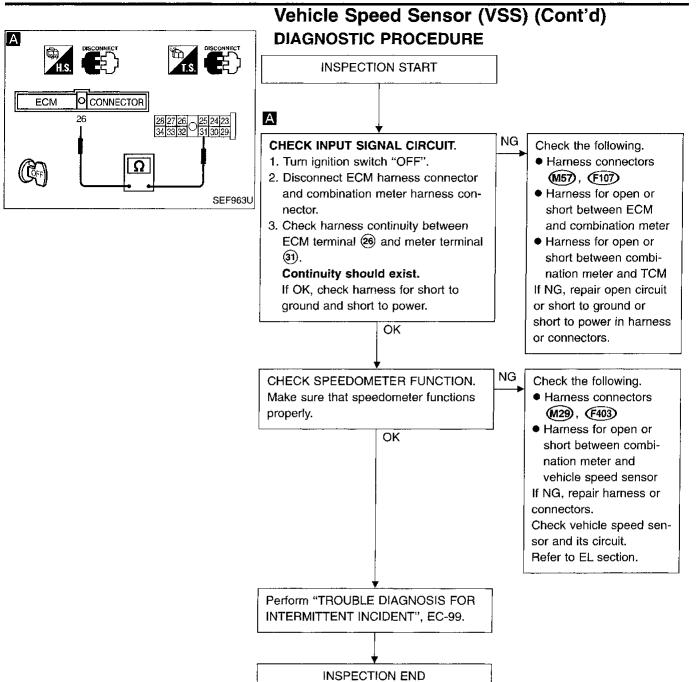


- 1) Jack up drive wheels.
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Read the voltage signal between ECM terminal (Vehicle speed sensor signal) and ground with oscilloscope.
- 4) Verify that the oscilloscope screen shows the signal wave as shown at "ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE" on the previous page.

EC-294 454

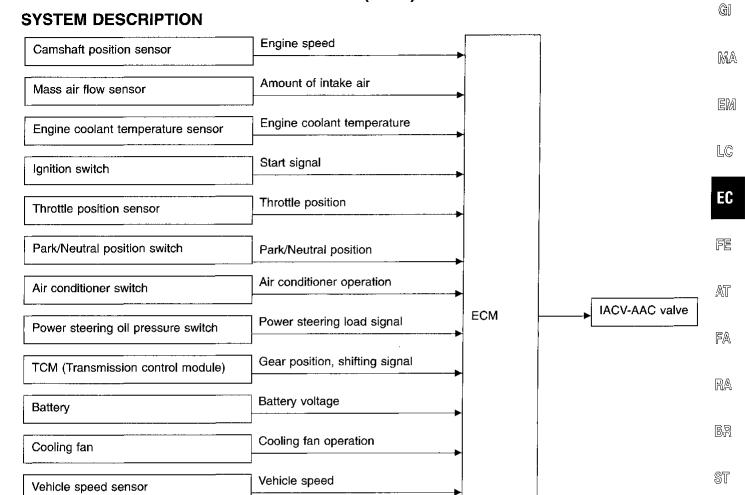
Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS) (Cont'd)





EC-296 456

Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve



This system automatically controls engine idle speed to a specified level. Idle speed is controlled through fine adjustment of the amount of air which bypasses the throttle valve via IACV-AAC valve. The IACV-AAC valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The camshaft position sensor detects the actual engine speed and sends a signal to the ECM. The ECM then controls the ON/OFF time of the IACV-AAC valve so that engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warm up, deceleration, and engine load (air conditioner and power steering).

Ambient barometric pressure

Intake air temperature

Absolute pressure sensor

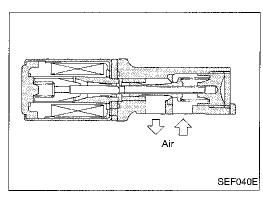
Intake air temperature sensor

EC-297 457

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Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

IACV-AAC valve

The IACV-AAC valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of air that will flow through the valve. The more air that flows through the valve, the higher the idle speed.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONE	DITION	SPECIFICATION
IACV-AAC/V	Engine: After warming upAir conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	15 - 40%
	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,000 rpm	

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
	op.		Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	8 - 11V (V) 40 20 0 2 ms SEF097
55	SB	IACV-AAC valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	5 - 8V (V) 40 20 0 2 ms SEF098V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0505	A) The IACV-AAC valve does not operate properly.	Harness or connectors
0205		(The IACV-AAC valve circuit is open.)
		IACV-AAC valve
	B) The IACV-AAC valve does not operate properly.	Harness or connectors
		(The IACV-AAC valve circuit is shorted.)
		IACV-AAC valve

Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

 If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

Procedure for malfunction A

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

- OR -

- OR -

3) Wait at least 2 seconds.

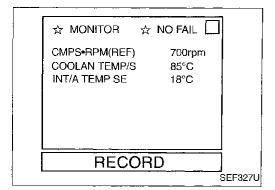
GST

(NO TOOLS)

SEF002P

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 2 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.

- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.



☆ MONITOR

COOLAN TEMP/S

RECORD

☆ NO FAIL

30°C

Procedure for malfunction B



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.

--- OR -



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine again and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- 4) Select "MODE 7" with GST.



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Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)

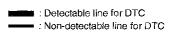
- OR —



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine again and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)







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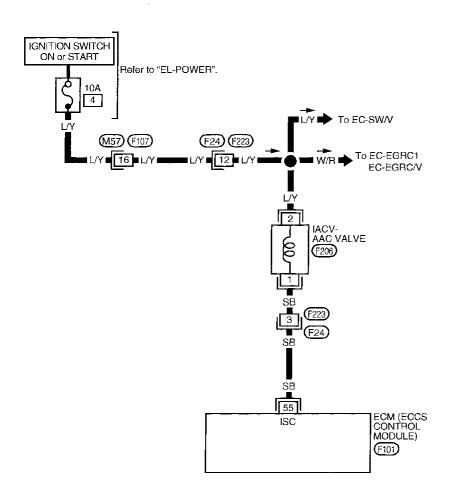
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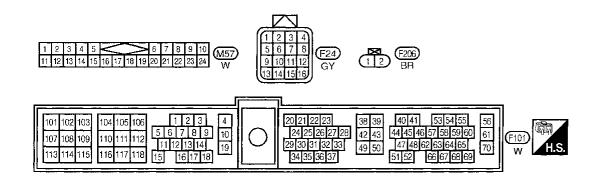
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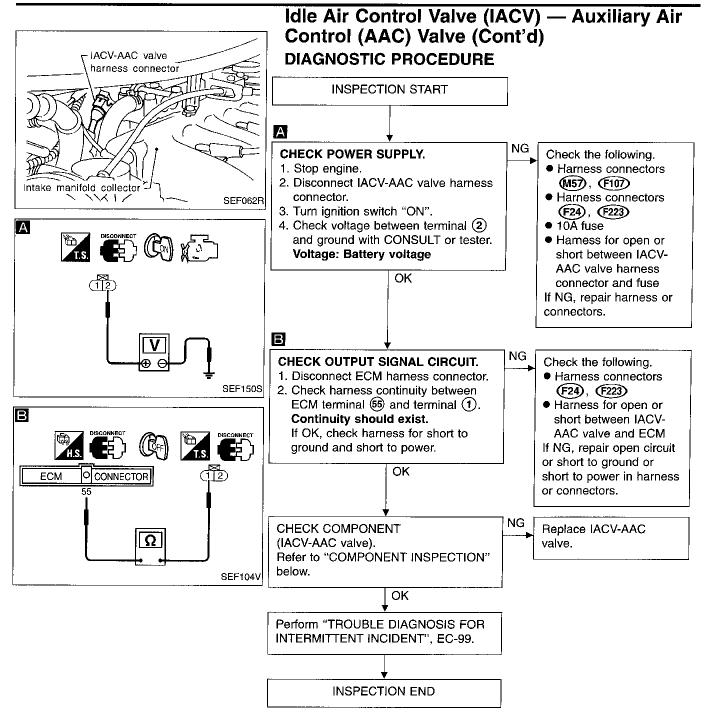
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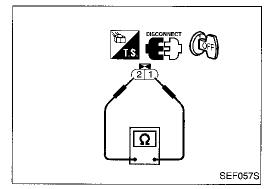












COMPONENT INSPECTION

IACV-AAC valve

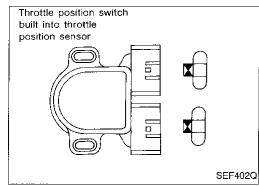
Disconnect IACV-AAC valve harness connector.

Check IACV-AAC valve resistance.

Resistance:

Approximately 10Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]

- Check plunger for seizing or sticking.
- Check for broken spring.



Closed Throttle Position Switch

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

A closed throttle position switch and wide open throttle position switch are built into the throttle position sensor unit. The wide open throttle position switch is used only for A/T control. When the throttle valve is in the closed position, the closed throttle position switch sends a voltage signal to the ECM. The ECM only uses this signal to open or close the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve when the throttle position

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ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECCS ground).

sensor is malfunctioning.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
27 BR/Y	Throttle position switch	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) Accelerator pedal fully released	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	AT	
	DR/ I	(Closed position)	Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal depressed	Approximately 0V	FA

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items	_
Code No.		(Possible Cause)	[2]
P0510 0203	Battery voltage from the closed throttle position switch is sent to ECM with the throttle valve opened.	 Harness or connectors (The closed throttle position switch circuit is shorted.) Closed throttle position switch Throttle position sensor 	<u> </u>

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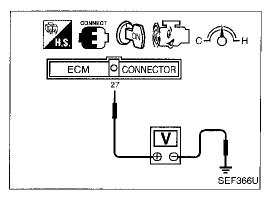
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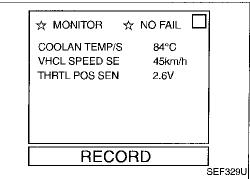
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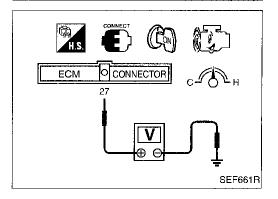
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Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check voltage between ECM terminal ② and ground under the following conditions.

At idle: Battery voltage At 2,000 rpm: 0 - 1V

If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-306.
If OK, go to following step.

- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following condition.

THRTL POS SEN: More than 2.4V

VHCL SPEED SE: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving pattern: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

OR

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the closed throttle position switch circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check the voltage between ECM terminal ② and ground under the following conditions.

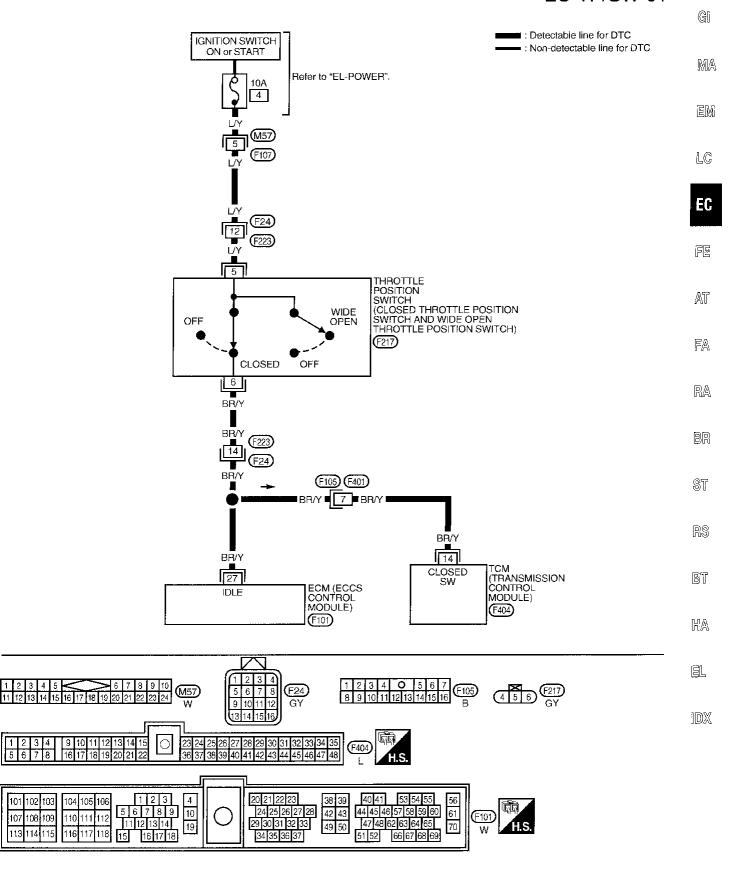
At idle: Battery voltage

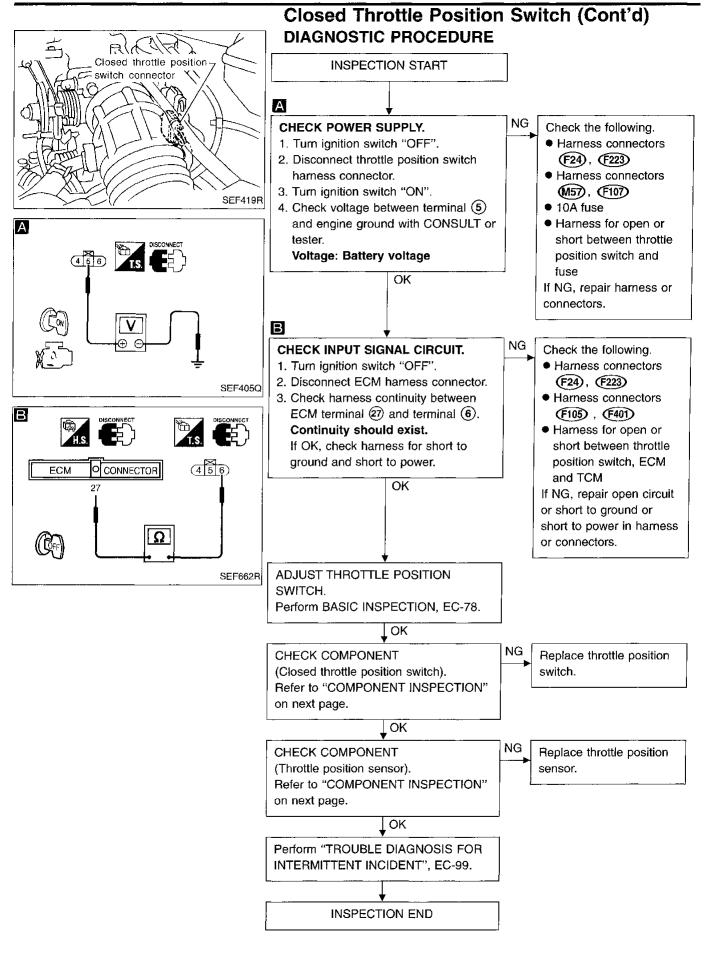
At 2,000 rpm: Approximately 0V

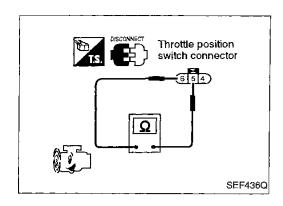
EC-304 464

Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd)

EC-TP/SW-01







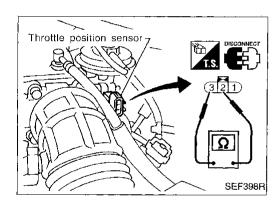
Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Closed throttle position switch

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Disconnect throttle position switch harness connector.
- 4. Check continuity between terminals 5 and 6 while opening throttle valve manually.

Throttle valve conditions	Continuity
Completely closed	Yes
Partially open or completely open	No

If NG, replace throttle position switch. To adjust it, perform "Basic Inspection", EC-78.



Throttle position sensor

- 1. Disconnect throttle position sensor harness connector.
- 2. Make sure that resistance between terminals ② and ③ changes when opening throttle valve manually.

Throttle valve conditions	Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	
Completely closed	Approximately 0.5 k Ω	
Partially open	0.5 - 4 kΩ	
Completely open	Approximately 4 kΩ	

If NG, replace throttle position sensor.

To adjust it, perform "Basic Inspection", EC-78.

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EC-307

A/T Control

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

These circuit lines are used to control the smooth shifting up and down of A/T during the hard acceleration/deceleration.

Voltage signals are exchanged between ECM and TCM (Transmission control module).

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

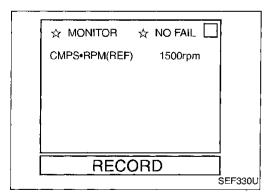
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

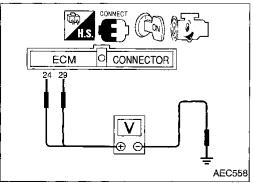
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
24	G/W	A/T signal No. 1	Engine is running. Idle speed	6 - 8V
29	w	A/T signal No. 2	Ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. Idle speed	6 - 8V
30	G/Y	A/T signal No. 3	Ignition switch "ON"	oV

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Item (Possible Cause)	
P0600*	ECM receives incorrect voltage from TCM (Transmission control module) continuously.	Harness or connectors (The circuit between ECM and TCM is open or shorted.)	

^{*:} This DTC can be detected only by "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" with CONSULT.





DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine and race more than 1,000 rpm once, then let it idle for more than 40 seconds.

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the A/T control. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Check voltage between

ECM terminal @ and ground.

ECM terminal and ground.

Voltage: Approximately 7V

DT3

12 G/Y

12

G/Y

30

DT1

10 G/W

G/W

24

DT1

23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48

1 2 3 **O** 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 B

102 103

108 109

107

16 17 18 19 20 21

104 105 106

110 111 112

A/T Control (Cont'd)

TCM (TRANSMISSION CONTROL MODULE)

(ECCS CONTROL MODULE)

(F101)

(F404)

DT2

11

W

29

EC-AT/C-01

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: Detectable line for DTC
: Non-detectable line for DTC

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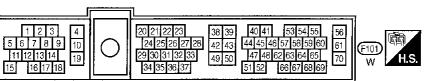
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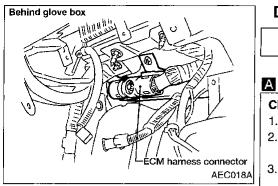
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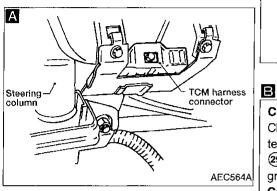
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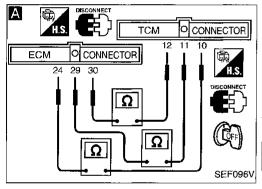
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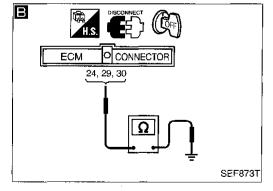
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A/T Control (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

INSPECTION START

CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector and TCM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal (24) and terminal (10), ECM terminal (29) and terminal (11), ECM terminal (30) and terminal (12).

OK

Continuity should exist.

Check the following.

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NG

- Harness connectors (F401), (F105)
- Harness for open or short between ECM and TCM

If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness.

CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.

Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 4 and ground, ECM terminal 9 and ground, ECM terminal 9 and ground.

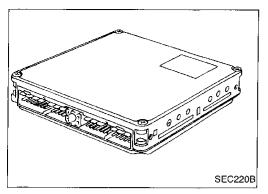
Continuity should not exist.

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-99.

Check the harness for open or short between ECM and TCM.

If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness.



Engine Control Module (ECM)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The ECM consists of a microcomputer, diagnostic test mode selector, and connectors for signal input and output and for power supply. The unit controls the engine.

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ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Item (Possible Cause)
P0605 0301	ECM calculation function is malfunctioning.	• ECM

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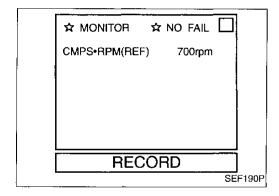
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DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Run engine for at least 30 seconds at idle speed.

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Run engine for at least 30 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Select "Mode 7" with GST.

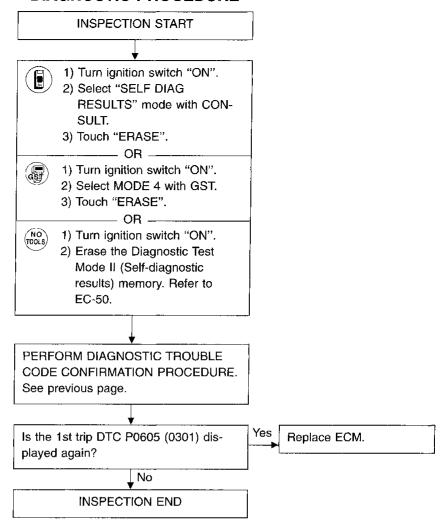
- OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and wait at least 30 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.

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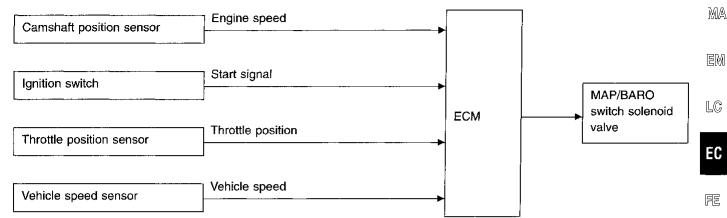
Engine Control Module (ECM) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



EC-312 472

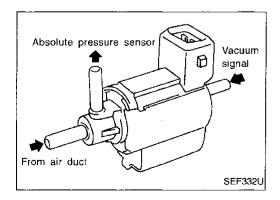
Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve (For California)

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system allows the absolute pressure sensor to monitor either ambient barometric pressure or intake manifold pressure. The MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve switches between two passages by ON-OFF pulse signals from the ECM. (One passage is from the intake air duct, the other is from the intake manifold.) Either ambient barometric pressure or intake manifold pressure is applied to the absolute pressure sensor.

Solenoid	Conditions
	For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch ON (Engine is not running.) OR
	For 5 seconds after starting engine OR
NC	More than 5 minutes after the solenoid valve shuts OFF. and
	Throttle valve is shut or almost fully shut for more than 5 seconds and
	 Vehicle speed is less than 100 km/h (62 MPH).



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve switches its air flow passage according to the voltage signal sent from the ECM. When voltage is supplied from the ECM, the MAP/BARO switch solenoid turns "ON". Then, the absolute pressure sensor can monitor the ambient barometric pressure. When voltage is not supplied from the ECM, the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve turns "OFF". Then, the sensor monitors intake manifold pressure.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
MAP/BARO SW/V	For 5 seconds after starting engine	BARO
	More than 5 seconds after starting engine	MAP

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Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve (For California) (Cont'd)

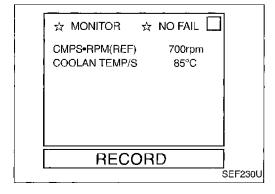
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
59	PU	MAP/BARO switch sole- noid valve	Ignition switch "ON" For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running For 5 seconds after starting engine	Approximately 0V
			Engine is running More than 5 seconds after starting engine	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1105 1302	MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve receives the voltage supplied though ECM does not supply the voltage to the valve.	Harness or connectors (MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve
	B) There is little difference between MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve input voltage at ambient barometric pressure and voltage at intake manifold pressure.	 Harness or connectors (MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) Hoses (Hoses are clogged, vent, kinked, disconnected or improper connection.) Absolute pressure sensor MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve (For California) (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction A

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V.

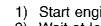
- OR



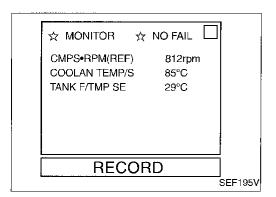
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and let it idle.
- 3) Wait at least 20 seconds.



- 1) Start engine and let it idle.
- 2) Wait at least 20 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST. OR



- Start engine and let it idle. 2) Wait at least 20 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.



Procedure for malfunction B



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Make sure that "TANK/F/TEMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds. – OR -



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 sec-
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Check that voltage between ECM terminal 63 and ground is less than 4.2V.
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.

- OR



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Check that voltage between ECM terminal 63 and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 7) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

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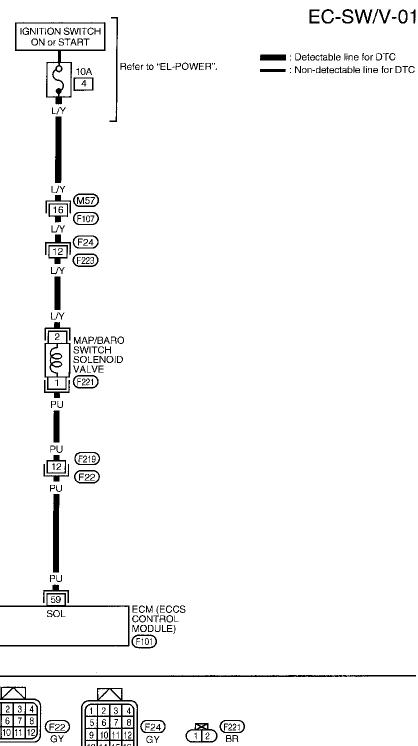
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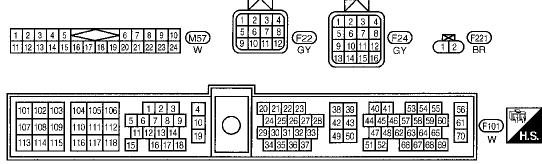
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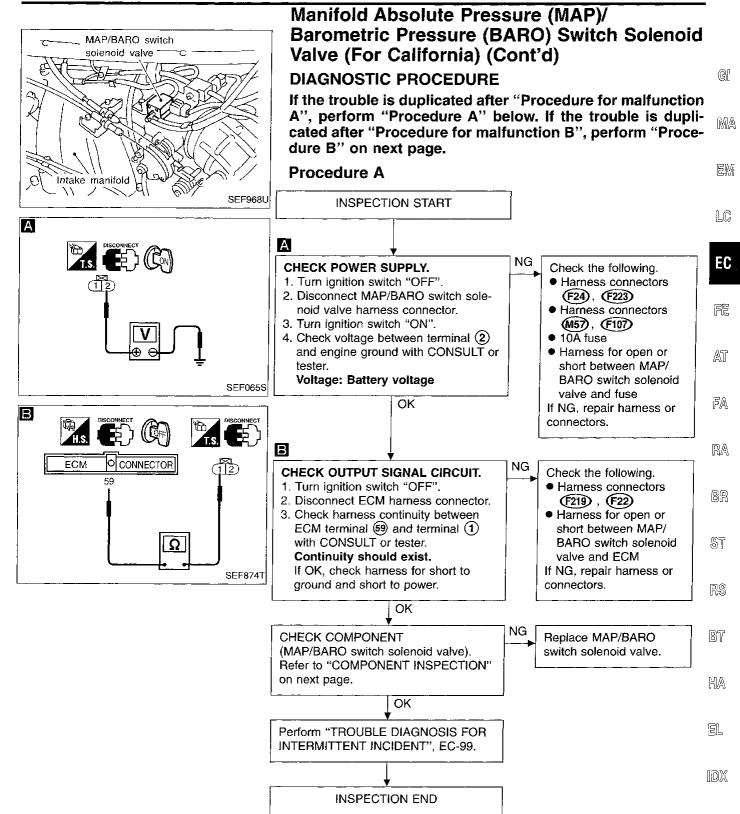
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EC-315

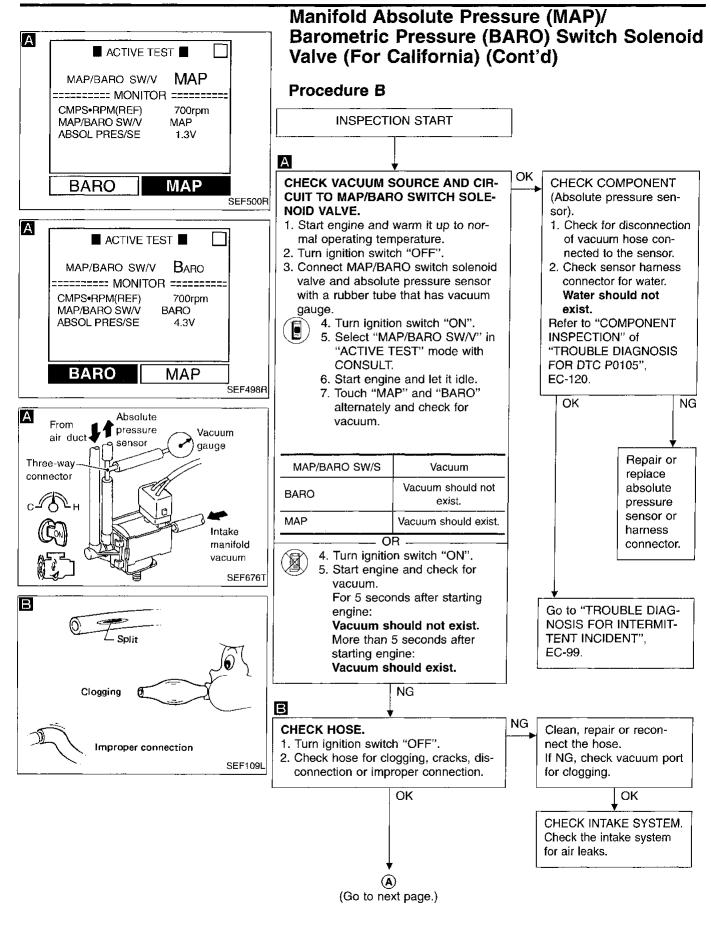
Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve (For California) (Cont'd)

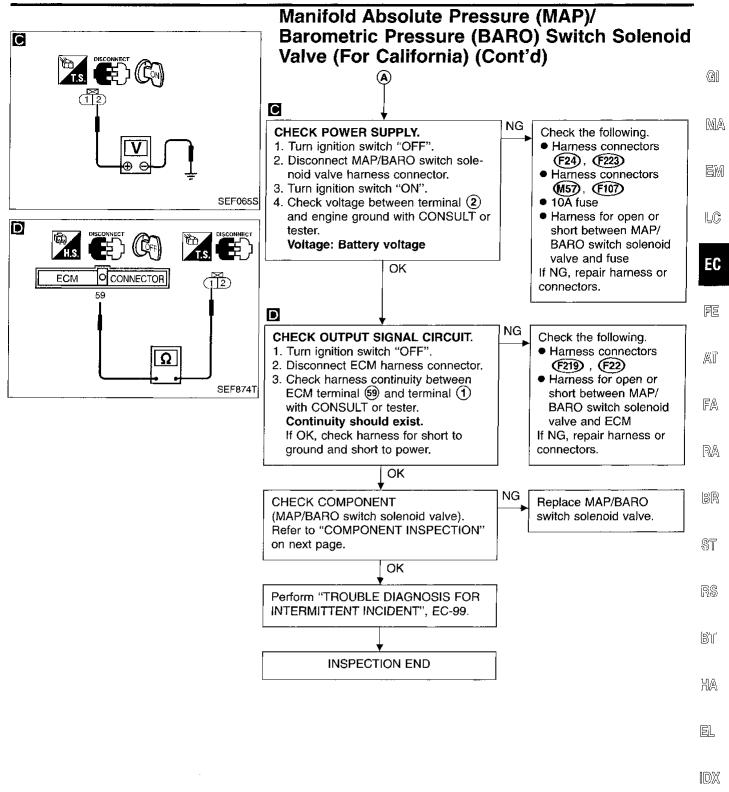


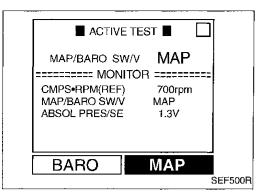


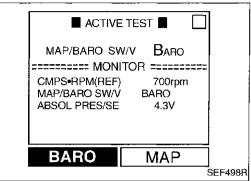


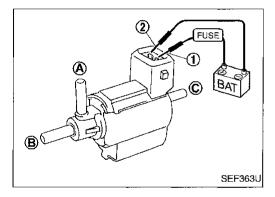
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Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve (For California) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve



- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Perform "MAP/BARO SW/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Check the following.
 - Condition: At idle under no-load
 - CONSULT display

MAP/BARO	ABSOL PRES/SE (Voltage)	
BARO	More than 2.6V	
MAP	Less than the voltage at BARO	
Time for voltage to change		
MAP/BARO SW/V Required time to switch		
BARO to MAP		
MAP to BARO	Less than 1 second	

4. If NG, check solenoid valve as shown below.



- 1. Remove MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve.
- 2. Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

3. If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

EC-320 480

Closed Loop Control

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

★ The closed loop control has the one trip detection logic.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	MA
P1148 0307	 The closed loop control function does not operate even when vehicle is driving in the specified condi- tion. 	 The front heated oxygen sensor circuit is open or shorted. Front heated oxygen sensor 	EM
	uon.	Front heated oxygen sensor heater	LC

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☆ MONITOR ☆ NO FAIL ☐

CMPS•RPM(REF) 2000rpm
FR 02 SENSOR 0.79V
VHCL SPEED SE 75km/h
B/FUEL SCHDL 2.7ms

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Never raise engine speed above 4,200 rpm during the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 1).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm.
- 4) While holding engine speed at 2,000 rpm, check the following.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage should go above 0.61V at least once.

- OR -

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage should go below 0.23V at least once.
 - If the check result is NG, perform "DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE", EC-171.
 - If the check result is OK, perform the following step.
- 5) Let engine idle at least 3 minutes.
- Maintain the following condition at least 50 consecutive seconds.

Closed Loop Control (Cont'd)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.5 ms or more CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,700 - 4,200 rpm Selector lever: Suitable position

VHCL SPEED SE: More than 70 km/h (43 MPH)

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

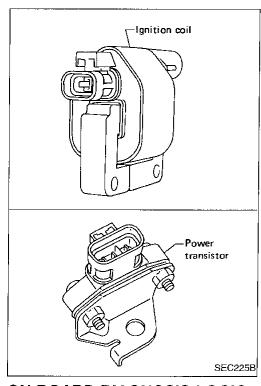
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the closed loop control. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The voltage should go above 0.61V at least once.
 OR
- The voltage should go below 0.23V at least once.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

Refer to TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0133, EC-171.



Ignition Signal

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Ignition coil & power transistor

The ignition signal from the ECM is sent to the power transistor. The power transistor switches on and off the ignition coil primary circuit. As the primary circuit is turned on and off, the proper high voltage is induced in the coil secondary circuit.

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ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	_
P1320 0201	The ignition signal in the primary circuit is not sent to ECM during engine cranking or running.	 Harness or connectors (The ignition primary circuit is open or shorted.) Power transistor unit. 	·····
		 Resistor Camshaft position sensor Camshaft position sensor circuit 	į

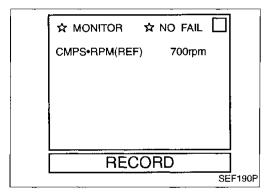
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECCS ground).

Specific	Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (43) (ECCS ground).				BT
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	Ale:
1	L	Ignition signal	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	0.4 - 0.6V (V) 4 2 0 20 ms SEF988U	EL IDX
,	L	igimon signal	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	1.1 - 1.3V (V) 4 2 0 20 ms	

Ignition	Signal	(Cont'd)
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			iginatori orginal (oont a)	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	12 - 14V (V) 40 20 0 20 ms SEF990U
2	W	Ignition check	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	11 - 13V (V) 40 20 0 20 ms



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.
- If both DTC P0340 (0101) and P1320 (0201) are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0340 first. Refer to EC-243.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

- OR -

- OR -

3) Start engine. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" for at least 5 seconds.)



TOOLS

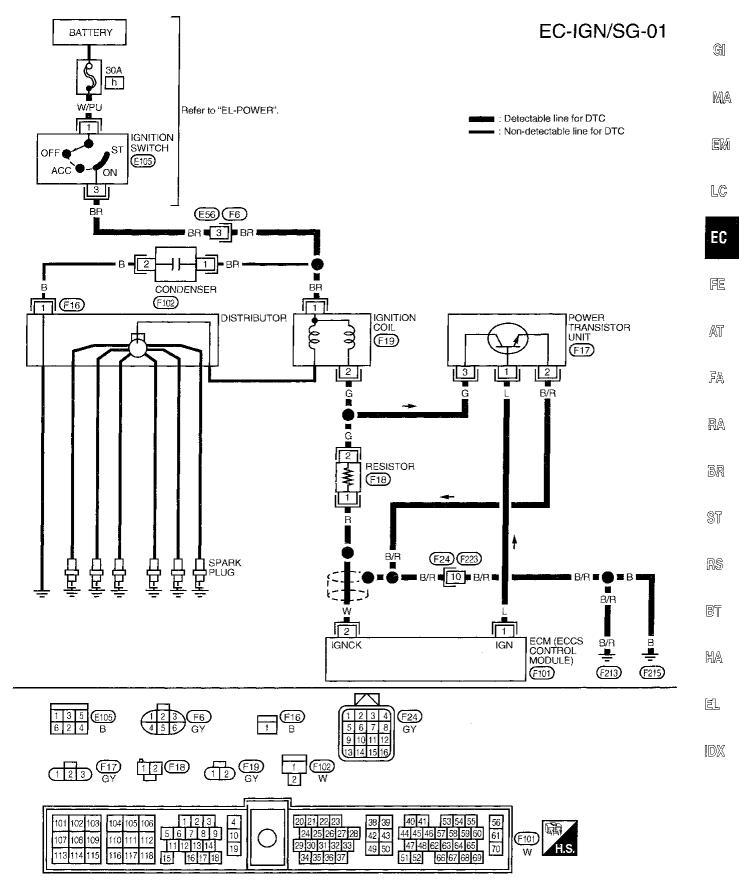
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" for at least 5 seconds.)
- 3) Select MODE 7 with GST.

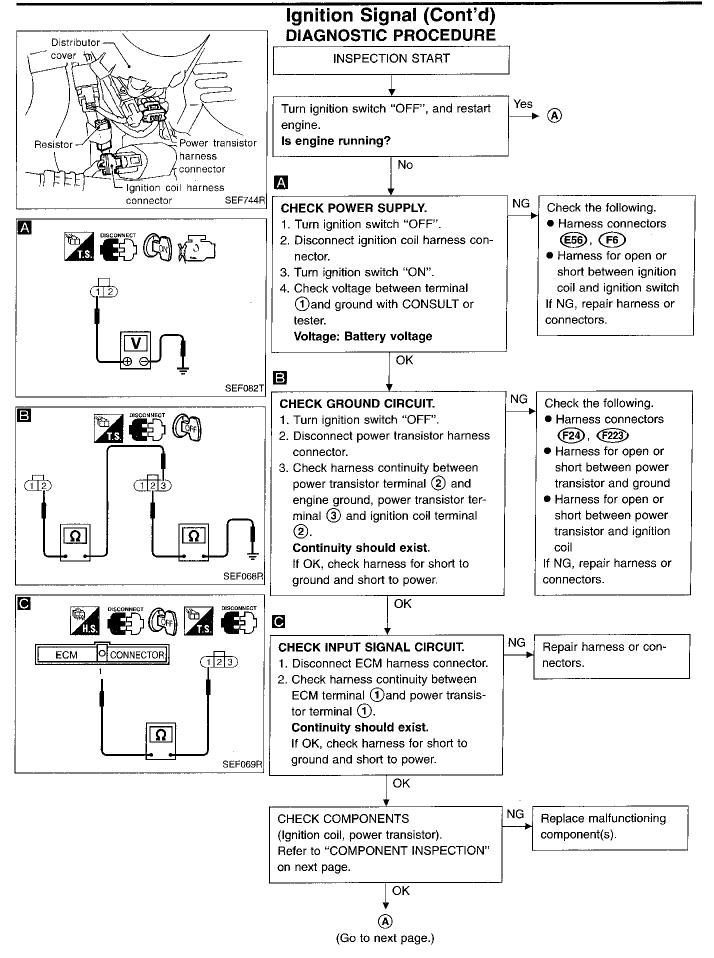


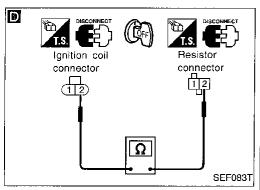
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" for at least 5 seconds.)
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds, then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.

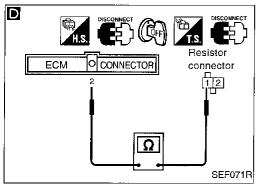
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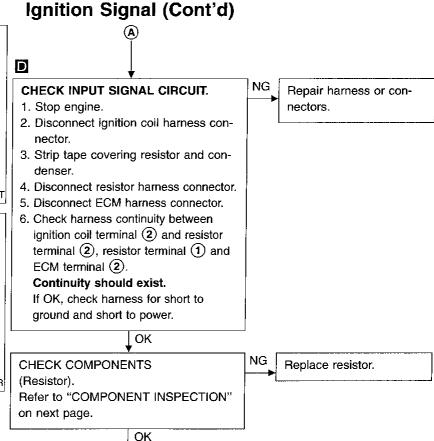
Ignition Signal (Cont'd)

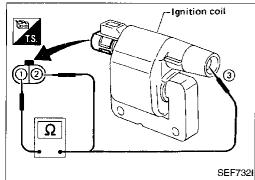


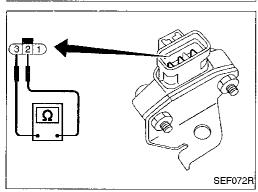












COMPONENT INSPECTION

INSPECTION END

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-99.

Ignition coil

- 1. Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Terminal	Resistance [at 20°C (68°F)]
1 - 2 (Primary coil)	Approximately 1 Ω
① - ③ (Secondary coil)	Approximately 10.0 kΩ

If NG, replace ignition coil.

Power transistor

- Disconnect camshaft position sensor & power transistor harness connector and ignition coil harness connector.
- Check power transistor resistance between terminals ② and ③.

Resistance	Result
Except 0Ω	OK
0Ω	NG

If NG, replace power transistor.

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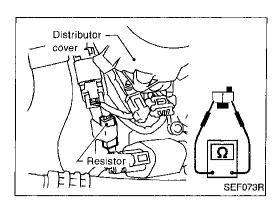
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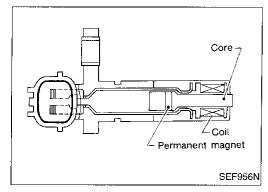
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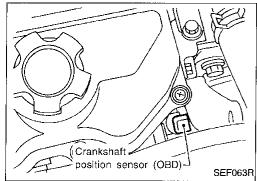


Ignition Signal (Cont'd)

Resistor

- 1. Disconnect resistor harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminals. Resistance: Approximately 2.2 k Ω [at 25°C (77°F)] If NG, replace resistor.





Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is located on the transmission housing facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the flywheel or drive plate. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet, core and coil.

When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

This sensor is not directly used to control the engine system. It is used only for the on board diagnosis.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
50	B/Y	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0V
				Approximately 0V
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	(V) 4 2 0 0.2 ms
53	LG :	Crankshaft position sen-		SEF643U
JJ	LG	sor (OBD)		Approximately 0V
		Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm		
				0.2 ms SEF644U

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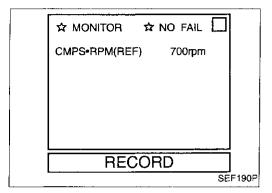
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Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1336 0905		 Harness or connectors Crankshaft position sensor (OBD) Drive plate



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and run it for at least 2 minutes at idle speed.



 Start engine and run it for at least 2 minutes at idle speed.

– OR –

– OR -

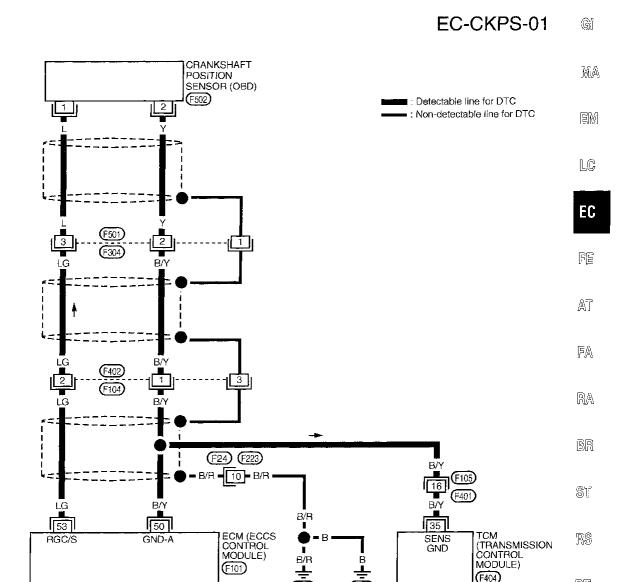
2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.



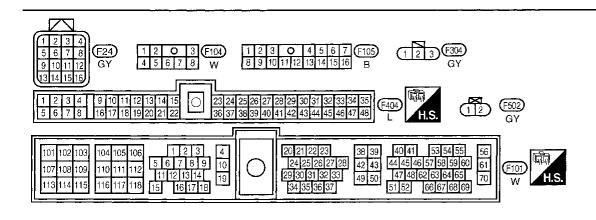
- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 2 minutes at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.

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Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)



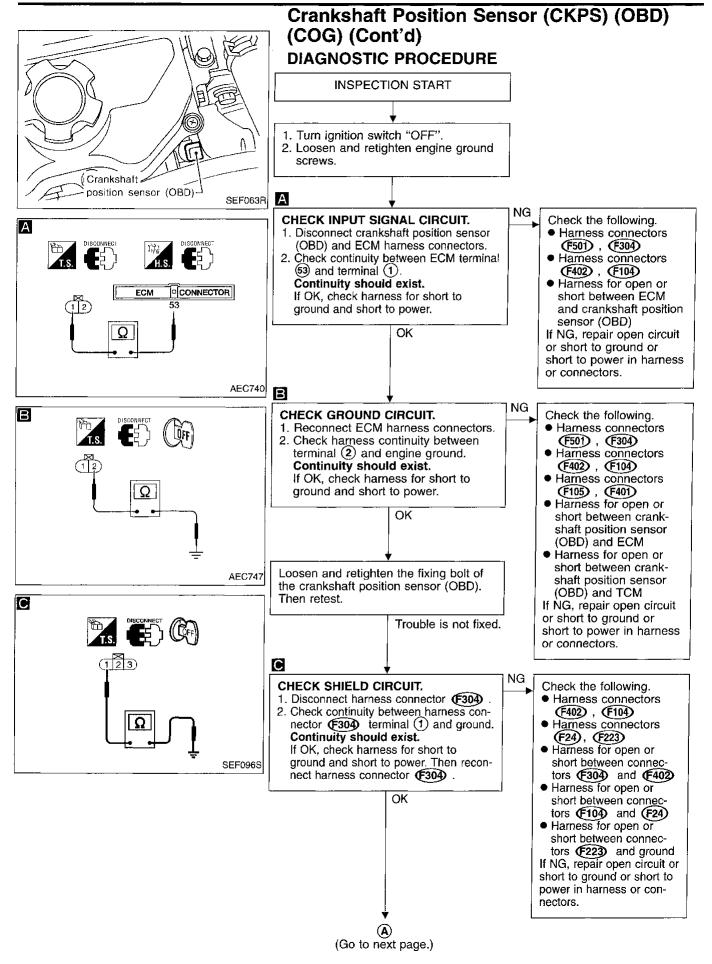
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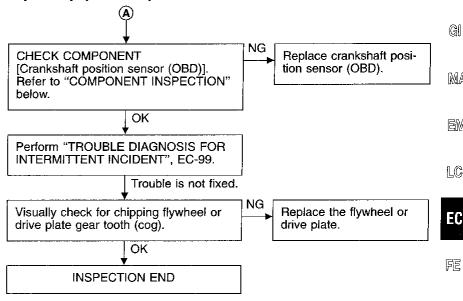
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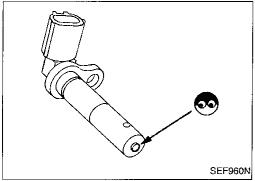
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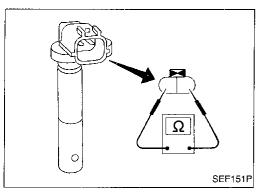
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Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)







COMPONENT INSPECTION

Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)

- Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (OBD) harness connector.
- 2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- Remove the sensor.
- Visually check the sensor for chipping.
- Check resistance as shown in the figure. Resistance: Approximately 432 - 528 Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]

If NG, replace crankshaft position sensor (OBD).



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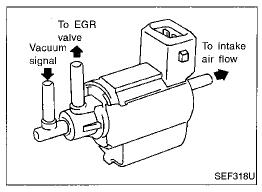
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EGRC-Solenoid Valve COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EGRC-solenoid valve* responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. The vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. The signal then reaches the EGR valve. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, a plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the throttle body to the EGR valve. *: EGR valve and EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve (except for California)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
F0D0 0014/	 Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF Properly raise drive wheels off 	Idle [Vehicle speed is below 12 km/h (7 MPH)]	OFF
EGRC SOL/V	the groundPlace A/T selector lever in "D" positionNo-load	2,000 rpm [Vehicle speed is over 12 km/h (7 MPH)]	ON

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

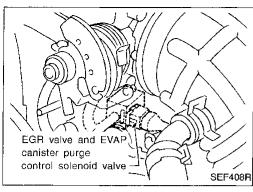
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

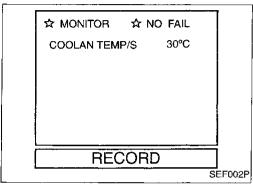
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
103	GY	EGRC-solenoid valve (for California) EGR valve & EVAP can- ister purge control sole-	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) — Properly raise drive wheels off the ground — Set A/T selector lever in "D" position — Engine speed is 2,000 rpm [Vehicle speed is over 12 km/h (7 MPH)]	0.8 - 0.9V
		noid valve (except for California)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is above 3,200 rpm Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1400 1005	The improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EGRC-solenoid valve.	 Harness or connectors (The EGRC-solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) EGRC-solenoid valve*

^{*:} EGR valve & EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve (except for California)





EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

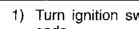
TESTING CONDITION:

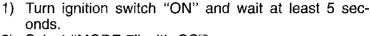
Always perform the test at a temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.

– OR -



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT and wait at least 5 seconds.





2) Select "MODE 7" with GST. OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

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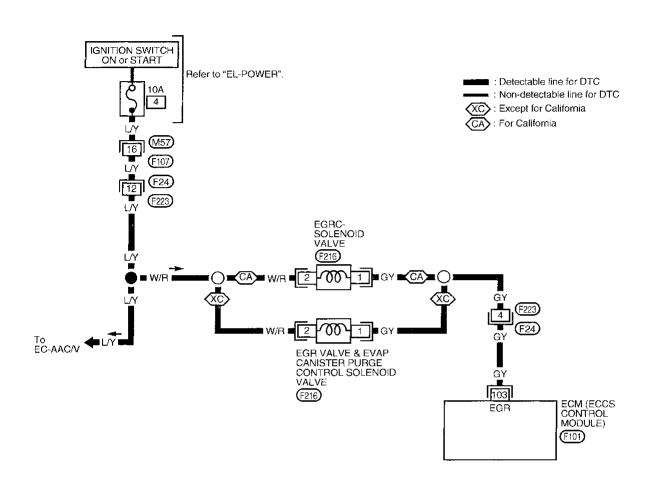
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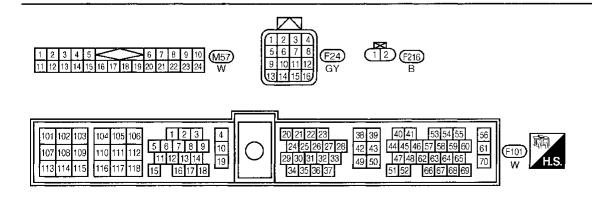
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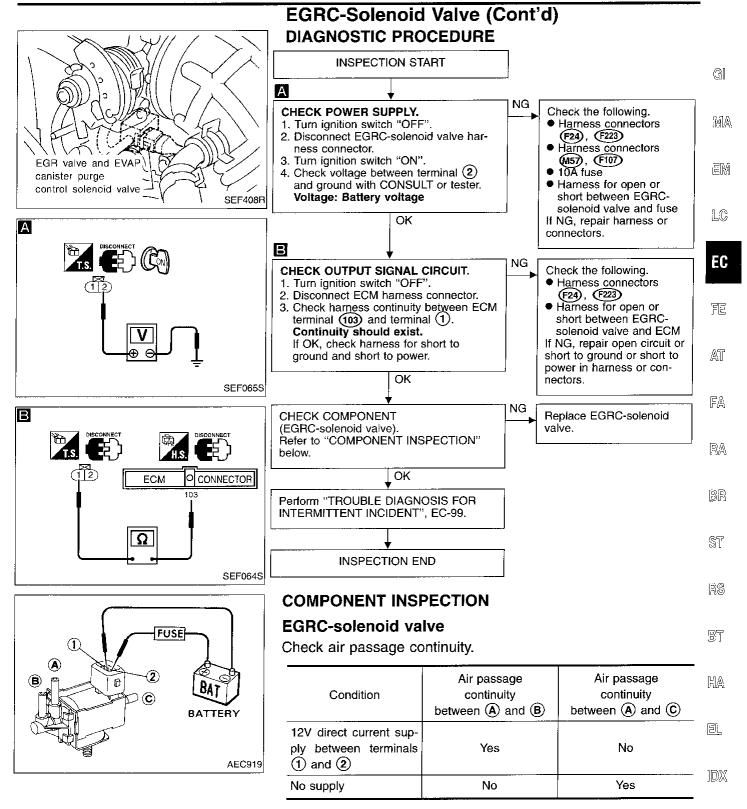
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EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

EC-EGRC/V-01

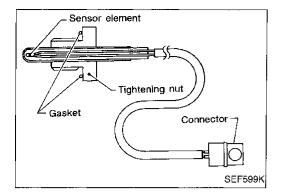


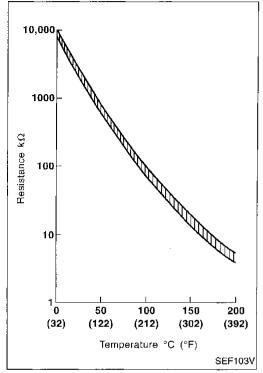




If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

EC-337 497





EGR Temperature Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EGR temperature sensor detects temperature changes in the EGR passage way. When the EGR valve opens, hot exhaust gases flow, and the temperature in the passage way changes. The EGR temperature sensor is a thermistor that modifies a voltage signal sent from the ECM. This modified signal then returns to the ECM as an input signal. As the temperature increases, EGR temperature sensor resistance decreases. This sensor is not used to control the engine system. It is used only for the on board diagnosis.

<Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $M\Omega$
0 (32)	4.81	7.5 - 9.2
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.07 - 0.10

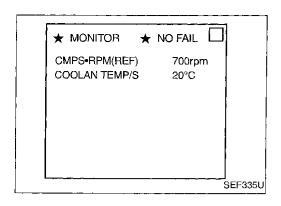
^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 62 (EGR temperature sensor) and ECM terminal 43 (ECCS ground). When EGR system is operating.

Voltage: 0 - 1.5V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1401 0305	A) An excessively low voltage from the EGR temperature sensor is sent to ECM even when engine coolant temperature is low.	 Harness or connectors (The EGR temperature sensor circuit is shorted.) EGR temperature sensor Malfunction of EGR function, EGRC-BPT valve or EGRC-solenoid valve*
	B) An excessively high voltage from the EGR temperature sensor is sent to ECM even when engine coolant temperature is high.	 Harness or connectors (The EGR temperature sensor circuit is open.) EGR temperature sensor Malfunction of EGR function, EGRC-BPT valve or EGRC-solenoid valve*

^{*:} EGR valve & EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve (except for California)



EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

Procedure for malfunction A

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Verify that engine coolant temperature is less than 40°C (104°F).

If the engine coolant temperature is above the range, cool the engine down.

4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- 3) Verify that engine coolant temperature is less than 40°C (104°F).

If the engine coolant temperature is above the range, cool the engine down.

- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

- OR -



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Verify that voltage between ECM terminal (a) (engine coolant temperature) and ground is more 1.5V.

If the voltage is below the range, cool the engine down.

- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

Procedure for malfunction B

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform the test at a temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Run engine at idle for at least 2 minutes.
- Confirm that EGR valve is not lifting.
 If the check result is NG, go to "TROUBLE DIAG-NOSES FOR DTC P0400, P0402 and P1402". (See pages EC-249, 257 and 344.)

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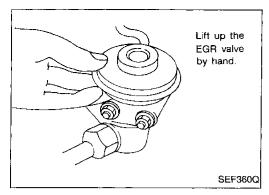
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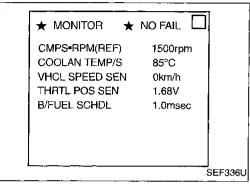
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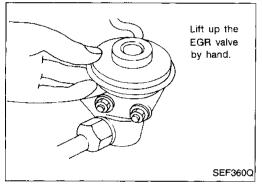
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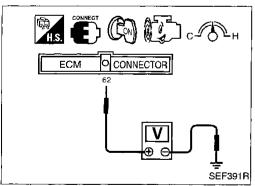
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EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

5) Read "EGR TEMP SEN" at about 1,500 rpm while holding the EGR valve in full open position by hand. **Voltage should decrease to less than 1.0V.** If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-342. If the check result is OK, go to following step.

 Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

7) Turn ignition switch "ON".

8) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" at closed throttle position and note it.

9) Start engine.

10) Maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,400 - 2,000 rpm

VHCL SPEED SE: 10 km/h (6 MPH) or more

B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.75 - 4.0 ms THRTL POS SEN: X - (X + 0.46) V

X = Voltage value measured at

step 7)

Selector lever: Suitable position

OR -

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EGR temperature sensor. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

Procedure for malfunction B



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Run engine at idle for at least 2 minutes.
- 3) Confirm that EGR valve is not lifting. If NG, go to TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR DTC P0400 and P0402 (See pages EC-249 and 257).
- 4) Check voltage between ECM terminal @ and ground at about 1,500 rpm with EGR valve lifted up to the full position by hand.

Voltage should decrease to less than 1.0V.

5) If step 4 is OK, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR DTC P0400, P0402 and P1400 (See pages EC-249, 257 and 334).

TEMPERATURE SENSOR

(F209)

(F24)

B/Y

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GND-A

ECM (ECCS CONTROL MODULE)

(F101)

EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

EC-EGR/TS-01

: Detectable line for DTC
: Non-detectable line for DTC

(F401)

TCM (TRANSMISSION CONTROL MODULE)

(F404)

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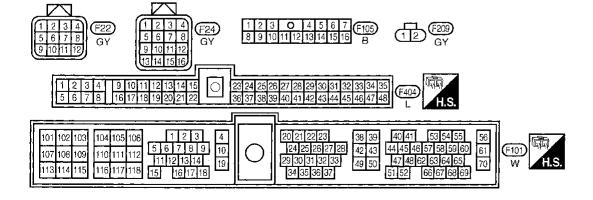
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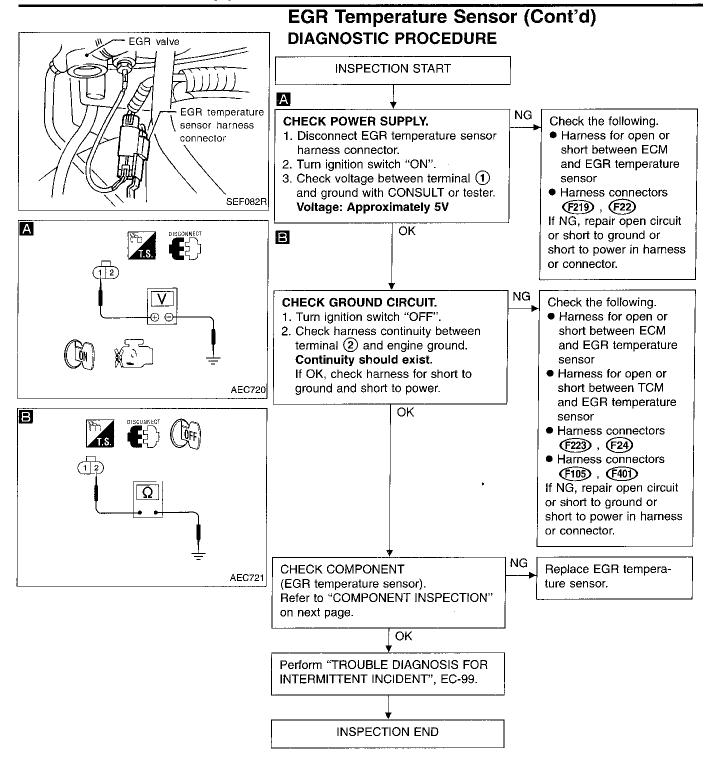
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EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EGR temperature sensor

Check resistance change and resistance value.

<Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance $M\Omega$
0 (32)	4.81	7.5 - 9.2
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.07 - 0.10

If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.



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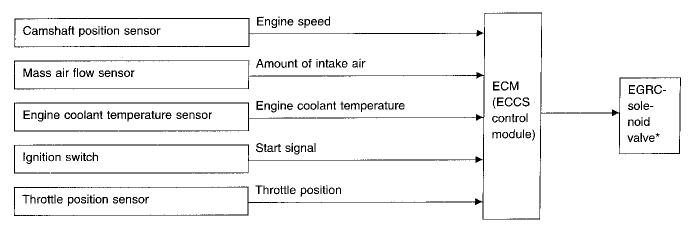
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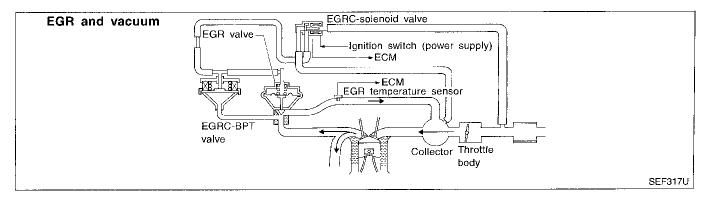
EGR Function (Open)

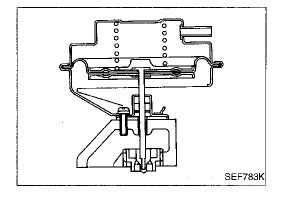
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system cuts and controls vacuum applied to the EGR valve to suit engine operating conditions. This cut-and-control operation is accomplished through the ECM and the EGRC-solenoid valve*. When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, it cuts the current for the solenoid valve. This causes the port vacuum to be discharged into the atmosphere. The EGR valve remains closed.

- Low engine coolant temperature
- Engine starting
- High-speed engine operation
- Engine idling
- Excessively high engine coolant temperature
- Mass air flow sensor malfunction
- *: EGR valve & EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve (except for California)



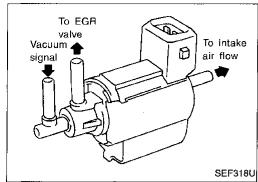


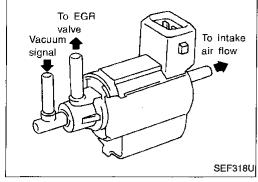
COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) valve

The EGR valve controls the amount of exhaust gas routed to the intake manifold. Vacuum is applied to the EGR valve in response to throttle valve opening. The vacuum controls the movement of a taper valve connected to the vacuum diaphragm in the EGR valve.

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EGR temperature sensor FGR temperature ECM. SEF073P

EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)

EGRC-solenoid valve*

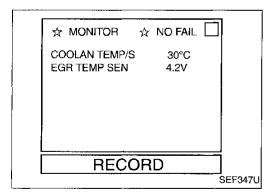
The EGRC-solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the @ solenoid valve is energized. The vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. The signal then reaches the EGR valve. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, a plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the throttle body to the EGR valve. *: EGR valve & EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve (except for California)

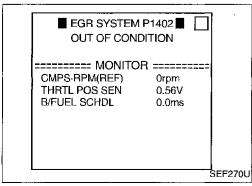
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If EGR temperature sensor detects EGR flow under the condition that does not call for EGR, a high-flow malfunction is diag-

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1402 0514	 The exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) flow is excessively high during the specified driving con- dition. 	EGRC-solenoid valve* EGR valve leaking or stuck open EGR temperature sensor EGRC-BPT valve

^{*:} EGR valve & EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve (except for California)





DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform the test at a temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.
- Engine coolant temperature and EGR temperature must be verified in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT before starting DTC WORK SUPPORT test. If it is out of range below, the test cannot be conducted.

COOLAN TEMP/S: -10 to 40°C (14 to 104°F)

EGR TEMP SEN: Less than 4.8V

If the values are out of the ranges indicated above, park the vehicle in a cool place and allow the engine temperature to stabilize. Do not attempt to reduce the coolant or EGR temperature with a fan or means other than ambient air. Doing so may produce an inaccurate diagnostic result.

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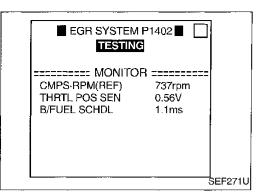
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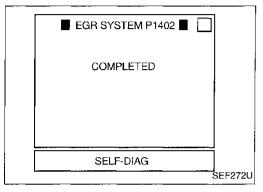
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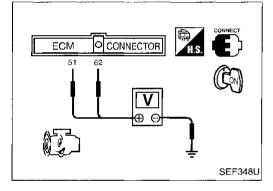
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EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)









1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

2) Select "EGR SYSTEM P1402" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.

3) Touch "START".

4) Start engine and let it idle until "TESTING" on CON-SULT screen is turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take 70 seconds or more.)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, turn ignition "OFF" and cool the engine coolant temperature to the range of -10 to 40°C (14 to 104°F). Retry from step 1).

5) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-348.

GST

1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "MODE 1" with GST.

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2) Check that engine coolant temperature is within the range of -10 to 40°C (14 to 104°F).

3) Check that voltage between ECM terminal @ (EGR temperature) and ground is less than 4.8V.

4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 70 seconds.

5) Stop engine.

6) Perform from step 1) to 4).

7) Select "MODE 3" with GST.

- OR

TOOLS

1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

Check the following voltages.

ECM terminal (a) (engine coolant temperature) and ground:

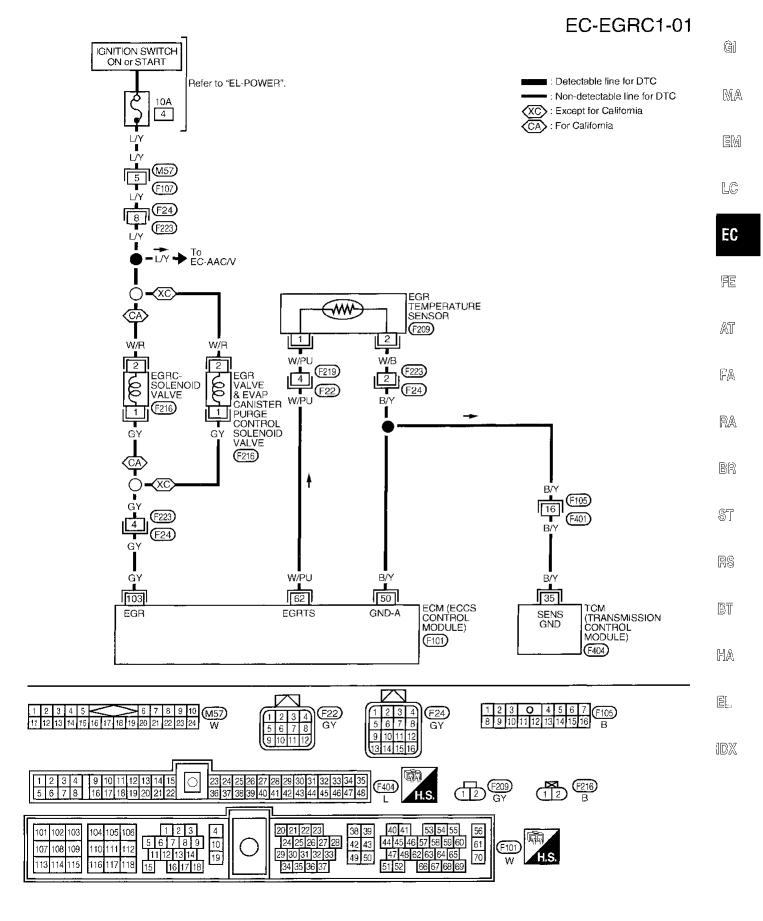
1.5 - 4.4V

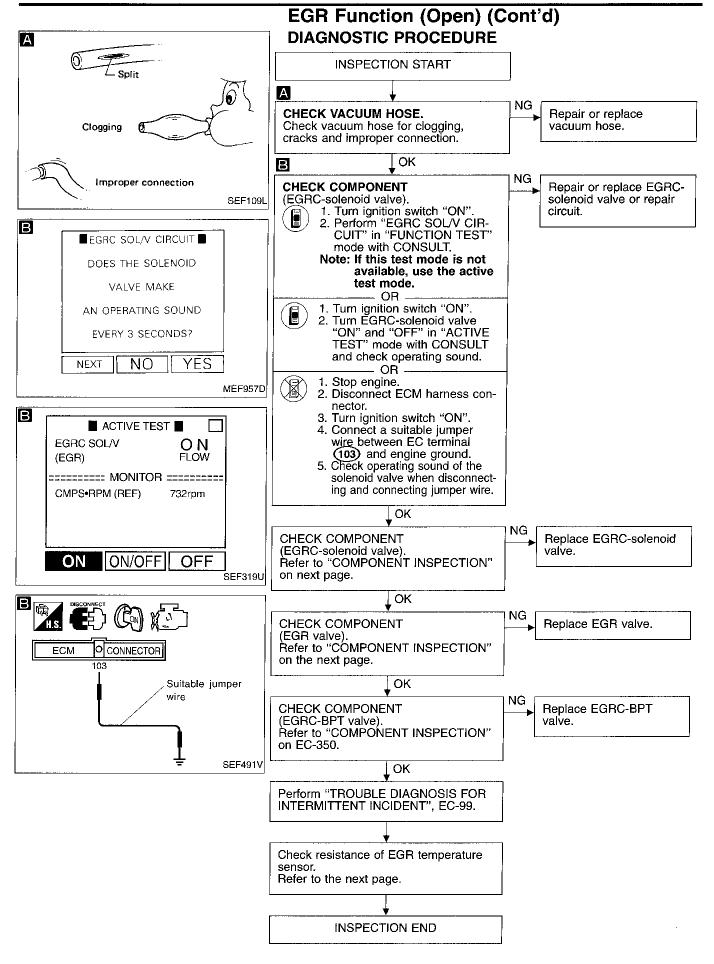
ECM terminal (2) (EGR temperature) and ground: Less than 4.8V

Start engine and let it idle for at least 70 seconds.

- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)





EGR valve MEF137D

(A) **(B)**

FUSE

BATTERY

AEC919

EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd) **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

EGR valve

Apply vacuum to EGR vacuum port with a hand vacuum pump.

EGR valve spring should lift.

Check for sticking

If NG, repair or replace EGR valve.



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EGRC-solenoid valve

Check solenoid valve, following the table as shown below:

Conditions	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EGRCsolenoid valve.

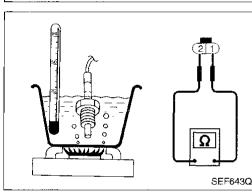
EGR temperature sensor

Check resistance change and resistance value.

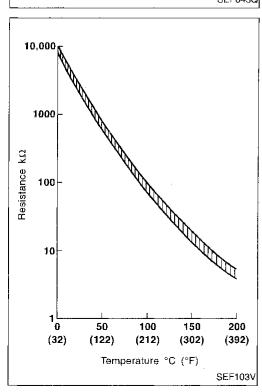
<Reference data>

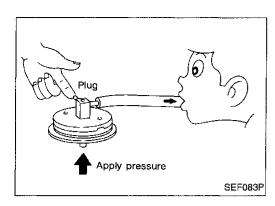
EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance ${ m M}\Omega$
0 (32)	4.81	7.5 - 9.2
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.07 - 0.10

If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.



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EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd) **EGRC-BPT** valve

- 1. Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.
- Vacuum from the other port and check for leakage while applying a pressure above 0.981 kPa (100 mmH₂O, 3.94 inH₂O) from under EGRC-BPT valve.

 3. If a leakage is noted, replace the valve.

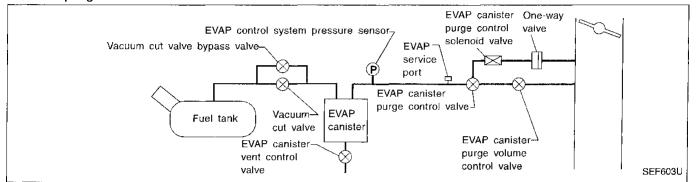
510 **EC-350**

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (For California)

Note: If both DTC P1440 and P1448 are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-369.)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP purge line using of vapor pressure in the fuel tank. The EVAP canister vent control valve is closed to shut the EVAP purge line. The vacuum cut valve bypass valve will then be opened to clear the line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister purge control valve. The EVAP control system pressure sensor can now monitor the pressure inside the fuel tank. If pressure increases, the ECM will check for leaks in the line between the vacuum cut valve and EVAP canister purge control valve.



ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	[
P1440 0213	EVAP control system has a leak. EVAP control system does not operate properly.	 Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve Incorrect fuel filler cap used Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close. Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap. 	
		 Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve. 	<u>_</u>
,		 EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks EVAP purge line rubber tube bent. 	100
		 Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system pressure sensor Loose or disconnected rubber tube EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit 	H
		 EVAP canister purge control valve EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve and circuit EVAP canister purge volume control valve and circuit Absolute pressure sensor 	E
	 Tank fuel temperature sensor MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve and the circuit Blocked or bent rubber tube to MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve 	00	
	 O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged. Water separator EVAP canister is saturated with water. 		

CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine rubber tube as a replacement.

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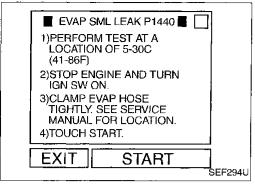
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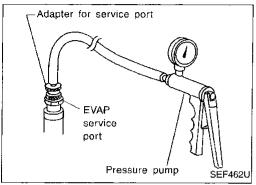
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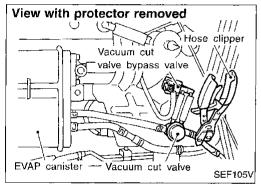
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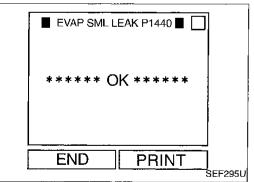
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (For California) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

- Never use compressed air or high pressure pump.
 Otherwise, EVAP system may be damaged.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in EVAP system.

NOTE:

- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.
- Always remove service port adapter from service port after applying air up to 0.69 to 1.38 kPa (5.14 to 10.34 mmHg, 0.202 to 0.407 inHg).
- During the test, clamp the EVAP hose tightly as shown at left
- If both DTC P1440 and P1448 are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-380.)



- 1) Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2) Clamp EVAP hose as shown on the left.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "EVAP SML LEAK P1440" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
 - Follow the instruction displayed.
- 5) Make sure that "OK" is displayed.

 If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-354.

NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-44 before driving vehicle.

- OR -



- Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-44.
- 3) Stop vehicle.
- 4) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine.

It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.

- 7) Drive vehicle again according to the "Driving pattern", EC-44.
- 8) Stop vehicle.
- 9) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- If P1447 is displayed on the screen, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447", EC-373.
- If P0440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-270.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (For California) (Cont'd)

- If P1440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE" in "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1440", EC-354.
- If P0440, P1440 and P1447 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.
- 10) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 5).

---- OR -

NOTE:

- Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-44 before driving vehicle.
- It is better that the fuel level is low.



- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-44.
- 3) Stop vehicle.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Perform the step 1) to 4) again.
- 6) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode I! (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.



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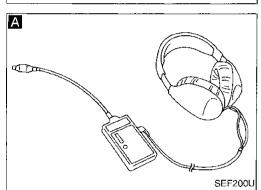
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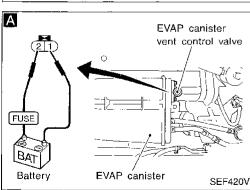
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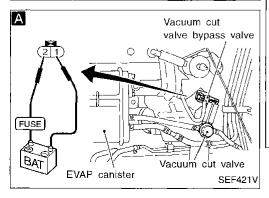
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-Adapter for service port **EVAP** service port Pressure pump SEF462U

Α EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE APPLY PRESSURE TO EVAP SYSTEM FROM SERVICE PORT USING HAND PUMP WITH PRESSURE GAUGE AT NEXT SCREEN. NEVER USE COMPRESSED AIR OR HIGH PRESSURE PUMP! DO NOT START ENGINE. TOUCH START. CANCEL START SEF658U







Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (For California) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

INSPECTION START

CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.

Check for genuine fuel filler cap

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap. If the air releasing sound is heard, go

If the air releasing sound is not heard, check the following. Was the cap tightened properly?
If Yes, check fuel filler cap vacuum relief valve.
Refer to "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM", EC-23.
If No, open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and filler neck thread using air blower. Retighten until ratching sound is beard.

is heard.

OK

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CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK.

Never use compressed air or high

pressure pump. Improper installation of service

port may cause leaking. Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.

To locate EVAP leak portion, proceed with the following steps.

1. Install the EVAP service port adapter

Install the EVAP service port adapter and the pressure pump securely.

2. Turn ignition switch "ON".
Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT.

3. Touch "START" and apply pressure to the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches middle of the bar graph

graph.
Using EVAP leak detector, locate the leak portion. For the leak detector, refer to instruction manual for more details.

Refer to "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM", EC-23. OR

2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

Apply 12 voits DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test i

4. Apply 12 volts DC to vacuum cut valve bypass valve. The valve will open. (Continue to apply 12V until the end of test.)

5. Pressurize the EVAP line using

pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump

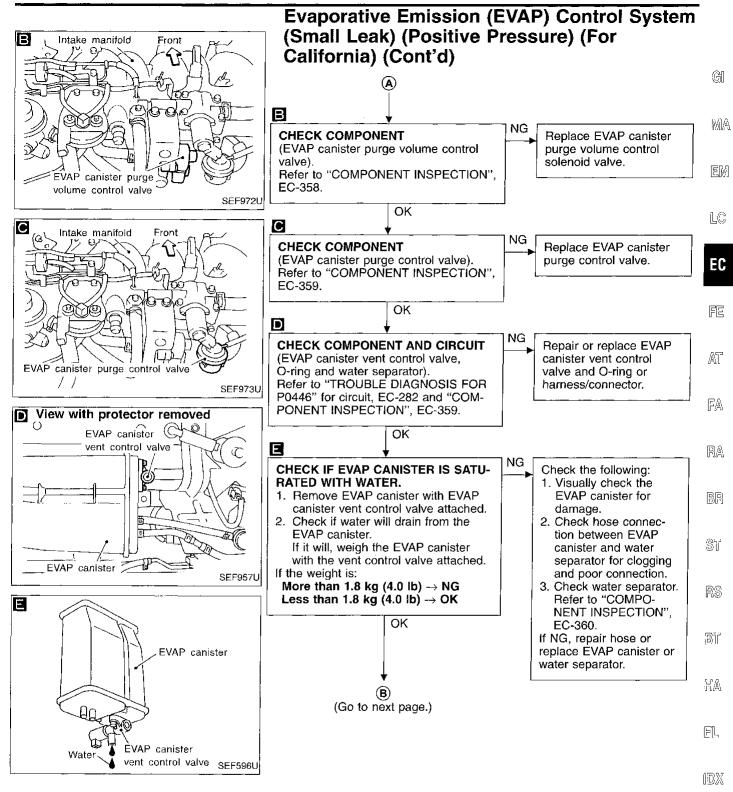
and service port adapter.
Locate the leak using a leak
detector. Refer to the instruction
manual for more details about the leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-23.

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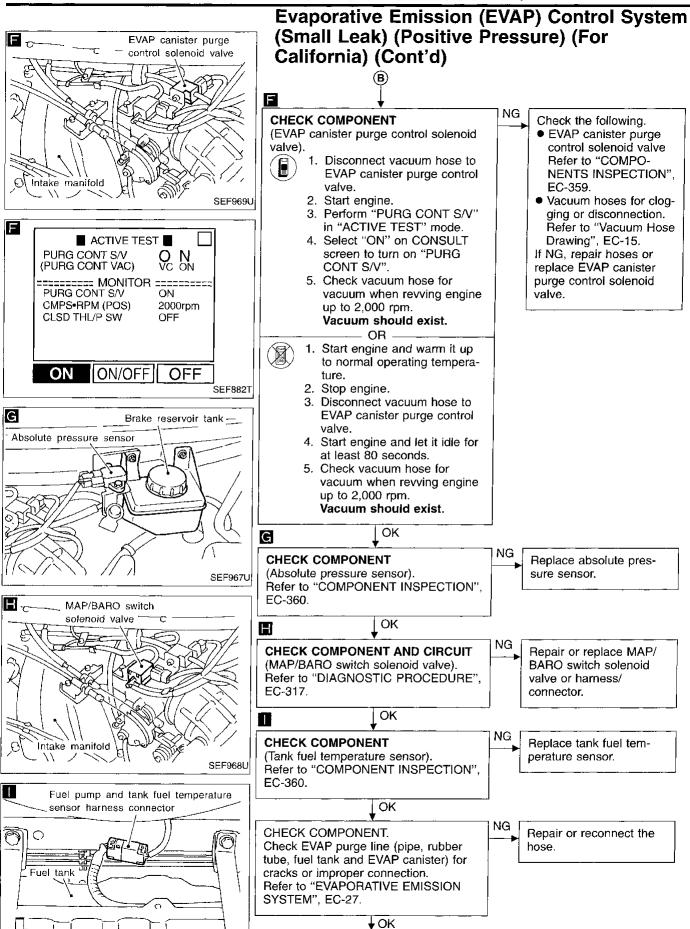
Repair or replace.

If genuine filler cap is not used, replace with genu-ine fuel filler cap.





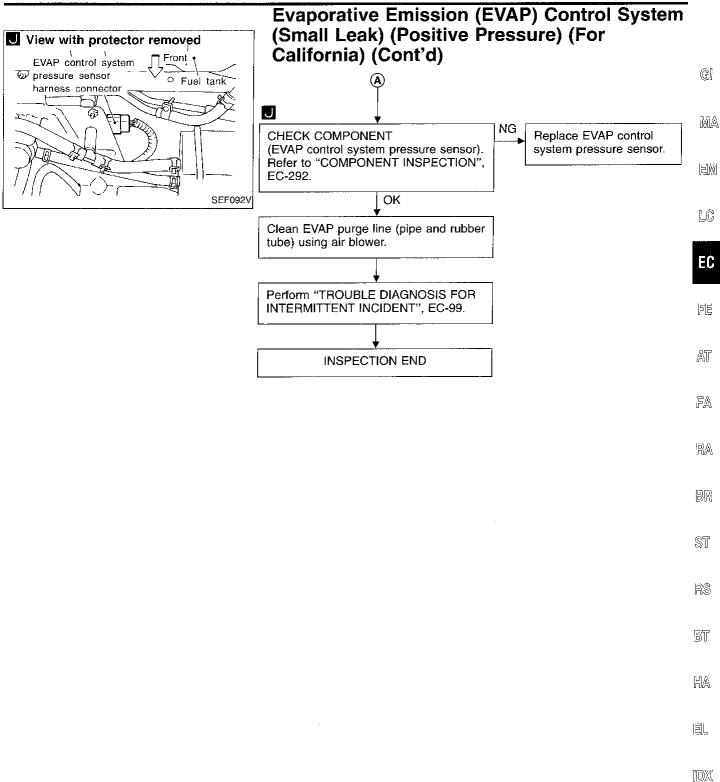
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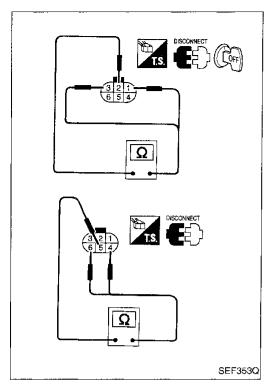
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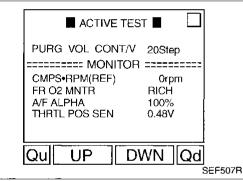
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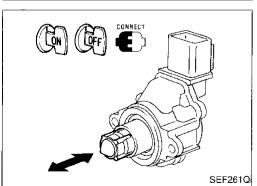
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EC-357 517







Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (For California) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge volume control valve



- 1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③ terminal ⑤ and terminals ④, ⑥

Resistance:

Approximately 35 - 43 Ω [At 25°C (77°F)]

- Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge vol-
 - (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the valve opening.

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.



- OR -

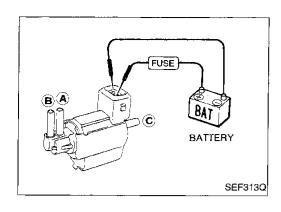
- 1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③ terminal ⑤ and terminals ④, ⑥

Resistance:

Approximately 35 - 43Ω [At 25°C (77°F)]

- 3. Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 - (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and "OFF". Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the ignition switch position.
 - If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.

EC-358 518



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (For California) (Cont'd)

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current sup- ply between terminals	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

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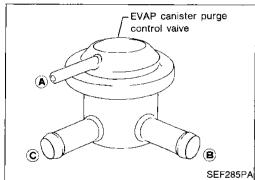
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EVAP canister purge control valve

Check EVAP canister purge control valve as follows:

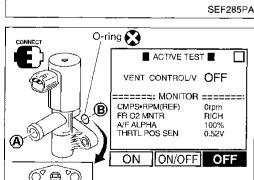
- 1. Blow air in port (A), (B) and (C), then ensure that there is no leakage.
- 2. Apply vacuum to port (a). [Approximately -13.3 to -20.0 kPa (-100 to -150 mmHg, -3.94 to -5.91 inHg)] Blow air in port (c) and ensure free flow out of port (B).

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EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
ON	No	
OFF	Yes	

OR

0		
2	1 B	Condition
FUSE	O-ring	12V direct current suppression terminals (1) and (2)
	5.1 - 6.3 N·m	No supply
BATTERY	(0.52 - 0.64 kg-m, 45.1 - 55.6 in-lb)	

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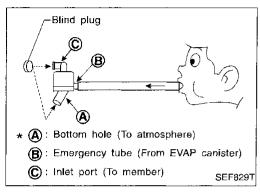
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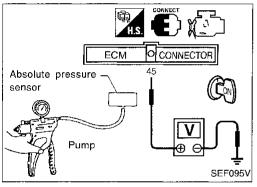
Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	No
No supply	Yes

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (For California) (Cont'd)

If NG, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary. If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.





Water separator

- Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.

Absolute pressure sensor

- Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from absolute pressure sensor.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal (45) and engine ground.

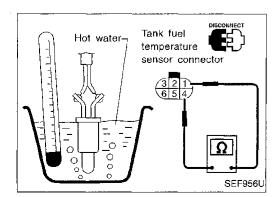
The voltage should be 3.2 to 4.8 V.

4. Use pump to apply vacuum of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.

The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 V lower than the value measured in step 7.

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg) or vacuum below –93.3 kPa (–700 mmHg, –27.56 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.



Tank fuel temperature sensor

Check resistance by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

If NG, replace tank fuel temperature sensor.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (for California)

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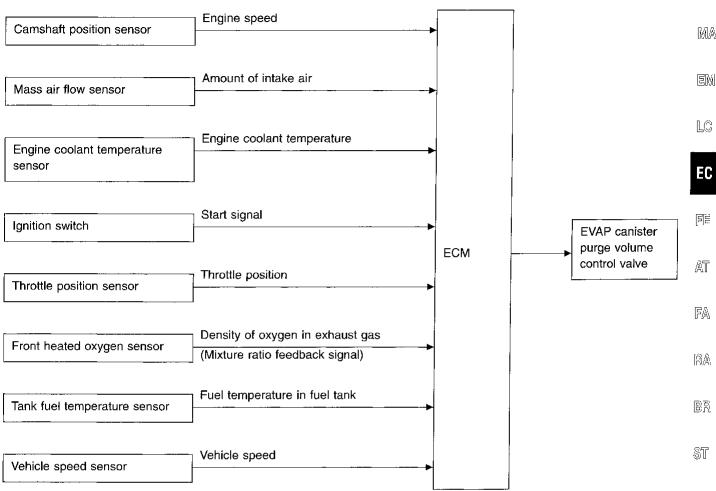
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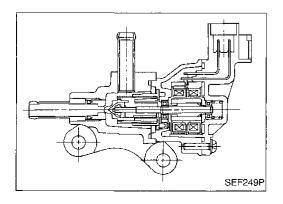
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SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control valve changes to control the flow rate. A built-in step motor moves the valve in steps corresponding to the ECM output pulses. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control valve uses a step motor to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. This motor has four winding phases. It operates according to the output pulse signal of the ECM. Two windings are turned ON and OFF in sequence. Each time an ON pulse is issued, the valve opens or closes, changing the flow rate. When no change in the flow rate is needed, the ECM does not issue the pulse signal. A certain voltage signal is issued so that the valve remains at that particular opening.

EC-361 521

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (for California) (Cont'd)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
		Idle	0 step
PURG VOL C/V	Engine: After warming upAir conditioner switch "OFF"	Vehicle running (Shift lever "D") 2,000 rpm (90 seconds after start- ing engine)	More than 0 step

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

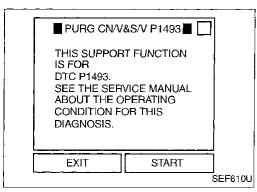
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

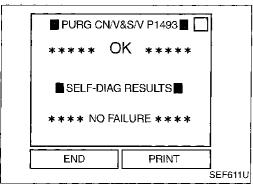
TER- WIRE			
NO. COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
4 W/G	ECCS relay (Self-shut-off)	Engine is running. Ignition switch "OFF" For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V
		Ignition switch "OFF" A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
56 61 W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
113 B/W	Current return	Engine is running. Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
5 G/B	EVAP canister purge	Engine is running.	0 - 0.4V
6 L	volume control valve	Idle speed	0 - 0.49
16 G/W	EVAP canister purge	Engine is running.	BATTERY VOLTAGE
17 R/G	volume control valve	L Idle speed	(11 - 14V)

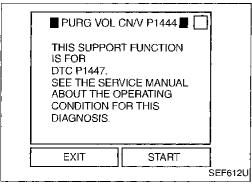
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

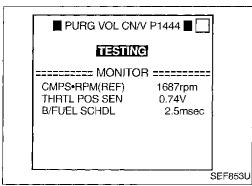
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1444 0214	The canister purge flow is detected during the specified driving conditions, even when EVAP canister purge volume control valve is completely closed.	 EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister purge volume control valve (The valve is stuck open.) EVAP canister purge control valve Hoses (Hoses are connected incorrectly or clogged.) EVAP canister vent control valve

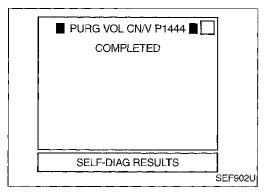
EC-362











Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (for California) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "PURG CN/V & S/V P1493" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Touch "START"
- 6) Start engine and let it idle for at least 90 seconds.
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take for at least 30 seconds.)

Selector lever: Suitable position Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH) CMPS·RPM (POS): 1,000 - 2,750 rpm B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.8 - 7.3 ms

- Stop vehicle with engine running.
- Select "PURG VOL C/V P1444" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 10) Touch "START".

If "COMPLETED" is displayed, go to step 12).

11) When the following conditions are met, "TEŚTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take for at least 20 seconds.)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH)

CMPS·RPM (POS): 1,000 - 2,750 rpm

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.8 - 7.3 ms

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

12) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-365.

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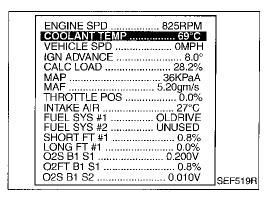
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (for California) (Cont'd)

– OR –

1) Start engine and



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- 3) Check coolant temperature.

Coolant temperature: 40 - 100°C (104 - 212°F)
Be sure that water temperature does not exceed 100°C. If it becomes higher than 100°C, cool down the engine and perform the procedure again from the beginning.

- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 15 seconds.
- 6) Restart engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
- 7) Maintain the following conditions for at least 80 seconds.

Gear position: Suitable gear position Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH)

Engine speed: 1,000 - 2,750 rpm

Coolant temperature: 40 - 100°C (104 - 212°F)

8) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

NOTE:

- Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during driving in step 8.
- If the driving conditions are not satisfied in step 8, restart the procedure.

- OR -

• It is better that the fuel level is low.

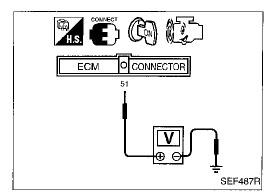
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check voltage between ECM terminal (5) and ground Voltage: 0.8 1.5V

Perform the following procedure before the voltage drops below 0.8V. If the voltage drops below 0.8V, cool down the engine and perform the entire procedure all over again.

- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 15 sec-
- 5) Restart engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
- 6) Maintain the following conditions for at least 80 seconds.

Gear position: Suitable gear position
Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH)
Engine speed: 1,000 - 2,750 rpm
Check voltage between ECM terminal ⑤ and ground: 0.8 - 1.5 V

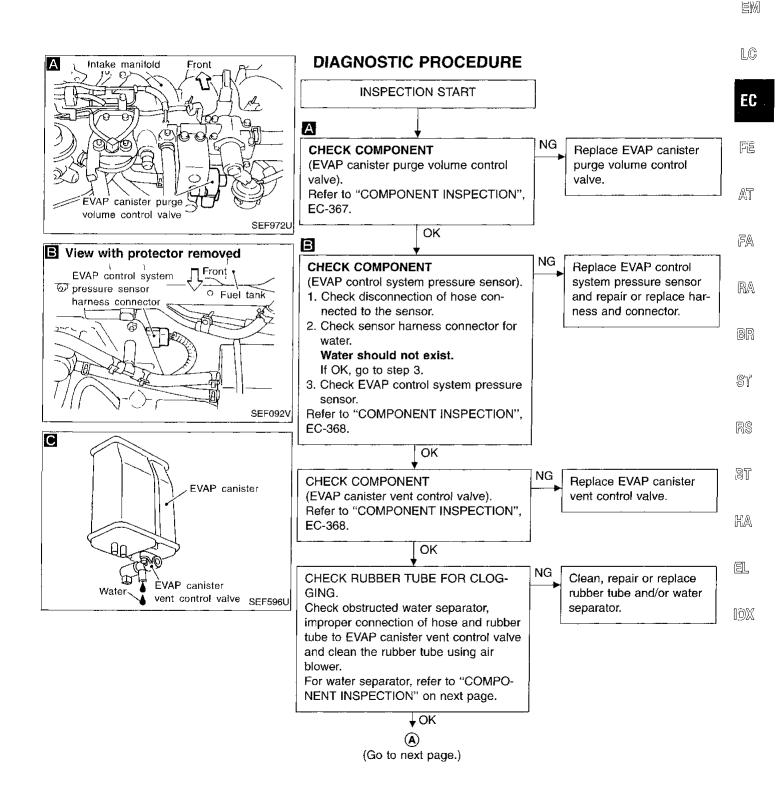
- 7) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds, and then turn "ON".
- 8) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.



EC-364 524

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (for California) (Cont'd) NOTE:

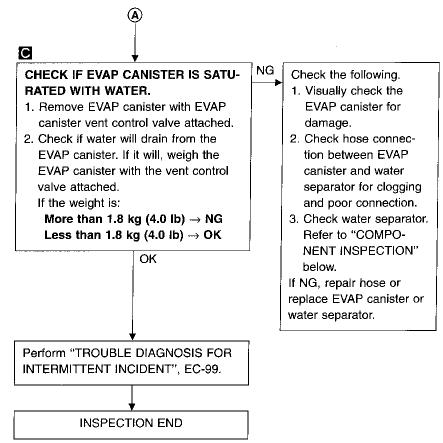
- Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during driving in step 7.
- If the driving conditions are not satisfied in step 7, restart the procedure.
- It is better that the fuel level is low.

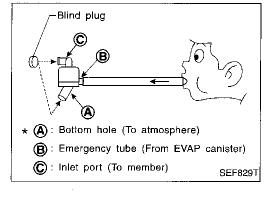


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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (for California) (Cont'd)



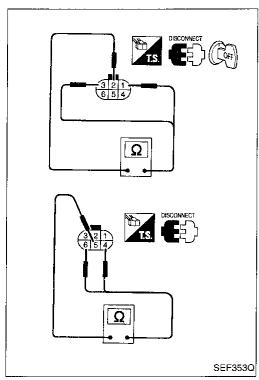


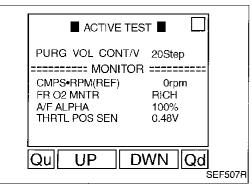
COMPONENT INSPECTION

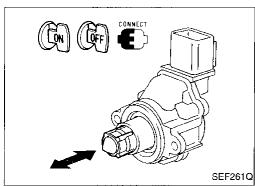
Water separator

- Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.

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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (for California) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge volume control valve



- 1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③ terminal ⑤ and terminals ④, ⑥

Resistance:

Approximately 35 - 43 Ω [At 25°C (77°F)]

- 3. Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge vol-
 - (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
 Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the valve open-
 - If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.



1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.

- OR —

Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③ terminal ⑤ and terminals ④, ⑥

Resistance:

Approximately 35 - 43Ω [At 25°C (77°F)]

- Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 - (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and "OFF". Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the ignition switch position.
 - If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.

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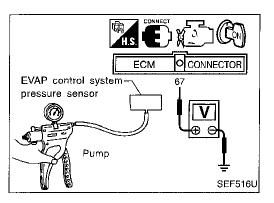
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (for California) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP control system pressure sensor

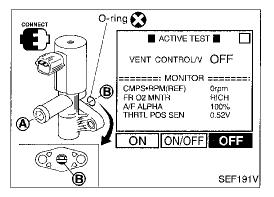
- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

CAUTION:

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- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 in Hg) or vacuum below –20.0 kPa (–150 mmHg, –5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

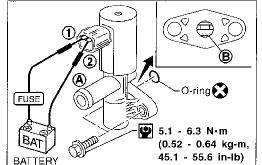


EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
No
Yes

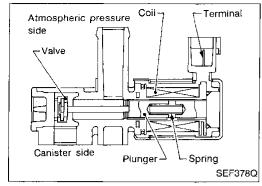


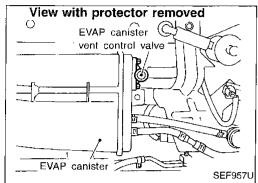
<u> </u>	
Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	No
No supply	Yes

If NG, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary. If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (For California)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF

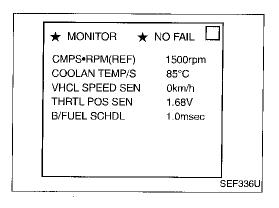
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
108	LG/B	EVAP canister vent control valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P1446 0215	EVAP canister vent control valve remains closed under specified driving conditions.	 EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve Water separator EVAP canister is saturated with water. 	



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (For California) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for a maximum of 15 minutes.

NOTE:

If a malfunction exists, NG result may reveal soon.

— OR

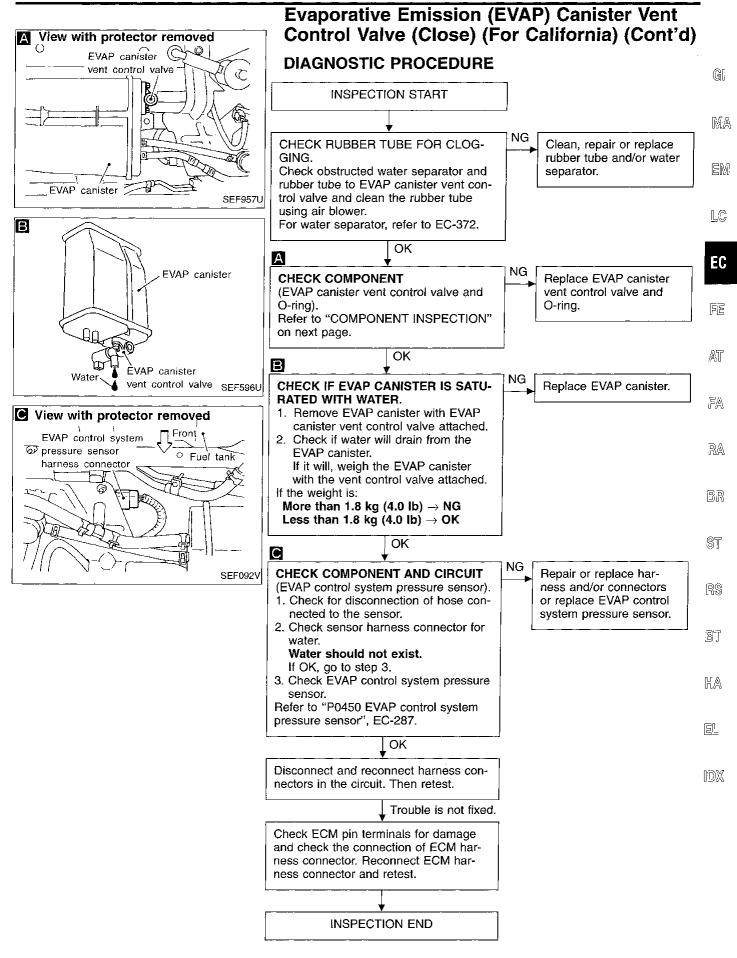
- OR -



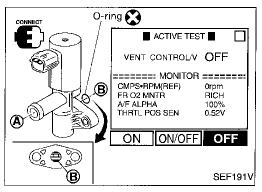
- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for 15 minutes.
- 3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

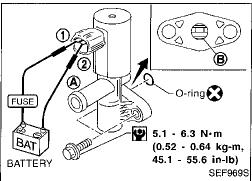


- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for 15 minutes.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.



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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (For California) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

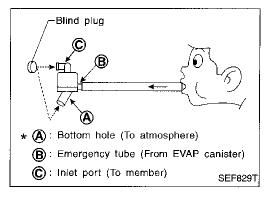
OR



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
No supply	Yes

If NG, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary. If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.



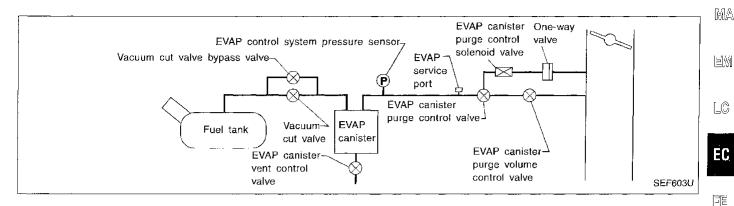
Water separator

- Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.

EC-372 532

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (For California)

NOTE: If both DTC P0510 and P1447 are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0510 first. (See EC-303.)



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

In this evaporative emission (EVAP) control system, purge flow occurs during non-closed throttle conditions. Purge volume is related to air intake volume. Under normal purge conditions (non-closed throttle), the EVAP canister purge volume control valve and EVAP canister purge control valve are open. Purge flow exposes the EVAP control system pressure sensor to intake manifold vacuum.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Under normal conditions (non-closed throttle), sensor output voltage indicates if pressure drop and purge flow are adequate. If not, a fault is determined.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	B(
P1447 0111	 EVAP control system does not operate properly. EVAP control system has a leak between intake manifold and EVAP control system pressure sensor. 	 EVAP canister purge volume control valve stuck closed EVAP canister purge control valve stuck closed EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit Loose, disconnected or improper connection of 	S1 R:
		rubber tube Blocked rubber tube EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve Blocked or bent rubber tube to MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve	
		 Cracked EVAP canister EVAP canister purge volume control valve Closed throttle position switch 	H/
		Improper connection of one-way valve Blocked purge port EVAP canister vent control valve	EL

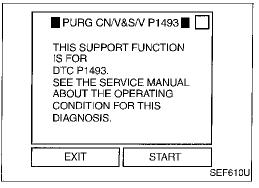
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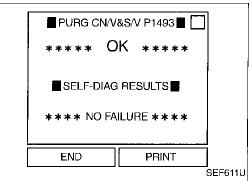
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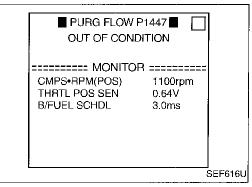
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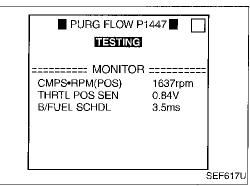
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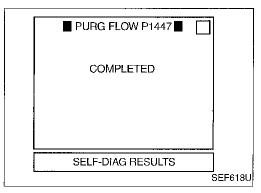
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (For California) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

 If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 1 minute.
- 4) Select "PURG CN/V & S/V P1493" of "EVAPORA-TIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Touch "START".
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 30 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (POS): 1,000 - 2,750 rpm

Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.8 - 7.3 ms Selector lever: Suitable position

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

- 7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-404.
- 8) Select "PURG VOL C/V P1444" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 9) Touch "START". If "COMPLETED" is displayed, go to 11).
- 10) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 20 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (POS): 1,000 - 2,750 rpm Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH)

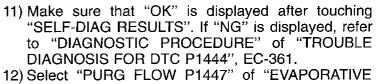
B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.8 - 7.3 ms

Selector lever: Suitable position

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

EC-374 534

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (For California) (Cont'd)



SYSTEM" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT.

13) Touch "START".

14) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain "TESTING" the conditions continuously until changes

"COMPLETED". (It will take at least 35 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (POS): 1,000 - 3,000 rpm

Vehicle speed: 30 - 100 km/h (19 - 62 MPH)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Engine coolant temperature: 70 - 100°C (158 -

212°F)

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If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

15) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-376.

- OR -

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall monitoring function of the EVAP control system purge flow. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

- 1) Lift up drive wheels.
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine and wait at least 70 seconds.
- 5) Set voltmeter probes to ECM terminals 67 (EVAP control system pressure sensor signal) and 43 (ECM around).
- Check EVAP control system pressure sensor value at idle speed.
- 7) Establish and maintain the following conditions for at least 1 minute.

Air conditioner switch: ON Steering wheel: Fully turned Headlamp switch: ON

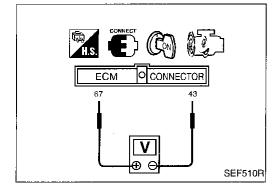
Rear window defogger switch: ON

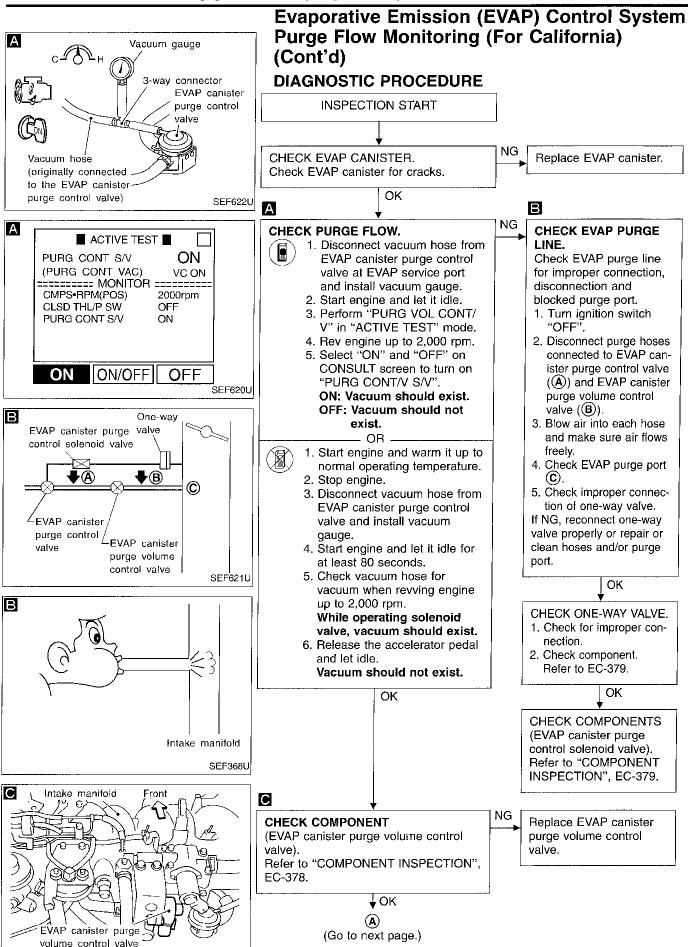
Engine speed: Approx. 3,000 rpm

Gear position:

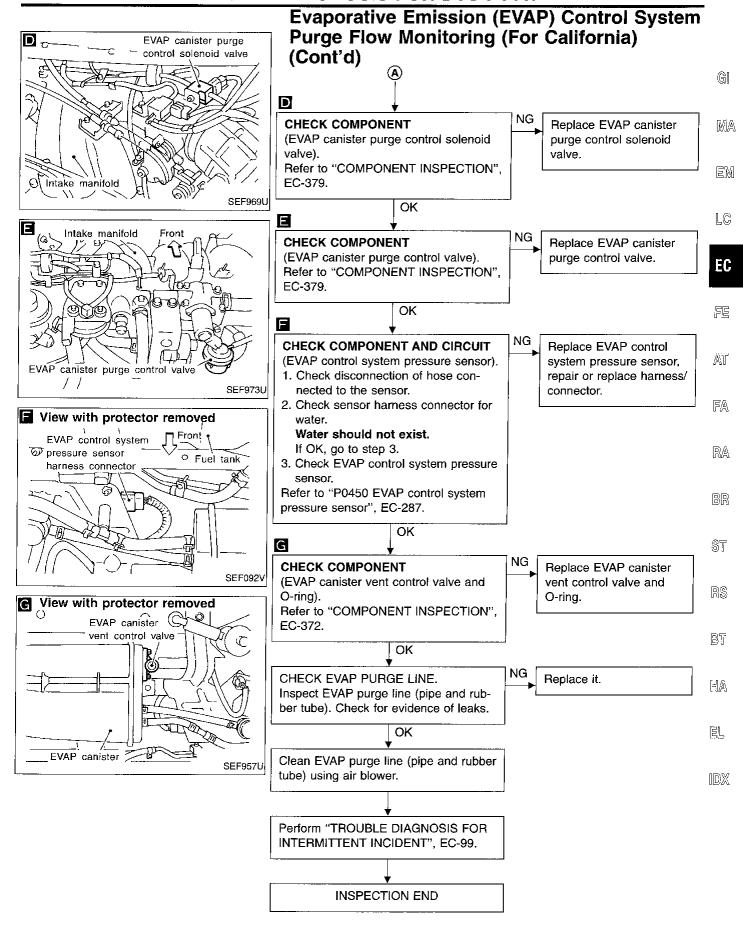
Any position other than "P", "N" or "R"

Verify that EVAP control system pressure sensor value stays 0.1V less than the value at idle speed for at least 1 second.

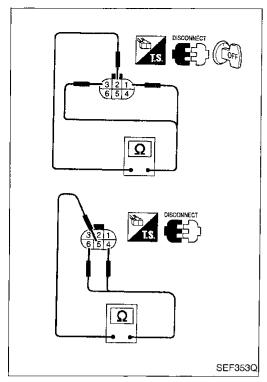


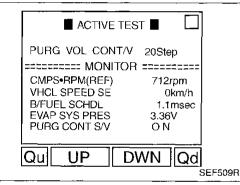


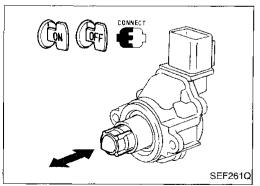
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EC-377 537







Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (For California) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge volume control valve



- 1) Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2) Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③ terminal ⑤ and terminals ④, ⑥

Resistance:

Approximately 35 - 43 Ω [At 25°C (77°F)]

- Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 - (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 6) Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the valve opening.

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.



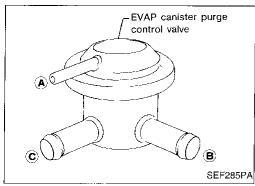
- Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2) Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③ terminal ⑤ and terminals ④, ⑥

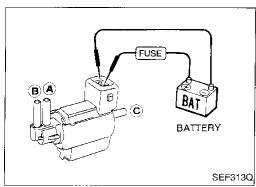
Resistance:

Approximately 35 - 43 Ω [At 25°C (77°F)]

- Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 4) Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 - (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and "OFF". Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the ignition switch position.

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (For California) (Cont'd)

EVAP canister purge control valve

Check EVAP canister purge control valve as follows:

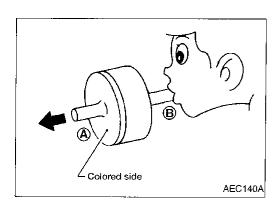
- 1. Blow air in port (A), (B) and (C), then ensure that there is no leakage.
- 2. Apply vacuum to port (a). [Approximately -13.3 to -20.0 kPa (-100 to -150 mmHg, -3.94 to -5.91 inHg)] Blow air in port (c) and make sure air flows freely out of port (b).

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes	No
No supply	No .	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid $\mathbb{F}\!\mathbb{A}$ valve.



One-way valve

Check one-way valve air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity
Blow air into side B to A	Yes
Blow air into side A to B	No

If NG, replace one-way valve.

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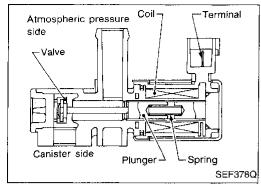
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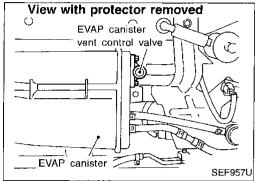
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (For California)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

NOTE:

If both DTC P0440, P1440 and P1448 are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first.

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF

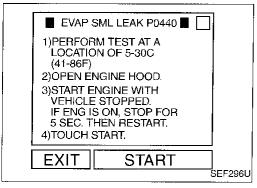
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

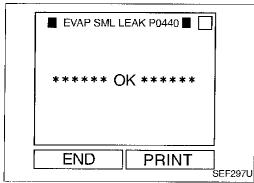
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 🚳 (ECCS ground).

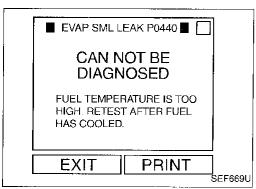
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
108	LG/B	EVAP canister vent control valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

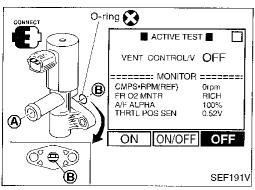
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1448 0309	EVAP canister vent control valve remains opened under specified driving conditions.	 EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP control system pressure sensor Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve Water separator EVAP canister is saturated with water. Vacuum cut valve









Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (For California) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

- If both DTC P0440 or P1440 and P1448 are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.
- Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is less than 3/4 full. If not, inspect fuel filler cap and fuel tank separately. Refer to EC-270.
- Always perform test at a temperature of 5 to 30°C (41 to RE 86°F).
- It is better that the fuel level is low.
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
 - Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0440" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
 - Follow the instruction displayed.
 - 3) Make sure that "OK" is displayed. If "NG" is displayed, go to following step.

If the CONSULT screen shown at left is displayed, stop the engine and stabilize the vehicle temperature at 25°C (77°F) or cooler. After "TANK F/TMP SE" becomes less than 30°C (86°F), retest.

(Use a fan to reduce the stabilization time.)

- Disconnect hose from water separator.
- Select "VENT CONTROL/V" of "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 6) Touch "ON" and "OFF" alternately.
- 7) Make sure the following.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-383.

If the result is OK, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE" for "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440", EC-270.

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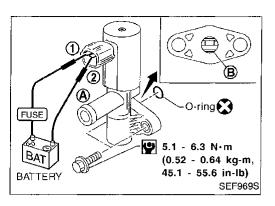
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (For California) (Cont'd)

OR

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP canister vent control valve circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.



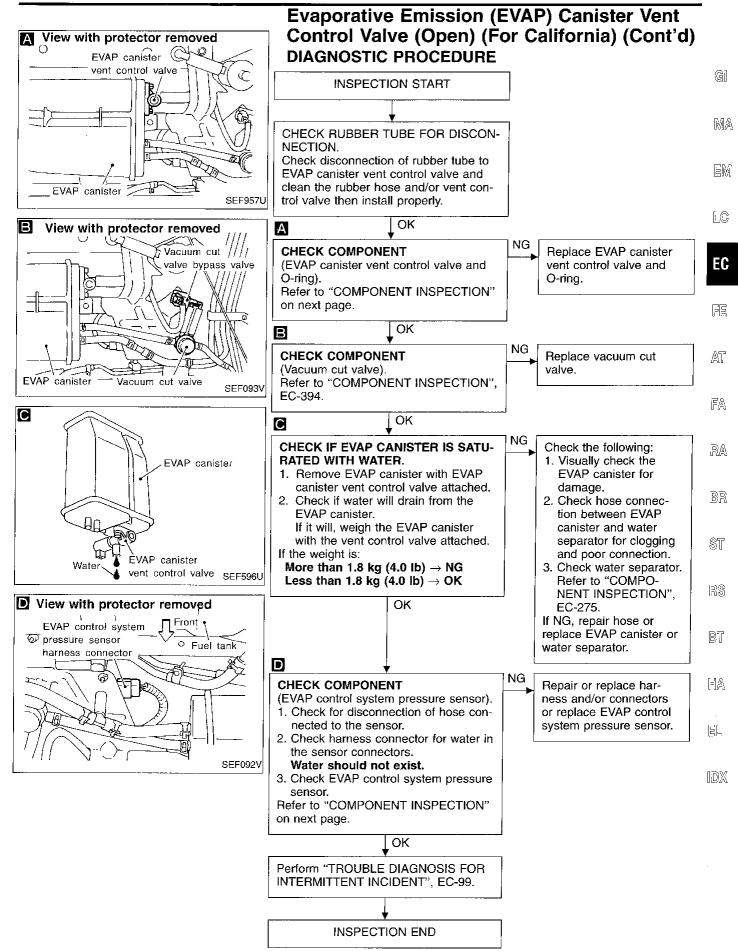
- 1) Disconnect hose from water separator.
- 2) Disconnect EVAP canister vent control valve harness connector.
- 3) Verify the following.

Condition	Air passage continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	No
No supply	Yes

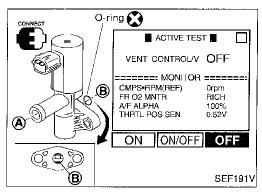
If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-383.

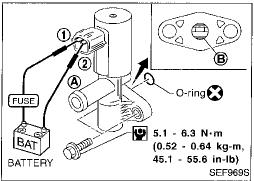
If the result is OK, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440", EC-267.

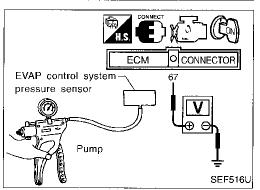
EC-382 542

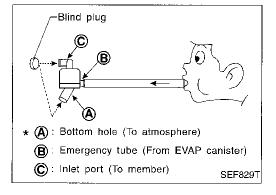


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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (For California) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
ON	No	
OFF	Yes	



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
No supply	Yes

If NG, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary. If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

EVAP control system pressure sensor

- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
- 4. Check output voltage between ECM terminal (a) and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

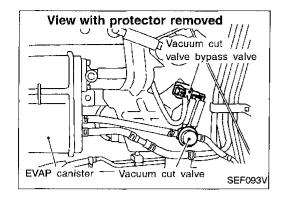
CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 in Hg) or vacuum below –20.0 kPa (–150 mmHg, –5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

Water separator

- 1. Check visually for insect nests in water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that (a) and (c) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (c) plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.

EC-384 544



Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (For California)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve are installed in parallel on the EVAP purge line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister.

The vacuum cut valve prevents the intake manifold vacuum from being applied to the fuel tank.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is a solenoid type valve and generally remains closed. It opens only for on board diagnosis. The vacuum cut valve bypass valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the valve is opened. The vacuum cut valve is then bypassed to apply intake manifold vacuum to the fuel tank.

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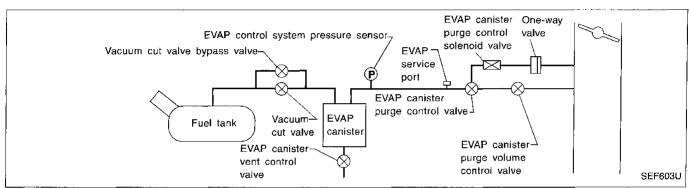
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EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VC/V BYPASS/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (4) (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
117	L/G	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1490 0801	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through vacuum cut valve bypass valve.	 Harness or connectors (The vacuum cut valve bypass valve circuit is open or shorted.) Vacuum cut valve bypass valve

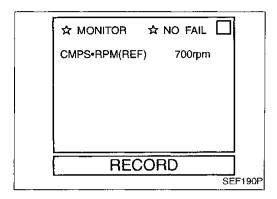
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EC-385

Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (For California) (Cont'd)
DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.





- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.



- 1) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.



1) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.

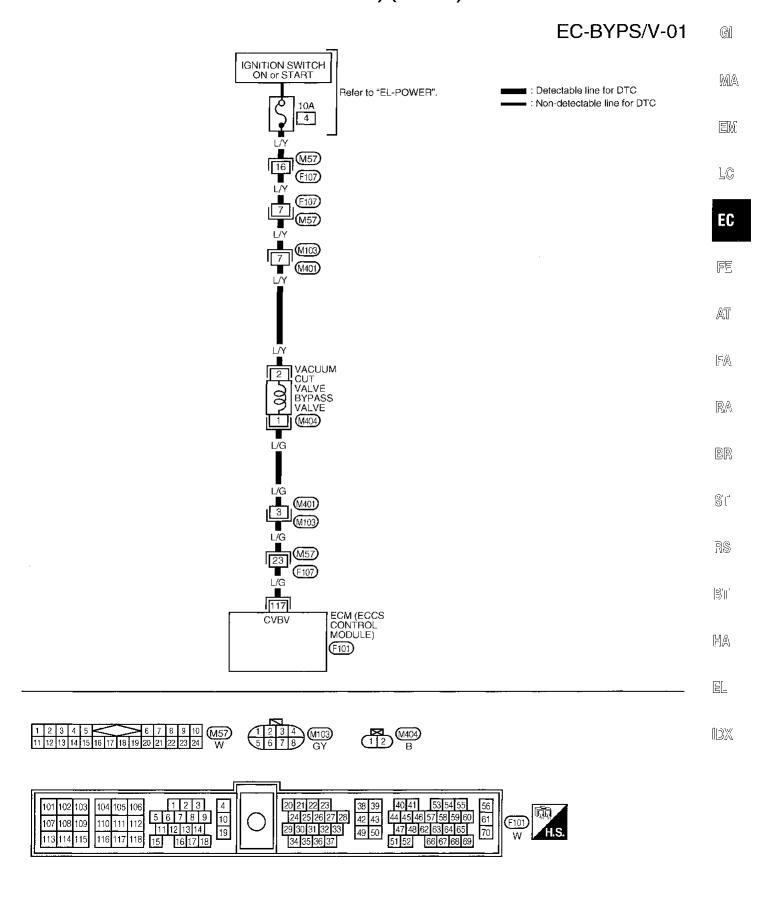
- OR -

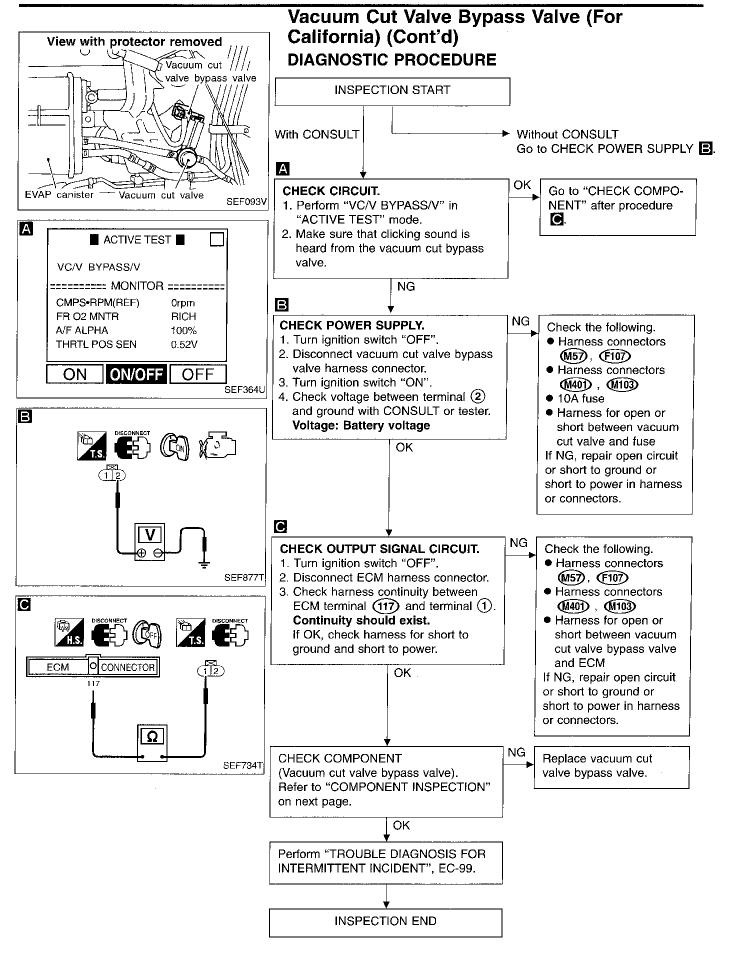
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

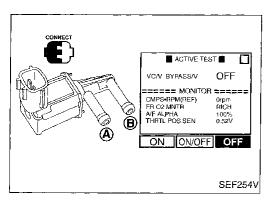
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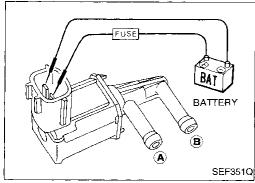
EC-386

Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (For California) (Cont'd)









Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (For California) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Vacuum cut valve bypass valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VC/V BYPASS/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VC/V BYPASS/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	Yes
OFF	No

OR ·

Condition

Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)

12V direct current supply between terminals

Yes

No supply

No

If NG, replace vacuum cut valve bypass valve.

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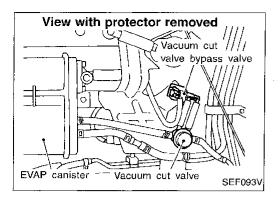
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Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (For California)

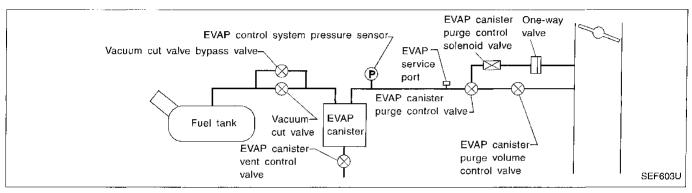
COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve are installed in parallel on the EVAP purge line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister.

The vacuum cut valve prevents the intake manifold vacuum from being applied to the fuel tank.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is a solenoid type valve and generally remains closed. It opens only for on board diagnosis. The vacuum cut valve bypass valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the valve is opened. The vacuum cut valve is then bypassed to apply intake manifold vacuum to the fuel tank.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VC/V BYPASS/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF

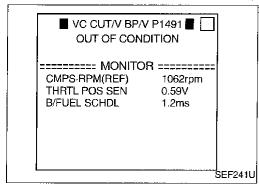
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

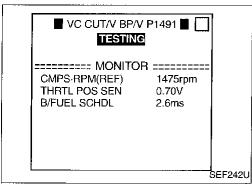
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

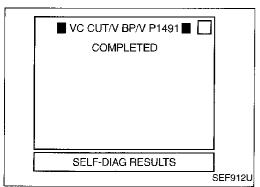
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
117	L/G	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1491 0311	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve does not operate properly.	 Vacuum cut valve Vacuum cut valve Bypass hoses for clogging EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister vent control valve Hose between fuel tank and vacuum cut valve clogged Hose between vacuum cut valve and EVAP canister clogged EVAP canister







Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (For California) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform test at a temperature of 5 to 30°C (41 to 86°F).
- This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 1 minute.
- Select "PURG CN/V & S/V P1493" of "EVAPORA-TIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 6) Touch "START".
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain continuously until "TESTING" conditions changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 30 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,000 - 2,750 rpm Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.8 - 7.3 ms

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 3).

- 8) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" and go to the following
 - If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE" of "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1493", EC-401.
- 9) Select "PURG VOL C/V P1444" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 10) Touch "START".
 - If "COMPLETED" is displayed, go to step 12.
- 11) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 20 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,000 - 2,750 rpm

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Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (For California) (Cont'd)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.8 - 7.3 ms

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 3).

12) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" and go to the following step.

If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE" of "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1444", EC-361.

- 13) Select "VC CUT/V BP/V P1491" of "EVAPORA-TIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 14) Touch "START".
- 15) When the following conditions are met, "TEST-ING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 30 seconds.)

CMPS RPM (REF): Less than 2,275 rpm

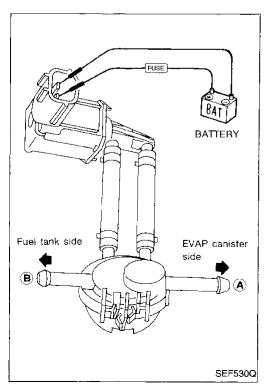
Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.5 - 5.3 ms

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 3).

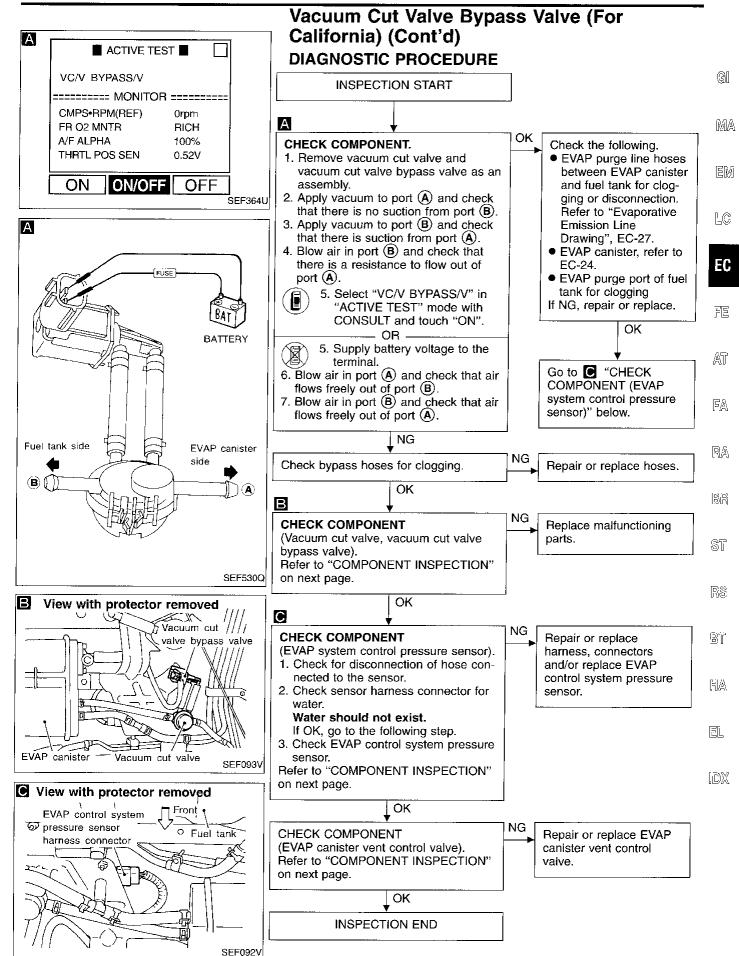
16) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-393.



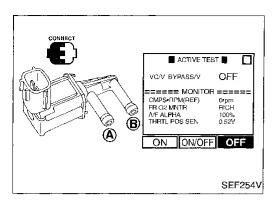
OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

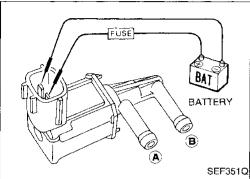


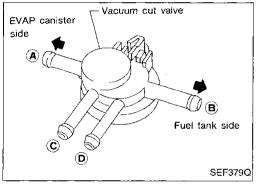
- Remove vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve as an assembly.
- 2) Apply vacuum to port (A) and check that there is no suction from port (B).
- 3) Apply vacuum to port (B) and check that there is suction from port (A).
- 4) Blow air in port (B) and check that there is a resistance to flow out of port (A).
- Supply battery voltage to the terminal.
- 6) Blow air in port (A) and check that air flows freely out of port (B).
- 7) Blow air in port (B) and check that air flows freely out of port (A).

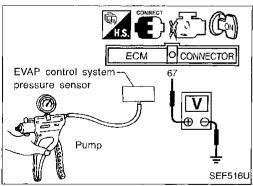


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Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (For California) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Vacuum cut valve bypass valve

Check air passage continuity.



Perform "VC/V BYPASS/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VC/V BYPASS/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	Yes
OFF	No



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace vacuum cut valve bypass valve.

Vacuum cut valve

Check vacuum cut valve as follows:

- Plug port © and D with fingers.
- Apply vacuum to port (A) and check that there is no suction from port (B).
- 3. Apply vacuum to port (B) and check that there is suction from port (A).
- 4. Blow air in port (B) and check that there is a resistance to flow out of port (A).
- 5. Open port (c) and (D).
- Blow air in port (A) check that air flows freely out of port (C).
- 7. Blow air in port (B) check that air flows freely out of port (D).

EVAP control system pressure sensor

- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
- 4. Check output voltage between ECM terminal (6) and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 in Hg) or vacuum below -20.0 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Circuit) (For California)

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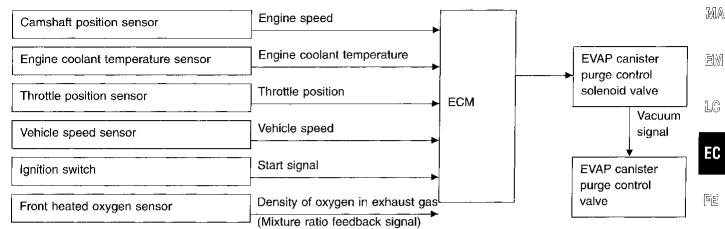
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SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system controls the vacuum signal applied to the EVAP canister purge control valve. When the ECM detects any of the following

conditions, current does not flow through the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve. The solenoid valve cuts the vacuum signal so that the EVAP canister purge control valve remains closed.

Ignition switch "ON"

Closed throttle position

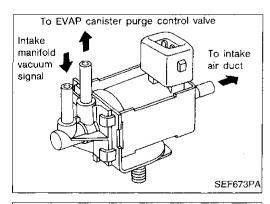
Low engine coolant temperature

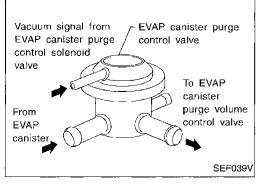
During deceleration

Engine stopped

Low vehicle speed (M/T models)

 For 60 seconds after starting engine (After warm-up to normal operating temperature)





COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

The EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, the vacuum signal (from the intake manifold to the EVAP canister purge control valve) is cut.

When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the vacuum signal passes through the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve. The signal then opens the EVAP canister purge control valve.

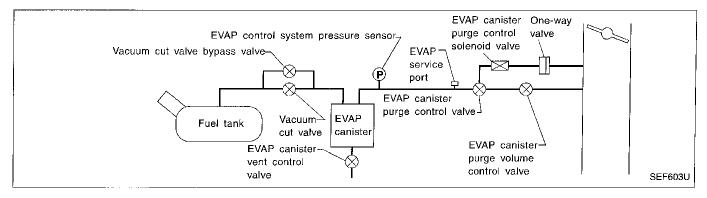
EVAP canister purge control valve

When the vacuum signal is cut by EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve, EVAP canister purge control valve closes.

EC-395 555

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Circuit) (For California) (Cont'd)

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
		Idle	OFF
PURG CONT S/V	Engine: After warming up	More than 60 seconds after start- ing engine 2,000 rpm	ON

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

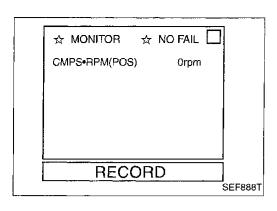
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			Engine is running. Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
105	R/W	EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) — More than 60 seconds after starting engine — Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 0V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1492 0807	The improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve.	 Harness or connectors (The EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

EC-396 556



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Circuit) (For California) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.

 OR -



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.





- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

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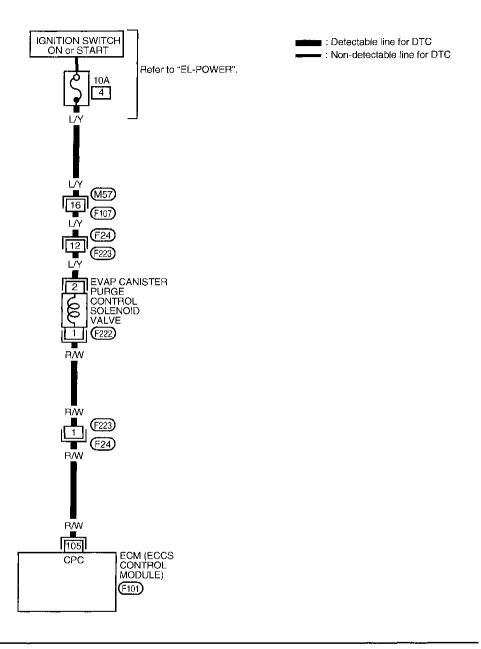
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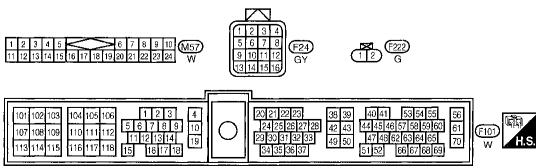
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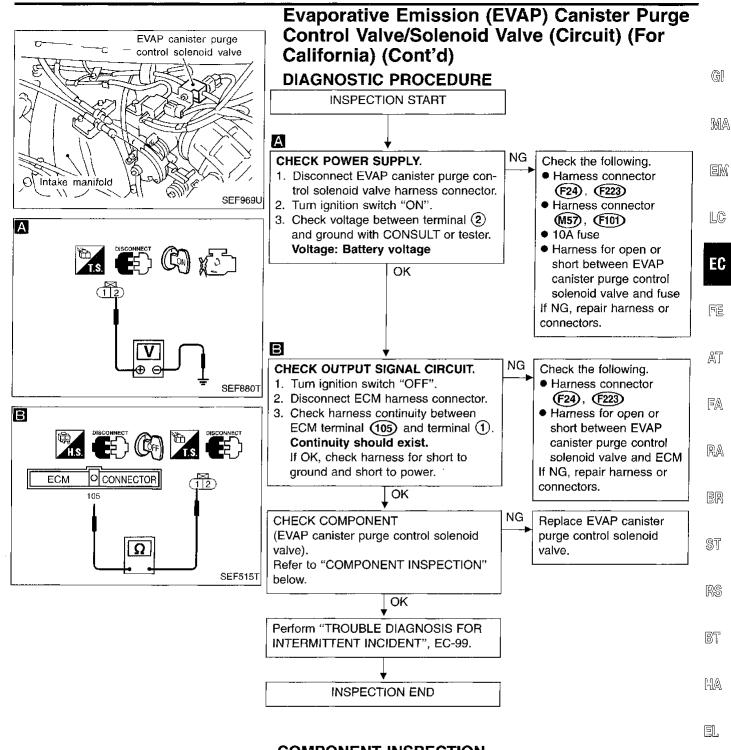
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Circuit) (For California) (Cont'd)

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EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

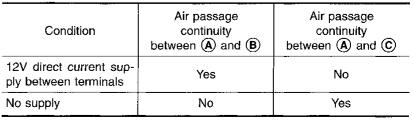
Check air passage continuity.

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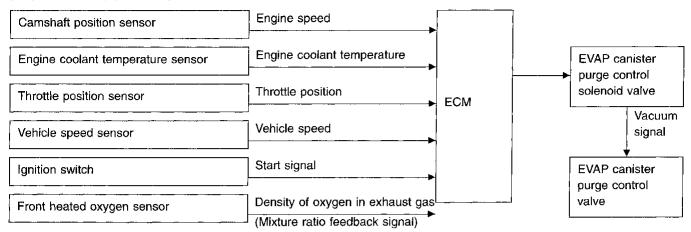
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If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

EC-399 559

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (For California)

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

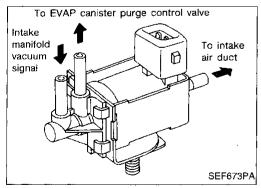


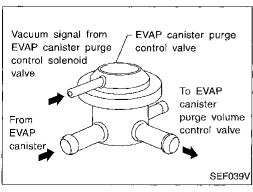
This system controls the vacuum signal applied to the EVAP canister purge control valve.

When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, current does not flow through the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve.

The solenoid valve cuts the vacuum signal so that the EVAP canister purge control valve remains closed.

- Ignition switch "ON"
- Closed throttle position
- Low engine coolant temperature
- During deceleration
- Engine stopped
- Low vehicle speed (M/T models)
- For 60 seconds after starting engine (After warm-up to normal operating temperature)





COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

The EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, the vacuum signal (from the intake manifold to the EVAP canister purge control valve) is cut.

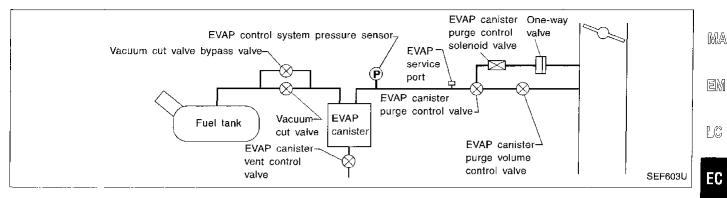
When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the vacuum signal passes through the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve. The signal then opens the EVAP canister purge control valve.

EVAP canister purge control valve

When the vacuum signal is cut by EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve, EVAP canister purge control valve closes.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (For California) (Cont'd)

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	05Z
		Idle	OFF	AT
PURG CONT S/V	Engine: After warming up	More than 60 seconds after starting engine 2,000 rpm	ON	FA

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (a) (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			Engine is running. Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
105	H/W I	EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve	Engine is running.	
			More than 60 seconds after starting engine	Approximately 0V
			Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P1493 0312	EVAP canister purge control valve does not operate properly (stuck open).	 EVAP canister purge control valve EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve Vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister vent control valve Water separator EVAP canister saturated with water 	 IDX

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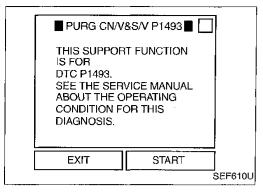
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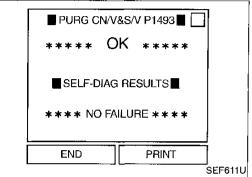
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (For California) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- If both DTC P1492 (0807) and P1493 (0312) are displayed, first perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1492". Refer to EC-395.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "PURG CN/V & S/V P1493" of "EVAPORA-TIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Touch "START".
- 6) Start engine and let it idle for at least 90 seconds.
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 30 seconds.)

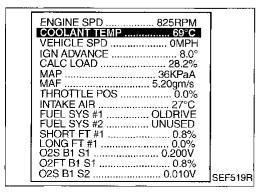
Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH)

CMPS RPM (POS): 1,000 - 2,750 rpm

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.8 - 7.3 ms Selector lever: Suitable position

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

8) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-404.





1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

– OR –

- 2) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- 3) Check coolant temperature.

Coolant temperature: 40 - 100°C (104 - 212°F)
Be sure that water temperature does not exceed 100°C. If it becomes higher than 100°C, cool down the engine and perform the procedure again from the beginning.

EC-402 562

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (For California) (Cont'd)

- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 sec-
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 15 seconds.
- 6) Restart engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
- 7) Maintain the following conditions for at least 30 sec-

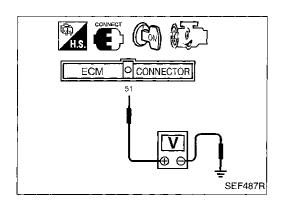
Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH) Engine speed: 1,000 - 2,750 rpm Gear position: Suitable gear position Coolant temperature: 40 - 100°C (104 - 212°F)

8) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

NOTE:

- Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during driving in step 7.
- If the driving conditions are not satisfied in step 7, restart the procedure.
- It is better that the fuel level is low.

dure all over again.





- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check voltage between ECM terminal (5) and ground Voltage: 0.8 - 1.5V Perform the following procedure before the voltage drops below 0.8V. If the voltage drops below 0.8V, cool down the engine and perform the entire proce-
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 15 seconds.
- 5) Restart engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
- 6) Maintain the following conditions for at least 30 seconds.

Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH) Engine speed: 1,000 - 2,750 rpm Gear position: Suitable gear position Check voltage between ECM terminal 50 and ground: 0.8 - 1.5 V

- 7) Stop the vehicle, turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds, and then turn "ON".
- 8) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

NOTE:

- Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during driving in step 6.
- If the driving conditions are not satisfied in step 6, restart the procedure.
- It is better that the fuel level is low.



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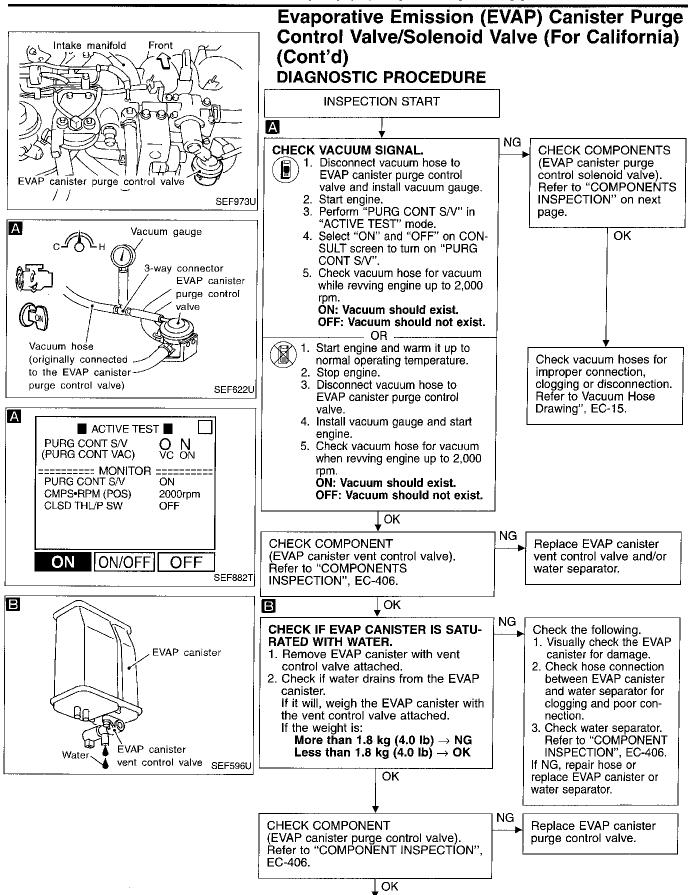
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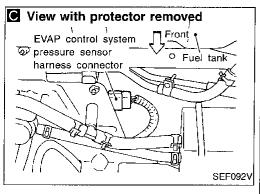
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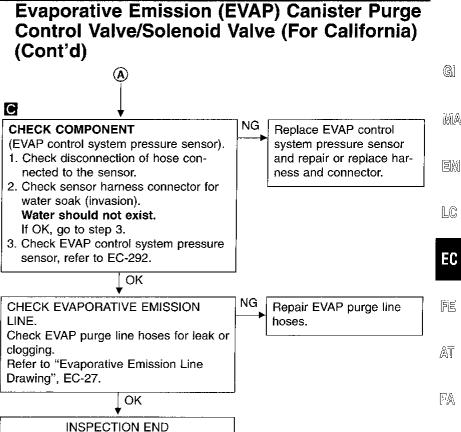
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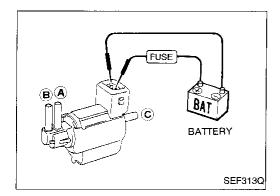
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COMPONENT INSPECTION

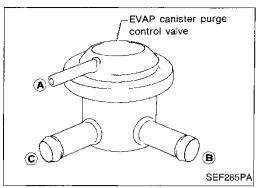
EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

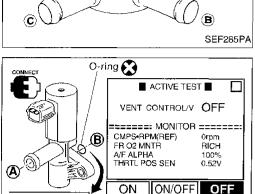
Check air passage continuity.

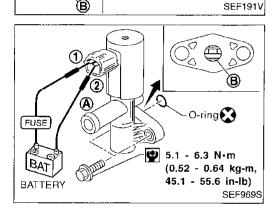
Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current sup- ply between terminals	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG, replace solenoid valve.

565 EC-405







Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (For California) (Cont'd)

EVAP canister purge control valve

Check EVAP canister purge control valve as follows:

- 1. Blow air in port (A), (B) and (C), then ensure that there is no leakage.
- 2. Apply vacuum to port (a). [Approximately -13.3 to -20.0 kPa (-100 to -150 mmHg, -3.94 to -5.91 inHg)] Blow air in port (c) and ensure free flow out of port (B).

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.



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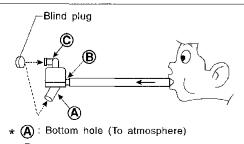


Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
No supply	Yes

If NG, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.



- (B): Emergency tube (From EVAP canister)
- C: Inlet port (To member) SEF829T

Water separator

- Check visually for insect's nest in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.

NOTE:

Do not disassemble water separator.

A/T Diagnosis Communication Line

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The malfunction information related to A/T (Automatic Transmission) is transferred through the line (circuit) from TCM (Transmission control module) to ECM. Therefore, be sure to erase the malfunction information such as DTC not only in TCM but also ECM after the A/T related repair.

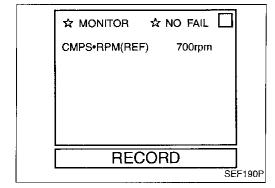
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (4) (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
7	G/B	A/T check signal	Ignition switch "ON" Engine is running.	0 - 3.0V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1605 0804	An incorrect signal from TCM (Transmission control module) is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The communication line circuit between ECM and TCM is open or shorted.) Dead (Weak) battery TCM



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V.

- Turn ignition switch "ON".
 - Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
 - Start engine and wait at least 40 seconds. - OR

- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and wait at least 40 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.

OR



(GSF)

- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Start engine and wait at least 40 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.

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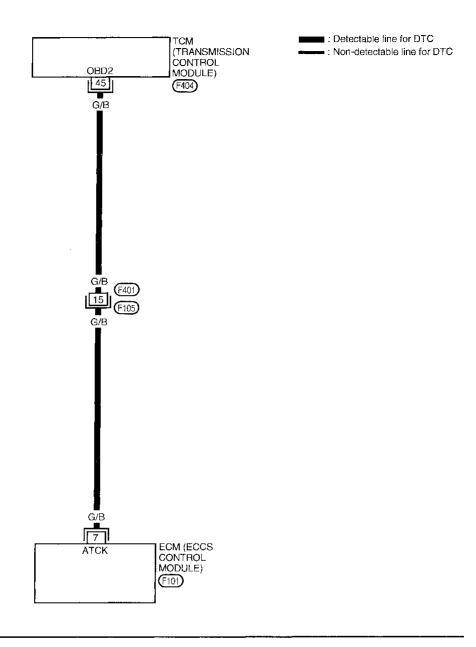
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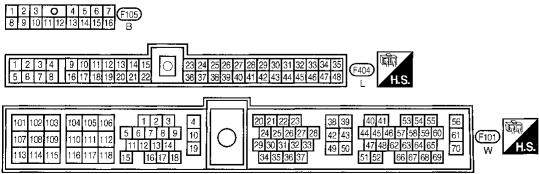
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EC-407

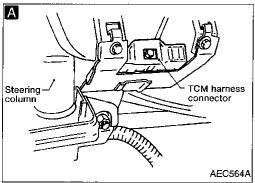
A/T Diagnosis Communication Line (Cont'd)

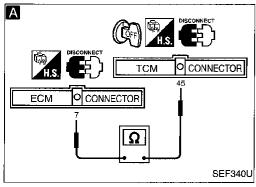
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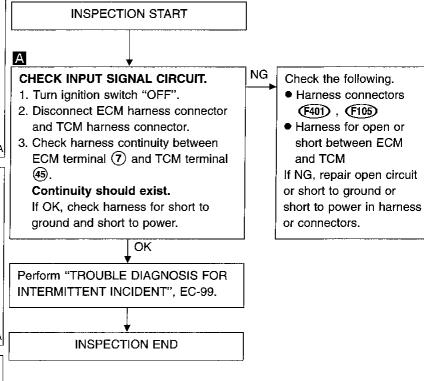


Behind glove box ECM harness connector AEC018A





A/T Diagnosis Communication Line (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



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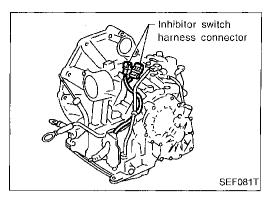
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Park/Neutral Position Switch

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

When the gear position is "P" or "N", park/neutral position switch is "ON".

TCM detects the park/neutral position when power is supplied. The TCM sends the park/neutral signal to the ECM.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
P/N POSI SW	• Ignition quitable CNI	Shift lever: "P" or "N"	ON
	• Ignition switch: ON	Except above	OFF

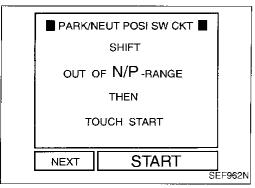
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

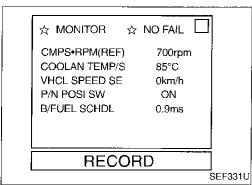
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECCS ground).

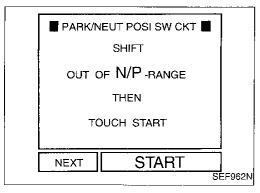
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
22	G/B	labibitos quitab	Ignition switch "ON" Gear position is "N" or "P"	Approximately 0V
22	G/B	Inhibitor switch	Ignition switch "ON" Except the above gear position	4 - 6V

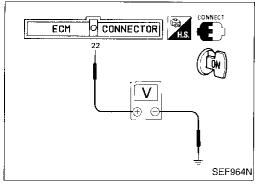
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1706 1003	 The signal of the park/neutral position switch is not changed in the process of engine starting and driv- ing. 	









Park/Neutral Position Switch (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Perform "PARK/NEUT POSI SW CKT" in "FUNC-TION TEST" mode with CONSULT. If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-413. If OK, go to following step.

 Select "P/N POSI SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. Then check the "P/N POSI SW" signal under the following conditions.

- OR

Position (Selector lever)	Known good signal
"N" and "P" (A/T only) position	ON
Except the above position	OFF

If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-413. If OK, go to following step.

- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Maintain the following conditions for at least 60 consecutive seconds.

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,600 - 2,750 rpm COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 6.2 ms

VHCL SPEED SE: 70 - 100 km/h (43 - 62 MPH)

Selector lever: Suitable position

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the park/ neutral position switch circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

- OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Check voltage between ECM terminal 22 and body ground under the following conditions.

Condition (Gear position)	Voltage (V) (Known good data)
"P" (A/T only) and "N" position	Approx. 0
Except the above position	Approx. 5

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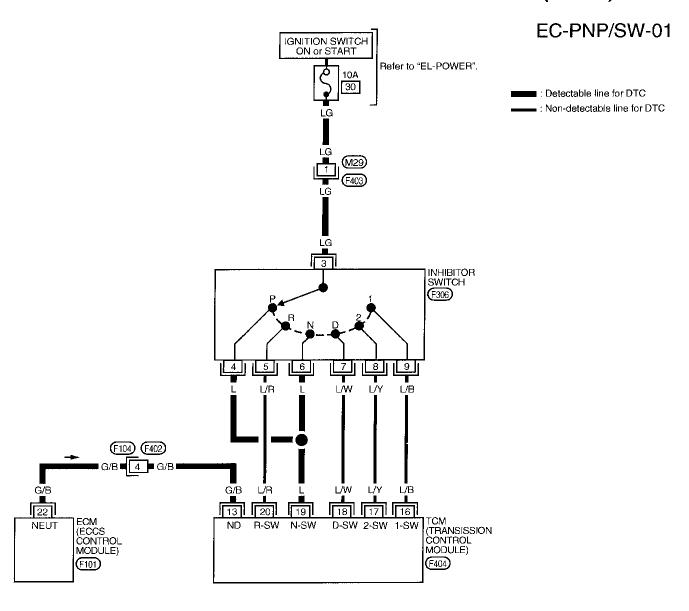
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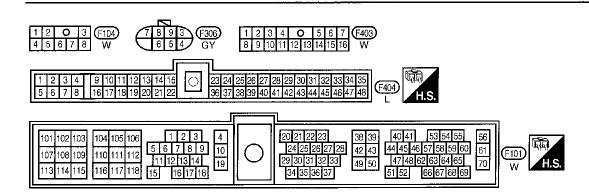
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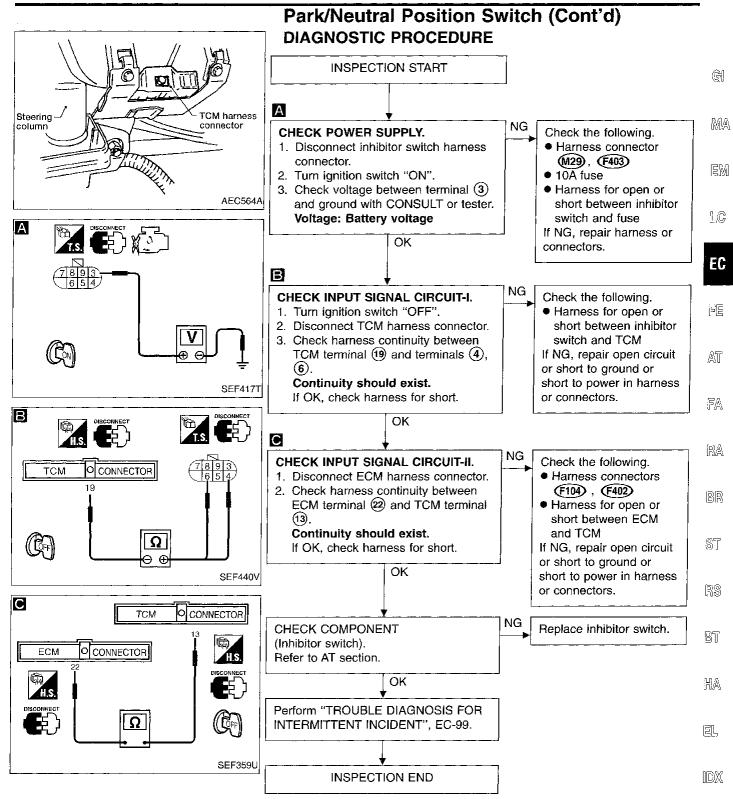
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Park/Neutral Position Switch (Cont'd)



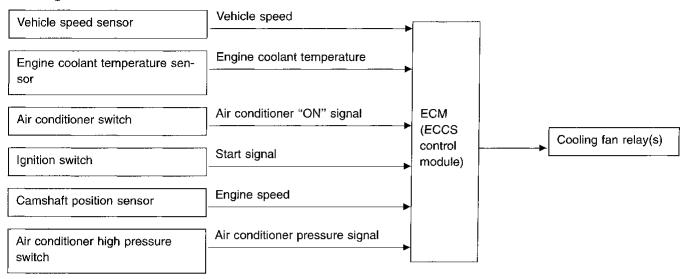




Overheat

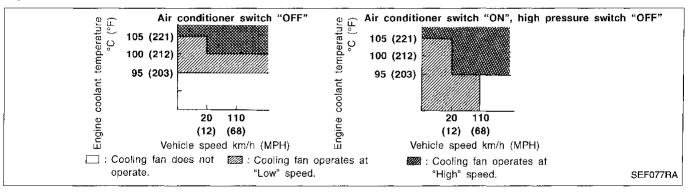
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Cooling fan control



The ECM controls the cooling fan corresponding to the vehicle speed, engine coolant temperature, air conditioner high pressure switch and air conditioner ON signal. The control system has 3-step control [HIGH/LOW/OFF]. When both air conditioner switch and high pressure switch are "ON", cooling fan operates at "HIGH" speed.

Operation



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
		Engine coolant temperature is 94°C (201°F) or less.	OFF
COOLING FAN	 Engine: Idling, after warming up Air conditioner switch "OFF" Vehicle speed 	Engine coolant temperature is between 95°C (203°F) and 104°C (219°F).	LOW
		Engine coolant temperature is 105°C (221°F) or more.	н

Overheat (Cont'd)

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values, and are measured between each terminal and (a) (ECCS ground) with a voltmeter.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	- Ma
13	BR/W	Cooling fan relay (High)	Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	EM
13		Cooling latt relay (High)	Engine is running. Cooling fan is operating at high speed.	0.7 - 0.8V	LC
1.4	LOD	Cooling for valou (Laux)	Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	EC
14	L/OR	Cooling fan relay (Low)	Engine is running. Cooling fan is operating at low speed.	0.7 - 0.8V	- FE

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If the cooling fan or another component in the cooling system malfunctions, the engine coolant temperature will rise.

When the engine coolant temperature reaches an abnormally high temperature condition, a malfunction is indicated.

Diagnostic trouble code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	F
OVERHEAT 0208	Engine coolant temperature reaches an abnormally high temperature.	Harness or connectors (The cooling fan circuit is open or shorted.)	-
		 Cooling fan Radiator hose Radiator 	(%)
		Radiator cap Water pump Thermostat	Ö
		For more information, refer to "MAIN 12 CAUSES OF OVERHEATING", EC-424.	- [8]

CAUTION:

When a malfunction is indicated, be sure to replace the coolant following the procedure in the MA section ("Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE"). Also, replace the engine oil.

a. Fill radiator with coolant up to specified level with a filling speed of 2 liters per minute like pouring coolant by kettle. Be sure to use coolant with the proper mixture ratio. Refer to MA section ("Anti-freeze Coolant Mixture Ratio", "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS").

b. After refilling coolant, run engine to ensure that no water-flow noise is emitted.

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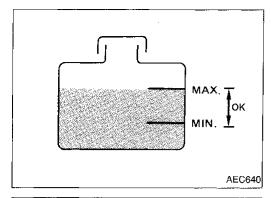
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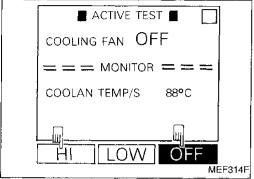
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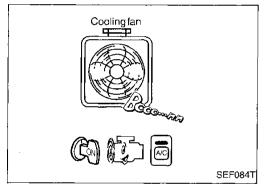
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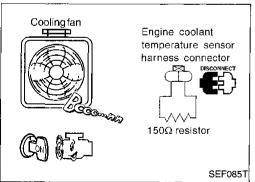
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Overheat (Cont'd)

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

WARNING:

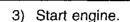
Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could be caused by high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator.

Wrap a thick cloth around cap. Carefully remove the cap by turning it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Then turn the cap all the way off.

- Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator.
 Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level.
 If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-418.
- Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-418.



- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON"
- 4) Perform "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT (LOW speed and HI speed).



Be careful not to overheat engine.

4) Set temperature control lever to full cold position.

- OR -

- 5) Turn air conditioner switch "ON".
- 6) Turn blower fan switch "ON".
- 7) Run engine at idle for a few minutes with air conditioner operating.

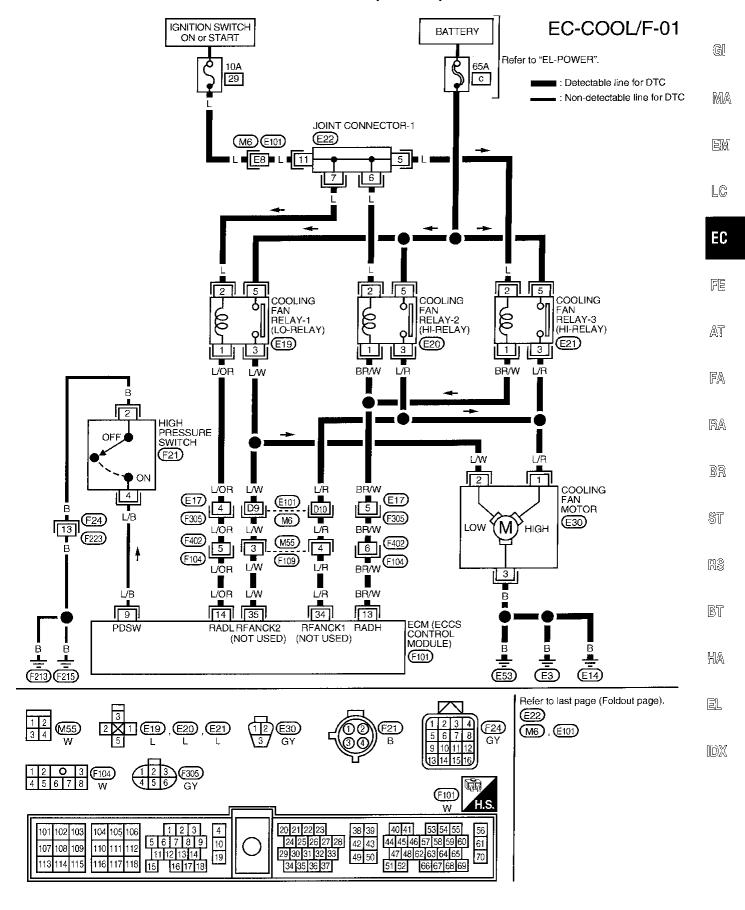
Be careful not to overheat engine.

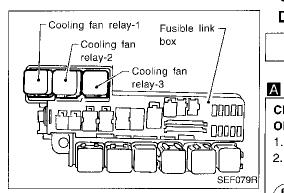
- 8) Make sure that cooling fan operates at low speed.
- 9) Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 10) Turn air conditioner switch and blower fan switch "OFF".
- Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 12) Connect 150 Ω resistor to engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 13) Restart engine and make sure that cooling fan operates at higher speed than low speed.

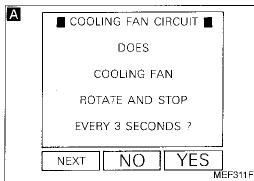
Be careful not to overheat engine.

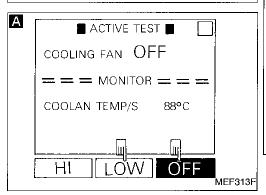


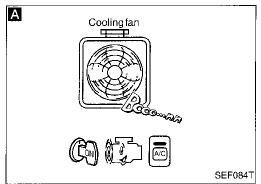
Overheat (Cont'd)











Overheat (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

INSPECTION START

CHECK COOLING FAN LOW SPEED OPERATION.

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect cooling fan relays-2 and -3
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4. Perform "COOLING FAN CIR-CUIT" in "FUNCTION TEST" mode with CONSULT.

_____ OR __



- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4. Perform "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

--- OR -



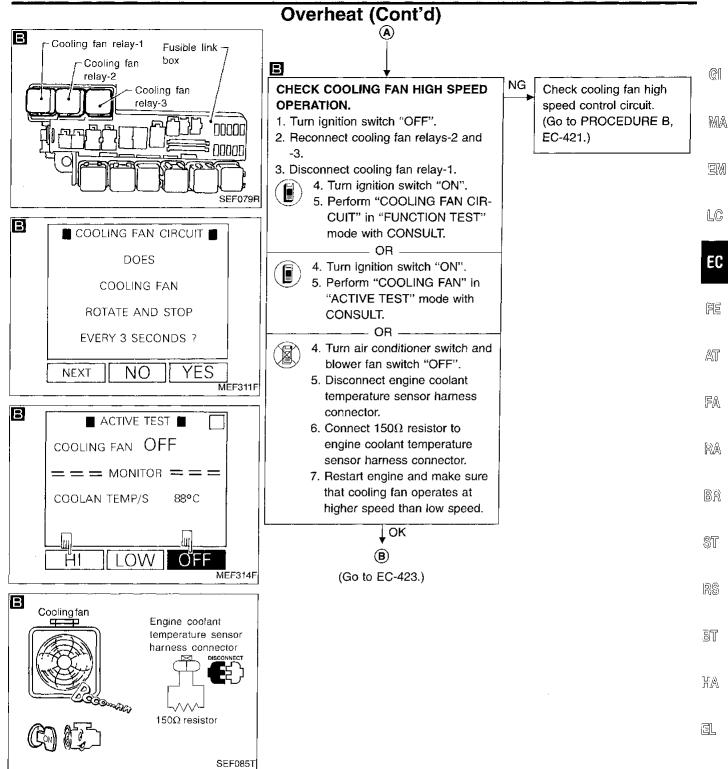
- 3. Start engine.
- 4. Set temperature lever at full cold position.
- 5. Turn air conditioner switch "ON".
- 6. Turn blower fan switch "ON".
- Run engine at idle for a few minutes with air conditioner operating.
- 8. Make sure that cooling fan operates at low speed.

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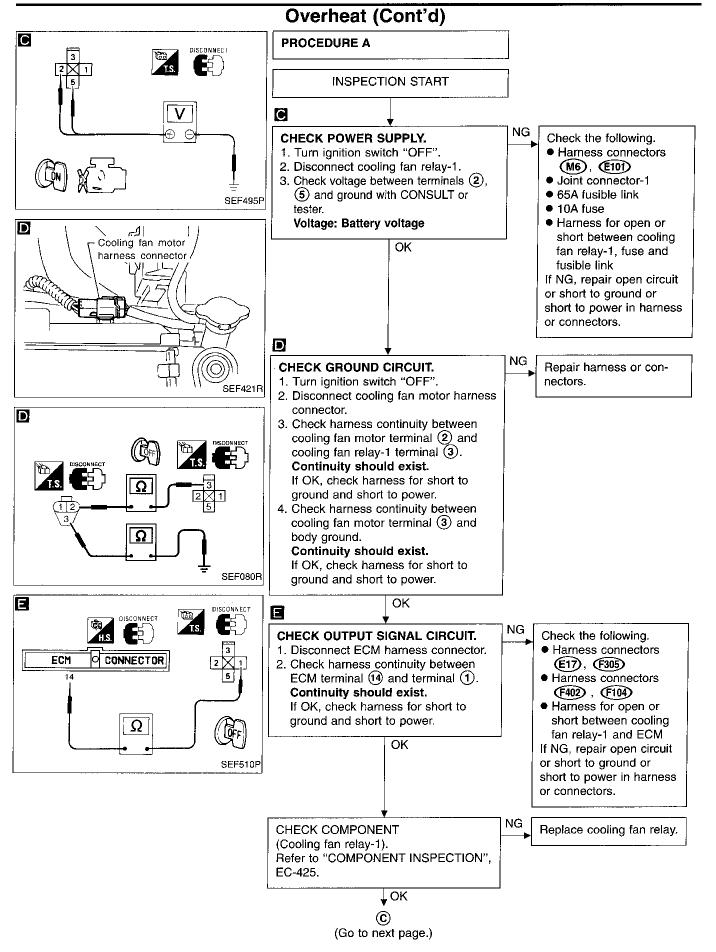
(Go to next page.)

Check cooling fan low speed control circuit.
(Go to PROCEDURE A, EC-420.)

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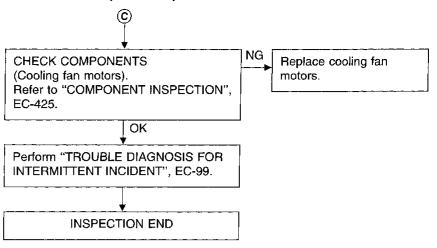


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Overheat (Cont'd)



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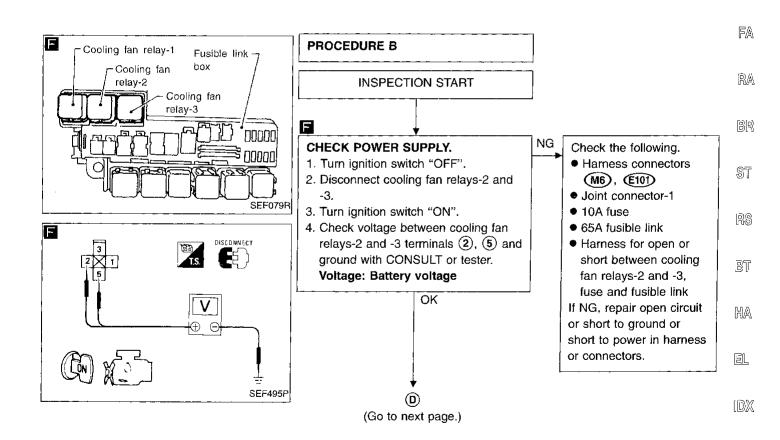
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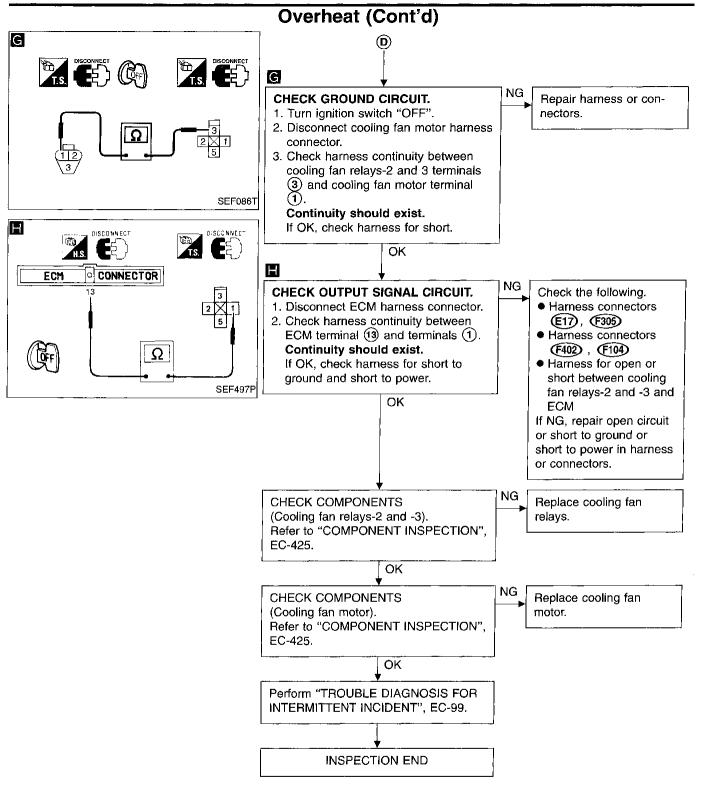
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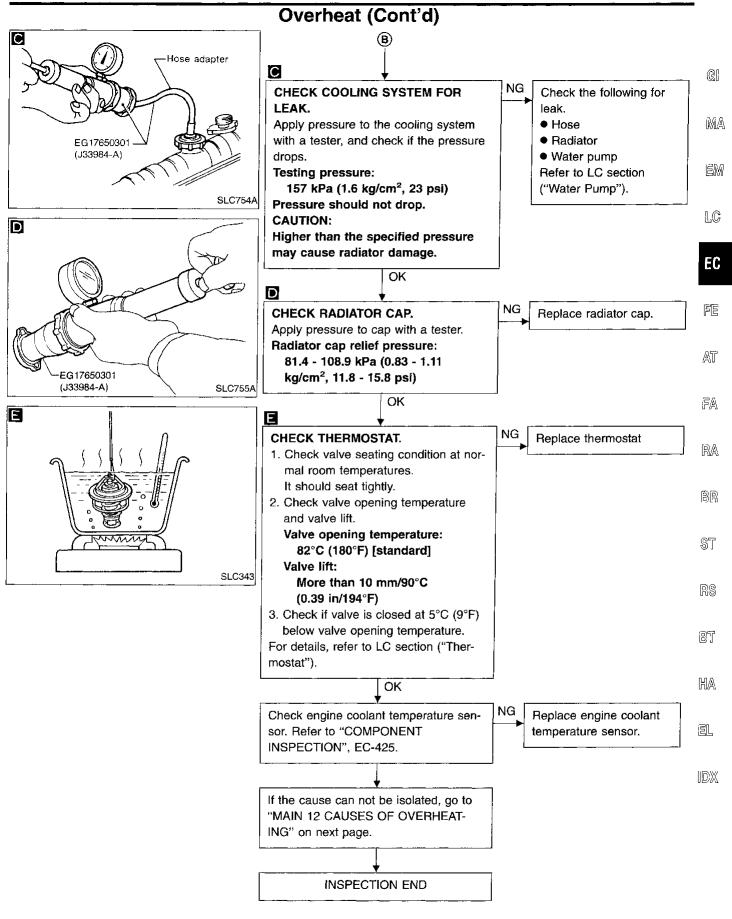
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Overheat (Cont'd)

MAIN 12 CAUSES OF OVERHEATING

Engine	Step	Inspection item	Equipment	Standard	Reference page
OFF	1	Blocked radiator Blocked condenser Blocked radiator grille Blocked bumper	• Visual	No blocking	
	2	Coolant mixture	Coolant tester	50 - 50% coolant mix- ture	See "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRI-CANTS" in MA section.
	3	Coolant level	Visual	Coolant up to MAX level in reservoir tank and radiator filler neck	See "Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE" in MA section.
	4	● Radiator cap	Pressure tester	81.4 - 108.9 kPa (0.83 - 1.11 kg/cm², 11.8 - 15.8 psi) 59 - 108.9 kPa (0.6 - 1.11 kg/cm², 9 - 15.8 psi) (Limit)	See "System Check", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC section.
ON* ²	5	Coolant leaks	● Visual	No leaks	See "System Check", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC section.
ON*2	6	Thermostat	Touch the upper and lower radiator hoses	Both hoses should be hot	See "Thermostat" and "Radiator", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC section.
ON*1	7	● Cooling fan	• CONSULT	Operating	See "TROUBLE DIAG- NOSIS FOR NON-DE- TECTABLE ITEMS (Cooling Fan)" (EC-414).
OFF	8	Combustion gas leak	Color checker chemical tester 4 Gas analyzer	Negative	_
ON*3	9	Coolant temperature gauge	Visual	Gauge less than 3/4 when driving	_
		Coolant overflow to reservoir tank	● Visual	No overflow during driv- ing and idling	See "Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE" in MA section.
OFF*4	10	Coolant return from reservoir tank to radia- tor	● Visual	Should be initial level in reservoir tank	See "ENGINE MAINTE- NANCE" in MA section.
OFF	11	● Cylinder head	Straight gauge feeler gauge	0.1 mm (0.004 in) Maximum distortion (warping)	See "Inspection", "CYL-INDER HEAD" in EM section.
	12	Cylinder block and pistons	● Visual	No scuffing on cylinder walls or piston	See "Inspection", "CYL-INDER BLOCK" in EM section.

^{*1:} Turn the ignition switch ON.
*2: Engine running at 3,000 rpm for 10 minutes.

^{*3:} Drive at 90 km/h (55 MPH) for 30 minutes and then let idle for 10 minutes.

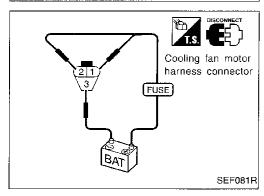
^{*4:} After 60 minutes of cool down time.

For more information, refer to "OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS" in LC section.

Ω SEF152P

Acceptable Resistance kn 0.2 0 20 40 60 80 100 (32) (68) (104) (140) (176) (212) SEF012P

(3) SEF511P



Overheat (Cont'd) **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

Engine coolant temperature sensor

Check resistance as shown in the figure.

<Reference data>

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ	
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9	
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.0	
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260	

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If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

Cooling fan relays-1, -2 and -3

Check continuity between terminals 3 and 5.

Conditions	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes
No current supply	No

If NG, replace relay.

Cooling fan motor

Disconnect cooling fan motor harness connector.

Supply cooling fan motor terminals with battery voltage and check operation.

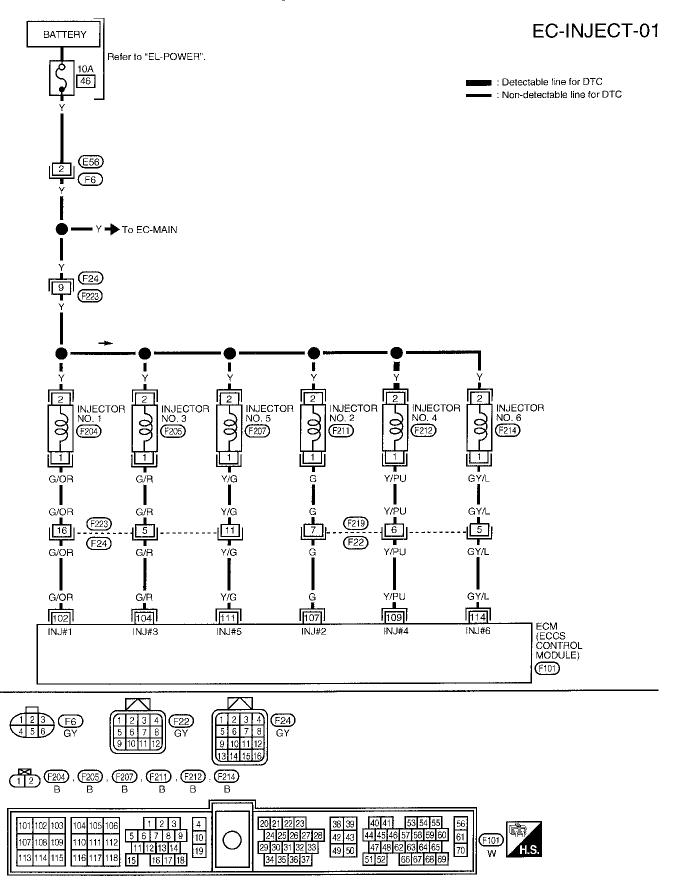
	Speed	Tern	ninals
	Speed	(⊕)	(⊜)
Cooling fan	Low	2	3
motor	High	1	3

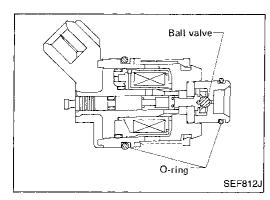
Cooling fan motor should operate.

If NG, replace cooling fan motor.

585 **EC-425**

Injector





Injector (Cont'd) **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The fuel injector is a small, precise solenoid valve. When the ECM supplies a ground to the injector circuit, the coil in the injector is energized. The energized coil pulls the needle valve back and allows fuel to flow through the injector into the intake manifold. The amount of fuel injected depends upon the injection pulse duration. Pulse duration is the length of time the injector remains open. The ECM controls the injection pulse duration based on engine fuel needs.

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ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (43) (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
102	G/OR	Injector No. 1		BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
104	G/R	Injector No. 3	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	(V) 40 20 0
107	G	Injector No. 2		50 ms
109	Y/PU	Injector No. 4		BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
111	Y/G	Injector No. 5	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	40 20 0
114	GY/L	Injector No. 6		50 ms

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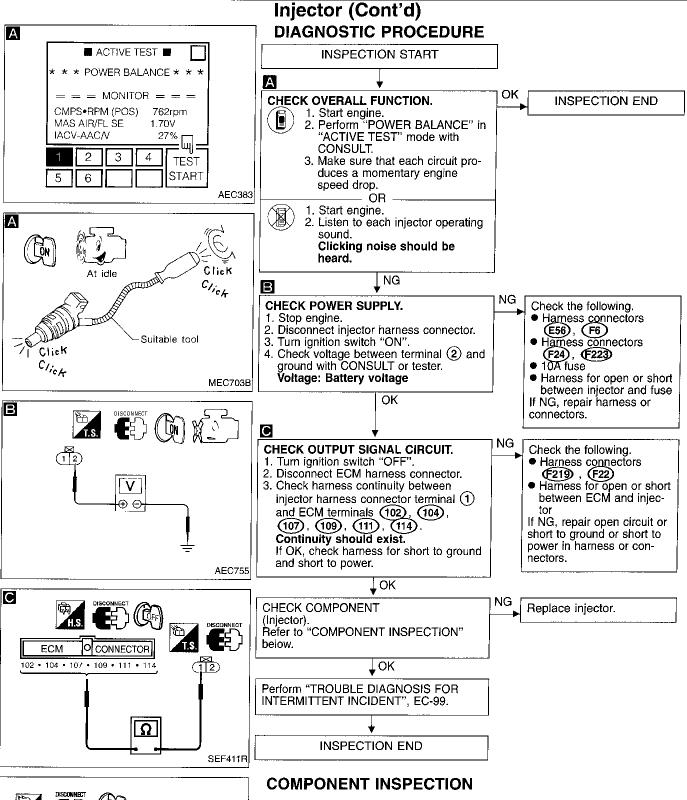
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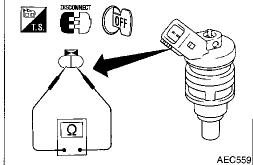
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Injector

- 1. Disconnect injector harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminals as shown in the figure. Resistance: 10 14 Ω [at 25°C (77°F)] If NG, replace injector.



Start Signal

IGNITION SWITCH

L/B 20

STSW

12

Refer to "EL-POWER".

ECM (ECCS CONTROL MODULE)

(F101)

EC-S/SIG-01

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: Detectable line for DTC : Non-detectable line for DTC MA

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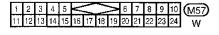
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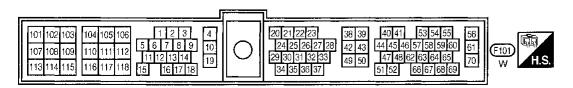
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Start Signal (Cont'd)

If the ECM always receives a start signal, the ECM will judge the start signal "OFF" when engine speed is above 1,000 rpm.

This prevents extra enrichment.

After the engine speed is below 200 rpm, start-up enrichment will be allowed until the engine speed reaches 1,000 rpm.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

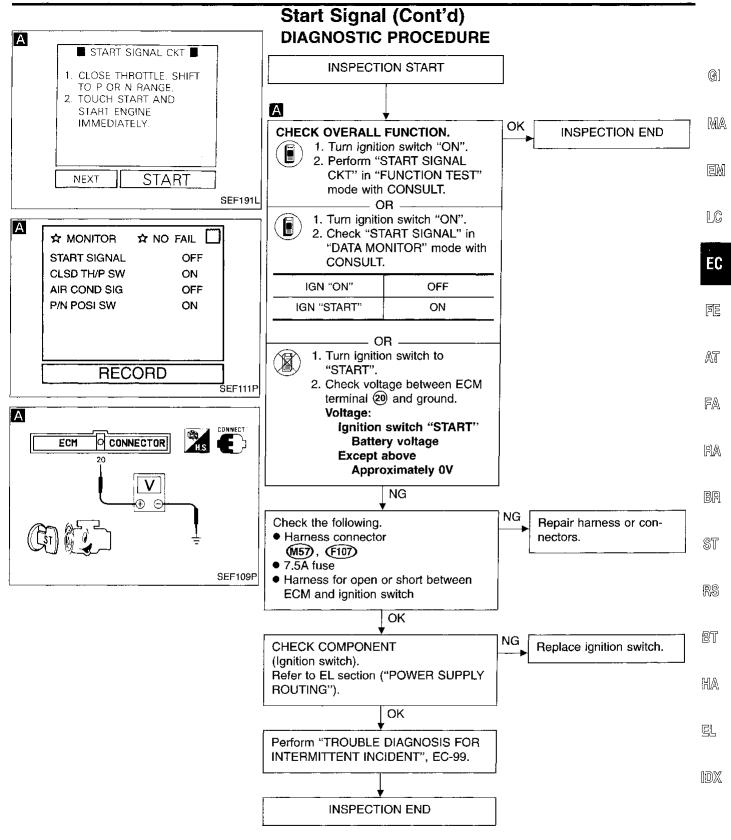
MONITOR ITEM		SPECIFICATION
START SIGNAL	• Ignition switch: ON \rightarrow START \rightarrow ON	$OFF \to ON \to OFF$

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
20			Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 0V
	L/B	Start signal	Ignition switch "START"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

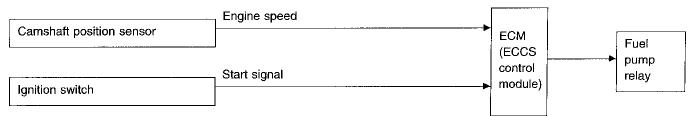
EC-430 590



EC-431 591

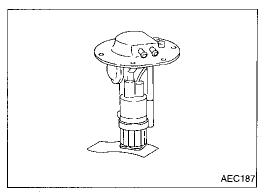
Fuel Pump

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



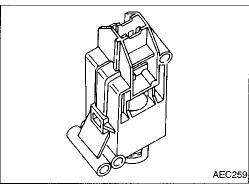
The ECM activates the fuel pump for several seconds after the ignition switch is turned on to improve engine startability. If the ECM receives a 120° signal from the camshaft position sensor, it knows that the engine is rotating, and causes the pump to perform. If the 120° signal is not received when the ignition switch is on, the engine stalls. The ECM stops pump operation and prevents battery discharging, thereby improving safety. The ECM does not directly drive the fuel pump. It controls the ON/OFF fuel pump relay, which in turn controls the fuel pump.

Condition	Fuel pump operation
Ignition switch is turned to ON.	Operates for 5 seconds
Engine running and cranking	Operates
When engine is stopped	Stops in 1.5 seconds
Except as shown above	Stops



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The fuel pump with a fuel damper is an in-tank type (the pump and damper are located in the fuel tank).



Inertia fuel shutoff switch

The inertia fuel shutoff switch automatically stops the flow of fuel to the engine when the vehicle is involved in a collision. The impact does not have to be great to trigger the switch. Minor parking lot bumping and severe road impacts (such as potholes) may trigger the switch.

Once the switch is triggered, it must be reset manually before starting the vehicle. Reset the switch by pressing the red button located on the top of the switch.

The inertia fuel shutoff switch is located near the driver's door frame below the hood release handle.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
FUEL PUMP	Ignition switch is turned to ON (Operates for 5 seconds)Engine running and cranking	ON
RLY	Except as shown above	OFF

EC-432 592

Fuel Pump (Cont'd)

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

•				· _ · _ ·	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	- G1 _ M/
8	L/R	Fuel pump relay	Ignition switch "ON" For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running.	0 - 1V	E)
			Ignition switch "ON" More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	L© EĈ

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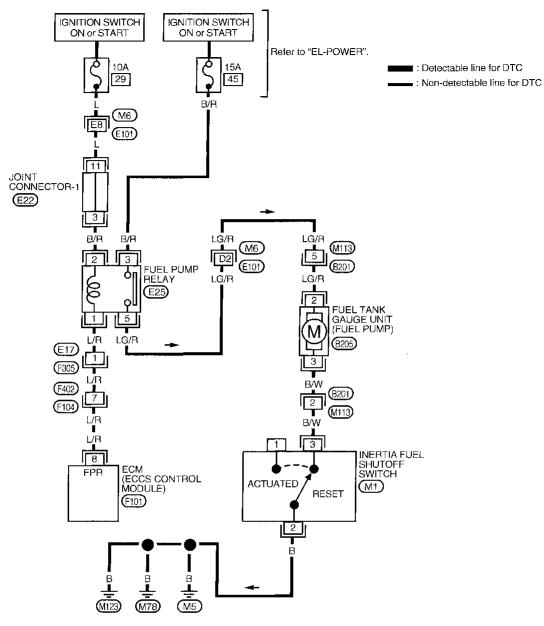
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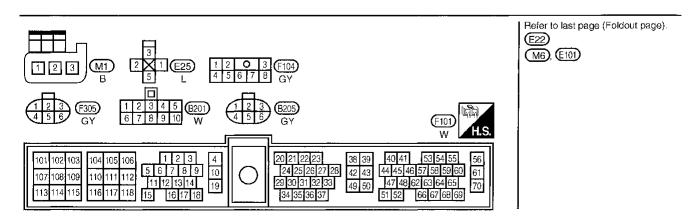
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Fuel Pump (Cont'd)

EC-F/PUMP-01





CHECK POWER SUPPLY.

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

2. Disconnect fuel pump relay.

Voltage: Battery voltage

4. Check voltage between terminals (2),

(3) and ground with CONSULT or

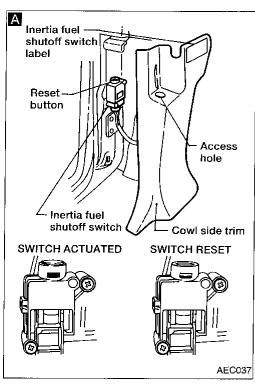
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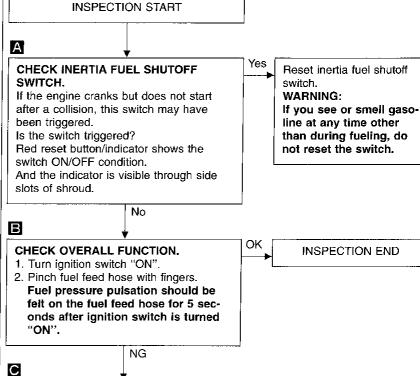
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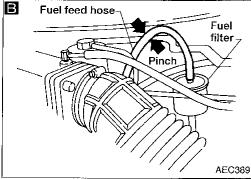
3. Turn ignition switch "ON".

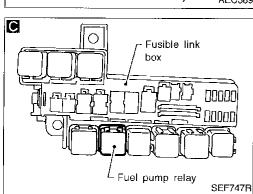
Fuel Pump (Cont'd)

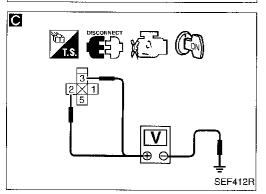
DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE











Check the following.

15A and 10A fuses
Harness connectors

6, (£101)
Joint connector-1 (£22)
Harness for open or short between fuse and fuel pump relay
If NG, repair harness or connectors.

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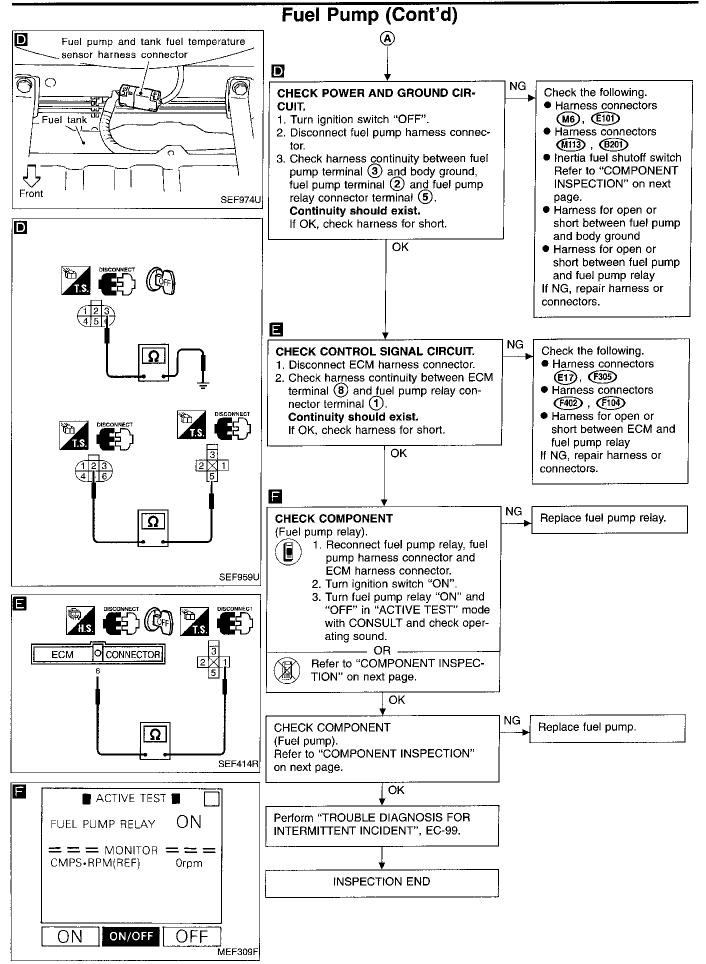
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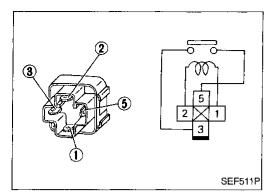
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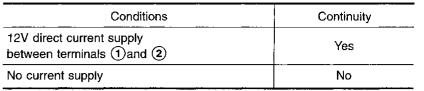




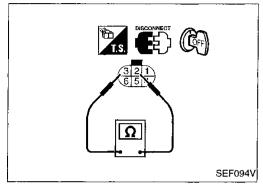
Fuel Pump (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Fuel pump relay

Check continuity between terminals 3 and 5.



If NG, replace relay.



Fuel pump

1. Disconnect fuel pump harness connector.

Check resistance between terminals ②and ③.
 Resistance: 0.2 - 5.0Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
 If NG, replace fuel pump.



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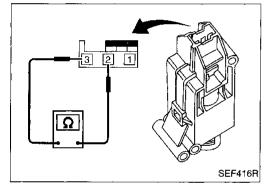
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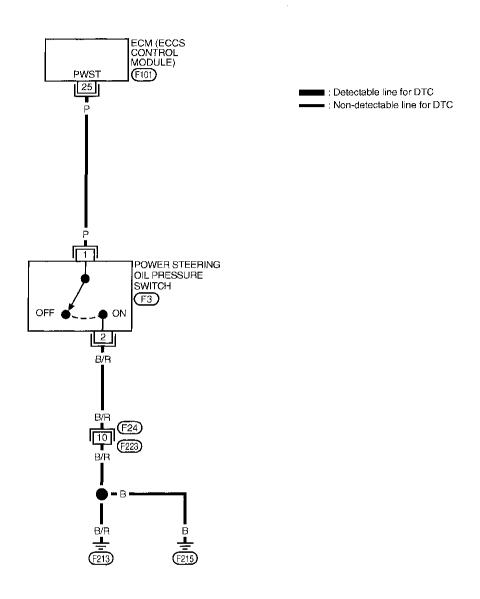
- 1. Disconnect inertia fuel shutoff switch harness connector.
- 2. Check inertia fuel shutoff switch, following the table as shown below:

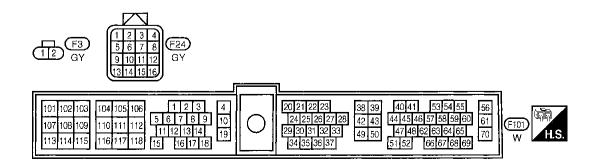
Conditions	Continuity between terminals ② and ③	
Switch open (tripped)	No	
Switch closed (set)	Yes	

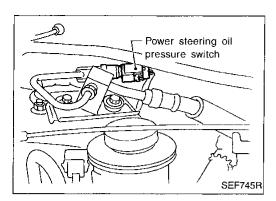


Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch

EC-PST/SW-01







Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch (Cont'd) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The power steering oil pressure switch is attached to the power steering high-pressure tube and detects a power steering load. When a power steering load is detected, it signals the ECM. The ECM adjusts the IACV-AAC valve to increase the idle speed and adjust for the increased load.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
PW/ST SIGNAL	- Linging rater training up, rate	Steering wheel in neutral position (forward direction)	OFF
. ,	the engine	The steering wheel is fully turned	ON

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (4) (ECCS ground).

					, t⊆ 0
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	FA RA
Po	Power steering oil pres-	Engine is running. Steering wheel is fully being turned	Approximately 0V	BR	
25	P	sure switch	Engine is running. Steering wheel is not being turned	Approximately 5V	ST

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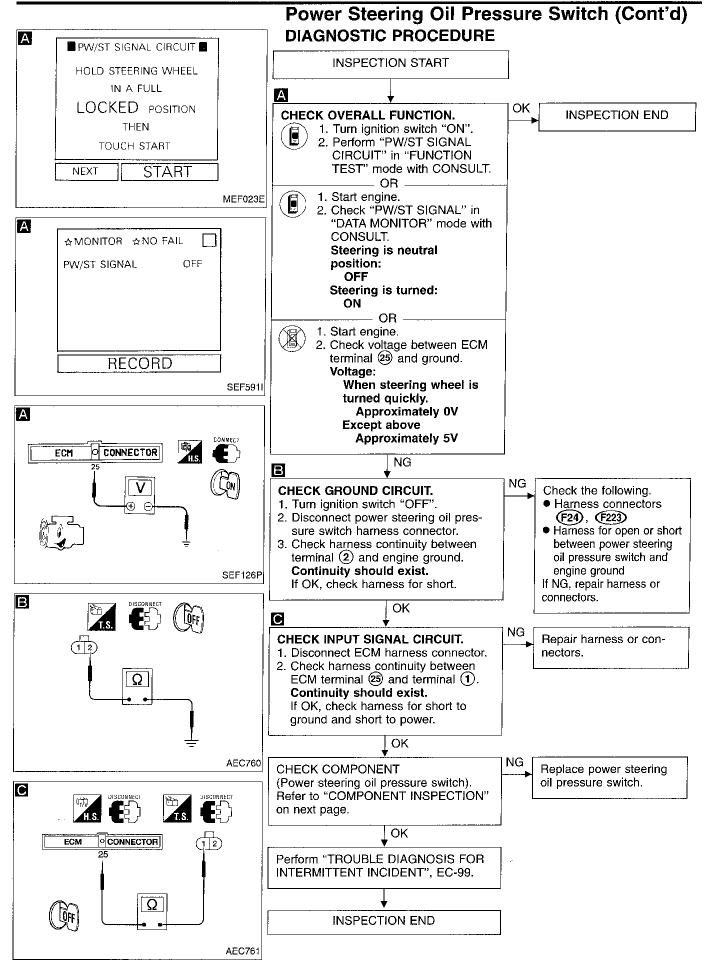
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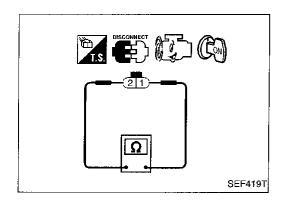
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Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Power steering oil pressure switch

- 1. Disconnect power steering oil pressure switch harness connector then start engine.
- 2. Check continuity between terminals.

Conditions	Continuity
Steering wheel is fully being turned	Yes
Steering wheel is not being turned	No

If NG, replace power steering oil pressure switch.

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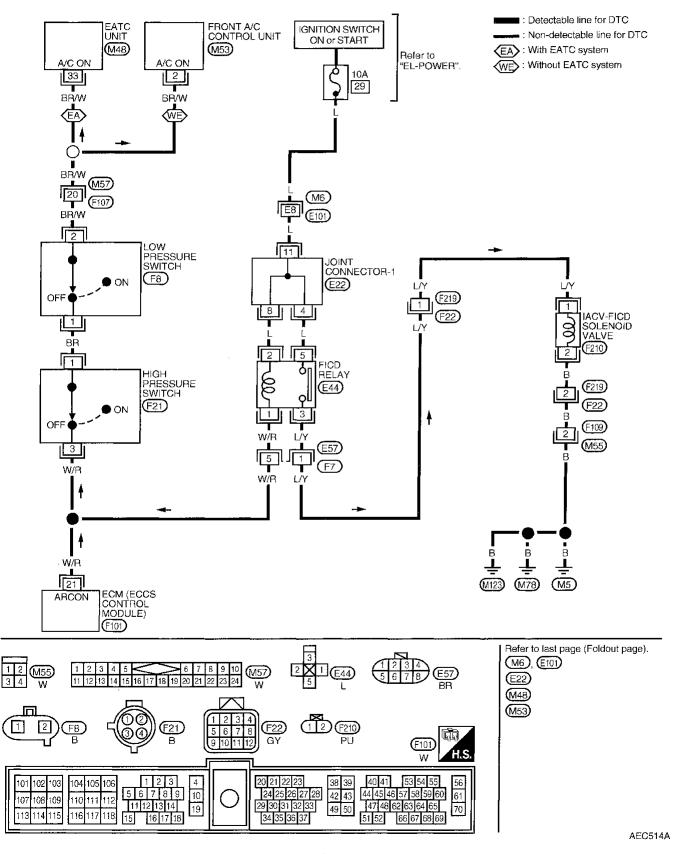
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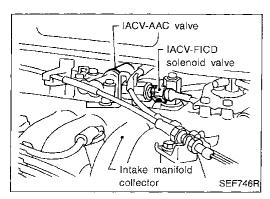
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IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve/Air Conditioning System Input

EC-FICD-01





IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve/Air Conditioning System Input (Cont'd) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

When the air conditioner is on, the IACV-FICD solenoid valve supplies additional air to adjust to the increased load.

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ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
15	LG	Air conditioner relay	Engine is running. Both A/C switch and blower switch are "ON"*	0 - 2V
			Engine is running. A/C switch is "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
21	W/R	Air conditioner switch	Engine is running. Both air conditioner switch and blower switch are "ON" (Compressor operates)	0.8 - 2.5V
			Engine is running. Air conditioner switch is "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

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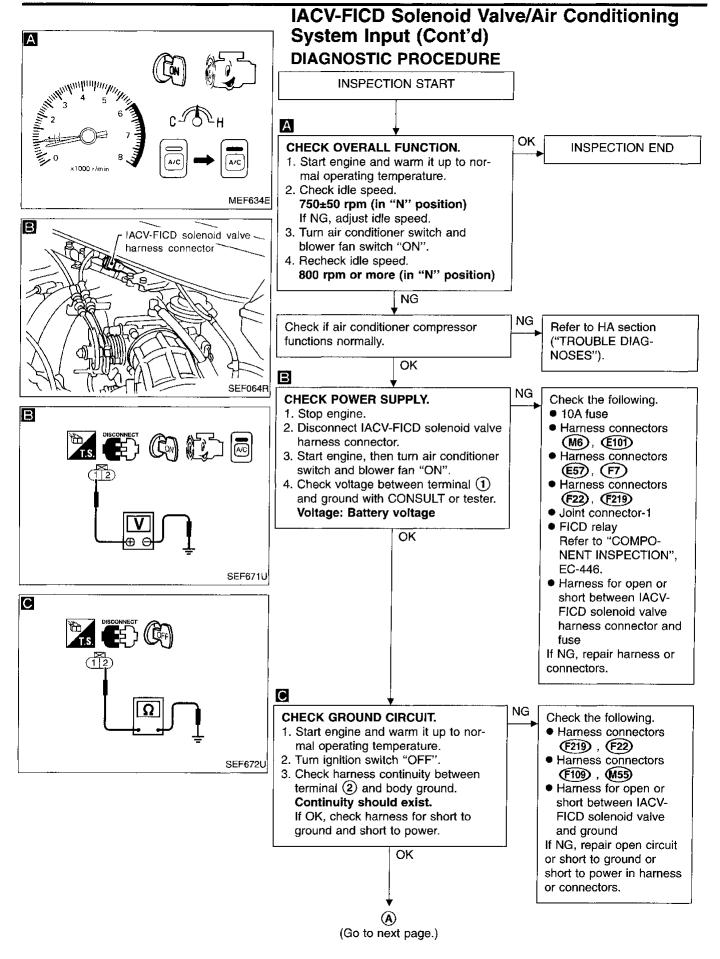
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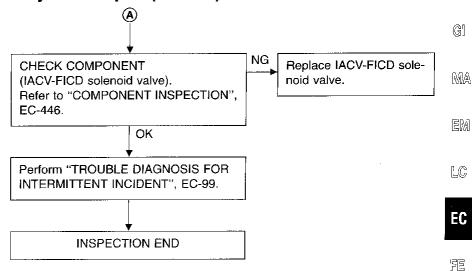
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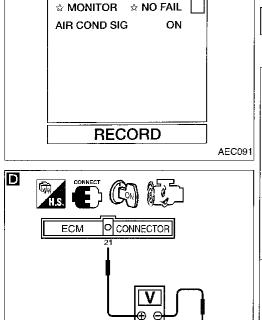
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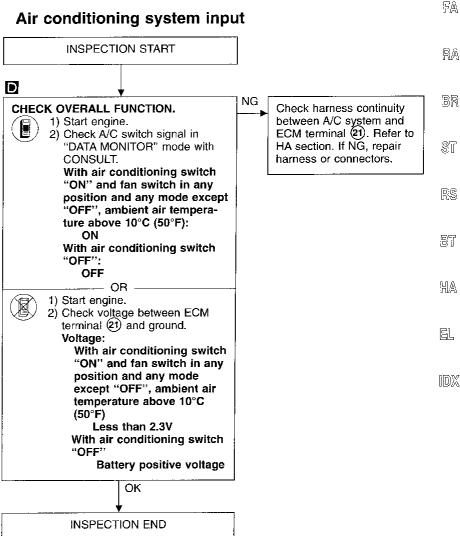
IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve/Air Conditioning System Input (Cont'd)





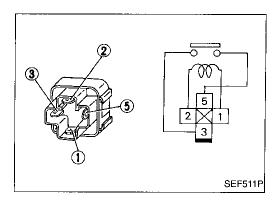
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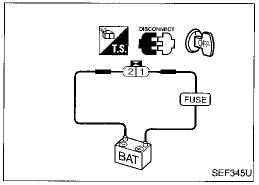
IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve/Air Conditioning System Input (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

FICD relay

Check continuity between terminals 3 and 5.

Conditions	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	Yes
No current supply	No

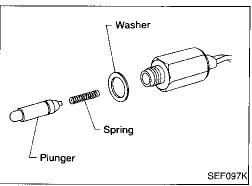
If NG, replace relay.



IACV-FICD solenoid valve

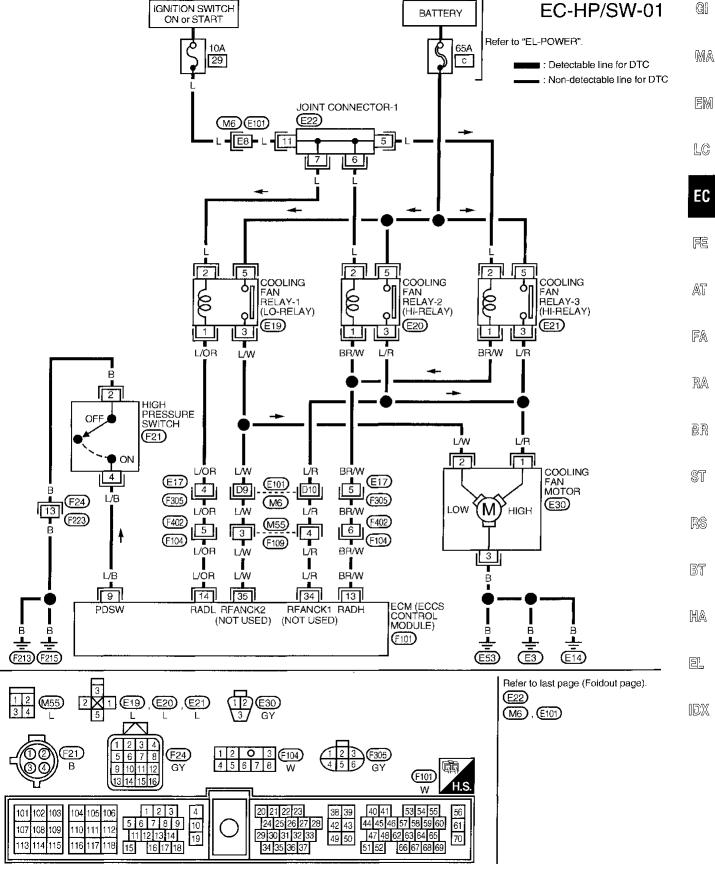
Disconnect IACV-FICD solenoid valve harness connector.

 Check for clicking sound when applying 12V direct current to terminals.



- Check plunger for seizing or sticking.
- Check for broken spring.

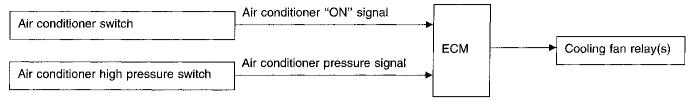
Air Conditioner High Pressure Switch



Air Conditioner High Pressure Switch (Cont'd)

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Cooling fan control by air conditioner high pressure switch

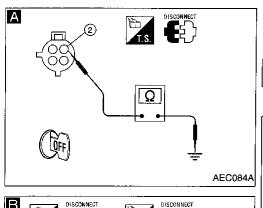


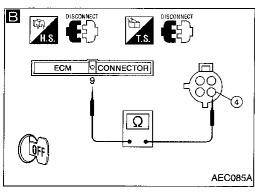
When both air conditioner switch and high pressure switch are "ON", cooling fans operate at "High" speed.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
9	L/B	Air conditioner pressure switch	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 5V
13	BR/W	Cooling fan relay (High)	Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating Engine is running. Cooling fan is operating at high speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) 0.7 - 0.8V
14	L/OR	Cooling fan relay (Low)	Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating Engine is running. Cooling fan is operating at low speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) 0.7 - 0.8V

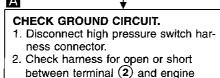




Air Conditioner High Pressure Switch (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

INSPECTION START



ground.

Continuity should exist.

If OK, check harness for short.

Check the following. Harness connectors F24, F223 Harness for open or

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short between high pressure switch and engine ground

If NG repair barness or

If NG, repair harness or connectors.

CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.

Disconnect ECM harness connector.
 Check harness for open or short.

Check harness for open or short between ECM terminal (9) and terminal (4).

OK

Continuity should exist.

If OK, check harness for short.

Repair harness or connectors.

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CHECK COMPONENT (High pressure switch).

Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" below.

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Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-99.

INSPECTION END

Replace high pressure switch.

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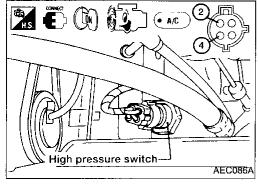
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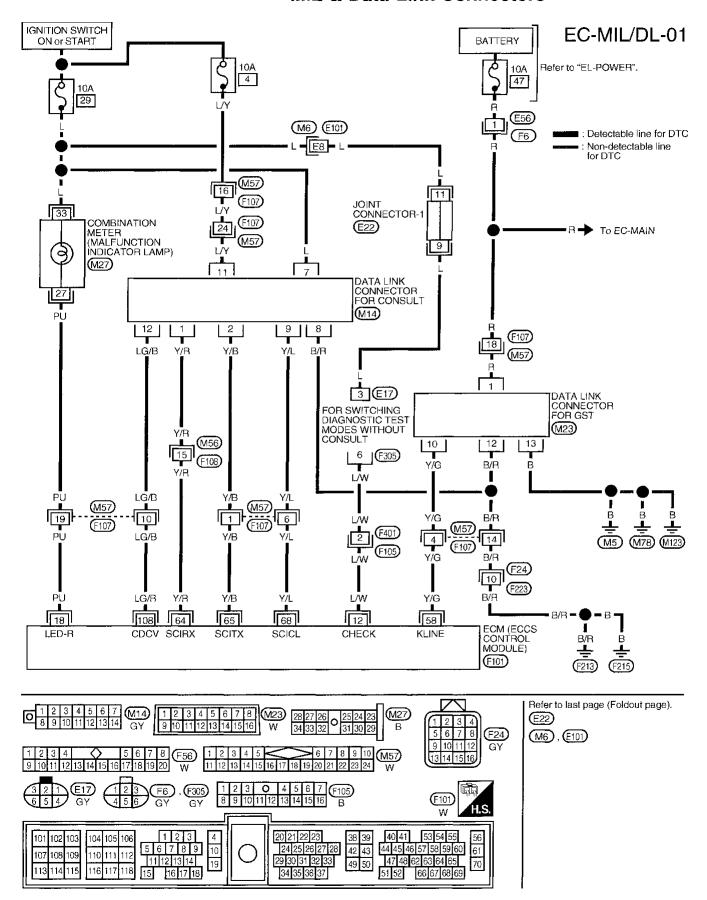
High pressure switch

Check continuity between terminals 2 and 4.

High-pressure side line pressure	kPa (kg/cm², psi)	Operation	Continuity
Increasing to	2,246 (22.9, 326)	Fan OFF	Does not exist
Decreasing to	1,824 (18.6, 264)	Fan ON	Exists



MIL & Data Link Connectors



SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

General Specifications

FUEL PRESSURE REGULATOR Fuel pressure at idling kPa (kg/cm², psi)	
Vacuum hose is connected	Approximately 235 (2.4, 34)
Vacuum hose is disconnected	Approximately 294 (3.0, 43)

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Inspection and Adjustment EGR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Idle speed*1 rpm	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
No-load*2 (in "N" position)	750±50 (700±50*3)
Air conditioner: ON (in "N" position)	800 or more
Ignition timing	15°±2° BTDC*3
Closed throttle position switch touch speed ("OFF" to "ON") (in "N" position)	950±150*3

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance MΩ
0 (32)	4.81	7.5 - 9.2
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.07 - 0.10

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*1: Feedback controlled and needs no adjustments

- *2: Under the following conditions:
- Air conditioner switch: OFF
 - Electric load: OFF (Lights, heater fan & rear defogger)
 Steering wheel: Kept in straight-ahead position

FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR **HEATER**

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	2.3 - 4.3
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IGNITION COIL

Primary voltage	V	12
Primary resistance [at 20°C (68°F)]	Ω	Approximately 1.0
Secondary resistance [at 20°C (68°F)]	kΩ	Approximately 10

FUEL PUMP

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	0.2 - 5.0

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IACV-AAC VALVE

Resistance [at 20°C (77°F)]	Ω	Approximately 10.0
mobilitation [at 20 0 (i / i /)]		, to be commented by the control of

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MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Supply voltage	٧	Battery voltage (11 - 14)
Output voltage at idle		1.0 - 1.7*
Mass air flow (Using CO or GST)	ONSULT g·m/sec	3.2 - 6.7 at idle* 8.7 - 21.9 at 2,500 rpm*

^{*:} Engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature and running under no-load.

INJECTOR

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	10 - 14

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RESISTOR

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)] $k\Omega$	Approximately 2.2
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THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Throttle valve conditions	Resistance k Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
Completely closed	Approximately 0.5
Partially open	0.5 - 4.0
Completely open	Approximately 4.0

ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

^{*3:} Disconnect throttle position sensor

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Inspection and Adjustment (Cont'd)

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)] Ω

HEATER

CALCULATED LOAD VALUE

	Calculated load value % (Using CONSULT or GST)
At idle	18.2 - 38.0
At 2,500 rpm	14.8 - 33.5

CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (OBD)

REAR HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	432 - 528

2.3 - 4.3

INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
80 (176)	0.27 - 0.38

EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	35 - 43