SECTION CLUTCH CL

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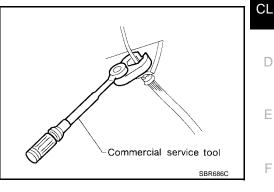
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PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS

Precautions

- The recommended clutch system hydraulic fluid is brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Do not reuse drained brake fluid.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If any brake fluid
 is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- Use a flare nut wrench (commercial service tool) when removing or installing the clutch hydraulic tubes.
- Use new brake fluid to clean or wash any parts of the clutch master cylinder and operating cylinder.
- Never use any type of mineral oil such as gasoline or kerosene to clean or wash any parts of the clutch system. It will ruin the rubber parts of the hydraulic system.



WARNING:

After cleaning the clutch disc, wipe it with a dust collector. Do not use compressed air.

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PREPARATION

PREPARATION

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Special Service Tools

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
KV30101600 (New) KV30101000 (Former) (J33213) Clutch aligning bar	New a Former NT641	Installing clutch cover and clutch disc a: 15.9 mm (0.626 in) dia. b: 17.9 mm (0.705 in) dia. c: 40 mm (1.57 in)
ST20050240 (—) Diaphragm spring adjusting wrench	a S-NT404	Adjusting unevenness of diaphragm spring of clutch cover a: 150 mm (5.91 in) b: 25 mm (0.98 in)
KV32101000 (J25689-A) Pin punch	a	Removing and installing spring pin a: 4 mm (0.16 in) dia.
	S-NT410	
ommercial Service Too	ols	ECS005R
Tool name		Description
 Flare nut crowfoot Torque wrench 	(O)	Removing and installing clutch piping a: 10 mm (0.39 in)

S-NT360

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NOISE, VIBRATION, AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

NVH Troubleshooting Chart

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Use the chart below to help you find the cause of the symptom. The numbers indicate the order of inspection. Check each part in order. If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

Reference pa	age	<u>CL-7</u>	CL-7	CT-9	<u>CL-11</u>	EM-62, "Removal and Installation"	<u>CL-14</u>				<u>CL-17</u>				<u>CL-17</u>		<u>CL-18</u>		<u>CL-18</u>	CL D
Suspected pa	arts (Possible cause)	Clutch pedal (Inspection and adjustment)	Clutch line (Air in line)	Master cylinder piston cup (Damaged)	Operating cylinder piston cup (Damaged)	Engine mounting (Loose)	Release bearing (Worn, dirty or damaged)	Clutch disc (Out of true)	Clutch disc (Runout is excessive)	Clutch disc (Lining broken)	Clutch disc (Dirty or burned)	Clutch disc (Oily)	Clutch disc (Worn out)	Clutch disc (Hardened)	Clutch disc (Lack of spline grease)	Diaphragm spring (Damaged)	Diaphragm spring (Out of tip alignment)	Clutch cover (Distortion)	Flywheel (Distortion)	F G H
-	Clutch grabs/chatters					1			2			2	2	2			2			J
	Clutch pedal spongy		1	2	2															
Symptom	Clutch noisy						1													K
	Clutch slips	1										2	2			3		4	5	1/
	Clutch does not disengage	1	2	3	4			5	5	5	5	5			5	6	6	7		

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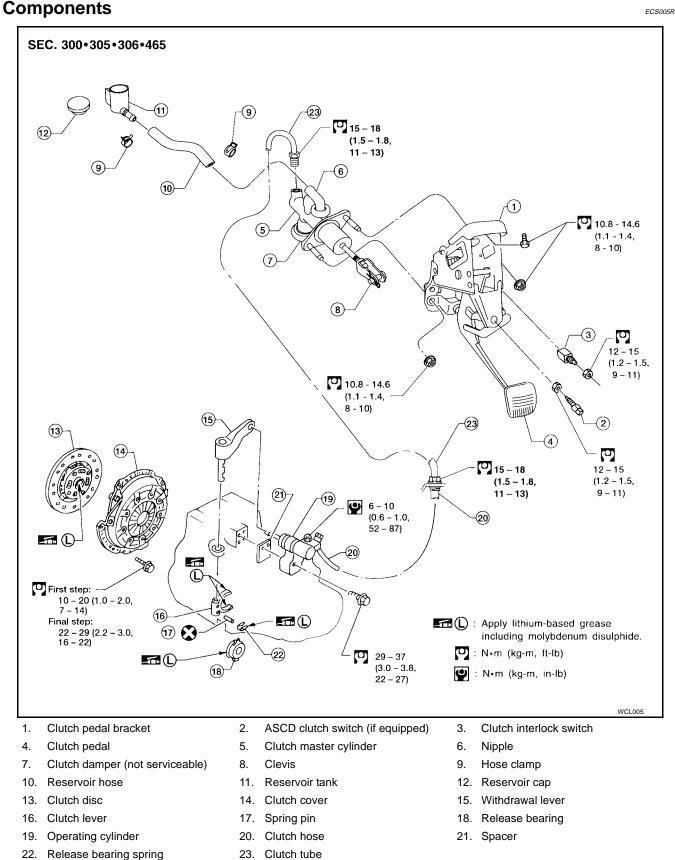
CLUTCH SYSTEM

CLUTCH SYSTEM

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CL-6

CLUTCH SYSTEM

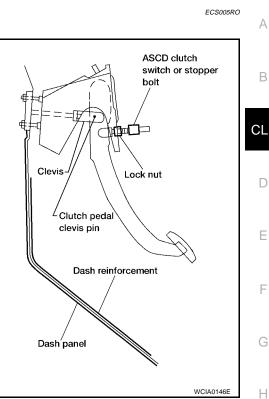
Inspection and Adjustment CLUTCH PEDAL INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

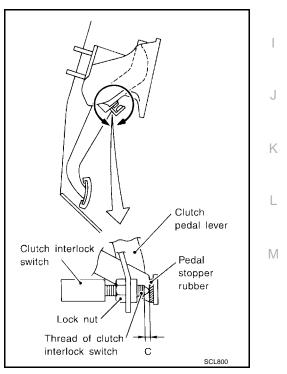
- 1. Check to see if the clutch pedal clevis pin floats freely in the bore of the clutch pedal. It should not be bound by the clevis or clutch pedal.
- a. If the pin is not free, check that the ASCD switch or pedal stopper bolt is not applying pressure to the clutch pedal causing the pin to bind. To adjust, loosen the ASCD switch or pedal stopper bolt lock nut and turn the ASCD switch or pedal stopper bolt.
- b. Tighten the lock nut.
- c. Verify that the clutch pedal clevis pin floats freely in the bore of the clutch pedal. It should not be bound by the clevis or clutch pedal.
- d. If the pin is still not free, remove the pin and check for deformation or damage. Replace the pin if necessary. Leave the pin removed for step 2.
- 2. Check the clutch pedal stroke for free range of movement.
- a. With the clutch pedal clevis pin removed, manually move the pedal up and down to determine if it moves freely.
- b. If any sticking is noted, replace the related parts (clutch pedal, pedal bracket, assist spring, bushing, etc.). Reassemble the pedal and re-verify that the clevis pin floats freely in the bore of the pedal.
- 3. Adjust the clearance "C" while fully depressing the clutch pedal (with the clutch interlock switch) as shown.

Clearance "C" : 0.1 - 1.0 mm (0.004 - 0.039 in)

- 4. Check the clutch hydraulic system components (clutch master cylinder, clutch operating cylinder, Clutch withdrawal lever, clutch release bearing, etc.) for sticking or binding.
- a. If any sticking or binding is noted, repair or replace the related parts as necessary.
- b. If any hydraulic system repair was necessary, bleed the clutch hydraulic system. Refer to CL-7, "BLEEDING PROCEDURE" NOTE:

Do not use a vacuum assist or any other type of power bleeder on this system. Use of a vacuum assist or power bleeder will not purge all of the air from the system.





BLEEDING PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Carefully monitor the fluid level at the clutch master cylinder during the bleeding operation. NOTE:

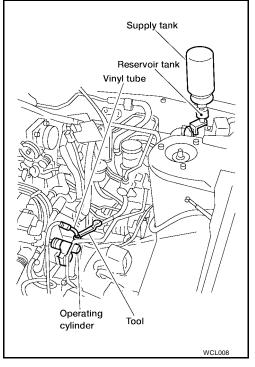
Do not use a vacuum assist or any other type of power bleeder on this system. Use of a vacuum assist or power bleeder will not purge all of the air from the system.

1. Top off the clutch master cylinder reservoir with the recommended brake fluid "DOT 3". Then attach the additional supply tank as shown.

CAUTION:

Do not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

- 2. Connect a transparent vinyl tube to the air bleeder valve as shown.
- 3. Slowly depress the clutch pedal to its full stroke and release it completely. Repeat this operation several times at 2 to 3 seconds intervals.
- 4. Open the air bleeder valve with the clutch pedal fully depressed.



5. Close the air bleeder valve and tighten to specification.

Air bleeder valve : 5.9 - 9.8 N·m (0.6 - 1.0 kg-m, 52 - 87 in-lb)

- 6. Release the clutch pedal and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 7. Repeat steps 3 through 6 above until no more air bubbles are in the brake fluid coming out of the vinyl tube attached to the air bleeder valve.

CLUTCH MASTER CYLINDER

CLUTCH MASTER CYLINDER

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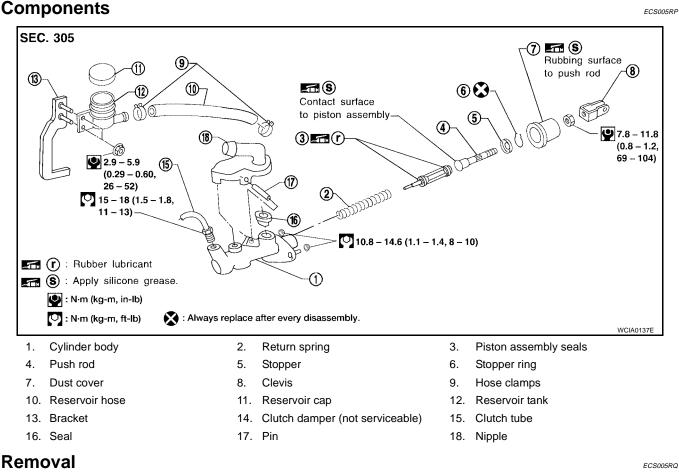
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1. Drain the brake fluid from the clutch hydraulic system.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

- 2. Remove the clutch tube flare nut using a flare nut wrench.
- Remove the reservoir hose.
- 4. Remove the snap pin from the clevis pin and remove the clutch pedal from the clevis.
- Remove the master cylinder assembly mounting nuts and reservoir tank bracket mounting nuts to remove 5. master cylinder assembly.

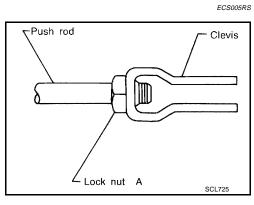
Disassembly

- 1. Loosen the push rod lock nut "A" to remove the clevis and the lock nut "A".
- 2. Remove the dust cover.
- 3. Remove the stopper ring and stopper, then remove the push rod from the cylinder body. During removal, keep the push rod depressed, to prevent the piston inside the master cylinder from popping out.

NOTE:

Discard the stopper ring and use a new ring for assembly.

- 4. Remove the piston assembly from the cylinder body.
- 5. Remove the return spring.
- 6. Remove the pin using a pin punch, then remove the nipple and seal.



CL-9

CLUTCH MASTER CYLINDER

Inspection

Inspect for the following conditions and replace any parts as necessary.

- Damage, wear, rust, and pinholes on the cylinder inner wall
- Damage and deformation of the reservoir tank
- Weak return spring
- Crack or deformation of the dust cover

Assembly

- 1. Install the return spring.
- 2. Apply rubber lubricant to the sliding parts of the piston assembly, and insert the piston assembly into the cylinder body.
- 3. After installing the stopper to push rod, install a new stopper ring while keeping the piston assembly depressed by hand, so that the piston assembly will not pop out.

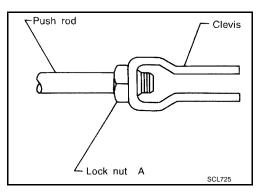
CAUTION:

The stopper ring cannot be reused. Always use a new stopper ring for assembly.

- 4. Apply silicone grease, and install the dust cover.
- 5. Install the clevis to push rod, and tighten lock nut "A" to specification.

Lock nut "A" : 7.8 - 11.8 N·m (0.8 - 1.2 kg-m, 69 - 104 in-lb)

6. Install the seal and nipple to the cylinder body, and install the pin using a pin punch.



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Installation

- 1. Install the reservoir hose.
- 2. Connect the clutch tube to the master cylinder assembly, and hand-tighten the flare nut.
- 3. Install the master cylinder assembly to the cowl, and tighten the mounting nuts to specification.

Master cylinder mounting nuts : 10.8 - 14.6 N·m (1.1 - 1.4 kg-m, 8 - 10 ft-lb)

4. Tighten the reservoir tank bracket mounting nuts to specification.

Reservoir tank bracket mounting nuts : 2.9 - 5.9 N·m (0.29 - 0.60 kg-m, 26 - 52 in-lb)

5. Tighten the clutch tube flare nut to specification, using a flare nut torque wrench.

Clutch tube flare nut : 15 - 18 N·m (1.5 - 1.8 kg-m, 11 - 13 ft-lb)

- 6. After installing the clevis pin, install the snap pin to connect the clutch pedal to the push rod.
- 7. After finishing the component installation, bleed the air from the clutch hydraulic system. Refer to <u>CL-7</u>, <u>"BLEEDING PROCEDURE"</u>.

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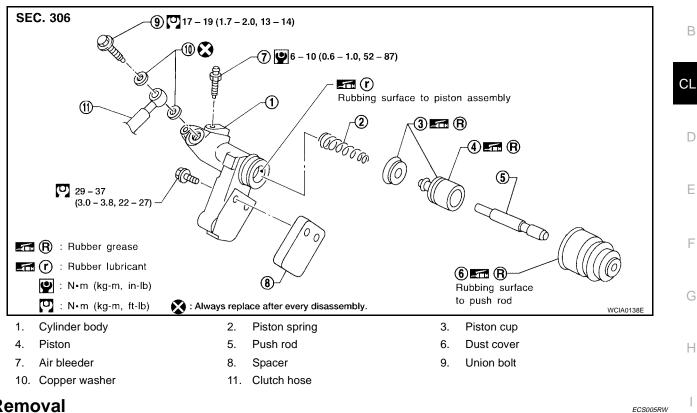
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OPERATING CYLINDER

OPERATING CYLINDER

Components



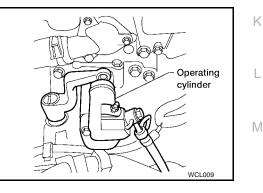
Removal

1. Drain the brake fluid from the clutch hydraulic system.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

- 2. Remove the union bolt, the two copper washers, and the clutch hose from the operating cylinder. Discard the copper washers.
- 3. Remove the operating cylinder bolts, and remove the operating cylinder.



Disassembly

- 1. Remove the dust cover from the operating cylinder body.
- 2. Remove the push rod.
- Remove the piston.
- 4. Remove the piston cup.
- 5. Remove the piston spring.
- 6. Remove the air bleeder.

Inspection

Inspect for the following, and replace any parts as necessary.

Damage, foreign material, wear, rust, and pinholes on the cylinder inner surface, piston, and sliding part of piston cup

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• Weak piston spring

Crack or deformation of dust cover

Assembly

CAUTION:

To assemble the operating cylinder use the specified rubber grease and rubber lubricant. Refer to <u>GI-45, "RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS"</u>.

- 1. Apply rubber lubricant to the overall inside surface of the operating cylinder body.
- 2. Install the air bleeder, tighten to specification.

Air bleeder : 6 - 10 N·m (0.6 - 1.0 kg-m, 52 - 87 in-lb)

- 3. Install the piston spring with the tapered spring end pointing toward the piston cup.
- 4. Apply rubber grease and install the piston cup.
- 5. Apply rubber grease and install the piston.
- 6. Install the push rod.
- 7. Apply rubber grease and install the dust cover.

Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

- Install the clutch hose without twisting it.
- The two copper washers for the union bolt cannot be reused. Use two new copper washers for installation.
- After finishing the installation, bleed the air from the clutch hydraulic system. Refer to <u>CL-7</u>, <u>"BLEEDING PROCEDURE"</u>.

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Removal

PIPING

- 1. Remove the engine air cleaner and air duct. Refer to EM-13, "Removal and Installation" .
- 2. Drain the brake fluid from the clutch hydraulic system.

CAUTION: Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas, it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

- 3. Remove the flare nut from the operating cylinder body using a flare nut wrench.
- 4. Remove the union bolt and two copper washers attaching the clutch hose from the operating cylinder. Discard the two copper washers.
- 5. Remove the clutch hose from the bracket by removing the lock plate.

Installation

1. When installing the clutch hose into the bracket, position the lock plate in the specified direction as shown to secure the clutch hose.

CAUTION:

Install the clutch hose without twisting or bending it.

2. Tighten the flare nut to specification, using a flare nut wrench.

Flare nut : 15 - 18 N·m (1.5 - 1.8 kg-m, 11 - 13 ft-lb)

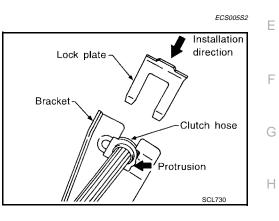
CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the flare nut and clutch tube.

3. Position the clutch hose and install the union bolt and two new copper washers on to the operating cylinder, and tighten the union bolt to specification.

Union bolt : 17 - 19 N·m (1.7 - 2.0 kg-m, 13 - 14 ft-lb)

- 4. Bleed the air from the clutch hydraulic system. Refer to <u>CL-7, "BLEEDING PROCEDURE"</u>.
- 5. Install the engine air cleaner and air duct. Refer to EM-13, "Removal and Installation" .



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CLUTCH RELEASE MECHANISM

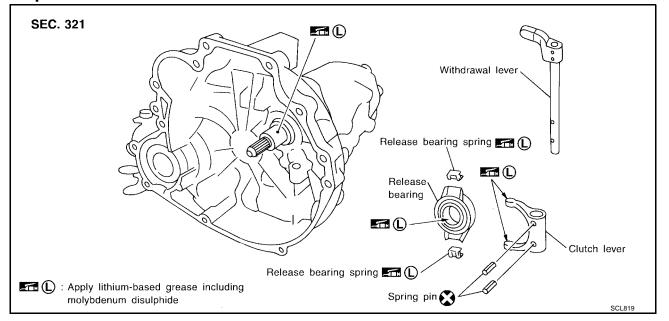
CLUTCH RELEASE MECHANISM

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Components

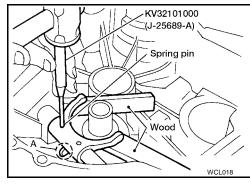


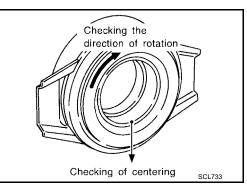
Removal

- 1. Remove the manual transaxle. Refer to <u>MT-15, "Removal and</u> <u>Installation"</u> (RS5F70A).
- 2. Move the withdrawal lever enough to remove the release bearing and release bearing spring, and remove the release bearing from the clutch lever.
- 3. Support the clutch lever claws with an appropriate wood block, align the retaining pin with "A" as shown, and drive out the spring pins using a pin punch.
- 4. Pull out the withdrawal lever and remove the clutch lever from the clutch housing.

Inspection

- Replace the release bearing if it is seized, damaged, faulty in rotation direction, or has poor alignment.
- Replace the withdrawal lever if the contact surface is worn excessively.
- Replace the clutch lever if its contact surface is worn excessively.





Installation

CAUTION:

- Apply grease to the clutch components. Otherwise, abnormal noise, poor clutch disengagement, or clutch damage may occur. Wipe the excess grease off completely, as it may cause the clutch components to slip and shudder.
- Keep the clutch disc facing, pressure plate, and flywheel free of oil and grease.

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ECS005S5

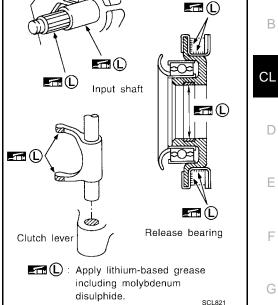
CL-14

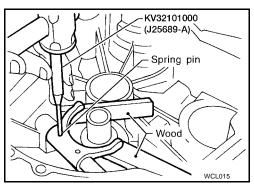
- Clean any old grease and abrasive materials off of the grease application areas as shown.
- Apply approximately a 1 mm (0.04 in) thick coating of clutch sleeve grease evenly on the sliding part of the clutch lever and the release bearing spring.
- Apply just enough clutch sleeve grease to fill up the release bearing inner groove.
- Apply the clutch grease to the clutch disc and the input shaft spline. Install the clutch disc to the input shaft, remove the excess grease around the shaft, and remove the clutch disc.
- Lightly and evenly apply the clutch sleeve grease on the sliding part of the release bearing. Install the release bearing and remove any excess grease around the bearing, then remove the release bearing.

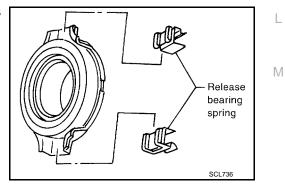
- 1. Assemble the clutch lever to clutch housing, and insert the withdrawal lever.
- Support the clutch lever claws with an appropriate wood block, and install new spring pins using a pin punch as shown.
 CAUTION:

Spring pins cannot be reused.

3. Install the release bearing springs on to the release bearing as shown.







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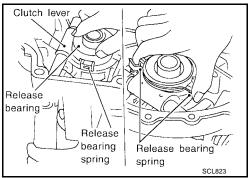
CLUTCH RELEASE MECHANISM

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4. Operate the withdrawal lever manually, press the release bearing spring from both sides, and install the release bearing onto the clutch lever securely.

CAUTION:

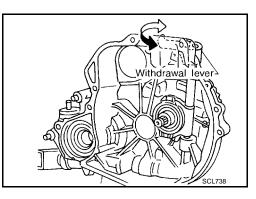
Make sure a click is heard when the release bearing spring is pressed from both sides.



5. Check that all parts operate smoothly when operating the withdrawal lever.

CAUTION:

Remove any excess grease.



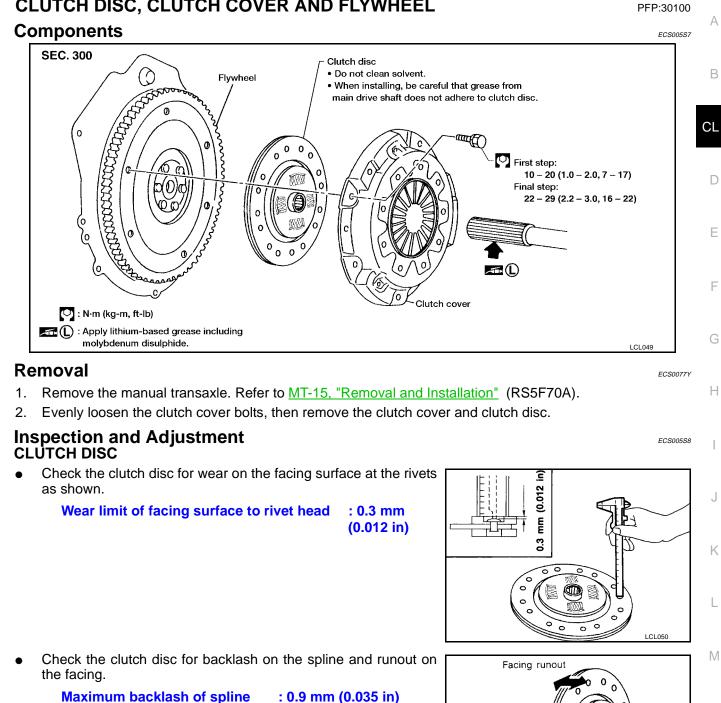
6. Install the manual transaxle. Refer to <u>MT-15, "Removal and Installation"</u> (RS5F70A).

CLUTCH DISC, CLUTCH COVER AND FLYWHEEL

[QG18DE]

CLUTCH DISC, CLUTCH COVER AND FLYWHEEL





Maximum backlash of spline (at outer edge of disc) **Runout limit** Distance of runout check point : 102.5 mm (4.04 in) (from hub center)

: 1.0 mm (0.039 in)

Spline backlash LCL051

Check the clutch disc for burns, discoloration, and oil or grease leakage. Replace if necessary.

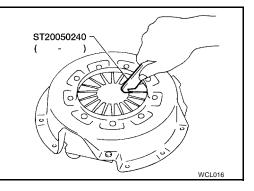
CLUTCH DISC, CLUTCH COVER AND FLYWHEEL

CLUTCH COVER AND FLYWHEEL

• Check the clutch cover installed for unevenness of the diaphragm spring toe heights.

Uneven limit : 0.88 mm (0.0346 in)

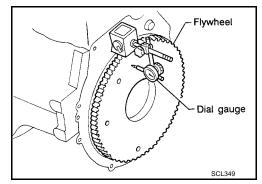
If the toe heights are greater than the uneven limit, adjust the height with Tool as shown.



FLYWHEEL INSPECTION

- Check the contact surface of flywheel for slight burns or discoloration. Clean the flywheel contact surface with emery paper.
- Check the flywheel runout using a dial gauge as shown.

Maximum allowable	: Refer to <u>EM-76, "Flywheel</u>
runout	<u>Runout"</u> .



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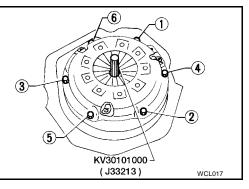
Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

- Do not clean the clutch disc with solvent.
- When installing the clutch disc, do not to allow grease from the main driveshaft to contact the clutch disc friction surface.
- Insert Tool into clutch disc hub for proper alignment when installing the clutch cover and disc as shown.
- Tighten the clutch cover bolts in numerical order in two steps as shown.

First step	: 10 - 20 N⋅m (1.0 - 2.0 kg-m, 7 - 14 ft-lb)
Final step	: 22 - 29 N·m (2.2 - 3.0 kg-m, 16 - 22 ft-lb)



SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)	PFP:00030			
Clutch Control System	ECS005SA			
Type of clutch control	Hydraulic			
Clutch Master Cylinder	ECS005SB			
•	Unit: mm (in)			
Inner diameter	15.87 (5/8)			
Clutch Operating Cylinder	ECS005SC			
	Unit: mm (in)			
Inner diameter	19.05 (3/4)			
Clutch Disc	ECS005SD			
	Unit: mm (in)			
Engine model	QG18DE			
Model	215			
Facing size (Outer dia. \times inner dia. \times thickness)	$215 \times 145 \times 3.5$ (8.46 $\times 5.71 \times 0.138$)			
Thickness of disc assembly with load	7.7 - 8.3 (0.303 - 0.327) with 4,900 N (499.8 kg, 1,101.5 lb)			
Wear limit of facing surface to rivet head	0.3 (0.012)			
Runout limit of facing	1.0 (0.039)			
Distance of runout check point (from the hub center)	102.5 (4.04)			
Maximum backlash of spline (at outer edge of disc)	0.9 (0.035)			
Clutch Cover	ECS005SE			
	Unit: mm (in)			
Engine model	QG18DE			
Model	215			
Full-load	4,900 N (499.8 kg, 1,101.5 lb)			
Uneven limit of diaphragm spring toe height	0.88 (0.0346)			
Clutch Pedal	ecsooss Unit: mm (in)			
Clearance "C" between pedal stopper rubber and clutch interlock switch threaded end while clutch pedal is fully depressed.	0.1 - 1.0 (0.004 - 0.039)			

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PRECAUTIONS

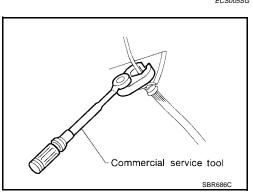
PRECAUTIONS

Precautions

- Recommended fluid is brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Do not reuse drained brake fluid.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- Use a flare nut wrench when removing or installing the clutch hydraulic tubes.
- Use new brake fluid to clean or wash all parts of the master cylinder and operating cylinder.
- Never use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene. It will ruin the rubber parts of the hydraulic system.

WARNING:

After cleaning the clutch disc, wipe it with a dust collector. Do not use compressed air.



[QR25DE]

PREPARATION

[QR25DE]

PREPARATION		PFP:00002
Special Service Tools		EC\$005\$
■ The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools ma	y differ from those of special service tools	s illustrated here.
Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
ST20630000 (J26366) Clutch aligning bar		Installing clutch cover and clutch disc a: 15.8 mm (0.622 in) dia. b: 22.9 mm (0.902 in) dia. c: 45.0 mm (1.772 in)
ST20050240 (—) Diaphragm spring adjusting wrench	NT405	Adjusting unevenness of diaphragm spring of clutch cover a: 150 mm (5.91 in) b: 25 mm (0.98 in)
	S-NT404	D. 23 mm (0.96 m)
KV32101000 (J25689-A) Pin punch	a	Removing and installing spring pin a: 4 mm (0.16 in) dia.
	S-NT410	
Commercial Service Tool	S	ECS005
Tool name		Description
 Flare nut crowfoot Torque wrench 		Removing and installing clutch piping a: 10 mm (0.39 in)
	а - - С S-NT360	

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NOISE, VIBRATION, AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

NVH Troubleshooting Chart

PFP:00003

ECS005SJ

Use the chart below to help you find the cause of the symptom. The numbers indicate the order of inspection. Check each part in order. If necessary, repair or replace the parts.

Reference pag	ge	<u>CL-24</u>	<u>CL-24</u>	<u>CL-26</u>	<u>CL-28</u>	EM-62, "Removal and Installation"	<u>CL-31</u>				<u>CL-33</u>				<u>CL-33</u>		<u>CL-34</u>		<u>CL-34</u>
Suspected par	rts (Possible cause)	Clutch pedal (Inspection and adjustment)	Clutch line (Air in line)	Master cylinder piston cup (Damaged)	Operating cylinder piston cup (Damaged)	Engine mounting (Loose)	Release bearing (Worn, dirty or damaged)	Clutch disc (Out of true)	Clutch disc (Runout is excessive)	Clutch disc (Lining broken)	Clutch disc (Dirty or burned)	Clutch disc (Oily)	Clutch disc (Worn out)	Clutch disc (Hardened)	Clutch disc (Lack of spline grease)	Diaphragm spring (Damaged)	Diaphragm spring (Out of tip alignment)	Clutch cover (Distortion)	Flywheel (Distortion)
	Clutch grabs/chatters					1			2			2	2	2			2		
Clutch pedal spongy			1	2	2														
Symptom	Clutch noisy						1												
	Clutch slips	1										2	2			3		4	5
	Clutch does not disengage	1	2	3	4			5	5	5	5	5			5	6	6	7	

CLUTCH SYSTEM

[QR25DE]

CLUTCH SYSTEM



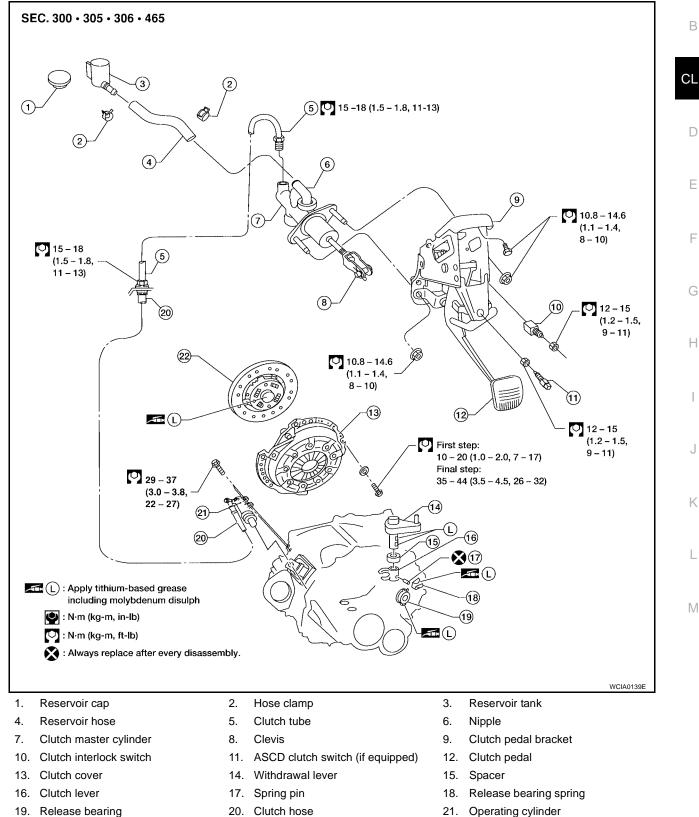
Components



А



ECS005SK



22. Clutch disc 20. Clutch hose

21. Operating cylinder

CLUTCH SYSTEM

Inspection and Adjustment CLUTCH PEDAL INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

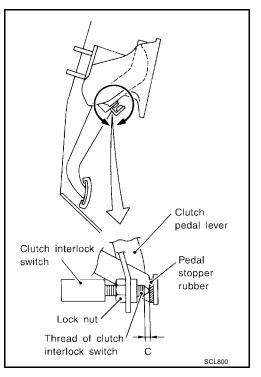
- 1. Check to see if the clutch pedal clevis pin floats freely in the bore of the clutch pedal. It should not be bound by the clevis or clutch pedal.
- a. If the pin is not free, check that the ASCD switch or pedal stopper bolt is not applying pressure to the clutch pedal causing the pin to bind. To adjust, loosen the ASCD switch or pedal stopper bolt lock nut and turn the ASCD switch or pedal stopper bolt.
- b. Tighten the lock nut.
- c. Verify that the clutch pedal clevis pin floats freely in the bore of the clutch pedal. It should not be bound by the clevis or clutch pedal.
- d. If the pin is still not free, remove the pin and check for deformation or damage. Replace the pin if necessary. Leave the pin removed for step 2.
- 2. Check the clutch pedal stroke for free range of movement.
- a. With the clutch pedal clevis pin removed, manually move the pedal up and down to determine if it moves freely.
- b. If any sticking is noted, replace the related parts (clutch pedal, pedal bracket, assist spring, bushing, etc.). Reassemble the pedal and re-verify that the clevis pin floats freely in the bore of the pedal.
- 3. Adjust the clearance "C" while fully depressing the clutch pedal (with the clutch interlock switch) as shown.

Clearance "C" : 0.1 - 1.0 mm (0.004 - 0.039 in)

- 4. Check the clutch hydraulic system components (clutch master cylinder, clutch operating cylinder, Clutch withdrawal lever, clutch release bearing, etc.) for sticking or binding.
- a. If any sticking or binding is noted, repair or replace the related parts as necessary.
- b. If any hydraulic system repair was necessary, bleed the clutch hydraulic system. Refer to <u>CL-24, "BLEEDING PROCEDURE"</u>.
 NOTE:

Do not use a vacuum assist or any other type of power bleeder on this system. Use of a vacuum assist or power bleeder will not purge all of the air from the system.

ASCD clutch switch or stopper bolt Clevis Clutch pedal clevis pin Dash reinforcement Dash panel



BLEEDING PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Carefully monitor the fluid level at the clutch master cylinder during the bleeding operation. NOTE:

Do not use a vacuum assist or any other type of power bleeder on this system. Use of a vacuum assist or power bleeder will not purge all of the air from the system.

ECS006H9

[QR25DE

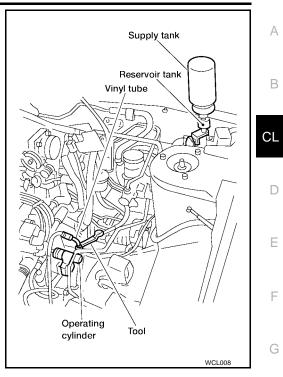
[QR25DE]

1. Top off the clutch master cylinder reservoir with the recommended brake fluid "DOT 3". Then attach the additional supply tank as shown.

CAUTION:

Do not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

- 2. Connect a transparent vinyl tube to the air bleeder valve as shown.
- 3. Slowly depress the clutch pedal to its full stroke and release it completely. Repeat this operation several times at 2 to 3 seconds intervals.
- 4. Open the air bleeder valve with the clutch pedal fully depressed.



5. Close the air bleeder valve and tighten to specification.

Air bleeder valve : 5.9 - 9.8 N·m (0.6 - 1.0 kg-m, 52 - 87 in-lb)

- 6. Release the clutch pedal and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 7. Repeat steps 3 through 6 above until no more air bubbles are in the brake fluid coming out of the vinyl tube attached to the air bleeder valve.

CL-25

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CLUTCH MASTER CYLINDER

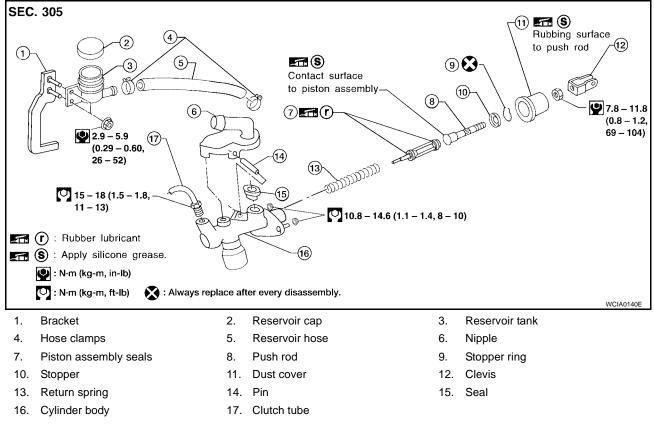
CLUTCH MASTER CYLINDER

PFP:30610

[QR25DE]

ECS005SM

Components



Removal

1. Drain the brake fluid from the clutch hydraulic system.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

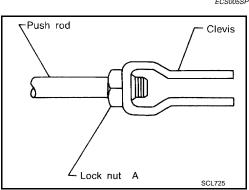
- 2. Remove the clutch tube flare nut using a flare nut wrench.
- 3. Remove the reservoir hose.
- 4. Remove the snap pin from the clevis pin and remove the clutch pedal from the clevis.
- 5. Unscrew the master cylinder assembly nuts and reservoir tank bracket nuts to remove the master cylinder assembly.

Disassembly

- 1. Loosen the push rod lock nut "A" to remove the clevis and lock nut "A".
- 2. Remove the dust cover.
- 3. Remove the stopper ring and stopper, and remove the push rod from the cylinder body. During removal, keep the push rod depressed, to prevent the piston inside the master cylinder from popping out. Discard the stopper ring.
- 4. Remove the piston assembly from the cylinder body.
- 5. Remove the return spring.
- 6. Remove the pin using a pin punch, then remove the nipple and seal.

Inspection

Inspect for the following, and replace parts if necessary.



ECS005SQ

CL-26

ECS005SP

ECS005SN

CLUTCH MASTER CYLINDER

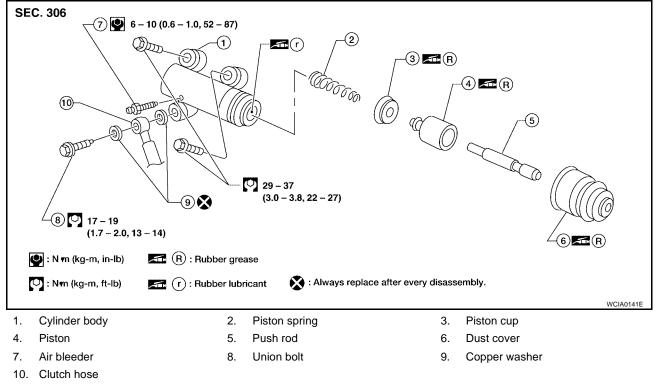
[QR25DE]

Damage, wear, rust, and pinholes on the cylinder inner wall А Damage and deformation of the reservoir tank Weak spring Crack or deformation of the dust cover В Assembly ECS005SR Install the return spring. 1. CL 2. Apply rubber lubricant to the sliding parts of the piston assembly, and insert the piston assembly into cylinder body. 3. After installing the stopper on to the push rod, install the new stopper ring while keeping the piston assembly depressed by hand, so that the piston assembly will not pop out. D CAUTION: The stopper ring cannot be reused. Always use a new stopper ring for assembly. Е 4. Apply silicone grease to the dust cover and install the dust cover. 5. Install the clevis on to push rod, and tighten the lock nut "A" to -Push rod Clevis specification. F Lock nut "A" : 7.8 - 11.8 N·m (0.8 - 1.2 kg-m, 69 - 104 in-lb) 6 Install the seal and nipple on to the cylinder body, and install the pin using a pin punch. Н ∠ Lock nut A SCL725 Installation ECS005SO 1. Install the reservoir hose. 2. Connect the clutch tube to the master cylinder assembly, and hand-tighten the flare nut. Install the master cylinder assembly to the cowl, and tighten the nuts to specification. 3. J Master cylinder nuts : 10.8 - 14.6 N·m (1.1 - 1.4 kg-m, 8 - 10 ft-lb) Tighten reservoir tank bracket nuts to specification. 4. Κ Reservoir tank bracket nuts : 2.9 - 5.9 N·m (0.29 - 0.60 kg-m, 26 - 52 in-lb) 5. Tighten clutch tube flare nut using a flare nut torque wrench to specification. L Clutch tube flare nut : 15 - 18 N·m (1.5 - 1.8 kg-m, 11 - 13 ft-lb) After installing the clevis pin, install the snap pin to connect the clutch pedal to the push rod. 6. Μ After finishing the installation, bleed the air out of the clutch hydraulic system. Refer to CL-24, "BLEEDING 7. PROCEDURE".

OPERATING CYLINDER

OPERATING CYLINDER

Components

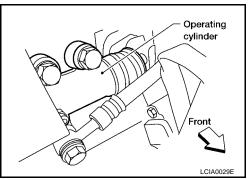


Removal

1. Drain the brake fluid from clutch hydraulic system.

CAUTION: Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

- 2. Remove the union bolt, the two copper washers, and the clutch hose from the operating cylinder. Discard the copper washers.
- 3. Remove the operating cylinder bolts, and remove the operating cylinder.



Disassembly

- 1. Remove the dust cover from the operating cylinder body.
- 2. Remove the push rod.
- 3. Remove the piston.
- 4. Remove the piston cup.
- 5. Remove the piston spring.
- 6. Remove the air bleeder.

Inspection

Inspect for the following, and replace parts as necessary.

 Damage, foreign material, wear, rust, and pinholes on the cylinder inner surface, piston, and sliding part of piston cup

CL-28

[QR25DE]

PFP:30620

ECS005SS

ECS005SU

ECS005SV

OPERATING CYLINDER

[QR25DE]

•	Weak piston spring	
•	Crack or deformation of dust cover	А
As	ecsoossw	
1.	Apply rubber lubricant to the overall inside surface of the operating cylinder body. CAUTION:	В
	To assemble the operating cylinder use the specified rubber grease and rubber lubricant. Refer to <u>GI-45, "RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS"</u> .	CL
2.	Install the air bleeder and tighten to specification.	
	Air bleeder : 6 - 10 N·m (0.6 - 1.0 kg-m, 52 - 87 in-lb)	
3.	Install the piston spring.	D
4.	Apply rubber grease and install the piston cup.	
5.	Apply rubber grease and install the piston.	Е
6.	Install the push rod.	
7.	Apply rubber grease and install the dust cover.	
Ins	stallation	F
Ins	tallation is in the reverse order of removal.	
CA	UTION:	G
•	Install the clutch hose without twisting it.	
•	The two copper washers for the union bolt cannot be reused. Use two new copper washers for installation.	
•	After finishing the installation, bleed the air from the clutch hydraulic system. Refer to <u>CL-24</u> , <u>"BLEEDING PROCEDURE"</u> .	Η
		J
		Κ

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PIPING

Removal

PFP:00000

ECS005SY

- 1. Remove the engine air cleaner and air duct. Refer to EM-101, "Removal and Installation".
- 2. Drain the brake fluid from the clutch hydraulic system.

CAUTION: Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

- 3. Remove the flare nut from the operating cylinder body using a flare nut wrench.
- 4. Remove the union bolt and two copper washers attaching the clutch hose from the operating cylinder. Discard the two copper washers.
- 5. Remove the clutch hose from the bracket by removing the lock plate.

Installation

1. When installing the clutch hose into the bracket, position the lock plate in the specified direction as shown to secure the clutch hose.

CAUTION:

Install the clutch hose without twisting or bending it.

2. Tighten the flare nut to specification, using a flare nut wrench.

Flare nut : 15 - 18 N·m (1.5 - 1.8 kg-m, 11 - 13 ft-lb)

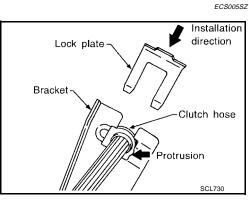
CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the flare nut and clutch tube.

3. Position the clutch hose and install the union bolt and two new copper washers on to the operating cylinder, and tighten the union bolt to specification.

Union bolt : 17 - 19 N·m (1.7 - 2.0 kg-m, 13 - 14 ft-lb)

- 4. Bleed the air from the clutch hydraulic system. Refer to CL-24, "BLEEDING PROCEDURE" .
- 5. Install the engine air cleaner and air duct.



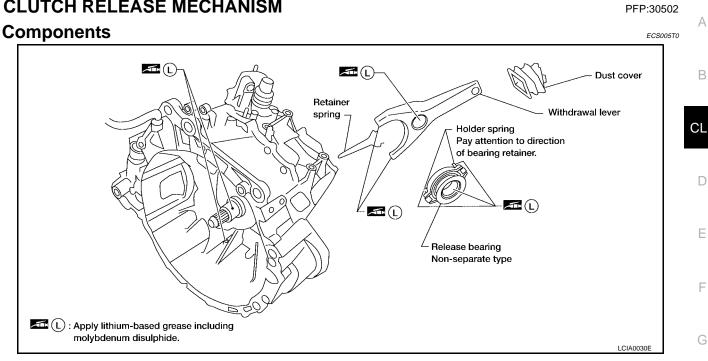
CLUTCH RELEASE MECHANISM

CLUTCH RELEASE MECHANISM

[QR25DE]

ECS005T1

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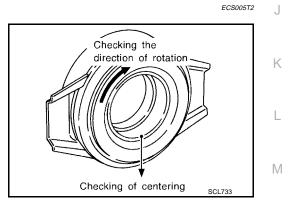


Removal

- Remove the manual transaxle. Refer to MT-79, "Removal and Installation" (RS6F51H). 1.
- Move the withdrawal lever enough to remove the release bearing, and remove the release bearing from 2. the clutch lever.
- Remove the withdrawal lever retainer spring. 3.
- Pull out the withdrawal lever and remove the dust cover. 4.

Inspection After Removal

- Replace the release bearing if it is seized, damaged, faulty in rotation direction, or has poor alignment.
- Replace the withdrawal lever if the contact surface is worn excessively.
- Replace the dust seal if its deformed or cracked.

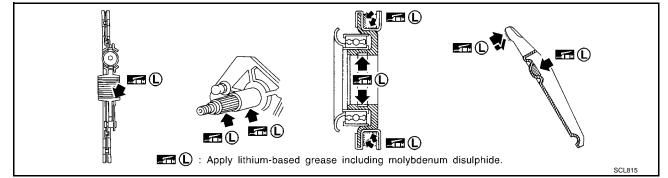


Installation

ECS005T3

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

• Clean any old grease and abrasive materials off of the grease application areas as shown.



- Apply approximately a 1 mm (0.04 in) thick coating of clutch sleeve grease to the withdrawal lever and holder spring friction surfaces.
- Apply a coat of clutch sleeve grease to the grooves on contact surfaces of the withdrawal lever ball pin and inner surface of the release bearing; make sure the grease is flush with the grooves.
- Apply a thin coat of clutch sleeve grease to the release bearing friction surface. After the grease application, install the release bearing. Wipe off any excess grease forced out from the bearing installation.

CLUTCH DISC, CLUTCH COVER AND FLYWHEEL

CLUTCH DISC, CLUTCH COVER AND FLYWHEEL

Components



ECS005T4

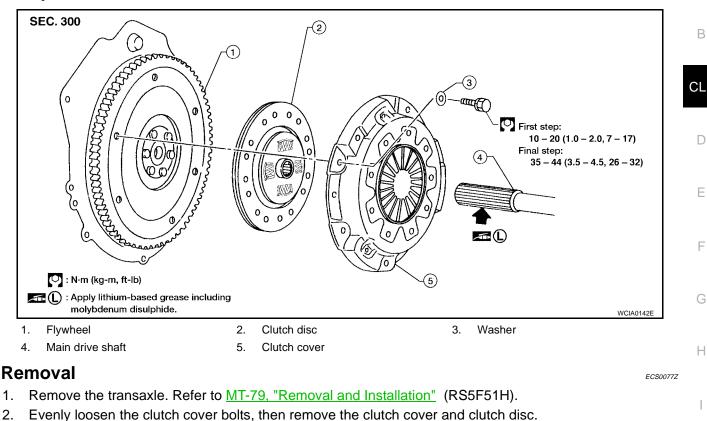
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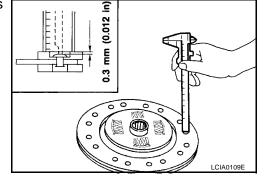


Inspection and Adjustment CLUTCH DISC

• Check clutch disc for wear of the facing surface at the rivets as shown.

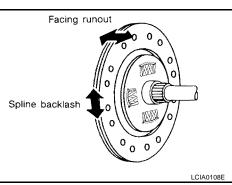
Wear limit of facing surface to rivet head : 0.3 mm

(0.012 in)



• Check the clutch disc for backlash of the spline and runout of the facing as shown.

Maximum backlash of spline (at outer edge of disc)	: 0.9 mm (0.035 in)
Runout limit	: 1.0 mm (0.039 in)
Distance of runout check point (from hub center)	: 115.0 mm (4.53 in)



 Check the clutch disc for burns, discoloration, or oil and grease leakage. Replace the components as necessary.

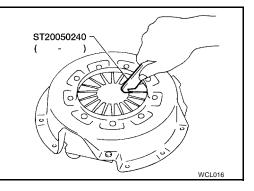
CLUTCH DISC, CLUTCH COVER AND FLYWHEEL

CLUTCH COVER AND FLYWHEEL

Check the spring toe height unevenness of the clutch cover with it installed on the vehicle.

Uneven limit : 0.7 mm (0.028 in)

If the measured uneven height is greater than the specified limit, adjust the spring toe height with Tool as shown.

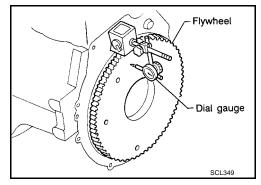


FLYWHEEL INSPECTION

- Check the contact surface of the flywheel for slight burns or discoloration. Clean the flywheel contact surface with emery paper.
- Check the flywheel runout using a dial gauge as shown.

Maximum allowable runout

: Refer to <u>EM-183, "MOVEMENT</u> <u>AMOUNT OF FLYWHEEL (M/T</u> <u>MODEL)"</u>.



ECS005T6

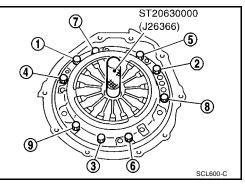
Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

- Do not clean the clutch disc with solvent.
- When installing the clutch disc, do not allow grease from the main driveshaft to contact the clutch disc friction surface.
- Insert Tool into the clutch disc hub for correct alignment when installing the clutch cover and disc as shown.
- Tighten the bolts in numerical order in two steps as shown.

First step	: 10 - 20 N·m (1.0 - 2.0 kg-m, 7 - 14 ft-lb)
Final step	: 35 - 44 N·m (3.5 - 4.5 kg-m, 26 - 32 ft-lb)



SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)	PFP:00030
Clutch Control System	ECS005T7
Type of clutch control	Hydraulic
Clutch Master Cylinder	ECS00578 Unit: mm (in)
Inner diameter	15.87 (5/8)
Clutch Operating Cylinder	ecsoosts Unit: mm (in)
Inner diameter	19.05 (3/4)
Clutch Disc	есsооьта Unit: mm (in)
Engine model	QR25DE
Model	240
Facing size (Outer dia. \times inner dia. \times thickness)	$240 \times 160 \times 3.5 (9.45 \times 6.30 \times 0.138)$
Thickness of disc assembly with load	7.8 - 8.4 (0.307 - 0.331) with 5,884 N (600 kg, 1,322 lb)
Wear limit of facing surface to rivet head	0.3 (0.012)
Runout limit of facing	1.0 (0.039)
Distance of runout check point (from the hub center)	115.0 (4.53)
Maximum backlash of spline (at outer edge disc)	0.9 (0.035)
Clutch Cover	есзоозтв Unit: mm (in)
Engine model	QR25DE
Model	240
Full-load	5,884 N (600 kg, 1,322 lb)
Uneven limit of diaphragm spring toe height	0.7 (0.028)
Clutch Pedal	ECS005TC Unit: mm (in)
Clearance "C" between pedal stopper rubber and clutch interlock switch threaded end while clutch pedal is fully depressed.	0.1 - 1.0 (0.004 - 0.039)

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[QR25DE]