FRONT SUSPENSION

FSU

D

CONTENTS

PRECAUTIONS	2
Precautions	2
PREPARATION	3
Special Service Tools	3
Commercial Service Tools	3
NOISE, VIBRATION, AND HARSHNESS (NVH)	
TROUBLESHOOTING	4
NVH Troubleshooting Chart	4
FRONT SUSPENSION ASSEMBLY	5
Components	5
ON-VEHICLE SERVICE	6
Front Suspension Parts	6
Front Wheel Alignment	
PRELIMINARY INSPECTION	6
CAMBER AND CASTER	7
TOE-IN	
FRONT WHEEL TURNING ANGLE	
COIL SPRING AND SHOCK ABSORBER	9
Removal and Installation	9
REMOVAL	
INSTALLATION	
Disassembly and Assembly	
DISASSEMBLY	
INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY	9
ASSEMBLY	
STABILIZER BAR	
Removal and Installation	
REMOVAL	
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL	
INSTALLATION	11

JPPER LINK	12	F
Removal and Installation		
REMOVAL	12	
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL	12	G
INSTALLATION	12	
LOWER LINK	13	
Removal and Installation	13	Н
REMOVAL		П
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL	13	
INSTALLATION	13	
UPPER BALL JOINT AND LOWER BALL JOINT.		
Removal and Installation	14	
Inspection		
SWINGING FORCE		J
TURNING FORCE	14	
VERTICAL END PLAY	15	
KNUCKLE		K
On-Vehicle Inspection and Service	16	11
Removal and Installation	16	
REMOVAL		
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL	17	L
INSTALLATION	18	
SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)	19	
General Specifications (Front)		\mathbb{N}
Wheel Alignment (Unladen*1)	19	
Ball Joint	20	
Wheelarch Height (Unladen*1)	20	

PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS PFP:00001

Precautions

 When installing the rubber bushings, the final tightening must be done under unladen condition and with the tires on level ground. Oil will shorten the life of the rubber bushings, so wipe off any spilled oil immediately.

- Unladen condition means the fuel tank, engine coolant and lubricants are at the full specification. The spare tire, jack, hand tools, and mats are in their designated positions.
- After installing suspension components, check the wheel alignment.
- Lock nuts are not reusable. Always use new lock nuts for installation. New lock nuts are pre-oiled, do not apply any additional lubrication.

PREPARATION

nocial Sarvina Table		
pecial Service Tools	many different services to a service to a	EES000ZF
Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	may differ from those of special service too	Description
ST29020001 (J-24319-01) Gear arm puller		Removing ball joint for steering knuckle a: 34 mm (1.34 in) b: 6.5 mm (0.256 in) c: 61.5 mm (2.421 in)
HT72520000 (J-25730-A) Ball joint remover	a NT694	Removing tie-rod outer end a: 33 mm (1.30 in) b: 50 mm (1.97 in) r: 11.5 mm (0.453 in)
ommercial Service To	ols	Description EES000ZG
ommercial Service Tool name Attachment wheel alignment		Description Measure wheel alignment a: Screw M24 x 1.5 pitch b: 35 mm (1.38 in) dia. c: 65 mm (2.56 in) dia. d: 56 mm (2.20 in) e: 12 mm (0.47 in)
Tool name	ols NT148	Description Measure wheel alignment a: Screw M24 x 1.5 pitch b: 35 mm (1.38 in) dia. c: 65 mm (2.56 in) dia. d: 56 mm (2.20 in)
Tool name Attachment wheel alignment	ols	Description Measure wheel alignment a: Screw M24 x 1.5 pitch b: 35 mm (1.38 in) dia. c: 65 mm (2.56 in) dia. d: 56 mm (2.20 in) e: 12 mm (0.47 in)

PBIC0190E

NOISE, VIBRATION, AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

NOISE, VIBRATION, AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING NVH Troubleshooting Chart

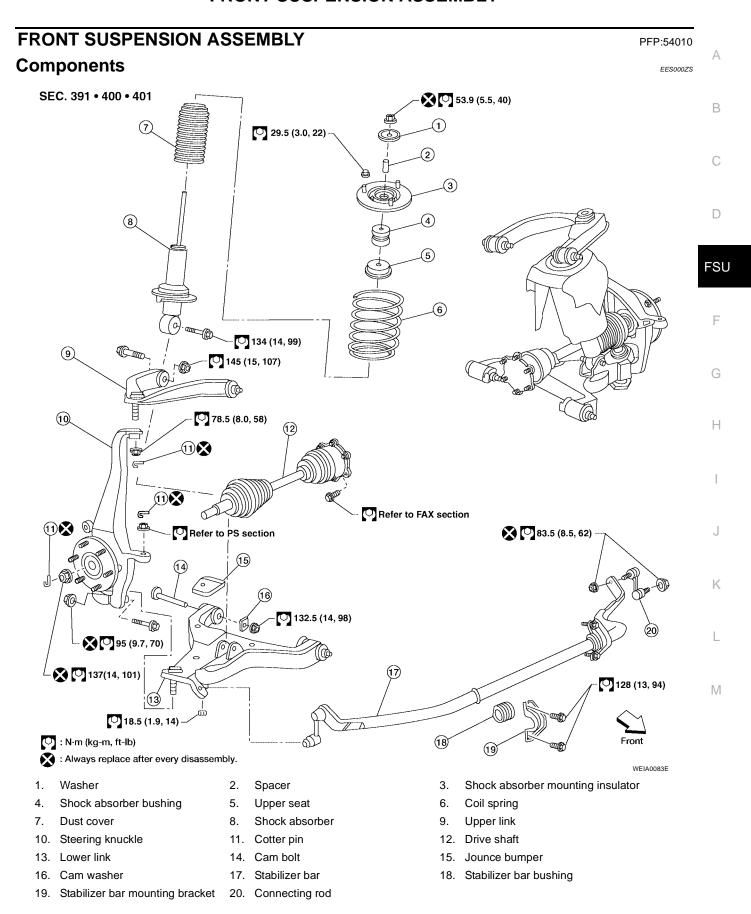
PFP:00003

EES000ZR

Use the chart below to help you find the cause of the symptom. Repair or replace parts as necessary.

Reference page		FSU-5	FSU-9	FSU-5	FSU-5	FSU-9	FSU-5	FSU-6	FSU-11	PR-3, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart"	FFD-7, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart"	FAX-4, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart"	FAX-4, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart"	WT-3, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart"	WT-3, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart"	BR-5, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart"	PS-5, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart"
	sible Cause and PECTED PARTS	Improper installation, looseness	Shock absorber deformation, damage or deflection	Bushing or mounting deterioration	Parts interference	Spring fatigue	Suspension looseness	Incorrect wheel alignment	Stabilizer bar fatigue	PROPELLER SHAFT	DIFFERENTIAL	DRIVE SHAFT	AXLE	TIRES	ROAD WHEEL	BRAKES	STEERING
	Noise	×	×	×	×	×	×			×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
_	Shake		×	×	×		×			×		×	×	×	×	×	×
Symptom	Vibration	×	×	×	×	×				×		×	×	×			×
Sym	Shimmy	×	×	×	×			×					×	×	×	×	×
	Shudder		×	×									×	×	×	×	×
	Poor quality ride or handling	×	×	×	×	×		×	×				×	×	×		

x: Applicable



ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

PFP:00000

Front Suspension Parts

Check front suspension parts for excessive play, cracks, wear and

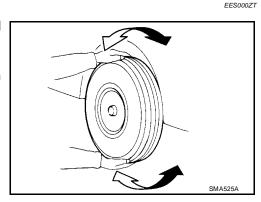
Shake each front wheel to check for excessive play.
If looseness is noted, inspect wheel bearing end play, then

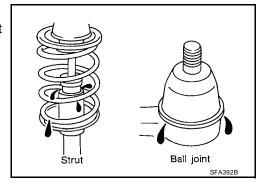
- check ball joint end play. Refer to <u>FSU-14</u>, "<u>Inspection</u>".
 Make sure that the cotter pin is inserted (4x4).
- Retighten all nuts and bolts to the specified torque.

Suspension component torque : Refer to FSU-5,

"Components".

- Check shock absorber for oil leakage and other damage.
- Check suspension ball joint for grease leakage and ball joint dust cover for cracks and other damage.





FFS000ZU

Front Wheel Alignment PRELIMINARY INSPECTION

WARNING:

Always adjust the alignment with the vehicle on a flat surface.

NOTE:

If alignment is out of specification, inspect and replace any damaged or worn rear suspension parts before making any adjustments.

- Check and adjust the wheel alignment with the vehicle under unladen conditions. "Unladen conditions"
 means that the fuel, coolant, and lubricant are full; and that the spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats are in
 their designated positions.
- 2. Check the tires for incorrect air pressure and excessive wear.
- 3. Check the wheels for run out and damage. Refer to WT-4, "Inspection".
- 4. Check the wheel bearing axial end play. Refer to FAX-5, "WHEEL BEARING INSPECTION" .
- 5. Check the shock absorbers for leaks or damage.
- 6. Check each mounting point of the suspension components for any excessive looseness or damage.
- 7. Check each link, arm, and the rear suspension member for any damage.
- 8. Check the vehicle height. Refer to FSU-20, "Wheelarch Height (Unladen*1)".
 - For air leveling vehicles, verify the level using Consult-II memory register 1103 and set to 0 ± 10 mm (0 ± 0.39 in) as necessary.

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

CAMBER AND CASTER

 Measure camber and caster of both the right and left wheels with a suitable alignment gauge and adjust as necessary to specification.

Camber : Refer to FSU-6, "Front Wheel Alignment"

Attachment

Alignment
gauge

SRA096A

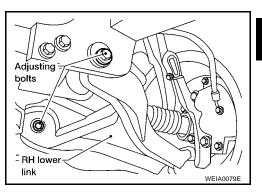
If outside of the specified value, adjust camber and caster using the adjusting bolts in the lower links.

CAUTION:

After adjusting the camber then check the toe-in.

NOTE:

Camber changes about 3' (0.11°) minutes with each graduation of one adjusting bolt. Refer to table below for examples of lower link adjusting bolt effect on camber and caster.



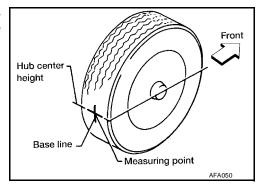
Rear adjusting bolt	1 In	1 Out	1 ln	1 Out	0	0	1 In	1 Out
Front adjusting bolt	1 Out	1 In	1 In	1 Out	1 In	1 Out	0	0
Camber Degree minute (Decimal degree)	0 (0)	0 (0)	7' (0.11°)	-7' (-0.11°)	3' (0.11°)	-3' (-0.11°)	3' (0.11°)	-3' (-0.11°)
Caster Degree minute (Decimal degree)	-14' (-0.11°)	14' (0.11°)	0 (0)	0 (0)	7' (0.11°)	-7' (-0.11°)	-7' (-0.11°)	7' (0.11°)

3. Tighten the adjusting bolt nuts to specification. Refer to FSU-5, "Components".

TOE-IN

WARNING:

- Always perform the following procedure on a flat surface.
- Make sure that no person is in front of the vehicle before pushing it.
- 1. Bounce the front of vehicle up and down to stabilize the vehicle height (posture).
- 2. Push the vehicle straight ahead about 5 m (16 ft).
- Put a mark on base line of the tread (rear side) of both front tires at the same height as hub center as shown. These marks are measuring points.



FSU

Α

В

F

G

Н

K

.

 \mathbb{N}

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

- 4. Measure the distance "A" on the rear side of the front tires as shown.
- 5. Push the vehicle slowly ahead to rotate the wheels 180° degrees (1/2 a turn).

CAUTION:

If the wheels have rotated more than 180° degrees (1/2 turn), start this procedure again from the beginning. Never push the vehicle backward.

6. Measure the distance "B" on the front side of the front tires at the same marks as shown. Total toe-in is calculated as "A" – "B".

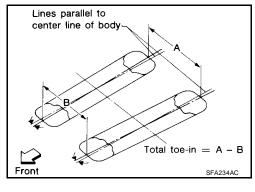
Total toe-in : Refer to <u>FSU-19</u>, "Wheel Alignment (Unladen*1)".

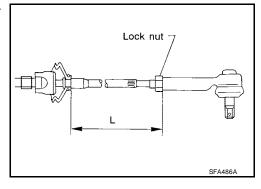
- Adjust the toe-in by varying the length of the steering outer tierods.
- a. Loosen the outer tie-rod lock nuts.
- b. Adjust the toe-in by screwing the outer tie-rods in or out.

Standard length "L": Refer to PS-35, "Steering Outer Socket and Inner Socket".

c. Tighten the outer tie-rod lock nuts to specification.

Lock nut : Refer to PS-18, "Disassembly and Assembly".





FRONT WHEEL TURNING ANGLE

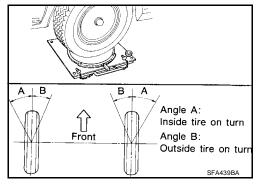
NOTE:

Check front wheel turning angle after the toe-in inspection.

- Place front wheels on turning radius gauges in straight ahead position and rear wheels on stands so that vehicle can be level. Check the maximum inner and outer wheel turning angles for LH and RH road wheels.
- 2. Start engine and run at idle, turn steering wheel all the way right and left, measure the turning angle.

Wheel turning angle : Refer to FSU-19, "Wheel (full turn) : Alignment (Unladen*1)".

- Any turning angles are not adjustable. If any of steering angles are out of the specification, check if the following parts are worn or damaged.
- Steering gear
- Steering column
- Front suspension components
 If found that they are worn or damaged, replace them with new ones.

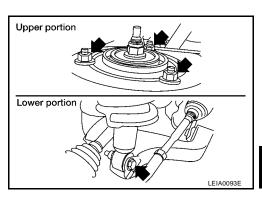


COIL SPRING AND SHOCK ABSORBER

COIL SPRING AND SHOCK ABSORBER

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the wheel and tire using power tool.
- 2. Remove the shock absorber lower bolt using power tool.
- 3. Remove the three shock absorber upper mounting nuts using power tool.
- 4. Remove the coil spring and shock absorber assembly.
 - Turn steering knuckle out to gain enough clearance for removal.



FSU

Н

M

Α

PFP:56210

FFS000ZV

EES000ZW

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

- The step in the shock absorber assembly lower seat faces outside of vehicle.
- Tighten all nuts and bolts to specification. Refer to FSU-5, "Components".
- When installing wheel and tire, refer to <u>WT-6, "Rotation"</u>.

Disassembly and Assembly DISASSEMBLY

1. Set the shock absorber in a vise, then loosen (without removing) the piston rod lock nut as shown.

CAUTION:

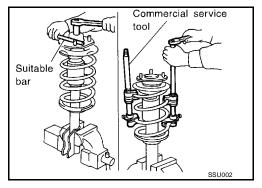
Do not remove piston rod lock nut at this time.

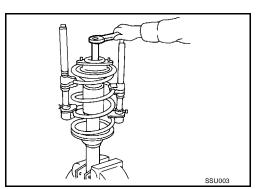
2. Compress the spring using commercial service tool until the shock absorber mounting insulator can be turned by hand.

WARNING:

Make sure that the pawls of the two spring compressors are firmly hooked on the spring. The spring compressors must be tightened alternately and evenly so as not to tilt the spring.

- 3. Remove the piston rod lock nut.
 - Discard the piston rod lock nut, use a new nut for assembly.





INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

Shock Absorber Assembly

- Check for smooth operation through a full stroke, both compression and extension.
- Check for oil leakage on welded or gland packing portions.
- Check shock absorber for cracks, deformation or other damage and replace if necessary.

Mounting Insulator and Rubber Parts

Check cemented rubber-to-metal portion for separation or cracks. Check rubber parts for deterioration and replace if necessary.

COIL SPRING AND SHOCK ABSORBER

Coil Spring

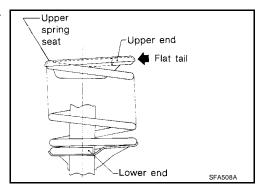
- Check for cracks, deformation or other damage and replace if necessary.
- Check the free spring height.

Front spring free height

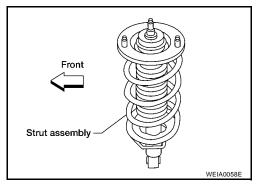
4x2 : 334.5 \pm 3 mm (13.2 \pm 0.1 in) 4x4 : 355.5 \pm 3 mm (14.0 \pm 0.1 in)

ASSEMBLY

When installing coil spring on shock absorber, it must be positioned as shown.



- 2. Install upper spring seat as shown in line with lower absorber shock mount and step in lower seat.
 - The step in the shock absorber assembly lower seat faces outside of vehicle.
- 3. Tighten the shock absorber rod lock nut to specification. Refer to FSU-5, "Components".
 - Use a new shock absorber rod lock nut for assembly.



STABILIZER BAR

STABILIZER BAR PFP:54611

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

EES000ZX

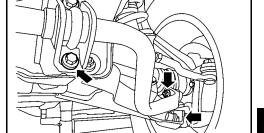
1. Remove engine under cover using power tool.

2. Remove stabilizer bar mounting bracket bolts and connecting rod nuts using power tool, as shown.

В

Α

3. Remove bushings from stabilizer bar.



FSU

D

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- Check stabilizer bar for twist and deformation. Replace if necessary.
- Check rubber bushing for cracks, wear and deterioration. Replace if necessary.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Tighten all nuts and bolts to specification. Refer to <u>FSU-5</u>, "Components".

G

F

Н

UPPER LINK
PFP:54524

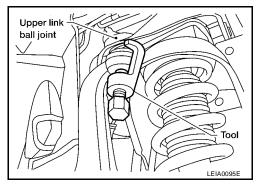
Removal and Installation REMOVAL

EES000ZY

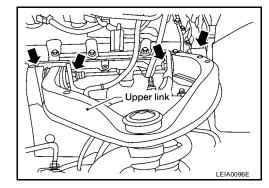
- 1. Remove the wheel and tire using power tool.
- 2. Remove cotter pin and nut from upper link ball joint.
- Separate upper link ball joint stud from steering knuckle using Tool.
 - Support lower link with jack.

Tool number : ST29020001 (J-24319-01)

4. Remove fender protector.



5. Remove upper link mounting bolts and nuts.



INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Upper Link

Check for deformation and cracks. Replace if necessary.

Upper Link Ball Joint

Check for distortion and damage. Replace if necessary.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

- Tighten all nuts and bolts to specification. Refer to <u>FSU-5</u>, "Components".
- When installing wheel and tire, refer to WT-6, "Rotation".
- After installation, check that the front wheel alignment is within specification. Refer to <u>FSU-6</u>, "<u>Front Wheel Alignment</u>".

LOWER LINK

LOWER LINK PFP:55020

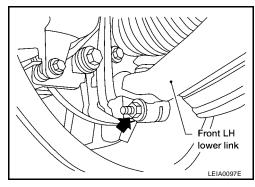
Removal and Installation REMOVAL

EES000ZZ

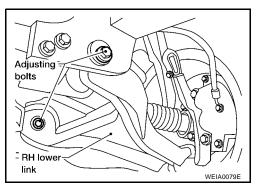
Α

В

- 1. Remove the wheel and tire using power tool.
- 2. Remove lower shock absorber bolt.
- 3. Remove stabilizer bar connecting rod lower nut using power tool, then separate connecting rod from lower link. Refer to FSU-11, "Removal and Installation".
- 4. Remove drive shaft, if equipped. Refer to FAX-7, "Removal and Installation".
- 5. Remove pinch bolt from steering knuckle using power tool, then separate lower link ball joint from steering knuckle.



6. Remove lower link adjusting bolts and nuts, then the lower link.



INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Lower Link

Check for deformation and cracks. Replace if necessary.

Lower Link Bushing

Check for distortion and damage. Replace if necessary.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

- Tighten all nuts and bolts to specification. Refer to <u>FSU-5</u>, "Components".
- When installing wheel and tire, refer to <u>WT-6, "Rotation"</u>.
- After installation, check that the front wheel alignment is within specification. Refer to <u>FSU-6</u>, <u>"Front Wheel Alignment"</u>.

FSU

D

C

Н

0

UPPER BALL JOINT AND LOWER BALL JOINT

UPPER BALL JOINT AND LOWER BALL JOINT

PFP:40110

Removal and Installation

FFS00100

The ball joints are part of the upper and lower links. Refer to <u>FSU-12</u>, "Removal and Installation" (upper link), <u>FSU-13</u>, "Removal and Installation" (lower link).

Inspection EES00101

 Check the ball joint for excessive play. Replace the upper or lower link assembly if any of the following exists:

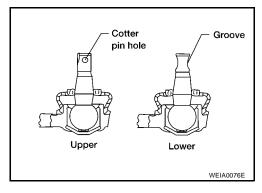
- Ball joint stud is worn.
- Ball joint is hard to swing.
- Ball joint play in axial directions or end play is excessive.

SWINGING FORCE

NOTE:

Before checking the axial forces and end play, turn the lower ball joint at least 10 revolutions so that the ball joint is properly broken in.

- 1. Measure the ball joint swinging force using a suitable tool.
 - Measure at the cotter pin hole for upper ball joint as shown.
 - Measure at the groove for lower ball joint as shown.



2. Verify the ball joint swinging force is within specification.

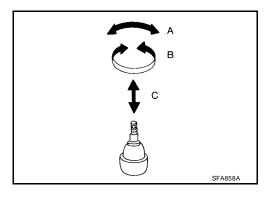
Swinging force "A"

Upper ball joint : 8.1–103.2 N (0.8–10.5 kg-f,

1.8-23.2 lb-f)

Lower ball joint : 11.4-145.5 N (1.1-14.8 kg-f,

2.5-32.7 lb-f)

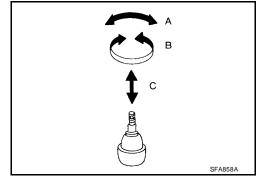


TURNING FORCE

NOTE:

Before checking the axial forces and end play, turn the lower ball joint at least 10 revolutions so that the ball joint is properly broken in.

Turning torque "B" : 0.5 - 6.4 N·m (0.05 - 0.65 kg-m, 4 - 57 in-lb)



UPPER BALL JOINT AND LOWER BALL JOINT

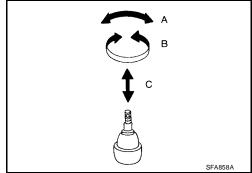
VERTICAL END PLAY

Check dust cover for damage. Replace it and the cover clamp if necessary.

NOTE:

Before checking the axial forces and end play, turn the lower ball joint at least 10 revolutions so that the ball joint is properly broken in.

Vertical end play "C" : 0 mm (0 in)



FSU

D

Α

В

C

F

G

Н

ı

K

L

KNUCKLE PFP:40014

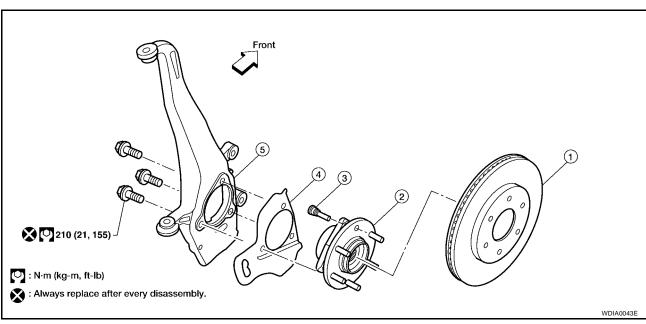
On-Vehicle Inspection and Service

EES00102

Make sure the mounting conditions (looseness, backlash) of each component and component status (wear, damage) are within specifications. Refer to FSU-20, "Ball Joint".

Removal and Installation

EES00103



1. Disc rotor

- 2. Wheel hub and bearing assembly
- 3. Wheel stud

4. Splash guard

5. Steering knuckle

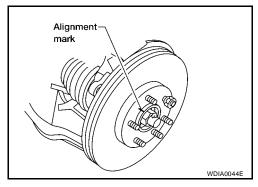
REMOVAL

- Remove wheel and tire from vehicle using power tool.
- Without disassembling the hydraulic lines, remove brake caliper using power tool. Reposition it aside with wire. Refer to <u>BR-24</u>, "<u>Removal and Installation of Brake Caliper Assembly and Disc Rotor</u>".

NOTE:

Avoid depressing brake pedal while brake caliper is removed.

3. Put alignment marks on disc rotor and wheel hub and bearing assembly, then remove disc rotor.



Remove ABS sensor from steering knuckle. Refer to <u>BRC-41, "Removal and Installation"</u> (ABS), <u>BRC-89, "Removal and Installation"</u> (ABLS/ABS) or <u>BRC-153, "Removal and Installation"</u> (VDC/TCS/ABS).

CAUTION:

Do not pull on ABS sensor harness.

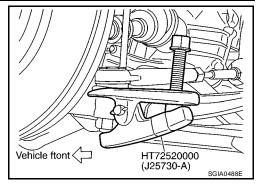
- 5. On 4X4 models remove cotter pin, then remove lock nut from drive shaft using power tool.
- 6. Remove steering outer socket cotter pin at steering knuckle, then loosen mounting nut using power tool.

KNUCKLE

7. Disconnect steering outer socket from steering knuckle using Tool. Be careful not to damage ball joint boot.

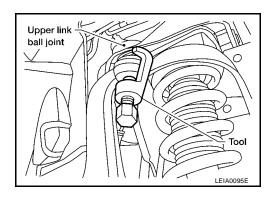
CAUTION:

To prevent damage to threads and to prevent Tool from coming off suddenly, temporarily tighten mounting nut.

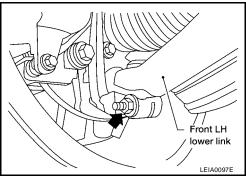


- 8. On 4X4 models, remove drive shaft. Refer to FAX-7, "Removal and Installation".
- 9. Remove wheel hub and bearing assembly bolts using power tool.
- 10. Remove splash guard and wheel hub and bearing assembly from steering knuckle.
- 11. Support lower link using a suitable jack.
- 12. Remove cotter pin and nut from upper link ball joint.
- 13. Separate upper link ball joint from steering knuckle using Tool.

Tool number : ST29020001 (J-24319-01)



14. Remove pinch bolt from steering knuckle using power tool. Then remove steering knuckle from lower link ball joint.



INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Check for deformity, cracks and damage on each part, replace if necessary.

Perform ball joint inspection. Refer to <u>FSU-14</u>, "<u>Inspection</u>".

FSU

D

Α

В

Г

G

Н

J

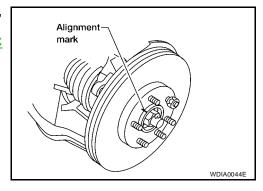
. .

KNUCKLE

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

- Refer to <u>FSU-5</u>, "<u>Components</u>" for tightening torques.
- When installing disc rotor on wheel hub and bearing assembly, align the marks.
 - (When not using the alignment mark, refer to $\underline{\mathsf{BR-27}}$, "DISC $\underline{\mathsf{ROTOR}}$ INSPECTION" .)
- When installing wheel and tire, refer to WT-6, "Rotation".



SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

PFP:00030

General Specifications (Front)

EES00104

Α

В

C

 D

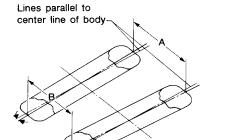
FSU

Suspension type	Independent double wishbone coil over shock			
Shock absorber type	Double-acting hydraulic			
Stabilizer	Standard equipment			

Wheel Alignment (Unladen*1)

Drive type		4x2	4x4
	Minimum	-0° 52′ (-0.87°)	-0° 19′ (-0.32°)
Camber Degree minute (Decimal degree)	Nominal	-0° 7′ (-0.12°)	0° 26′ (0.43°)
	Maximum	0° 38′ (0.63°)	1° 11′ (1.18°)
	Cross camber	0° 45′ (0.75°) or less	0° 45′ (0.75°) or less
	Minimum	2° 31′ (2.52°)	1° 37′ (1.62°)
Caster	Nominal	3° 16′ (3.27°)	2° 22′ (2.37°)
Degree minute (Decimal degree)	Maximum	4° 1′ (4.02°)	3° 7′ (3.12°)
	Cross caster	0° 45′ (0.75°) or less	0° 45′ (0.75°) or less
Kingpin inclination (Reference only) Degree minute (Decimal degree)	·	13° 33′ (13.55°)	13°0′ (13.00°)





I

Н



		Minimum	1.8 mm (0.07 in)	1.8 mm (0.07 in)
Total toe-in	Distance (A – B)	Nominal	2.8 mm (0.11 in)	2.8 mm (0.11 in)
		Maximum	3.8 mm (0.15 in)	3.8 mm (0.15 in)
	Angle (left plus right) Degree minute (Decimal degree)	Minimum	0° 3′ (0.05°)	0° 3′ (0.05°)
		Nominal	0° 5′ (0.08°)	0° 5′ (0.08°)
		Maximum	0° 7′ (0.12°)	0° 7′ (0.12°)
Wheel turning angle (full	Inside Degree minute (Decimal degree)		34° 30′ – 38° 30′ * ² (34.50° – 38.50°)	34° 56′ – 38° 56′ * ⁴ (34.93° – 38.93°)
turn)	Outside Degree minute (Decimal degree)		30° 58′ – 34° 58′ * ³ (30.97° – 34.97°)	31° 01′ – 35° 01′ * ⁵ (31.02° – 35.02°)

^{*1:} Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.

^{*2:} Target value 37° 30' (37.50°)

^{*3:} Target value 33° 58′ (33.97°)

^{*4:} Target value 37° 56' (37.93°)

^{*5:} Target value 34° 01′ (34.02°)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Ball Joint EES00106



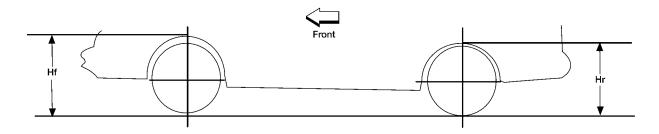
Swinging force "A"	Upper ball joint	8.1 – 103.2 N (0.8 – 10.5 kg-f, 1.8 – 23.2 lb-f) *1			
Swinging loice A	Lower ball joint	11.4 – 145.5 N (1.1 – 14.8 kg-f, 2.5 – 32.7 lb-f)			
Turning torque "B"	0.5 - 6.4 N·m (0.05 - 0.65 kg-m, 4 - 57 in-lb)				
Vertical end play "C"	0 mm (0 in)				

^{*1} Measure at cotter pin hole

Wheelarch Height (Unladen*1)

EES0012X

Unit: mm (in)



LEIA0085E

Drive type		42	X2	4X4		
Body		King Cab	Crew Cab	King Cab	Crew Cab	
Front wheelarch height (Hf)	265/70R18	913 (35.9)	916 (36.1)	952 (37.5) *2	955 (37.6) *2	
	285/70R17	914 (36.0)	917 (36.1)	953 (37.5) *2	956 (37.6) *2	
	245/75R17	904 (35.6)	907 (35.7)	941 (37.0)	944 (37.2)	
	265/70R18	955 (37.6)	956 (37.6)	995 (39.2) *2	996 (39.2) *2	
Rear wheelarch height (Hr)	285/70R17	956 (37.6)	957 (37.7)	996 (39.2) *2	997 (39.3) *2	
· · · /	245/75R17	946 (37.2)	947 (37.3)	984 (38.7)	985 (38.8)	

^{*1:} Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.

^{*2} Measure at groove

^{*2:} Includes when equipped with tow package.